



Contribution ID: 688

Type: **not specified**

An axion-like particle explanation of $B \rightarrow \pi K$ puzzle and $B \rightarrow K \nu \bar{\nu}$ excess

Thursday 16 May 2024 14:15 (15 minutes)

In light of the recent branching fraction measurement of $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ -decay and its deviation from the SM expectation, we analyze the prospect of an axion-like particle (ALP) as the cause of such a departure. We assume a long-lived ALP with a mass of the order of a pion that predominantly decays to two photons. We focus on the scenario where the ALP decay length is several meters and therefore a non-negligible probability to decay outside detector volume of Belle-II mimicking the $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ -signal. Remarkably, such an arrangement provides a simple explanation to the long-standing $B \rightarrow \pi K$ -puzzle by noting that the measured $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 K^0$ and $B^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 K^+$ decays have a $B^0 \rightarrow a K^0$ and $B^+ \rightarrow a K^+$ component respectively. We also argue based on our results that the axion-photon effective coupling belongs to a region in the parameter space that is still allowed after considering all the constraints known from various experiments.

Mini Symposia (Invited Talks Only)

Authors: ROY, Shibasis (Chennai Mathematical Institute); Prof. ALTMANNSHOFER, Wolfgang (University of California, Santa Cruz)

Presenter: ROY, Shibasis (Chennai Mathematical Institute)

Session Classification: Quark and Lepton Flavor Physics

Track Classification: Quark and Lepton Flavor Physics