

SIGNATURES FROM SCALAR DARK MATTER

WITH A FOCUS ON GAMMA-RAYS

Michel H.G. Tytgat
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6th International Workshop in High Energy Physics in the LHC Era
Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile, 6-12 January 2016



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* EX UMBRA IN SOLEM
From the Shadow into the Light



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DARK
ENERGY

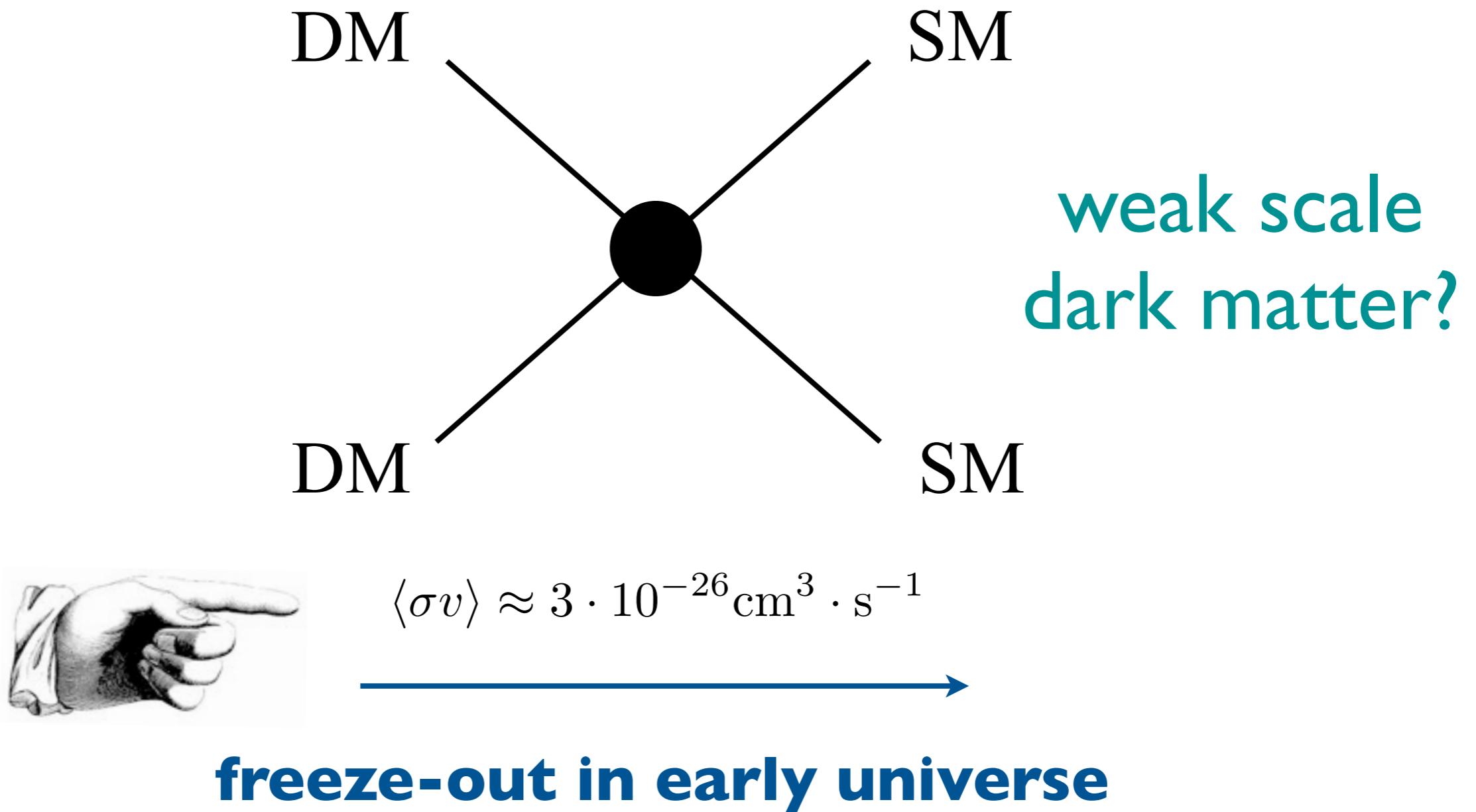


DARK
MATTER

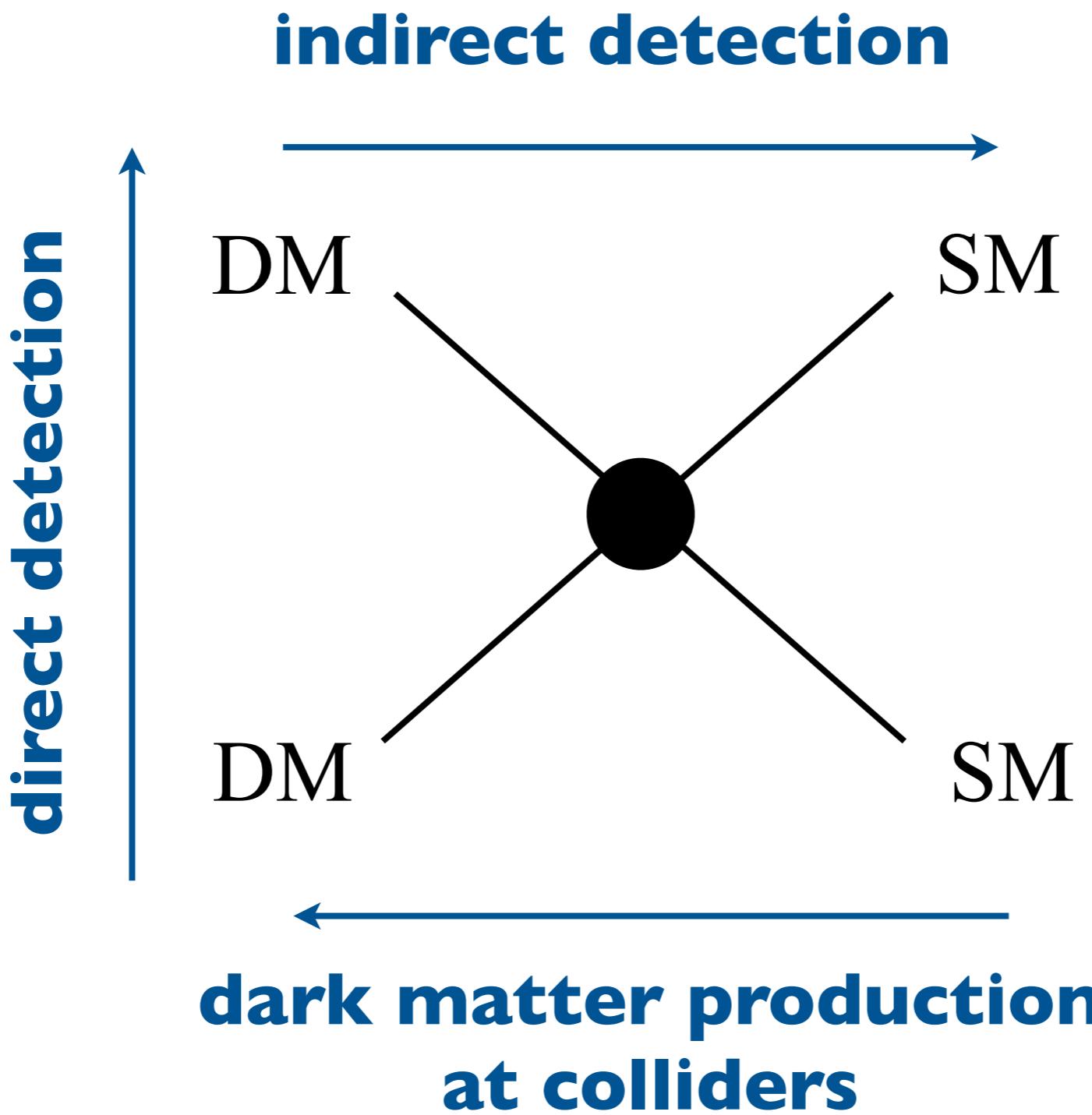
BARYONS

DM AS A WIMP

(weakly interacting massive particle)



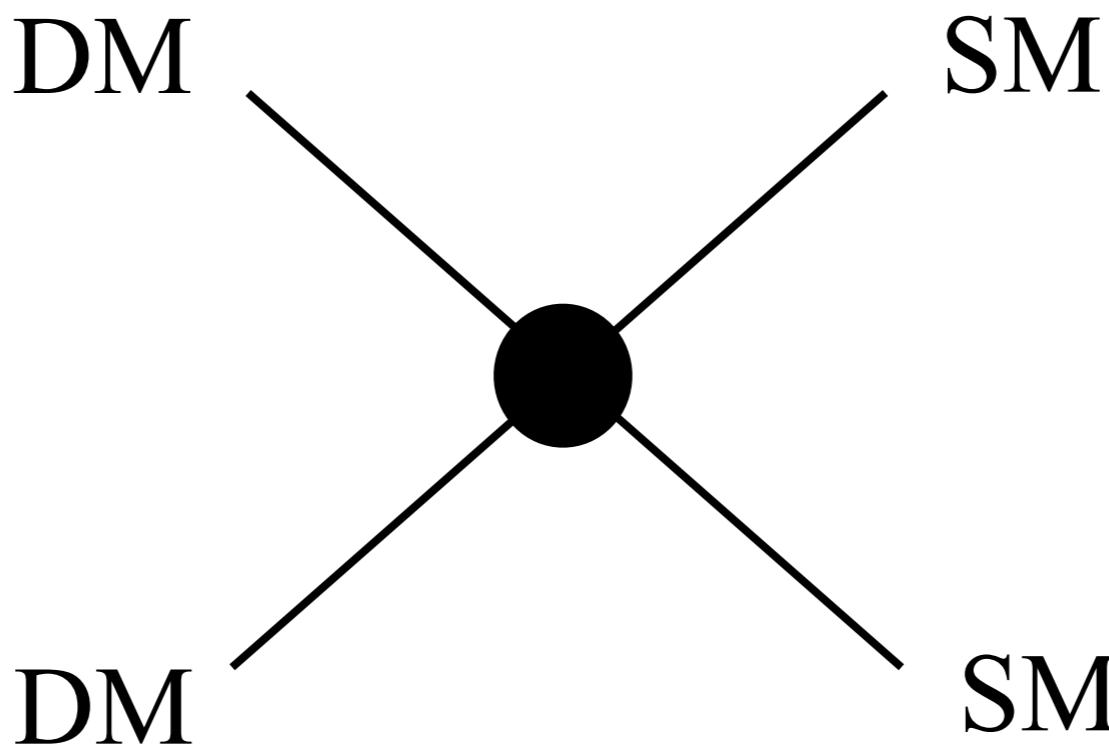
DM AS A WIMP (weakly interacting massive particle)



DM AS A WIMP (weakly interacting massive particle)



indirect detection



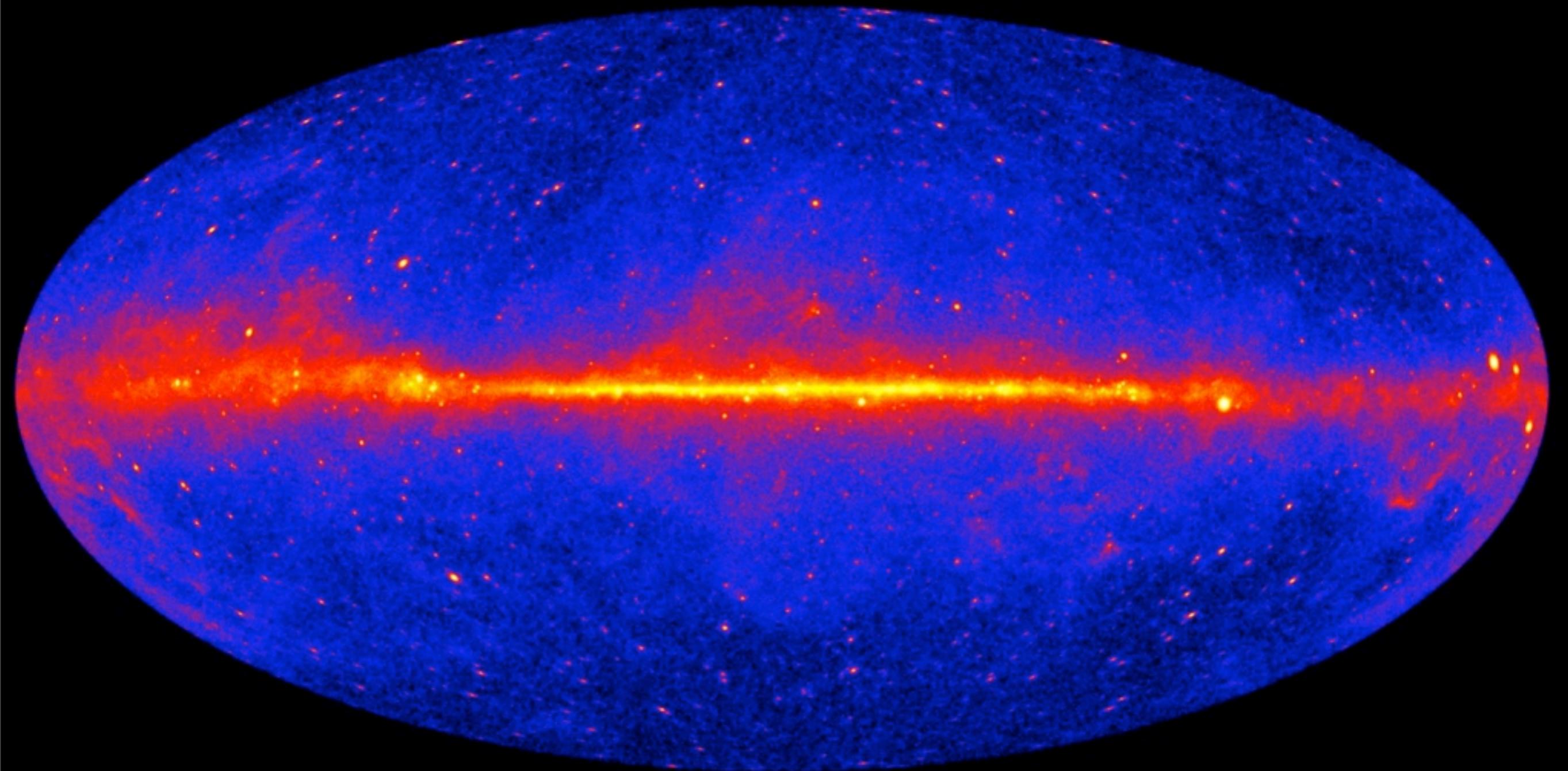
gamma-rays!

target value for
indirect detection
searches

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \approx 3 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{cm}^3 \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

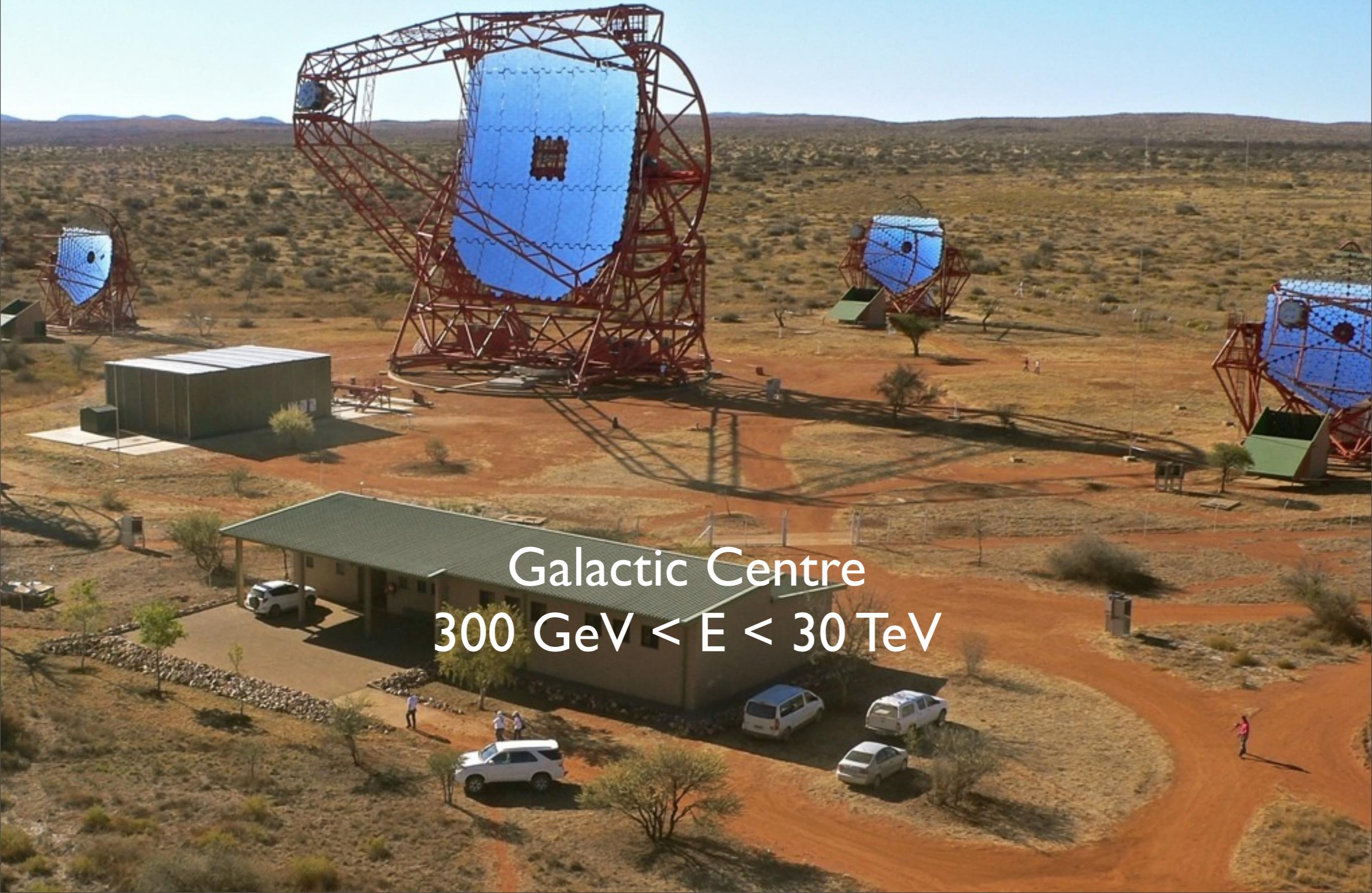
freeze-out in early universe

FERMI-LAT (Fermi Large Area Telescope)



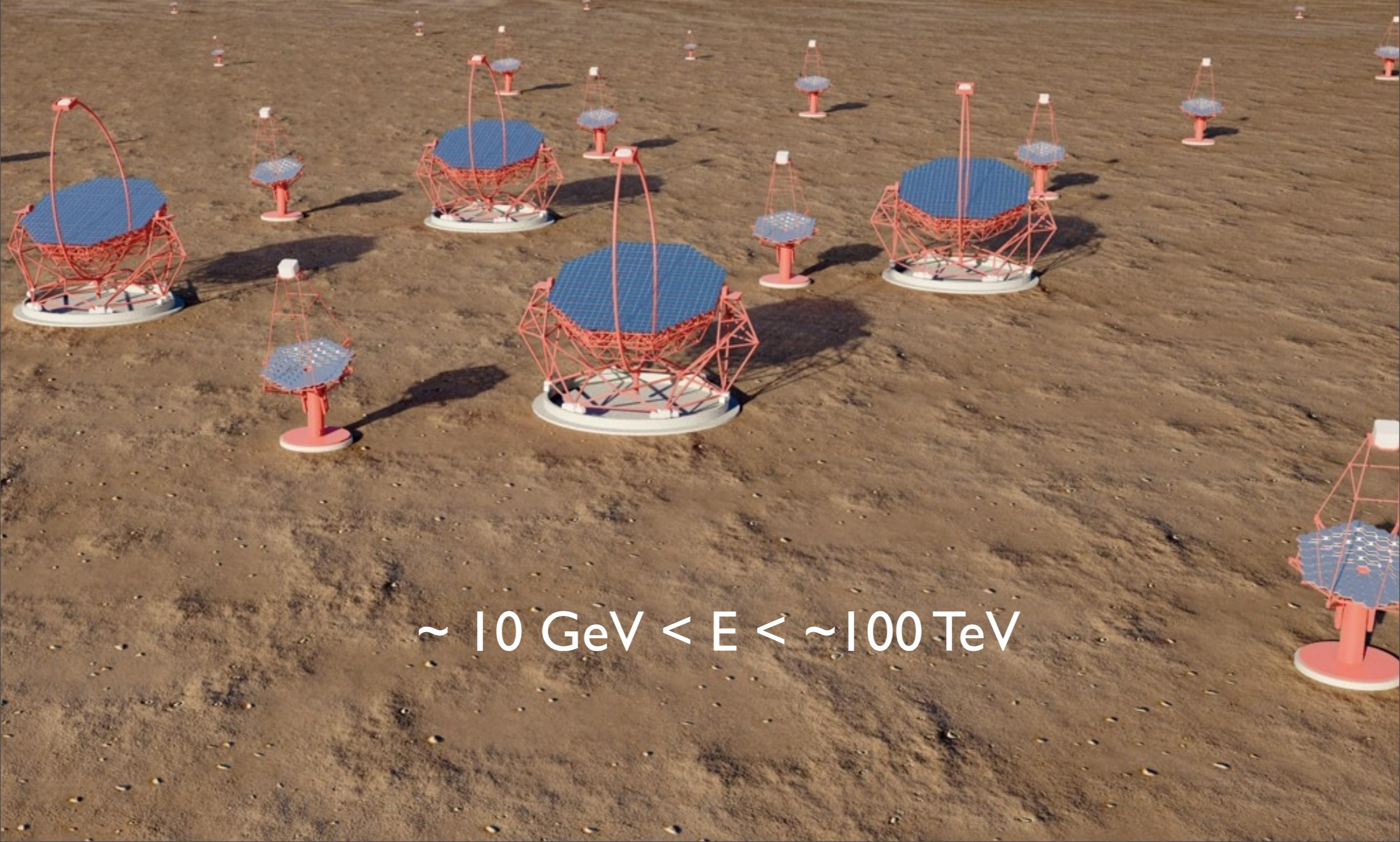
$0.2 \text{ GeV} < E < 300 \text{ GeV}$

H.E.S.S. (High Energy Stereoscopic System)



Galactic Centre
 $300 \text{ GeV} < E < 30 \text{ TeV}$

CTA (Cerenkov Telescope Array)



$\sim 10 \text{ GeV} < E < \sim 100 \text{ TeV}$

WIMPS THROUGH GAMMA RAYS

Problem:
strong/poorly understood astrophysical background

Strategy #1 Spatial morphology expected
from DM annihilation

Promising targets: Dwarf Spheroidal galaxies
Galactic Centre

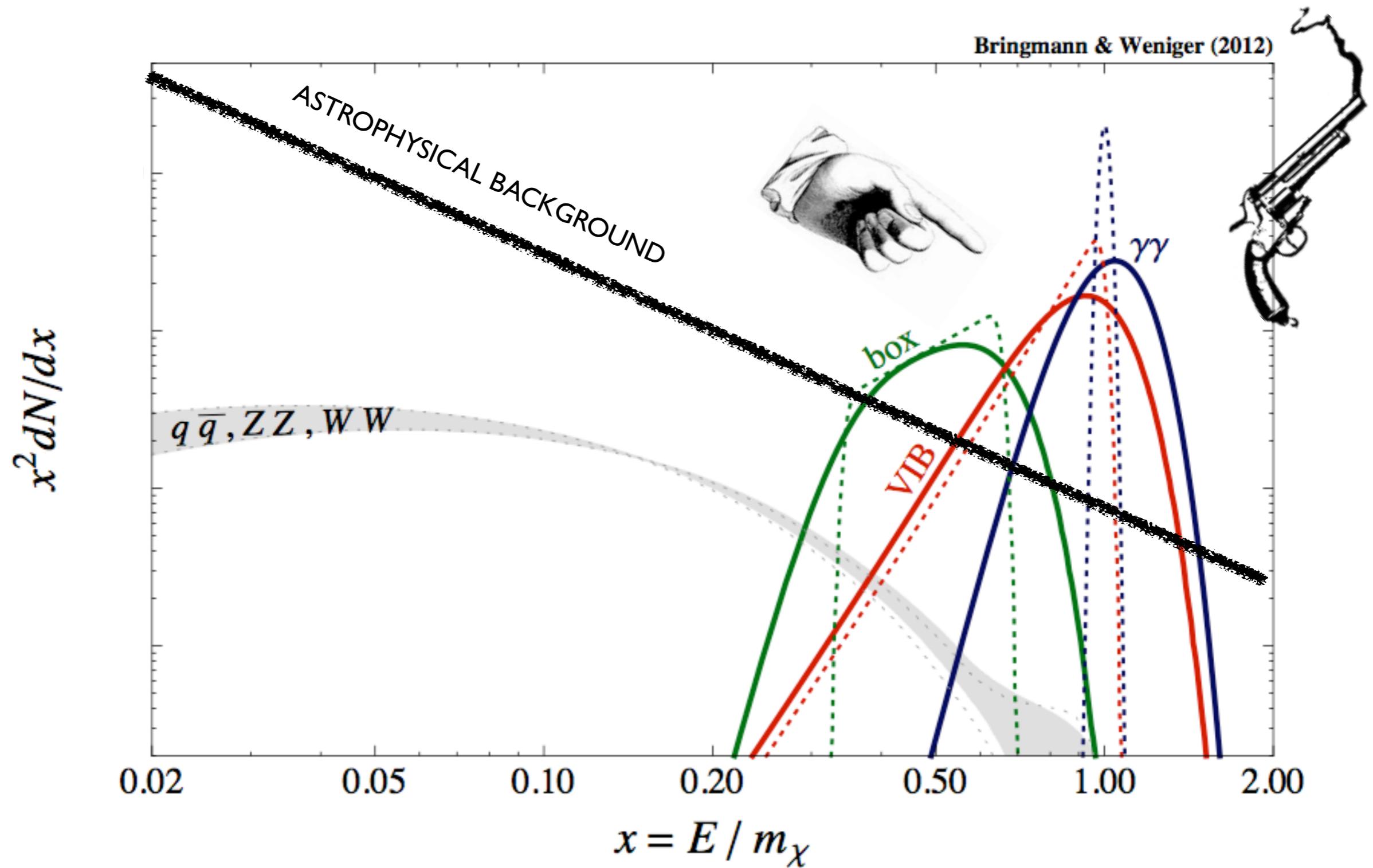
Strategy #2 Spectral signatures distinct from
astrophysics background



Spectral features: Digammas
Virtual Internal Bremsstrahlung,...

GAMMA RAY SPECTRAL FEATURES

Digammas or Virtual Internal Bremsstrahlung (VIB)



No astrophysical background (smoking gun) (also $M_{DM} \sim E_\gamma$)

SMOKING GUN SIGNATURES - DIGAMMAS

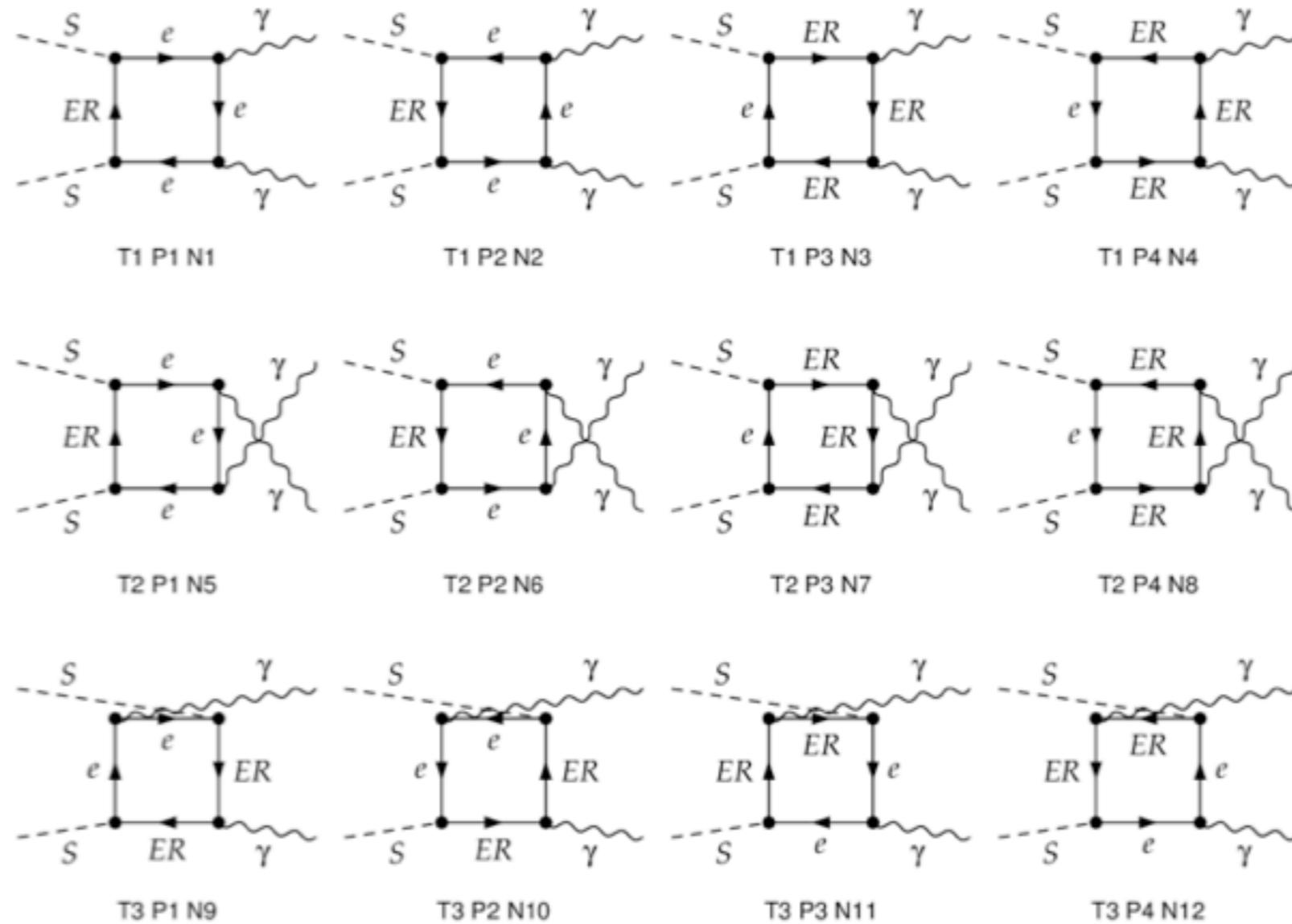


Figure 1: Box diagrams relevant for the $SS \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ process

No astrophysical background (smoking gun) (also $M_{DM} \sim E_\gamma$)

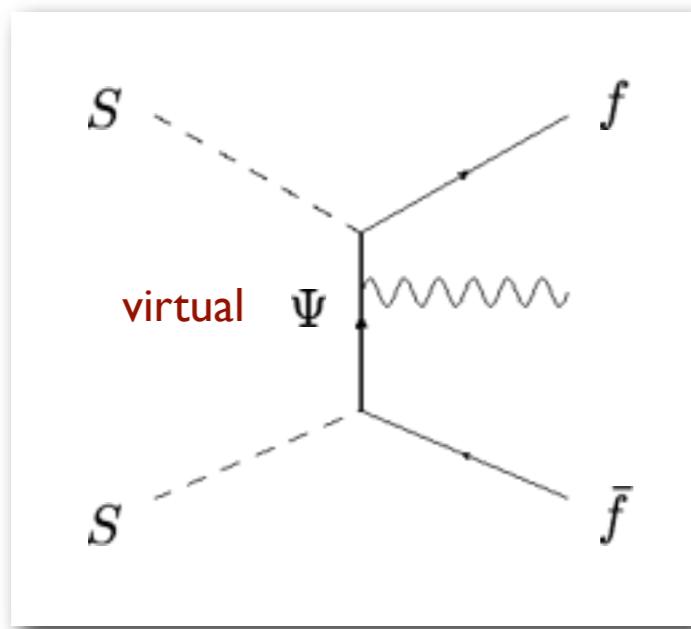
SMOKING GUN SIGNATURES VIRTUAL INTERNAL BREMSSTRAHLUNG

MAJORANA DM

Bergstrom (1989)

Flores, Olive & Rudaz (1989)

Bergstrom, Bringmann & Edsjo (2008)

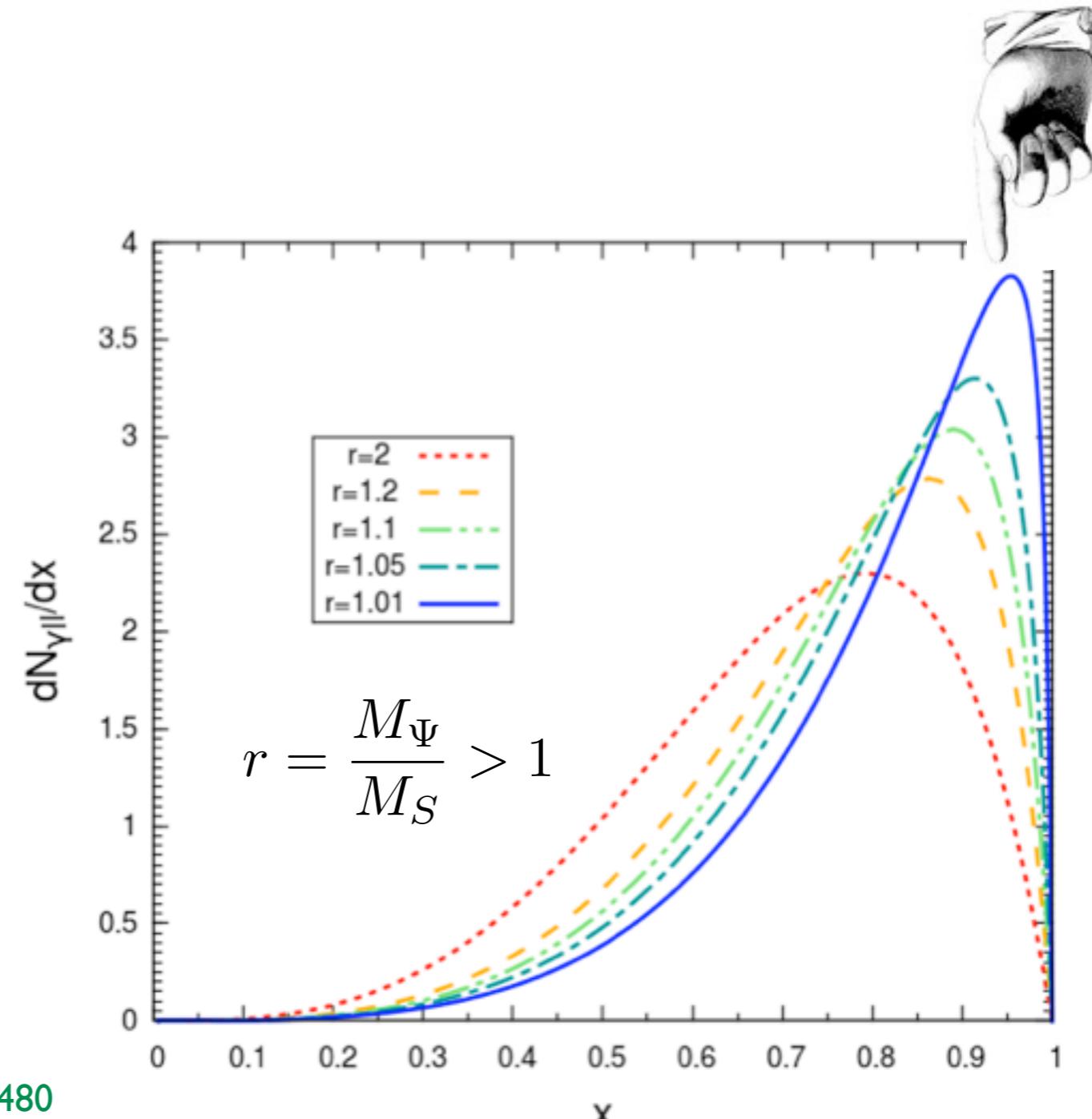


SCALAR DM

Barger, Keung & Marfatia, arXiv:1111.4523

Takashi Toma, arXiv:1307.6181

Giacchino, Lopez Honorez & M.T., arXiv:1307.6480



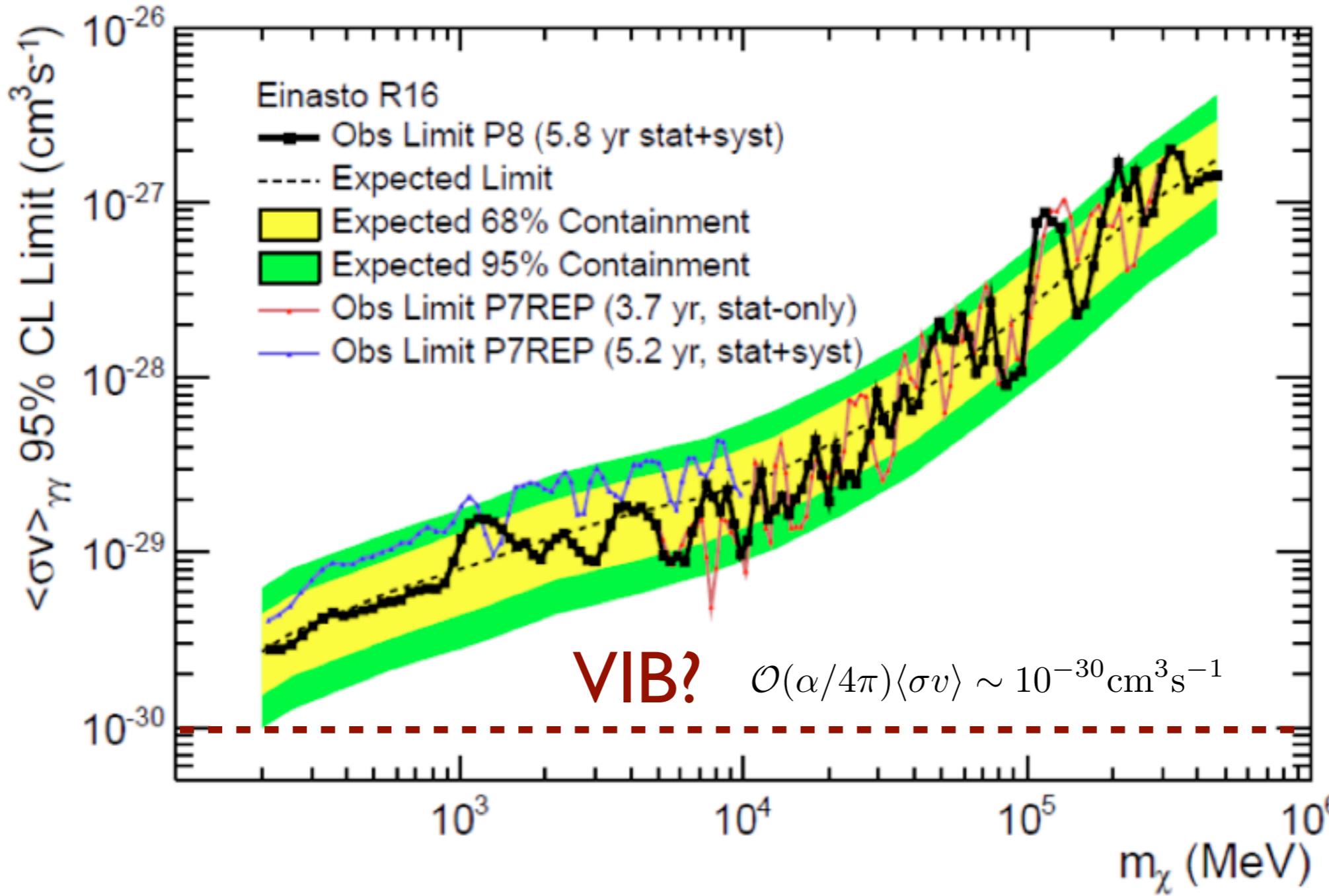
$$x = \frac{E_\gamma}{M_{DM}}$$

No astrophysical background (smoking gun) (also $M_{DM} \sim E_\gamma$)

FERMI LIMITS ON GAMMA RAY LINES

Relic abundance

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \approx 3 \cdot 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3 \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$



arXiv:1503.02641

SIMPLE (SCALAR) WIMP MODELS WITH STRONG GAMMA RAY FEATURES

I. Relating digammas to digluons (loops dominate)

X. Chu, Th. Hambye, T. Scarna & MT arXiv:1206.2279

II. A vector-like portal (enhanced VIB)

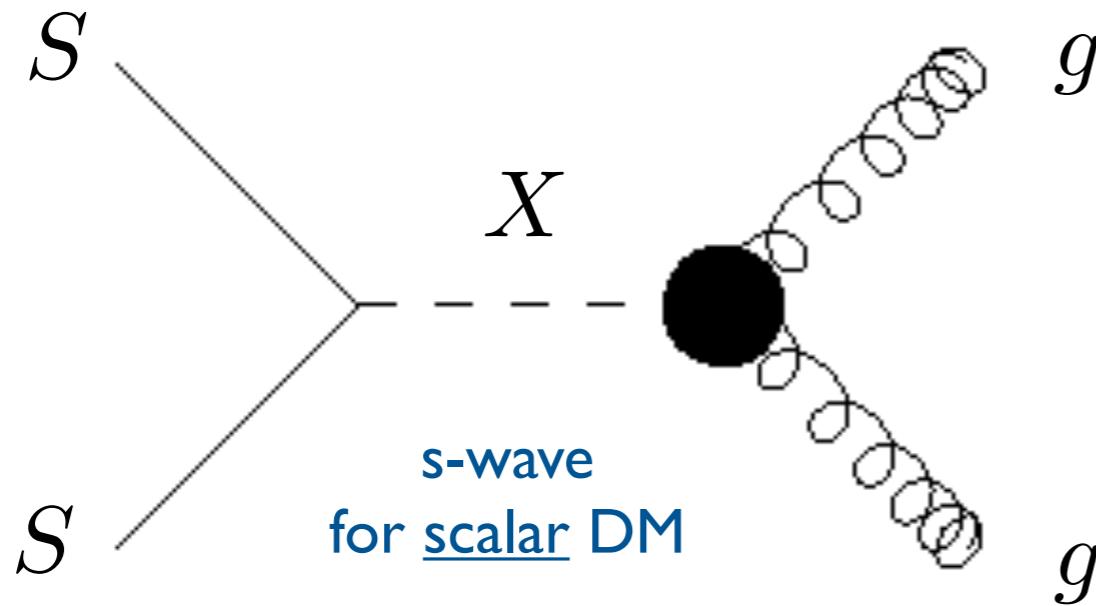
F. Giacchino, L. Lopez Honorez & MT arXiv:1307.6480 & arXiv:1405.6921
A. Ibarra, F. Giacchino, L. Lopez Honorez, MT & S. Wild, arXiv:1511.04452

III. Heavy Minimal Dark Matter (Sommerfeld effects)

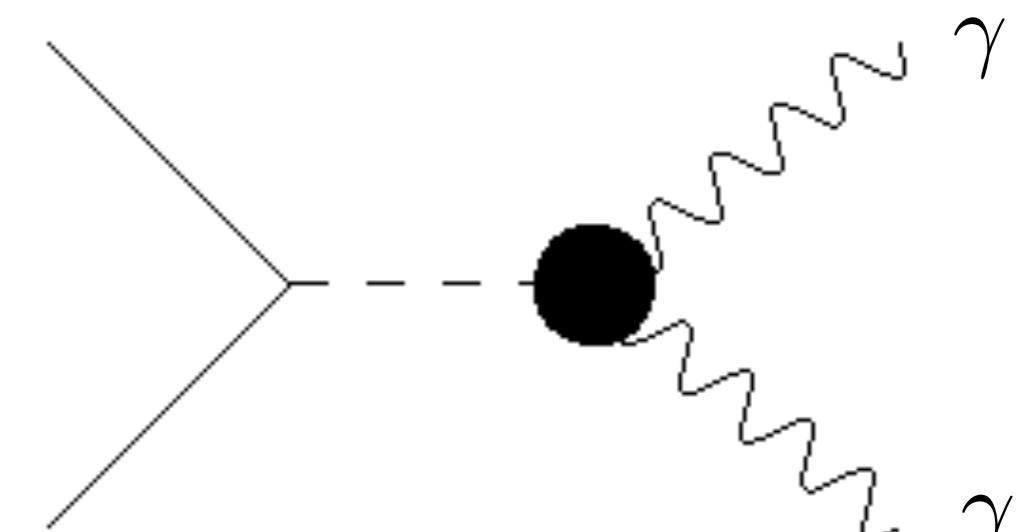
C. Garcia-Cely, A. Ibarra, A. Lamperstorfer & MT, arXiv:1507.05536

I.A GAMMA RAY LINE FROM DIGLUON ?

relic abundance



indirect detection



$$\frac{\sigma v_{gg}}{\sigma v_{\gamma\gamma}} = \frac{\sum_{vlq} 2\alpha_s^2}{\sum_{vlq} N_c^2 \alpha^2 Q_q^4 + \sum_{vll} \alpha^2 Q_l^4} = \mathcal{O}(10 - 1000)$$

e.g. vector-like
quarks/leptons in the loops

Chu, Hambye, Scarna & M.T.
arXiv:1206.2279

What if Dark Matter Gamma-Ray Lines come with Gluon Lines?

Xiaoyong Chu,¹ Thomas Hambye,^{1,2} Tiziana Scarna,¹ and Michel H.G. Tytgat^{1,*}

arXiv:1206.2279

“This brings another possible signature at colliders, which is the production at the LHC of an on-shell messenger particle through gluon-gluon fusion, followed by its decay into a pair of gammas. ”

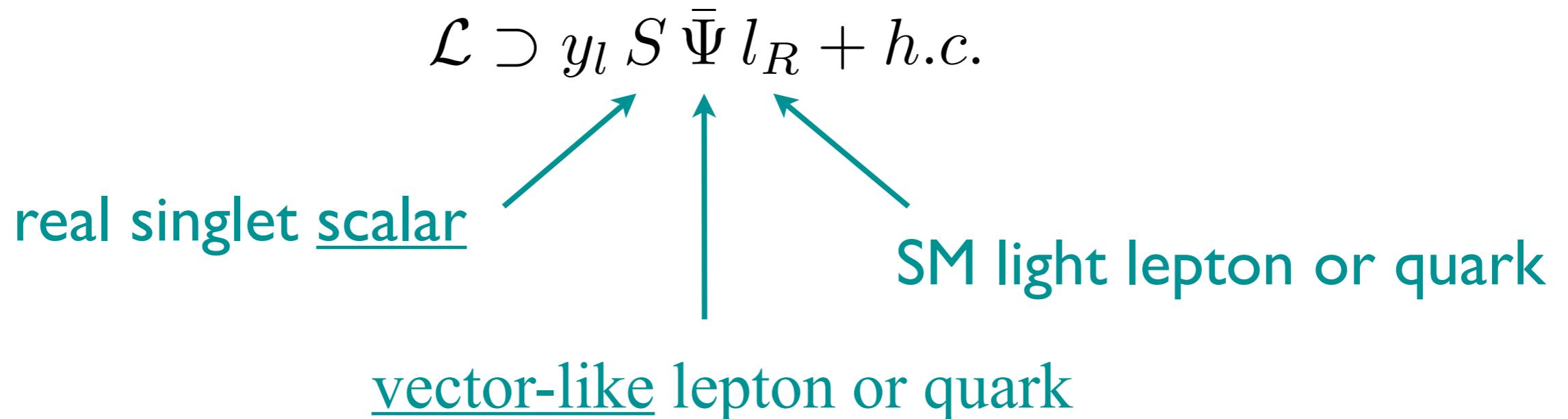


diphotons

(potentially large) invisible
branching

II. VECTOR-LIKE PORTAL*

F. Giacchino, L. Lopez Honorez & MT, arXiv:1307.6480 & arXiv:1405.6921
A. Ibarra, F. Giacchino, L. Lopez Honorez, MT & S. Wild, arXiv:1511.04452



\mathbb{Z}_2 symmetry

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{Z_2} & -S \\ \Psi & \xrightarrow{Z_2} & -\Psi \end{array}$$

S is our dark matter

*We call it the Vector-like Portal following Fileviez Perez & Wise, arXiv:1303.1452

IT'S A TOY MODEL

(aka simplified model)

Scalar cousin of bino-like DM

Majorana DM
with slepton or squark mediator

$$\chi \tilde{l}^\dagger l_R \quad \chi \tilde{q}^\dagger q_R$$

Appears in top-down scenarios

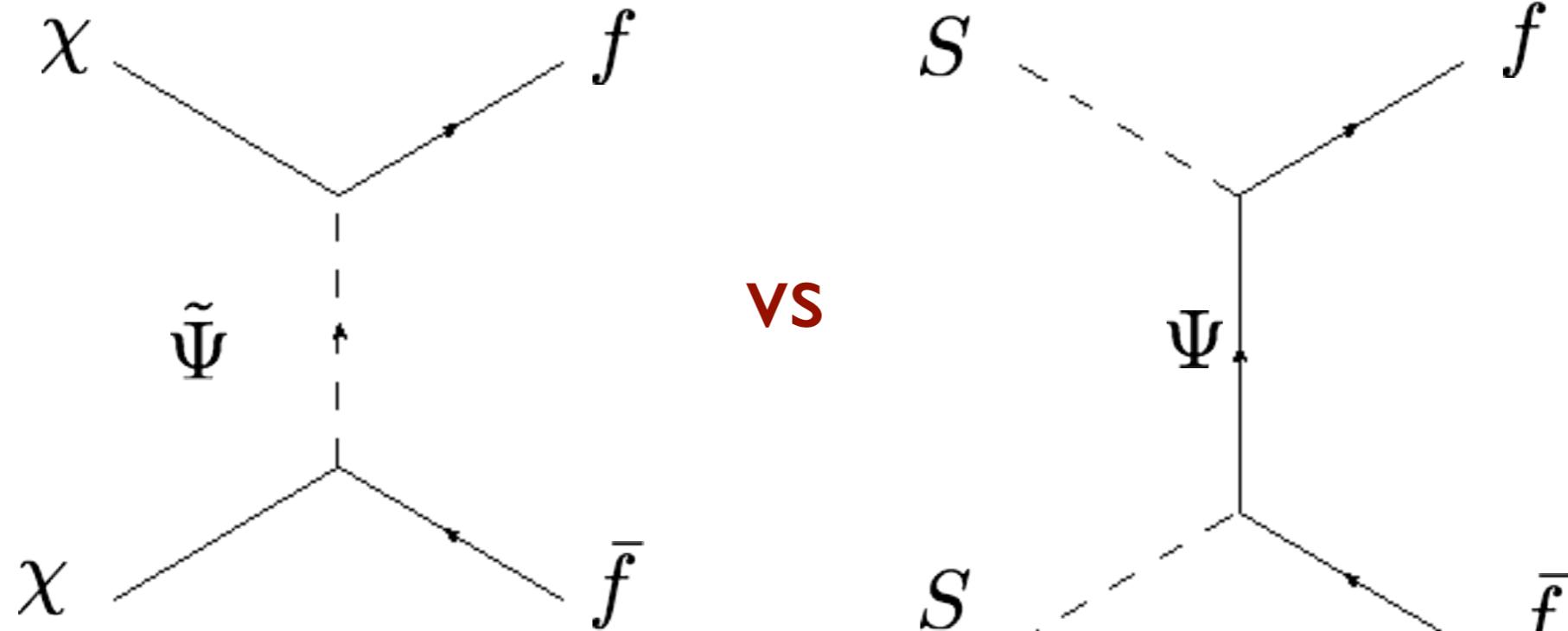
eg 6D model with spinless KK photon $\sim S$

eg Dobrescu & Ponton, arXiv:hep-th/0401032



A benchmark dark matter model
with strong gamma ray spectral features

MAJORANA vs REAL SCALAR into light SM fermions



p-wave



$$\sigma v(\chi\chi \rightarrow l\bar{l}) = \frac{g_l^4}{48\pi} \frac{v^2}{m_\chi^2} \frac{1+r^4}{(1+r^2)^4}$$

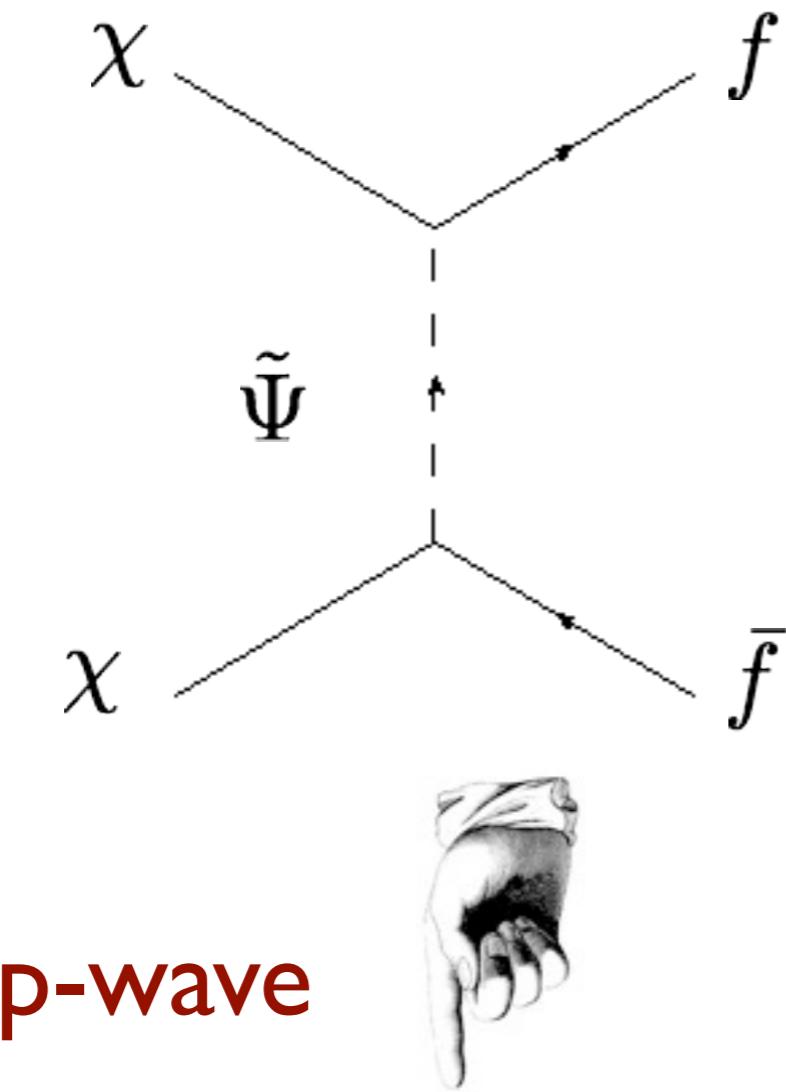
$$r = \frac{m_{\tilde{\Psi}}}{m_\chi} \geq 1$$

Goldberg

«Constraint on the Photino mass from cosmology»

Phys.Rev.Lett. 50 (1983) 1419

MAJORANA vs REAL SCALAR into light SM fermions



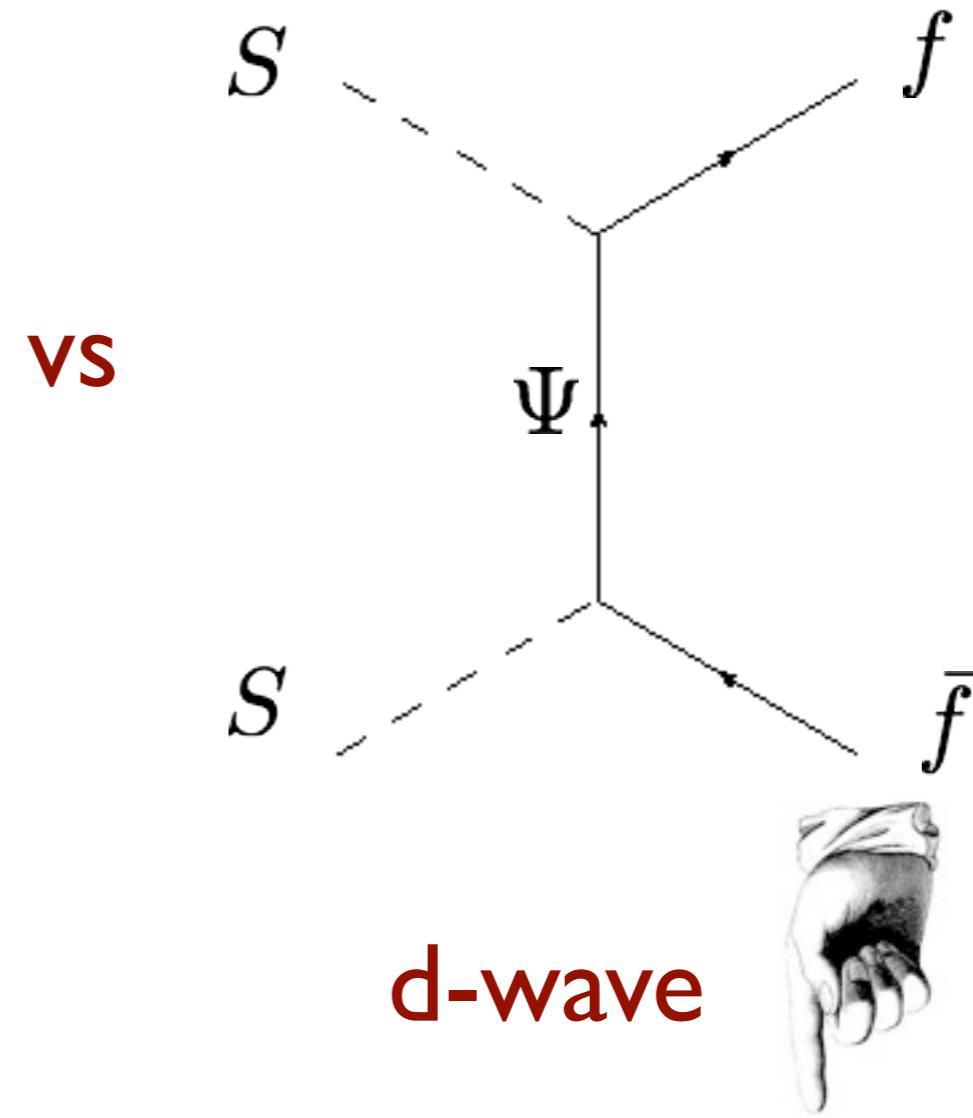
p-wave

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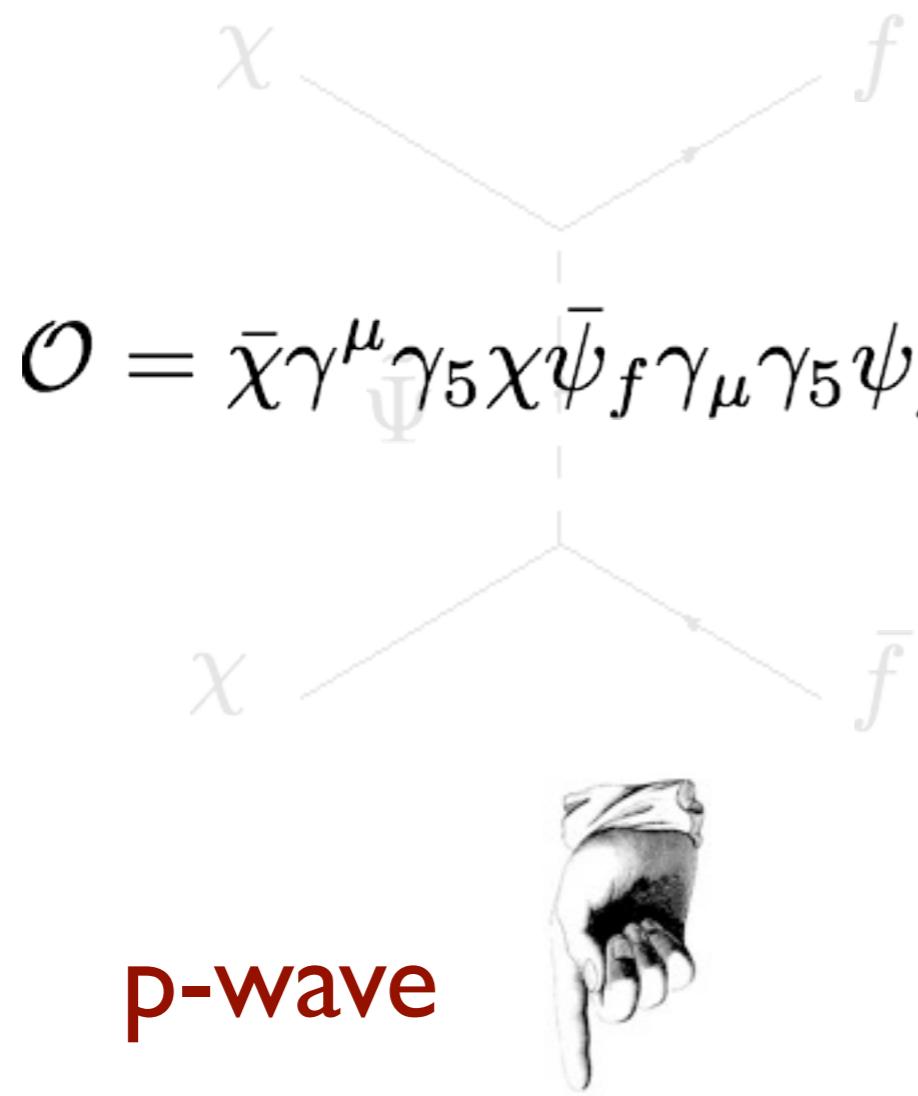
d-wave

$$\sigma v(S S \rightarrow l\bar{l}) = \frac{y_l^4}{60\pi} \frac{v^4}{m_S^2} \frac{1}{(1+r^2)^4}$$

$$r = \frac{m_\psi}{m_S} \geq 1$$

Toma, arXiv:1307.6181
 Giacchino, Lopez Honorez & M.T. arXiv:1307.6480

MAJORANA vs REAL SCALAR into light SM fermions



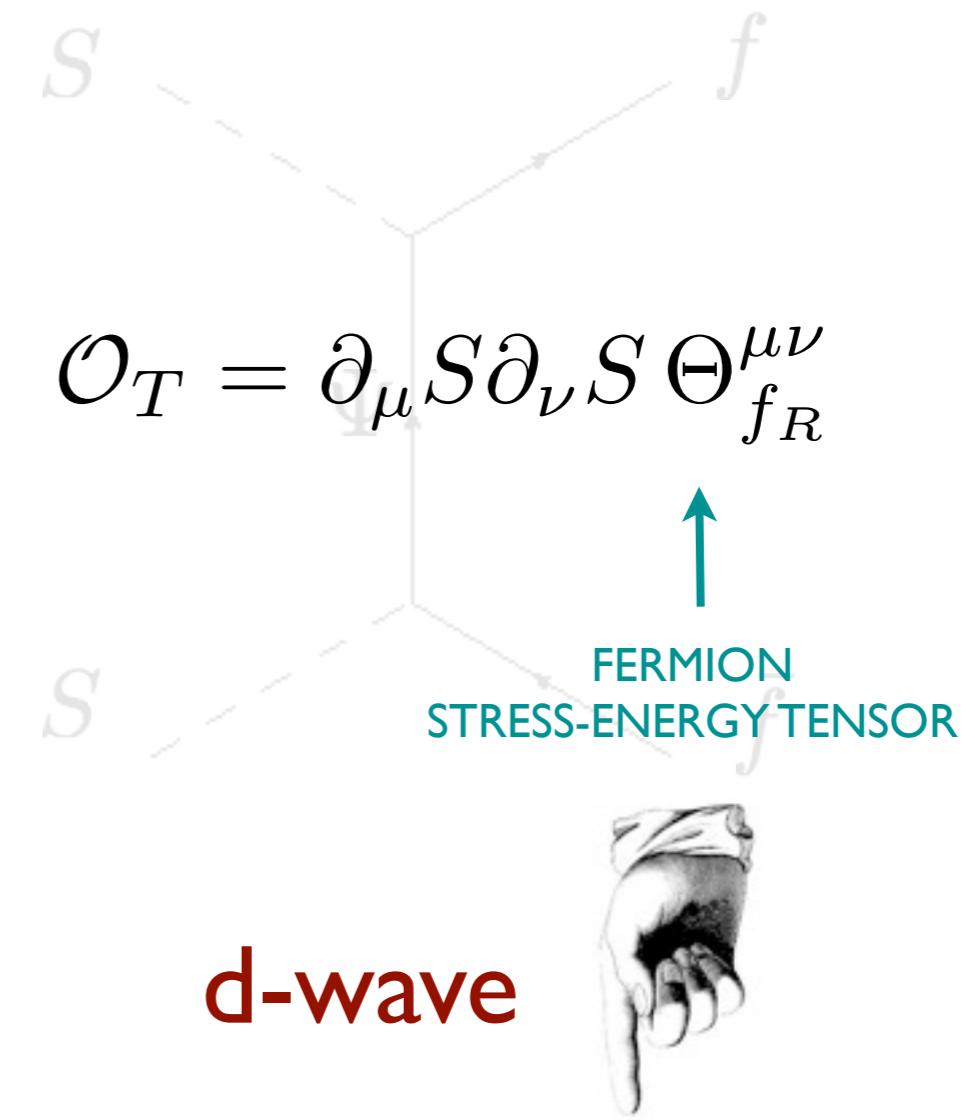
p-wave

$$\sigma v(\chi\chi \rightarrow l\bar{l}) = \frac{g_l^4}{48\pi} \frac{v^2}{m_\chi^2} \frac{1+r^4}{(1+r^2)^4}$$

$$r = \frac{m_{\tilde{\Psi}}}{m_\chi} \geq 1$$

Goldberg

«Constraint on the Photino mass from cosmology»
 Phys.Rev.Lett. 50 (1983) 1419



d-wave

$$\sigma v(S S \rightarrow l\bar{l}) = \frac{y_l^4}{60\pi} \frac{v^4}{m_S^2} \frac{1}{(1+r^2)^4}$$

$$r = \frac{m_\psi}{m_S} \geq 1$$

Toma, arXiv:1307.6181
 Giacchino, Lopez Honorez & MT, arXiv:1307.6480

I. Annihilation in early universe

$v \sim 0.3$

$$\rightarrow \text{DM DM} \rightarrow f\bar{f}$$

more suppressed for scalar DM
than for Majorana

II. Annihilation at Galactic Centre ? $v_{\text{GC}} \sim 10^{-3}$

$$\text{DM DM} \rightarrow f\bar{f}$$

completely irrelevant



Radiative corrections relevant!

$$\text{DM DM} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

Digammas

$$\text{DM DM} \rightarrow f\bar{f}\gamma$$

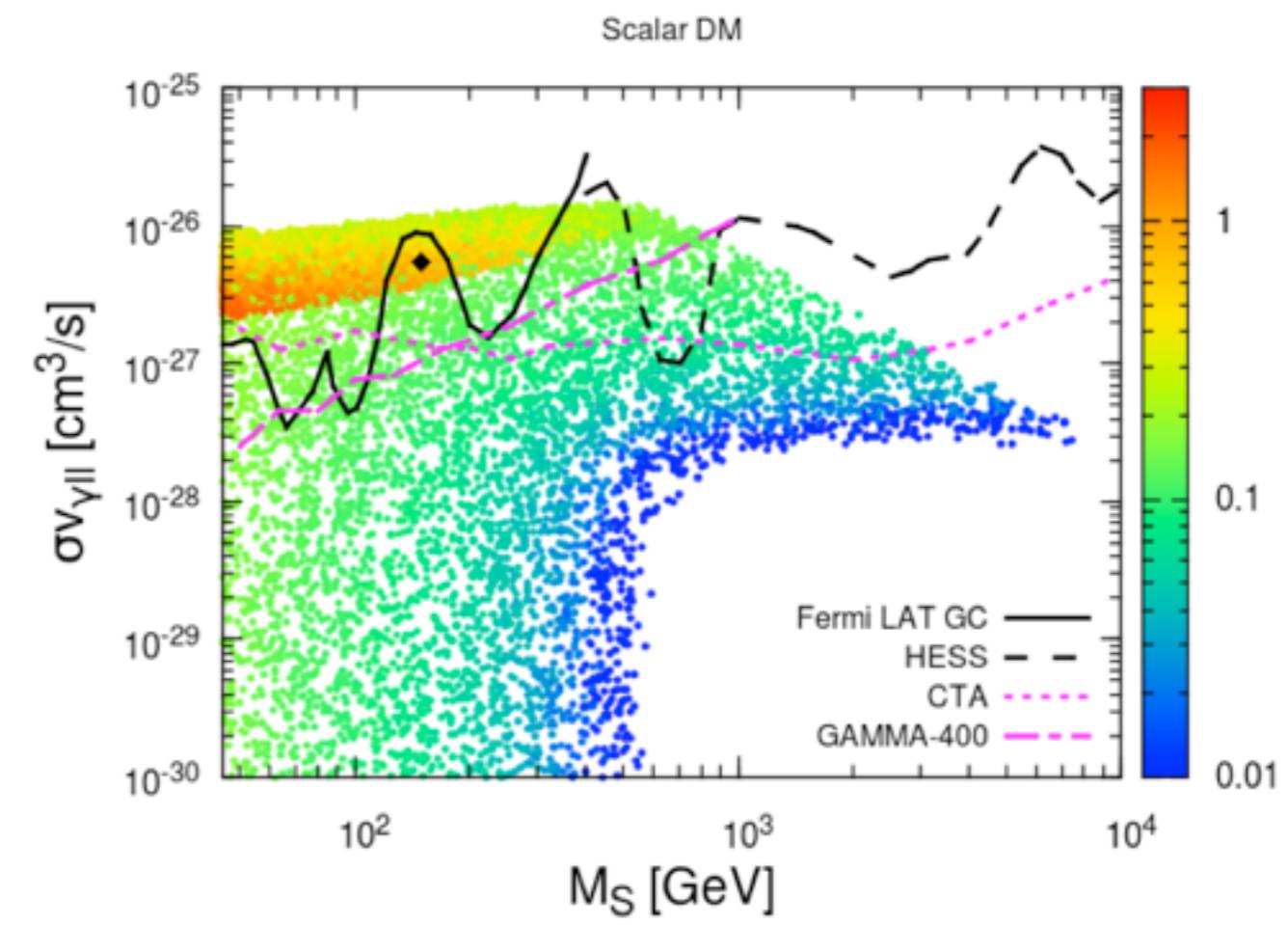
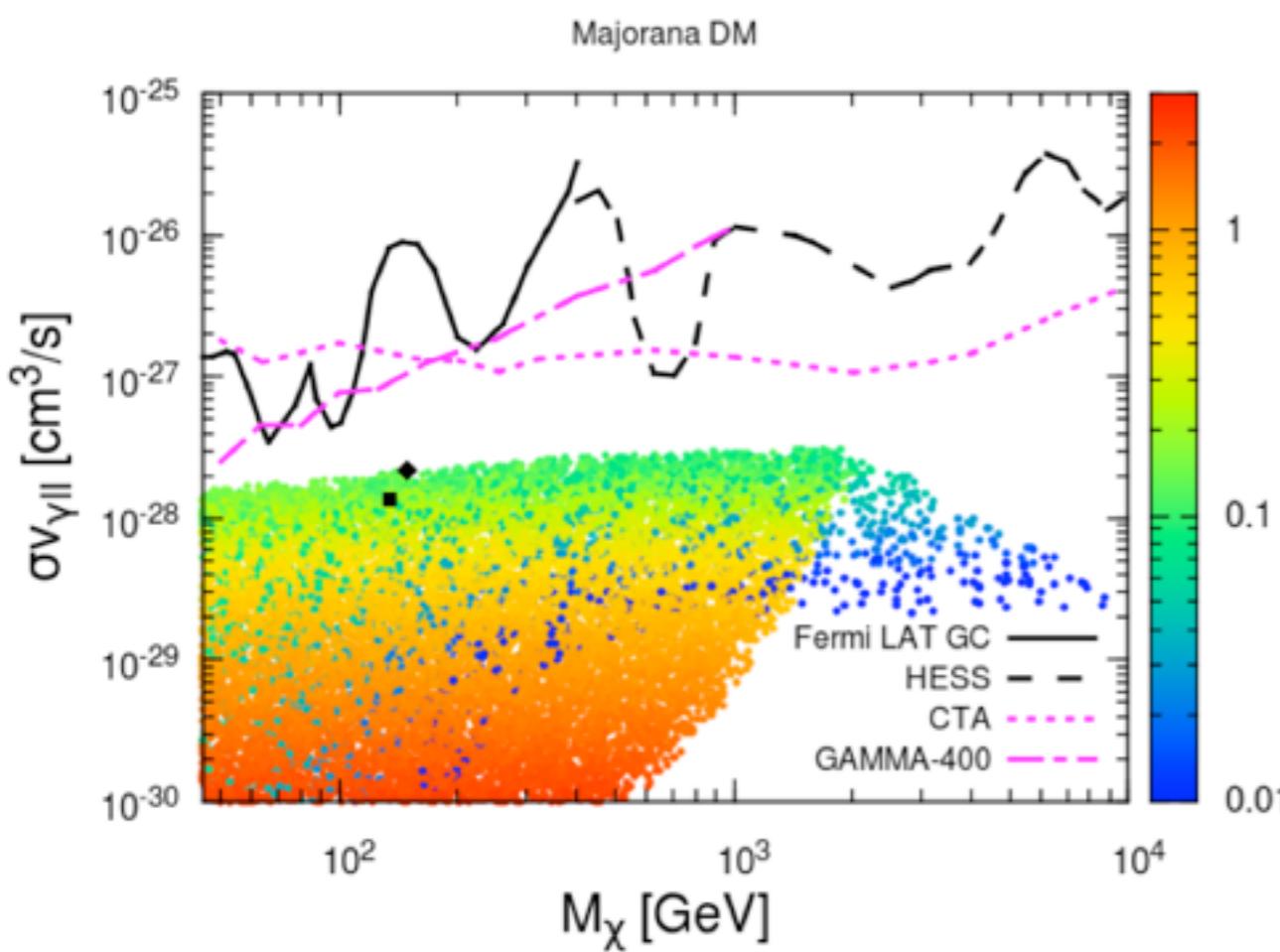
Bremsstrahlung

Both are s-wave and very strong for a scalar DM particle!

COUPLING TO VECTOR-LIKE LEPTONS

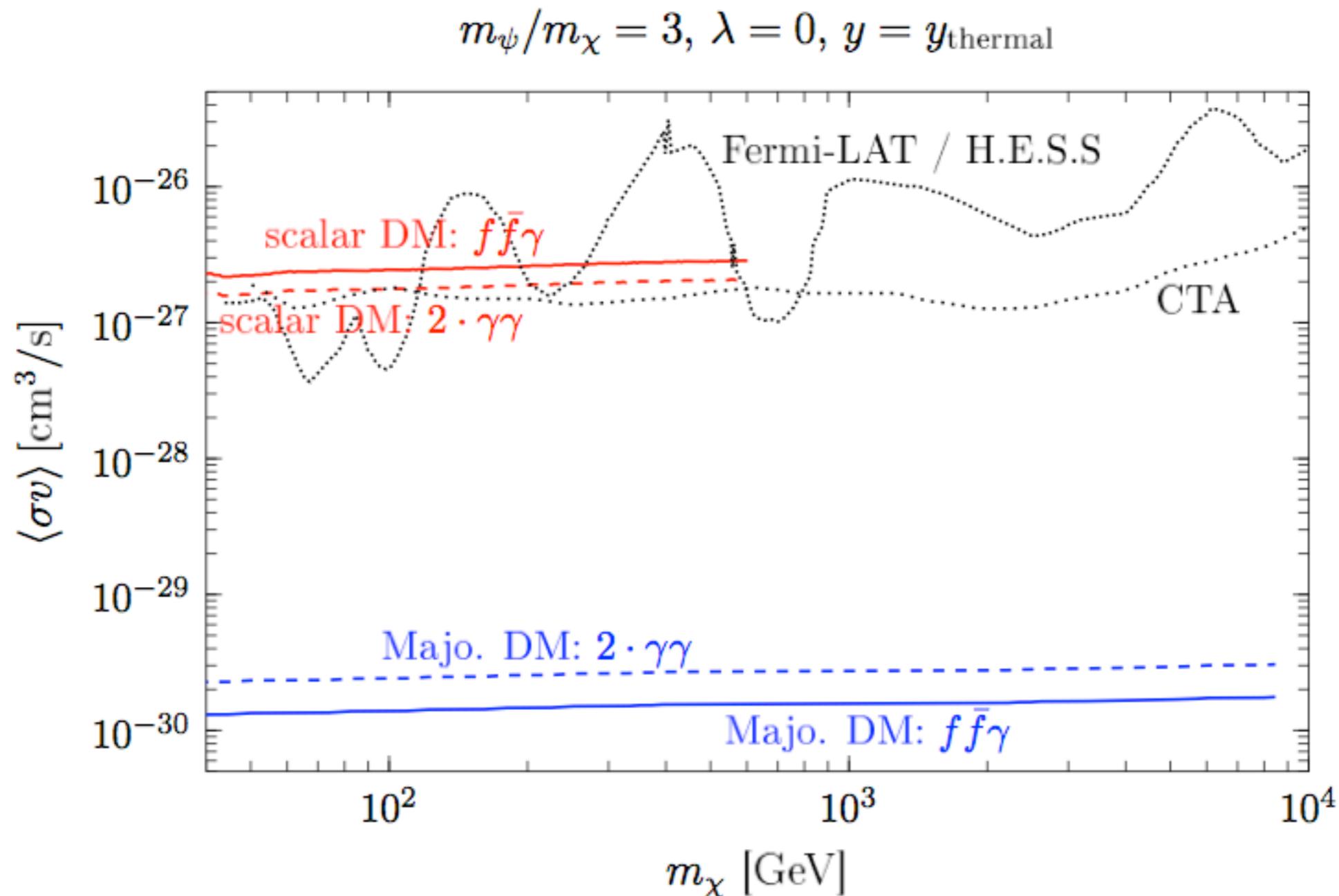
Majorana DM

Real scalar DM



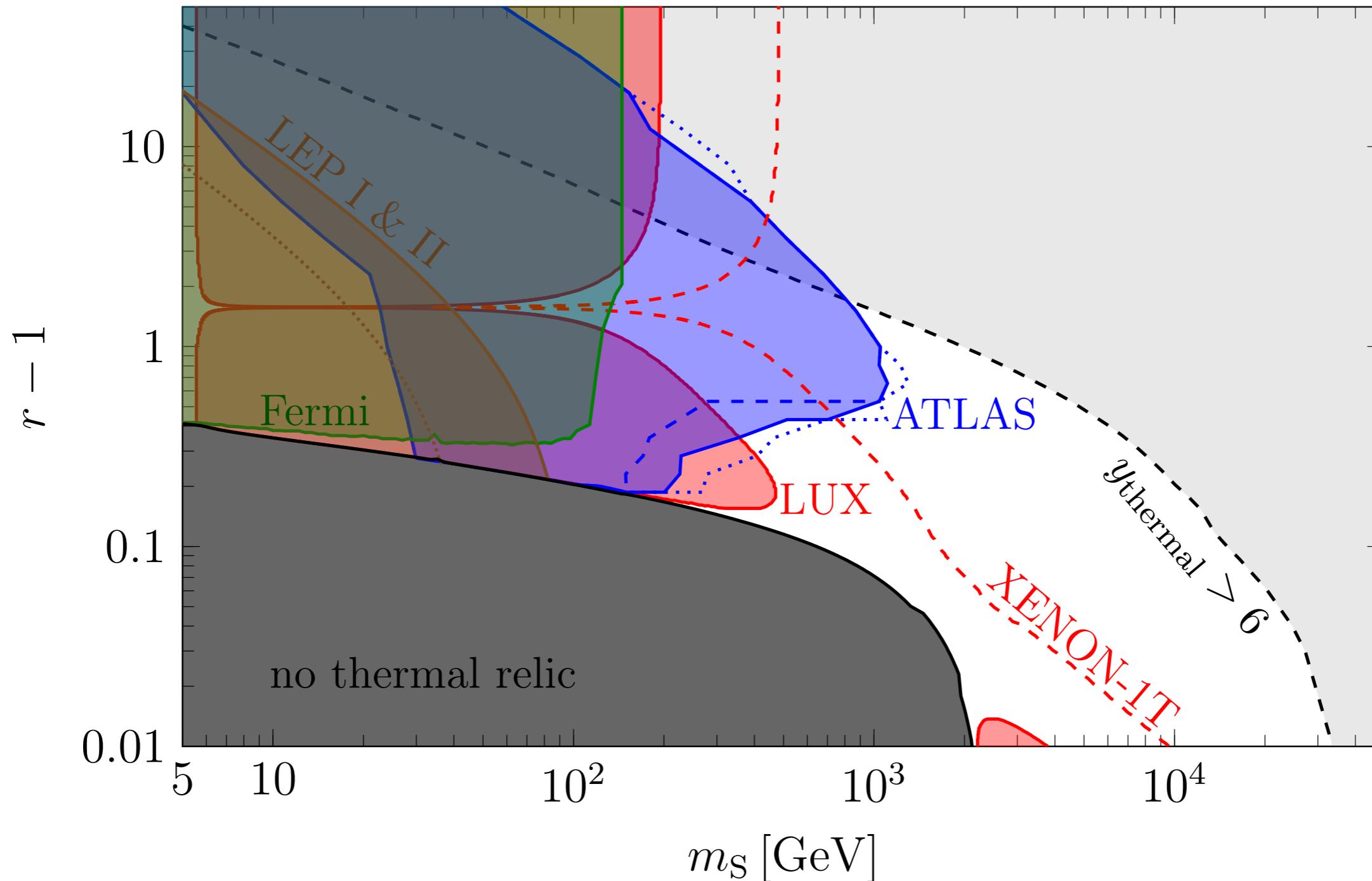
Giacchino, Lopez Honorez & MT, arXiv:1307.6480
See also
Takashi Toma, arXiv:1307.6181

COUPLING TO VECTOR-LIKE LEPTONS



COUPLING TO VECTOR-LIKE QUARKS

Coupling to u_R



III. HEAVY MINIMAL DARK MATTER

Inert Doublet

Ma & Deshpande (1978)
 Barbieri, Hall & Rychkov (2006)
 Lopez Honorez, Nezri, Oliver & MT (2007)
 ...
 See Kraml, Swiezewska, Robens,...
 talks

Scalar 7-plet

Quantum numbers			DM can decay into
SU(2) _L	U(1) _Y	Spin	
2	1/2	0	<i>EL</i>
2	1/2	1/2	<i>EH</i>
3	0	0	<i>HH*</i>
3	0	1/2	<i>LH</i>
3	1	0	<i>HH, LL</i>
3	1	1/2	<i>LH</i>
4	1/2	0	<i>HHH*</i>
4	1/2	1/2	(<i>LHH*</i>)
4	3/2	0	<i>HHH</i>
4	3/2	1/2	(<i>LHH</i>)
5	0	0	(<i>HHH*H*</i>)
5	0	1/2	—
7	0	0	($\chi\chi\chi H^\dagger H$)

~ Higgsino-like

~ Wino-like

Fermionic 5-plet



HEAVY SCALAR 7-PLET



A benchmark for multi-TeV dark matter with strong gamma-ray features

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \frac{1}{2} (|D_\mu \chi|^2 - M^2 |\chi|^2)$$

$$\chi = \begin{pmatrix} \text{DM}^{3+} \\ \text{DM}^{2+} \\ \text{DM}^+ \\ \text{DM} \\ -\text{DM}^- \\ \text{DM}^{2-} \\ -\text{DM}^{3-} \end{pmatrix}$$

Mass splitting
through loop corrections

$$M_Q - M_{Q'} \approx (Q^2 - Q'^2) \Delta$$

$$\Delta \equiv \alpha_2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{\theta_W}{2} \right) M_W \approx 166 \text{ MeV}$$

HEAVY SCALAR 7-PLET



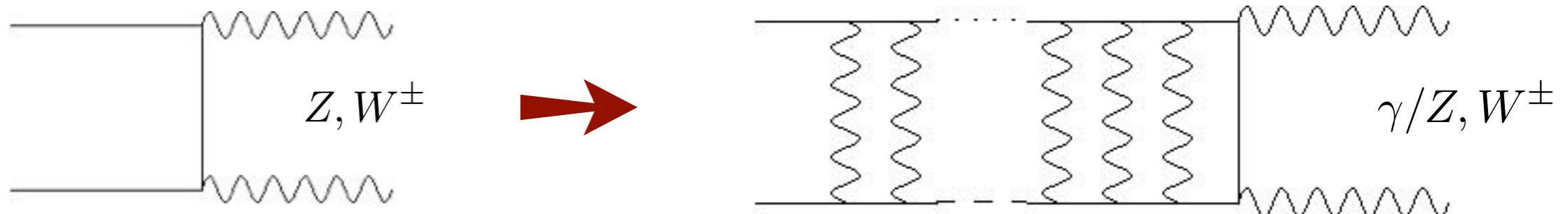
A benchmark for multi-TeV dark matter with
strong gamma-ray features

$$M_7 \sim 25 \text{ TeV}$$

Cirelli, Strumia & Tamburini (2007)

- I. CO-ANNIHILATION
2. SOMMERFELD EFFECTS

} σ_{eff}

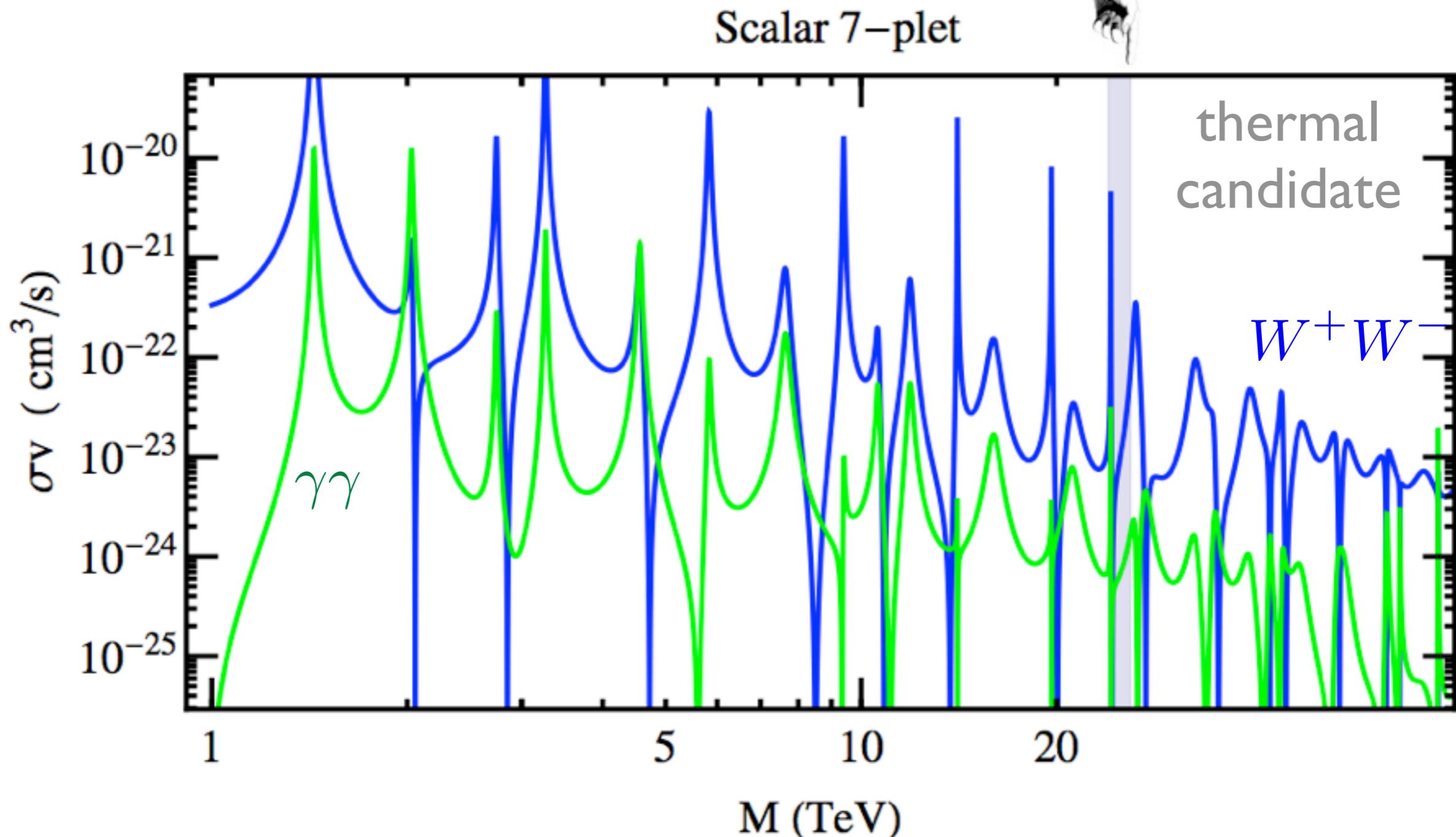


$$M_7 \gg M_{W/Z}$$

PEAKS AND DIPS IN ANNIHILATION CROSS SECTIONS

Strumia, Cirelli & Tamburini (2007)

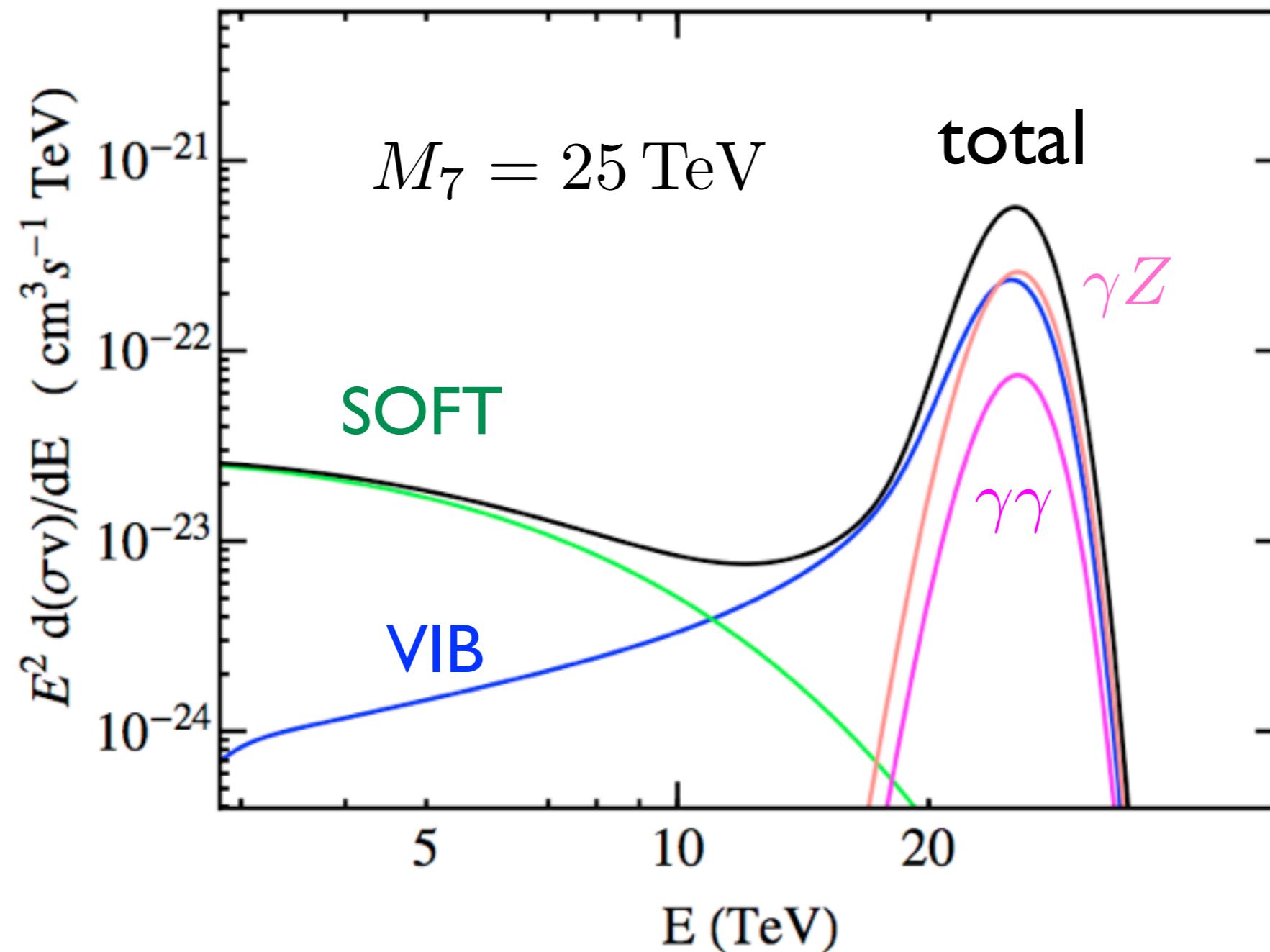
$$v_{\text{GC}} \sim 10^{-3}$$



Garcia-Cely, Ibarra, Lamperstorfer & MT, arXiv:1507.05536

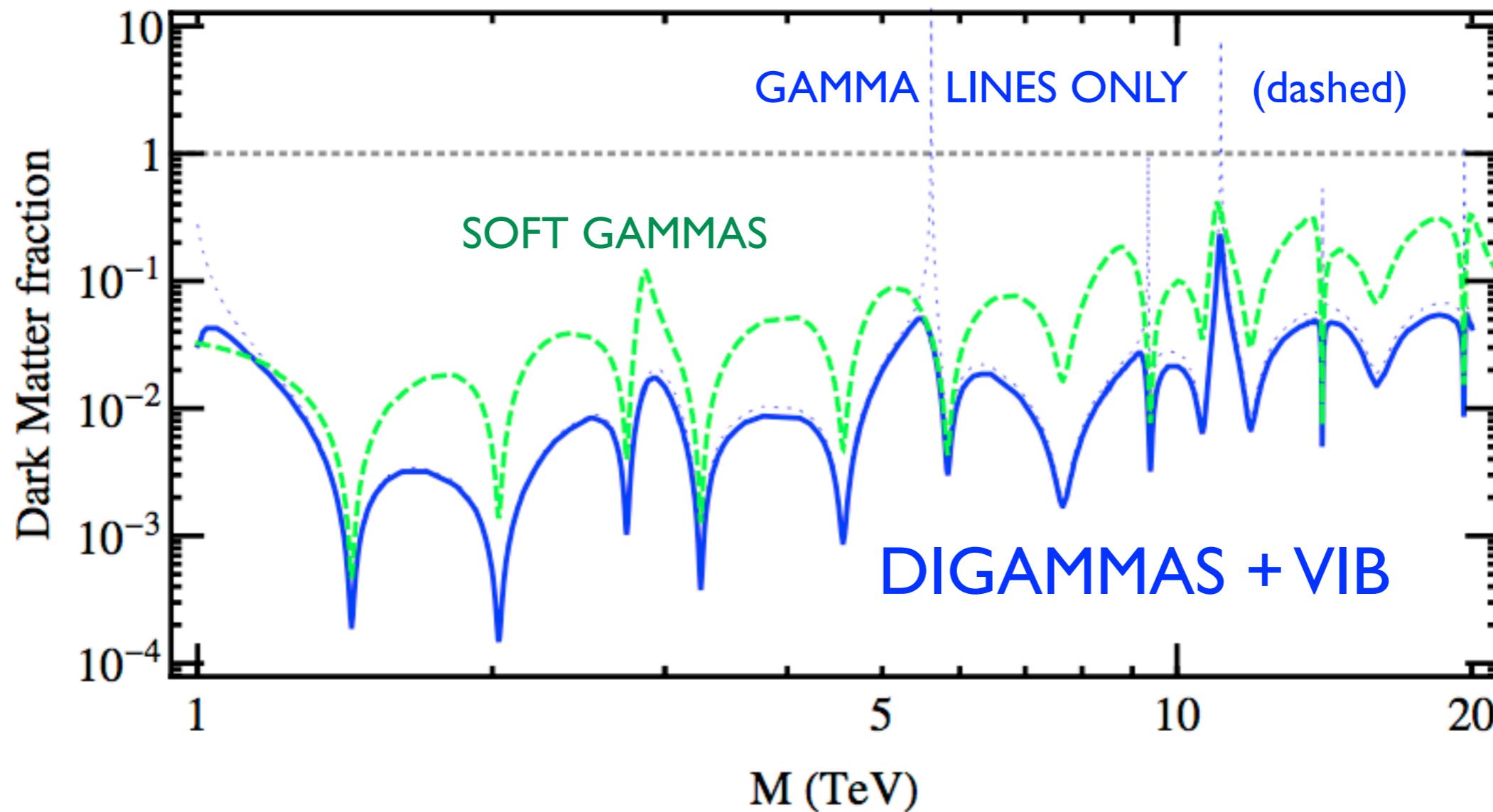
See also Cirelli, Hambye, Panci, Sala & Taoso, arXiv:1507.05519 (fermionic 5-plet)

STRONG GAMMA-RAY SPECTRAL FEATURES



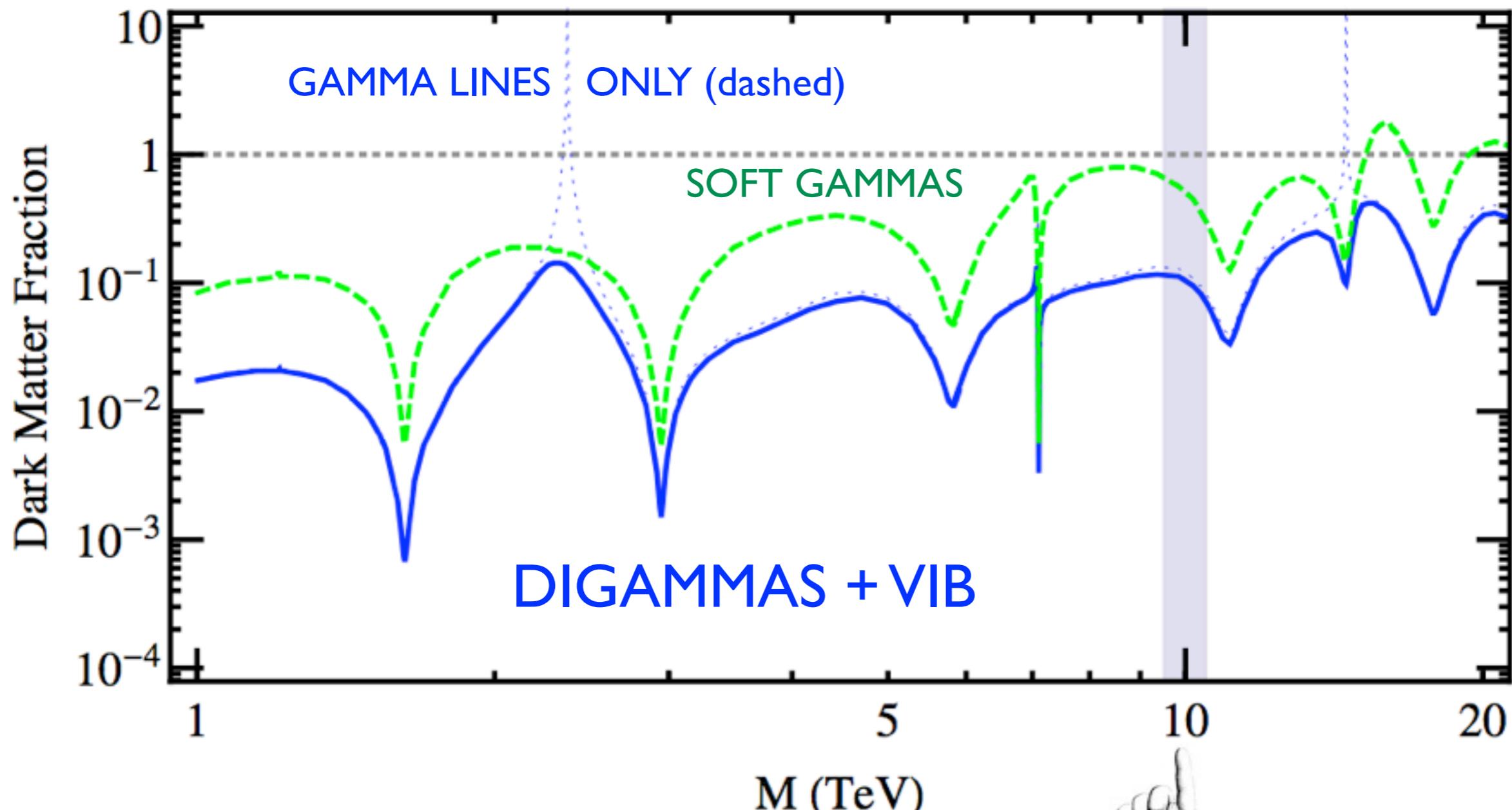
H.E.S.S. LIMITS

Scalar 7–plet, Einasto profile



H.E.S.S. LIMITS

Fermionic 5–plet, Einasto profile



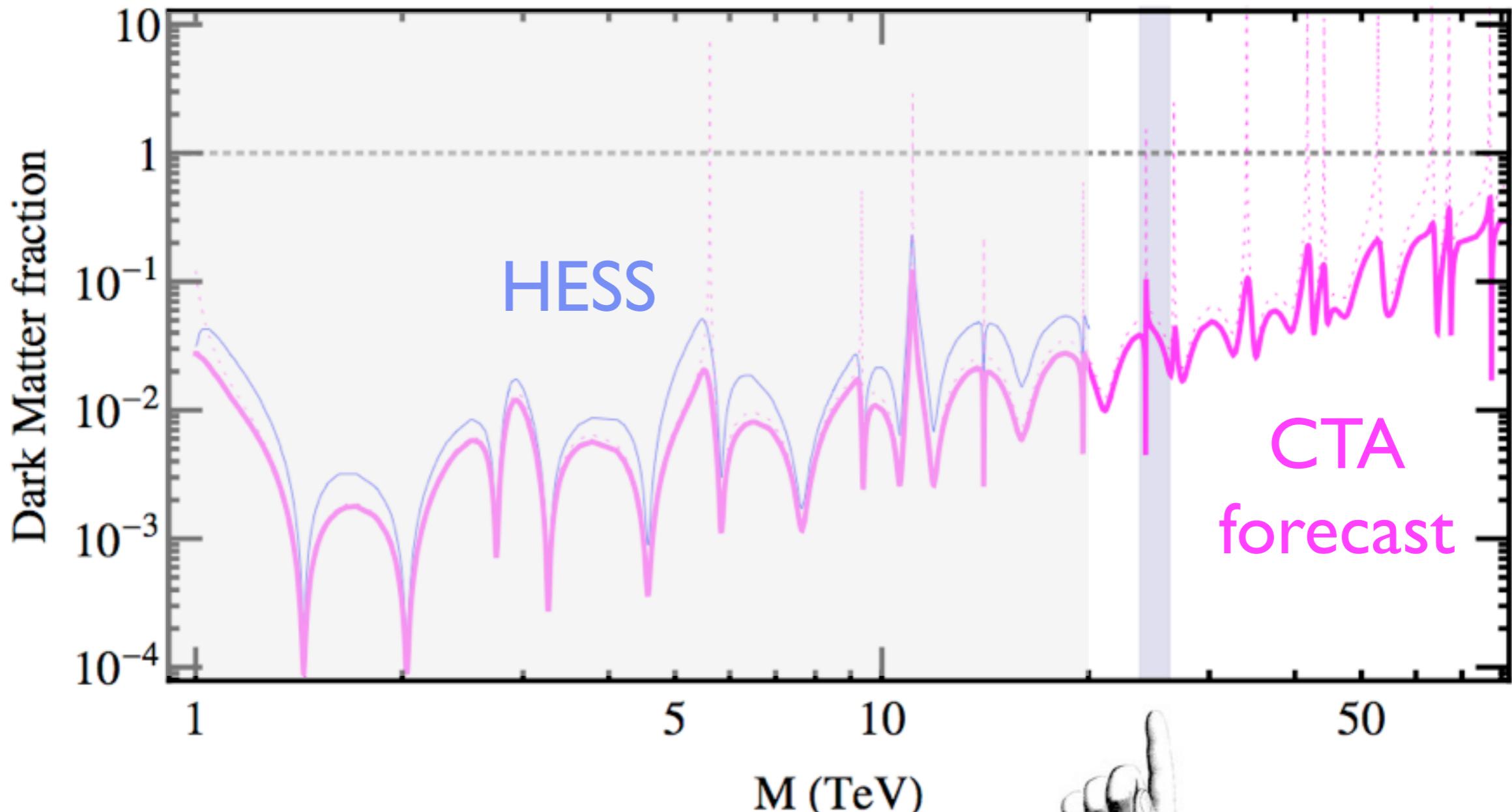
$M_5 \sim 10 \text{ TeV}$

Thermal fermionic 5-plet candidate
constrained by H.E.S.S.

Garcia-Cely, Ibarra, Lamperstorfer & MT, arXiv:1507.05536
Cirelli, Hambye, Panci, Sala & Taoso, arXiv:1507.05519

H.E.S.S. LIMITS vs CTA FORECAST

Scalar 7–plet, Einasto profile



CTA can test a thermal scalar 7-plet
(rem: it's a ~ 200 million € project)



$M_7 \sim 25$ TeV

CONCLUSIONS

Spectral features **smoking gun** signatures for WIMPs

Expect **faint** signals...

But there are **remarkable, yet simple, exceptions!**

I discussed **3 scenarios** based on **scalar WIMPs**

Scalar Weakly Interacting Massive Particle



SWIMP



SWIMP the Simple

SWIMP

To stay true and loyal to once's friends even though times might be rough

urban
DICTIONARY

Backup slides

WHY A SCALAR WIMP?

Possible relation to Higgs sector The Higgs Portal

See Gavela's talk

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} \supset -\frac{\mu^2}{2} |H|^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad \mathcal{L} \supset -\lambda_{hs} |S|^2 |H|^2$$



Dim 2

$$\sim -\lambda_{hs} \frac{v^2}{2} |S|^2$$

weak scale mass?

Patt & Wilczek (2006) "The Higgs portal"
Hempfling (1996)
Espinosa & Quiros (2007)
Hambye & MT (2007)
....

See also Lindner's talk

WHY A SCALAR WIMP?

Minimality I.0

DM as SM scalar singlet

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu S \partial^\mu S - \frac{m_S^2}{2} S^2 - \frac{\lambda_S}{4} S^4 - \frac{\lambda_{hs}}{2} S^2 |H|^2$$



$$S \xrightarrow{Z_2} -S$$

$$H \xrightarrow{Z_2} H$$

Zee & Silveira (1985) “Phantom matter”
Veltman & Yndurain (1989)
Mc Donald (1994)
Burgess, Pospelov & ter Veldhuis (2001)
...

Remark: Z_2 may be a remnant of a gauge symmetry e.g. Matter Parity in SO(10)

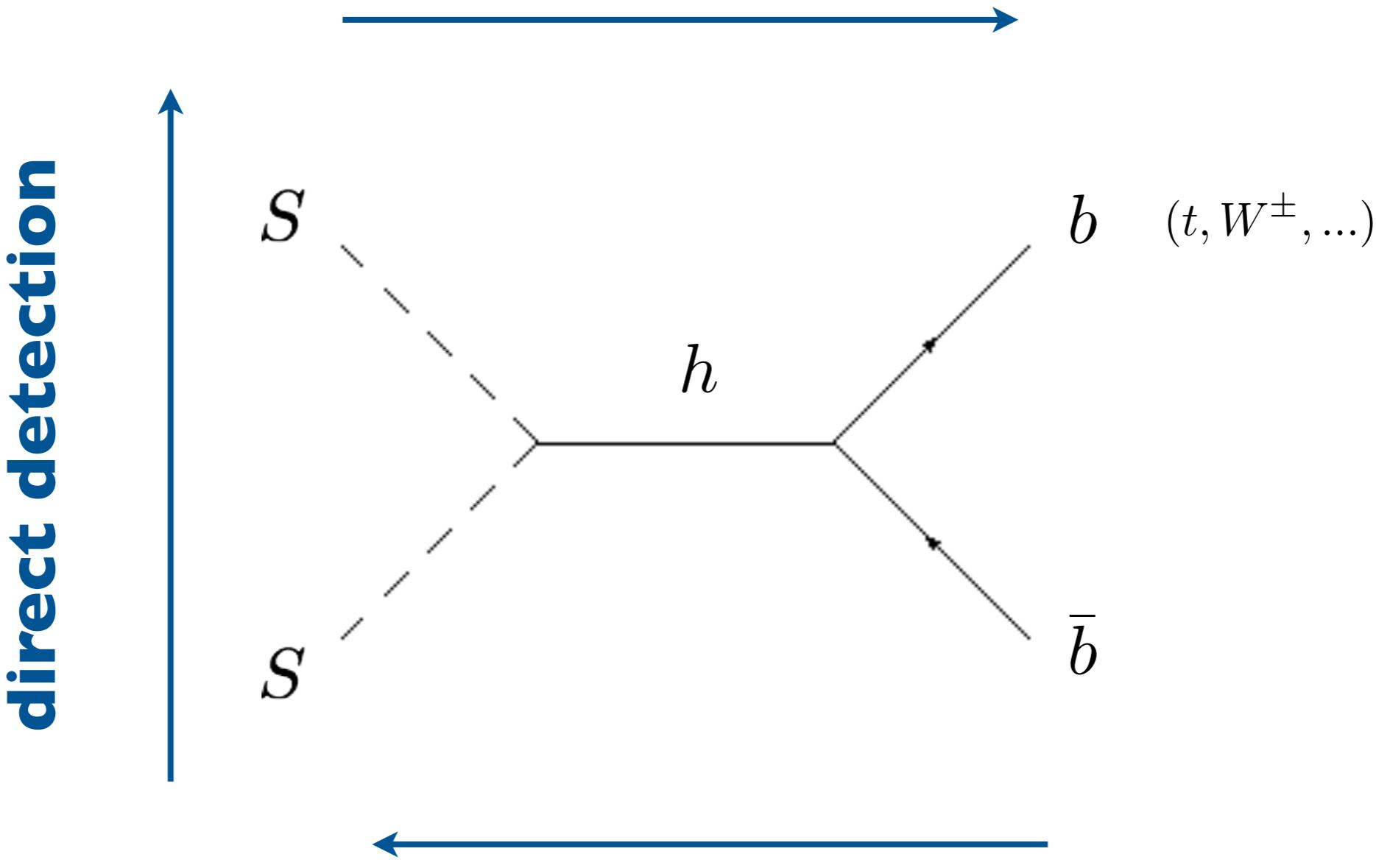
Krauss & Wilczek (1986)
Kadastik, Kannike & Raidal, arXiv:0902.2475
...

CAVEAT

$\langle S \rangle = 0$ (unbroken Z_2 symmetry)

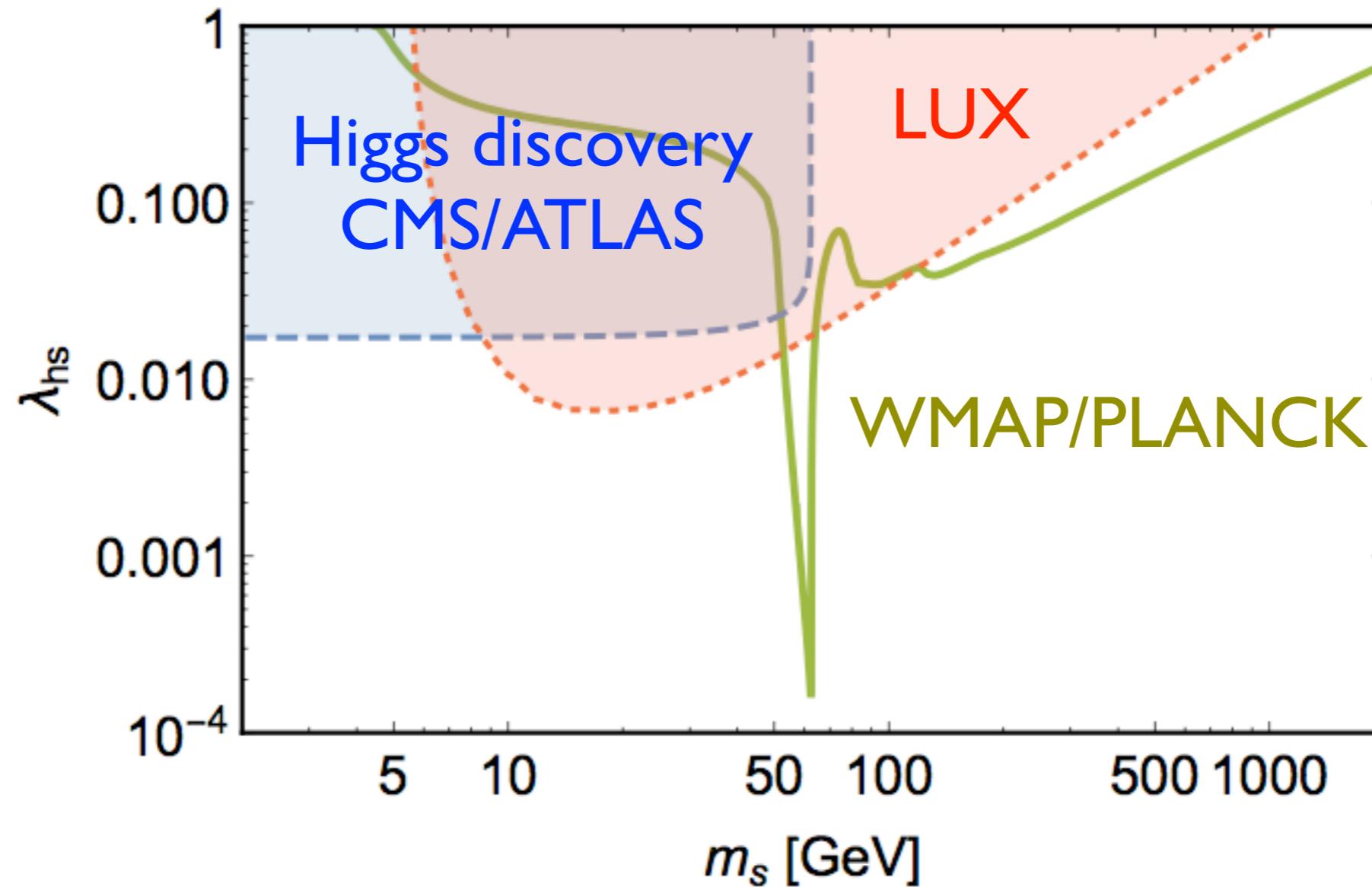
Scalar DM at the EW scale (hierarchy problem)

indirect detection



**dark matter production
at colliders**

Very simple and (by now) very constrained model



Plot from F. Kahlhoefer & McDonald, arXiv:1507.03600

Ist: MAJORANA

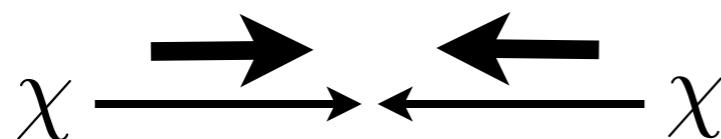
I. S-WAVE ANNIHILATION
IS MASS SUPPRESSED



$$\sigma v \propto y_f^4 \frac{m_f^2}{M_\chi^4}$$

Goldberg
 «Constraint on the Photino mass from cosmology»
 Phys.Rev.Lett. 50 (1983) 1419

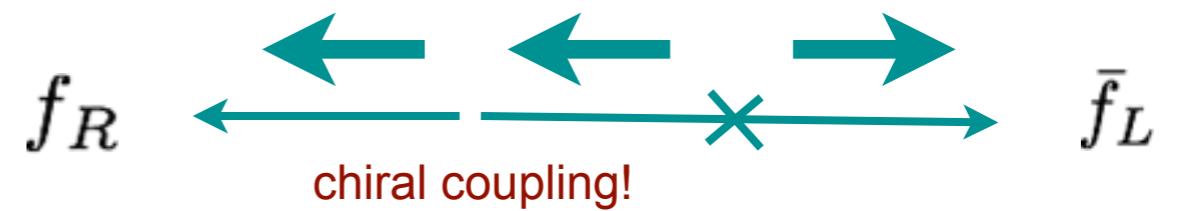
S-WAVE INITIAL STATE



$$^{2S+1}L_J(J^{PC}) = {}^1S_0(0^{-+})$$

$$|S=0\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|\downarrow\rangle|\uparrow\rangle - |\uparrow\rangle|\downarrow\rangle)$$

FINAL STATE



$$\bar{\psi}_f \gamma_5 \psi_f$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\text{s-wave}} = m_f \bar{\chi} \gamma_5 \chi \bar{\psi}_f \gamma_5 \psi_f$$

Ist: MAJORANA

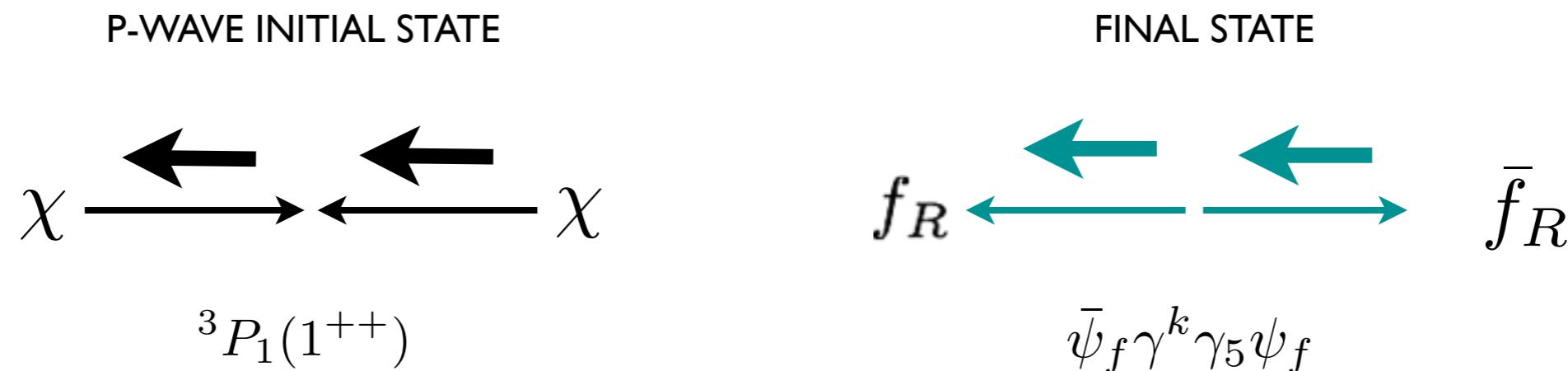


II. P-WAVE IN CHIRAL LIMIT



$$\sigma v(\chi\chi \rightarrow l\bar{l}) = \frac{g_l^4}{48\pi} \frac{v^2}{m_\chi^2} \frac{1+r^4}{(1+r^2)^4}$$

$$r = \frac{m_{\tilde{l}}}{m_\chi} \geq 1$$



$$\mathcal{O} = \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \chi \bar{\psi}_f \gamma_\mu \gamma_5 \psi_f$$

Goldberg
 «Constraint on the Photino mass from
 cosmology»
 Phys.Rev.Lett. 50 (1983) 1419



2nd: REAL SCALAR

D-WAVE IN CHIRAL LIMIT



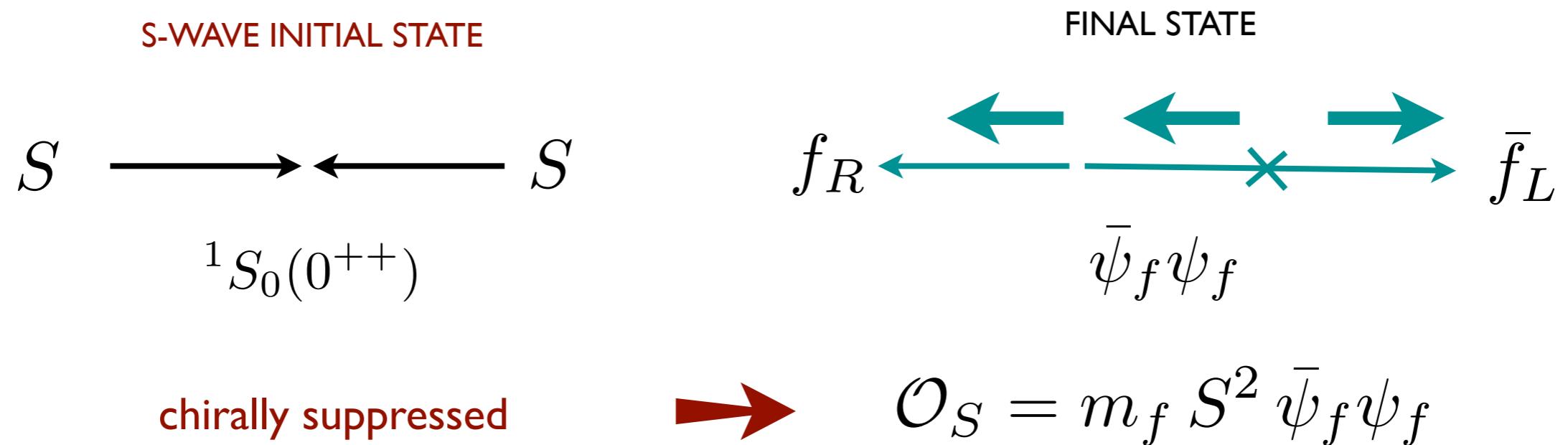
$$\sigma v(SS \rightarrow l\bar{l}) = \frac{y_l^4}{60\pi} \frac{v^4}{m_S^2} \frac{1}{(1+r^2)^4}$$

$$r = \frac{m_\psi}{m_S} \geq 1$$

Rem: I don't know of any other instance

Takashi Toma
arXiv:1307.6181
Giacchino, Lopez Honorez & M.T. arXiv:1307.6480

WHY D-WAVE SUPPRESSION?



WHY D-WAVE SUPPRESSION?

S-WAVE INITIAL STATE

$$S \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \xleftarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad S$$

$$^1S_0(0^{++})$$

FINAL STATE

$$f_R \xleftarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \xleftarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \bar{f}_L$$

$$\bar{\psi}_f \psi_f$$

chirally suppressed

$$\rightarrow \quad \mathcal{O}_S = m_f S^2 \bar{\psi}_f \psi_f$$

P-WAVE INITIAL STATE

pseudoscalar **scalar**

$$P \quad \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \xleftarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \quad S$$

$$^1P_1(1^{--})$$

FINAL STATE

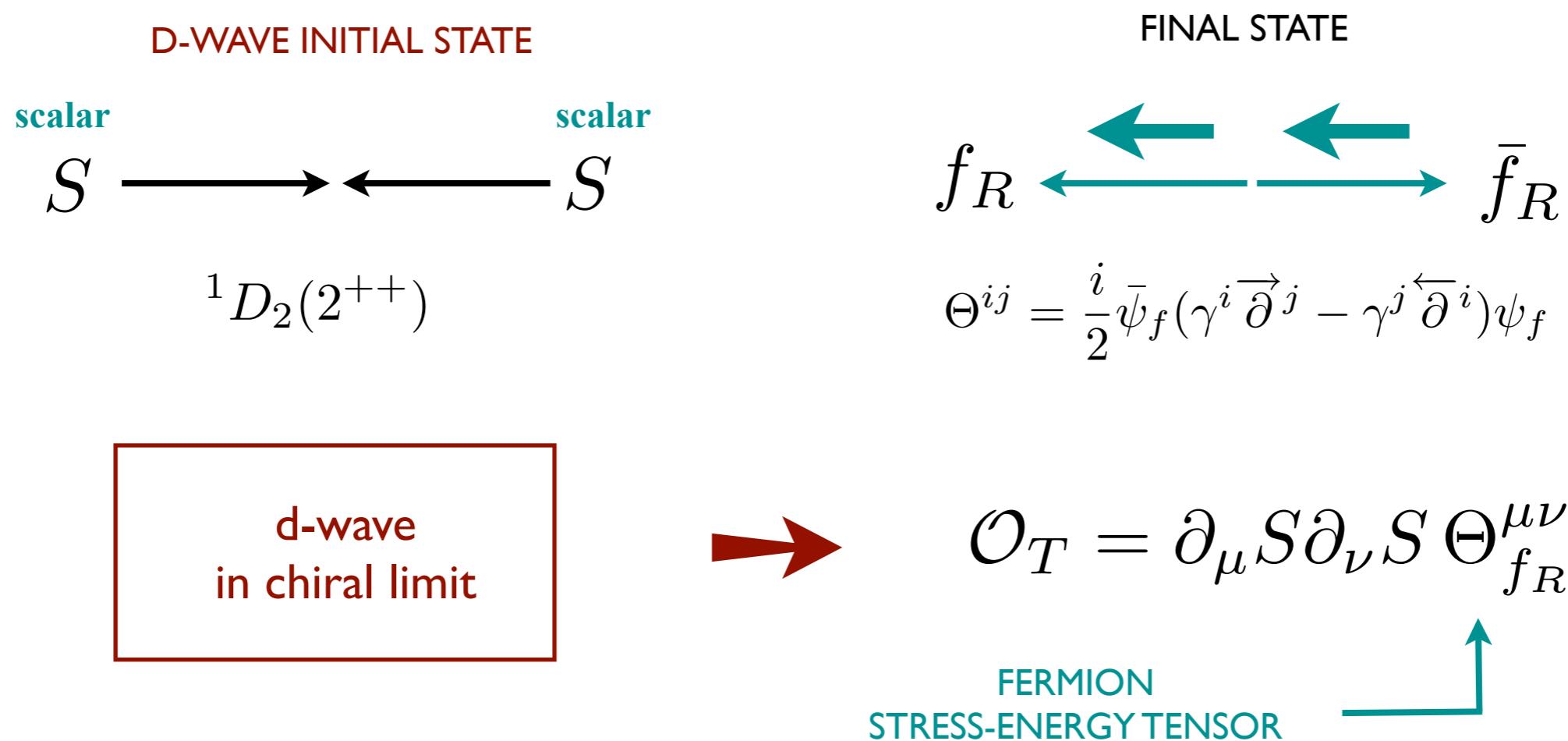
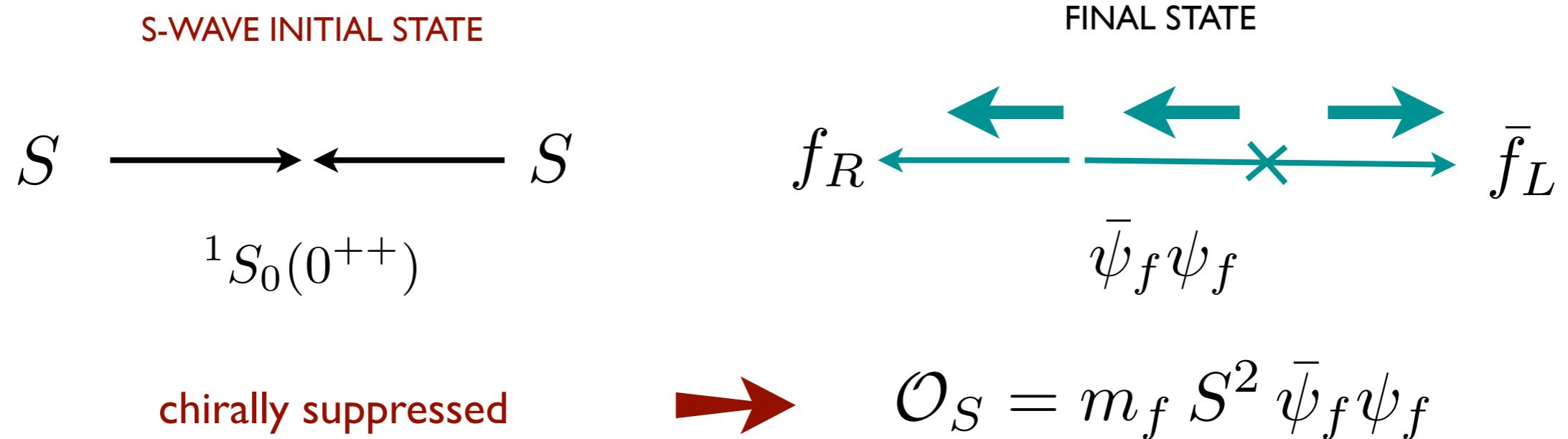
$$f_R \xleftarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \xleftarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm}} \bar{f}_R$$

$$\bar{\psi}_f \gamma^k \psi_f$$

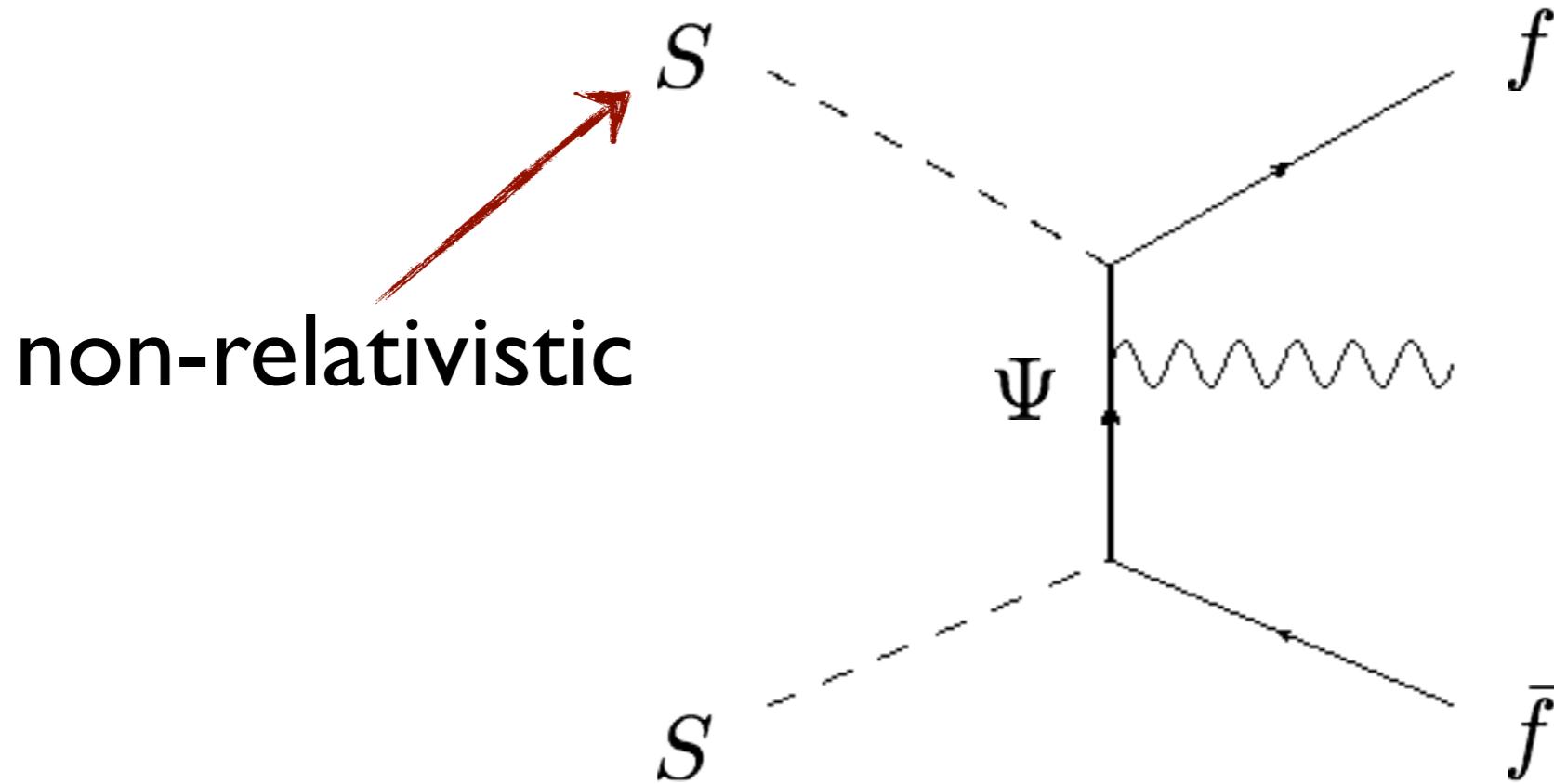
a complex scalar could
have p-wave annihilation

$$\rightarrow \quad \mathcal{O} = P \overleftrightarrow{\partial_\mu} S \bar{\psi}_f \gamma^\mu \psi_f$$

WHY D-WAVE SUPPRESSION?



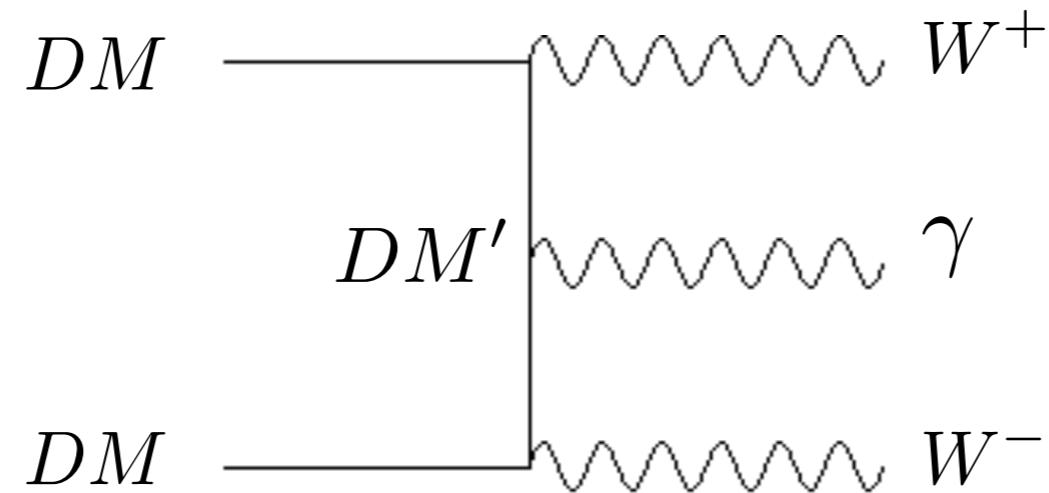
WHY VIRTUAL INTERNAL BREMSSTRAHLUNG?



$$\mathcal{M} \propto ((p_S - p_f)^2 - M_\Psi^2)^{-1} \sim (M_S^2 - 2E_f M_S - M_\Psi^2)^{-1}$$

if $M_S \sim M_\Psi$ peaks for $E_f \sim 0$

VIB = VIRTUAL INTERNAL BREMSSTRAHUNG

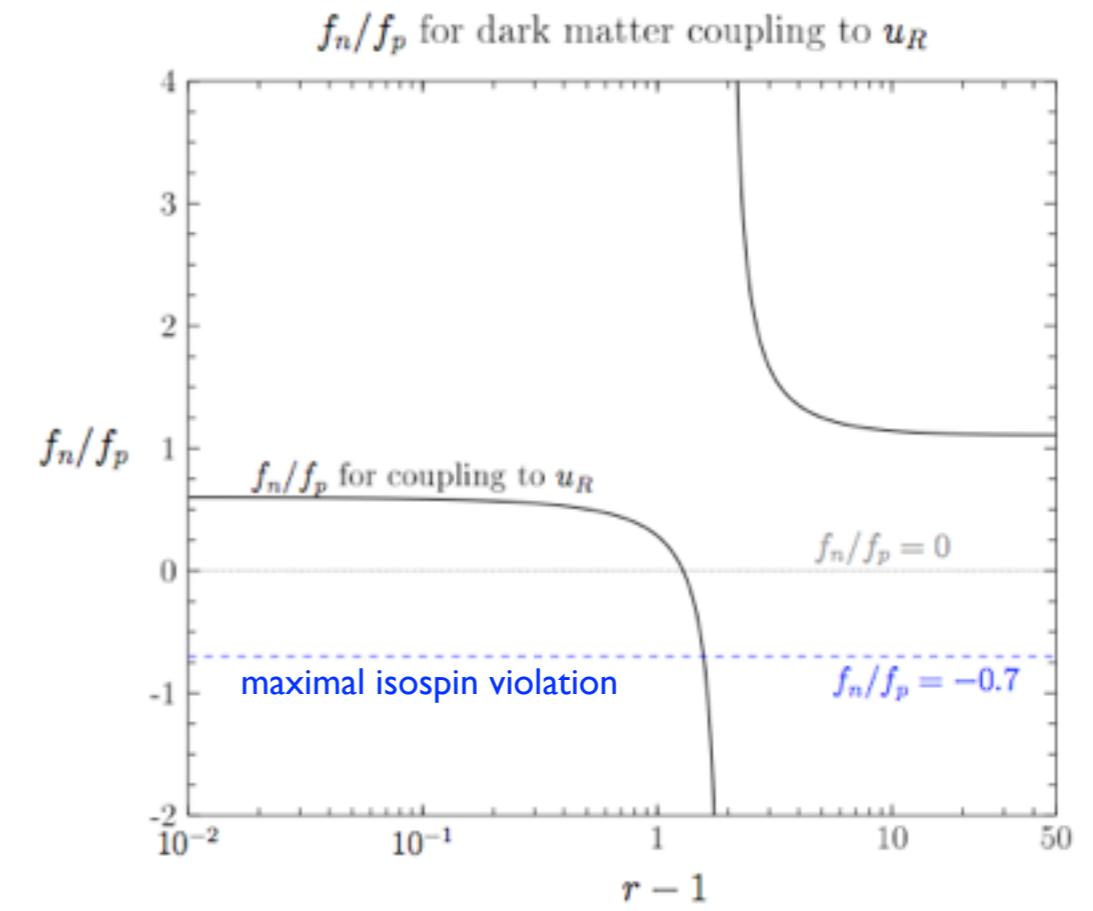
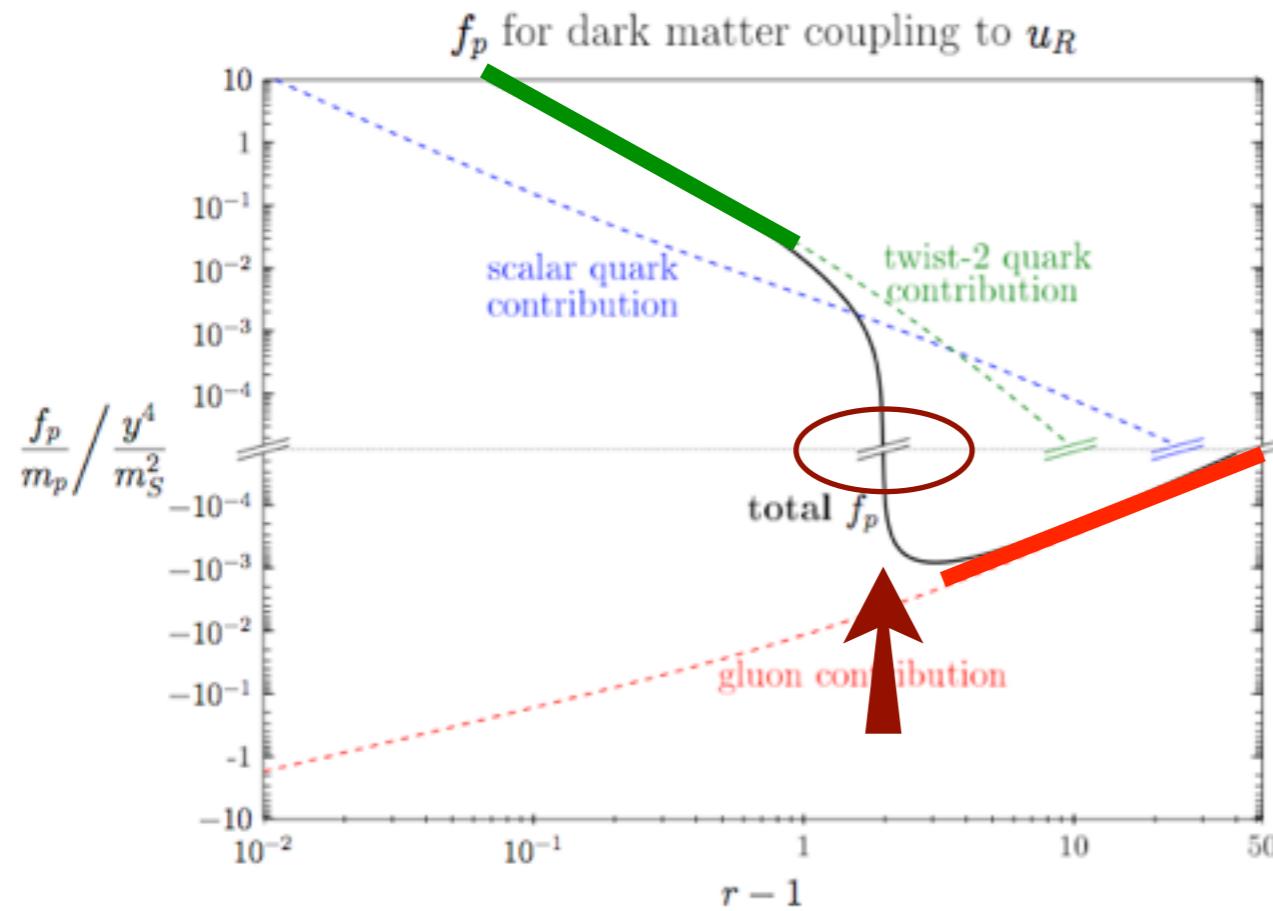


$$\mathcal{M} \propto \frac{1}{(p_{\text{DM}} - p_W)^2 - M_{\text{DM}'}^2} \sim \frac{1}{M_{\text{DM}}^2 - 2E_W M_{\text{DM}} - M_{\text{DM}'}^2} \sim \frac{1}{E_W}$$

Effectively $\sigma_{W^+ W^- \gamma} \sim \sigma_{W^\pm \gamma}$



DIRECT DETECTION isospin violation effects



destructive interference

$$\frac{f_N}{m_N} = C_S^q f_{T_q}^{(N)} + \frac{3}{4} C_T^q m_S^2 (q^{(N)}(2) + \bar{q}^{(N)}(2)) - \frac{8}{9} C_S^g f_{T_G}^{(N)}$$

twist-2

gluons

II. MDM SCALAR 7-PLET



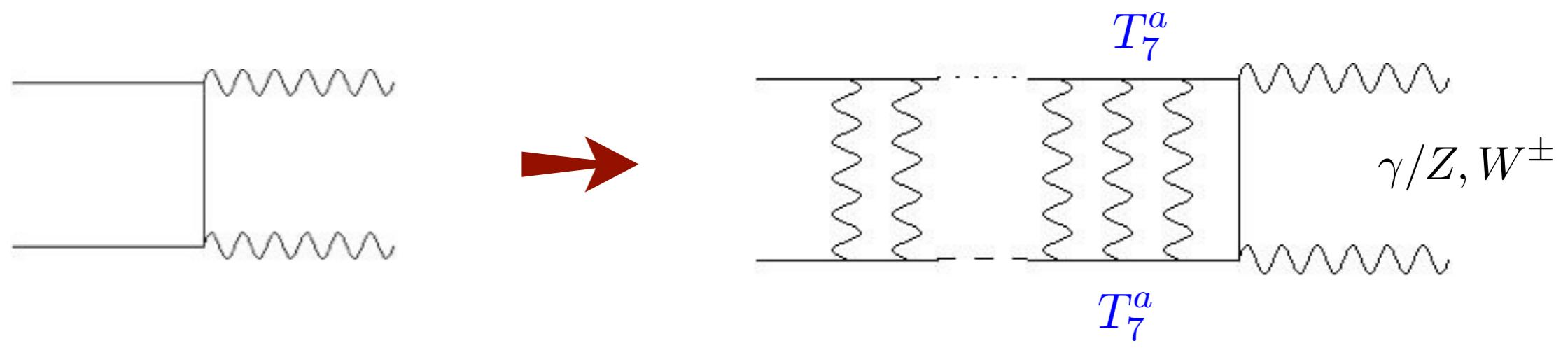
a benchmark for multi-TeV dark matter

$$M_7 \sim 25 \text{ TeV}$$

Cirelli, Strumia & Tamburini (2007)

I. Many co-annihilation channels.

2. Sommerfeld effects $M_7 \gg M_{W/Z}$

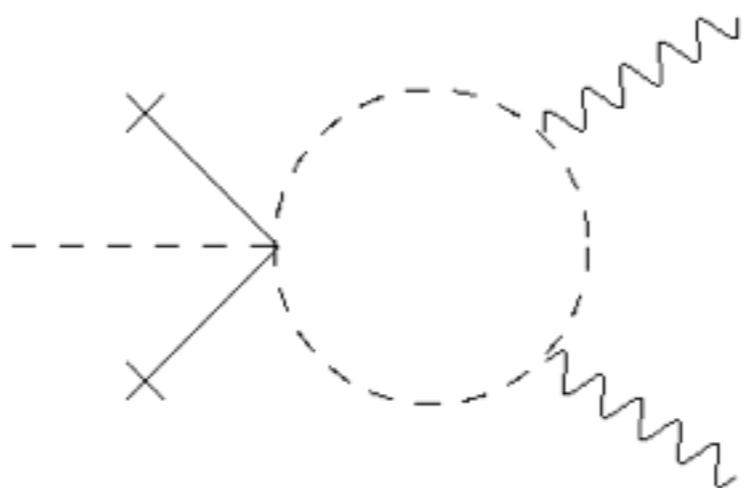


$$7 \otimes 7 = \dots \oplus 5_s \oplus \mathfrak{3}_A \oplus 1_s$$

$$V_{5/1}(r) \approx \frac{g_2^2}{r} T_7^a \otimes T_7^a|_{5/1} = \frac{g_2^2}{2r} \left(T_{5/1}^2 - 2 T_7^2 \right) = \begin{cases} V_5(r) = -\frac{9g_2^2}{r} \\ V_1(r) = -\frac{12g_2^2}{r} \end{cases}$$

II. MDM SCALAR 7-PLET

$$7 \otimes 7 \otimes 7 = \dots \oplus 3_S \oplus \dots \dots \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_5 = \frac{1}{\Lambda} (\chi_7^3)^a (\tilde{H}^\dagger \tau^a H)$$



$$\begin{aligned} \Lambda &\sim 10^{15} \text{ GeV} \\ M_\chi &\sim \text{TeV} \end{aligned} \rightarrow \tau_\chi \sim 10^{-8} \text{s}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{c} \chi \longrightarrow -\chi \\ Z_2 \end{array}}$$

