

Non-linear perturbation of black branes at large D

Umpei Miyamoto

Akita Prefectural University

JHEP06(2017)033 [arXiv:1705.00486]

Contents

1. Introduction

1. Higher-dim. BHs and large-D limit
2. Preceding work: Black branes at large D

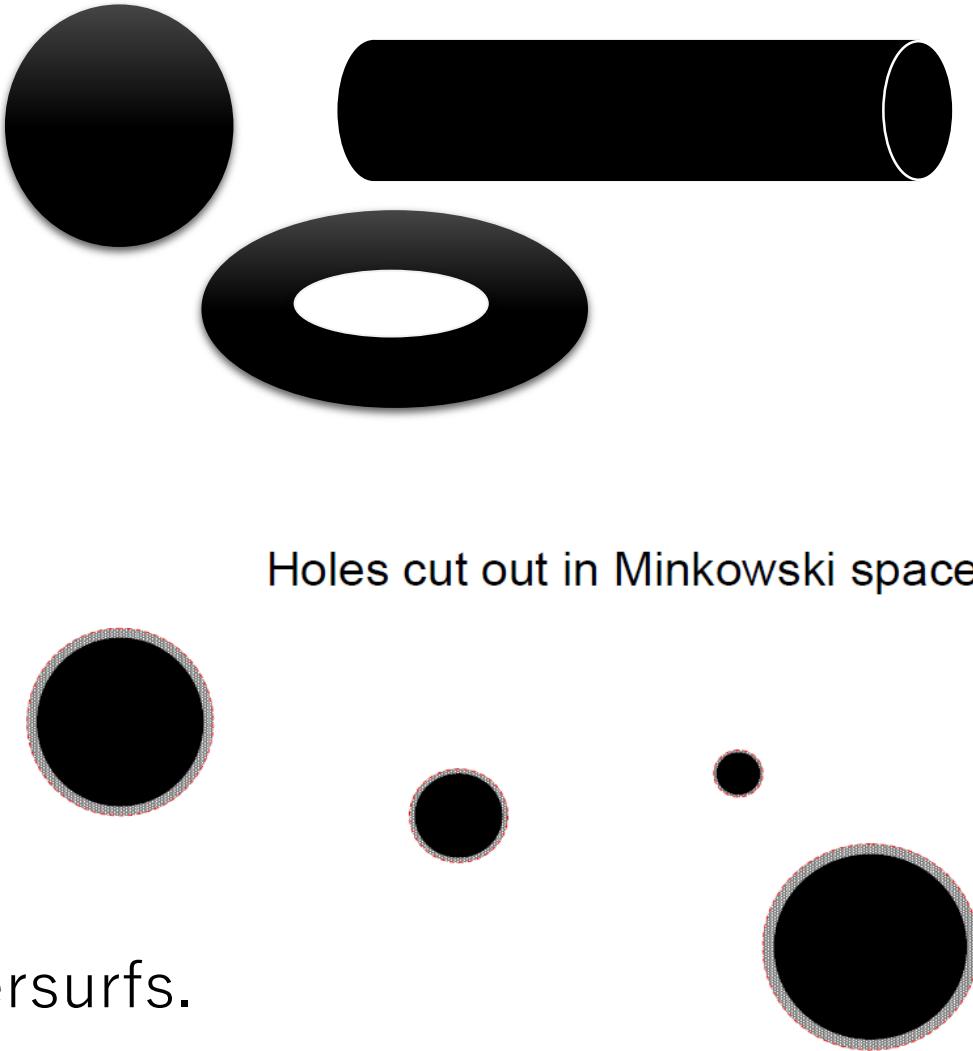
2. My work

1. Non-linear pert. of black branes
2. GL instability
3. Riemann problem

3. Conclusion

Background

- Higher-dim. BHs
 - Instability & various phase structures
(e.g. Gregory-Laflamme inst.)
 - Gauge/Gravity correspondence
(e.g. AdS/CFT, AdS/CMP, Fluid/Gravity)
- Large-D approach
(R. Emparan, R. Suzuki, K. Tanabe, and more)
 - 1/D expansion of GR
 - Horizons are Constant-Mean-Curvature hypersurfs.

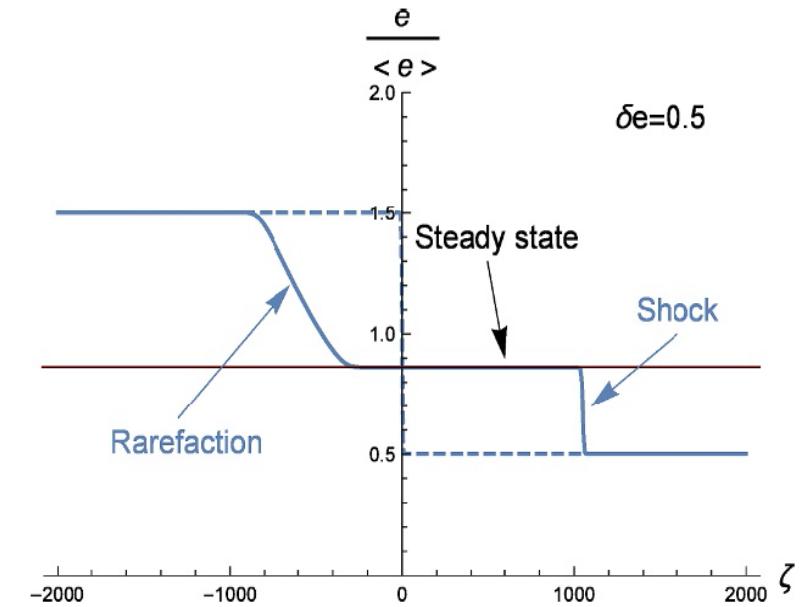
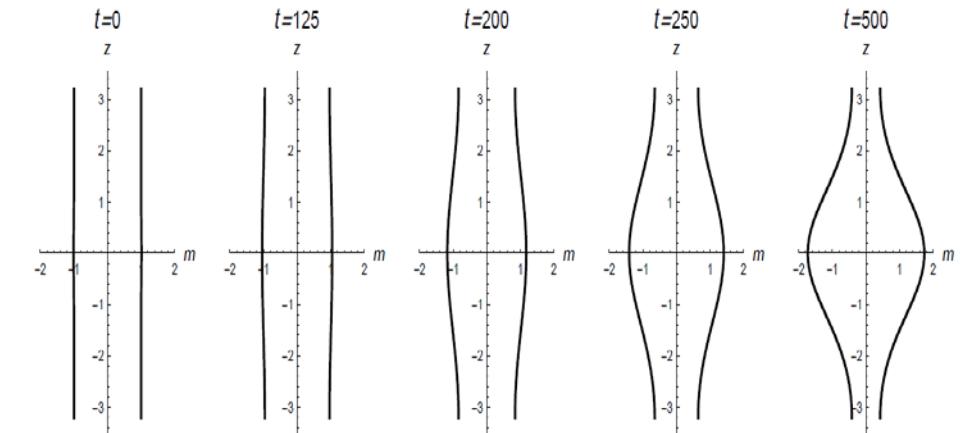


<http://www2.yukawa.kyoto-u.ac.jp/ws/2013/string13/Emparan.pdf>

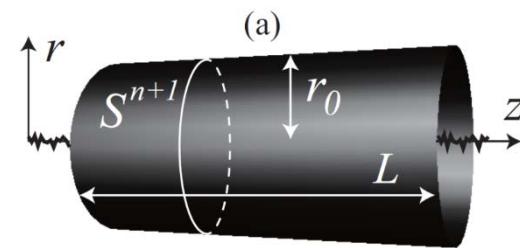
Preceding works : Black branes at large D

(Emparan-Suzuki-Tanabe PRL2015)

- Leading-order EOMs of BBs in 1/D (Asympt. flat & AdS)
 - 1+1 diffusion eqs. for $m(t,z)$ and $p(t,z)$
 - GL-unstable Black String converges to a non-uniform BS (Sorkin 2004)
- Related work (Herzog-Spillane-Yarom 2016)
 - Holographic dual of Riemann problem
→ Non-Equilibrium Steady States (NESSs)
- Question: Can we say anything analytically using simplified EOMs?



My work : Non-linear pert. of large-D black branes (UM JHEP2017)



$$(\partial_t - \partial_z^2)m + \partial_z p = 0,$$

$$(\partial_t - \partial_z^2)p - \partial_z m = -\partial_z\left(\frac{p^2}{m}\right),$$

- Diffusion eqs. for $m(t,z)$ & $p(t,z)$

$$m(t, z; \epsilon) = 1 + \sum_{\ell=1}^{\infty} m_\ell(t, z) \epsilon^\ell,$$

- Expand them around a uniform brane

$$p(t, z; \epsilon) = \sum_{\ell=1}^{\infty} p_\ell(t, z) \epsilon^\ell,$$

- Laplace & Fourier transf. w.r.t. t and z , respectively

- Solve algebraic eqs.
- Inverse transf.
- General solutions

$$\dot{m}_\ell - m_\ell'' + p'_\ell = 0,$$

$$\dot{p}_\ell - p_\ell'' - m'_\ell = \psi_\ell,$$

$$\psi_2 = -2p_1 p'_1,$$

$$\psi_3 = 2m_1 p_1 p'_1 + m'_1 p_1^2 - 2p_1 p'_2 - 2p'_1 p_2.$$

General form of solutions at $O(\varepsilon^l)$

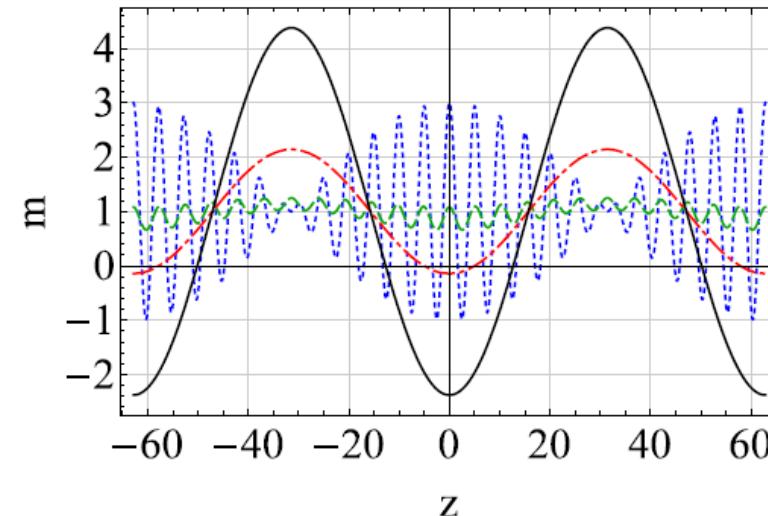
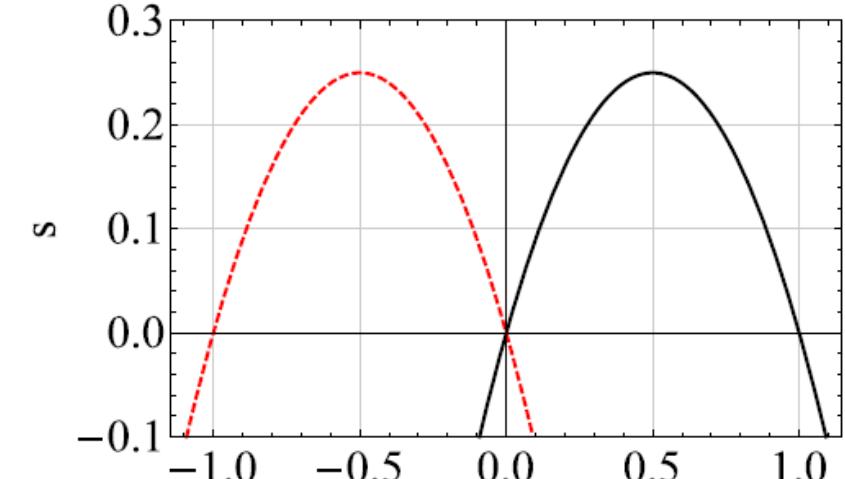
$$\begin{pmatrix} m_\ell(t, z) \\ p_\ell(t, z) \end{pmatrix} = \sum_{\sigma=+,-} B_\sigma \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{F}^{-1}[e^{s_\sigma(k)t} \bar{m}_\ell(0, k)] \\ \mathcal{F}^{-1}[e^{s_\sigma(k)t} \bar{p}_\ell(0, k) + e^{s_\sigma(k)t} * \bar{\psi}_\ell(t, k)] \end{pmatrix}$$
$$B_\sigma := \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\sigma i \\ \sigma i & 1 \end{pmatrix},$$
$$s_\sigma(k) := k(\sigma 1 - k).$$

I have obtained the soln. at every order as the linear combinations of inverse Fourier tr. of initial spectra $m_l(0, k)$ & $p_l(0, k)$.

Applicat'n to GL inst.

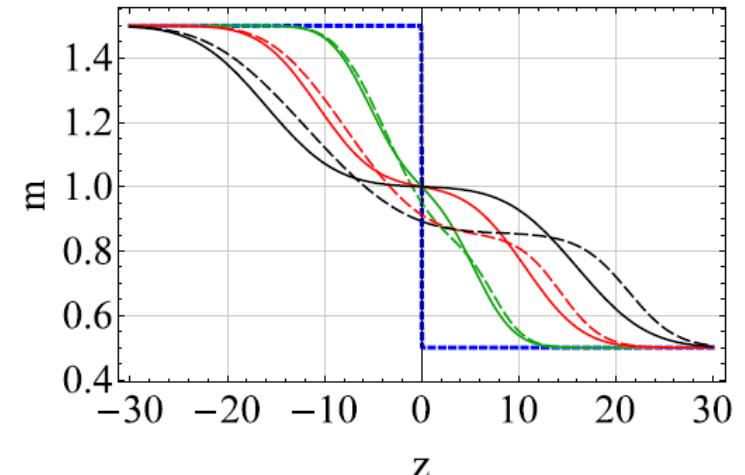
$$m_1(0, z) = \sum_{n=1}^N a_n \cos(k_n z + \varphi_n)$$

- Superposit'n of sinusoidal waves as initial condition
→ Obtain solns. up to 2nd order
- A couple of GL-stable modes constitute a “beat”
- The beat grows if its size is greater than GL critical length



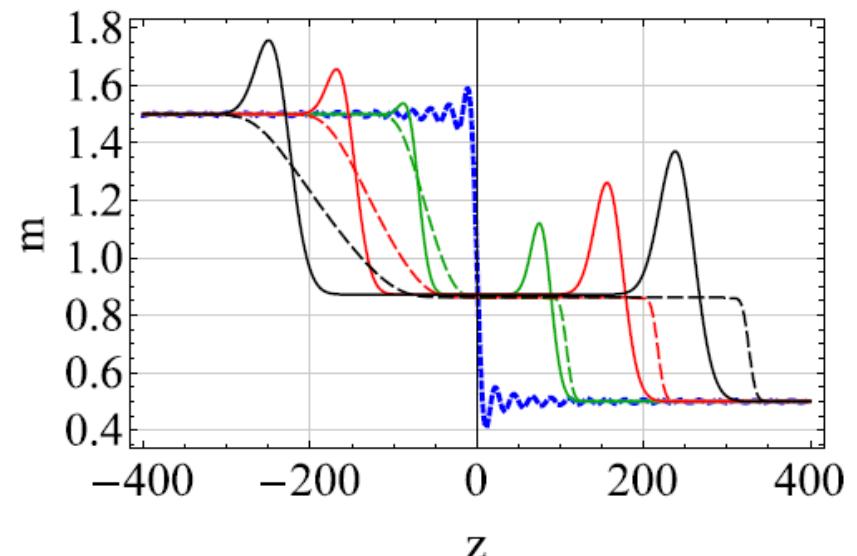
Applicat'n to Riemann problem

- Step-funct'n as $m_1(t=0,z)$
 - 1st order soln. in terms of Gauss error fun.
 - Semi-analytic descript'n of NESS
- Superposit'n of sinusoidal waves as $m_1(t=0,z)$
 - Obtain solutions up to 2nd order
 - Reproduce details of NESS



$$m_1(t, z) = \frac{\alpha}{2} \left[\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{t+z}{2\sqrt{t}}\right) - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{t-z}{2\sqrt{t}}\right) \right],$$

$$p_1(t, z) = -\frac{\alpha}{2} \left[\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{t-z}{2\sqrt{t}}\right) + \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{t+z}{2\sqrt{t}}\right) \right].$$



Conclusion

- Perturb BBs at large-D around the uniform soln. and obtain the general form of soln. at every order
- Write down the explicit form of solns. for several initial conditions.
 - Property of GL inst. in non-linear regime
 - Analytic description of NESS
- Future prospects
 - 1/D corrections & BBs with charges
 - Application to turbulence (Rozali et al. 2017)

