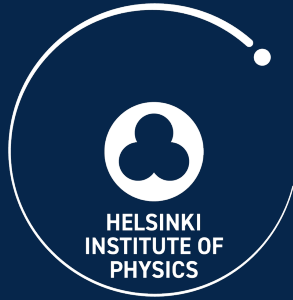




UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI



Jet Performance in CMS

Nurfikri Norjoharuddeen

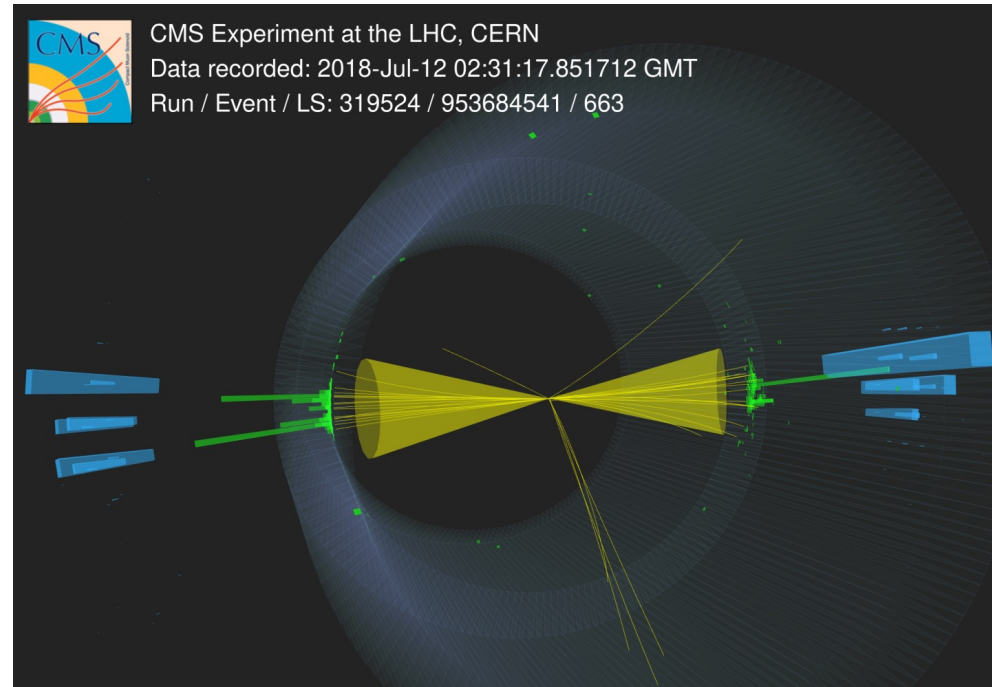
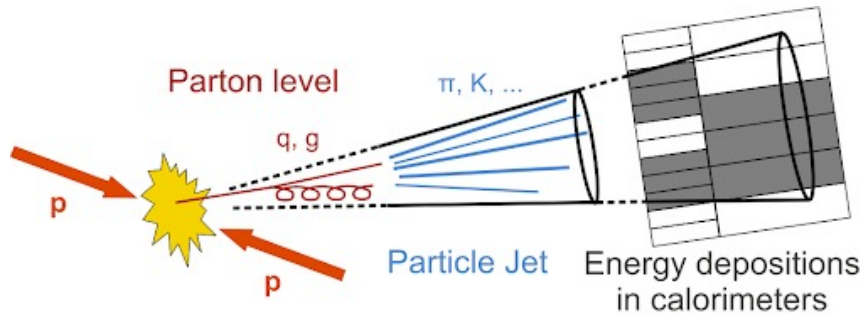
nurfikri.bin.norjoharuddeen@cern.ch

Particle Physics Days 2024

28 November 2024

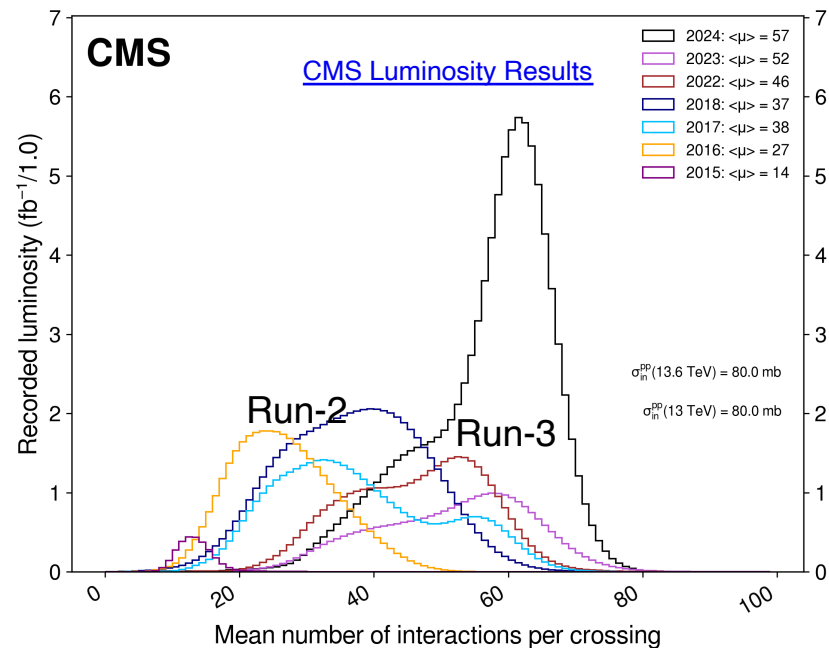
Jet

Stream of hadrons originating from quarks/gluons



[Link](#)

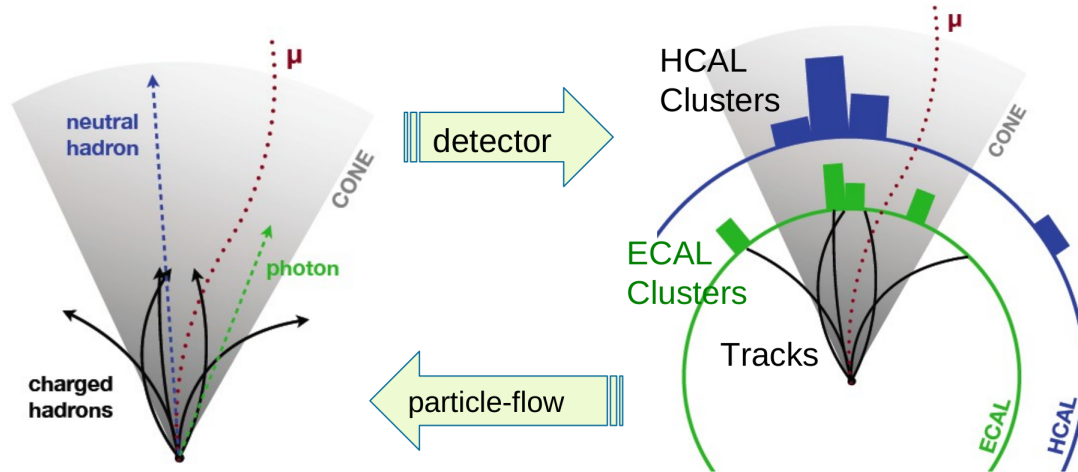
- Jet reconstruction is integral to the CMS physics program.
 - Crucial signatures in SM measurements & BSM searches.
- Need optimum reconstruction & precise calibration.
- Unprecedented number of Pileup in Run-3 datasets.
 - Pileup mitigation more important than ever to maintain jet performance.



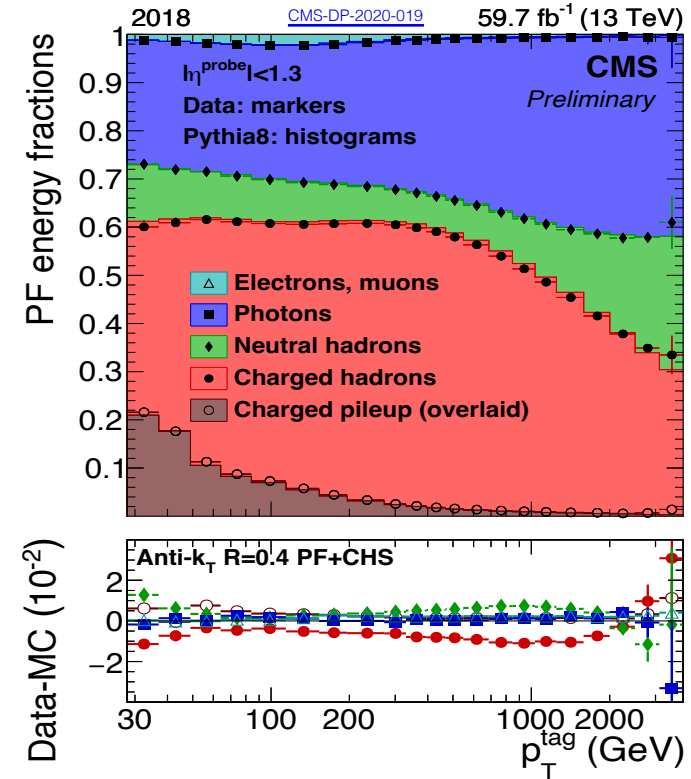
Jet Reconstruction in CMS

Particle Flow (PF) Algorithm

JINST 12 (2017) P10003



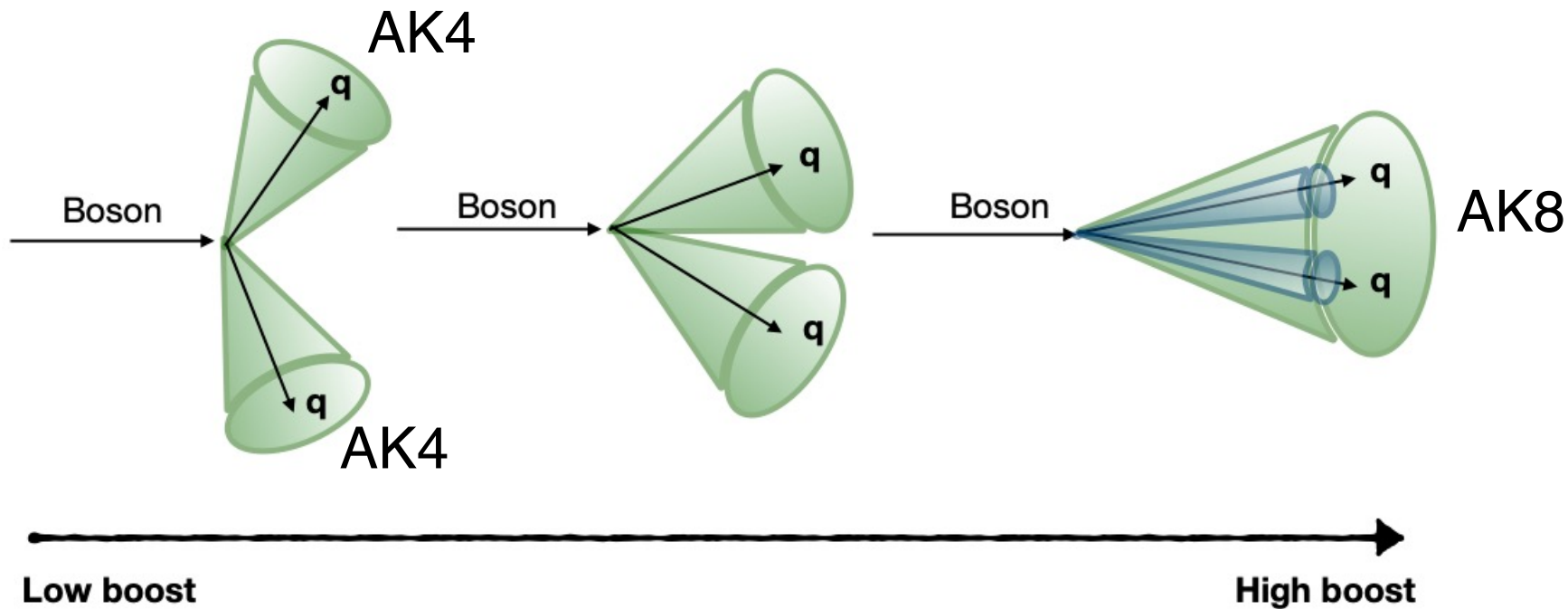
global event description by combining various sub-detectors information



“Standard” jet algorithms with PF candidates as inputs:

- Small-R jets: anti- k_T R = 0.4 [AK4]
- Large-R jets: anti- k_T R = 0.8 [AK8]

- AK or CA R=1.5 are sometimes used. Analysis specific.
- “Non-standard” jets also used (e.g Variable-R).



Low momentum

High momentum

W/Z-boson ~ 240 GeV

Constituent-level Pileup Mitigation with PUPPI

Constituent-level Pileup Mitigation

CMS mitigates pileup at the constituent-level

JINST 15 (2020) P09018
DP-2021-001

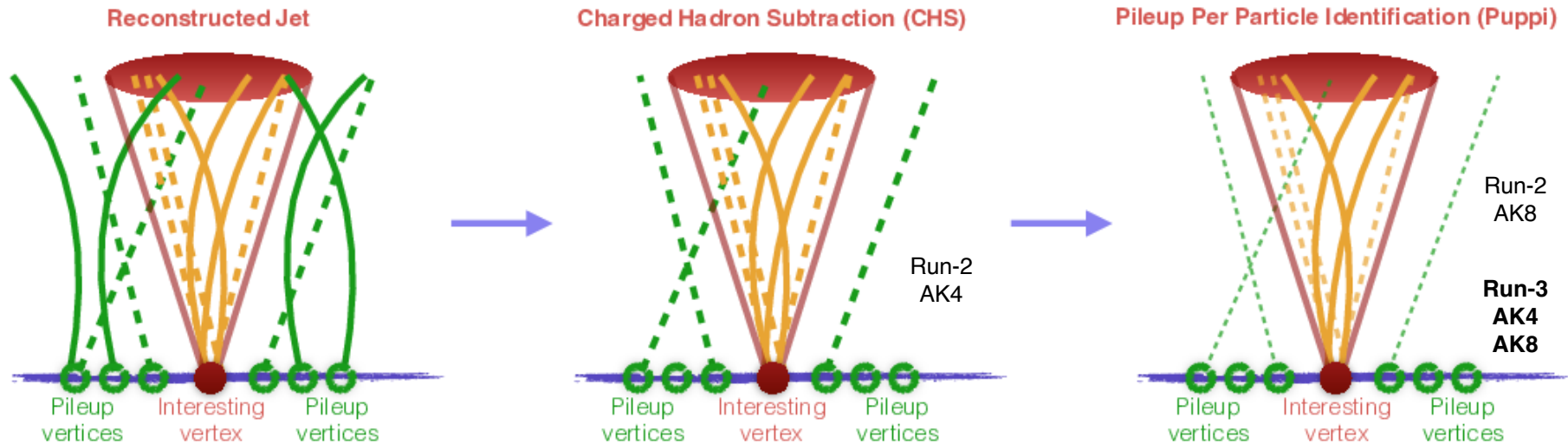


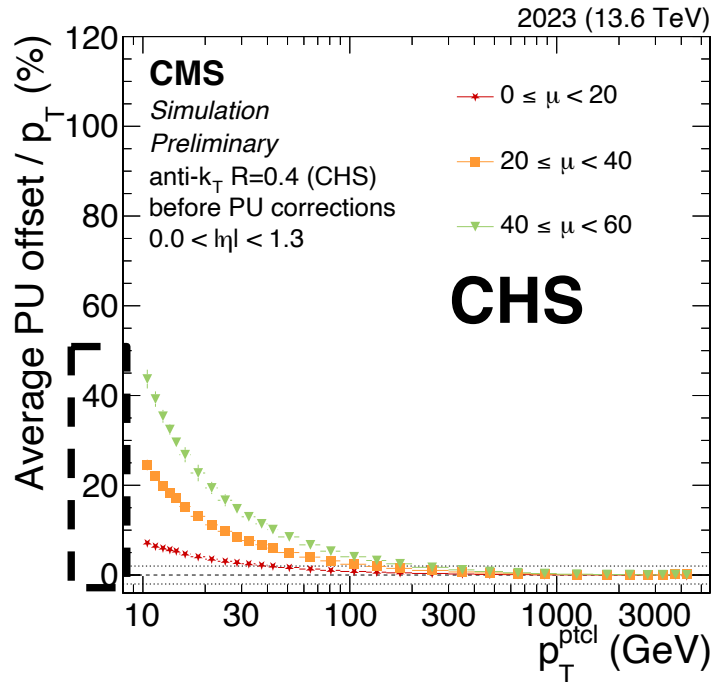
Figure by Andrea Malara

CHS

- Discard charged PF candidates from Pileup Vertices

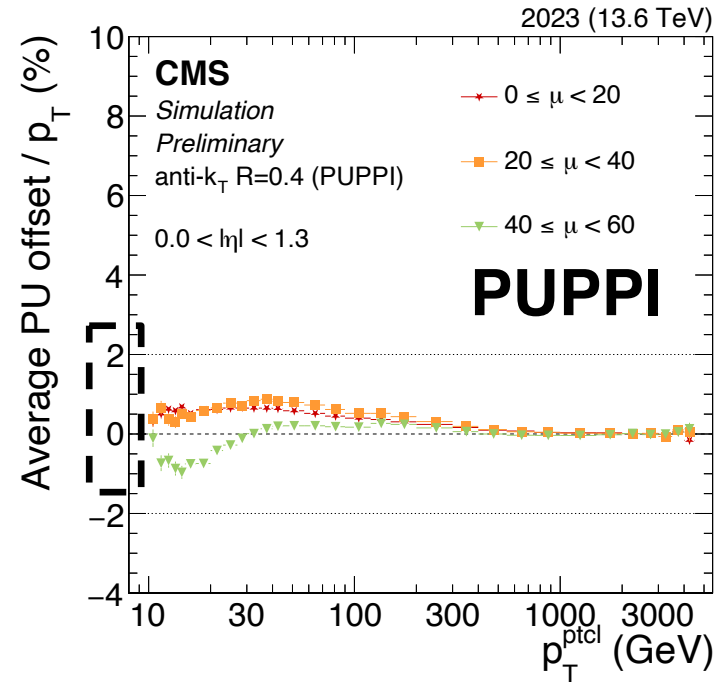
PUPPI

- Refined treatment of charged PF candidates, depends on vertex association.
- Apply weights to neutral PF candidates four-vector.



Large pileup contamination
at low p_T

Require dedicated step in jet
energy corrections.

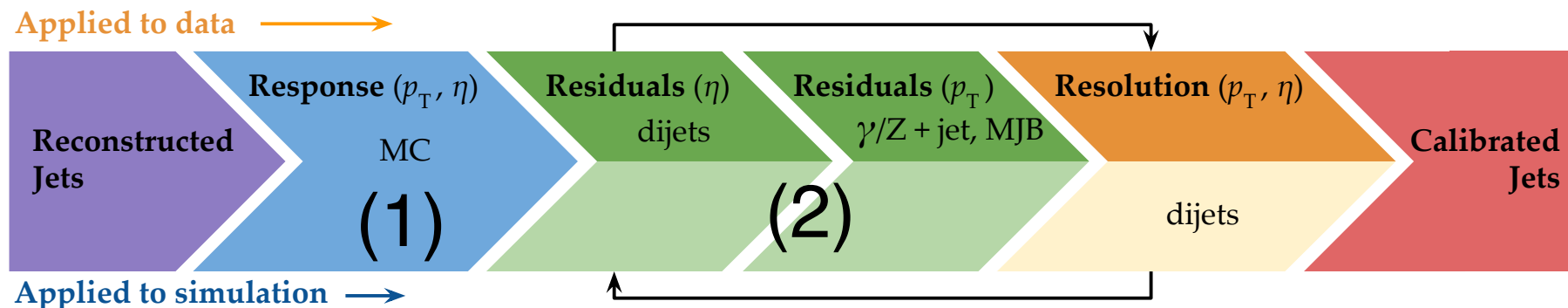


Negligible
pileup contamination

Not used for jet energy corrections.
Monitor pileup.

Jet Energy Scale & Resolution Calibration

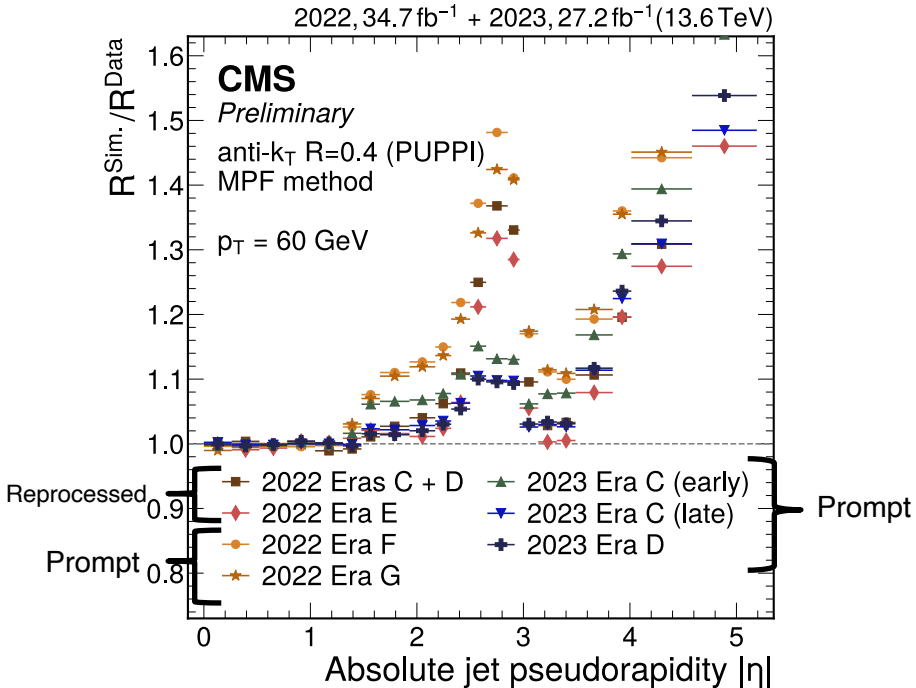
Early Run-3 datasets



- Factorized approach to jet energy calibration.
- Jet Energy Scale (JES):
 - 1) MC “truth” corrections: correct to particle-level jet scale.
 - 2) Residual corrections: correct for residual differences between simulation & data.
- Jet Energy Resolution (JER):
 - Smear jet energy in simulation to match that in data.

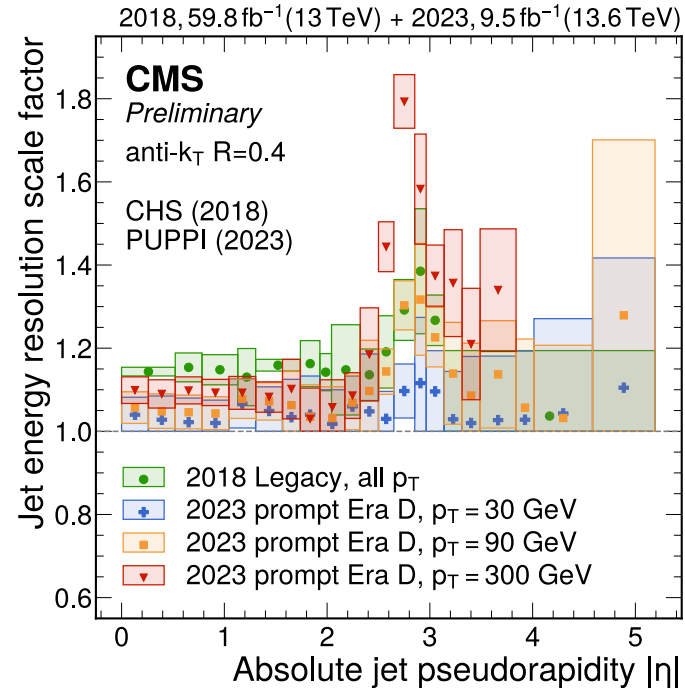
JES & JER with early Run-3 dataset

JES residual corrections



Significant improvement of the reprocessed 2022 & prompt 2023 data compared to prompt 2022 data

JER (Data/Simulation) SF

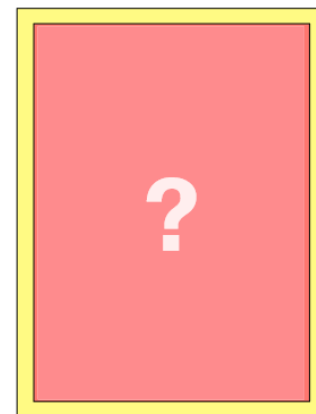
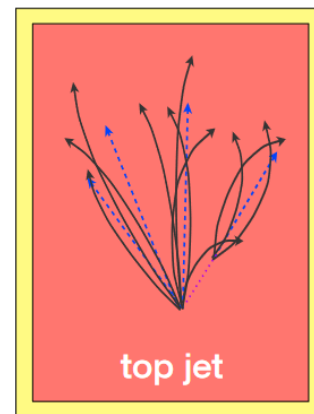
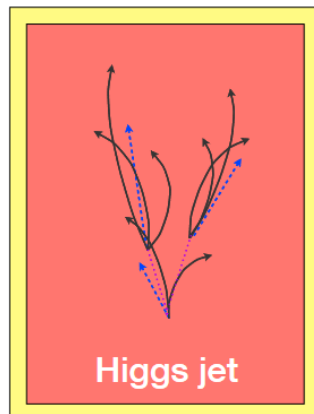
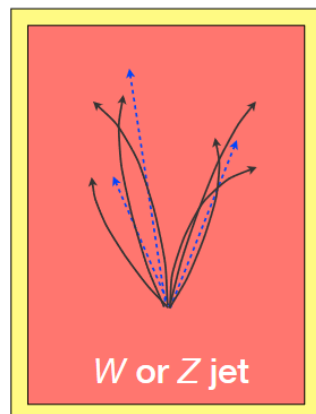
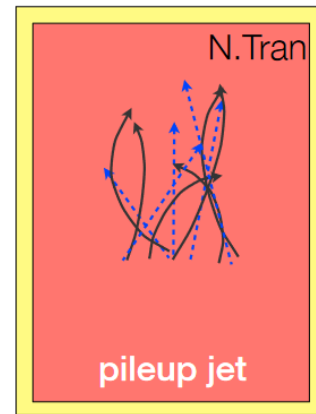
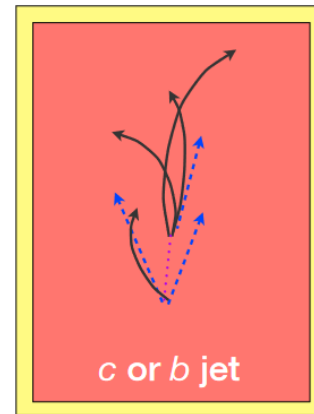
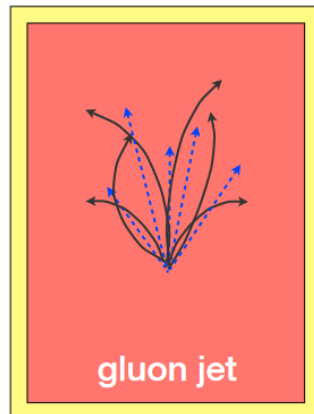
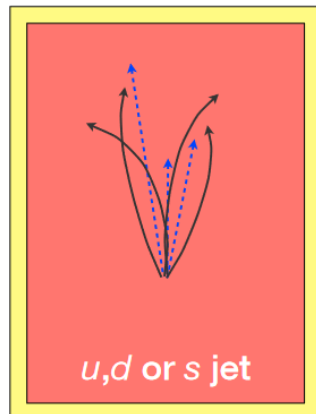


- Run-3 prompt reconstructed data is better than Run-2 legacy.
- Observed p_T dependence for Run-3 dataset.

Jet tagging

Run-3 developments

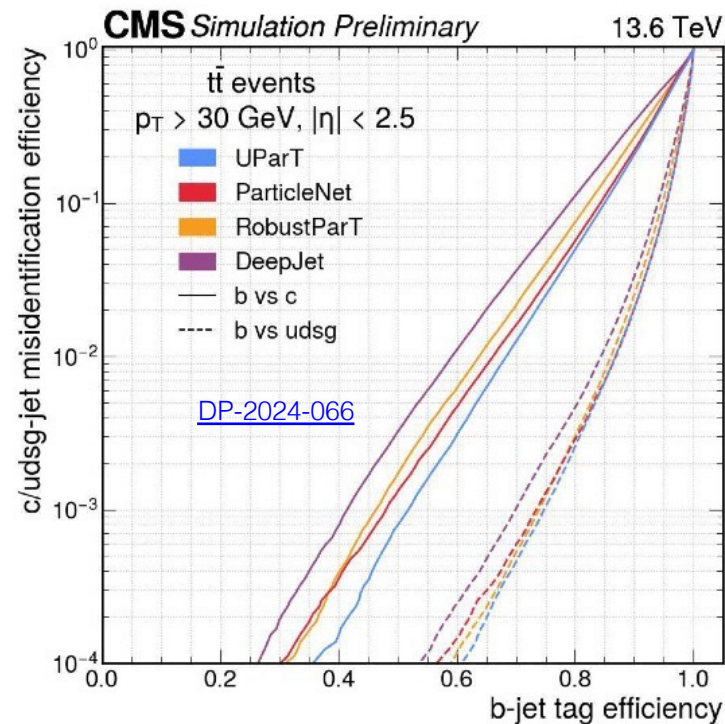
Determine
origin of a jet



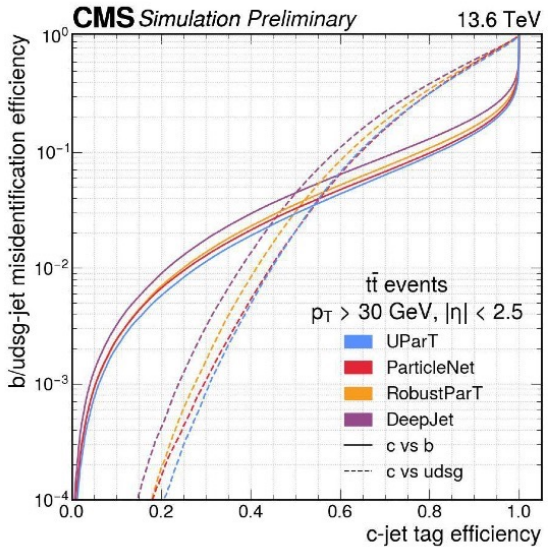
- CMS investigated several Transformer models for flavour tagging:
 - ParticleTransformerAK4 [2202.03772](#) [DP-2022-050](#)
 - **RobustParT**: Utilize adversarial training to enhance model robustness against simulation mismodeling. [DP-2024-025](#)

Unified Particle Transformer (UParT)

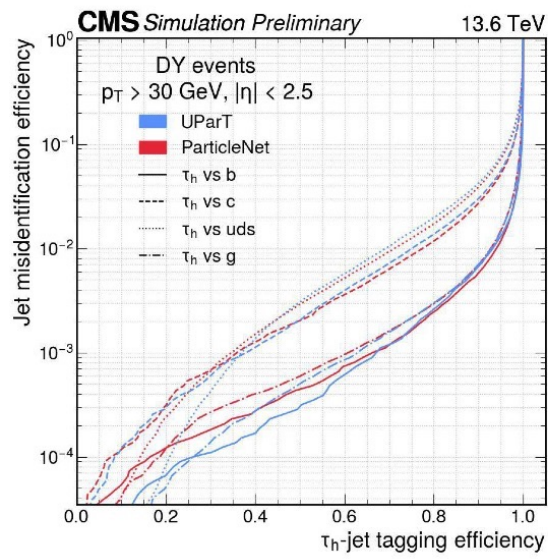
- Extended class: extending from b & c jet tagging to include s & hadronic τ (one per final state) tagging.
- Extended regression: simultaneous flavor aware jet energy & resolution regression



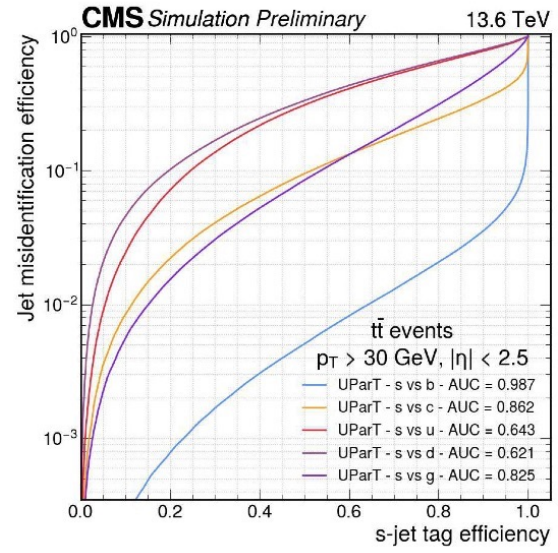
charm-jet



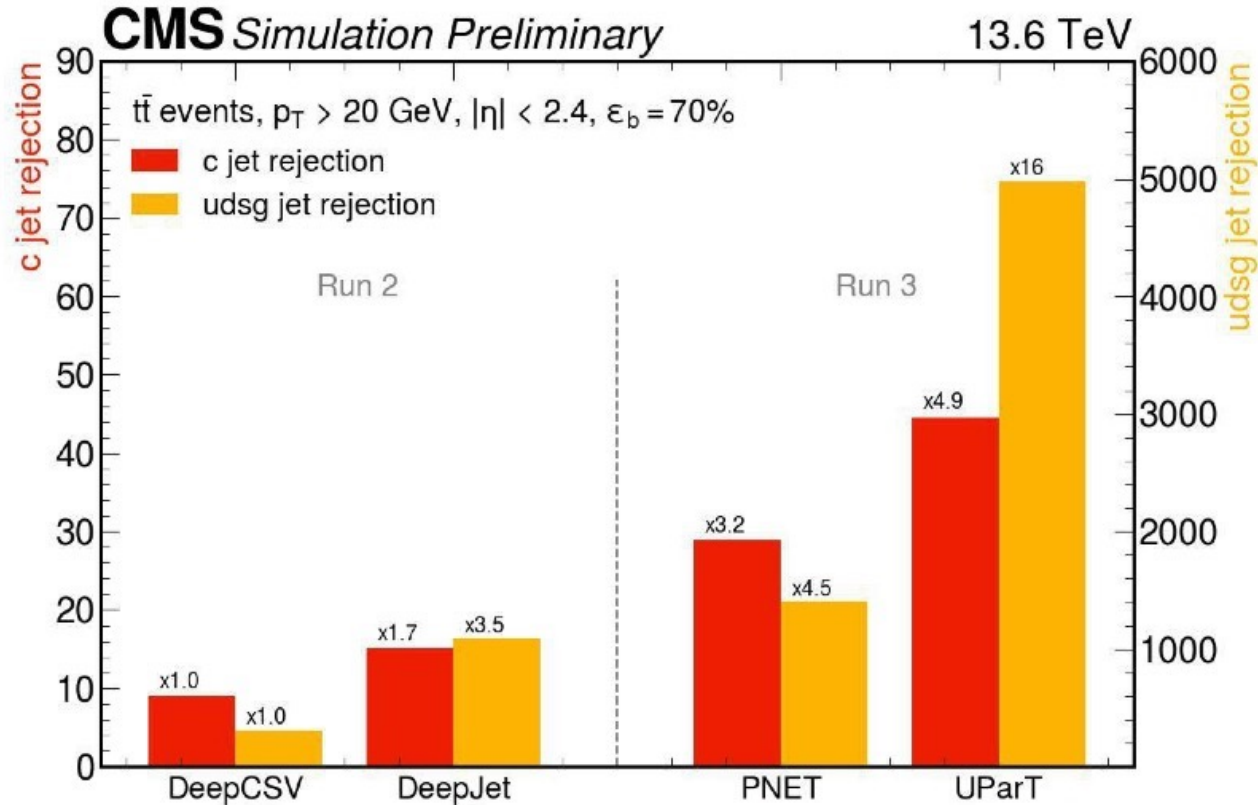
hadronic τ



strange-jet



First attempt at strange-jet tagging in CMS!



Impressive advancement of jet tagging within ~decade.
Powered by state-of-the-art Machine Learning techniques!

AK4 p_T regression

ParticleNet

[Phys. Rev. D 101, 056019 \(2020\)](#)

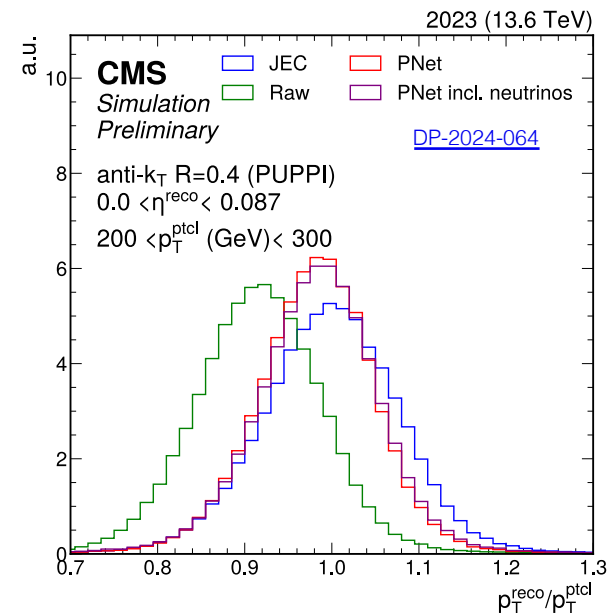
Graph NN with PF constituents & Secondary Vertices as inputs.

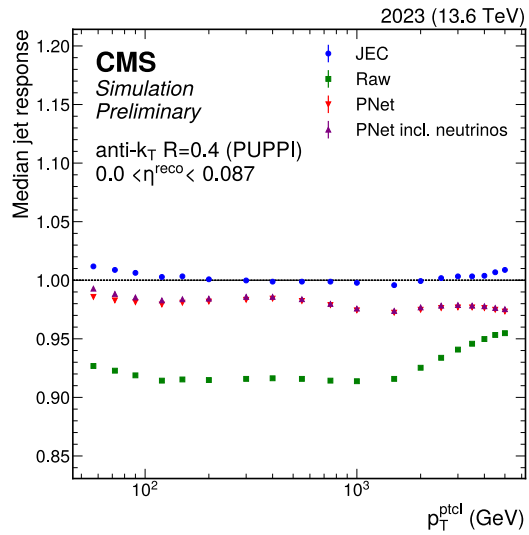
- First used for boosted resonance tagging with **AK8 jets**. [DP-2020-002](#)
[CMS-PAS-BTV-22-001](#)
- Extended for **AK8 jet mass regression**. [DP-2021-017](#)
- Commissioned for **AK4 jet flavor tagging** & p_T regression.

[DP-2024-066](#)

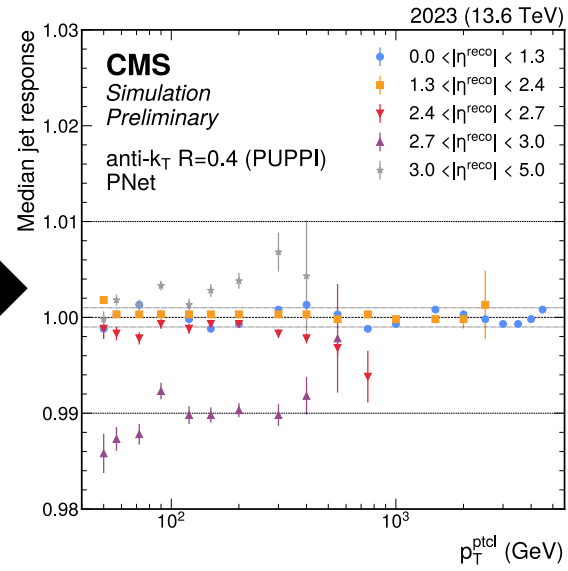
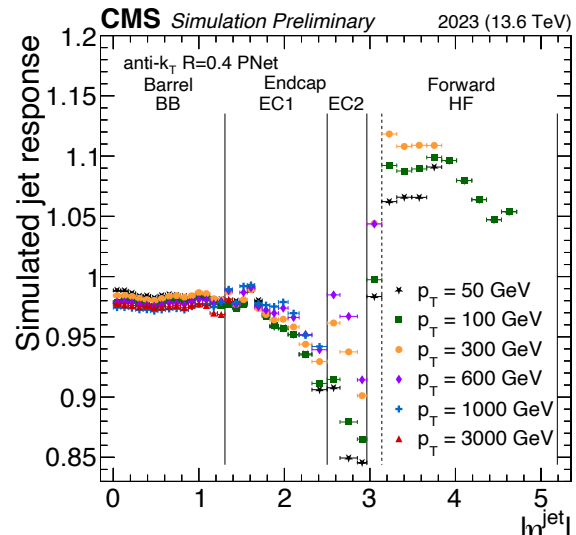
$$L = \text{CatEntropy}(x, x_{truth}) + \gamma_{regr} \cdot \log(\cosh(y - y_{truth})) + \gamma_{quantile} \cdot [p_{0.16}(z - z_{truth}) + p_{0.84}(z - z_{truth})]$$

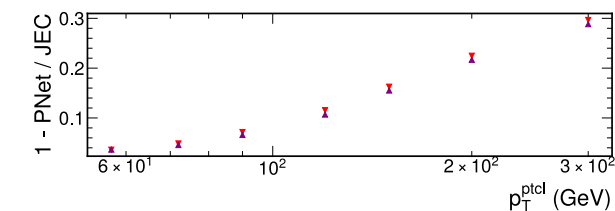
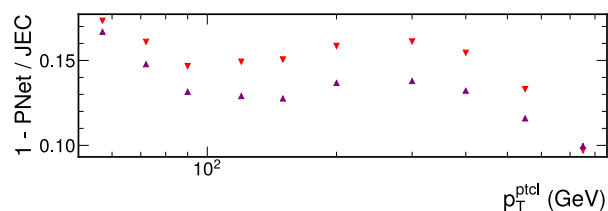
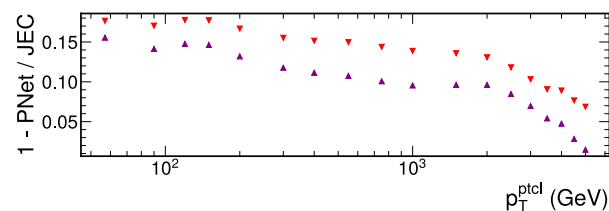
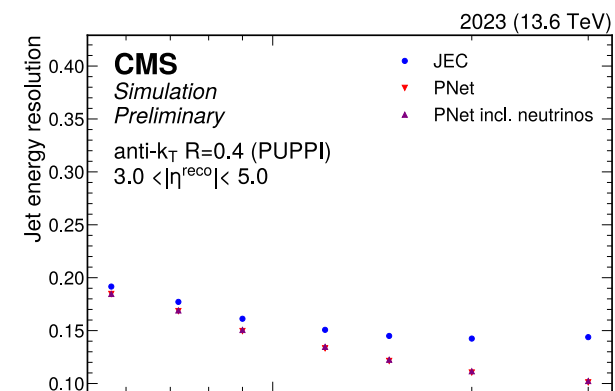
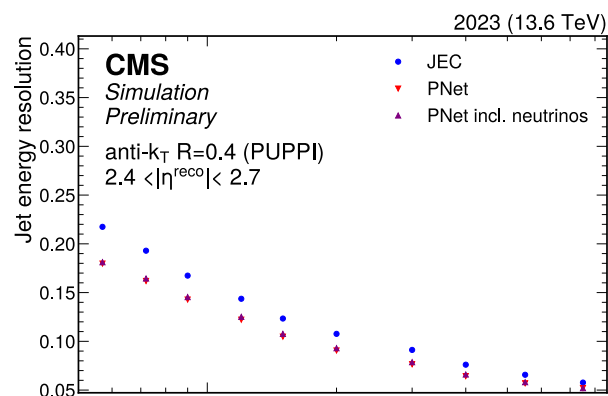
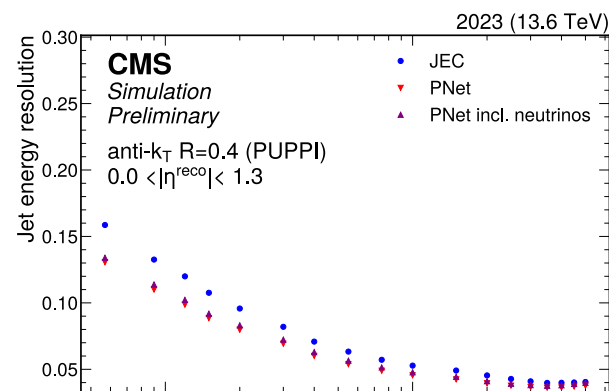
Two types of target p_T regression
without & with neutrino contribution





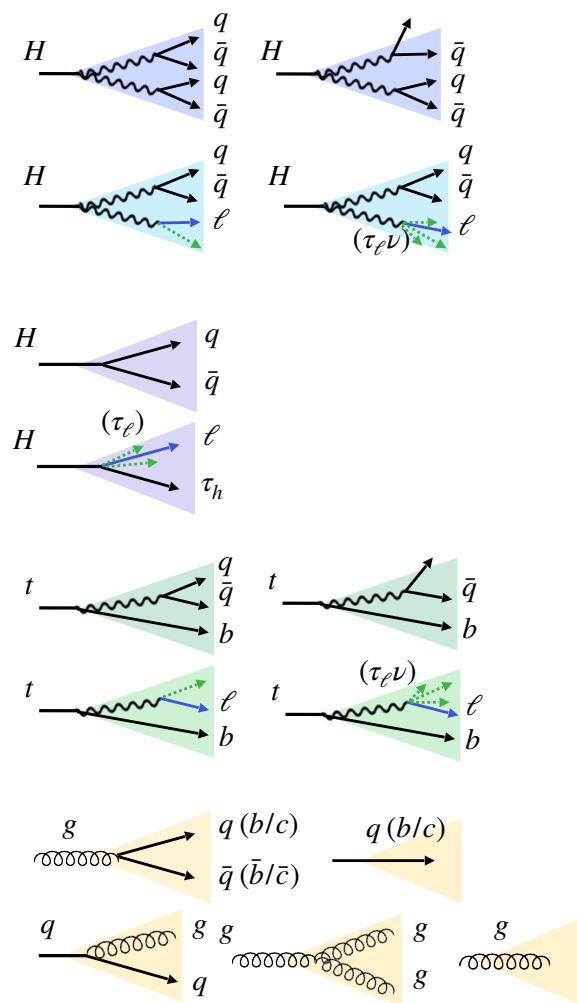
- Regressed p_T response closer to 1 compared to raw p_T for central jets.
- Derive MC-truth corrections, achieve response closure within 1% (similar level to JEC).



$0.0 < |\eta| < 1.3$
 $2.4 < |\eta| < 2.7$
 $3.0 < |\eta| < 5.0$


Clear improvement in JER
across the jet p_T range, even for forward jets.

Process	Final state/ prongness	heavy flavour	# of classes
H → VV (full-hadronic)	qqqq	0c/1c/2c	3
	qqq		3
H → WW (semi-leptonic)	eνqq	0c/1c	2
	μνqq		2
	τ _e νqq		2
	τ _μ νqq		2
	τ _h νqq		2
H → qq		bb	1
		cc	1
		ss	1
		qq (q=u/d)	1
H → ττ	τ _e τ _h		1
	τ _μ τ _h		1
	τ _h τ _h		1
t → bW (hadronic)	bqq	1b + 0c/1c	2
	bq		2
t → bW (leptonic)	bēν	1b	1
	bμν		1
	bτ _e ν		1
	bτ _μ ν		1
	bτ _h ν		1
QCD		b	1
		bb	1
		c	1
		cc	1
		others (light)	1



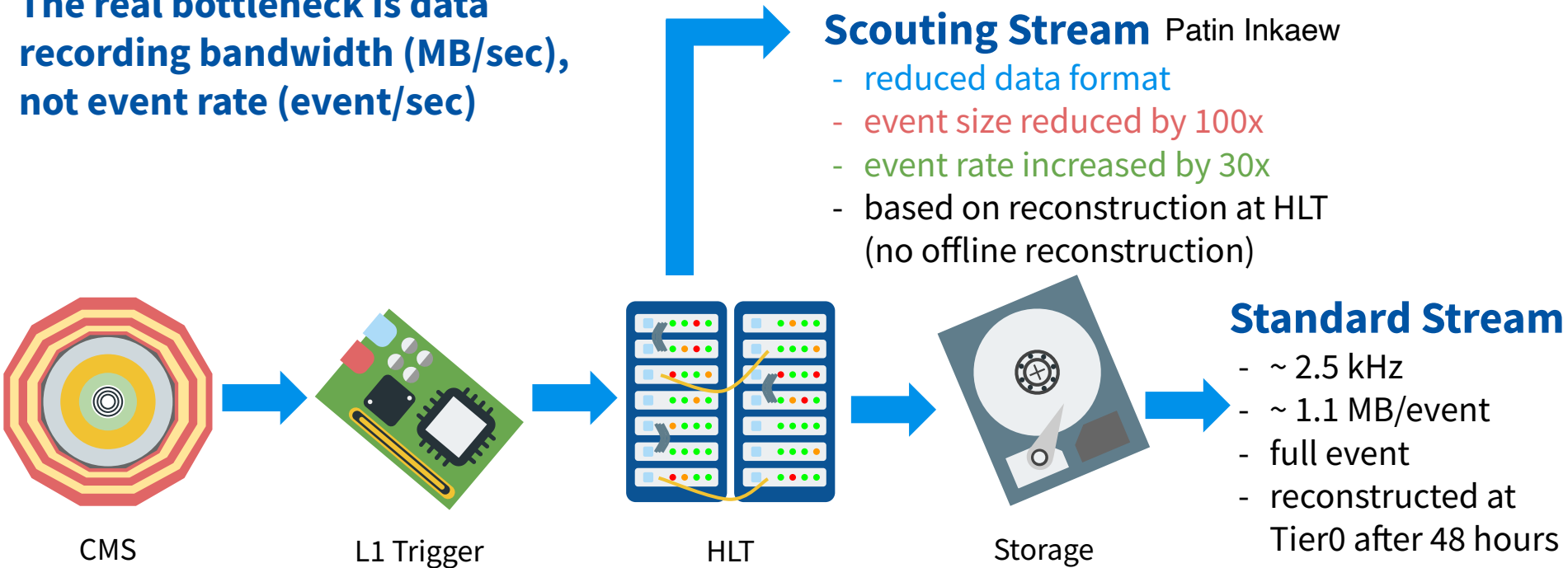
- Cover as many decay modes as possible
- Include also semi-leptonic decays.

“Real-time” analysis at the trigger level

HLT Scouting

Comprehensive review: [arXiv:2403.16134](https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.16134)

The real bottleneck is data recording bandwidth (MB/sec), not event rate (event/sec)



CMS

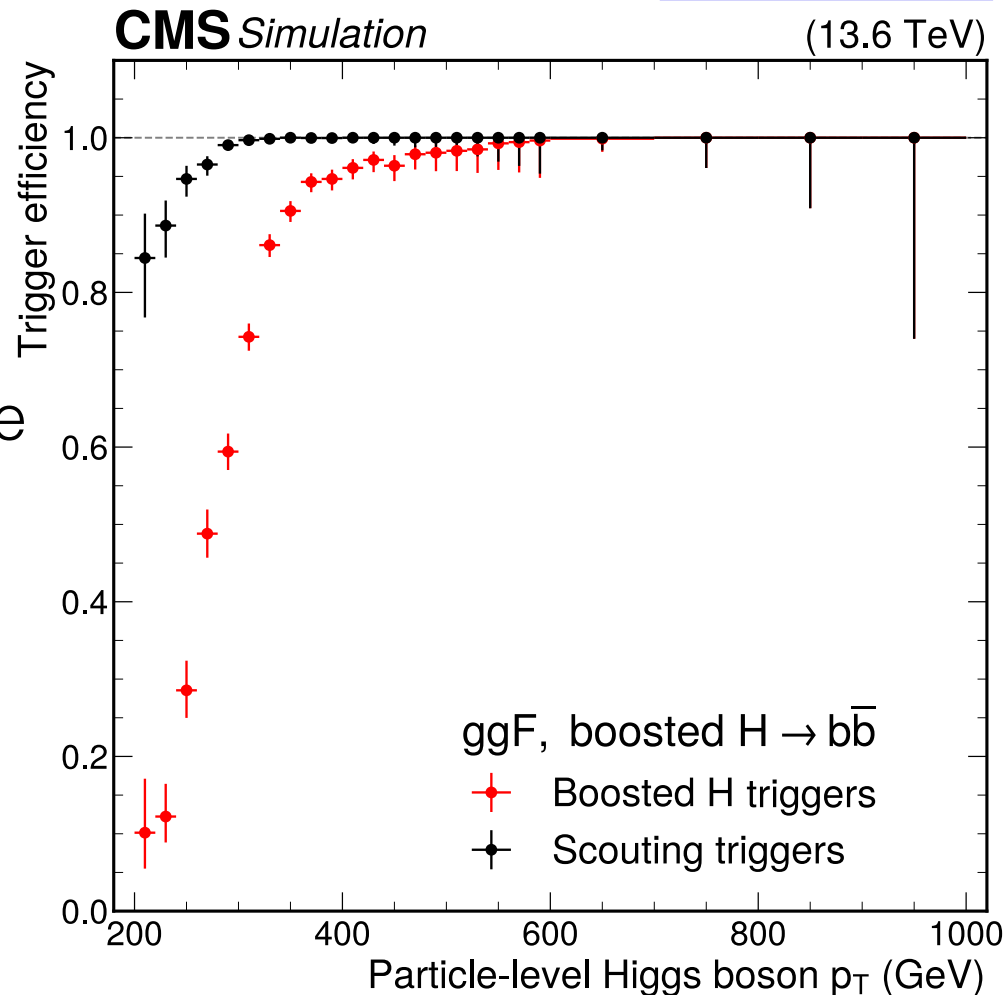
L1 Trigger

HLT

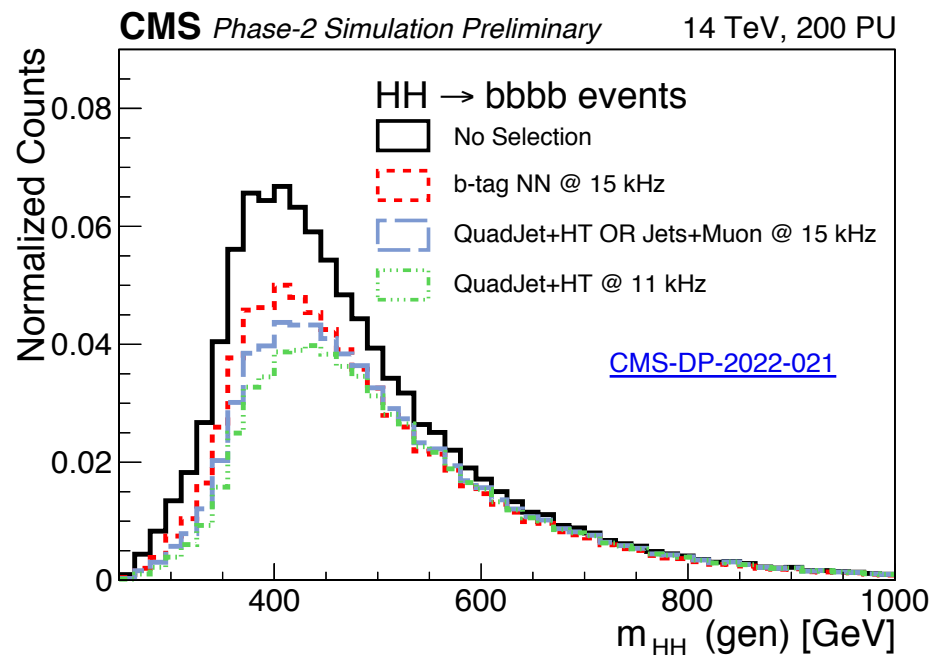
Storage

- HLT Scouting strategy successful since 2011.
- Major updates in Run-3.

- Access phase space not recorded with standard trigger strategy.
- Example: Search & measure boosted $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$.
- Cover the entire Higgs p_T spectrum.

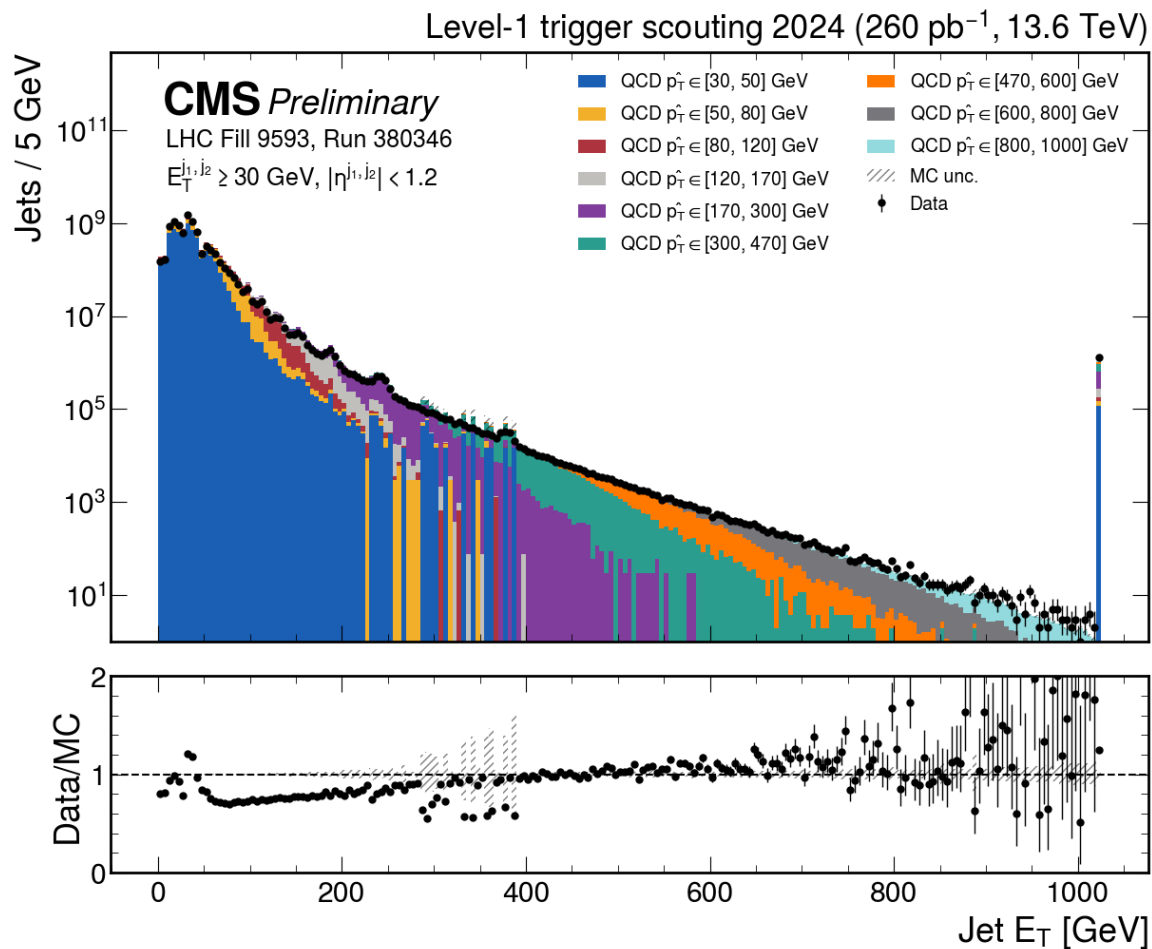


- Phase-II major upgrades: High-Granularity Calorimeter & Tracking at Level-1 trigger.
 - PF at Level-1?
 - Tag jets at Level-1?
- Demonstrated it can be done.
 - Simplified PF(+Puppi).
 - NN for small-R jet tagging.
- HIP-CMS effort to focus on “large-R” jets tagging at Level-1.
 - Level-1 Scouting?



Level-1 Scouting: The future is now!

[CMS-DP-2024-056](#)



Jets from Level-1
Scouting in 2024

- Jet performance at CMS for Run-3: Better than ever!
- Measured JES & JER for early Run-3 datasets.
 - HIP-CMS spearheading effort for 2024.
- Commissioned Transformer-based algorithms to tag jets & regress their p_T .
- HLT scouting program extends & complements physics reach with offline analysis.
 - More to come with Run-3 datasets.
 - Level-1 scouting for HL-LHC

EXTRA SLIDES

PUPPI calculates an α_i value for each particle in the event

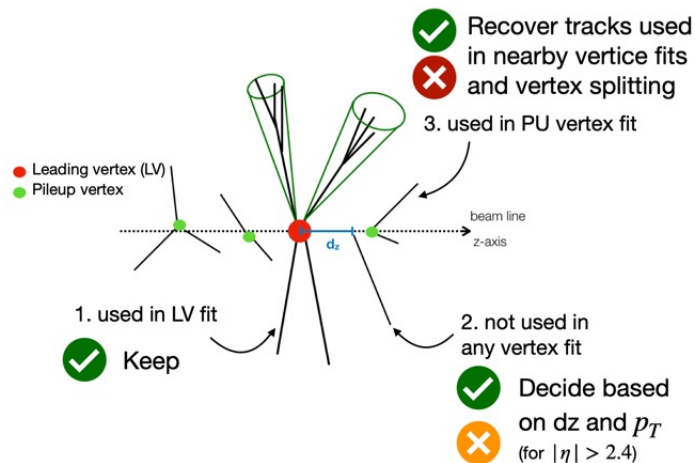
$$\alpha_i = \log \sum_{j \neq i, \Delta R_{ij} < R_0} \left(\frac{p_{T,j}}{\Delta R_{ij}} \right)^2$$

for $|\eta_i| < 2.5$, j are charged particles from LV and for $|\eta_i| > 2.5$, j are all kinds of reconstructed particles. The median ($\bar{\alpha}_{PU}$) and RMS (α_{PU}^{RMS}) are calculated from the charged PU α distribution. Based on that each neutral particle receives a signed χ^2

$$\text{signed } \chi_i^2 = \frac{(\alpha_i - \bar{\alpha}_{PU}) |\alpha_i - \bar{\alpha}_{PU}|}{(\alpha_{PU}^{RMS})^2}$$

The weight for each neutral particle is calculated with a cumulative distribution function and multiplied to the four-momentum of the particle:

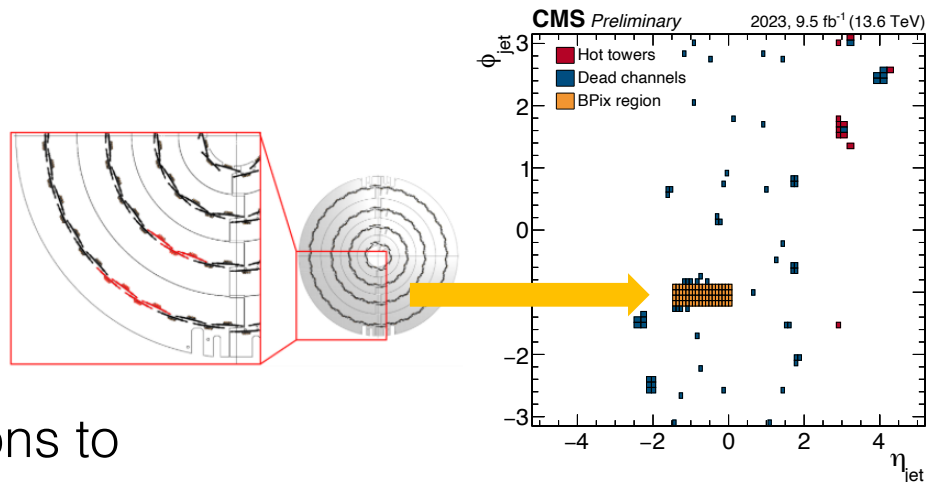
$$w_i = F_{\chi^2, \text{NDF}=1}(\text{signed } \chi_i^2)$$



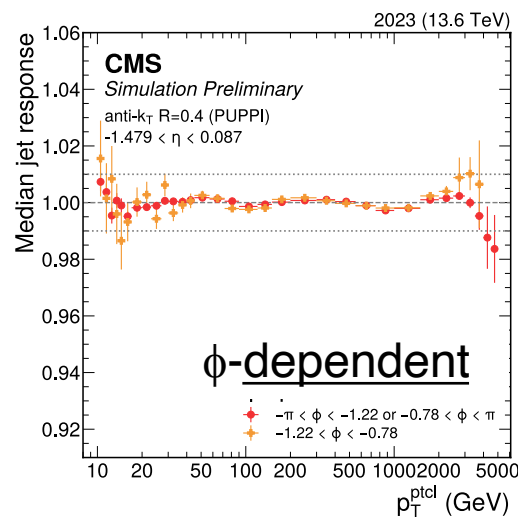
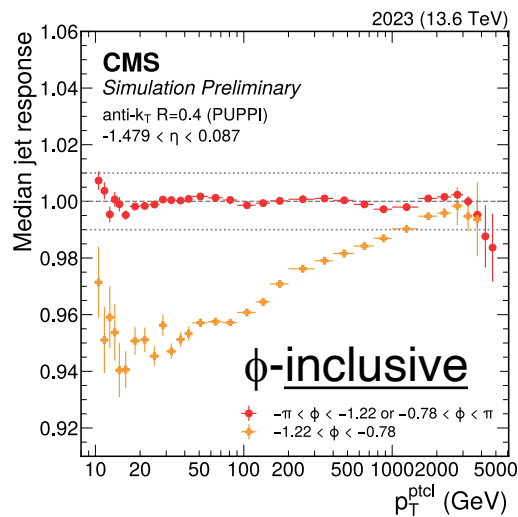
CHS keeps LV (✔) and unassociated (✘) particles, PUPPI keeps LV (✔) but assigns a weight to unassociated particles (✘).

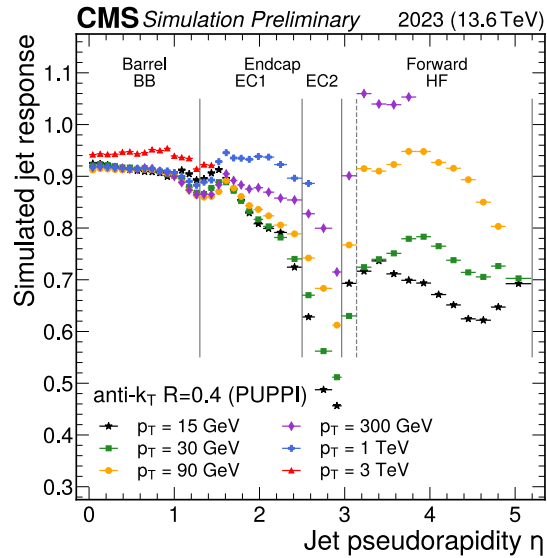
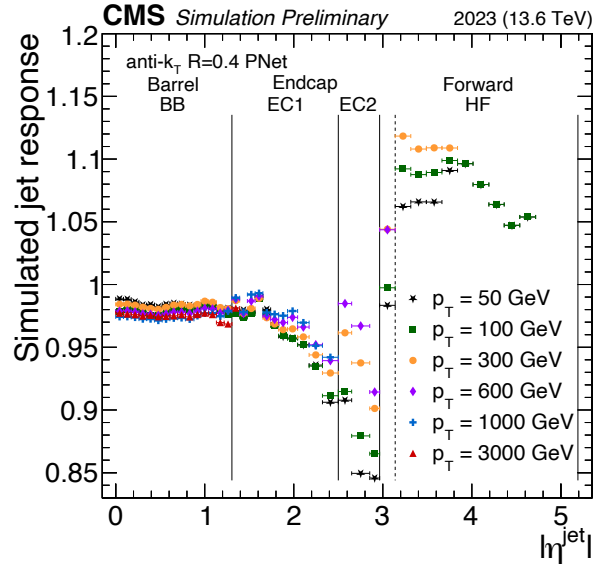
ϕ -dependent JES Corrections

- Partial failure of a portion of the Barrel Pixel sub-detector (BPix) occurred during 2023 data-taking.
 - Track reconstruction efficiency loss, affects jet energy scale.
- Introduce ϕ -dependent JES corrections to minimize impact of BPix inefficiency.



[DP-2024-039](#)



Jet p_T [DP-2024-039](#)

 Regressed Jet p_T [DP-2024-064](#)

 Regressed Jet p_T with Neutrinos
