



Contribution ID: 388

Type: Poster

Exploring thermalization and fluidity in a hadron gas using an excluded volume hadron resonance gas approach

Friday 16 December 2022 14:00 (1 hour)

The existence of different phases of matter produced in relativistic heavy-ion collisions require a hadronic description, creating much interest in the hadronic phase. We explore the possibility of thermalization and applicability of hydrodynamics in a hadron gas medium using the Knudsen number (Kn). $Kn \ll 1$ implies a system with a large number of collisions, thus making the system thermalized. Further, we probe the nature of the system by studying its viscosity and compressibility through Reynolds (Re) and Mach (Ma) numbers. These dimensionless parameters are studied for different system sizes and baryochemical potentials (μ_B). The obtained values of these observables at high temperatures point towards the possibility of inviscid compressible flows in the system ($Kn \ll 1$, $Re \gg 1$, and $Ma \sim 1$). The comparable values of Kn over different system sizes indicate the applicability of hydrodynamics for different systems, from high multiplicity pp to heavy-ion collisions.

Session

Heavy Ions and QCD

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Session Classification: Poster - 4