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## Measurement of low energy ionization signals from Compton scattering in a CCD dark matter detector

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An important source of background in direct searches for low-mass dark matter particles are the energy deposits by small-angle scattering of environmental  $\gamma$  rays. We report detailed measurements of low-energy spectra from Compton scattering of  $\gamma$  rays in the bulk silicon of a charge-coupled device (CCD). Electron recoils produced by  $\gamma$  rays from  $^{57}\text{Co}$  and  $^{241}\text{Am}$  radioactive sources are measured between 60 eV and 4 keV. The observed spectra agree qualitatively with theoretical predictions, and characteristic spectral features associated with the atomic structure of the silicon target are accurately measured for the first time. A theoretically-motivated parametrization of the data that describes the Compton spectrum at low energies for any incident  $\gamma$ -ray flux is derived. The result is directly applicable to background estimations for low-mass dark matter direct-detection experiments based on silicon detectors, in particular for the DAMIC experiment down to its current energy threshold.

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