## CoCo 2o21: Cosmology in Colombia



Contribution ID: 25

Type: not specified

## Varying Higgs VEV in Cosmology and an Axionic Solution

Thursday 9 September 2021 10:40 (20 minutes)

The  $\Lambda$ CDM model provides an excellent fit to the CMB data. However, a statistically significant tension emerges when its determination of the Hubble constant  $H_0$  is compared to the local distance-redshift measurements. The axi-Higgs model, which couples ultralight axions to the Higgs field, offers a specific variation of the  $\Lambda$ CDM model. It relaxes the  $H_0$  tension as well as explains the <sup>7</sup>Li puzzle in Big-Bang nucleosynthesis, the  $S_8$  tension with the weak-lensing data, and the observed isotropic cosmic birefringence in CMB. In this letter, we demonstrate how the  $H_0$  and  $S_8$  tensions can be resolved simultaneously, by correlating the axion impacts on the early and late universe. In a benchmark scenario selected for experimental tests soon, the analysis combining the CMB+BAO+WL+SN data yields  $H_0 = 71.1 \pm 1.1$  km/s/Mpc and  $S_8 = 0.766 \pm 0.011$ . Combining this (excluding the SN(supernovae) part) with the local distance-redshift measurements yields  $H_0 = 72.3 \pm 0.7$  km/s/Mpc, while  $S_8$  is almost unchanged.

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