Quantization in Representation Theory, Derived Algebraic Geometry, and Gauge Theory



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Bethe algebras, cacti, and crystals

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The Yangian of a reductive Lie algebra contains a family of maximal commutative subalgebras—the Bethe subalgebras—parametrized by regular elements of the maximal torus. In the case of $\mathfrak{gl}(n)$, it is known that this family extends to a larger one indexed by points of the Deligne-Mumford compactification of M(0,n+2). For any point C in the real locus of this parameter space, and a fixed tame Yangian representation V, the Bethe subalgebra B(C) acts on V with simple spectrum. I will discuss the structure of the resulting unramified covering—with fiber over C given by the set of eigenlines for the action of B(C), which can be identified with a collection of Gelfand-Tsetlin keystone patterns carrying a $\mathfrak{gl}(n)$ -crystal structure, as well as the monodromy action realized by a type of cactus group. This is joint work with Anfisa Gurenkova and Leonid Rybnikov.

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