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Giant Dielectric Properties of $\text{Ca}[\text{Cu}_{3-x}\text{Ti}_x]\text{Ti}_4\text{O}_{12}$ Ceramics

$\text{Ca}[\text{Cu}_{3-x}\text{Ti}_x]\text{Ti}_4\text{O}_{12}$ ($x = 0.00, 0.03, 0.09, 0.15$ and 0.30) ceramics were prepared using a solid-state reaction method. The mixed oxides were calcined at $800\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 h and then sintered at $1090\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 5 h. The effects of Ti doping ions on the microstructure and dielectric properties were studied. The results indicated that the $\text{Ca}[\text{Cu}_{3-x}\text{Ti}_x]\text{Ti}_4\text{O}_{12}$ showed improved dielectric properties, including giant permittivity ($\epsilon' \sim 10^4$) and low loss tangent ($\tan\delta \sim 0.13\text{--}0.01$) at room temperature over the frequency range from 40 Hz to 10 MHz. Notably, the $\text{Ca}[\text{Cu}_{3-x}\text{Ti}_x]\text{Ti}_4\text{O}_{12}$ with $x=30\%$ showed improved dielectric properties with $\epsilon' \sim 5.91 \times 10^4$ and low $\tan\delta \sim 0.07$ at room temperature and 1 kHz. Impedance spectroscopy was used to analyze the electrical properties of the grains and grain boundaries. The giant dielectric properties were explained by an internal boundary layer capacitance (IBLC) effect.

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