

Highlights from the Pulsar Timing Array (PTA) session

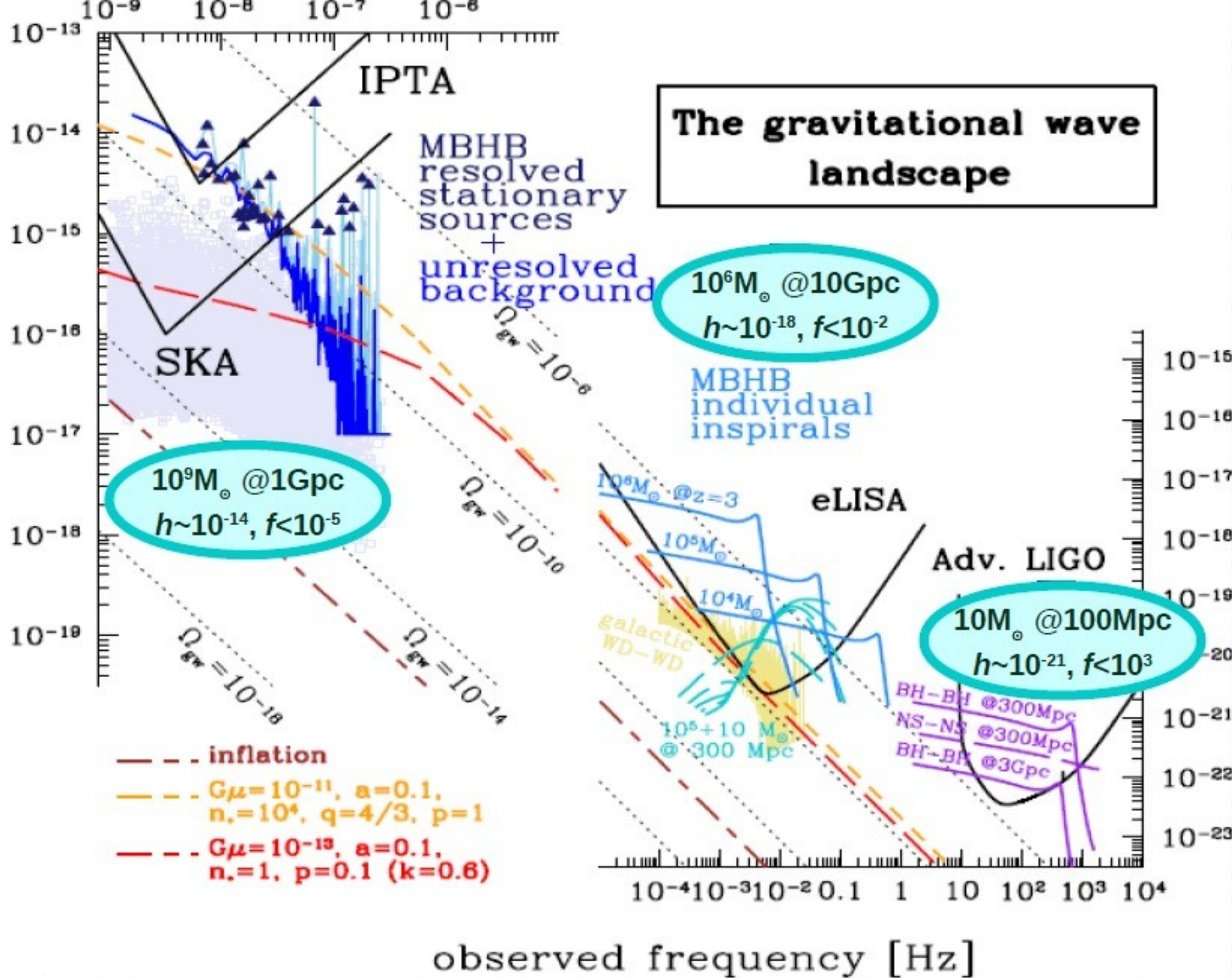
Chairs: Vicky Kaspi, Michael Kramer



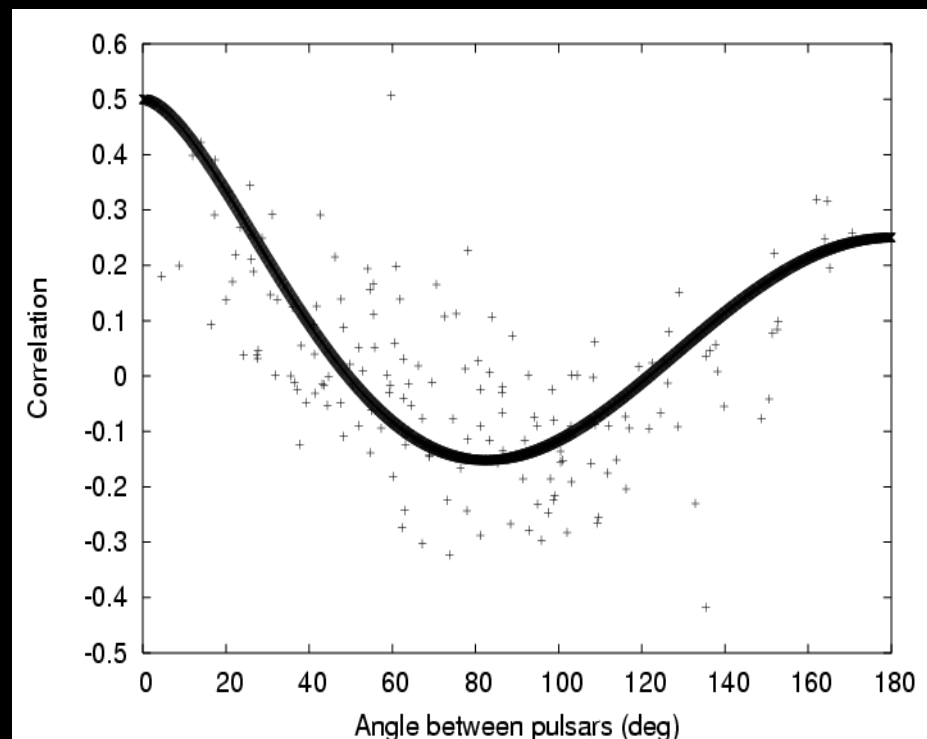
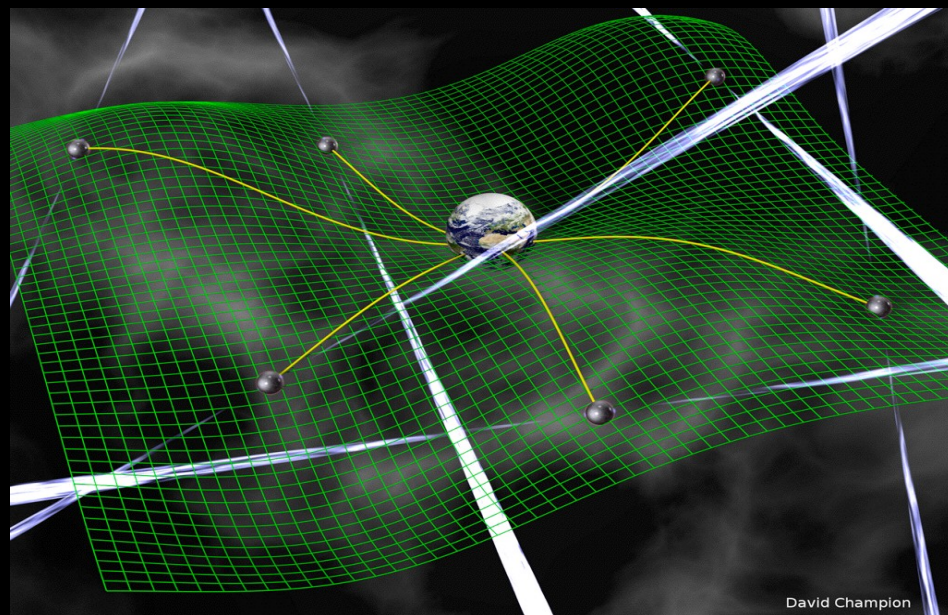
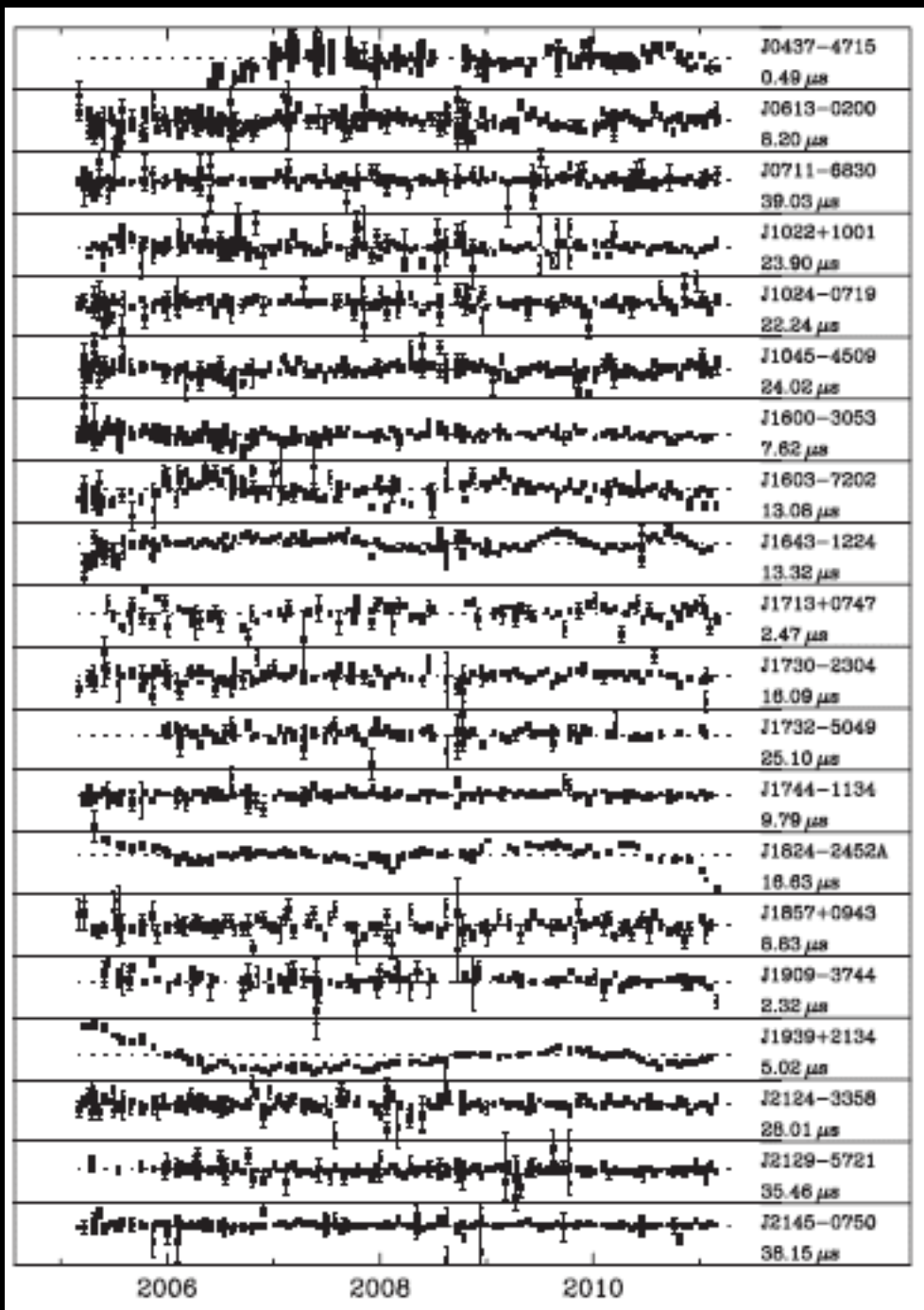
Contributors:
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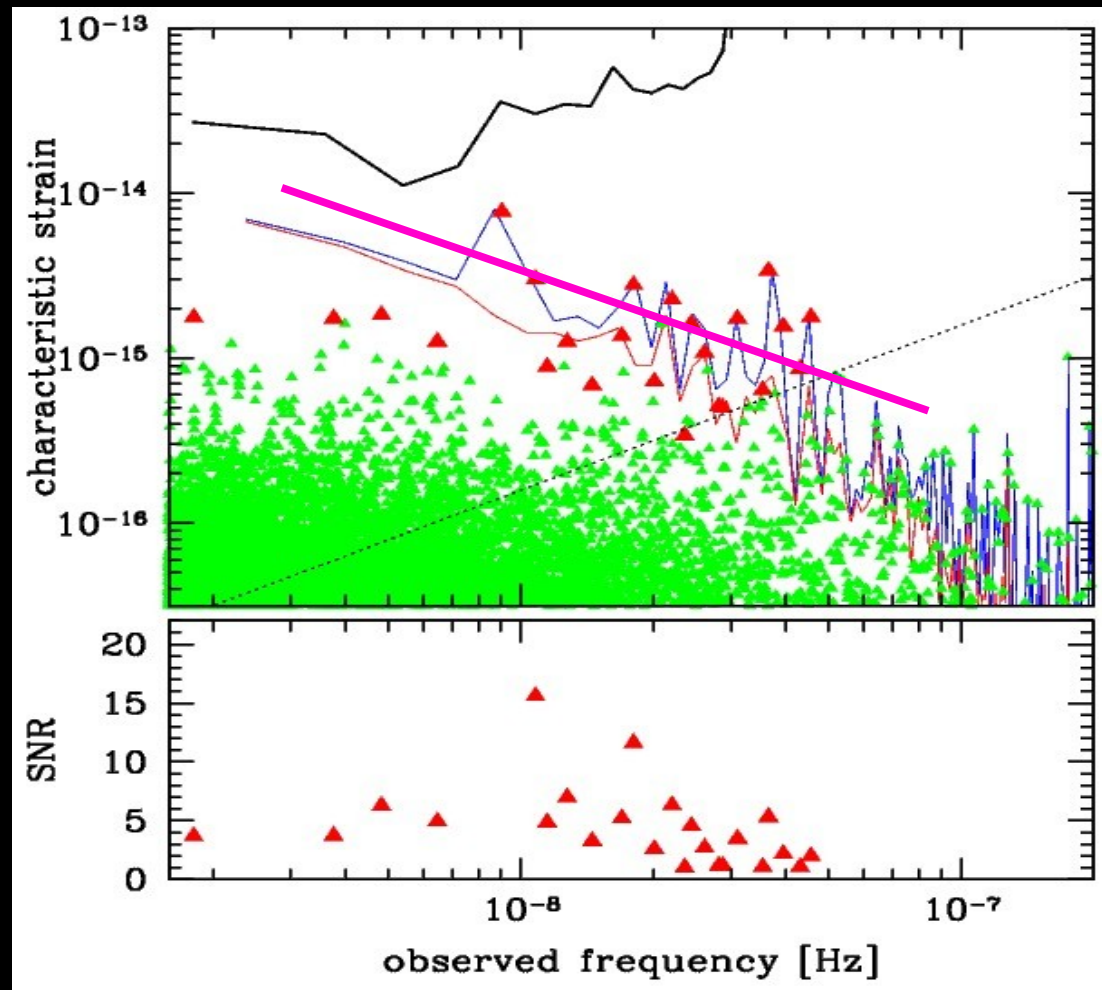
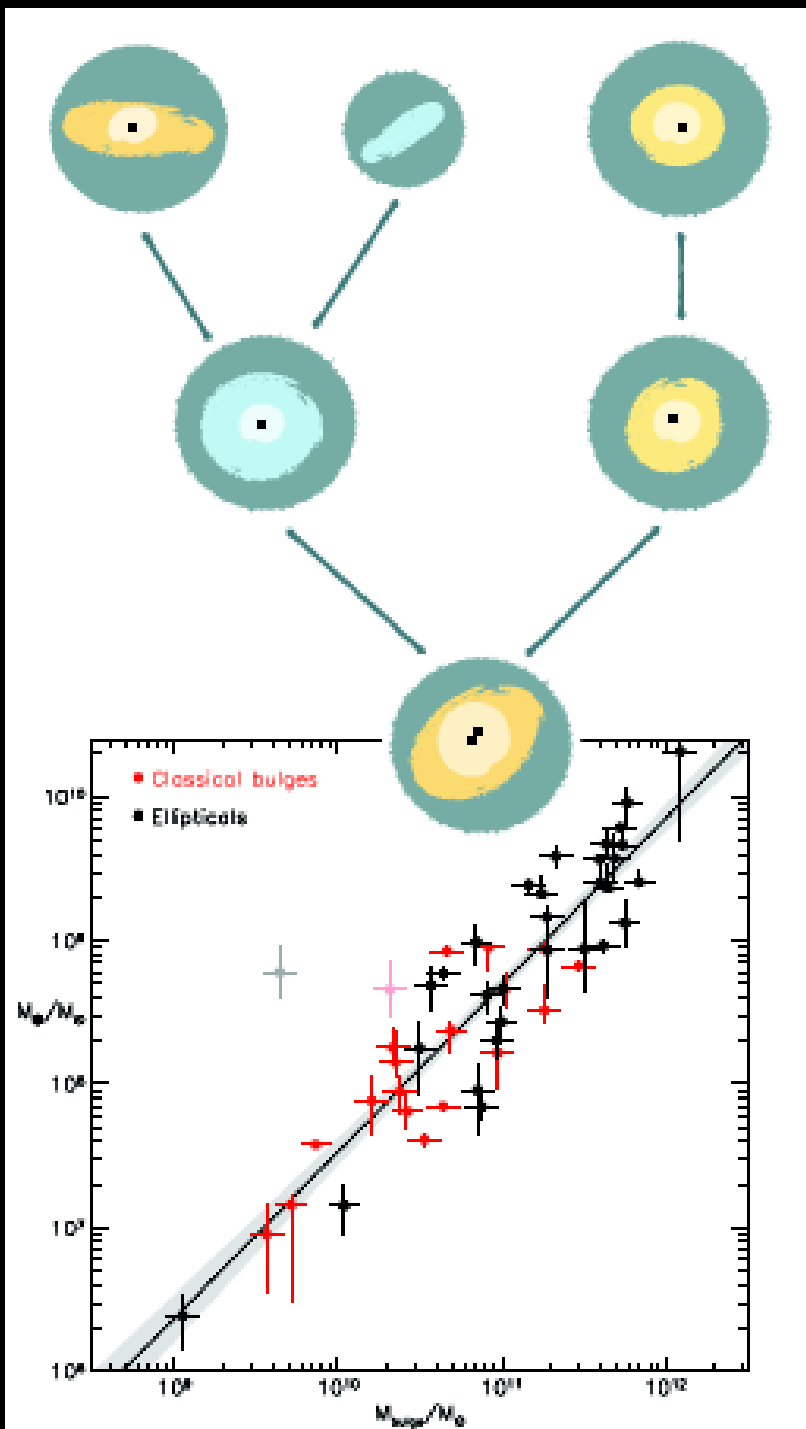
characteristic amplitude



PTAs: looking for correlations in timing residuals



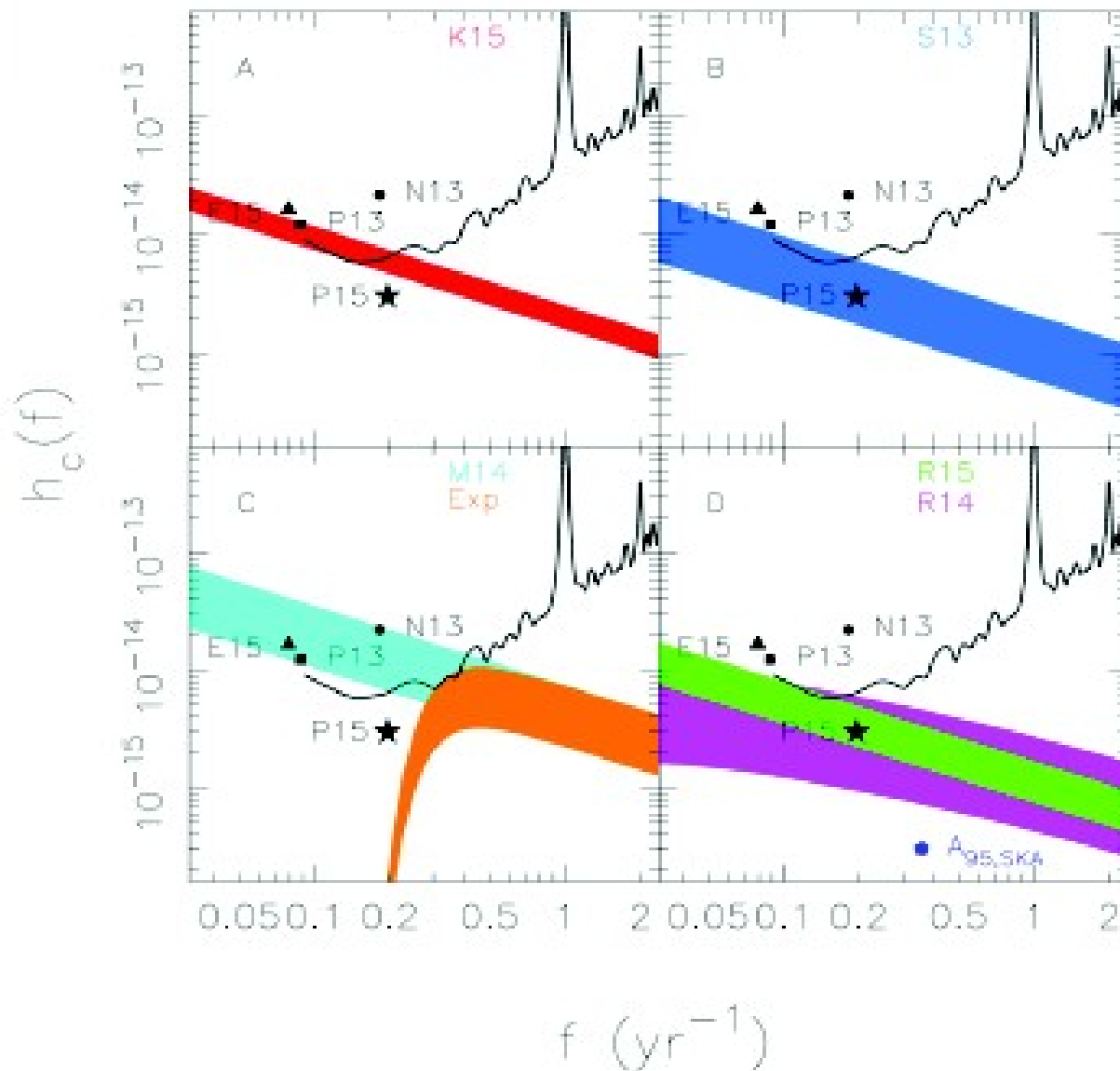
The nature of the signal



- *It is not smooth
- *It is not Gaussian
- *Single sources might pop-up
- *The distribution of the brightest sources might well be anisotropic

Limits on isotropic stochastic backgrounds

(Talk by Osłowski)



Shannon et al. (2015)

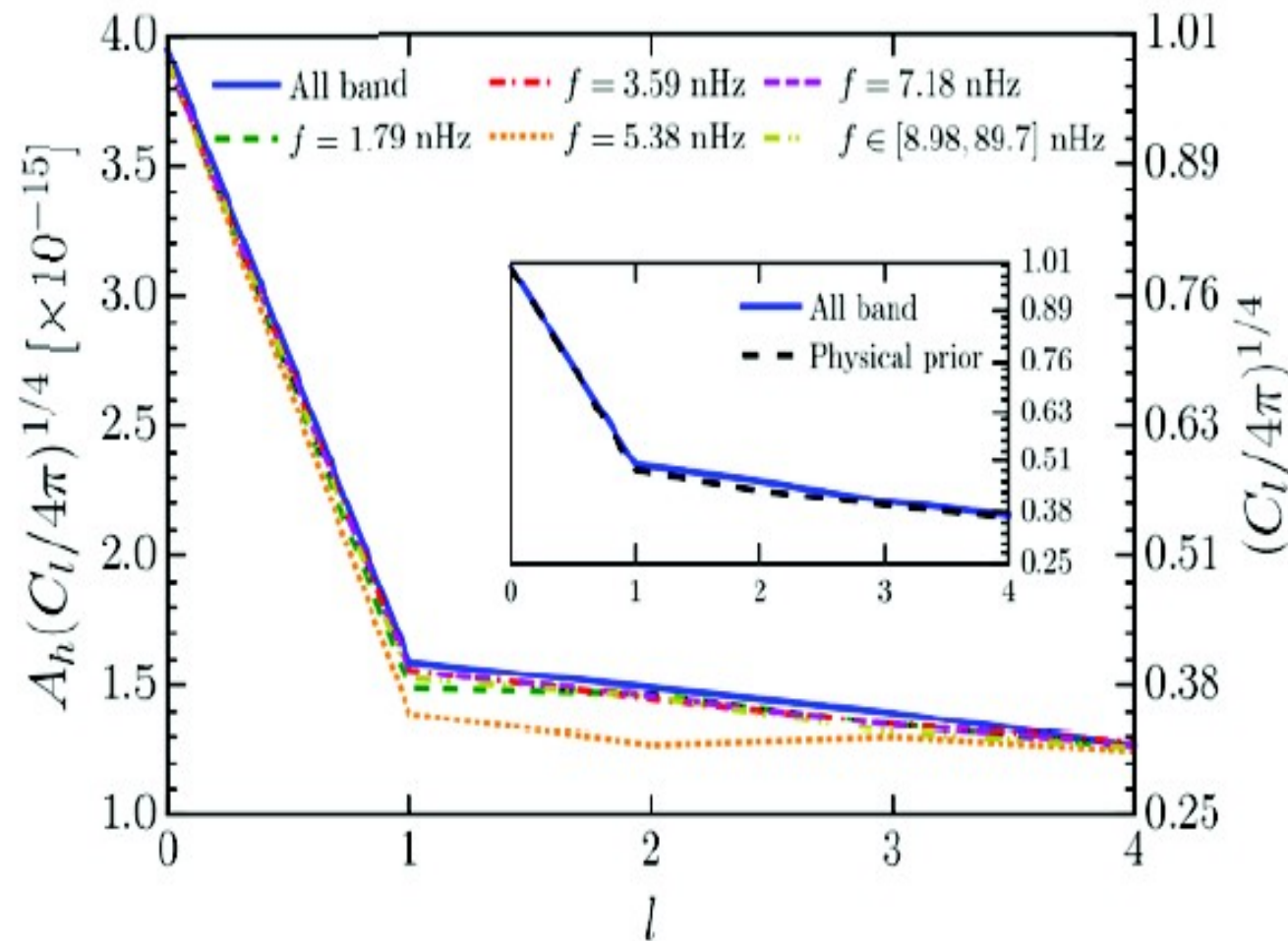
*It rules out some very optimistic models

*It starts to constrain more conservative vanilla models (circular GW driven binaries)

*It is consistent with more sophisticated models including environmental effects

First search for anisotropic backgrounds

(Talk by Lentati)



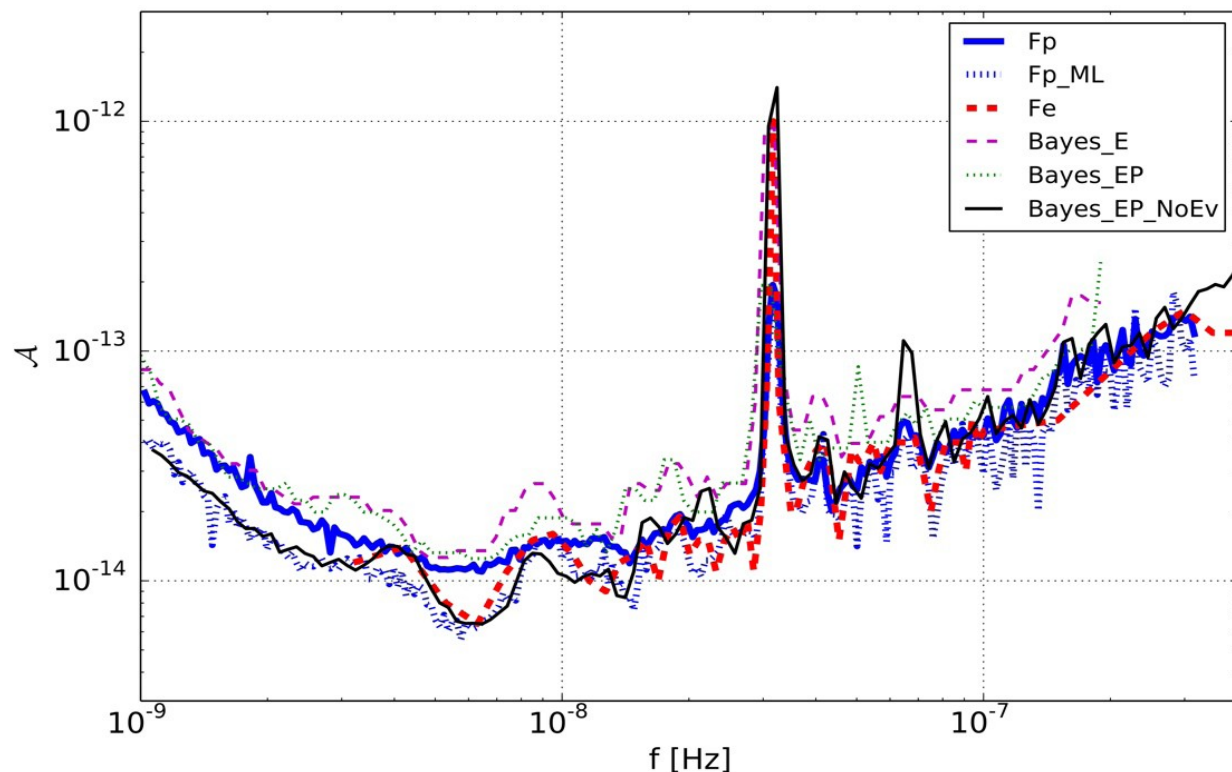
Data provides no constraints on anisotropy (yet!).

Upper limits at each scale the result of physical prior.

Figure:
Taylor et. al. 2015

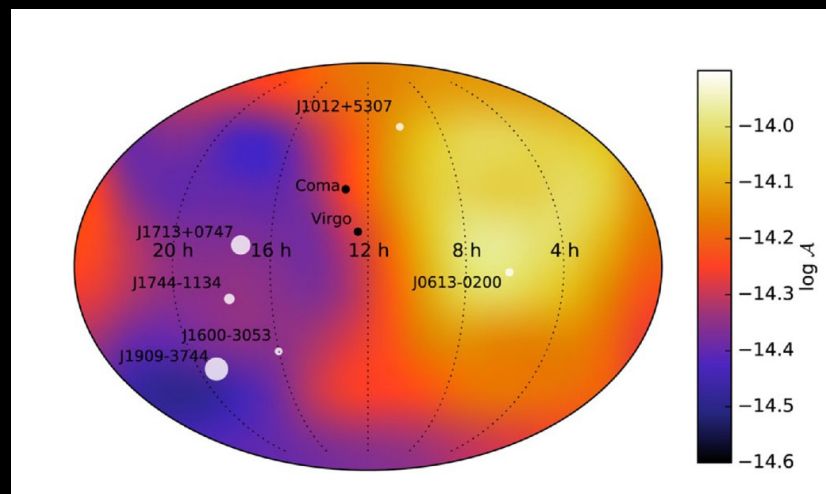
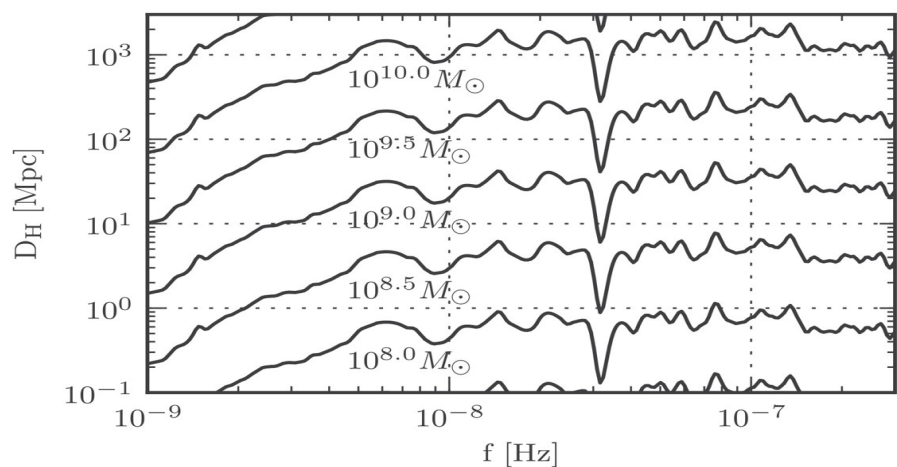
Limits on individual massive black hole binaries

(Talk by Lassus)



*It rules out the existence of massive binaries within few hundred Mpc (in the PTA band)

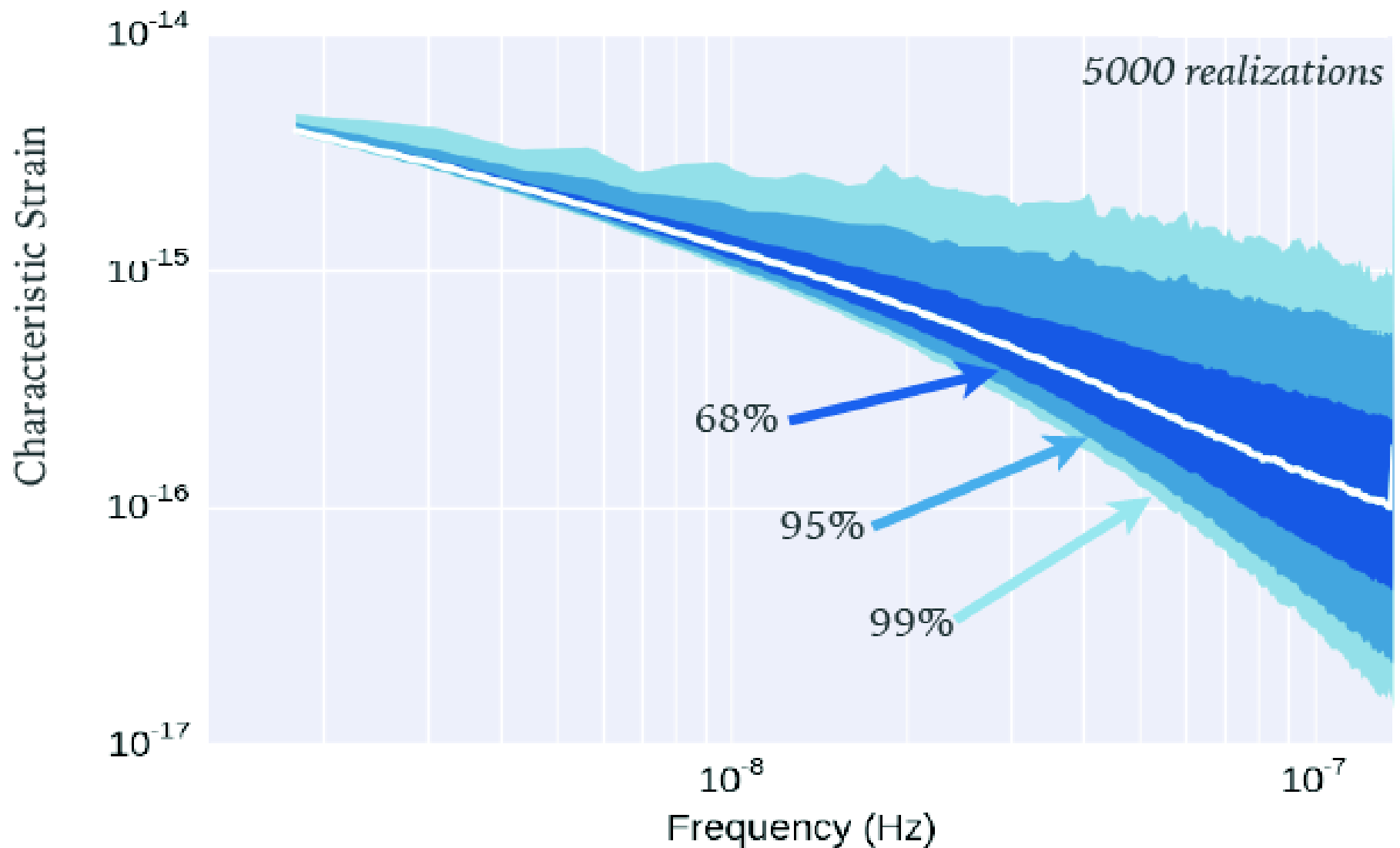
*sensitivity strongly dependent on sky location



Intrinsic variance of the signal

(Talk by Roebber)

REALIZATION-TO-REALIZATION VARIANCE IN THE SPECTRUM



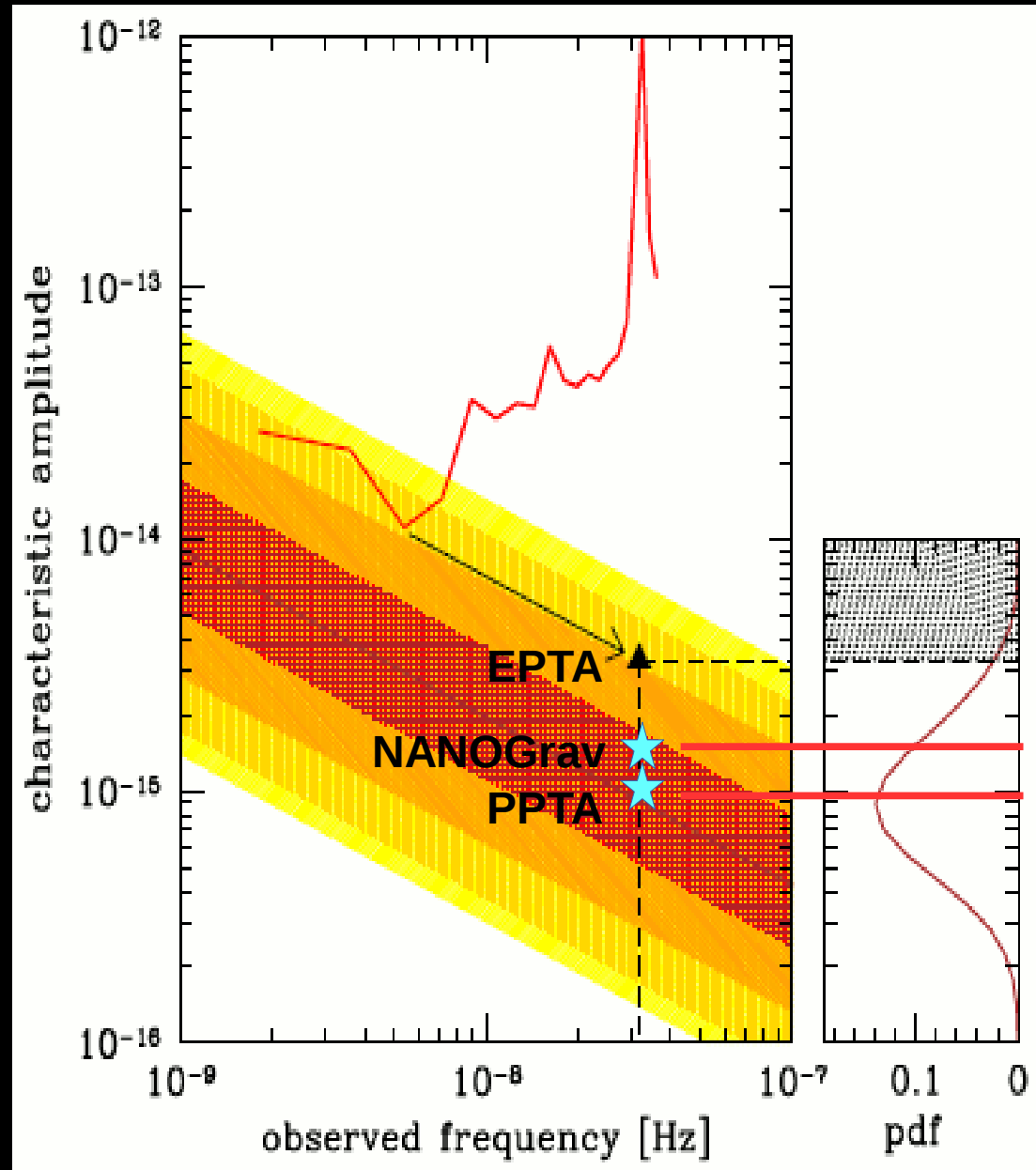
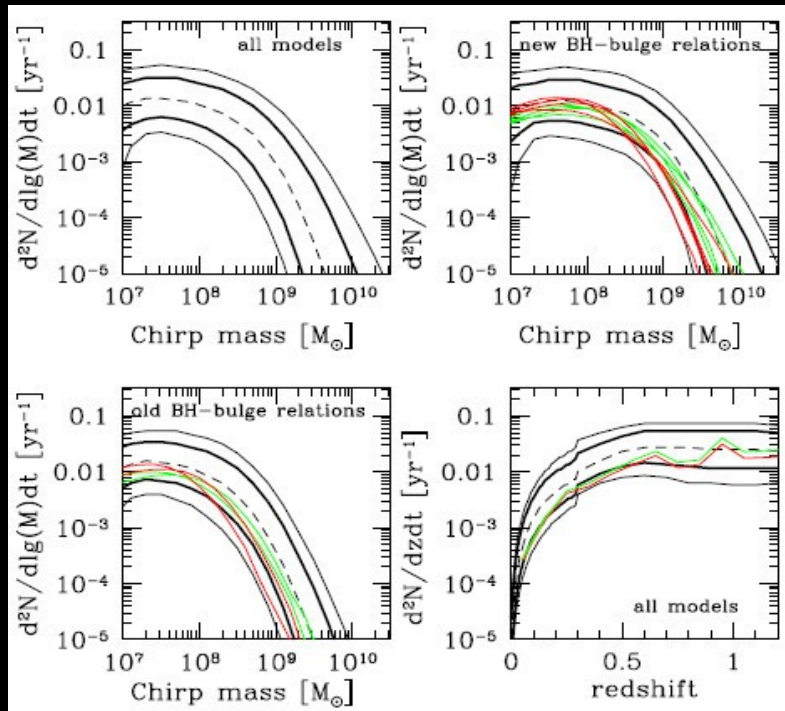
Uncertainties in the normalization

(Talk by Sesana)

The MBHB merger rate is poorly Determined:

-The galaxy merger rate is not know very well observationally

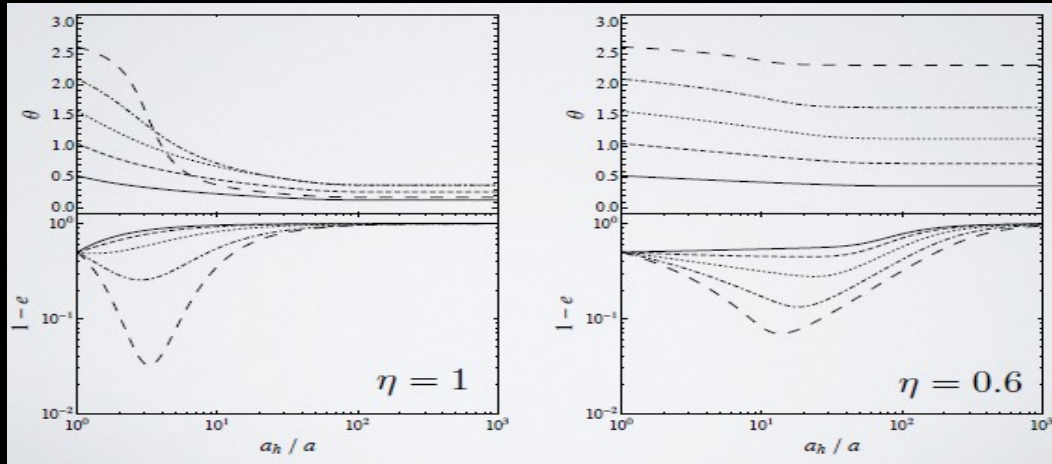
-The MBH-galaxy scaling relations have uncertainties and scatter



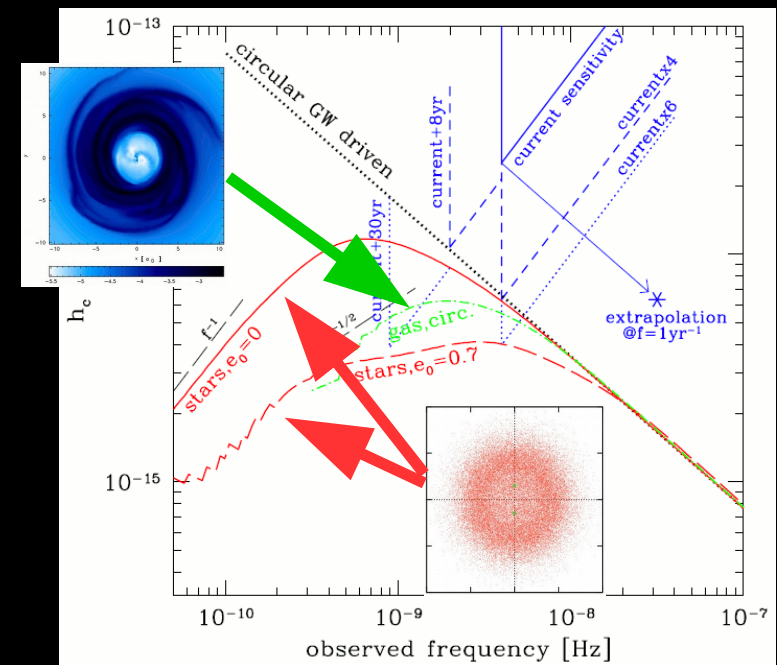
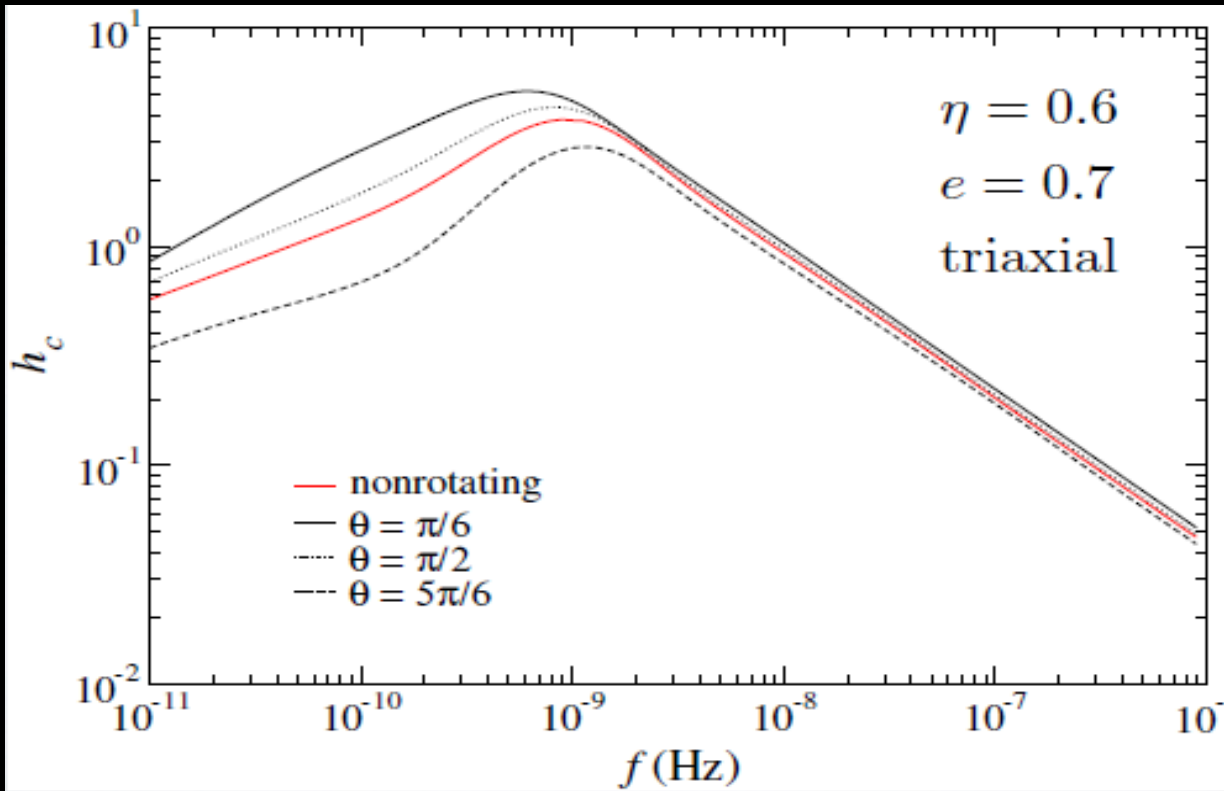
(AS 2008, 2013; Ravi et al. 2012, 2015; Roebber et al. 2015; Kulier et al. 2014; McWilliams et al. 2014)

Environmental coupling: uncertainties in the spectral shape

(Talk by Rasskazov)

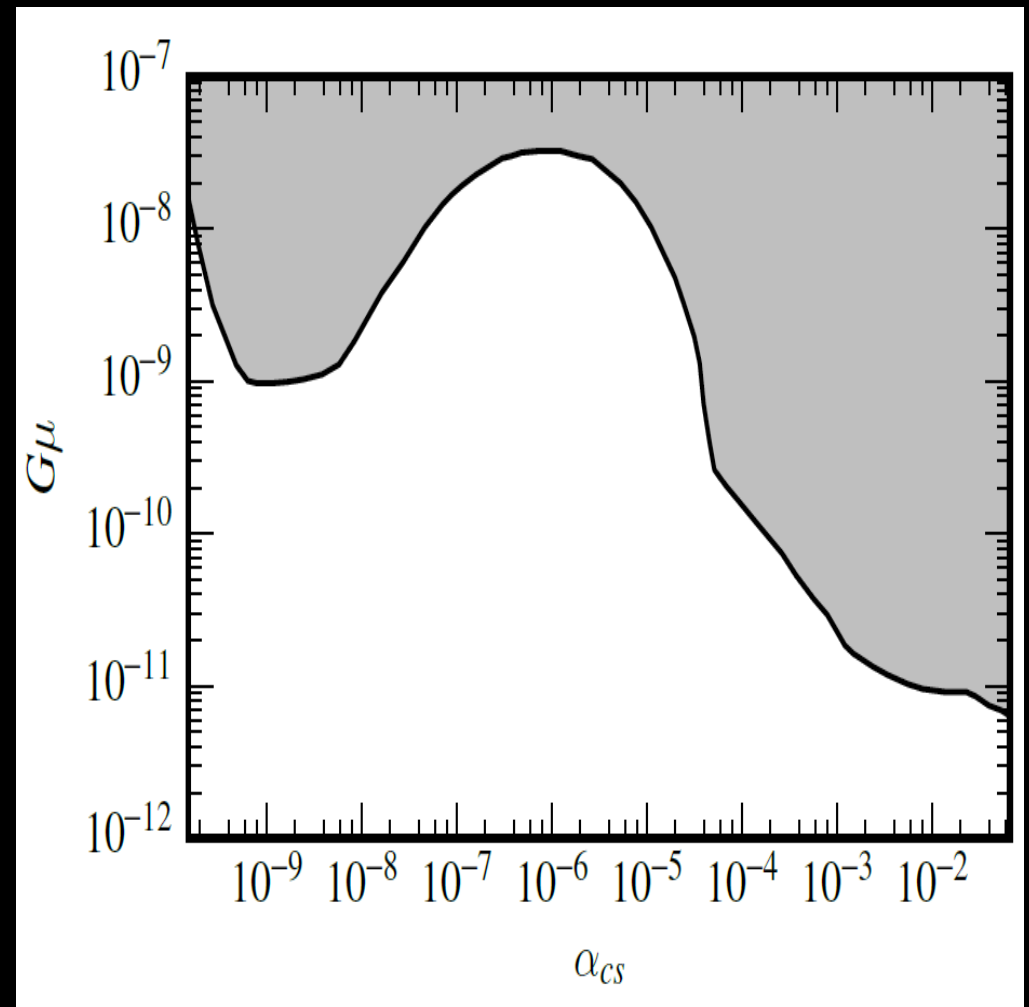
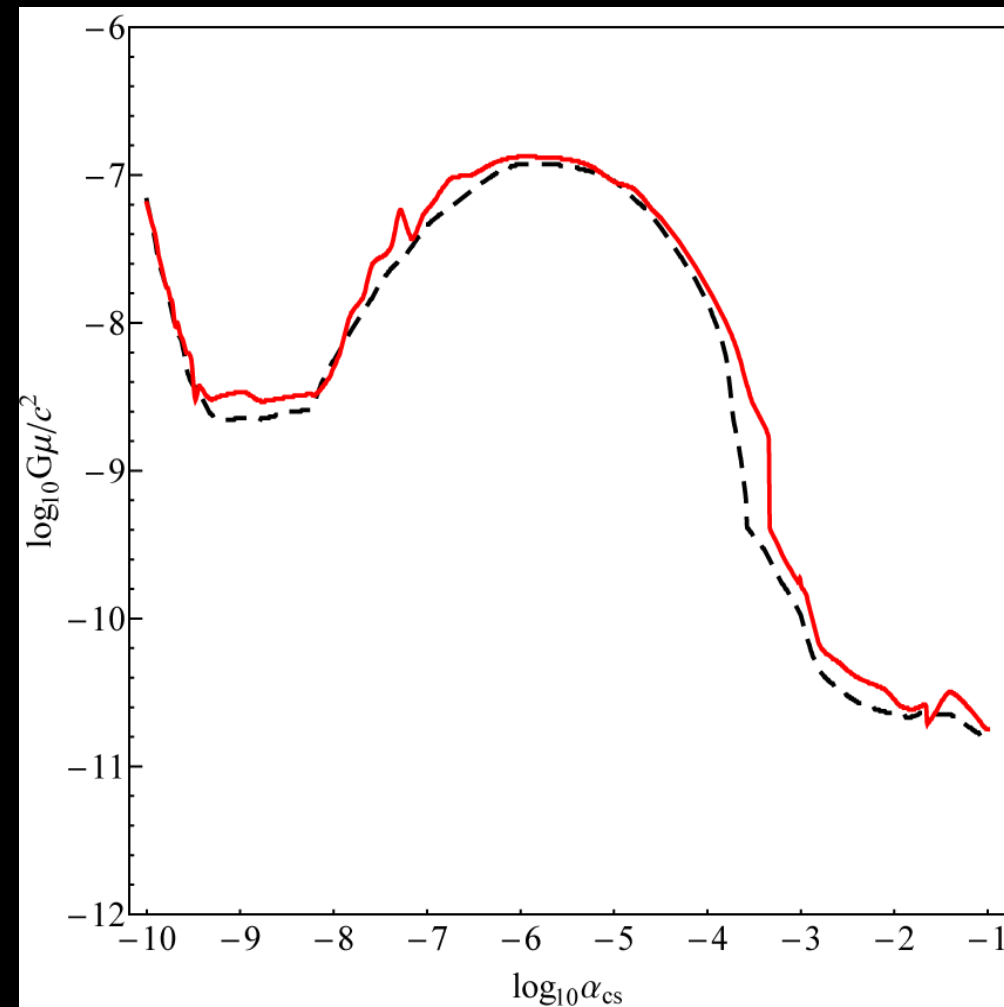


- *Environment and eccentricity may suppress the low frequency signal
- *Eccentricity evolution depends on background rotation
- *Potentially problematic for detection



Limits on cosmic string tension

(Talk by Sanidas)



*EPTA beat the CMB limit

*NANOGrav bring it down by another factor of 4

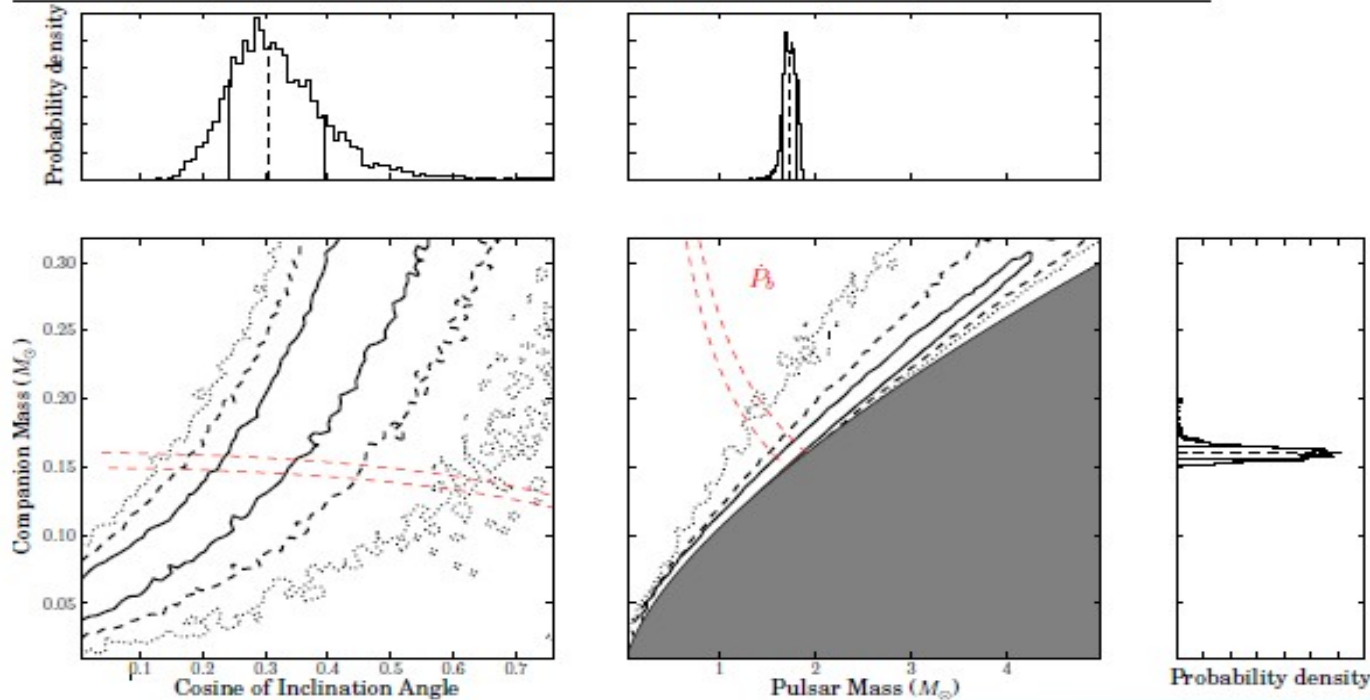
Example of other first class science with PTAs

(Talk by Desvignes)

- 9 new proper motions (additional 7 PM improved by a factor 10)
- 7 new parallaxes and improvement on a few others
- All Px corrected from the Lutz-Kelker bias
- 6 new apparent \dot{x}
- new Shapiro measurement in PSR J1918-0642
- good Shapiro measurement in PSR J1600-3053
- update on the masses of PSR J0751+1807

J0751+1807: Mass-Mass diagram

PSR JName	D_π (kpc)	\dot{P}_b ($\times 10^{-13}$)	\dot{P}_{b_kin} ($\times 10^{-13}$)	\dot{P}_{b_kz} ($\times 10^{-13}$)	\dot{P}_{b_dgr} ($\times 10^{-13}$)	\dot{P}_{b_GR} ($\times 10^{-13}$)	$D\dot{P}_b$ (kpc)
J0751+1807	1.0(2)	-0.350(25)	+0.103(21)	-0.0101(11)	+0.0117(24)	—	—



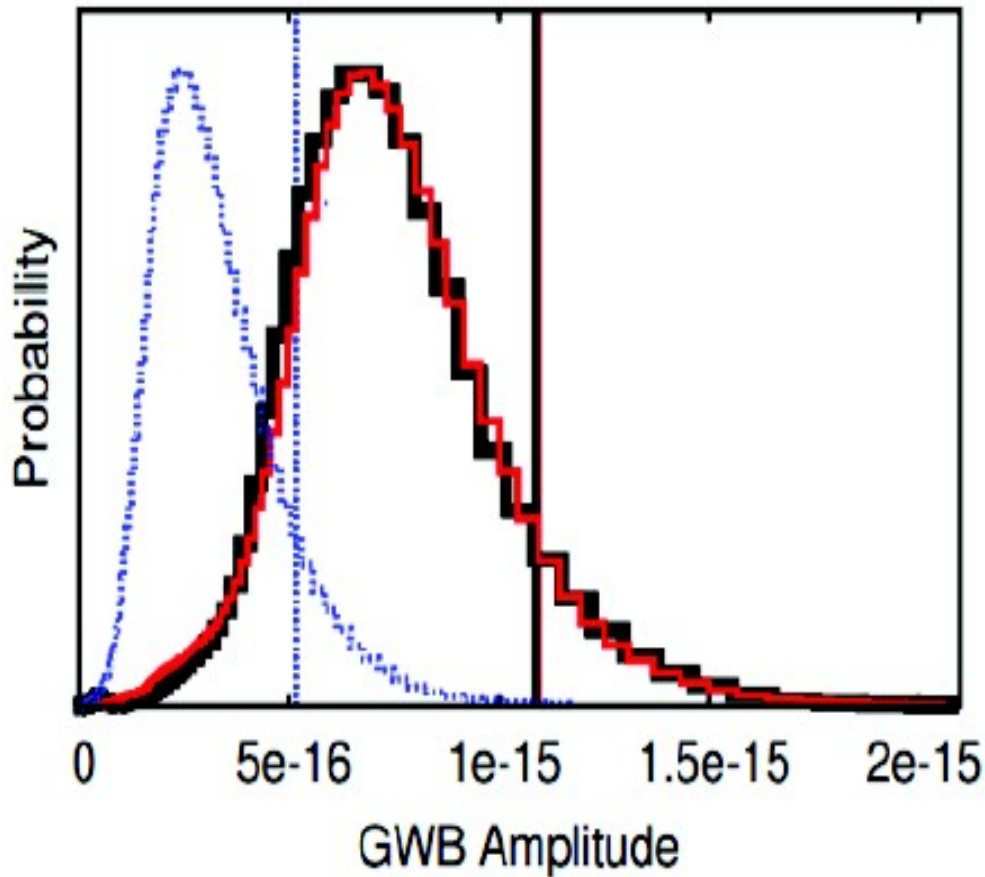
$$M_p = 1.72^{+0.07}_{-0.07} M_\odot$$

$$M_c = 0.160^{+0.005}_{-0.005} M_\odot$$

New techniques to improve sensitivity

(Talk by Lentati)

Profile Domain Analysis:



Standard analysis: Shifts and shape change totally covariant.
Profile domain: Shifts and shape change decoupled.

Upper limits significantly improved in the presence of shape variation.



From Previous Simulation

