

Contribution ID: 45 Type: Poster

Absorption spectra and activity of s-tetrazine derivatives on [4+2] Diels-Alder cycloaddition reaction

Derivatives of s-tetrazine (R-T-R') are theoretical studied to examine the effect of the connected groups (R and R') to their absorption spectra and their reactivities on Diels-Alder cycloaddition. In case of absorption spectra, all s-tetrazine derivatives have absorption spectrum about 550nm which cause by $n \rightarrow \pi transition$ in the tetrazine ring. Another absorption peak around 300-450nm can only be observed when electron donating groups OH, NH2 and phenyl were added to the tetrazine ring which correspond to the $\pi \rightarrow \pi$ transition and their aptitudes follow their strengths of the electron donating groups (except OH-T-H, OH-T-COOH and NH2-T-COOH). In case of electron withdrawing groups attached to the tetrazine ring, it does not change a peak at 550 nm but cause the red shift and reduce adsorption strength of 300-450 nm region. For reaction activities of s-tetrazine derivatives when reacted with ethylene. The molecular electronic structures state that the reaction follows the inverse electron demand Diels-Alder addition fashion. The activation energies for this reaction increase when an electron donating groups is added but decrease when an electron withdrawing group is attached to the tetrazine ring.

Author: Mr CHAROENWIANGNUEA, Patipan (NANOTEC-KU-Center of Excellence on Nanoscale Materials Design for Green Nanotechnology, Kasetsart University, Bangkok 10900, Thailand)

Presenter: Mr CHAROENWIANGNUEA, Patipan (NANOTEC-KU-Center of Excellence on Nanoscale Materials Design for Green Nanotechnology, Kasetsart University, Bangkok 10900, Thailand)

Track Classification: Theory and simulation related to nanosystem