

First Atlas Results from Run II

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On behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

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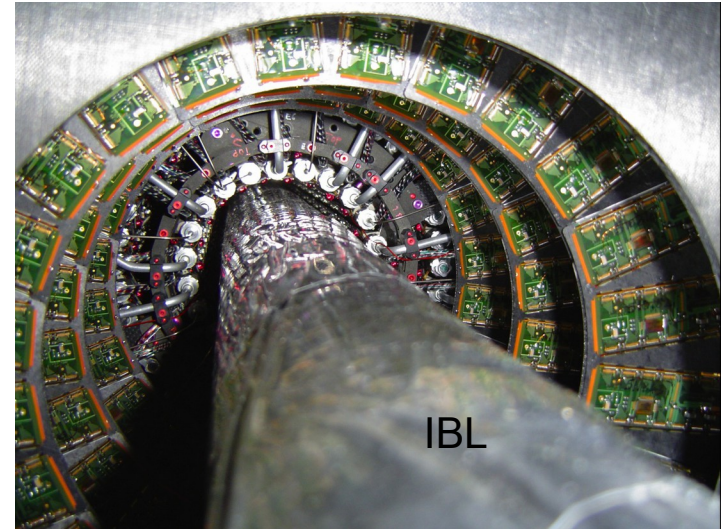
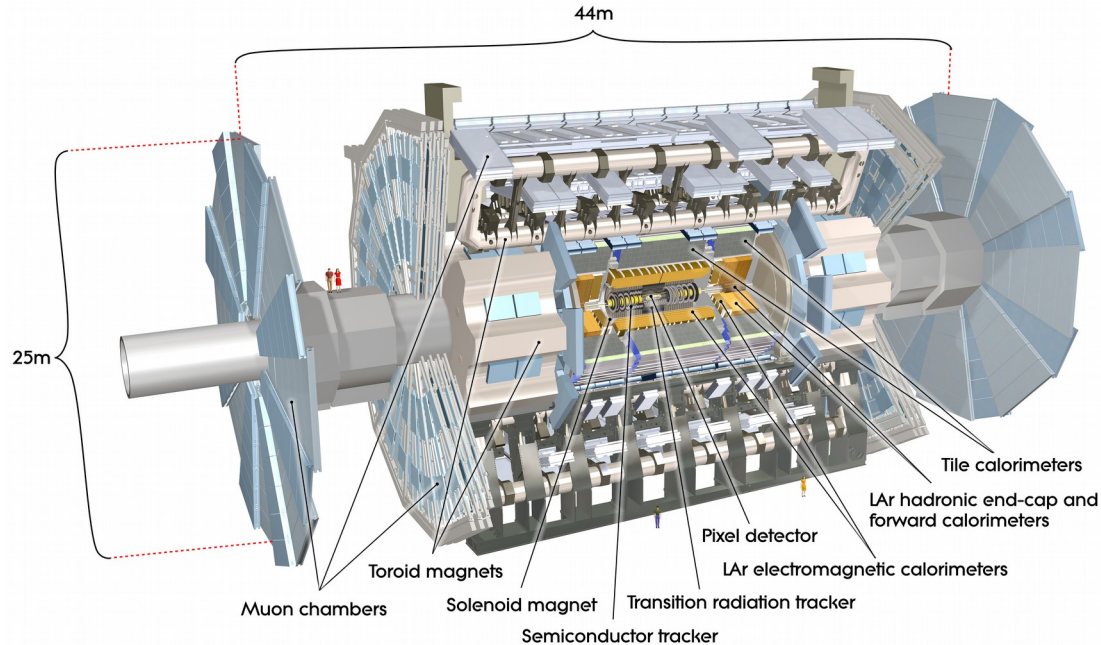


Run II early results from 2015 13 TeV data

- Standard Model (see G. Salamanna, M. Villaplana Perez, L. Masseti this conference)
 - ➔ p-p cross section/ single top / ttbar-jets
- Higgs
 - ➔ $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \ell'^+ \ell'^-$ / $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ / Combined Cross Section
- Higgs / Exotic (see R. Ferrari this conference)
 - ➔ High mass: ZZ / WW / VV / VH / $\gamma\gamma$
- SUSY (see A. Soffer this conference)
 - ➔ Strong production / 0L + Jets / 1L inclusive / Z+MET / 3b / SS 3L / sbottom
- Exotics (see J. Benitez this conference)
 - ➔ Z' / W' / W Z (had) MET / LFV Z'
 - ➔ Dark Matter (see A. Nelson this conference)
- Other topics not covered in this talk: Pb + Pb Collisions (M. I. Arratia Munoz, D. V. Perepelitsa this conference) ; Future Upgrades (G. Aielli)

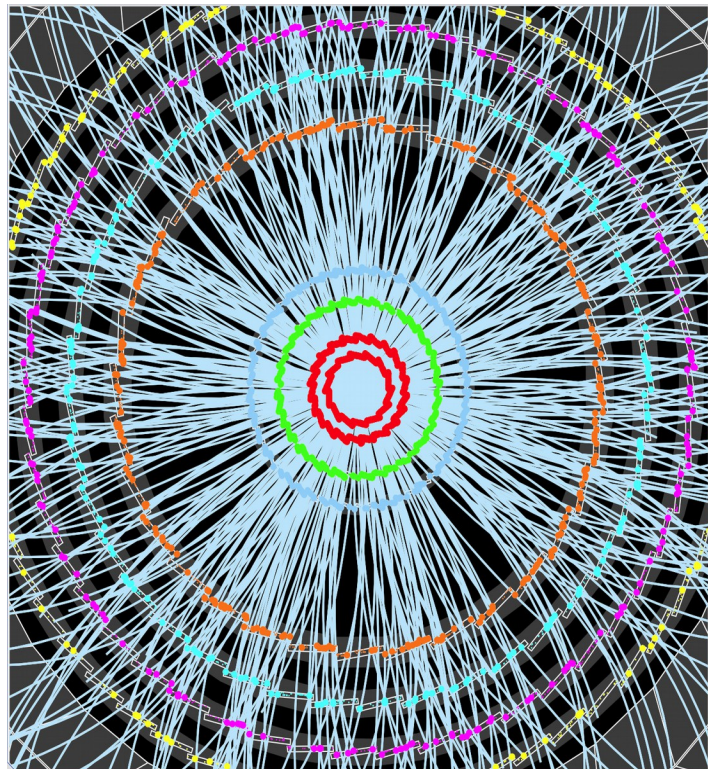
ATLAS Improvements during 2013/2014 Shutdown

The ATLAS detector has been improved (see F. Winklmeier this conference)



- Infrastructure
 - ➔ New beam-pipe, improvements to magnet and cryogenic system
- Detector consolidation
 - ➔ Muon chambers completion and various repairs
- 4th silicon pixel detector layer, Insertable B-Layer (IBL)
 - ➔ Innermost Pixel detector layer at 3.3 cm from beam pipe
- Trigger/DAQ
 - ➔ Increase max L1 rate from 75kHz to 100kHz. New L1 topological trigger. New Central Trigger Processor. Merge L2 and HLT farms.

Run II started exploring new frontiers !



 **ATLAS**
EXPERIMENT

Run Number: 266904, Event Number: 25884805

Date: 2015-06-03 13:41:54 CEST

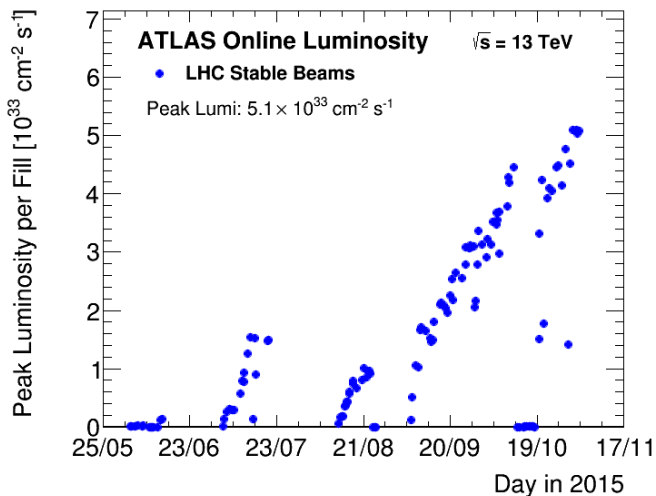
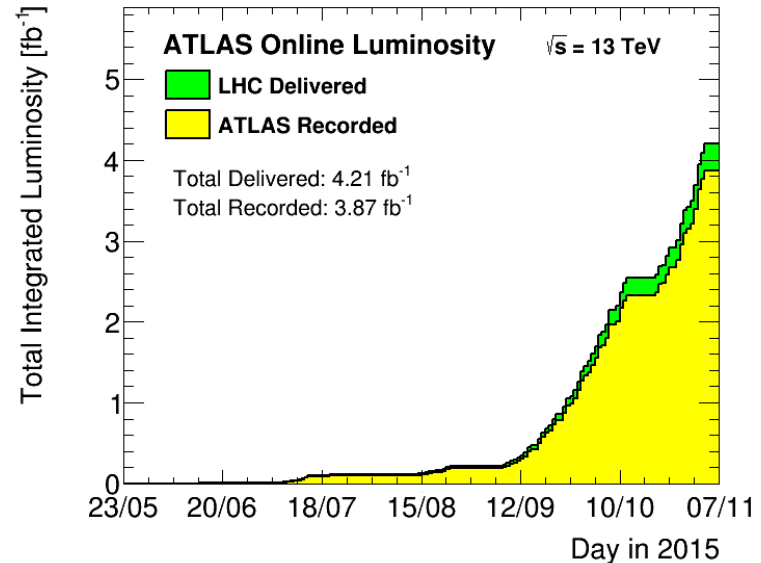
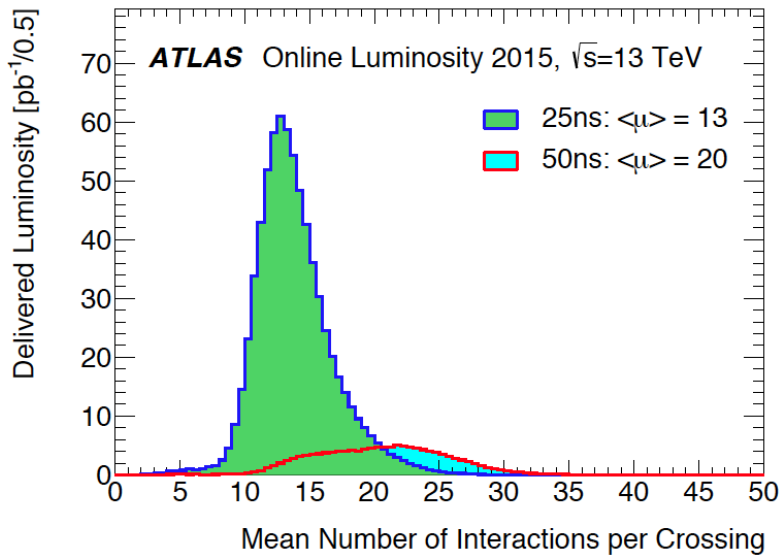
3rd of June 2015



2015 Run II data taking

- Pileup at 2015 Run II less difficult than at Run I
- Run I 8 TeV ($\mu \sim 21$) and 7 TeV ($\mu \sim 9$)

Data taking efficiency of 92%



ATLAS pp 25ns run: August-November 2015

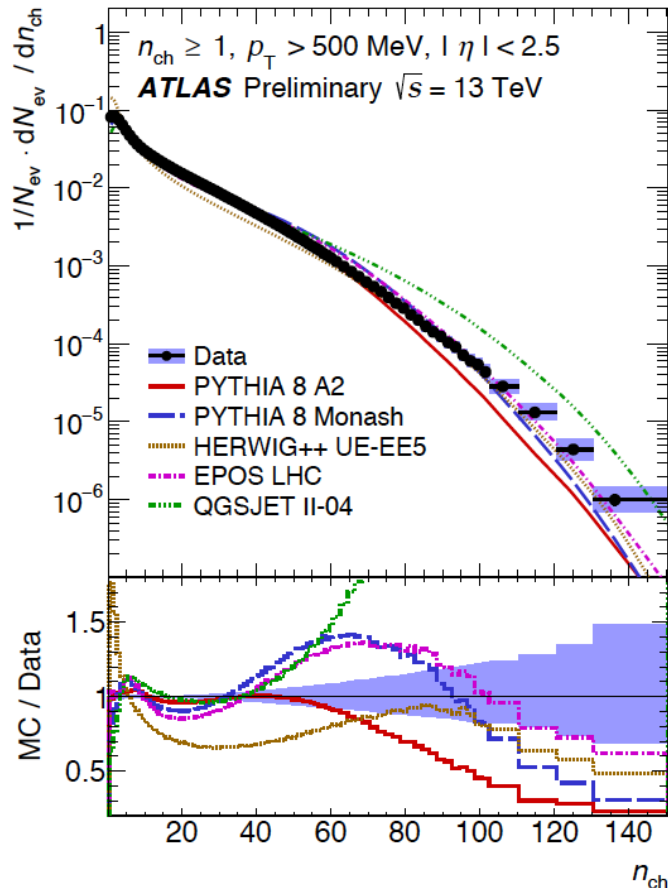
Inner Tracker		Calorimeters		Muon Spectrometer				Magnets		
Pixel	SCT	TRT	LAr	Tile	MDT	RPC	CSC	TGC	Solenoid	Toroid
93.5	99.4	98.3	99.4	100	100	100	100	100	100	97.8

All Good for physics: 87.1% (3.2 fb^{-1})

Luminosity weighted relative detector uptime and good data quality (DQ) efficiencies (in %) during stable beam in pp collisions with 25ns bunch spacing at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV between August-November 2015, corresponding to an integrated luminosity of 3.7 fb^{-1} . The lower DQ efficiency in the Pixel detector is due to the IBL being turned off for two runs, corresponding to 0.2 fb^{-1} . Analyses that don't rely on the IBL can use those runs and thus use 3.4 fb^{-1} with a corresponding DQ efficiency of 93.1%.

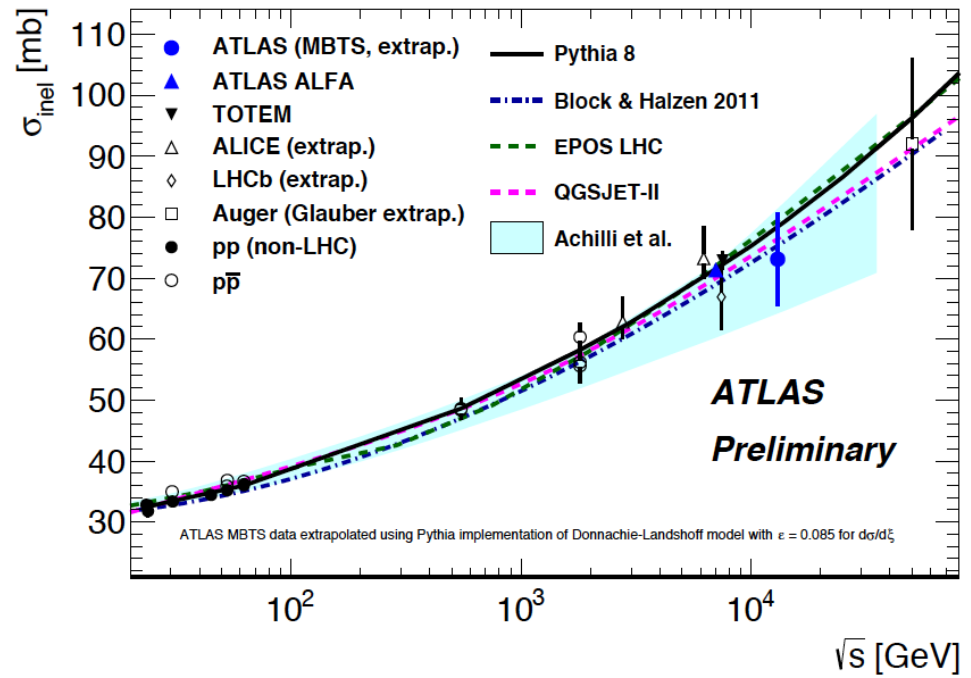
SM measurements with very first Run II data (I)

Inclusive charged-particle measurements provide insight into the strong interaction in the low energy, non-perturbative QCD region



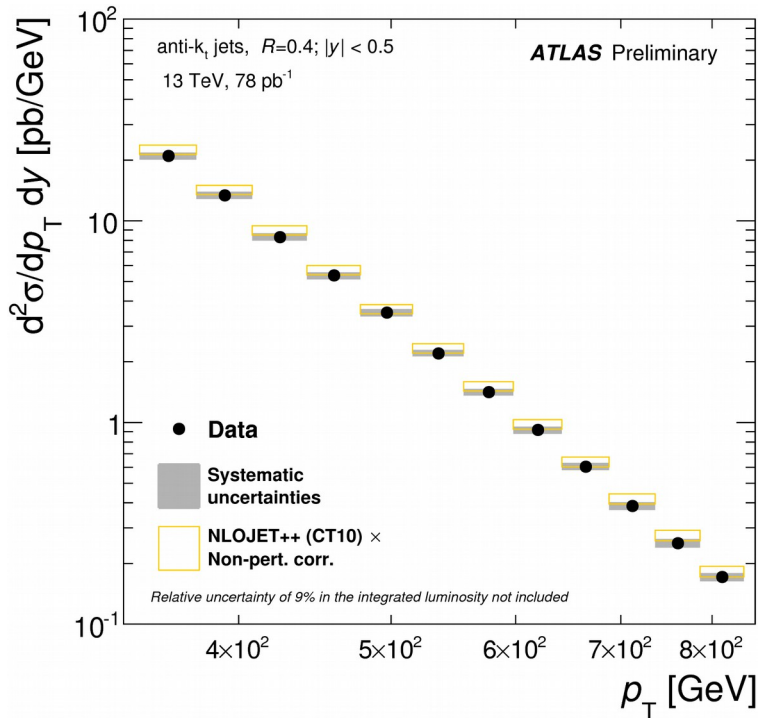
MC tunes describe the data reasonably well at this new centre-of-mass energy

p-p inelastic cross section from Minimum Bias Trigger Scintillators (MBTS), are installed on the front faces of each end-cap calorimeter



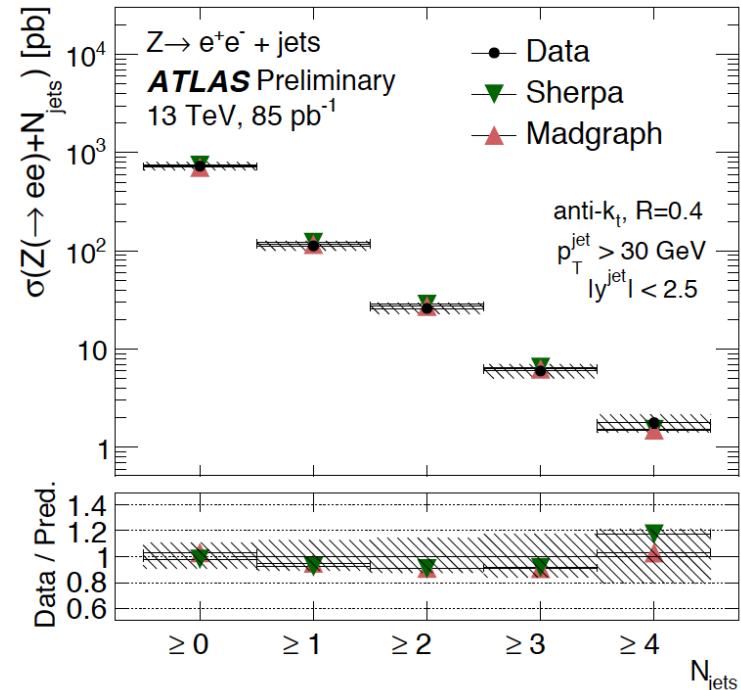
SM measurements with very first Run II data (II)

Inclusive-jet cross section: the measurement provides a test of the validity of perturbative QCD



The predictions are consistent with the measured cross sections (jet energy scale and resolution uncertainties included)

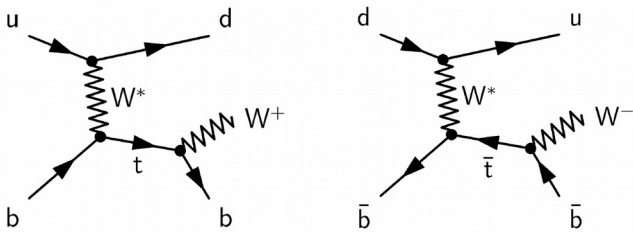
Z+jets: represent an important test of perturbative QCD and constitute a non-negligible background for studies of the Higgs boson and searches for new phenomena



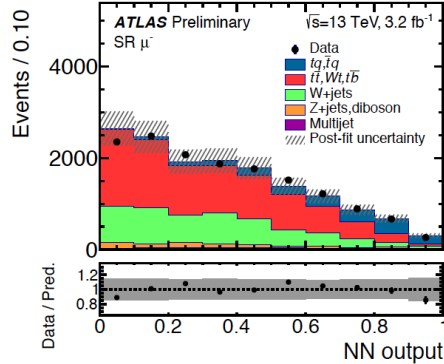
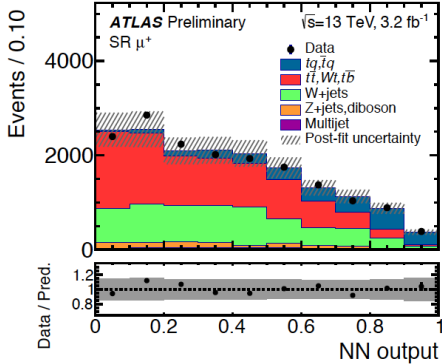
Reasonable agreement between observed cross sections and predictions from Sherpa and MadGraph

Top quark production

Electroweak production of single top quark



10 variables are used in the training of a Neural Network.
One output node which gives a continuous output in the interval [0; 1].

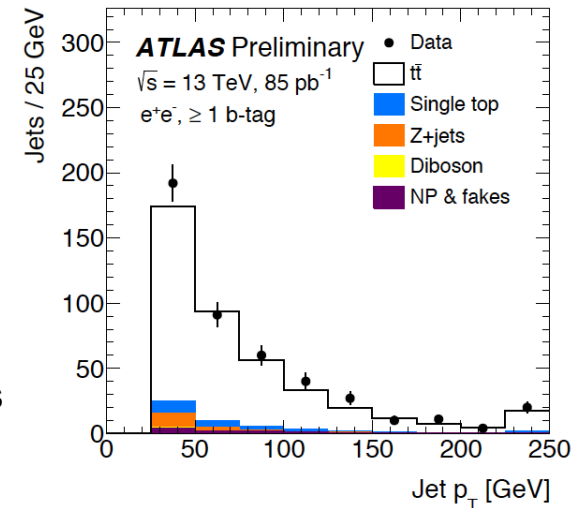
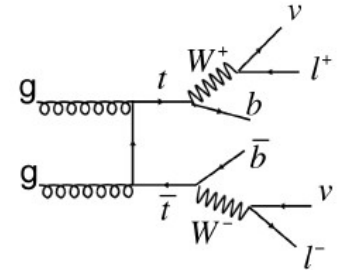
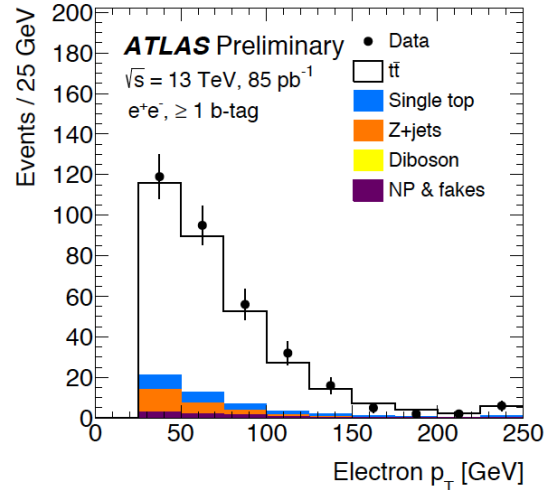


$$\begin{aligned} \sigma(tq) &= 133 \pm 6 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 24 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 7 \text{ (lumi.) pb} \\ &= 133 \pm 25 \text{ pb,} \\ \sigma(\bar{t}q) &= 96 \pm 5 \text{ (stat.)} \pm 23 \text{ (syst.)} \pm 5 \text{ (lumi.) pb} \\ &= 96 \pm 24 \text{ pb,} \end{aligned}$$

(limited by systematics)

Good agreement in cross-sections and kinematics with NLO/NNLO MC predictions

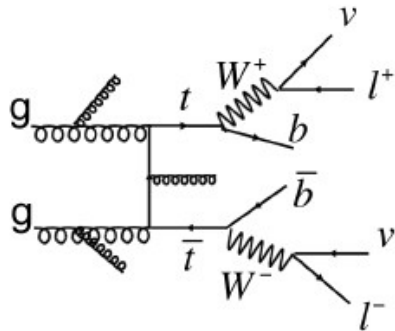
Top pair production in lepton channels ($ee, \mu\mu, e\mu$) and b-tags jets



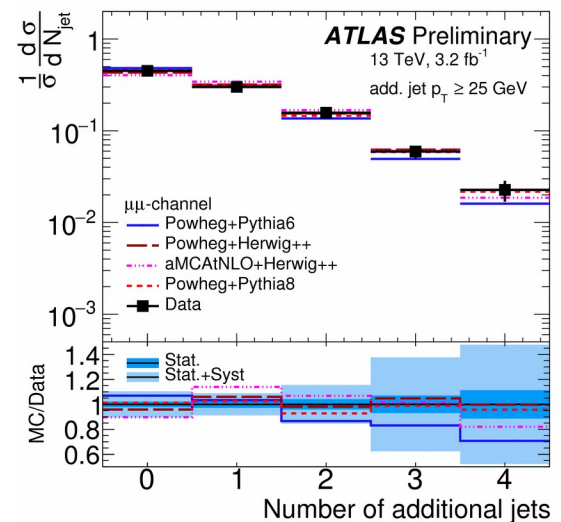
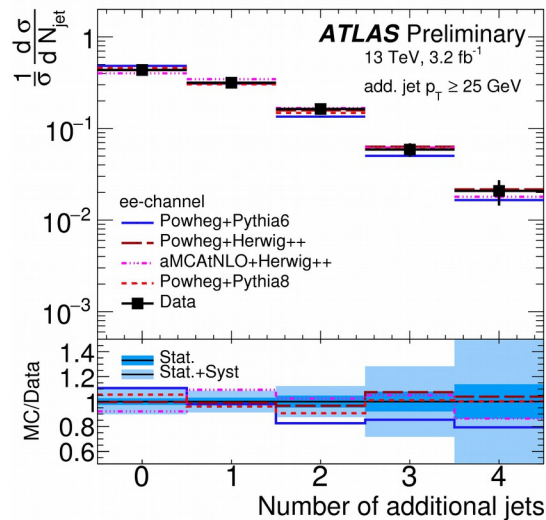
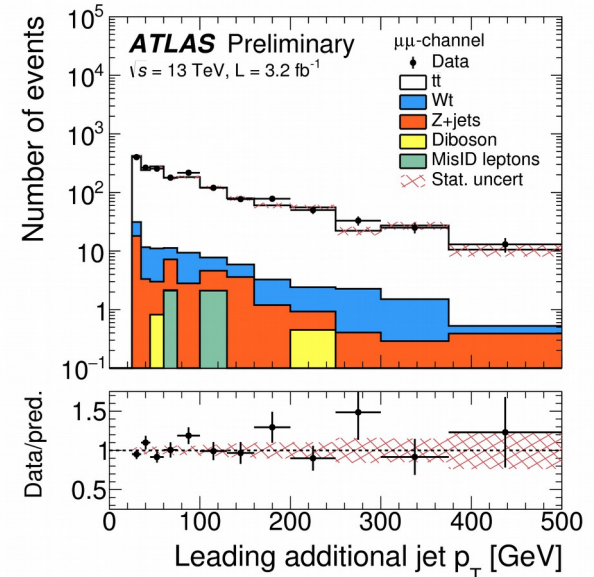
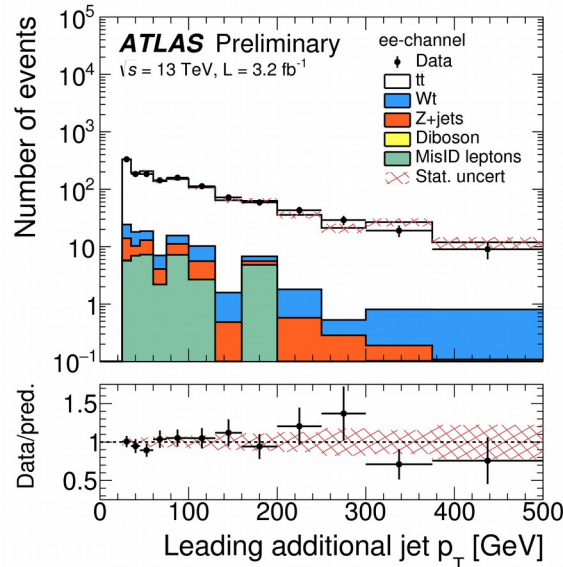
Production of tt and jets

Important for ttH, MC tuning to estimate ISR/FSR uncertainties.

Di-lepton channels ($ee, \mu\mu, e\mu$). Good agreement of Jet kinematics

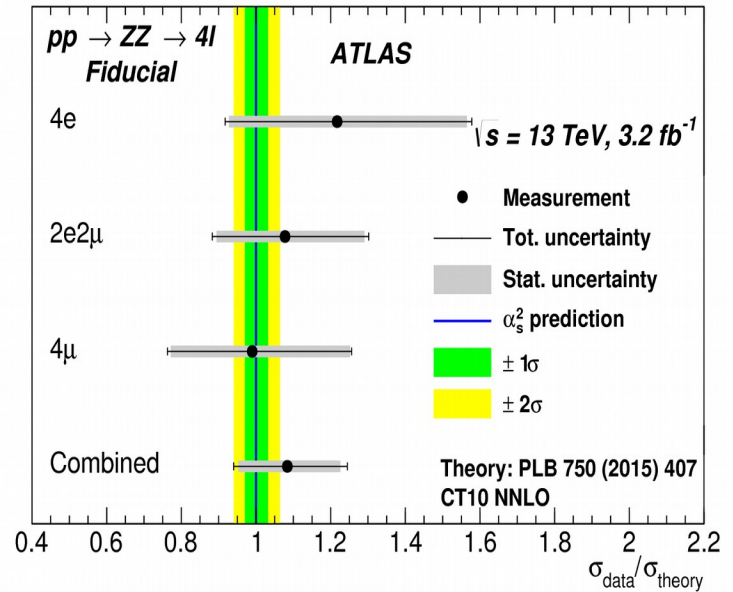
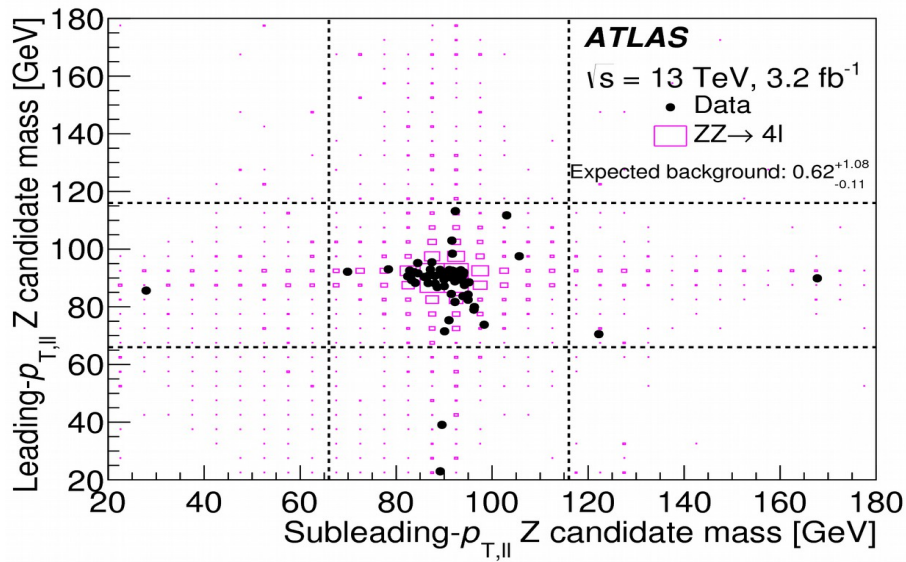


Unfolded jet multiplicity in good agreement with MC predictions



Measurement of the ZZ cross section

- Study production of pairs of Z to tests the electroweak sector of the SM
- Non-Higgs ZZ production is an important background in studies of the Higgs boson
- Background in searches for new physics producing pairs of Z bosons at high invariant mass



Measurement in the 4 lepton channel with the Z ($66 < m_{ll} < 116 \text{ GeV}$)

In agreement with NNLO prediction

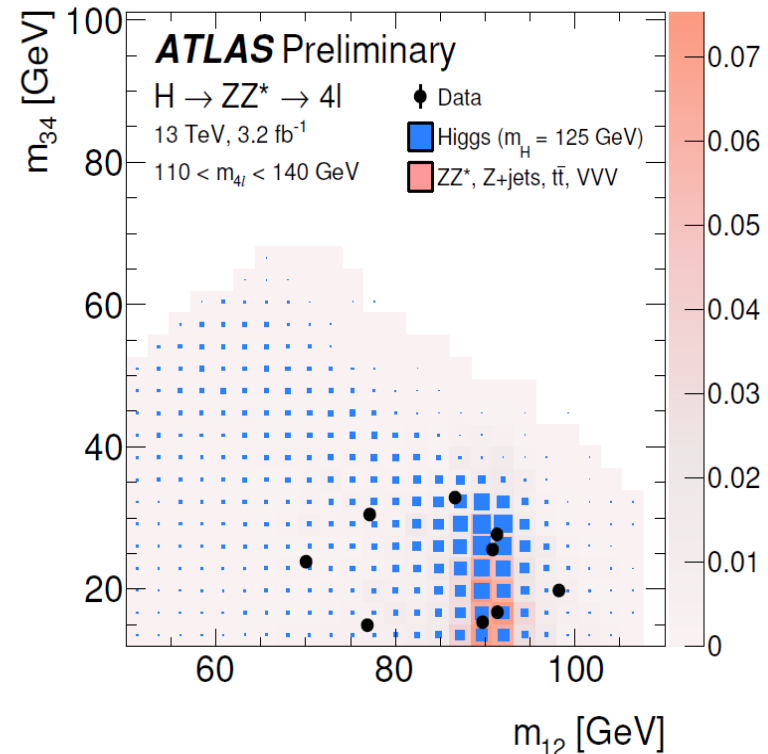
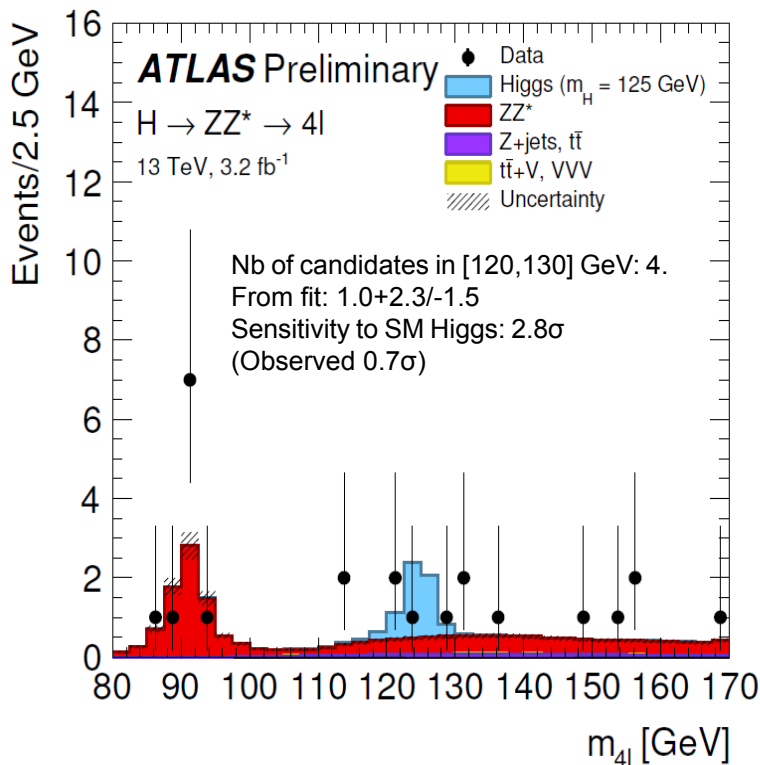
	Measurement	$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^2)$ prediction
$\sigma_{ZZ \rightarrow e^+e^-e^+e^-}^{\text{fid}}$	$8.4^{+2.4}_{-2.0}(\text{stat.})^{+0.4}_{-0.2}(\text{syst.})^{+0.5}_{-0.3}(\text{lumi.}) \text{ fb}$	$6.9^{+0.2}_{-0.2} \text{ fb}$
$\sigma_{ZZ \rightarrow e^+e^-\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{fid}}$	$14.7^{+2.9}_{-2.5}(\text{stat.})^{+0.6}_{-0.4}(\text{syst.})^{+0.9}_{-0.6}(\text{lumi.}) \text{ fb}$	$13.6^{+0.4}_{-0.4} \text{ fb}$
$\sigma_{ZZ \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-}^{\text{fid}}$	$6.8^{+1.8}_{-1.5}(\text{stat.})^{+0.3}_{-0.3}(\text{syst.})^{+0.4}_{-0.3}(\text{lumi.}) \text{ fb}$	$6.9^{+0.2}_{-0.2} \text{ fb}$
$\sigma_{ZZ \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\ell^+\ell^-}^{\text{fid}}$	$29.7^{+3.9}_{-3.6}(\text{stat.})^{+1.0}_{-0.8}(\text{syst.})^{+1.7}_{-1.3}(\text{lumi.}) \text{ fb}$	$27.4^{+0.9}_{-0.8} \text{ fb}$
σ_{ZZ}^{tot}	$16.7^{+2.2}_{-2.0}(\text{stat.})^{+0.9}_{-0.7}(\text{syst.})^{+1.0}_{-0.7}(\text{lumi.}) \text{ pb}$	$15.6^{+0.4}_{-0.4} \text{ pb}$

$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow e^+e^-e'^+e'^-$ fiducial and total cross section

One of the Higgs discovery channels, good sensitivity due to its high signal-to-background ratio, which is about 2 for each of the four final states.

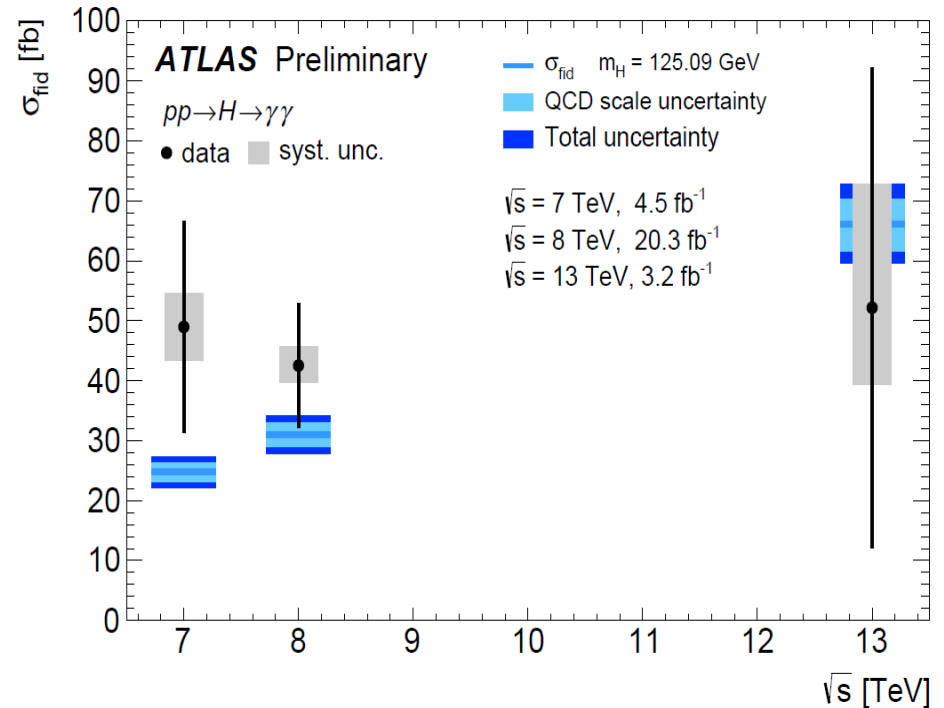
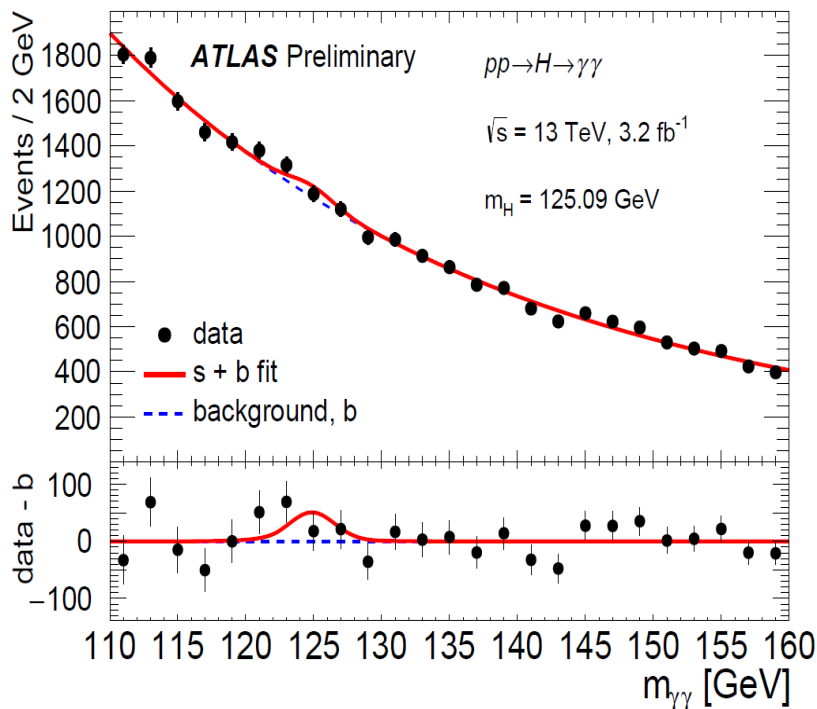
The ATLAS and CMS collaborations have reported a combined measurement of the Higgs boson mass of $m_H = 125,09 \pm 0,21(\text{stat}) \pm 0,11(\text{syst})$

- Event selections are mostly the same as in Run I
- Optimized isolation and new impact parameter significance selection



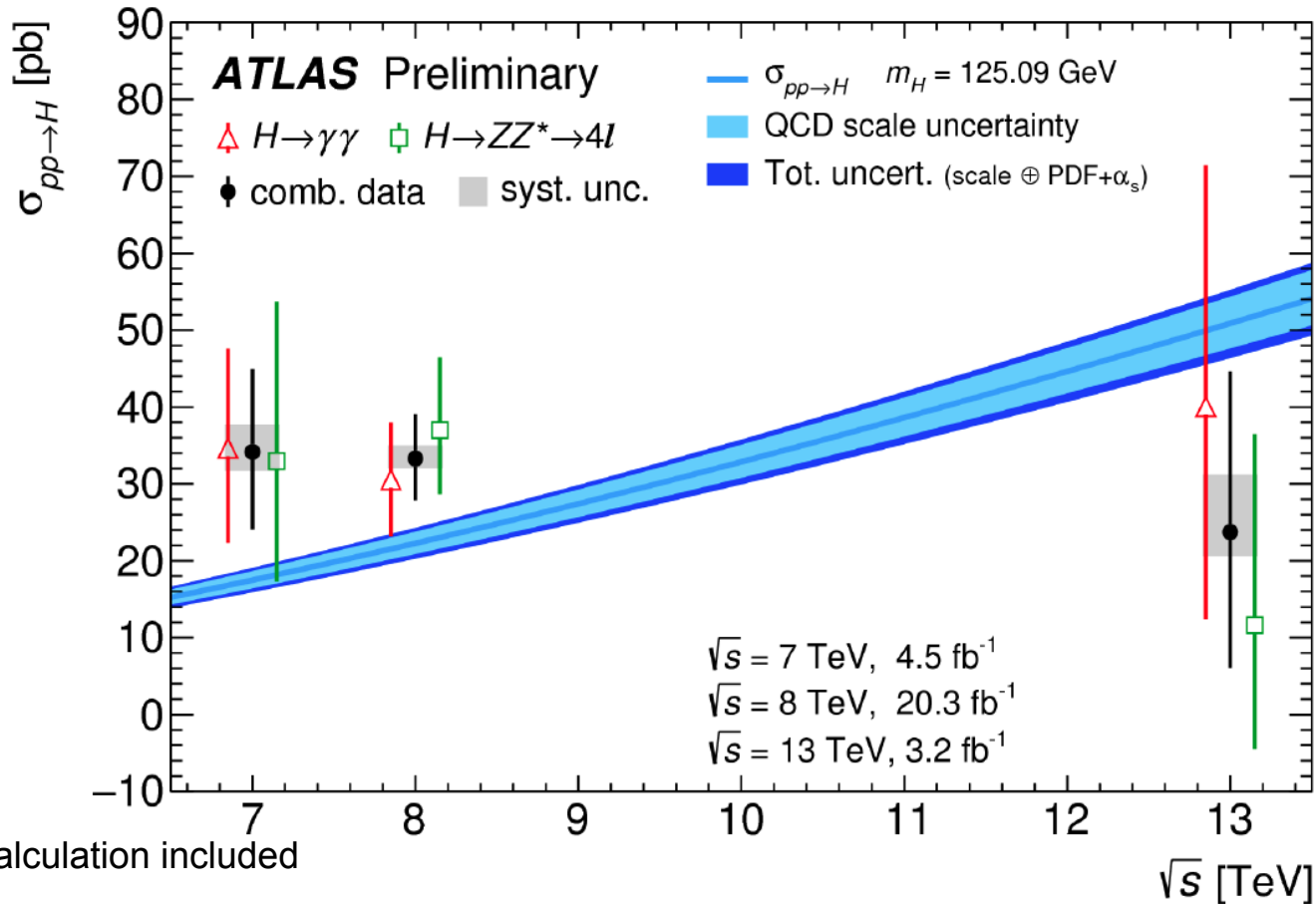
H \rightarrow $\gamma\gamma$ fiducial and total cross section

- Simple signature, the large experimental selection efficiency and the excellent invariant-mass resolution.
- The cross section at 13 TeV is measured in a fiducial region using a similar definition compared to the existing 8 TeV result (only the isolation definition is updated)



New 7 TeV calculation included

Combined cross section

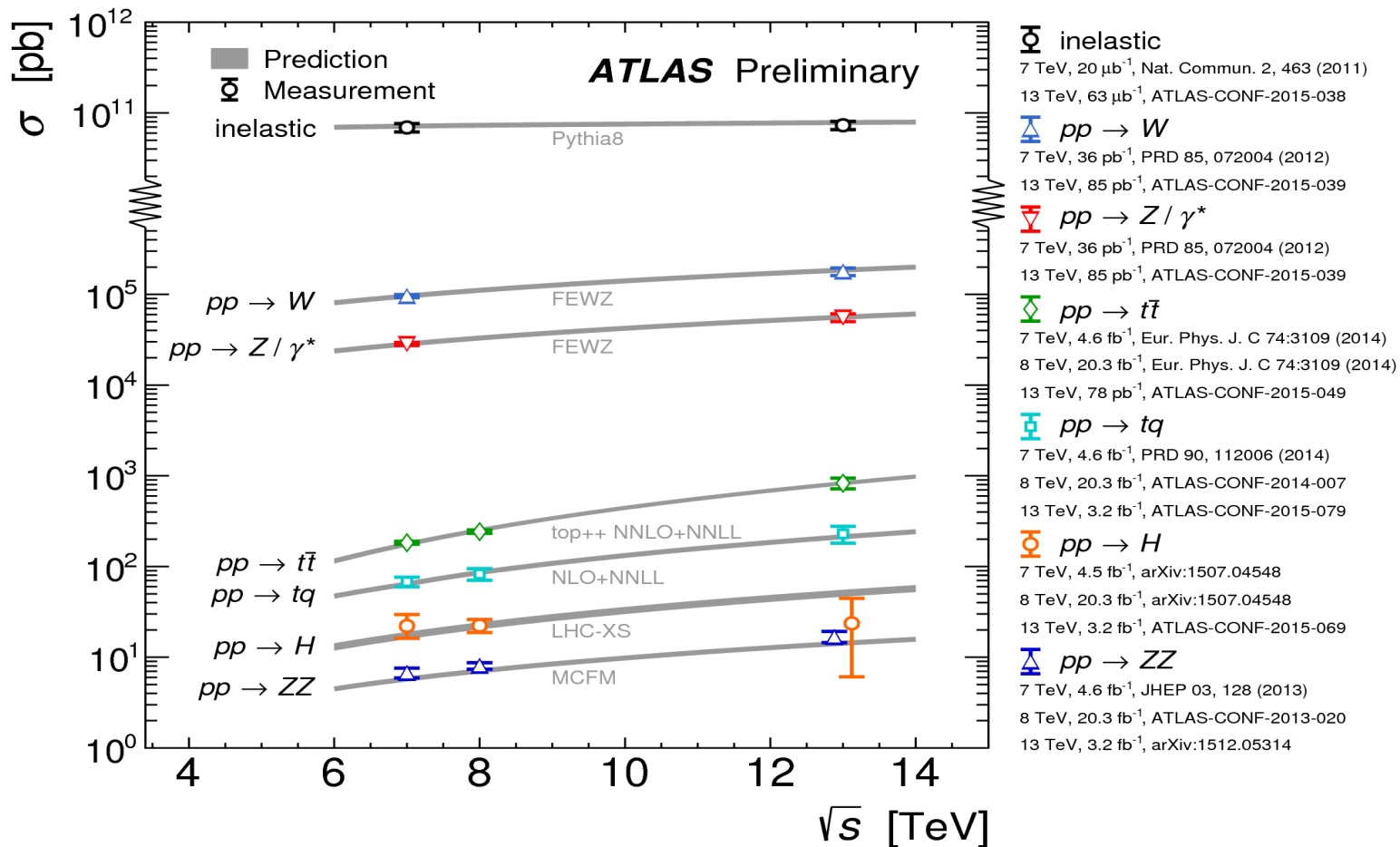


New 7 TeV calculation included

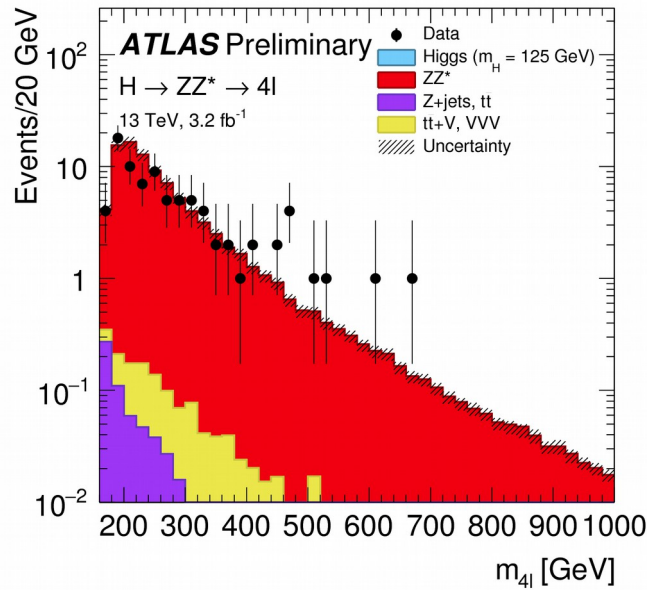
Compatibility with SM: 1.3σ

Summary of cross sections

Higgs cross section in the SM \sqrt{s} plot !

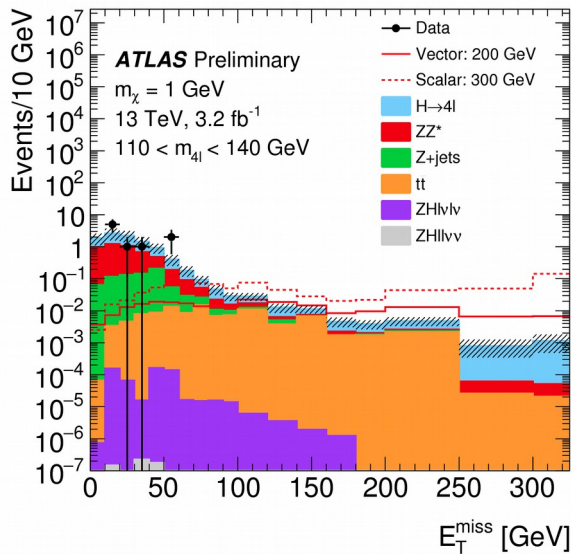
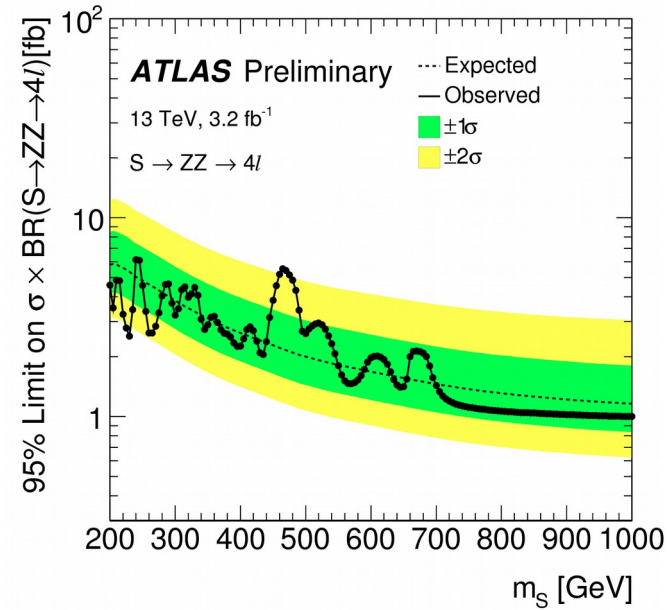


High mass search in 4l final state and H+ MET



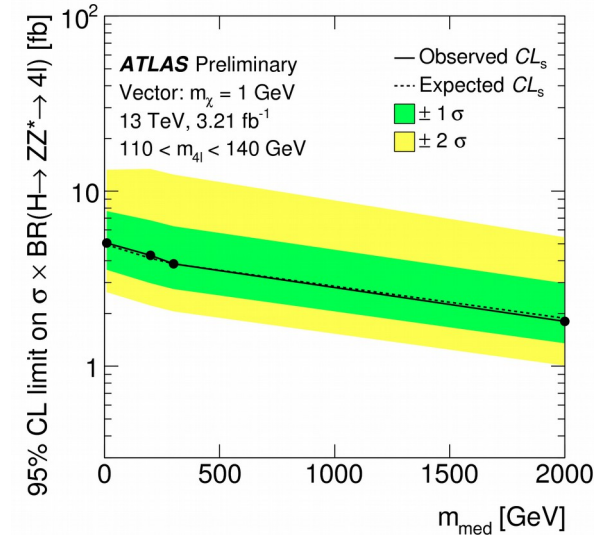
Search for additional heavy scalar [0.2, 1] TeV m_H range investigated in Narrow width approximation

No significant excess found



Search for Dark Matter produced in association with a Higgs boson though excess at high Missing Transverse Energy (MET) in $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$ events

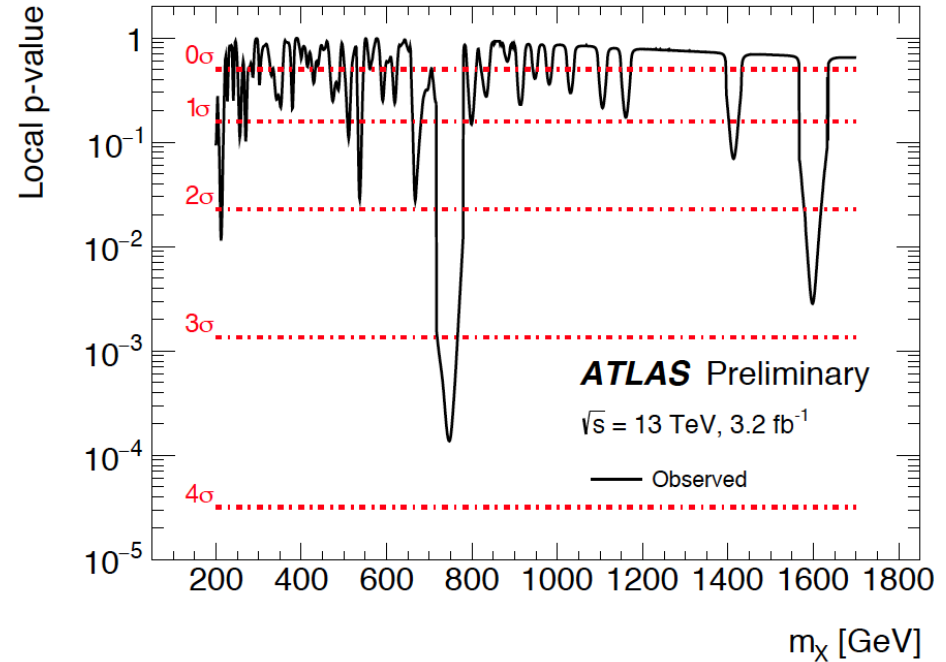
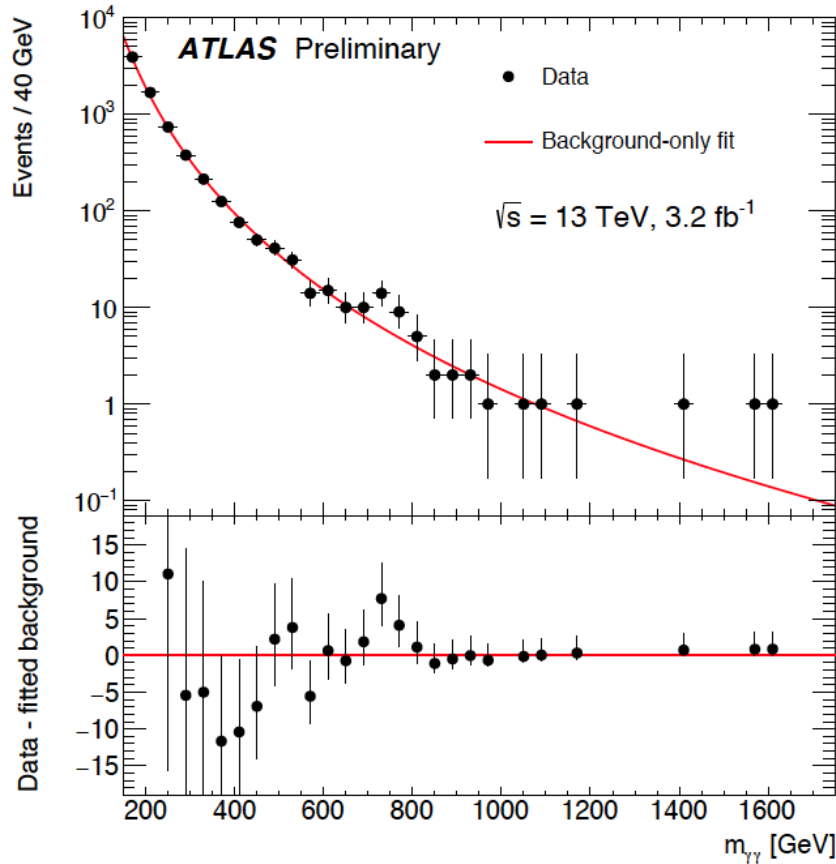
No significant excess → limits on simplified DM models with heavy mediators



High mass search in diphoton final state

Inclusive search optimized for a scalar resonance

- Selection of two photons with p_T/m thresholds of 0.3 and 0.4
- p_T dependent EM and track isolation criteria



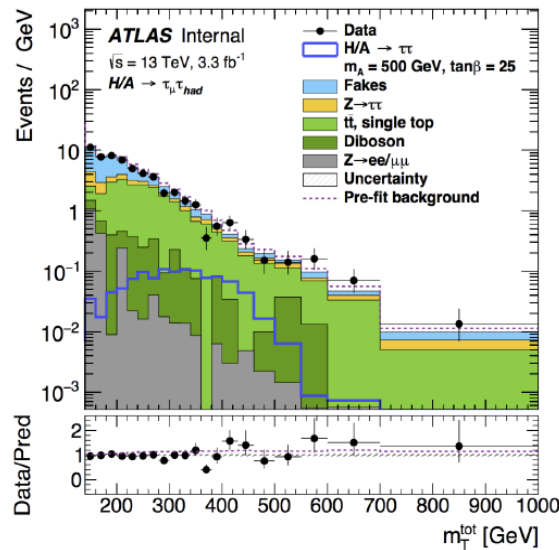
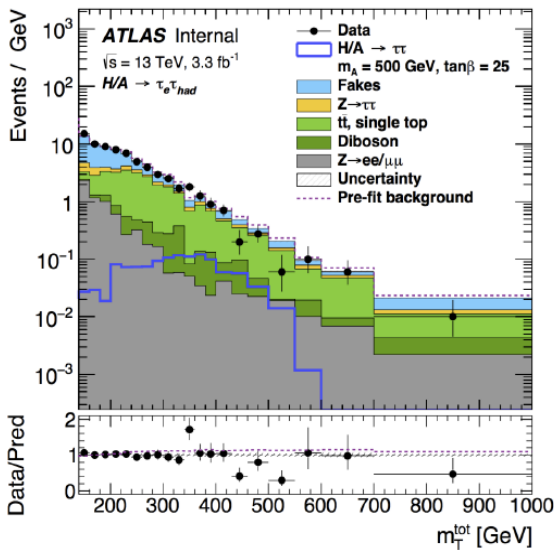
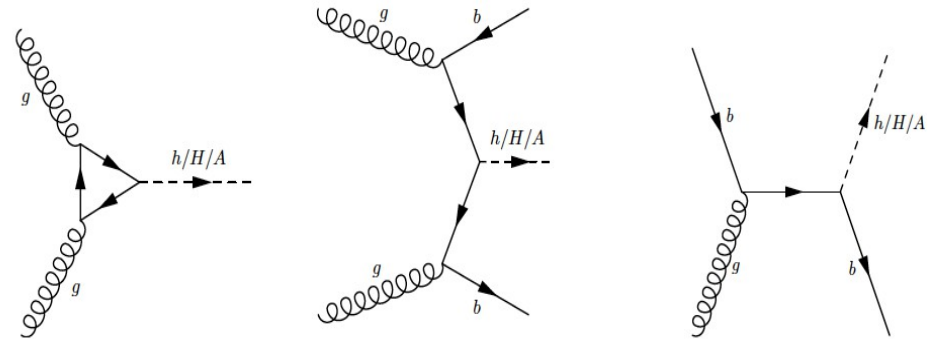
In the Narrow Width Approximation (NWA) search, an excess of 3.6σ (local) is observed at a mass hypothesis of minimal p_0 of 750 GeV

Taking into account Look Elsewhere Effect (LEE) in a mass range 0.2-2TeV a global significance of 2.0σ is found

Large Width hypothesis yields 3.9σ (local) and 2.3σ (global) significance

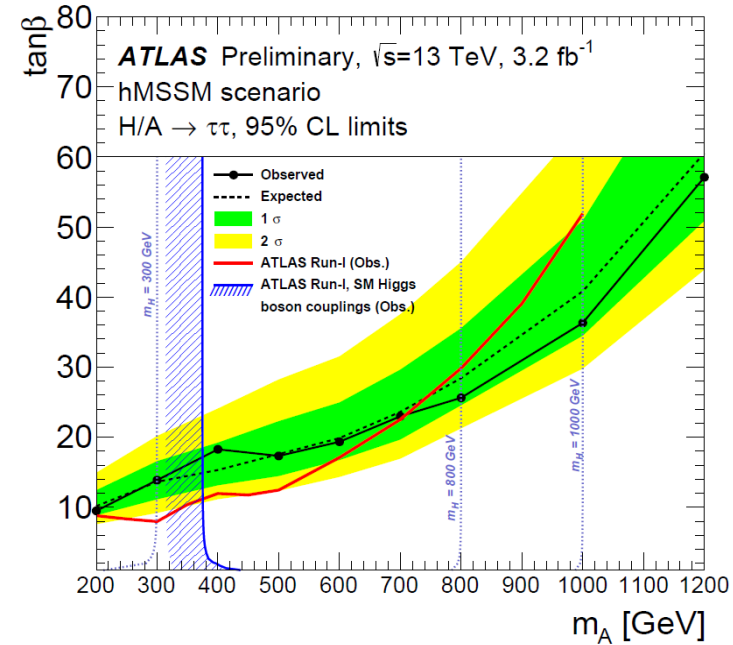
Search for supersymmetric (SUSY) Higgs H/A

$H/A \rightarrow \tau_{had} \tau_{had} / \tau_{lep} \tau_{had}$ is the most important channel to probe the high m_A / high $\tan\beta$ parameter space of the MSSM



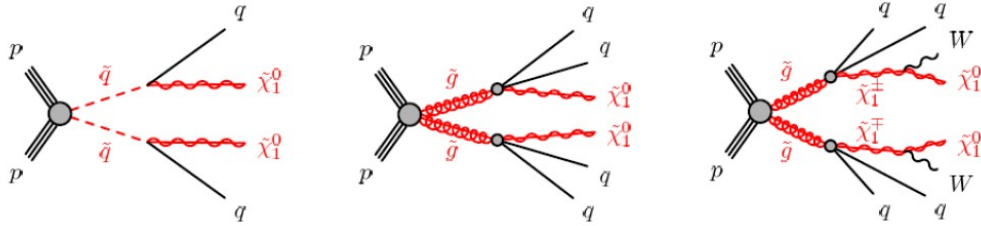
$$m_{\tau}(a, b) = \sqrt{2p_T(a)p_T(b)(1 - \cos \Delta\phi(a, b))}$$

$$m_T^{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{m_T^2(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \tau_1) + m_T^2(E_T^{\text{miss}}, \tau_2) + m_T^2(\tau_1, \tau_2)}$$



Better sensitivity than Run I for high m_A

Search SUSY in final states with jets + MET (0 lepton)

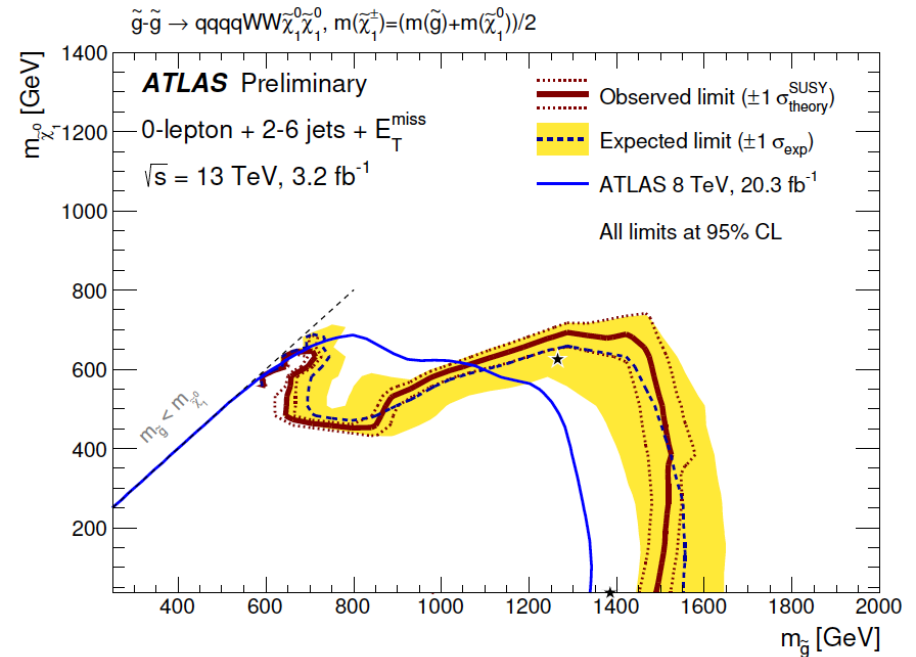
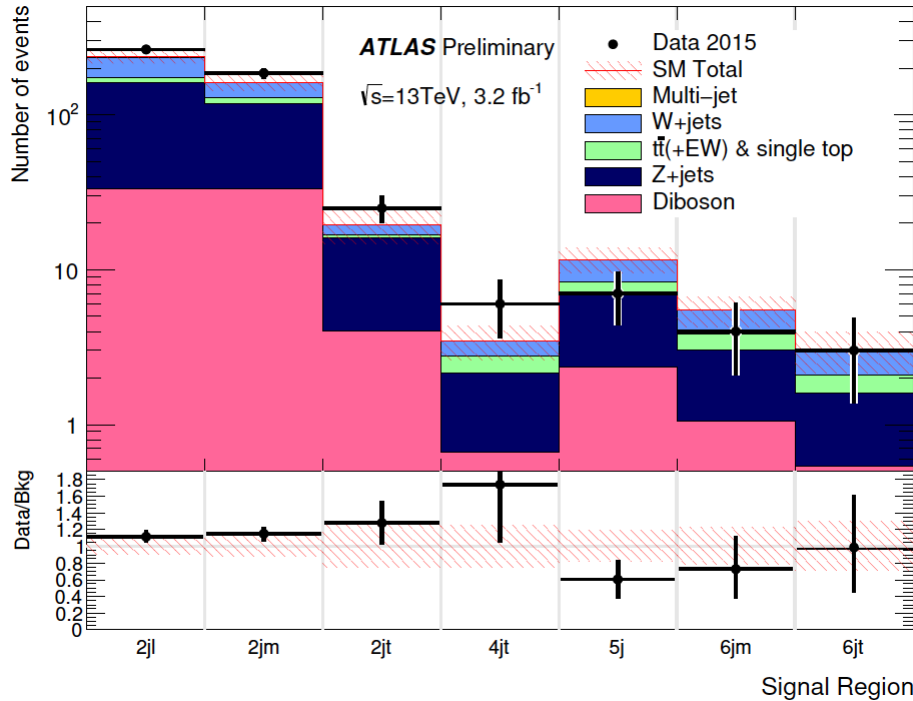


For Run II early data main focus of SUSY searches is strong production of gluinos and (to lesser extent) squarks:

Ratio of 13 TeV / 8 TeV Cross sections
Squarks and Gluinos:

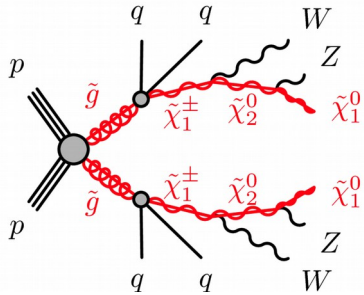
1.5 TeV: 35
1 TeV : 15

Search for squarks and gluinos production in 2-4-5-6 jets different signal regions with loose, medium and tight MET selection



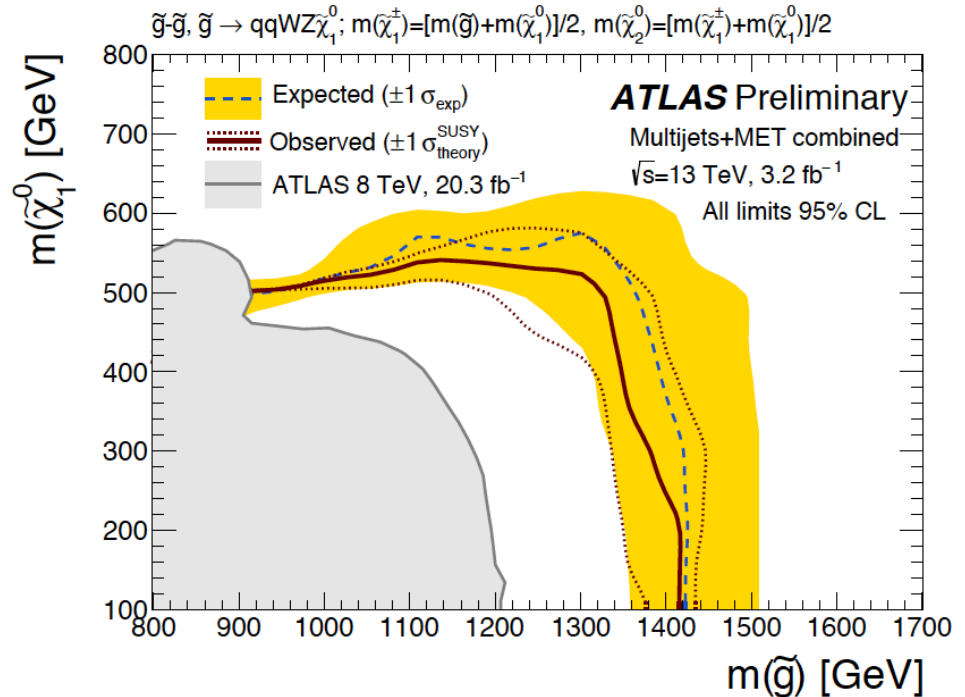
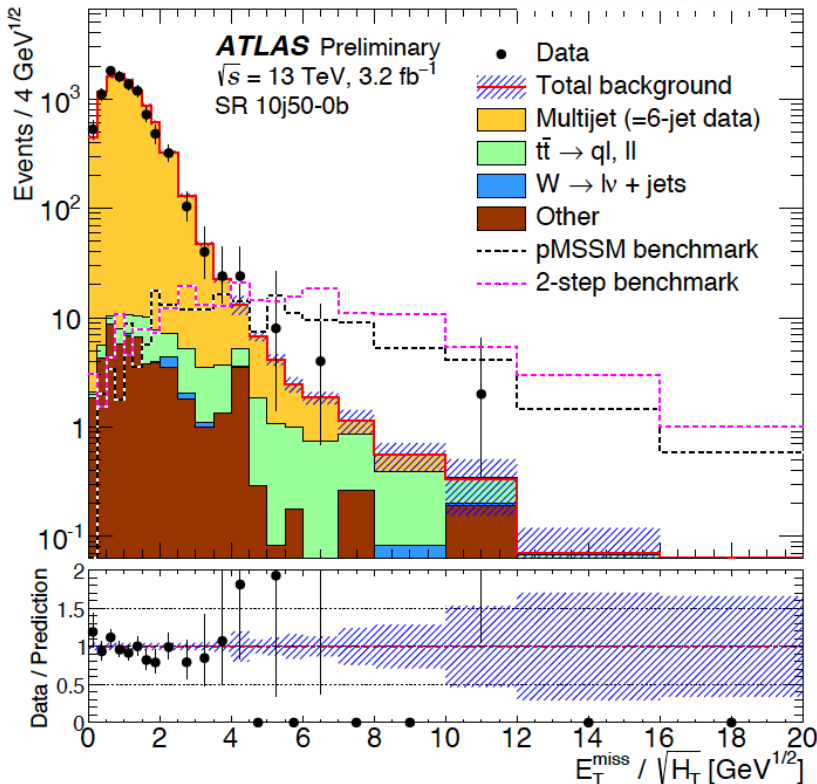
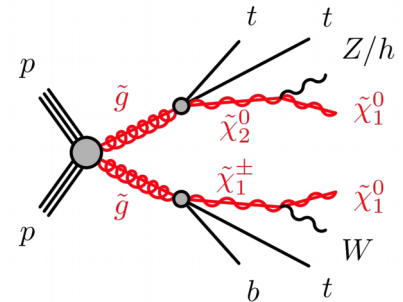
- Masses below ~1500 GeV are excluded
- Significant improvement over Run 1 limits

7-10 jets and MET (0 lepton)



- Study two step decay chain and pMSSM inspired model
- Five SR, each also with 1 and 2 b-tags
- Use MET / $\sqrt{H_T}$ as main discriminant

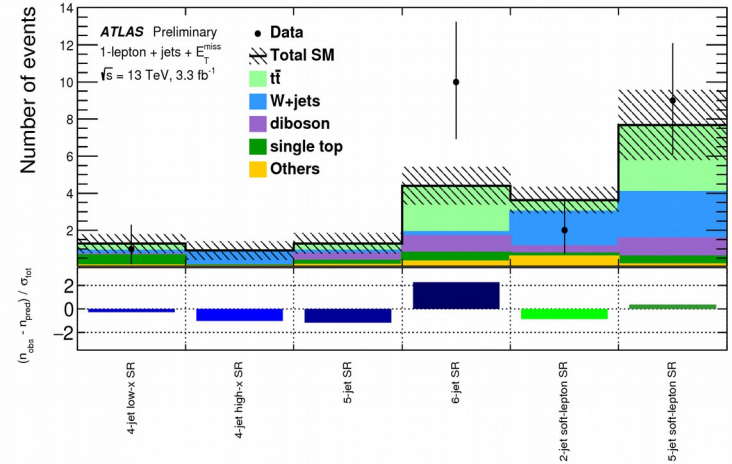
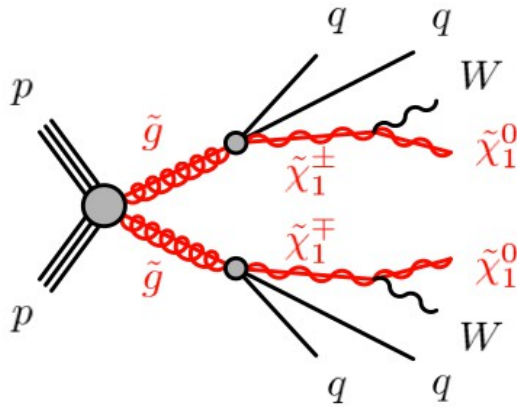
$$H_T = \sum_{\text{visible}} |p_T|$$



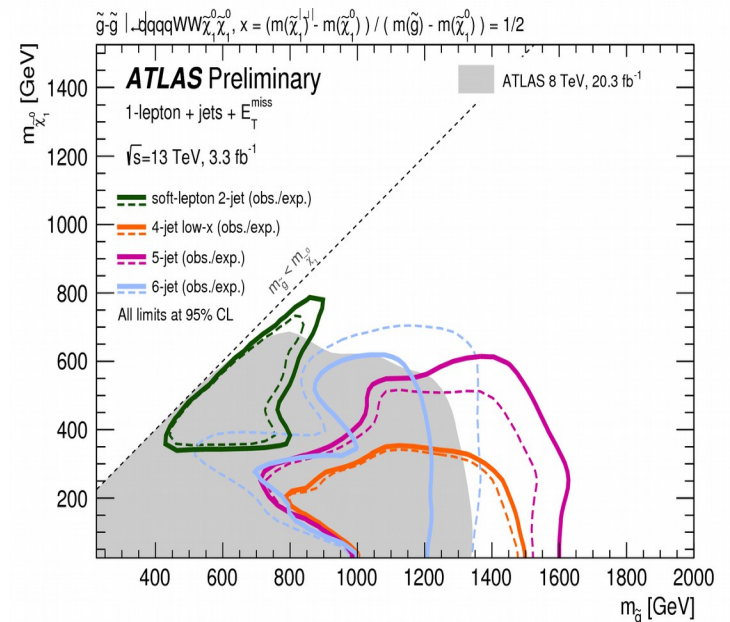
- Data agrees very well with SM prediction in all SR
- Gluino masses below $\sim 1400 \text{ GeV}$ are excluded at the 95% CL
- Improved limits over Run 1

1 lepton + jets

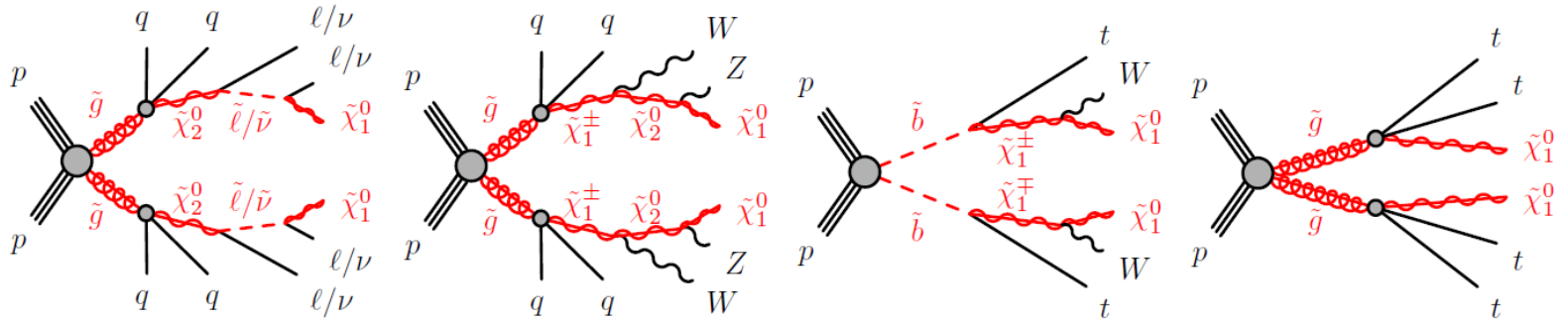
Signal categories in 1L and 2-4-5-6 Jets



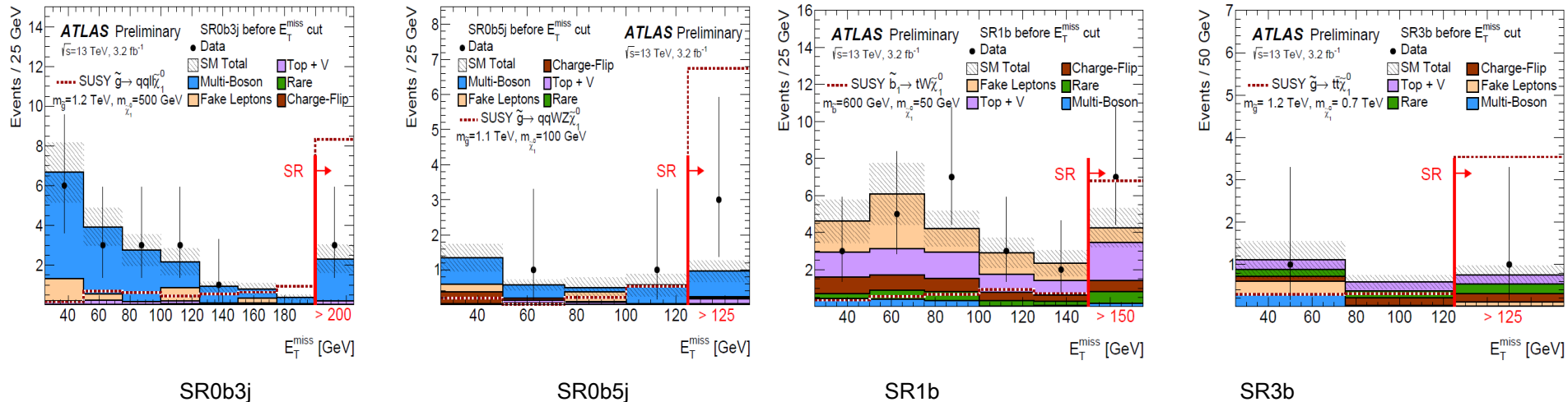
- Study two-step decay
- Data agrees with SM prediction in all SR
- Gluino masses below ~ 1600 GeV are excluded at the 95% CL



Final states with jets & 2 same-sign leptons or 3 leptons

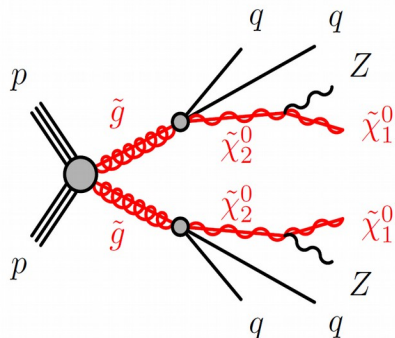


Search for strongly produced SUSY particles in SS/3L+jets events.
Low SM background from same-sign requirement



No significant excess observed → gluino exclusion up to 1.2 TeV

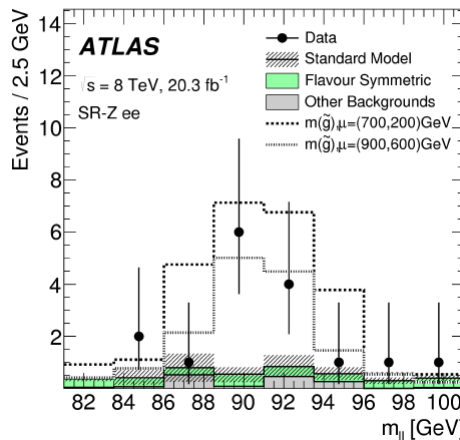
Check of an excess seen in ATLAS
(not in CMS) at Run I



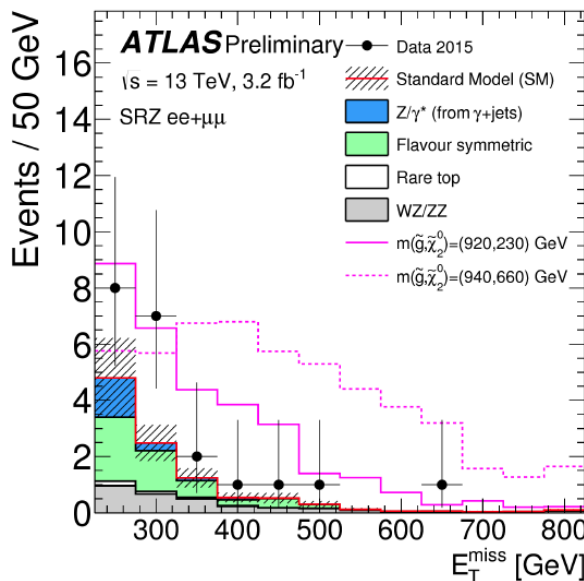
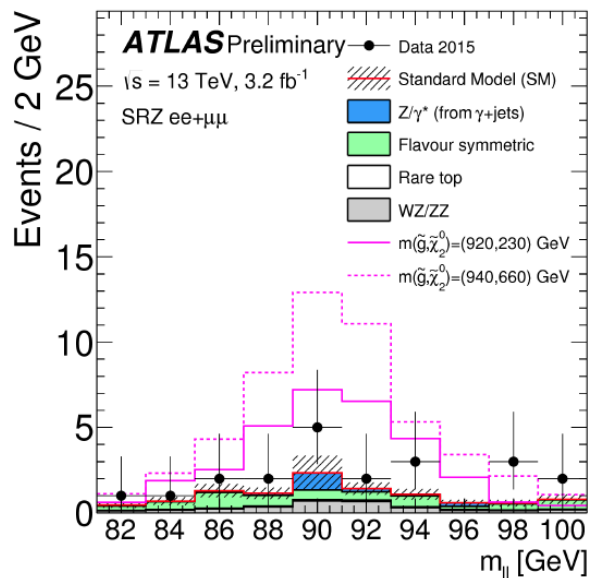
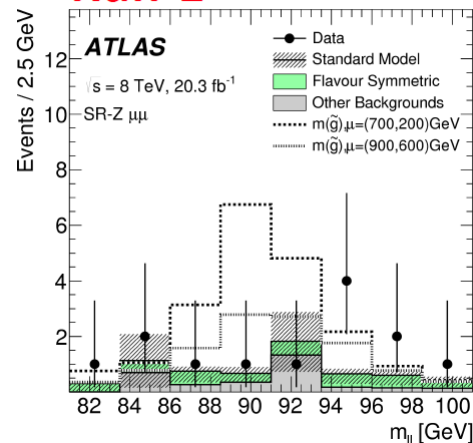
Event selection Z, 2 jets, MET > 225 GeV, HT > 600 GeV

29 events obs. from 10.8 ± 2.2 exp. (3σ excess)

Run-1



Run-1

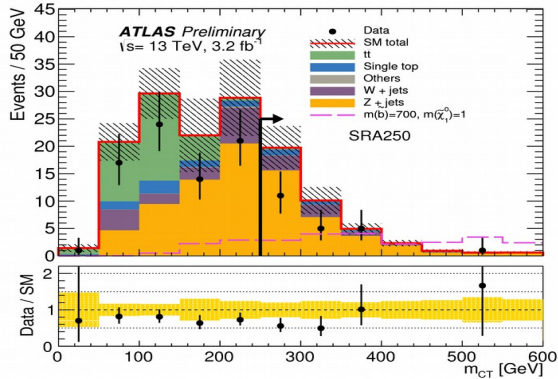
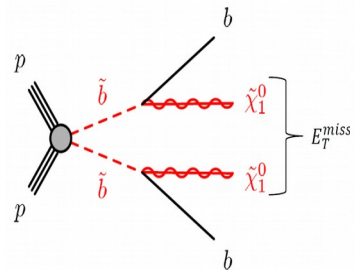


21 events obs (e/μ) and 10.4 ± 2.4 exp
(2.2σ excess at intermediate MET)

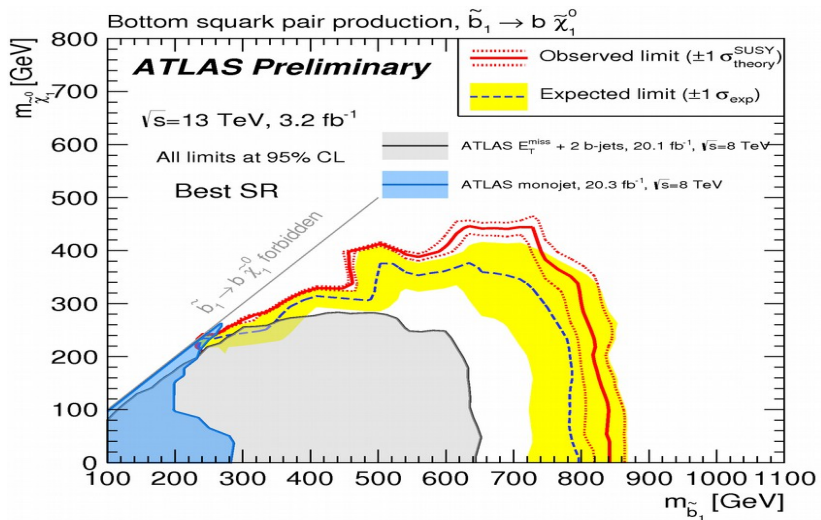
Not enough sensitivity yet to exclude the
Run I excess

Sbottom pair production / multi b jets

Search for direct third-generation squark pair production in final states with missing transverse momentum and two b-jets

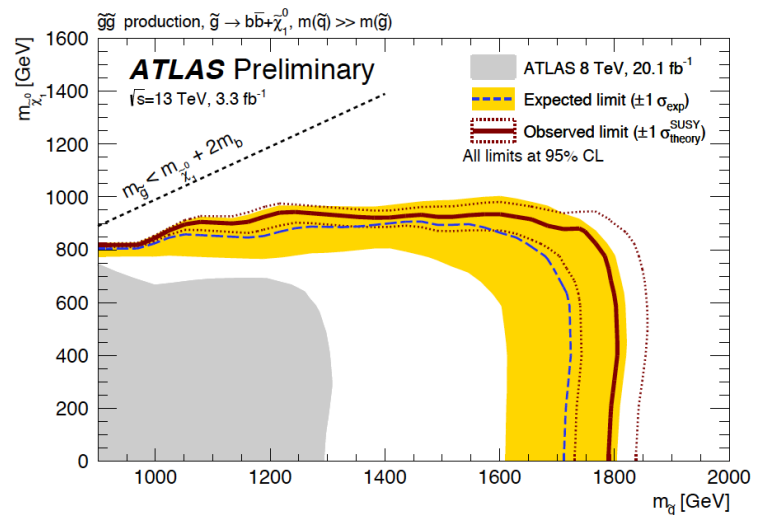
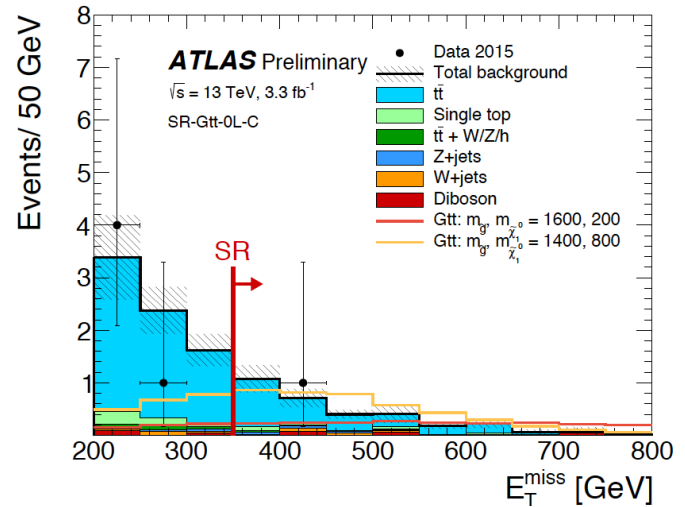
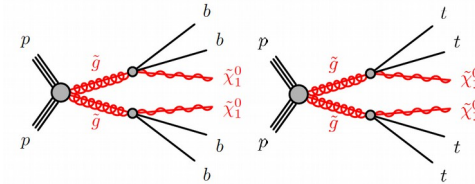


$$m_{CT}^2(v_1, v_2) = [E_T(v_1) + E_T(v_2)]^2 - [\mathbf{p}_T(v_1) - \mathbf{p}_T(v_2)]^2$$



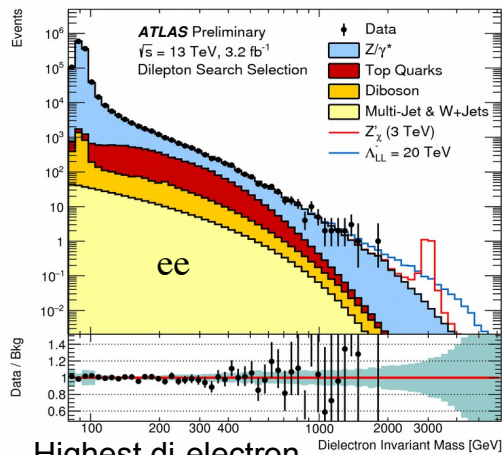
Improved limits over Run I !

gluinos decaying via third generation squarks to the lightest neutralino

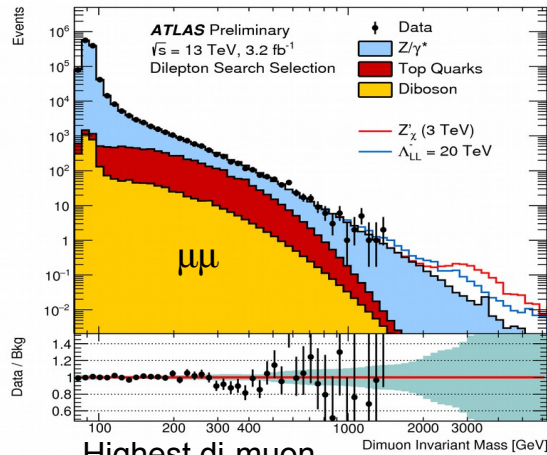


Search Z' / W' in lepton decays

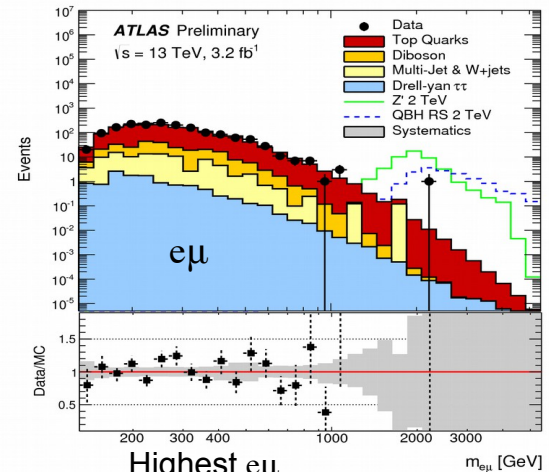
Search for resonant Z' and non-resonant excesses in dilepton LFC and LFV (in $e\mu$ decays)
 Search of resonant W' in lepton + MET



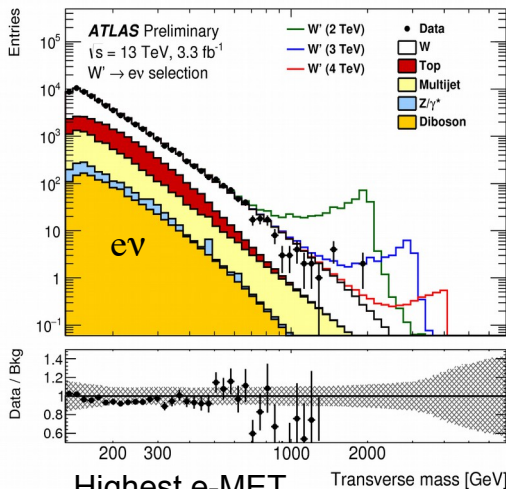
Highest di-electron mass event at 1.8 TeV



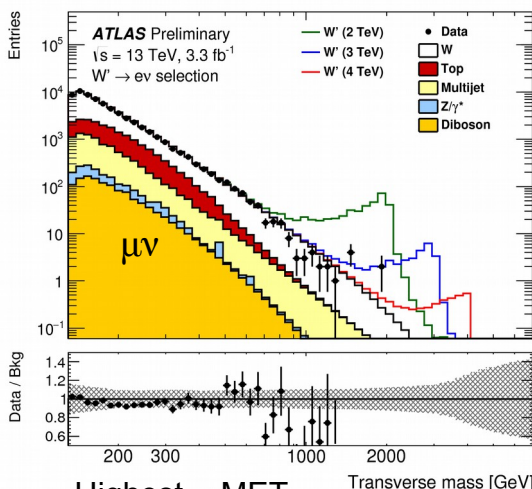
Highest di-muon mass event at 1.4 TeV



Highest $e\mu$ mass event at 2.1 TeV



Highest e-MET mass event at 1.95 TeV



Highest μ -MET mass event at 2.2 TeV

No excess found

Z'_{SSM} limit at 3.4 TeV for LFC (2.9 at Run I)

Z'_{SSM} limit at 3.0 TeV for LFV (2.5 at Run I)

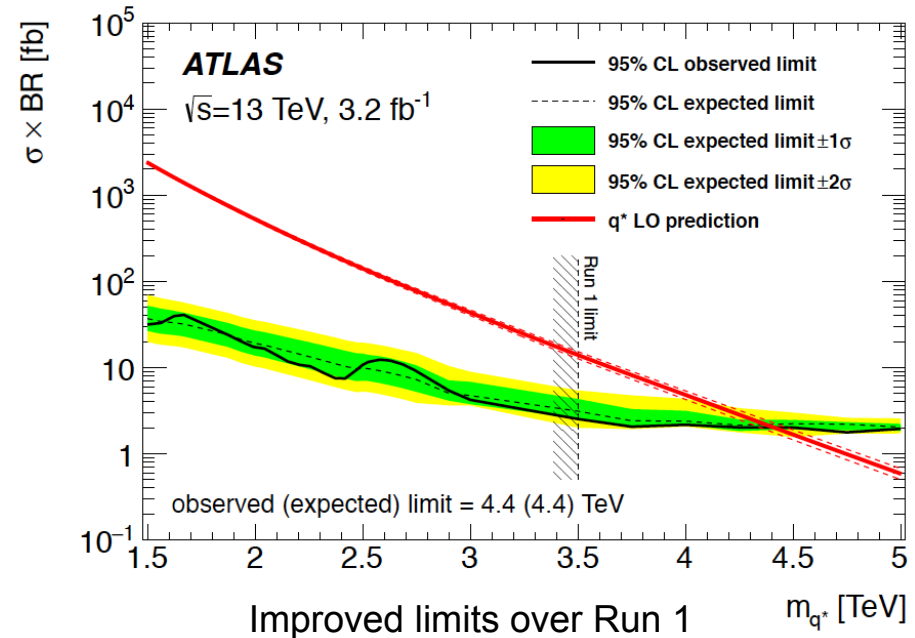
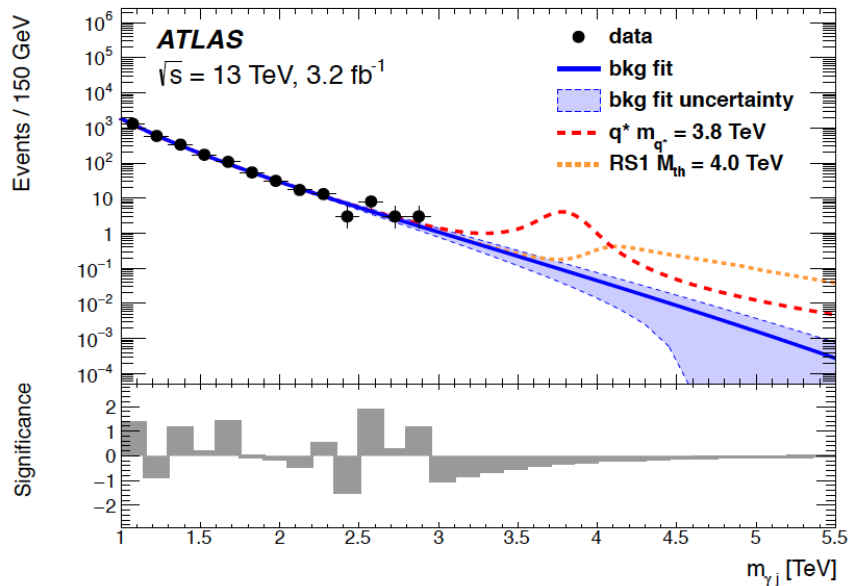
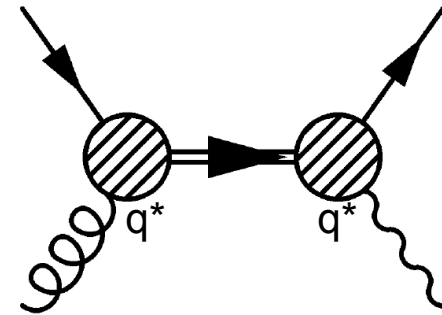
W'_{SSM} limit at 4.1 TeV for LFV (3.2 at Run I)

Sequential Standard Model (SSM) includes a W' and Z' bosons with couplings to fermions identical to SM

$$m_T = \sqrt{2p_T^\ell E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

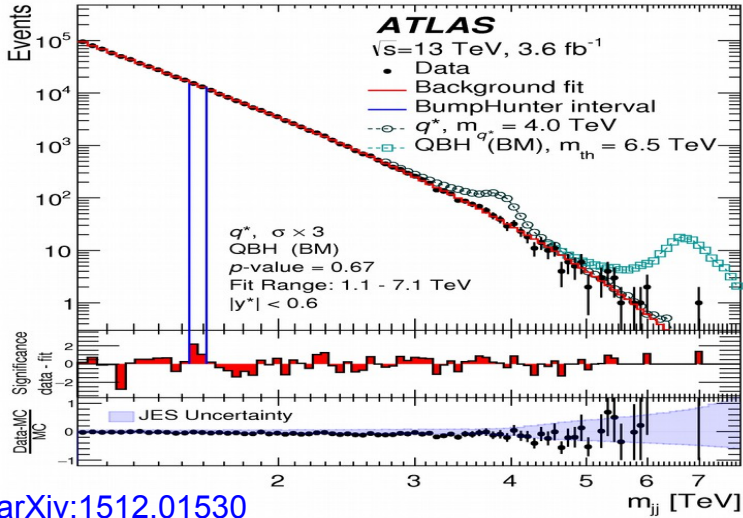
New phenomena in photon + jet events

Sensitive to new physics such as excited quarks and Quantum Black Holes



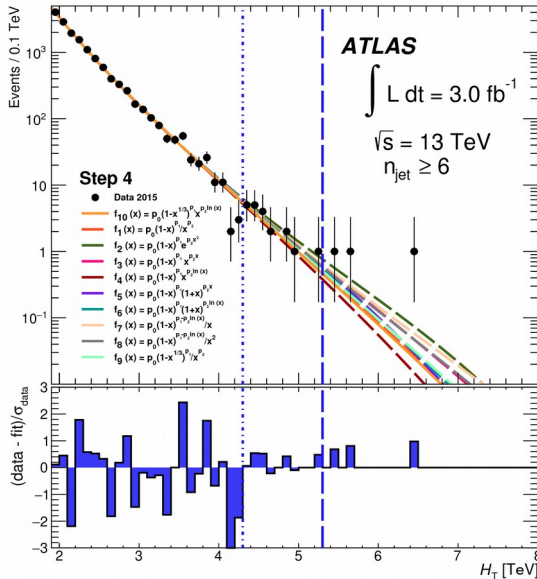
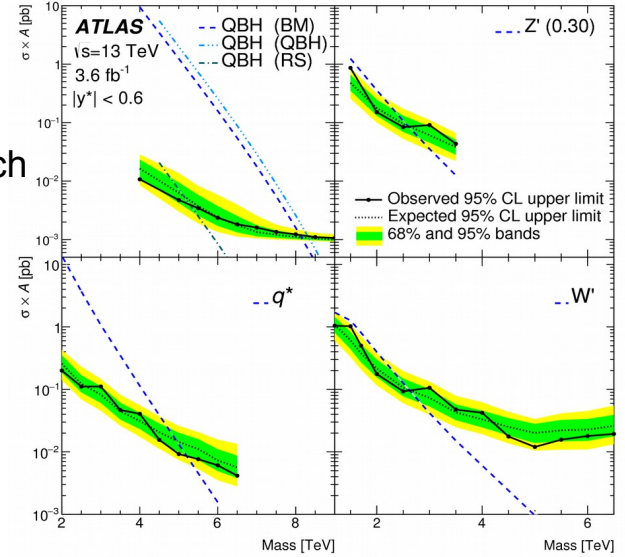
No significant deviation from the background-only hypothesis is observed. Upper limits are set on the visible cross section of a generic Gaussian-shaped signal and on the production cross section times branching ratio of excited quarks and quantum black holes.

New phenomena in dijet/multijet events



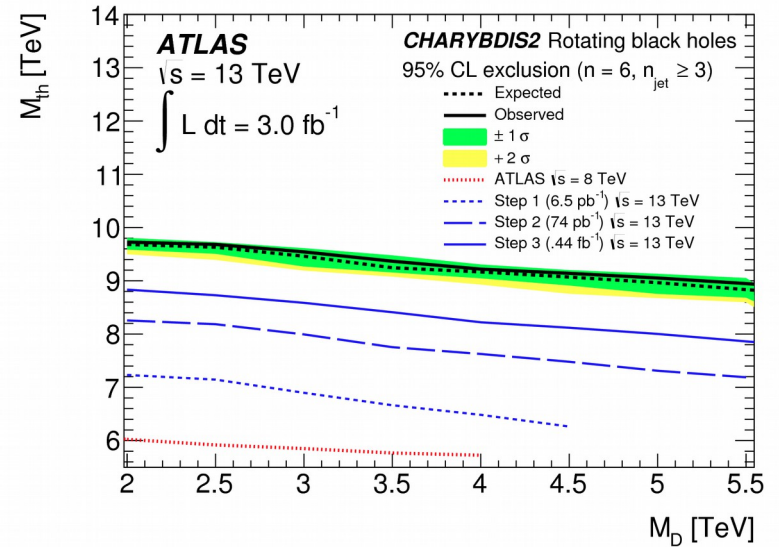
dijet inv. mass search

arXiv:1512.01530



events containing at least three jets with scalar sum of jet transverse momenta $H_T > 1$ TeV.

arXiv:1512.02586

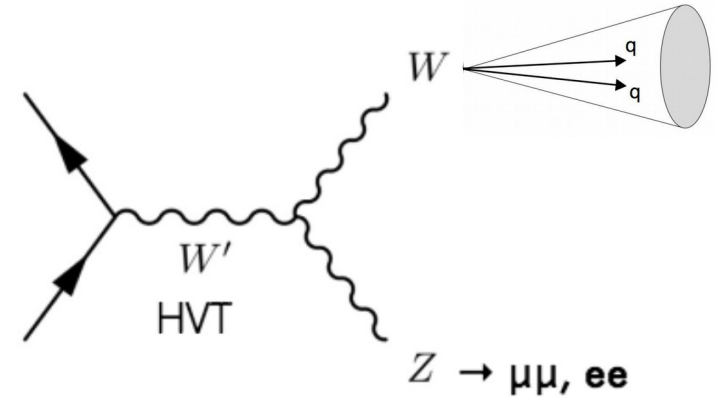


Searches in diboson final state

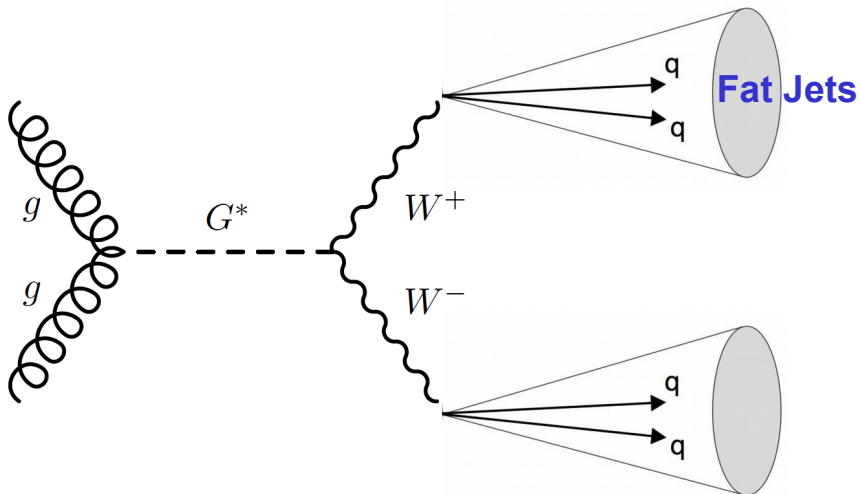
Extensions of the SM predict the existence of new particles decaying into vector-boson pairs:

- Heavy neutral Higgs H (spin-0) $\rightarrow ZZ$
- Heavy Vector triplet (HVT) W' (spin-1) $\rightarrow WZ$
- Bulk Randal-Sundrum Graviton G^* (spin-2) $\rightarrow ZZ$

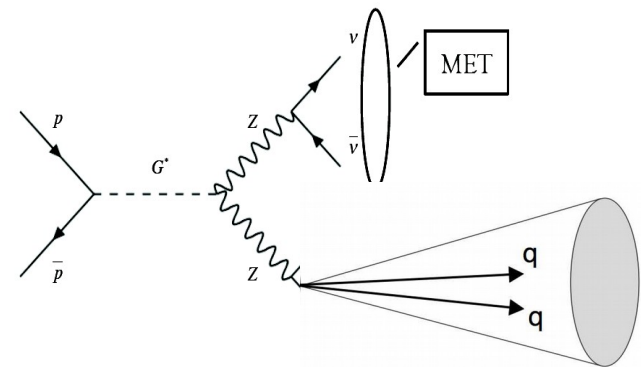
$llqq$ final state



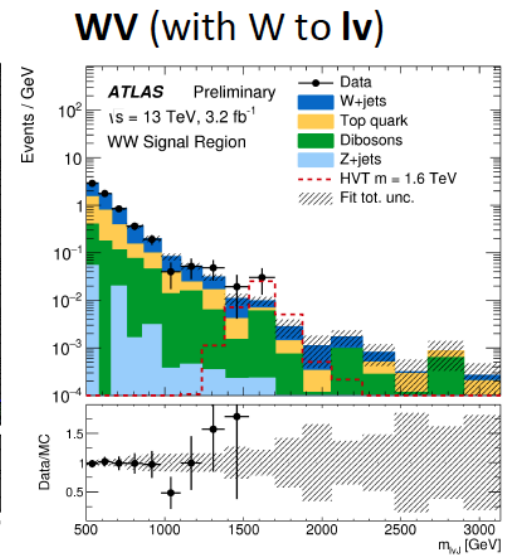
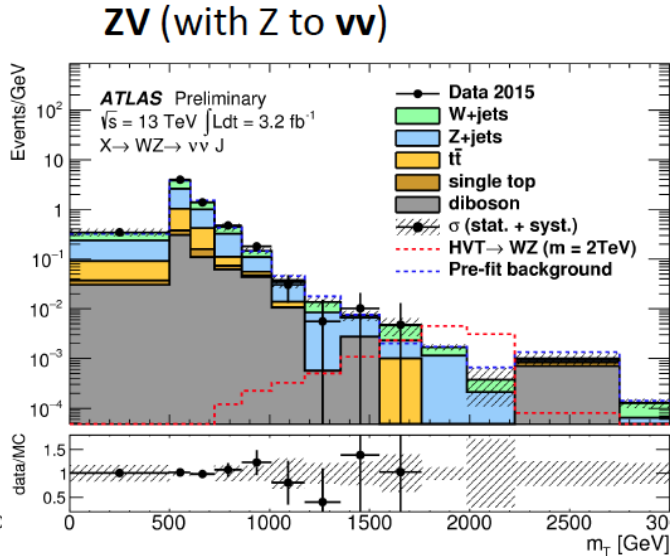
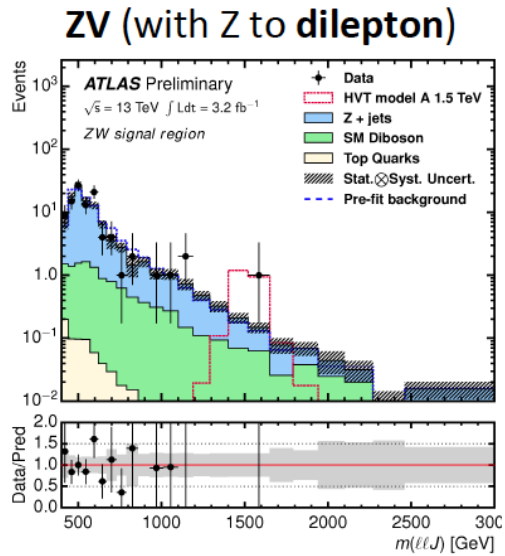
boson-tagged jets



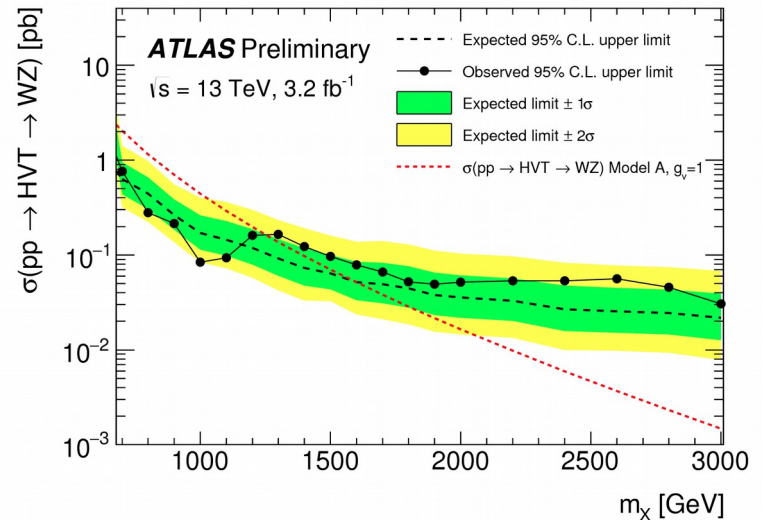
$\nu\nu qq$ final state



Diboson results



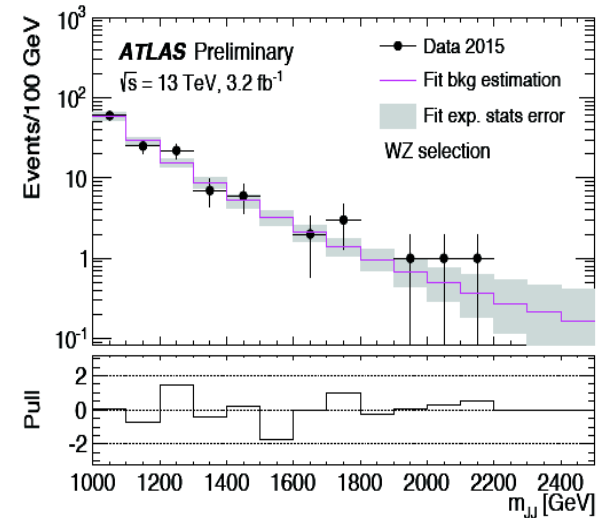
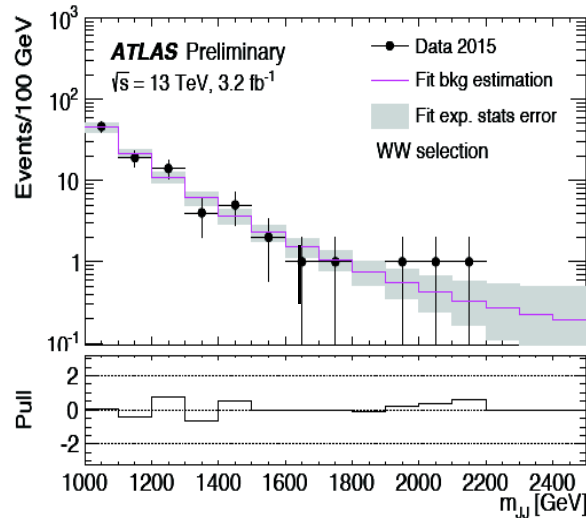
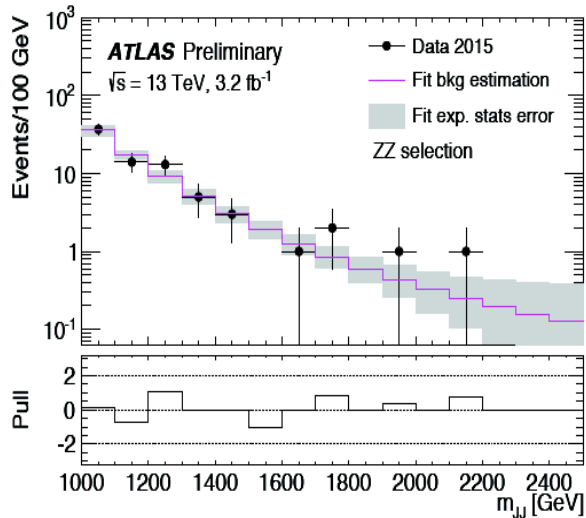
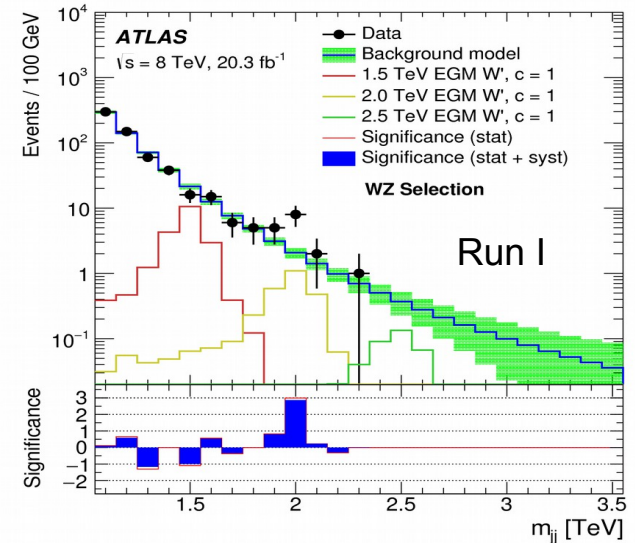
No significant excess observed. Interpretations in Heavy Vector Triplet model but also in Higgs and Graviton hypotheses



Fully hadronic diboson decay (JJ)

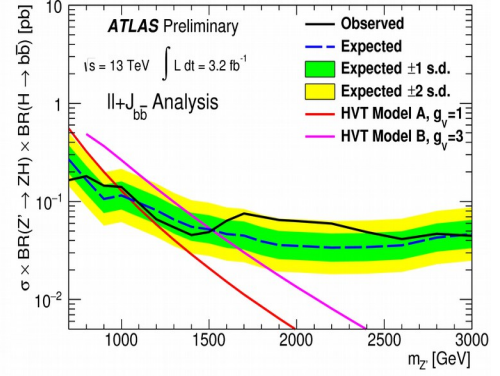
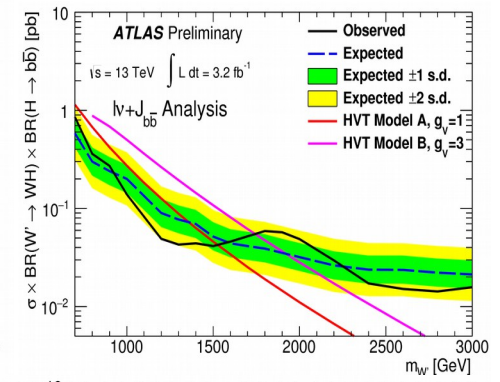
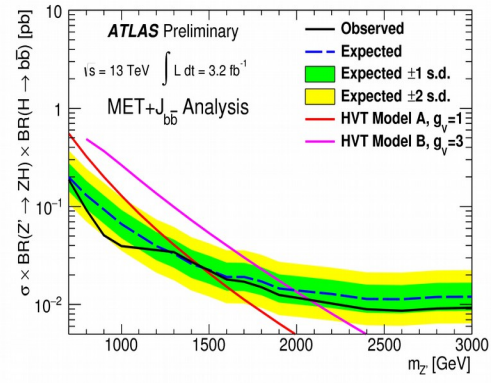
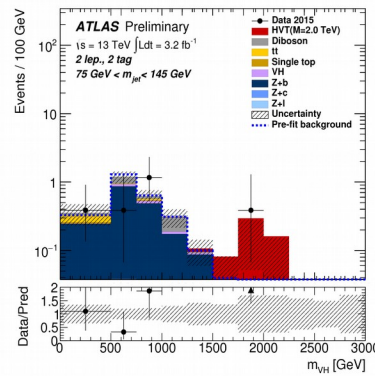
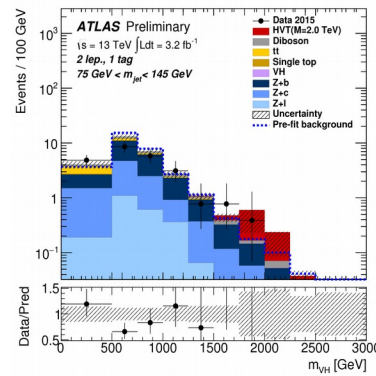
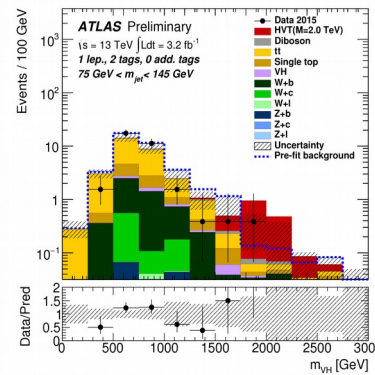
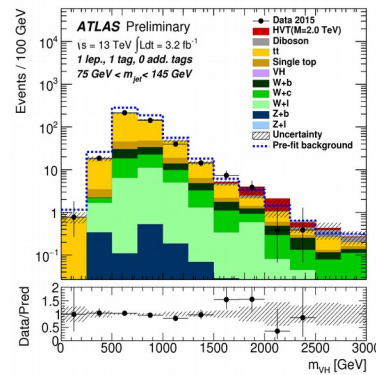
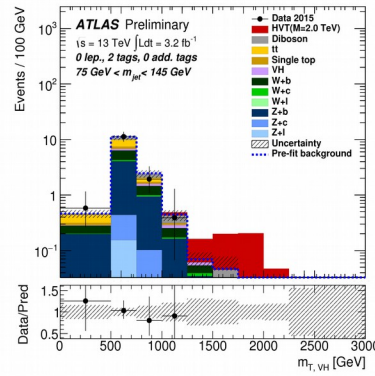
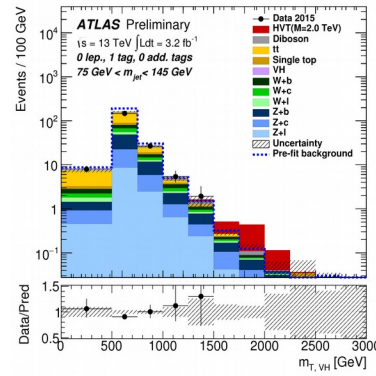
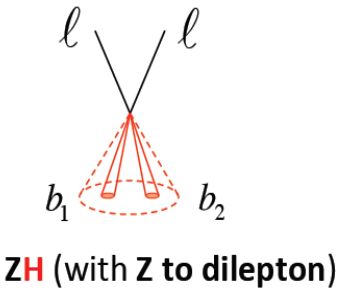
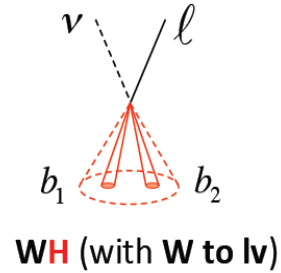
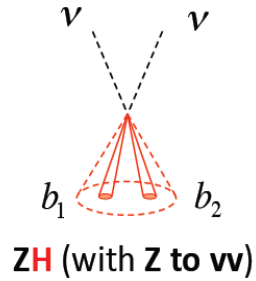
Modest excess at Run I: 3.4σ local / 2.5σ global

No significant excess observed at Run II however sensitivity still not high enough



New resonances decaying to W/Z + Higgs

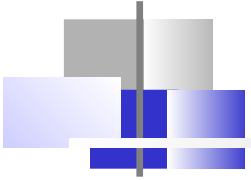
Analysis Strategy: 6 regions 0L, 1L-MET and 2L-MET with at least two jets and 1 or 2 b-tags. Global fit of 6 regions simultaneously





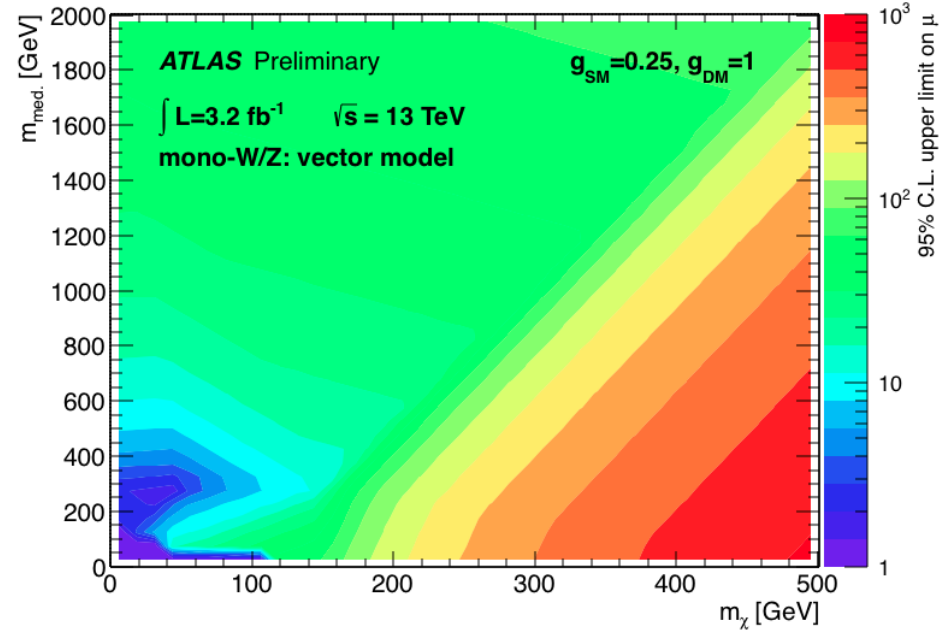
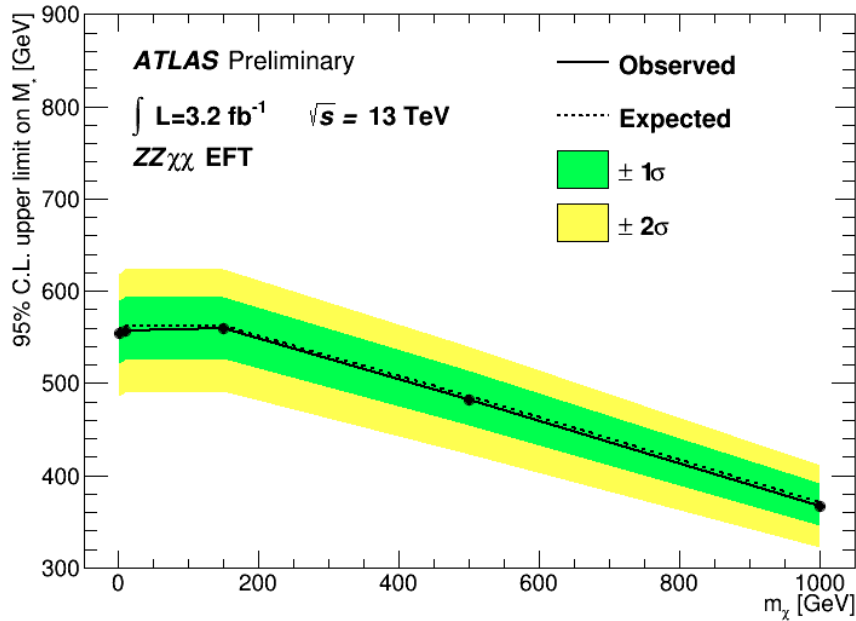
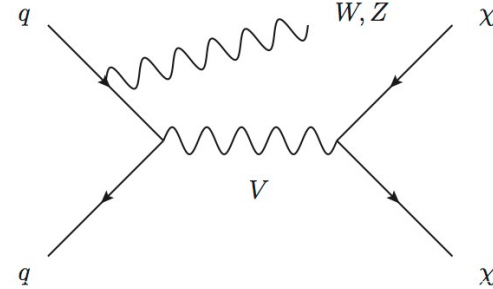
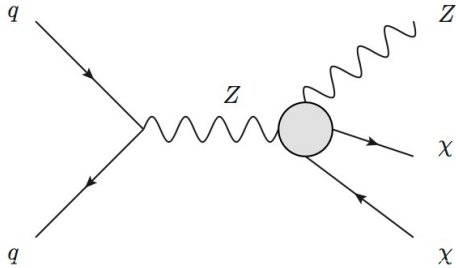
Conclusions

- ATLAS is performing very well at 13 TeV with 25ns collisions
- First studies for Higgs (125 GeV) production
- Many searches for new physics with sensitivity exceeding the Run I reach
- Modest deviations from the expectations of the SM were observed with a global significance of about 2 sigma (**far short of that needed for a discovery**):
 - Hypothetical new resonance that decays into diphoton
 - Supersymmetry searches in the channel with Z-boson and missing energy
- **Strong motivation to be ready for 2016 data-taking !**



Backup slides

Dark matter produced in association with a hadronically decaying vector boson



Search for supersymmetric particles

For Run II early data (2015) main focus of SUSY searches is strong production of gluinos and (to lesser extent) squarks

ATLAS SUSY Searches* - 95% CL Lower Limits
Status: July 2015

ATLAS Preliminary
 $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8$ TeV

Model	e, μ, τ, γ	Jets	E_T^{miss}	$\int \mathcal{L} d\tau [fb^{-1}]$	Mass limit	$\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV	$\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV	Reference	
Inclusive Searches	MSUGRA/CMSSM	0-3 e, μ / 1-2 τ	2-10 jets/3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}	1.8 TeV	$m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g})$	
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{k}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0$ GeV, $m(1^{\text{st}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})=m(2^{\text{nd}} \text{ gen. } \tilde{q})$	
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{k}_1^0$ (compressed)	mono-jet	1-3 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	100-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<10$ GeV	
	$\tilde{q}\tilde{q}, \tilde{q} \rightarrow q\tilde{k}_1^0(\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{k}_1^0$	2 e, μ (off-Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	780 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0$ GeV	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow g\tilde{k}_1^0$	0	2-6 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.33 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0$ GeV	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow g\tilde{k}_1^0 \rightarrow gqW^{\pm}\tilde{k}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	2-6 jets	Yes	20	\tilde{g}	1.26 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<300$ GeV, $m(\tilde{k}_1^{\pm})=0.5(m(\tilde{k}_1^0)+m(\tilde{g}))$	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow g\tilde{k}_1^0(\nu/\nu\nu)\tilde{k}_1^0$	2 e, μ	0-3 jets	-	20	\tilde{g}	1.32 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0$ GeV	
	GMSB (\tilde{L} NLSP)	1-2 $\tau + 0-1 \ell$	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.6 TeV	$\tan\beta > 20$	
	GGM (bino NLSP)	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.29 TeV	$c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1$ mm	
	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<900$ GeV, $c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1$ mm, $\mu<0$	
3 rd gen. \tilde{g} med.	GGM (higgsino-bino NLSP)	γ	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<850$ GeV, $c\tau(\text{NLSP})<0.1$ mm, $\mu>0$	
	GGM (higgsino NLSP)	2 e, μ (Z)	2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV	$m(\text{NLSP})>400$ GeV	
	Gravitino LSP	0	mono-jet	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	865 GeV	$m(\tilde{G})>1.8 \times 10^{-4} eV$, $m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g})+1.5$ TeV	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{k}_1^0$	0	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.25 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<400$ GeV	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow t\tilde{t}\tilde{k}_1^0$	0	7-10 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.1 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<350$ GeV	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \tau\tilde{\tau}\tilde{k}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.34 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<400$ GeV	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}\tilde{k}_1^0$	0-1 e, μ	3 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{g}	1.3 TeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<300$ GeV	
	3 rd gen. squarks direct production	$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{k}_1^0$	0	2 b	Yes	20.1	\tilde{b}_1	100-620 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=90$ GeV
		$\tilde{b}_1\tilde{b}_1, \tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow t\tilde{k}_1^0$	2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{b}_1	275-440 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=2m(\tilde{k}_1^0)$
		$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{k}_1^0$	1-2 e, μ	1-2 b	Yes	4.7/20.3	\tilde{t}_1	110-167 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=2m(\tilde{k}_1^0), m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=55$ GeV
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow Wb\tilde{k}_1^0$ or \tilde{t}_1^0		0-2 e, μ	0-2 jets/1-2 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-191 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=1$ GeV	
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{k}_1^0$		0	mono-jet/c-tag	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-240 GeV	$m(\tilde{t}_1)=m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<85$ GeV	
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1$ (natural GMSB)		2 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	150-580 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)>150$ GeV	
EW direct	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow c\tilde{k}_1^0$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	290-600 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<200$ GeV	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	150-580 GeV		
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ (Z)	1 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	290-600 GeV		
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	90-325 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0$ GeV	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	2 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	140-465 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0$ GeV, $m(\tilde{t}_1)=0.5(m(\tilde{k}_1^0)+m(\tilde{k}_1^0))$	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	2 τ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	100-350 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0$ GeV, $m(\tilde{t}_1)=0.5(m(\tilde{k}_1^0)+m(\tilde{k}_1^0))$	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	3 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	700 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=m(\tilde{k}_1^0), m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{t}_1)=0.5(m(\tilde{k}_1^0)+m(\tilde{k}_1^0))$	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow W\tilde{k}_1^0\tilde{k}_1^0$	2-3 e, μ	0-2 jets	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	420 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=m(\tilde{k}_1^0), m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow W\tilde{k}_1^0\tilde{k}_1^0$	e, μ, γ	0-2 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	250 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=m(\tilde{k}_1^0), m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0, \text{ sleptons decoupled}$	
	$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	4 e, μ	0	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	620 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=m(\tilde{k}_1^0), m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=0, m(\tilde{t}_1)=0.5(m(\tilde{k}_1^0)+m(\tilde{k}_1^0))$	
Long-lived particles	GGM (wino NLSP) weak prod.	1 $e, \mu + \gamma$	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{W}	124-361 GeV	$c\tau<1$ mm	
	Direct $\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	Disapp. trk	1 jet	Yes	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	270 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=m(\tilde{k}_1^0)-160$ MeV, $\tau(\tilde{t}_1)=0.2$ ns	
	Direct $\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 + Z$	dE/dx trk	-	Yes	18.4	\tilde{t}_1	482 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=m(\tilde{k}_1^0)-160$ MeV, $\tau(\tilde{t}_1)<15$ ns	
	Stable, stopped \tilde{g} R-hadron	0	1-5 jets	Yes	27.9	\tilde{g}	832 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=100$ GeV, $10^{-8} \mu\text{s}<c\tau<1000$ s	
	Stable \tilde{g} R-hadron	trk	-	Yes	19.1	\tilde{g}	1.27 TeV	1411.6795	
	GMSB, stable $\tilde{g}, \tilde{k}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{g}(\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}) + (e, \mu)$	1-2 μ	-	Yes	19.1	\tilde{g}	537 GeV	1411.6795	
	GMSB, $\tilde{k}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{g}G$, long-lived \tilde{k}_1^0	2 γ	-	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	435 GeV	$2 <c\tau(\tilde{k}_1^0)<3$ ns, SPS8 model	
	$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow e\tilde{e}\nu/\mu\tilde{\nu}/\mu\tilde{\nu}$	displ. $e\tilde{e}/\mu\tilde{\nu}$	-	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.0 TeV	$7 <c\tau(\tilde{k}_1^0)<740$ mm, $m(\tilde{g})=1.3$ TeV	
	GGM $\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{k}_1^0 \rightarrow ZG$	displ. vtx + jets	-	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	1.0 TeV	$6 <c\tau(\tilde{k}_1^0)<480$ mm, $m(\tilde{g})=1.1$ TeV	
	RPV	LFV $pp \rightarrow \tilde{\nu}_e + X, \tilde{\nu}_e \rightarrow e\tilde{\mu}/e\tilde{\tau}/\mu\tilde{\tau}$	$e\tilde{\mu}, e\tilde{\tau}, \mu\tilde{\tau}$	-	-	20.3	$\tilde{\nu}_e$	1.7 TeV	$A_{111}^e=0.11, A_{132/133/233}=0.07$
Bilinear RPV CMSSM		2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}, \tilde{g}	1.35 TeV	$m(\tilde{g})=m(\tilde{g}), c\tau_{\tilde{g}}\mu<1$ mm	
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{k}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow e\tilde{\nu}_e, \mu\tilde{\nu}_e$		4 e, μ	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	750 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)>0.2m(\tilde{k}_1^0), A_{121}\neq 0$	
$\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow W\tilde{k}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tau\tilde{\nu}_\tau, e\tilde{\nu}_e$		3 $e, \mu + \tau$	-	Yes	20.3	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	450 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)>0.2m(\tilde{k}_1^0), A_{133}\neq 0$	
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow g\tilde{k}_1^0$		0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	917 GeV	$\text{BR}(\tilde{g} \rightarrow B\tilde{R})=B\tilde{R}(c)=0\%$	
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow g\tilde{k}_1^0, \tilde{k}_1^0 \rightarrow q\tilde{q}$		0	6-7 jets	-	20.3	\tilde{g}	870 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)=600$ GeV	
$\tilde{g}\tilde{g}, \tilde{g} \rightarrow g\tilde{k}_1^0, \tilde{k}_1^0 \rightarrow bs$		2 e, μ (SS)	0-3 b	Yes	20.3	\tilde{g}	850 GeV		
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bs$		0	2 jets + 2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	100-308 GeV		
$\tilde{t}_1\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow bt$		2 e, μ	2 b	-	20.3	\tilde{t}_1	0.4-1.0 TeV	$\text{BR}(\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{e}/\mu)>20\%$	
Other		Scalar charm, $\tilde{c} \rightarrow \tilde{c}_1^0$	0	2 c	Yes	20.3	\tilde{c}	490 GeV	$m(\tilde{k}_1^0)<200$ GeV

*Only a selection of the available mass limits on new states or phenomena is shown. All limits quoted are observed minus 1 σ theoretical signal cross section uncertainty.

Ratio of 13 TeV / 8 TeV
Cross sections
Squarks and Gluinos:
1.5 TeV: 35
1 TeV : 15