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## No slow-roll inflation à la Generalized Chaplygin Gas in General Relativity

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The Generalized Chaplygin Gas (GCG) model is characterized by the equation of state  $P = -A\rho^{-\alpha}$ , where  $A > 0$  and  $\alpha < 1$ . The model has been extensively studied due to its interesting properties and applicability in several contexts, from late-time acceleration to primordial inflation. Nonetheless we show that the inflationary slow-roll regime cannot be satisfied by the GCG model when General Relativity (GR) is considered. In particular, although the model has been applied to inflation with  $0 < \alpha < 1$ , we show that for  $-1 < \alpha \leq 1$  there is no expansion of the Universe but an accelerated contraction. For  $\alpha \leq -5/3$ , the second slow-roll parameter  $\eta_H$  is larger than unity, so there is no sustained period of inflation. Only for  $\alpha$  very close to -1 the model produces enough  $e$ -folds, thus greatly reducing its parameter space. Moreover, using the Planck 2018 results, we constrain the parameters of the model to  $1.391 < A < 1.522$  and  $-1.0131 < \alpha < -1.0103$ . Finally, we extend our analysis to the Generalized Chaplygin-Jacobi Gas (GCJG) model. We find that the introduction of a new parameter does not solve the previous problems or change the bounds on the parameters of the model. We conclude that the violation of the slow-roll conditions is a generic feature of the GCG and GCJG models during inflation when GR is considered.

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