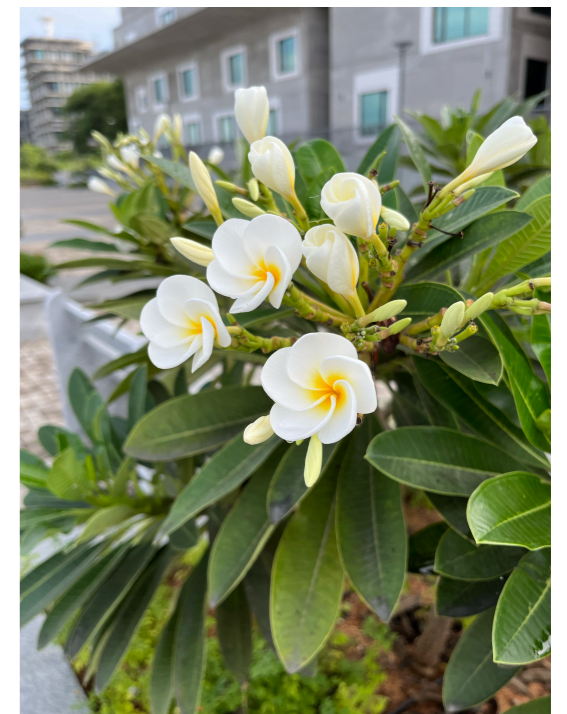


Uncovering ν_τ - philic Secret Interactions in DUNE



Seodong Shin (신서동)



전북대학교
JEONBUK NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

New symmetry in the neutrino sector

Neutrino: a portal to New Physics BSM

- Neutrino oscillation itself is a crucial evidence of BSM.
- Not many things are known in the neutrino sector: mass, CPV, ...
- Precise observation is experimentally challenging but a variety of program is on its way: new interactions/symmetries can be tested.

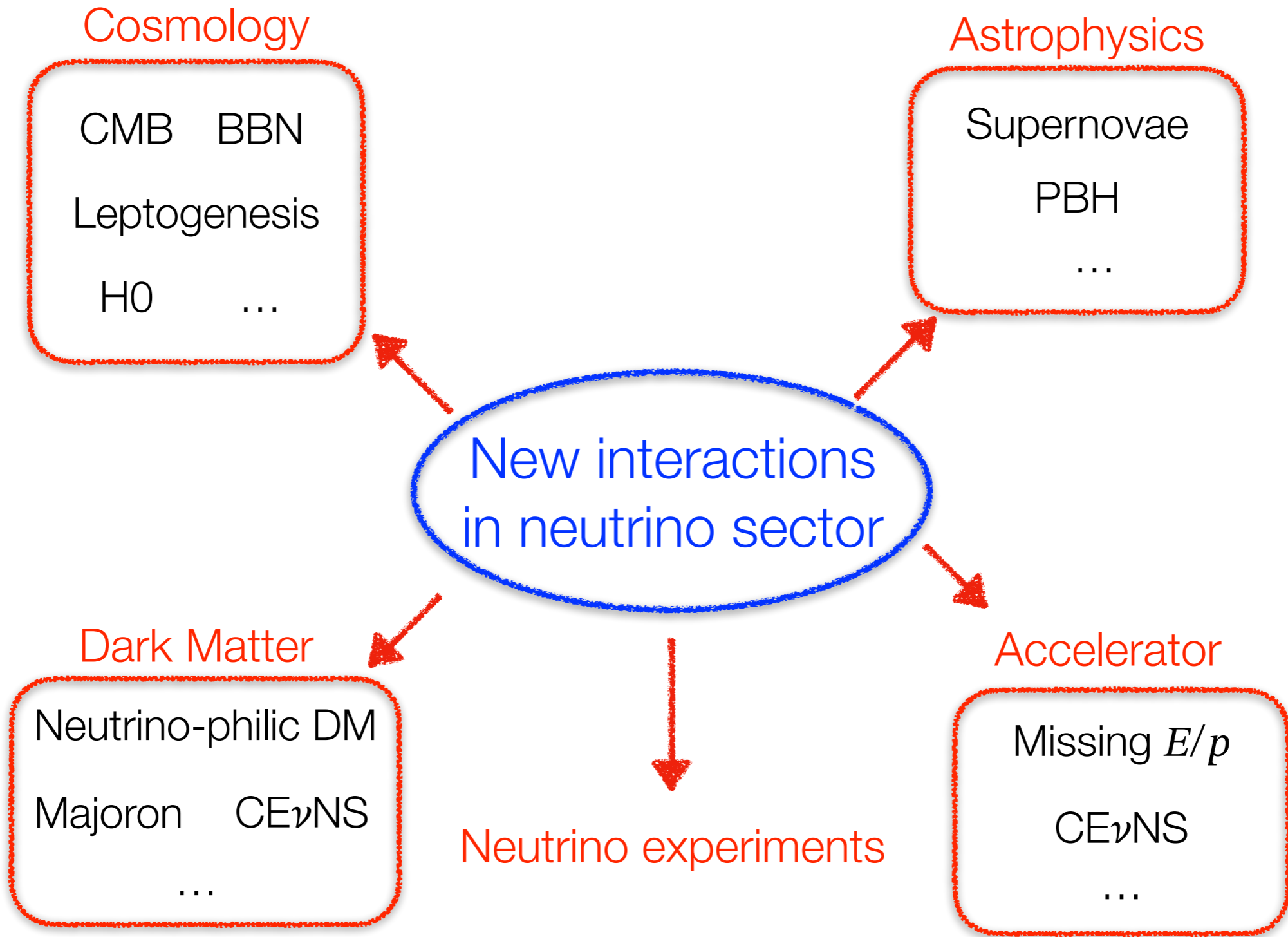
New symmetry in the neutrino sector

New interactions
in neutrino sector

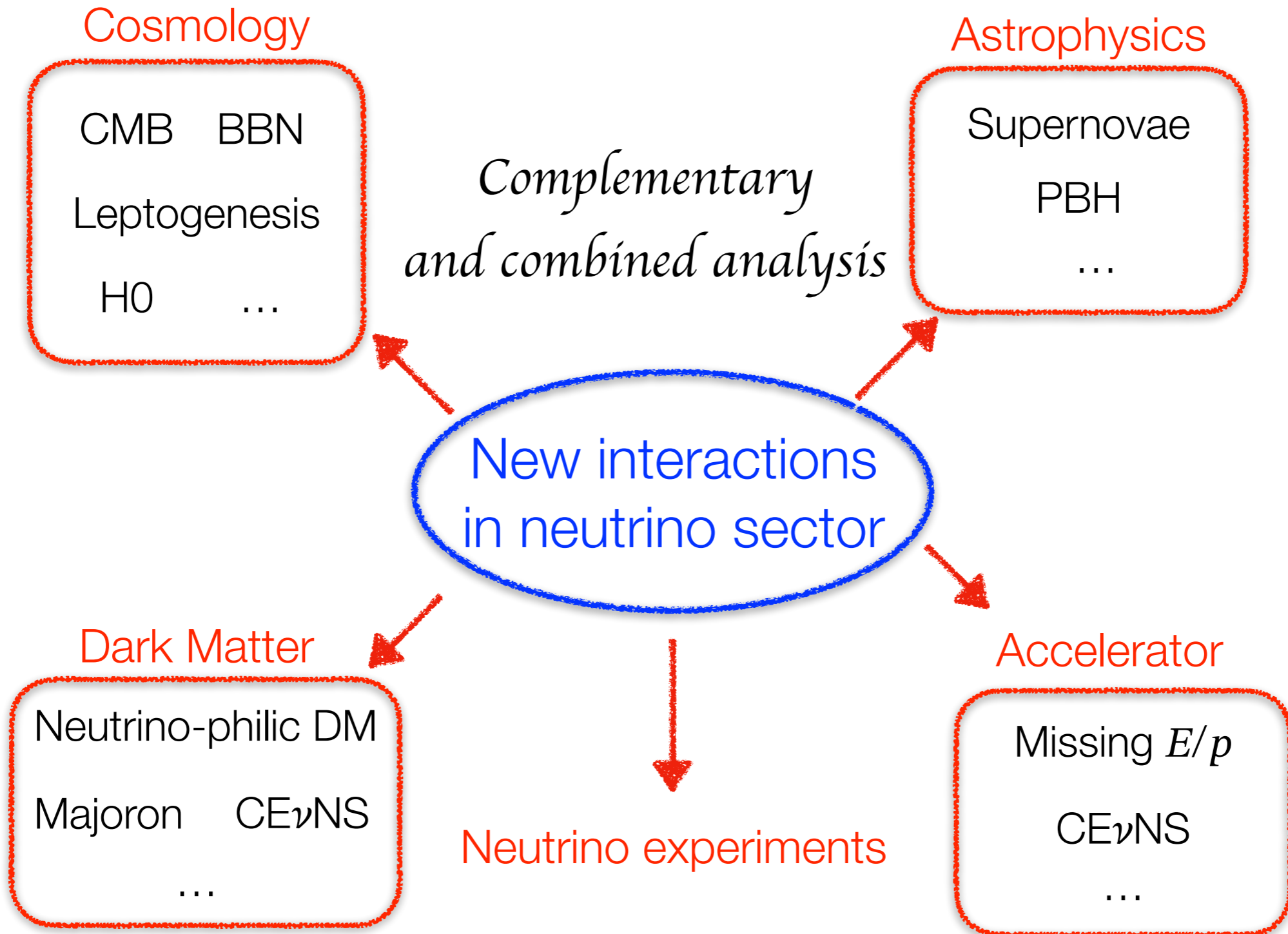


Neutrino experiments

New symmetry in the neutrino sector



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Focus: self interactions among active ν (or + sterile ν)

⇒ secret neutrino interaction (SNI)

- Neutrino oscillation anomalies: LSND, MiniBooNE

Asadi et al., PRD 2018 Smirnov, Valera, JHEP 2021

Dentler, Esteban, Kopp, Machado, PRD 2019

Abdallash, Gandhi, Roy, JHEP 2022 Dutta et al., PRL 2022

- Dark matter interacting with active ν : Majoron DM, sterile ν DM

Dark matter interactions Rothstein, Babu, Seckel, NPB 1993 [Full article](#)

De Gouvea, Sen, Tangarife, Zhang, PRL 2020

- Cosmological issues: small scale problems (strongly constrained)

Aarssen, Bringman, Pfrommer, PRL 2012 Ahlgren, Ohlsson, Zhou, PRL 2013

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See also SNOWMASS WP
2022,
Berryman et al., PDU 2023

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New symmetry in the neutrino sector

- Flavor-universal SNIs are strongly constrained by cosmological/astrophysical observations: CMB, BAO, BBN, ..

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Das, Ghosh, JCAP 2021

Huang, Ohlsson, Zhou, PRD 2018

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Burgess, Cline, PLB 1993

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Berryman et al., PDU 2023

Probe flavor non-universal or off-diagonal SNI with $\nu_\tau, g_{\tau\alpha}$?

→ Tau neutrino experiments

Observations of ν_τ

Direct observation of ν_τ from $\nu_\tau N \rightarrow \tau X$ is challenging.

- Decay of τ is prompt and semi-visible making its identification and reconstruction hard.
- $E_{\text{th}} > 3 \text{ GeV}$ is high beyond the oscillation maxima.
- CC- σ is smaller than the values of other flavor neutrinos.

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DONuT (9 events), OPERA (10 events), IceCube (7 high E events)

Statistically from $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$: SK (291), IceCube (1804 CC + 556 NC)

Observations of ν_τ

More data will be coming soon!

- Accelerator based experiments: SND@LHC & FASER ν (current)
FLArE100, FASER ν 2, AdvSND, SHiP, DUNE ND (future)
- Atmospheric experiments: IceCube, TAMBO, DUNE FD, ...
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- Downward-going ν_τ events: Not from oscillation,
⇒ **Anomalous downward-going ν_τ appearance**

**Extremely
sensitive to
New Physics**

See also Dev, Dutta, Han, Kim, PLB 2024 for short-baseline experiments

Theoretical set-up

Reference scenario (for concreteness): a sub-GeV Z' scenario

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \sum_{\alpha, \beta} g_{\alpha\beta} Z'_{\mu} \bar{\nu}_{\alpha} \gamma^{\mu} \nu_{\beta}$$

Phenomenological set-up:
exclusive coupling

- A theoretical cook-up suppressing the ℓ^{\pm} interactions needed.

Farzan, Heeck, PRD 2016

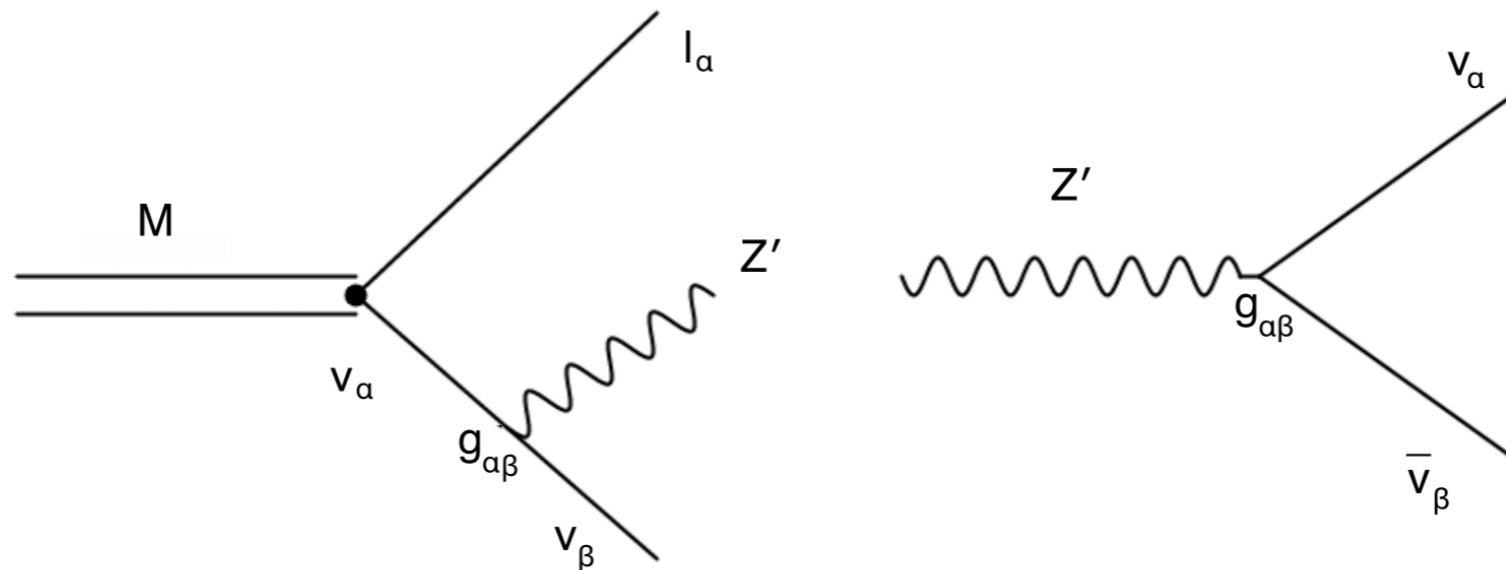
Farzan, Tortolla, Front. Physics 2018

- Other spin mediator, e.g., Majoron, can be considered

Work in progress with Bakhti, Park, Rajaei

Theoretical set-up

Kinematic process: 3-body meson decay



- Conventional 2-body decay of a pseudoscalar meson such as $\pi^\pm \rightarrow \mu^\pm \nu$: chiral suppression. m_ℓ^2/m_M^2

See also Dutta et al., PRL 2022

- 3-body decay: enhanced by the longitudinal mode of Z' $m_M^2/m_{Z'}^2$

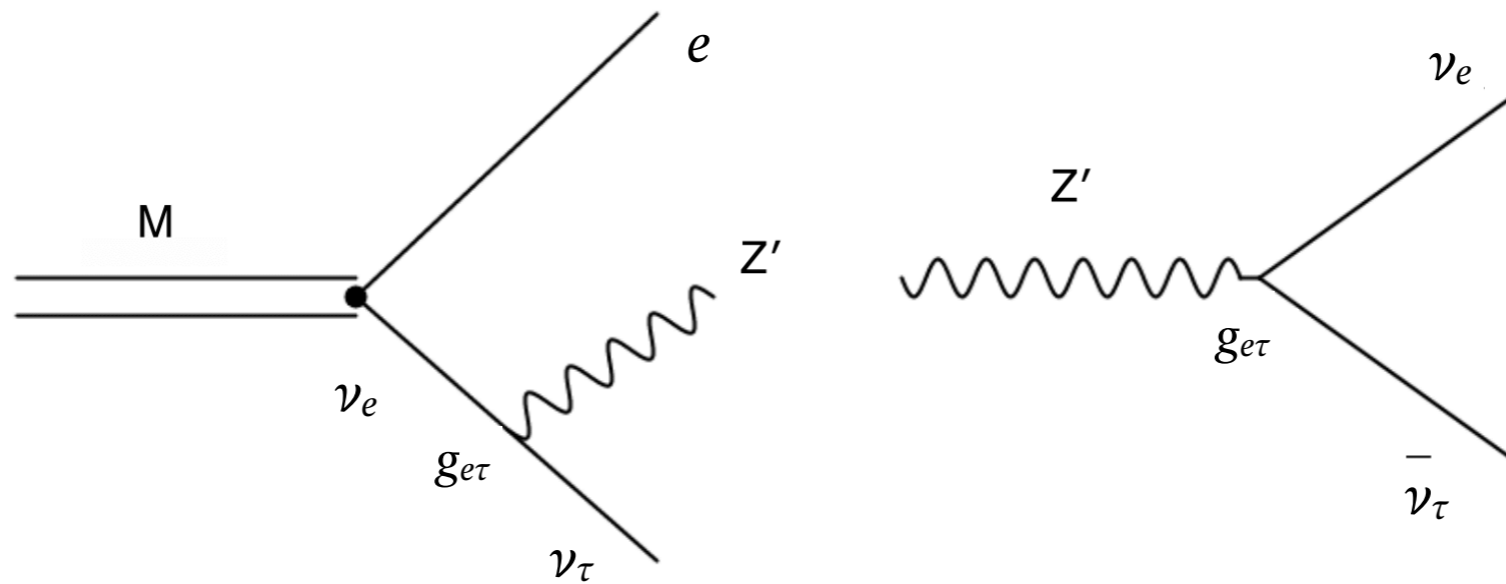
Barger, Chiang, Keung, Marfatia, PRL 2012

Carson, Rislow, PRD 2012

Laha, Dasgupta, Beacom, PRD 2014

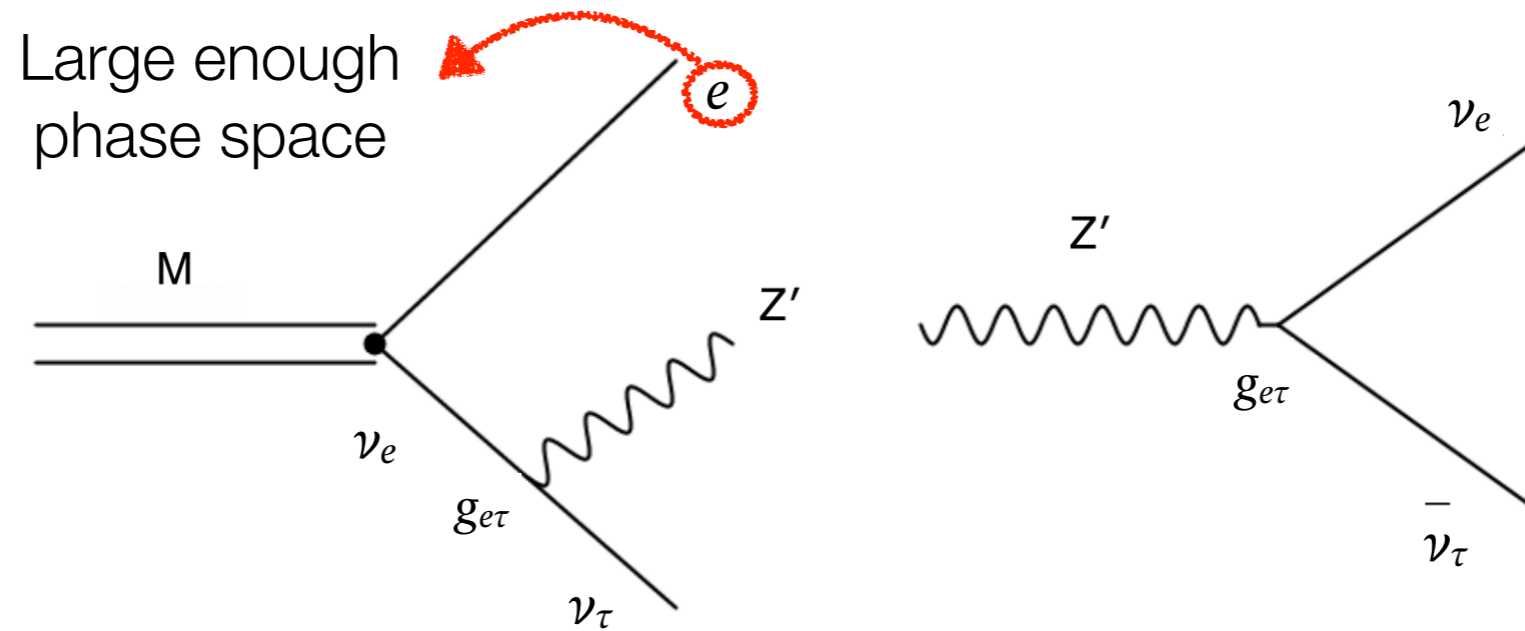
Bakhti, Farzan, PRD 2017

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI



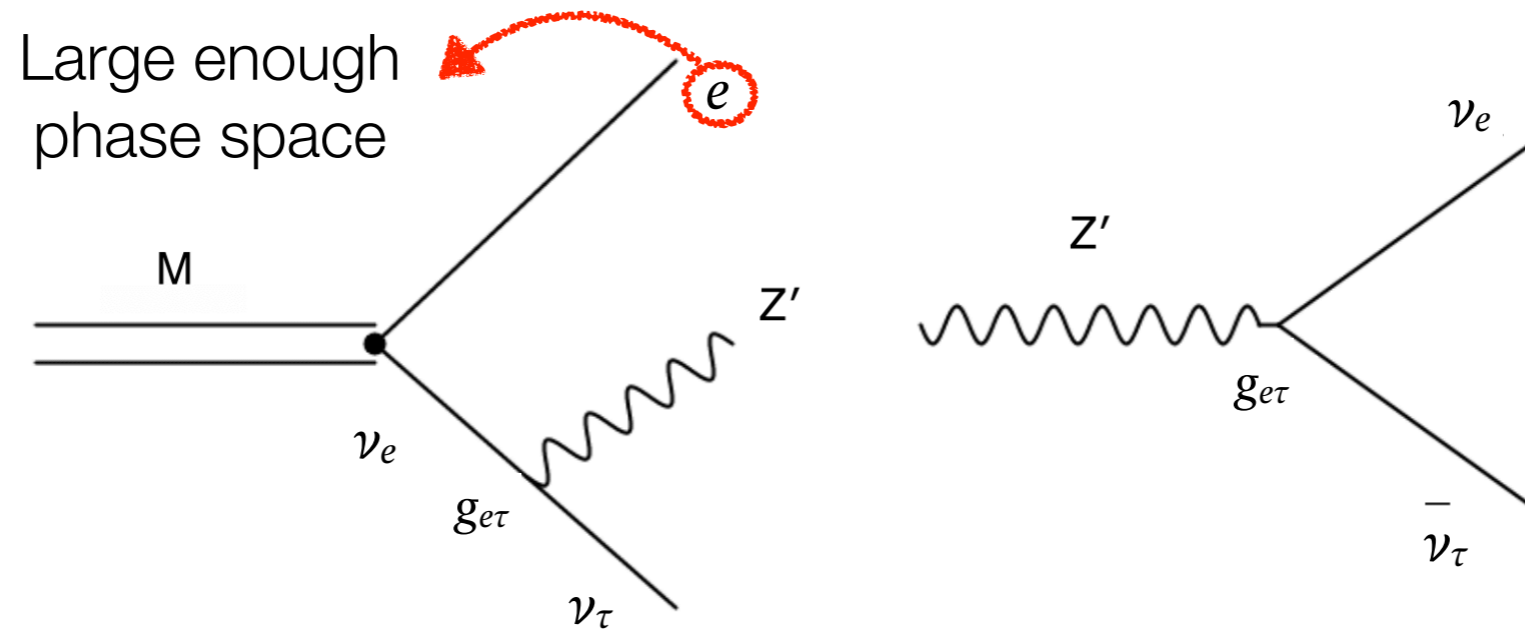
- $g_{e\tau}$ only: no other couplings to ν , ℓ^\pm , B

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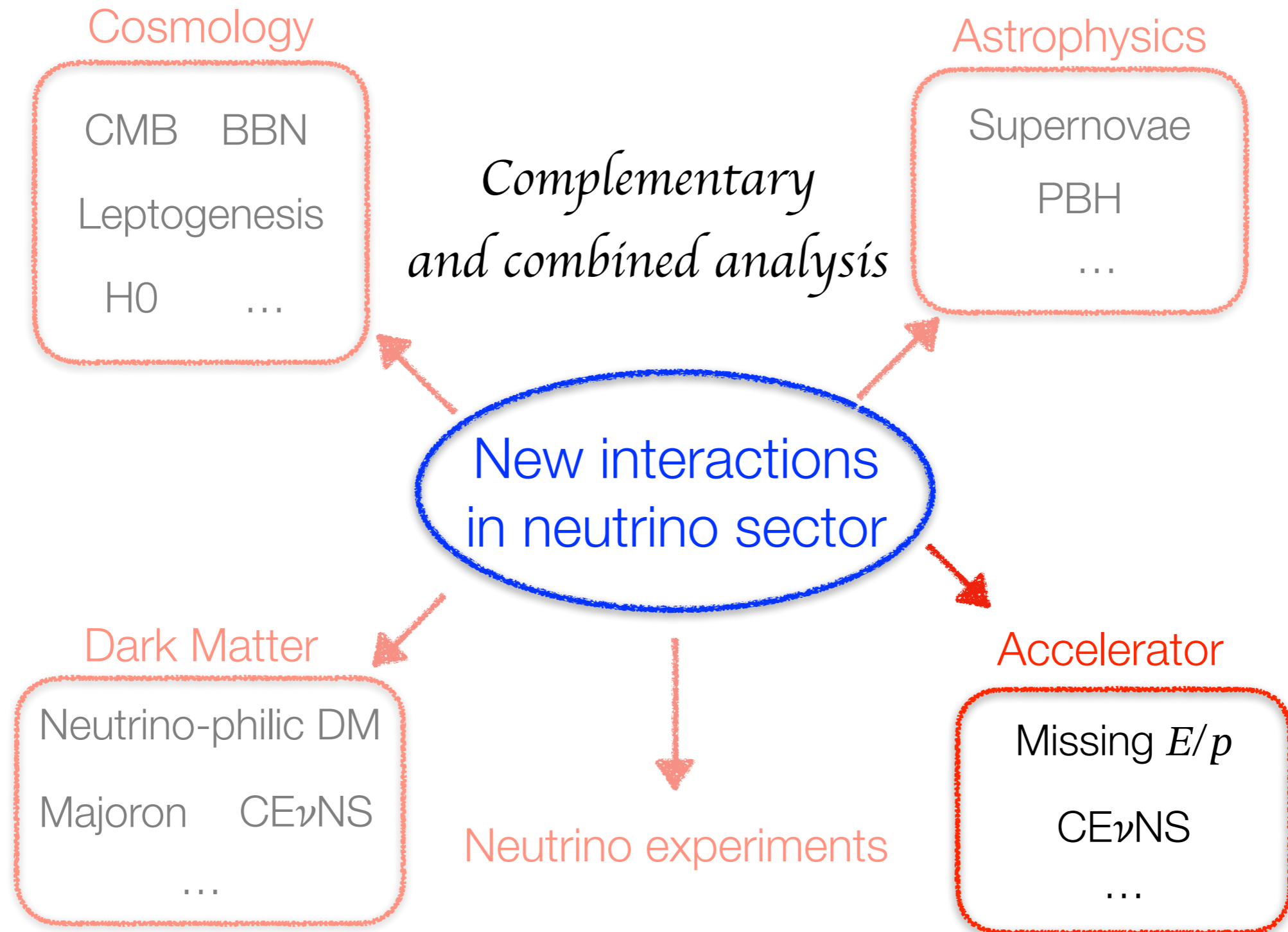
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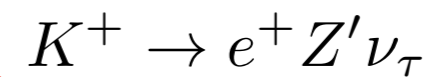
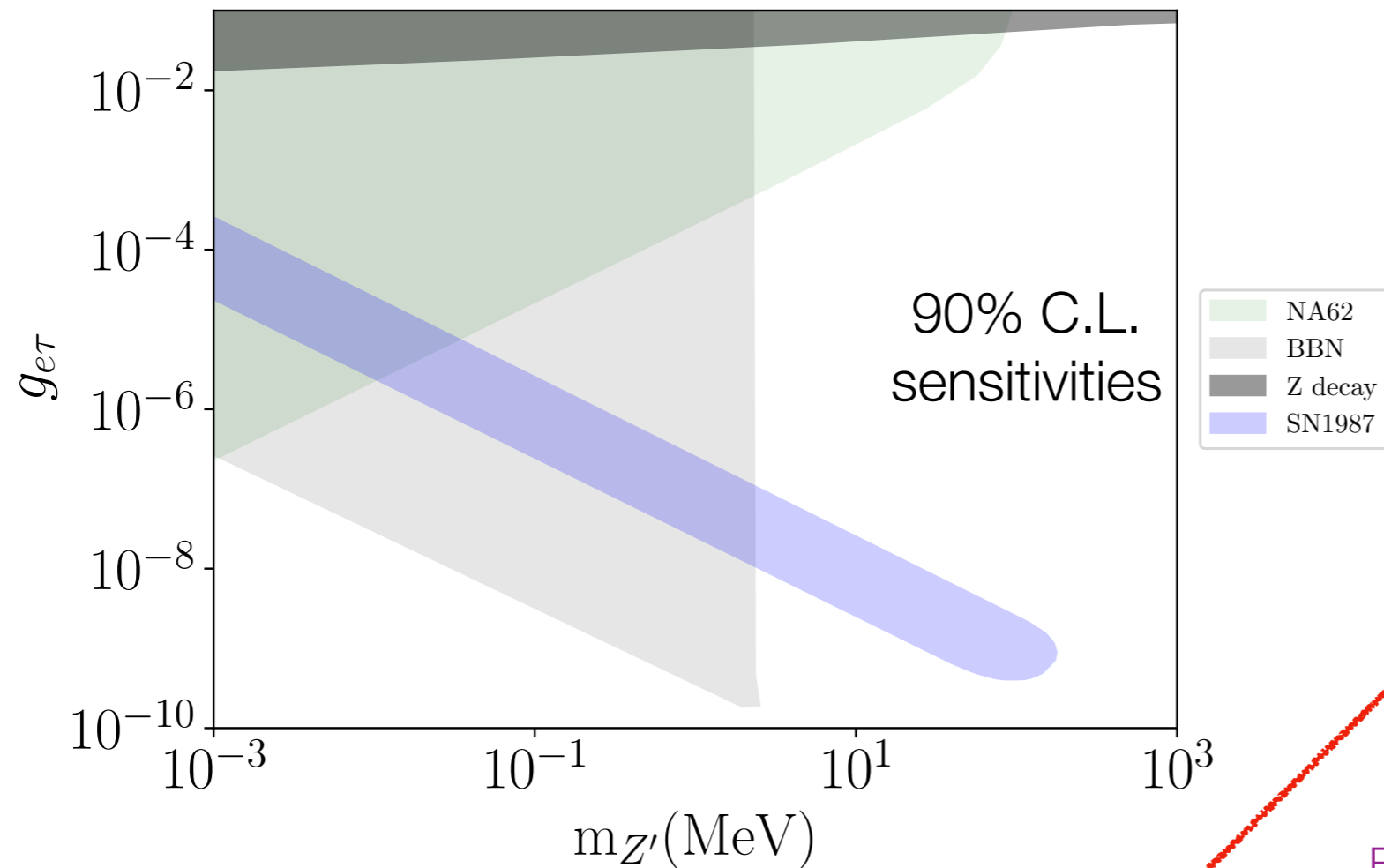


- $g_{e\tau}$ only: no other couplings to ν , ℓ^\pm , B
- For $g_{\tau\tau}$, sensitivities are much weaker (BR: 10^{-4} smaller for 1 MeV) due to phase space suppression.

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: accelerators



Constraints for ν_τ SNI: accelerators



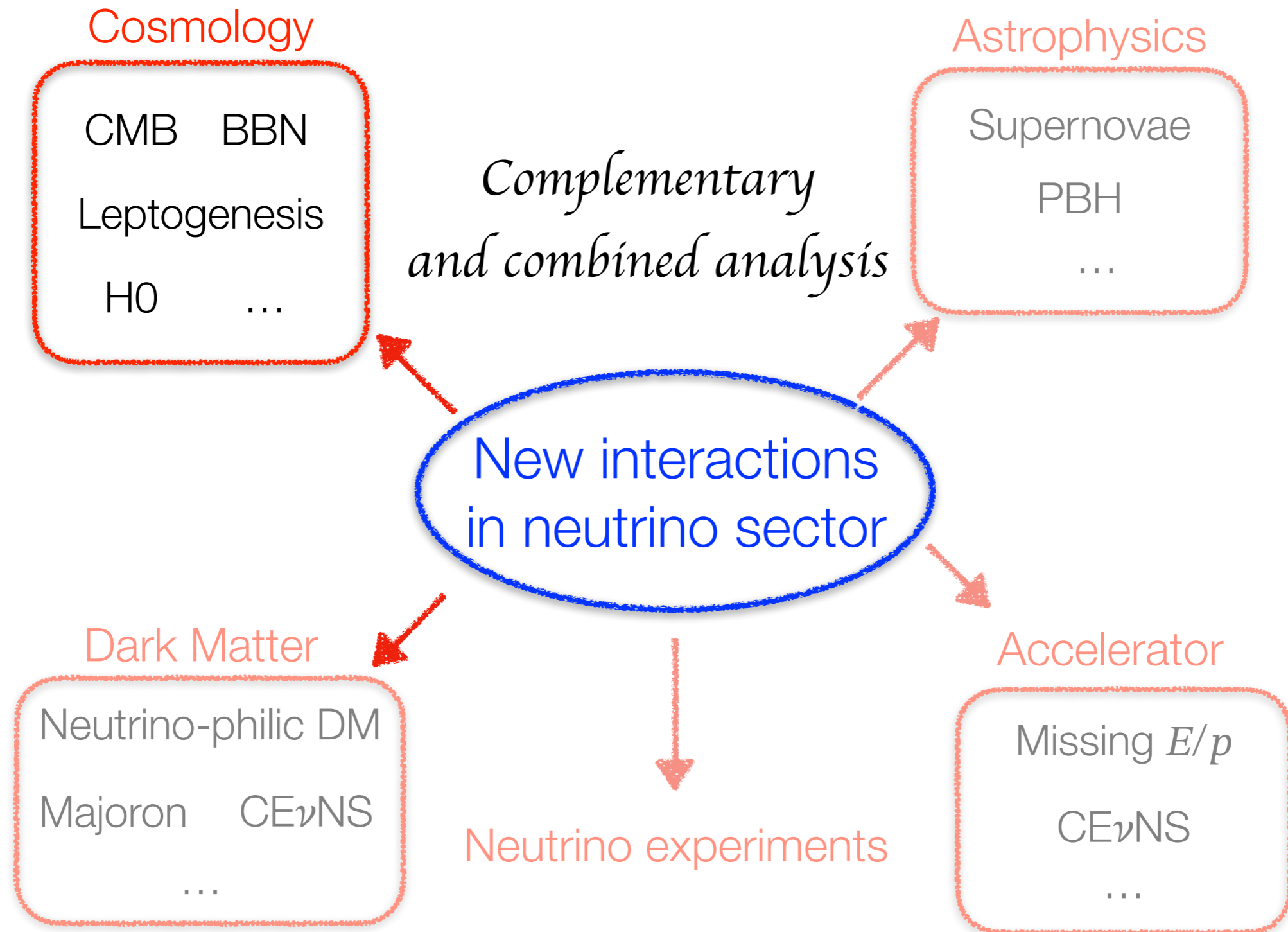
Bakhti, Farzan, PRD 2017

- NA62 (green): $R_K = \frac{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e)}{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu)} = (2.488 \pm 0.010) \times 10^{-5}$

$$R_K^{\text{SM}} = (2.477 \pm 0.001) \times 10^{-5}$$

- $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu Z'$ (dark gray)

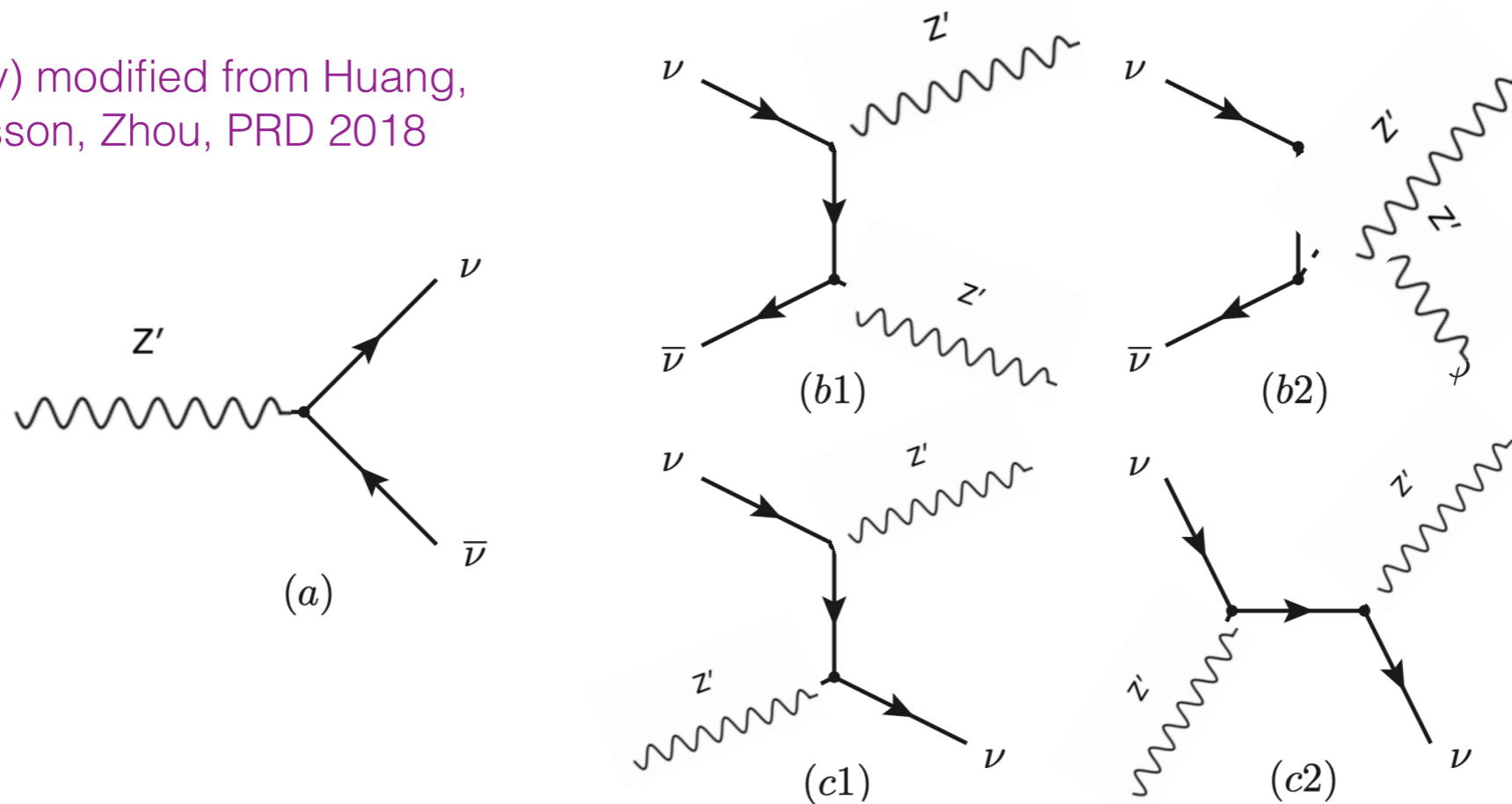
Constraints for ν_τ SNI: cosmology



Constraints for ν_τ SNI: cosmology

Main processes for thermal equilibrium & production of light mediators

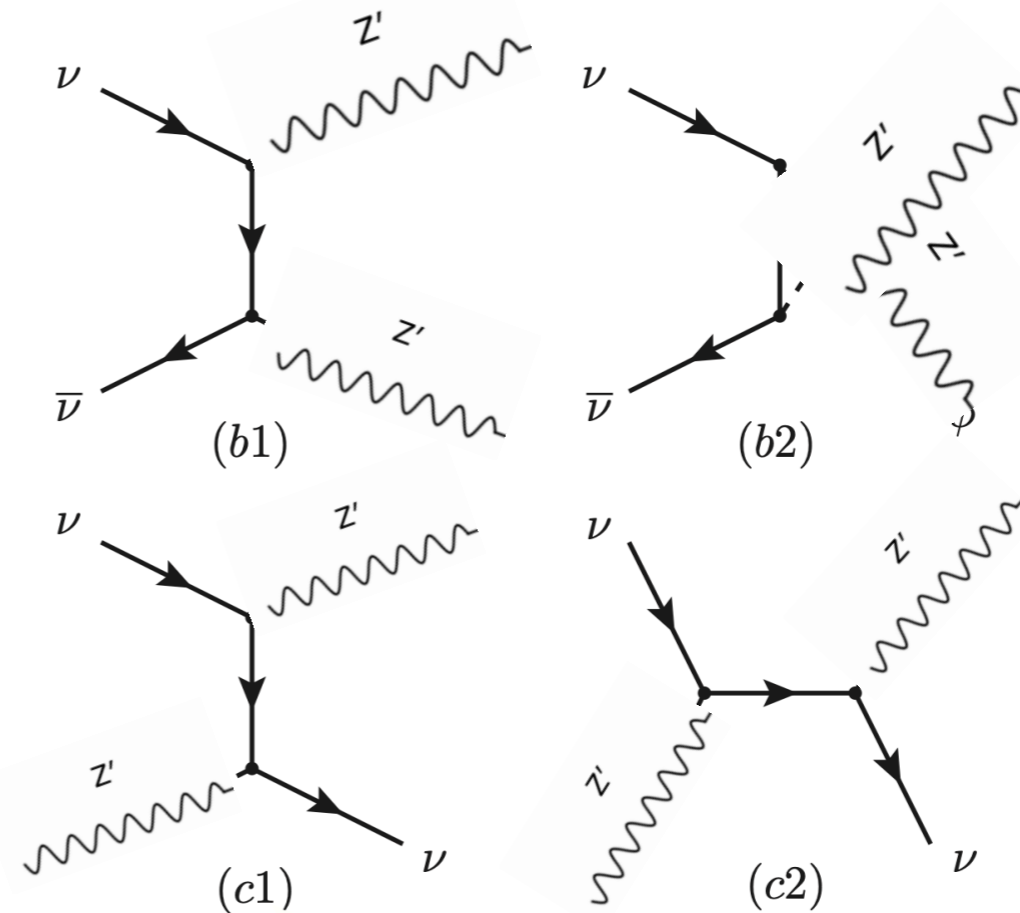
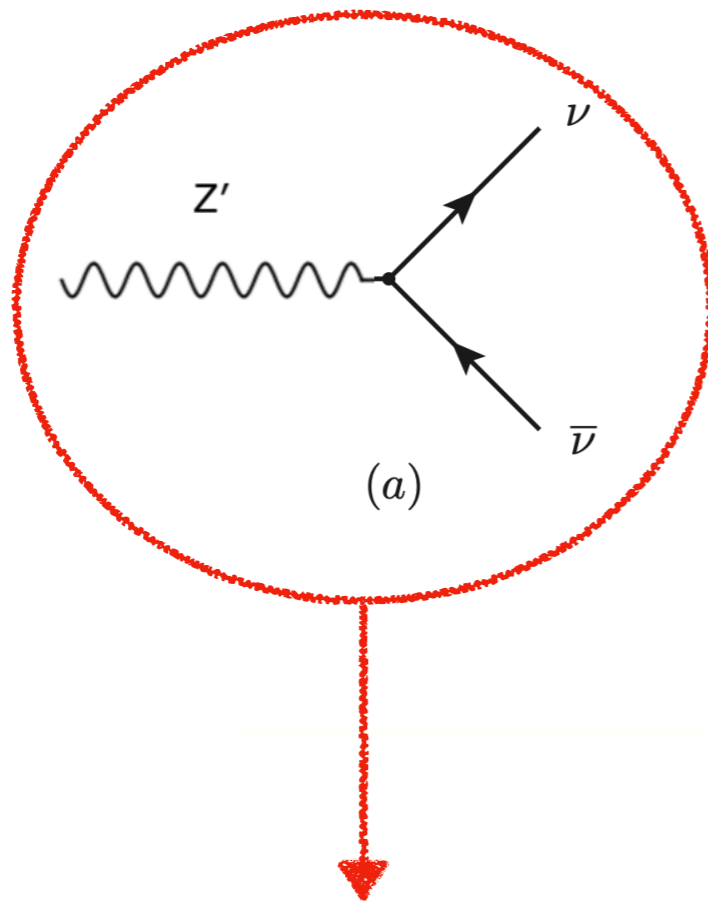
(Poorly) modified from Huang, Ohlsson, Zhou, PRD 2018



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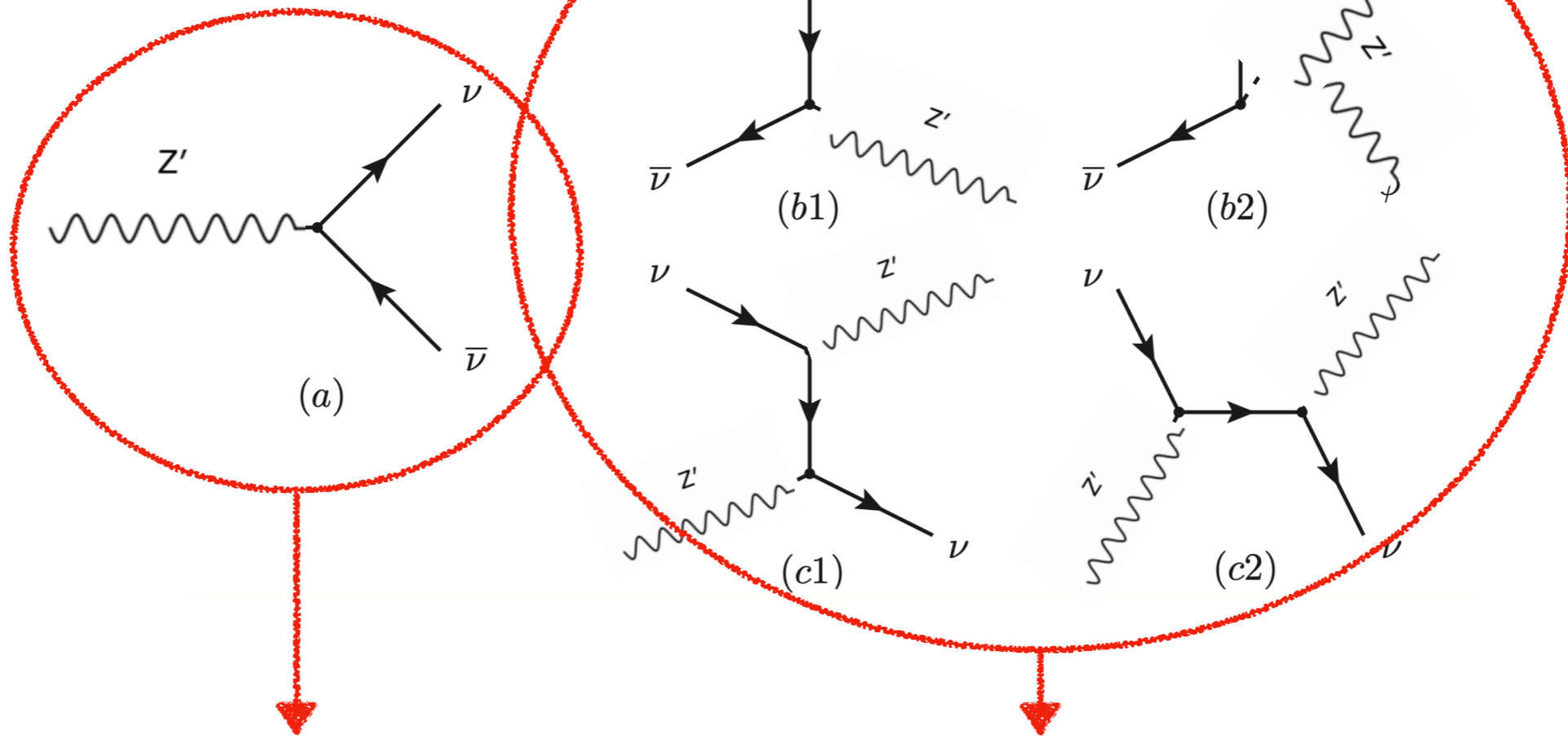
Efficient for heavy $M_{Z'} \gtrsim O$ (keV)

$$\Gamma(Z') \propto M_{Z'}^2$$

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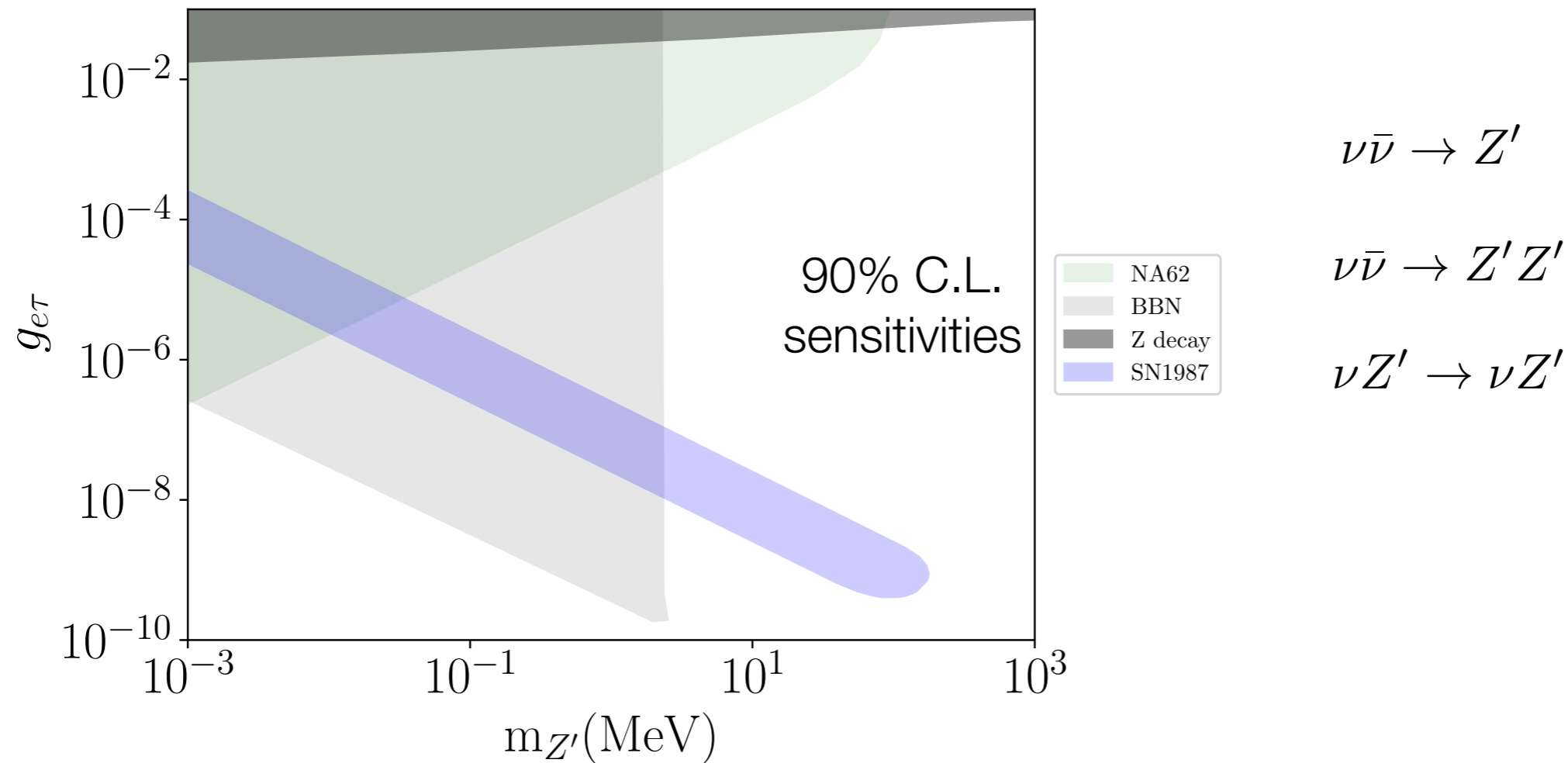
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$$\Gamma(Z') \propto M_{Z'}^2$$

Efficient for light $M_{Z'} \lesssim O$ (keV)

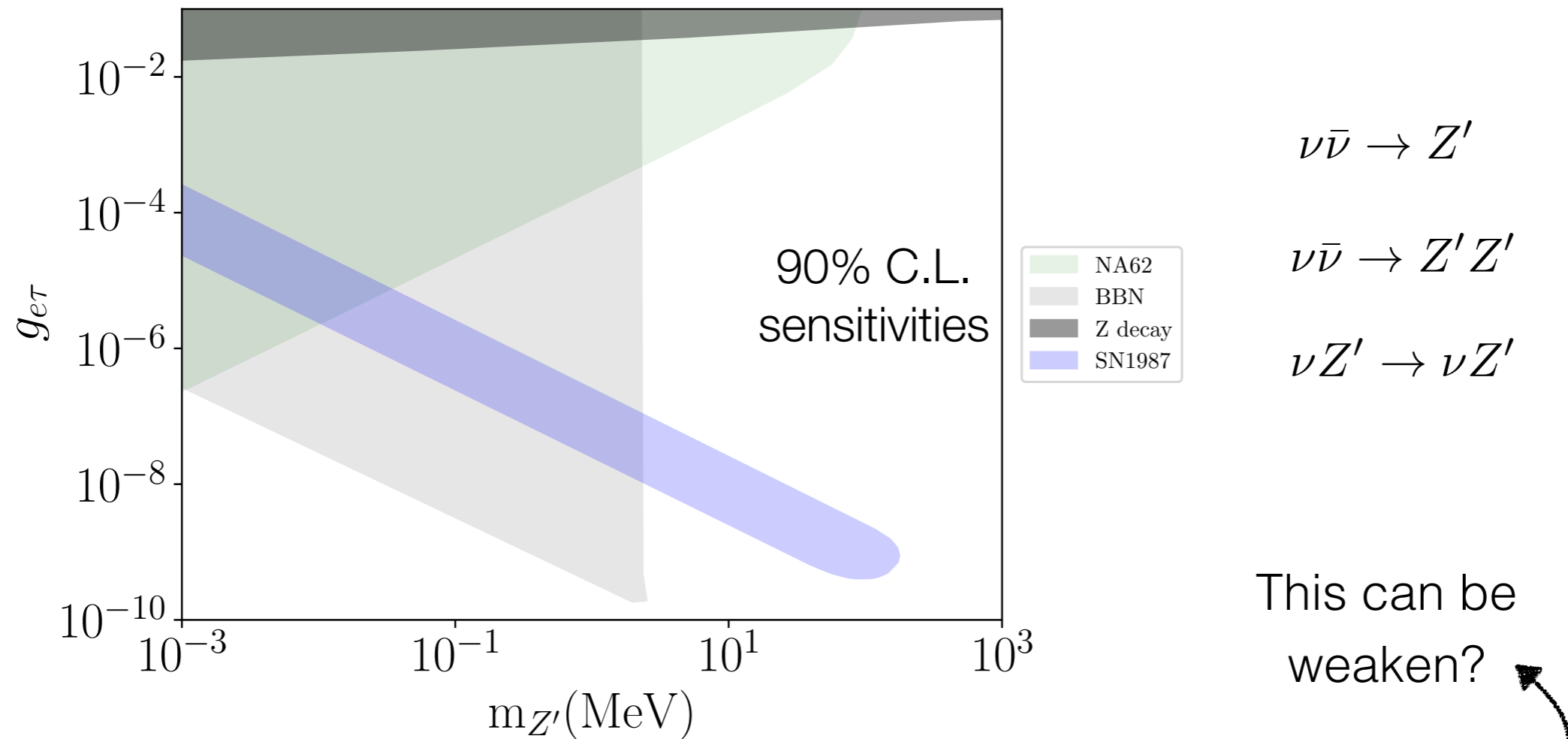
$\Gamma(Z')$: $M_{Z'}$ dependence is sub-dominant
for $T \sim \text{MeV}$

Constraints for ν_τ SNI: cosmology



- BBN bound: $\Delta N_{\text{eff}} \approx 1$ when in thermal equilibrium at $T \sim 1\text{MeV}$,
 primordial abundances of light elements for ν_e

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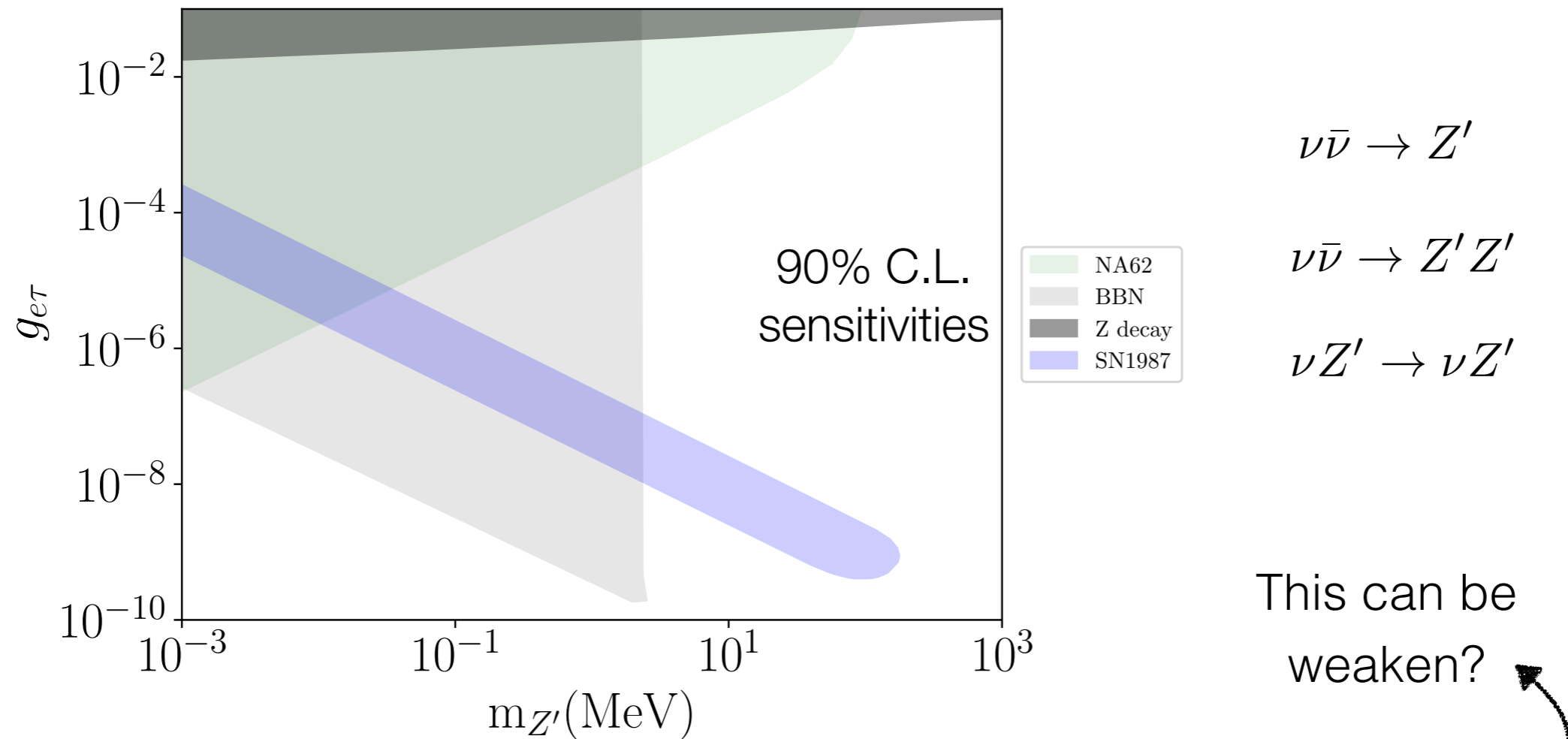


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Nominal bounds of the flavor universal & diagonal case applied.

Huang, Ohlsson,
Zhou, PRD 2018

Constraints for ν_τ SNI: cosmology



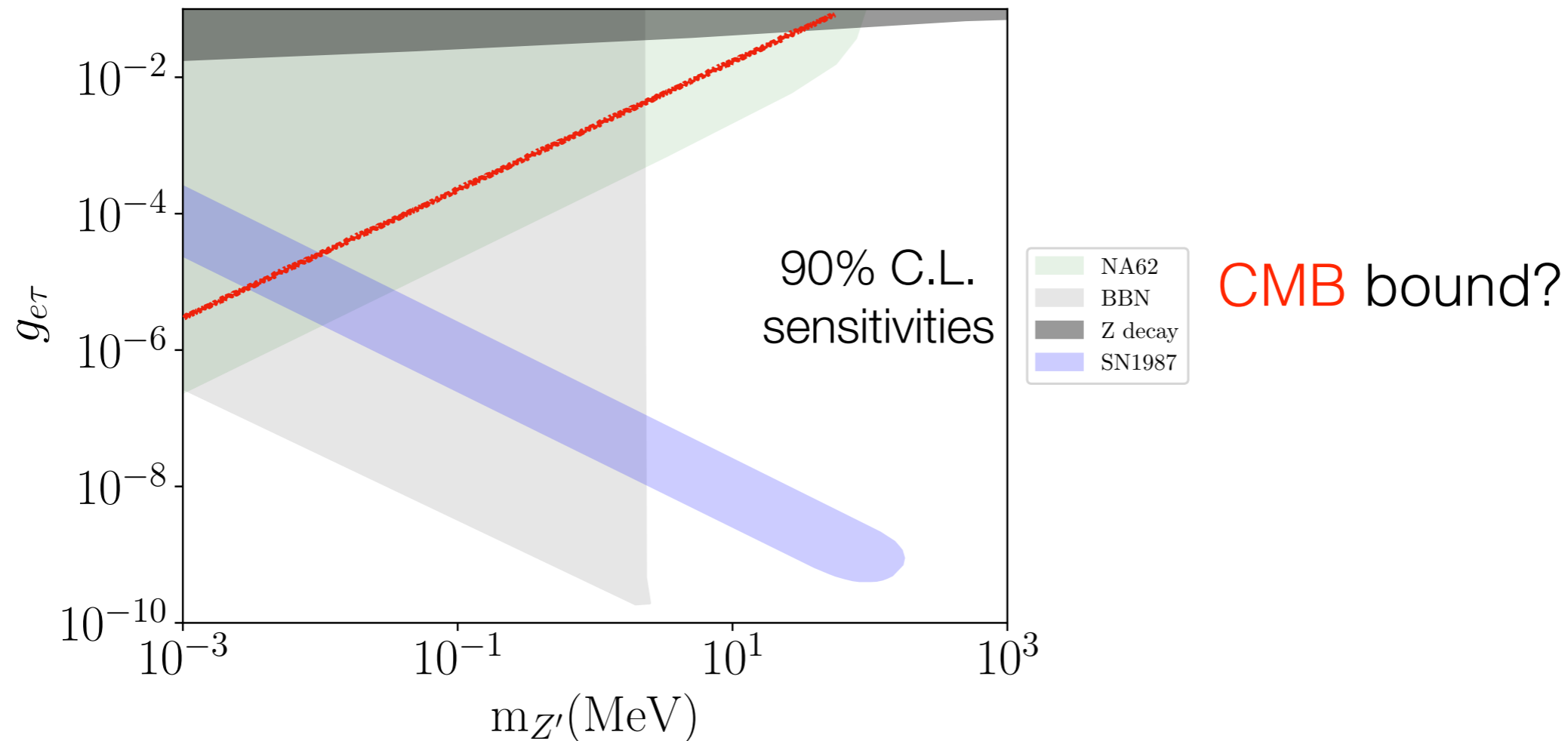
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Nominal bounds of the flavor universal & diagonal case applied.

- Cosmological bounds are stronger than the scalar mediator due to d.o.f.

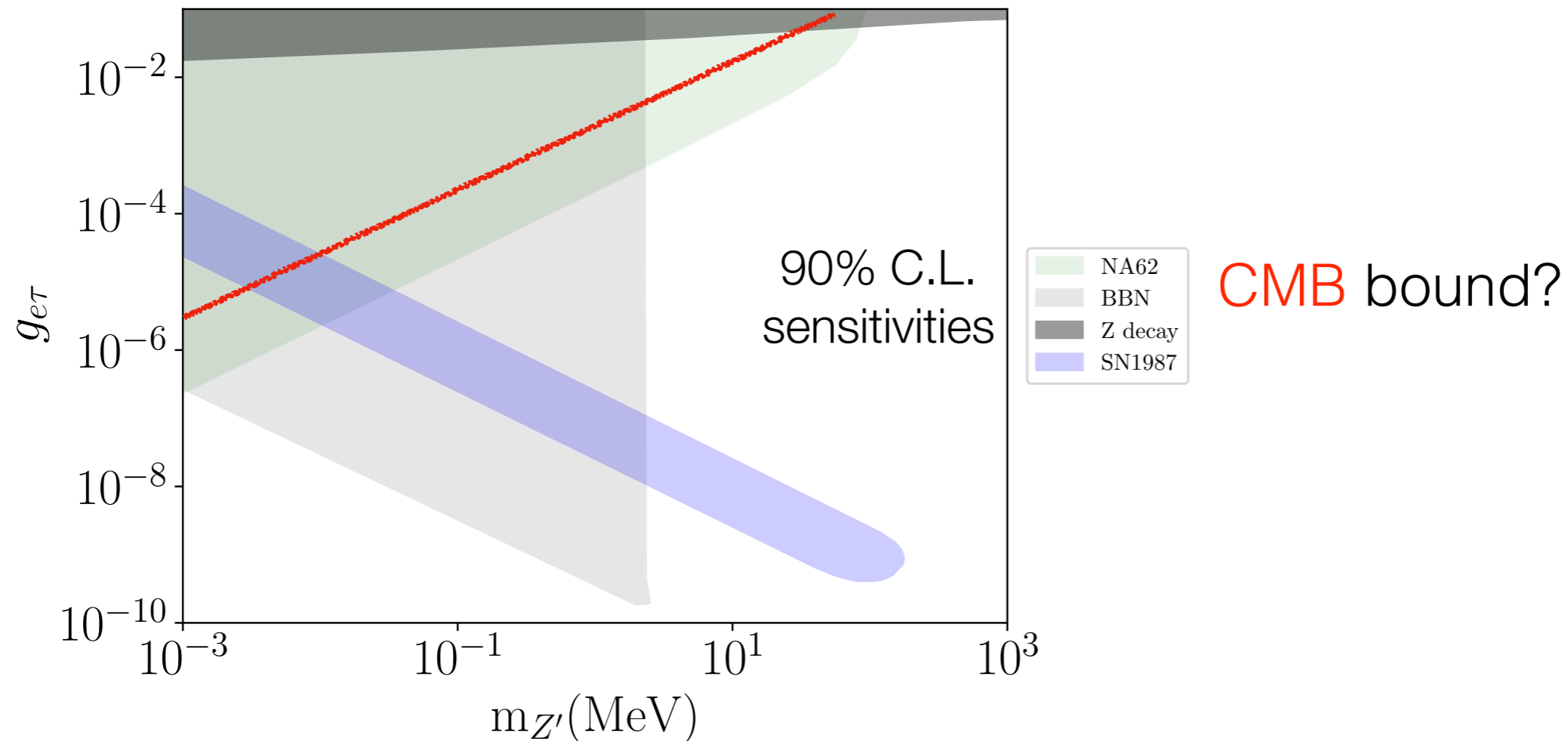
Constraints for ν_τ SNI: cosmology



- Phase shift of the power spectrum by late ν free streaming
 - much weaker than NA62 for the flavor-universal scenario $g_{ee}=g_{\mu\mu}=g_{\tau\tau}$

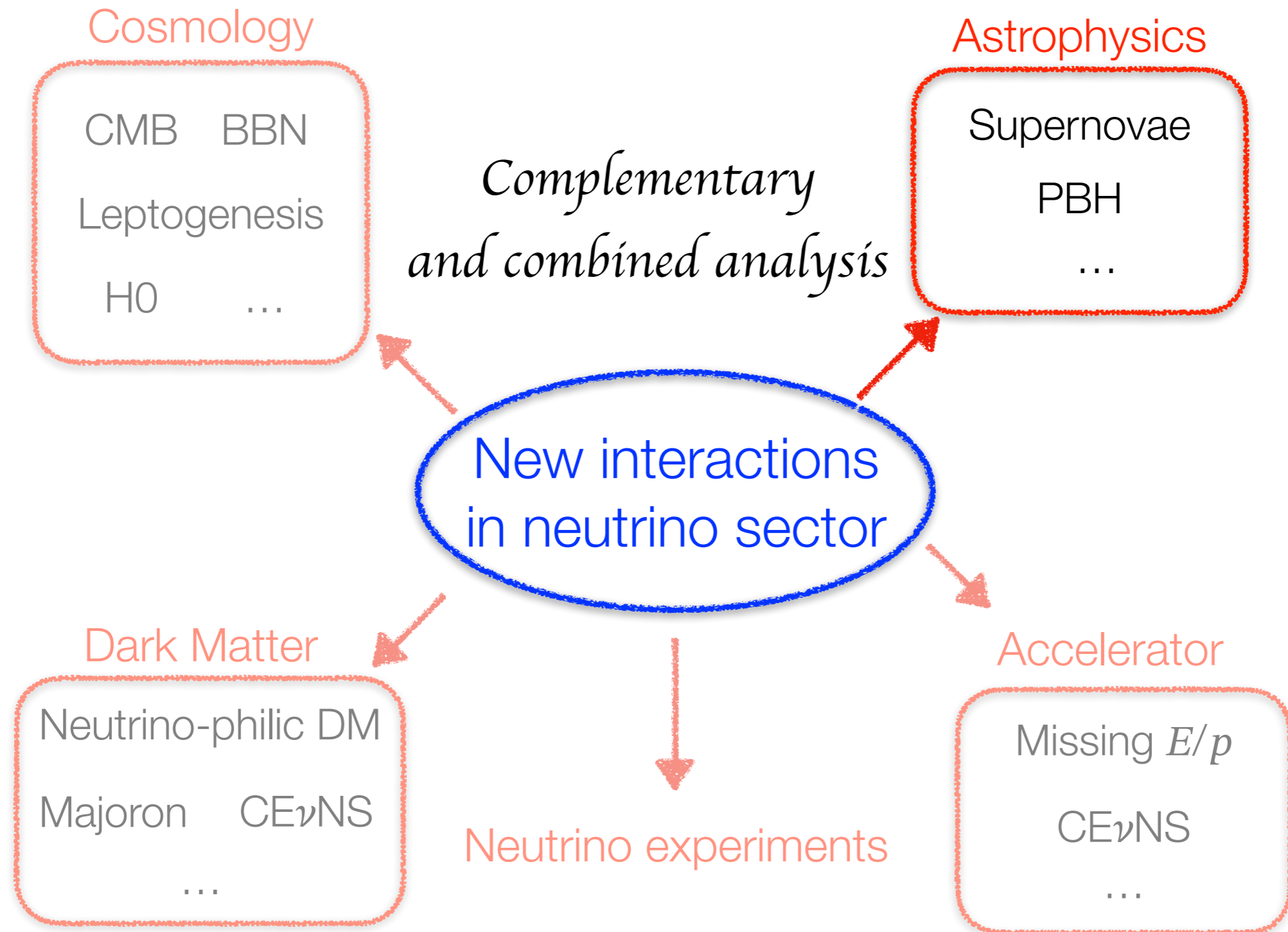
Das, Gosh, JCAP 2021 Archidiacono, Hannestad, JCAP 2014
- $\Delta N_{\text{eff}} \approx 0.3$ applies when $Z' \rightarrow \nu_e \nu_\tau$ in prior to the recombination epoch.

Constraints for ν_τ SNI: cosmology

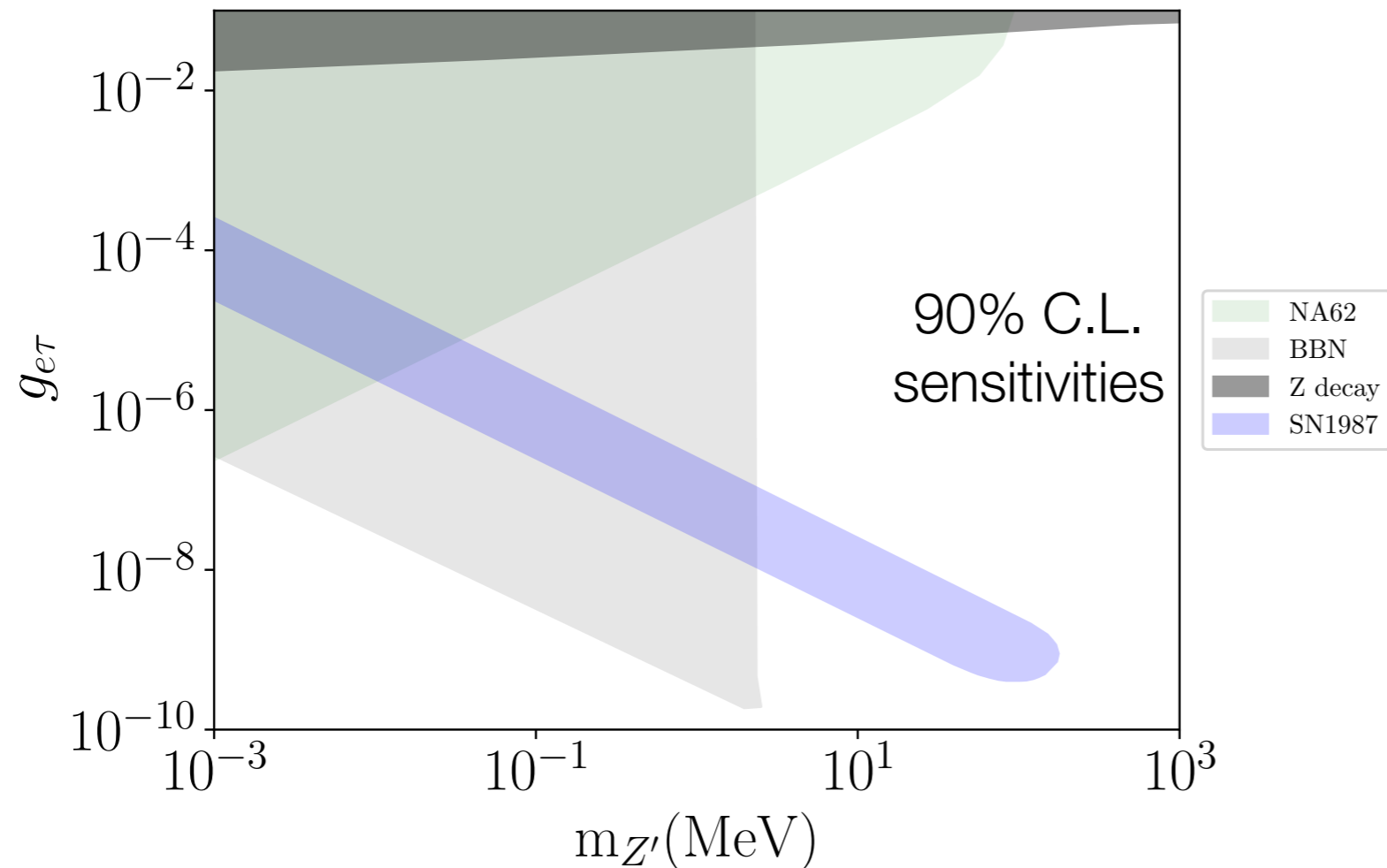


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- $\Delta N_{\text{eff}} \approx 0.3$ applies when $Z' \rightarrow \nu_e \nu_\tau$ in prior to the recombination epoch.
 - Dedicated study with flavor non-universal and off-diagonal SNI needed.

Constraints for ν_τ SNI: astrophysics



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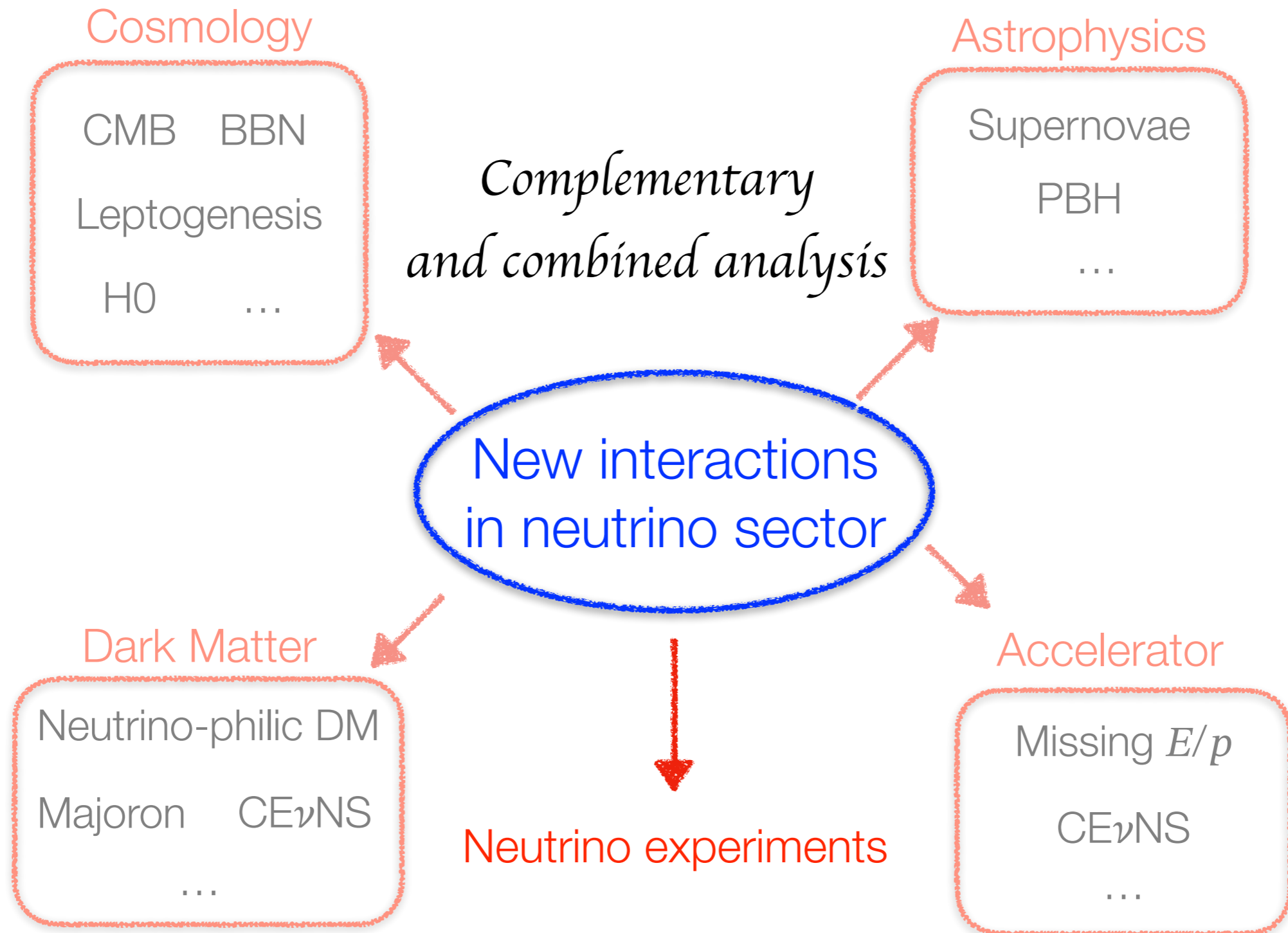
- Core-collapse supernova: SN1987A energy loss rate in blue shaded region (flavor universal & diagonal case)

Brune, Pas, PRD 2019

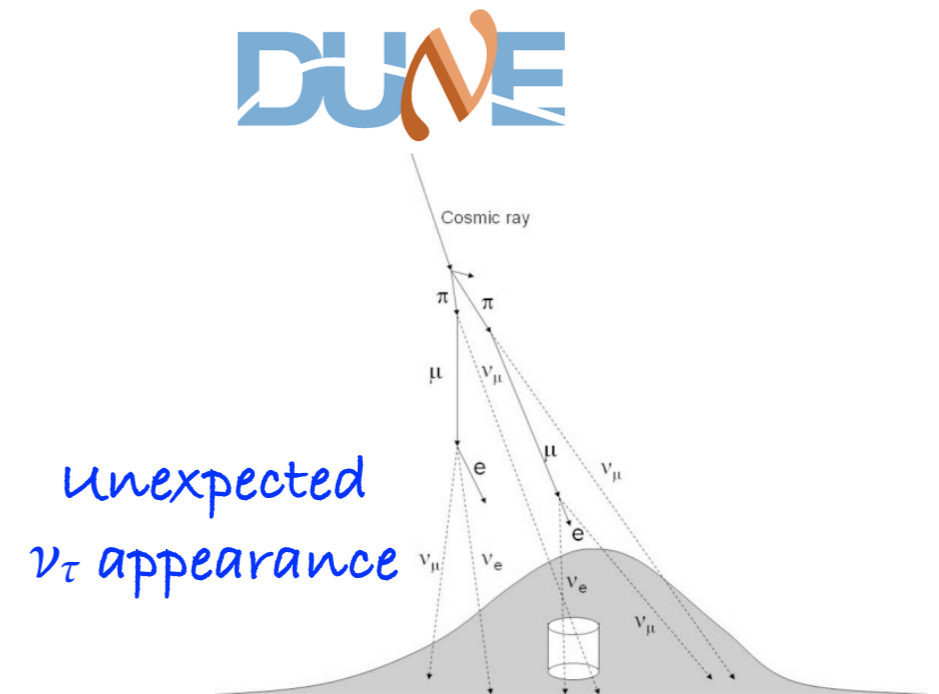
Heurtier, Zhang, JCAP 2017

- More general case: dedicated study needed.

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: Future ν exp.



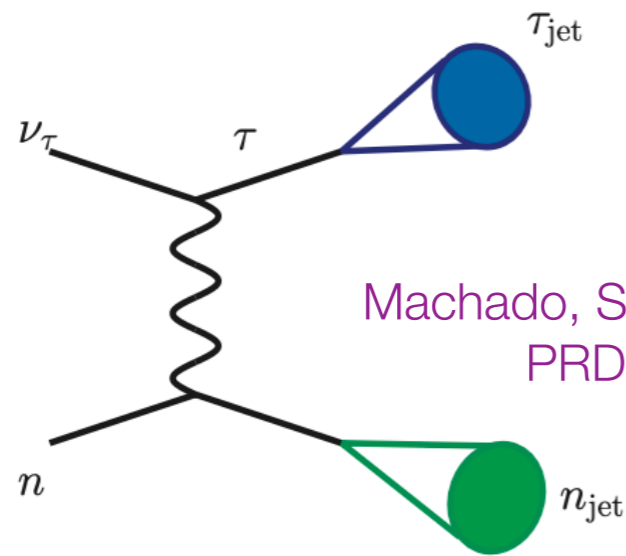
Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: DUNE FD



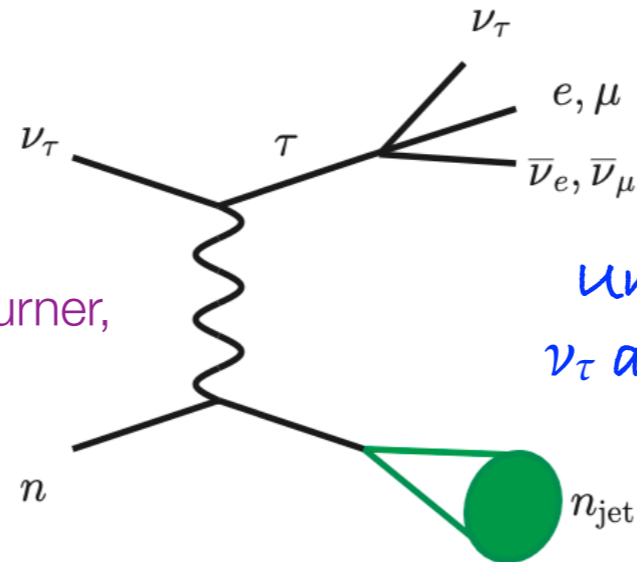
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Background?

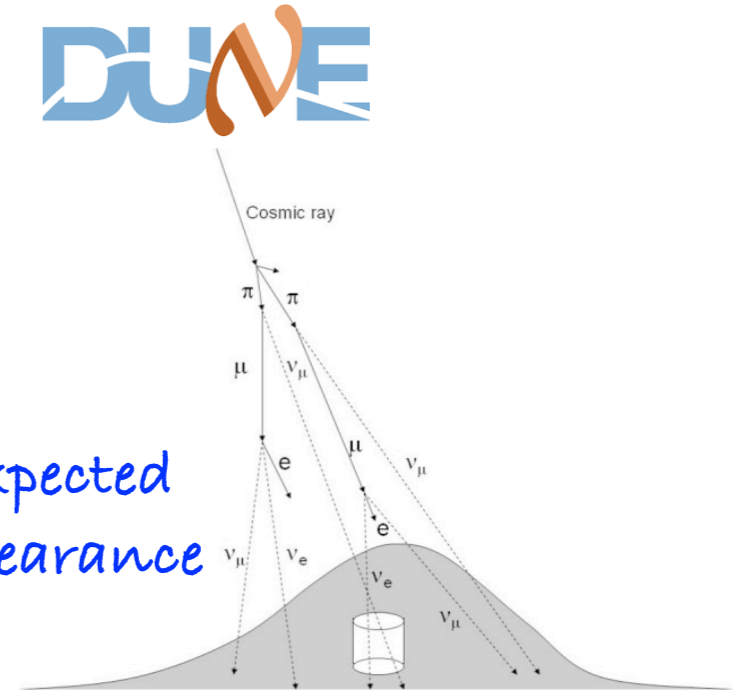
- In ideal situations, no backgrounds.



Machado, Schulz, Turner,
PRD 2020



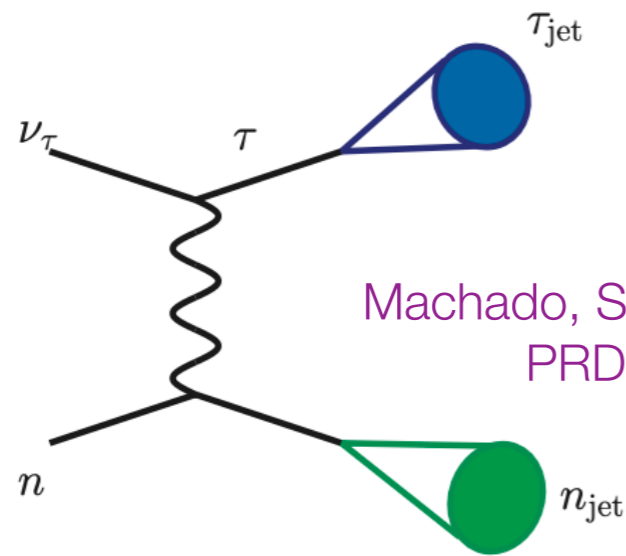
Unexpected
 ν_τ appearance



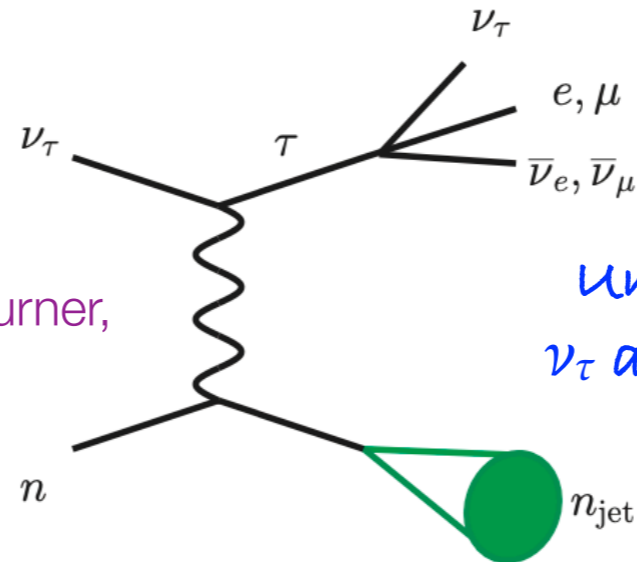
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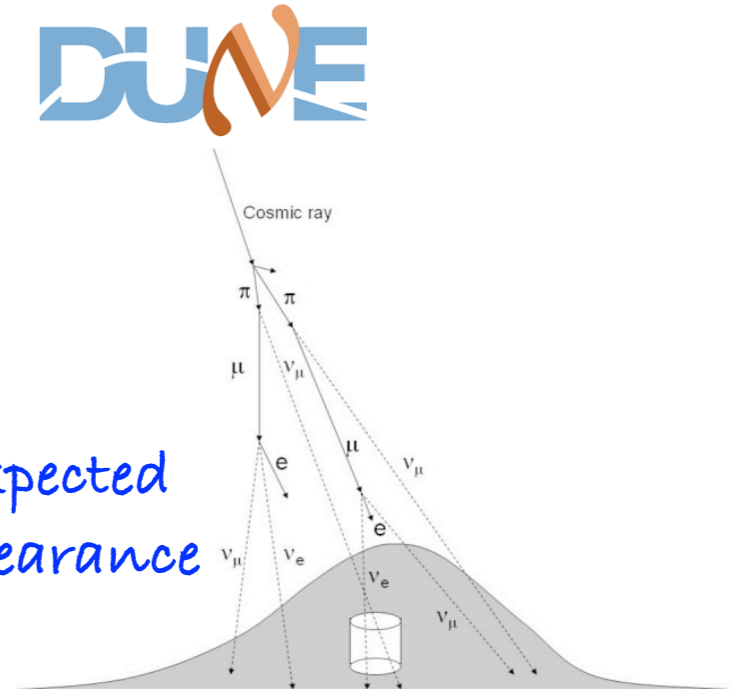
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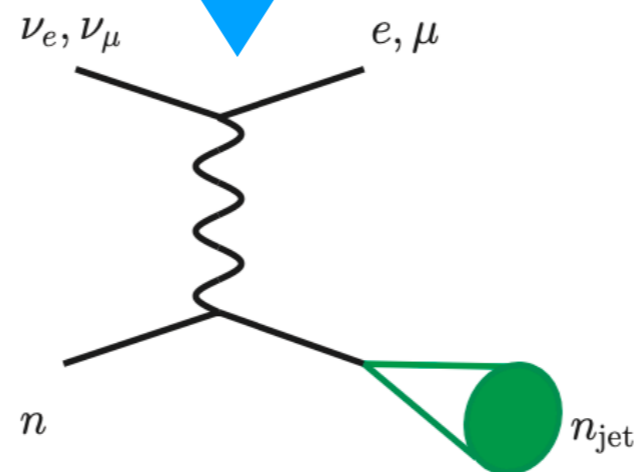
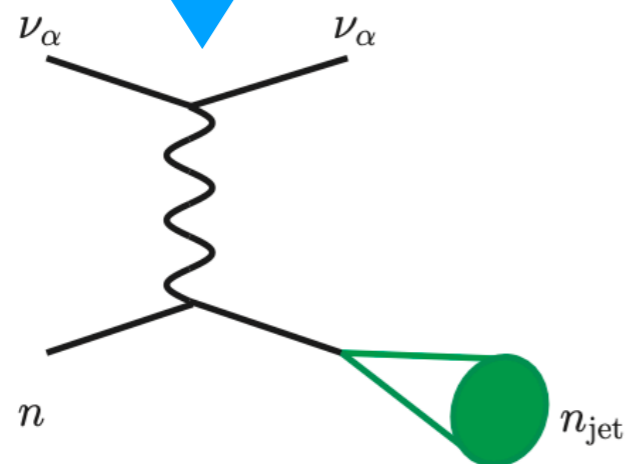
Machado, Schulz, Turner, PRD 2020



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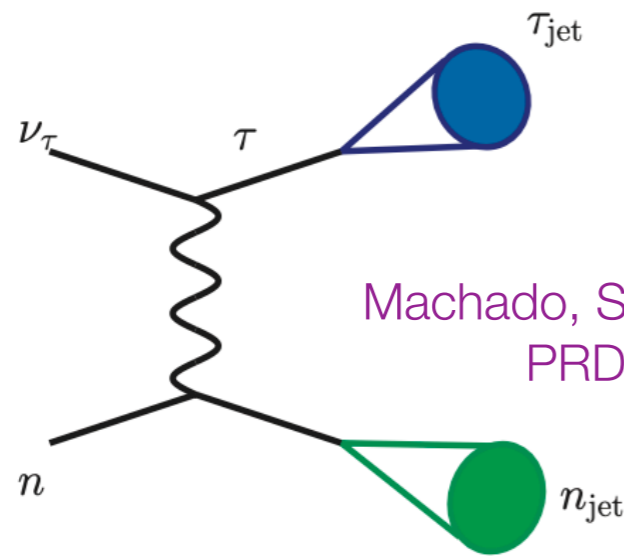
NC/CC background?



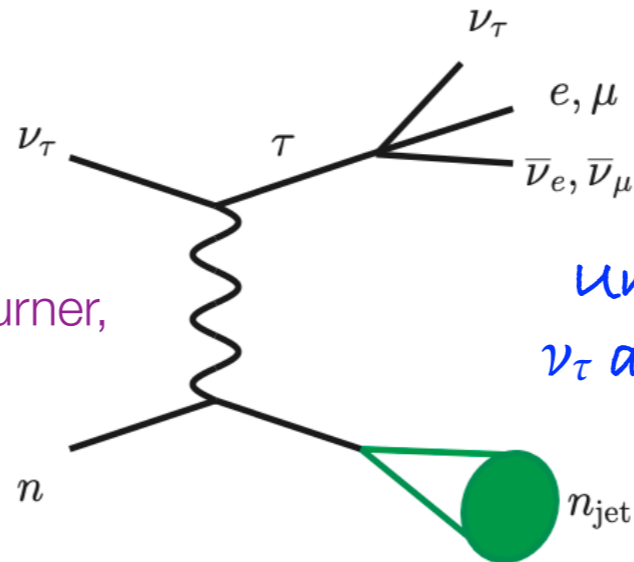
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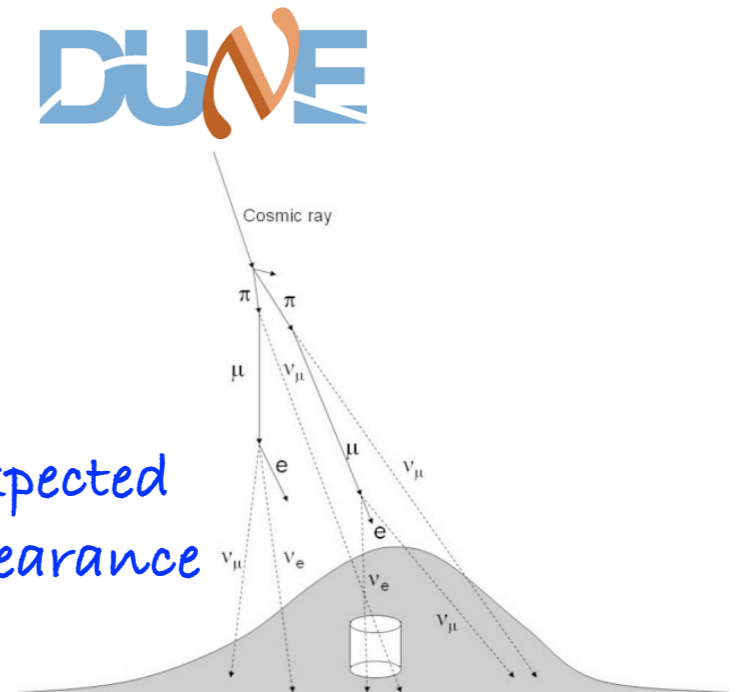
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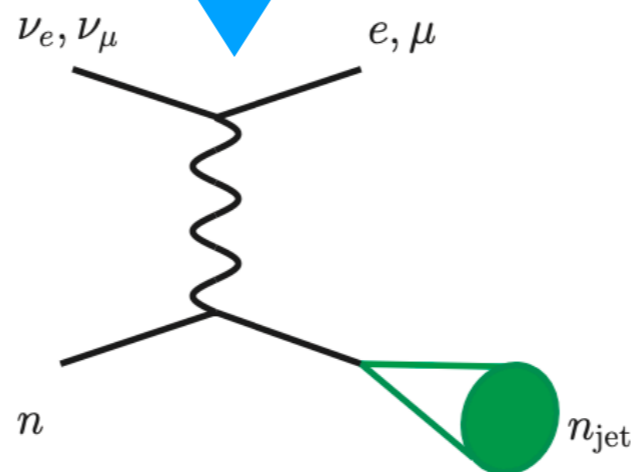
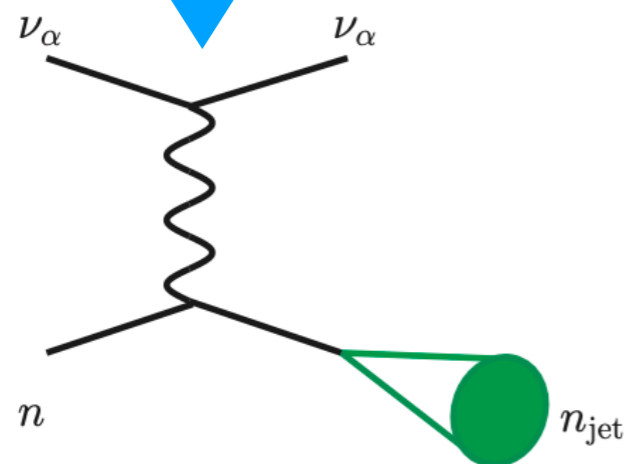
Machado, Schulz, Turner,
PRD 2020



Unexpected
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NC/CC background?



DUNE: expected to have excellent event topology reconstruction capabilities.

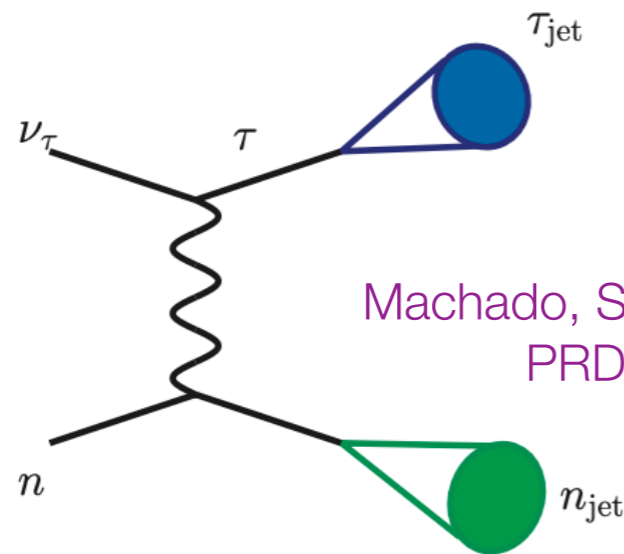


Apply the methods in collider pheno, e.g., jet clustering, cuts, ...

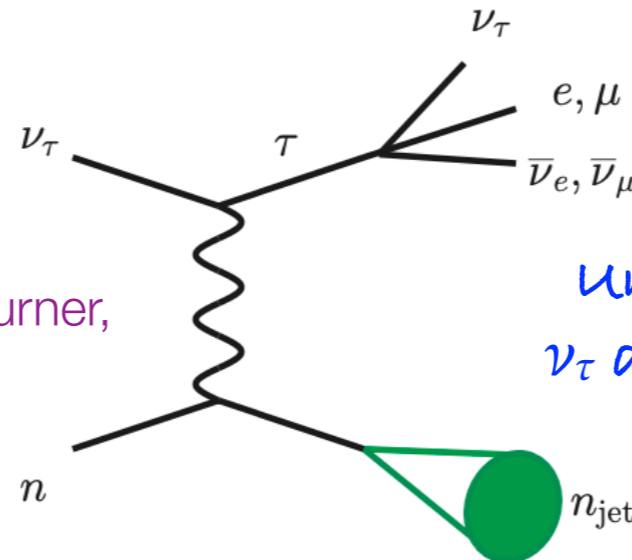
Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: DUNE FD

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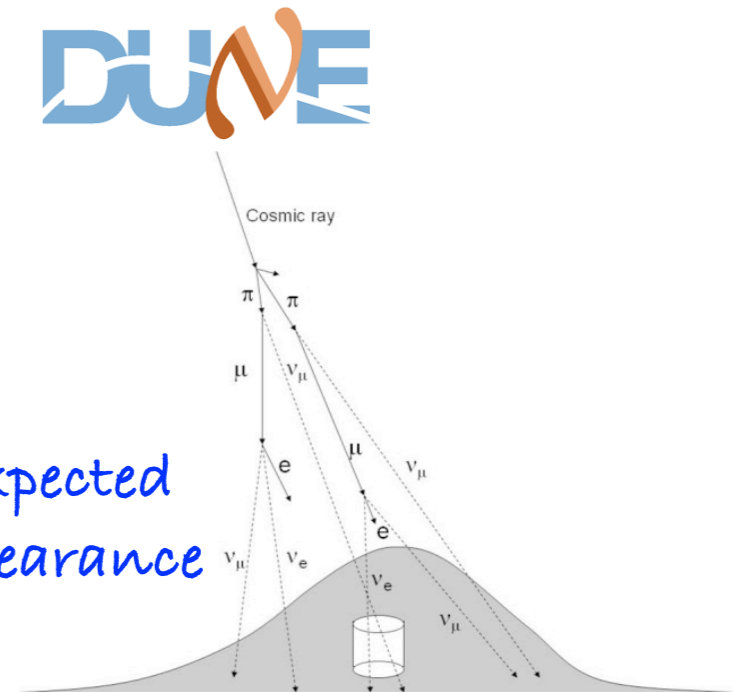
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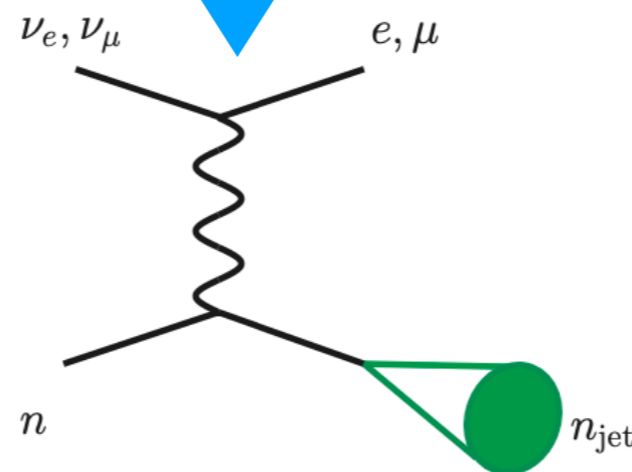
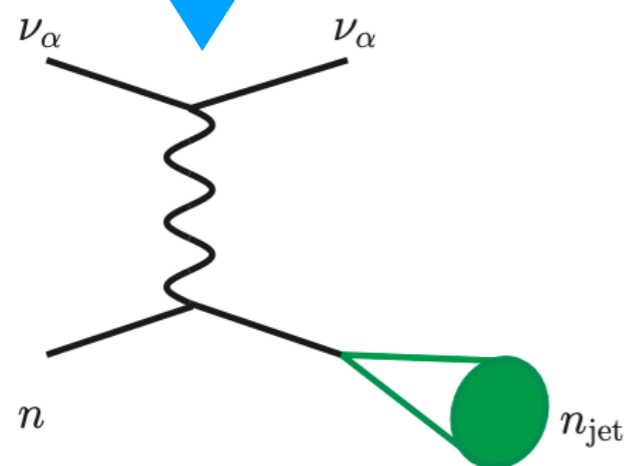
Machado, Schulz, Turner, PRD 2020



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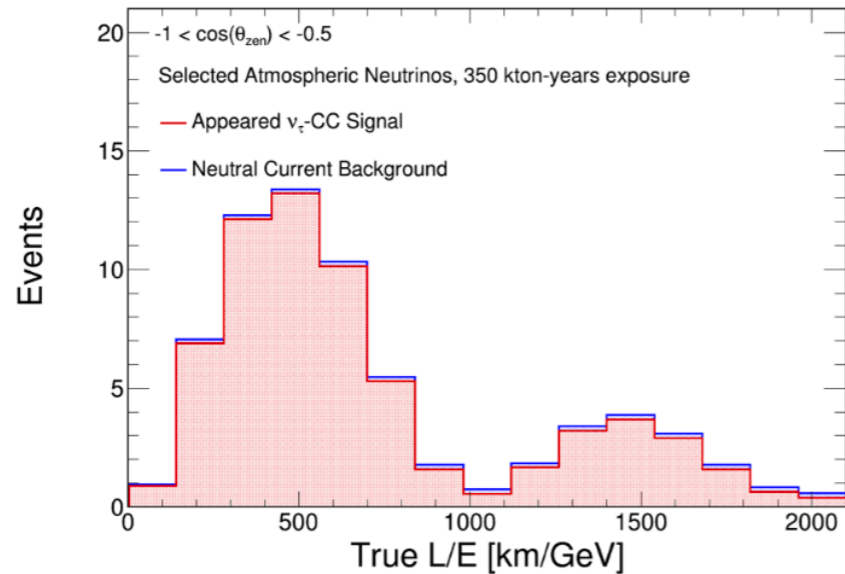


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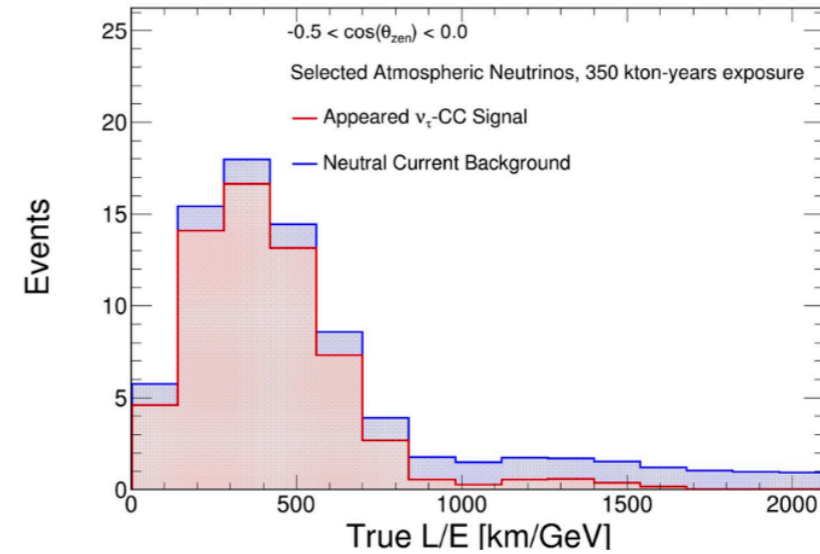
- Signal-to-background efficiencies increase!

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: DUNE FD

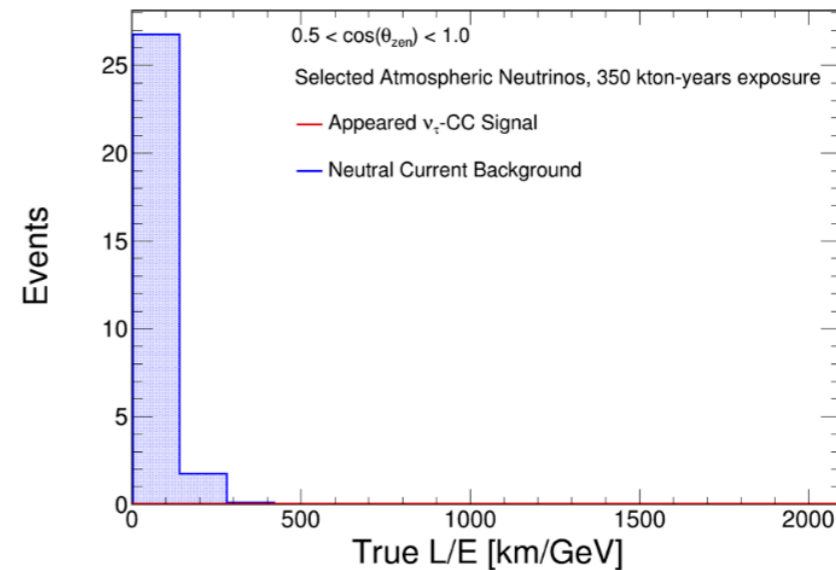
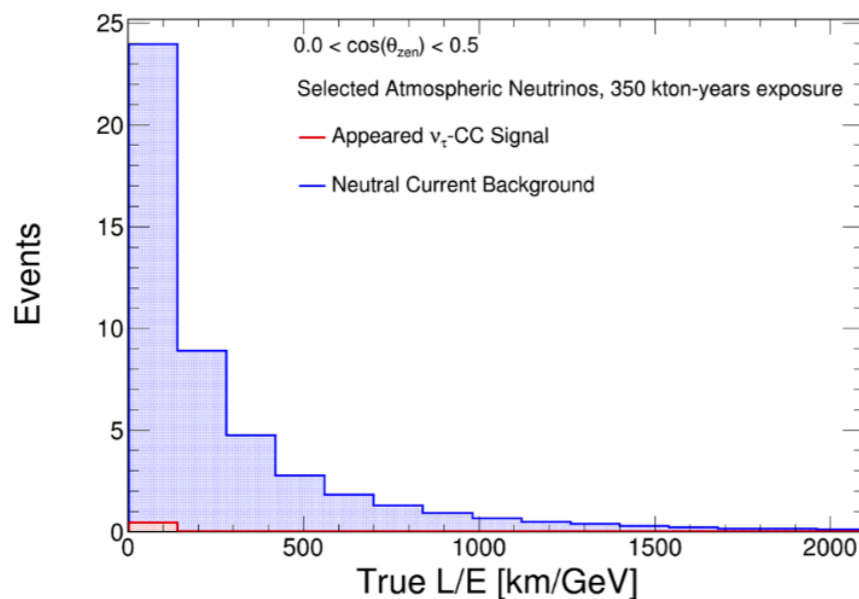
True Atmospheric Spectra



Clear 1st
and 2nd
oscillation
maxima in
true L/E

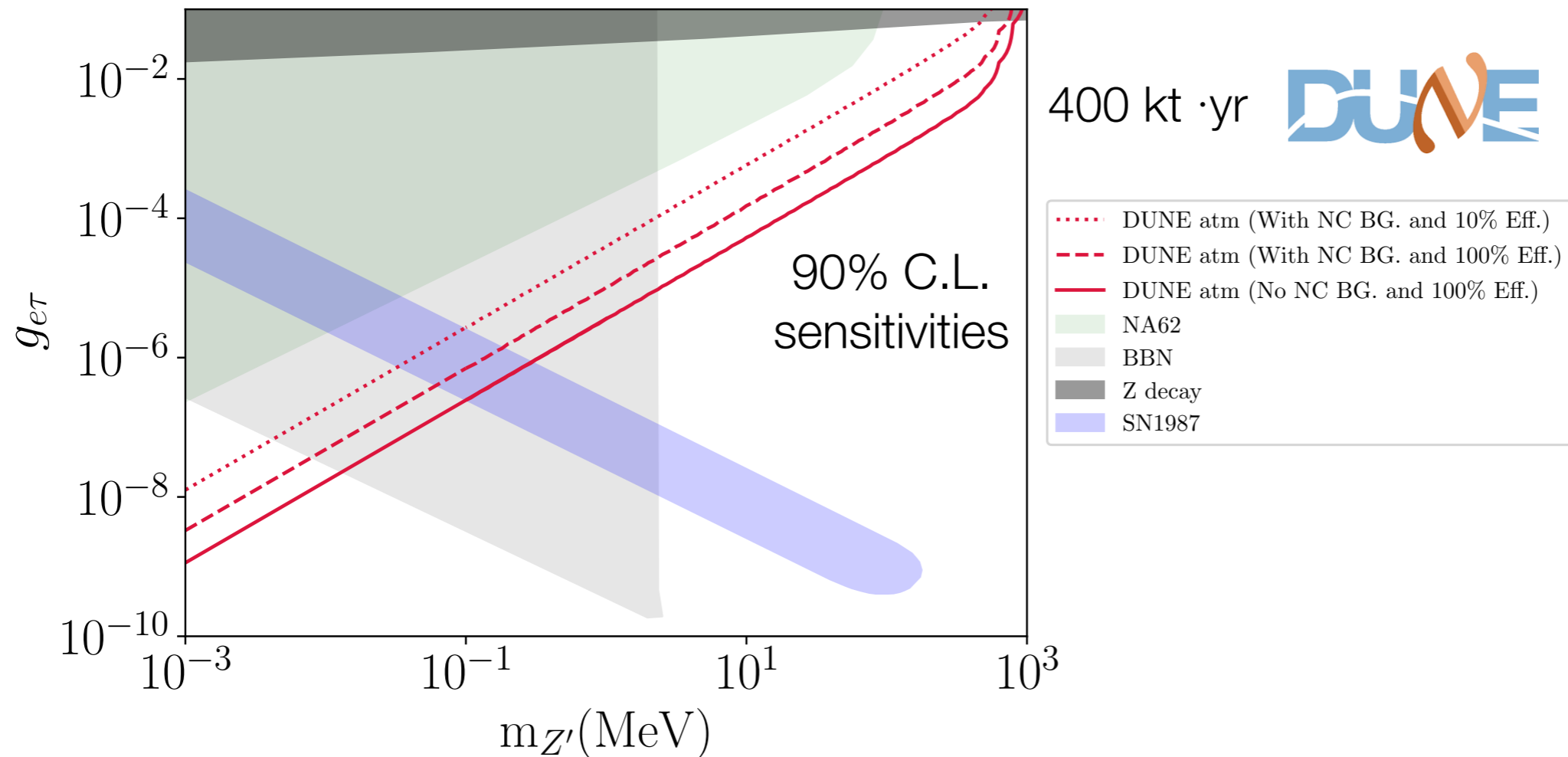


Aurisano,
NuTau2021 talk



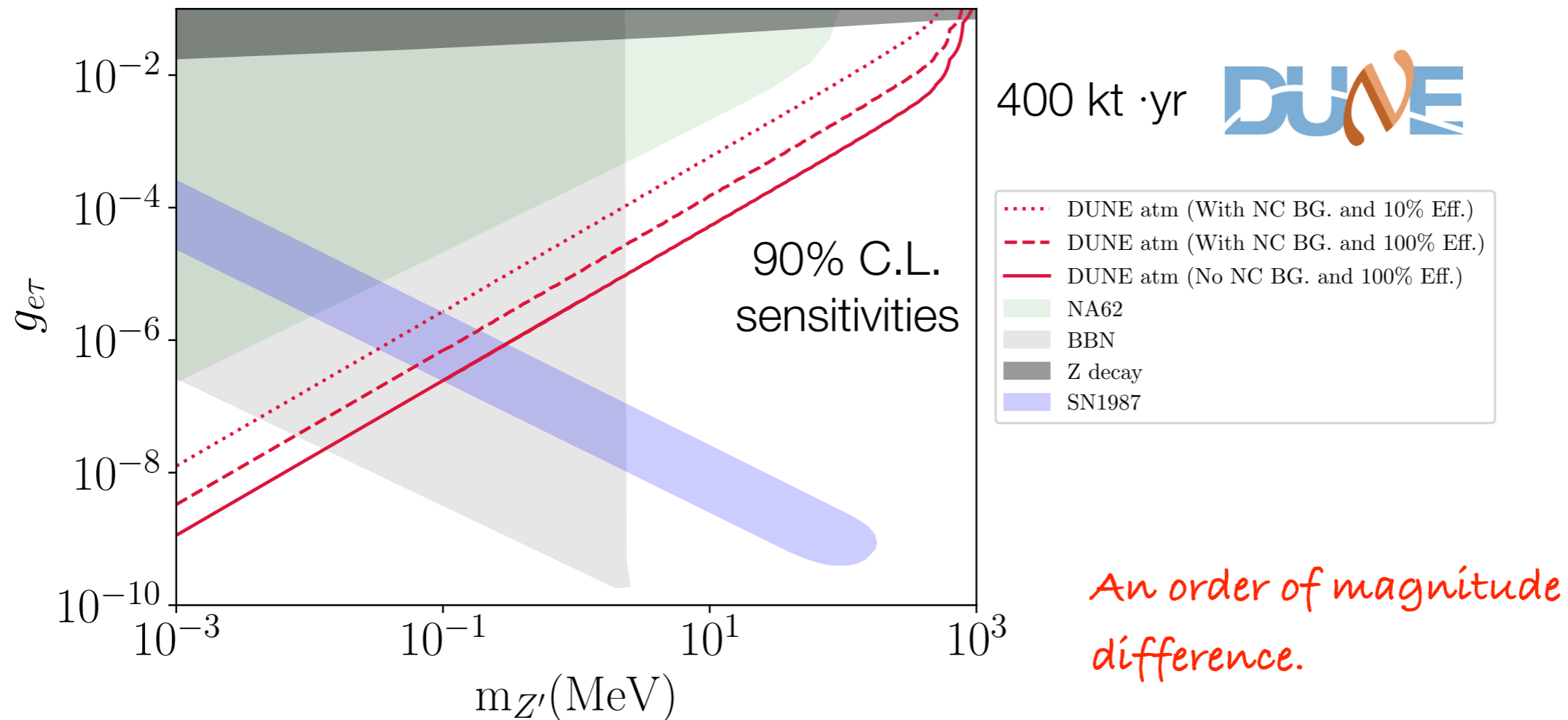
- NC background ~ 70 for 10 years: this might be still optimistic.

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: DUNE FD



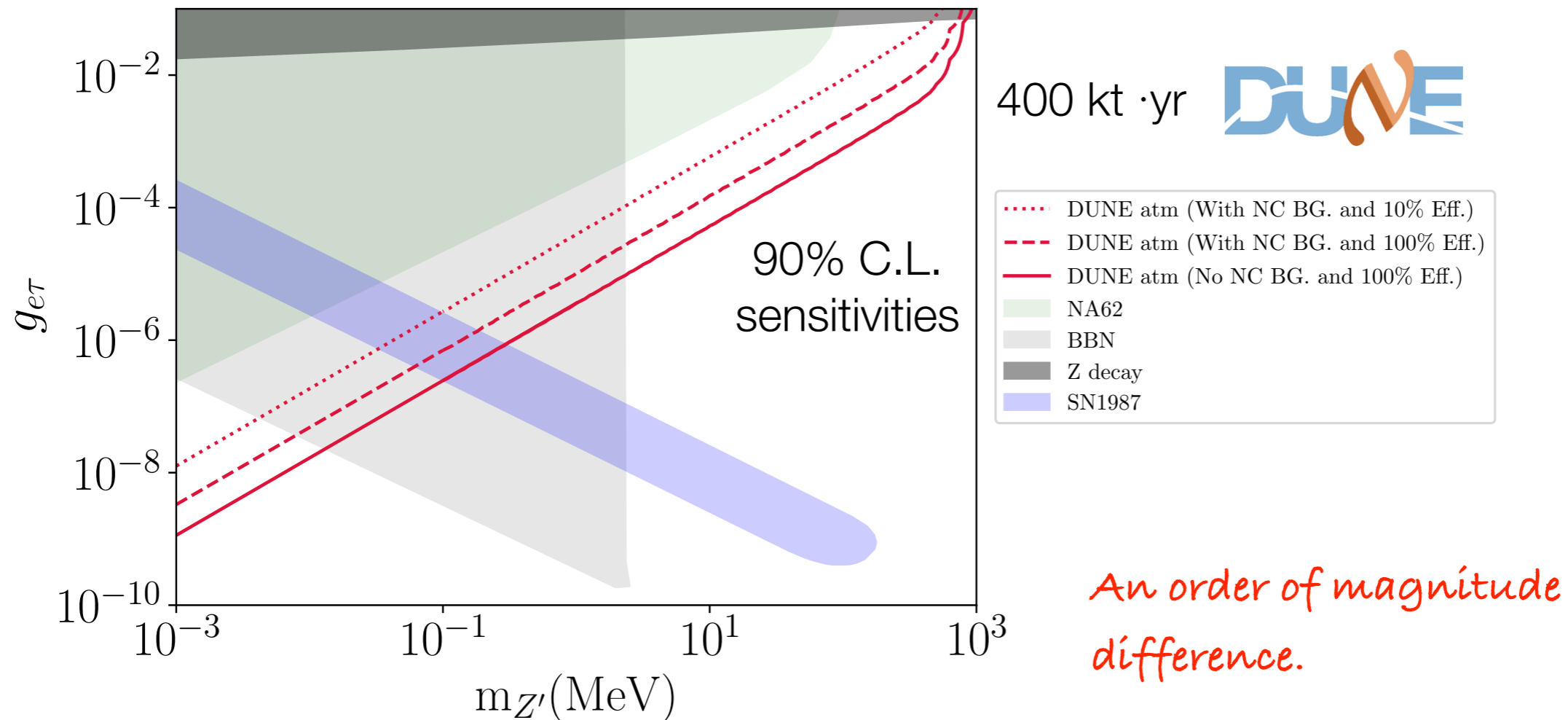
- Solid: No background with 100% identification and reconstruction efficiency
- Dashed: Neutral Current background (70 for 10 years)
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Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: DUNE FD



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Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: DUNE FD



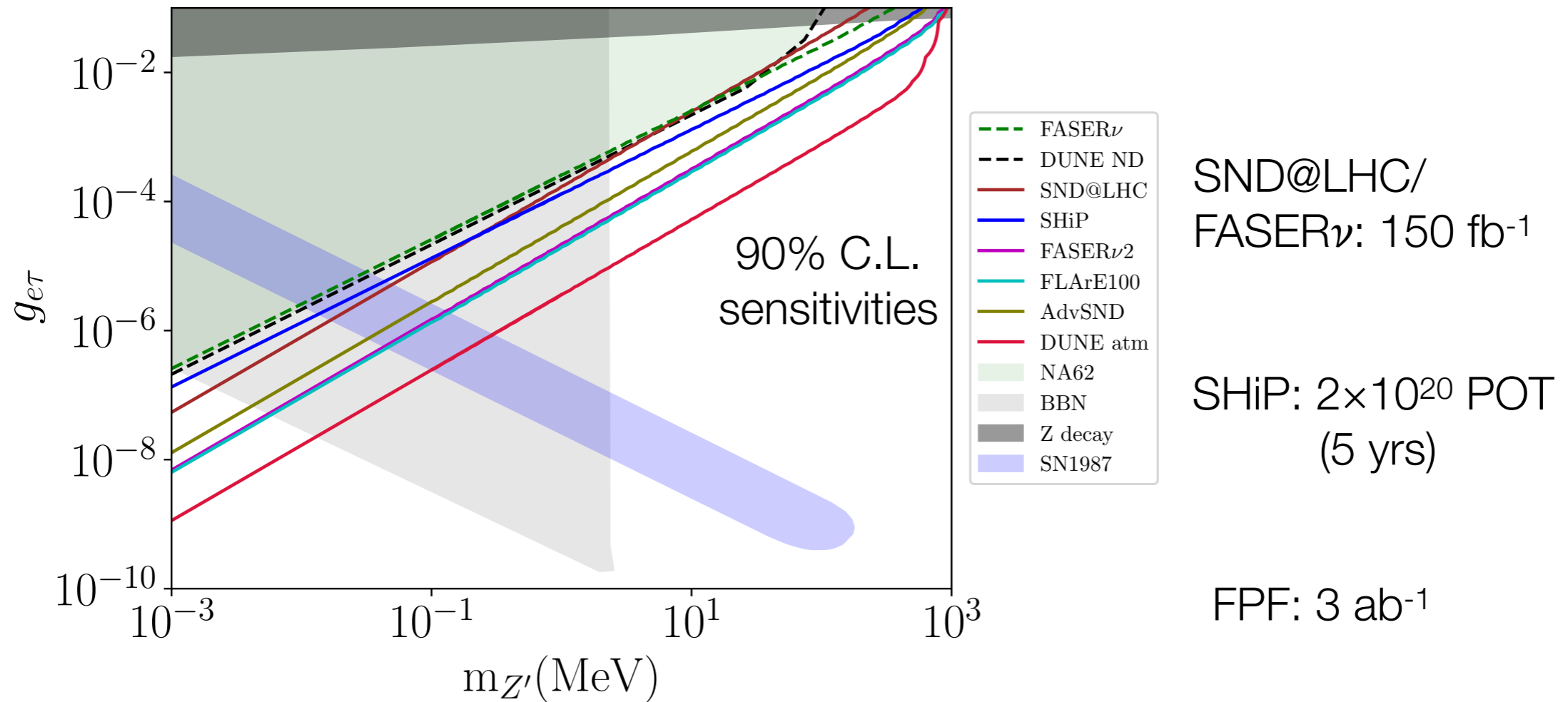
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DUNE, arXiv:2002.03005

Machado, Schulz, Turner, PRD 2020

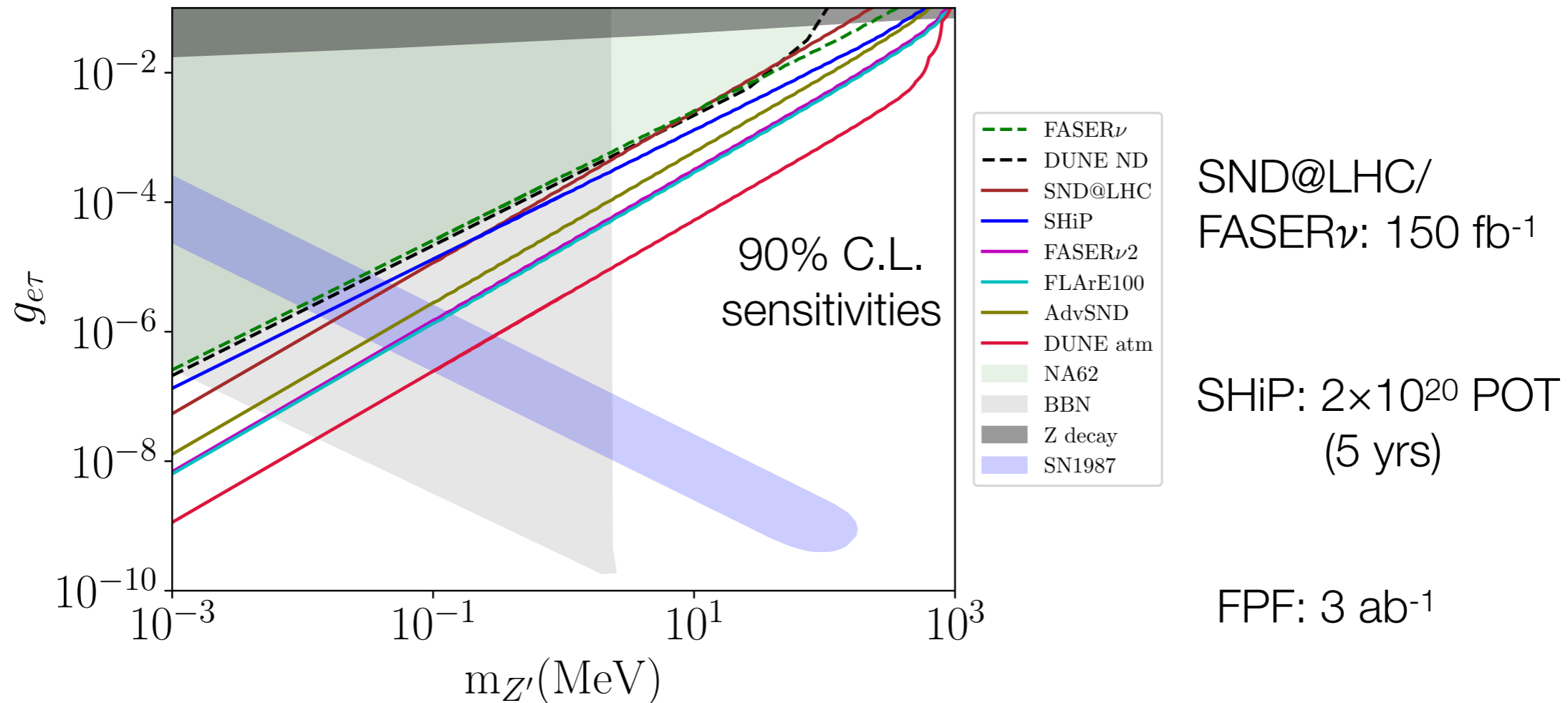
- DUNE far detector (400 kt·yr) is most sensitive for $m_{Z'} \gtrsim 1$ MeV, $m_{Z'} \lesssim 60$ keV by observing the **downward-going ν_τ appearance**. (better than cosmo)

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: FPF, SHiP



Red solid: DUNE best case

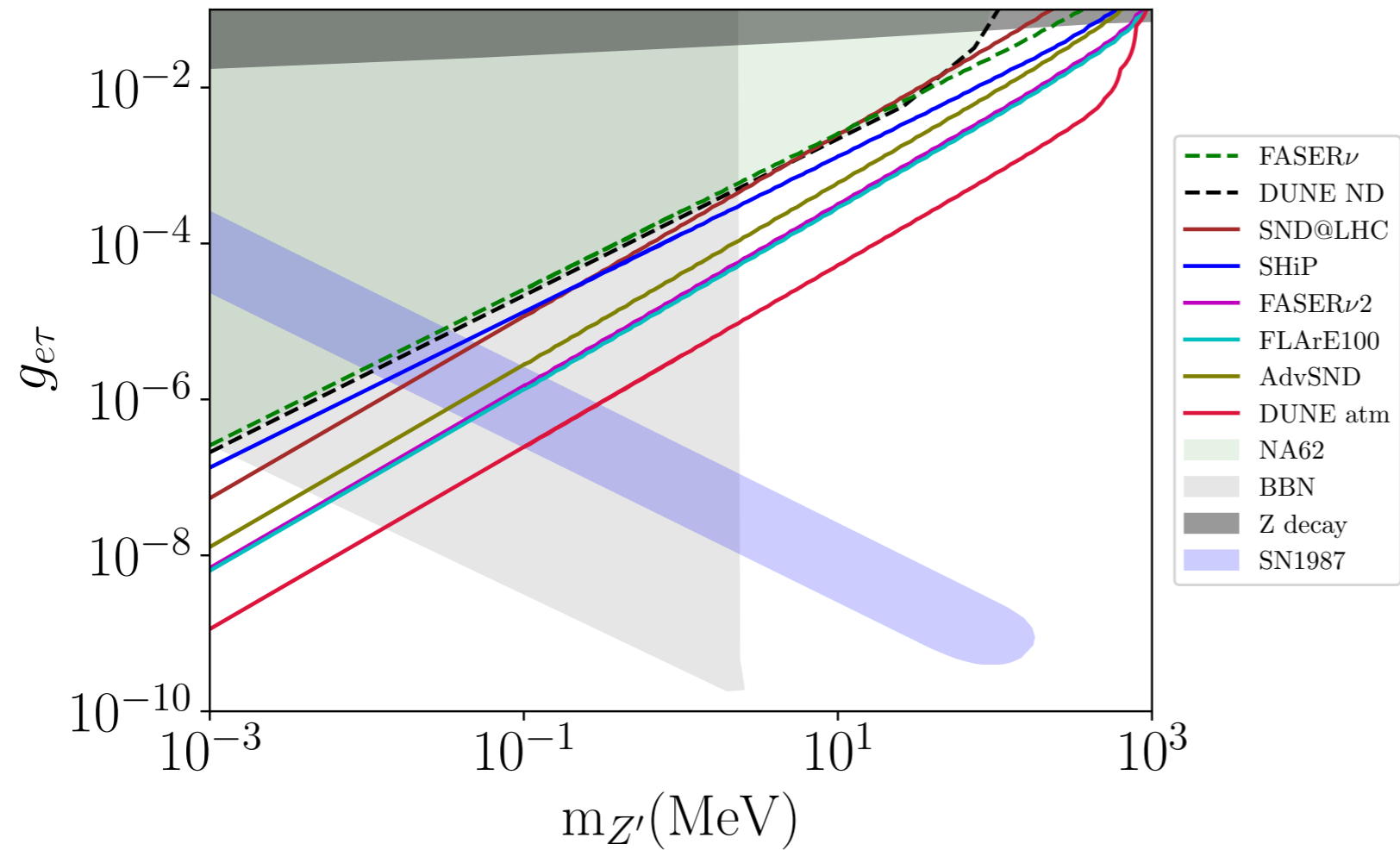
Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI: FPF, SHiP



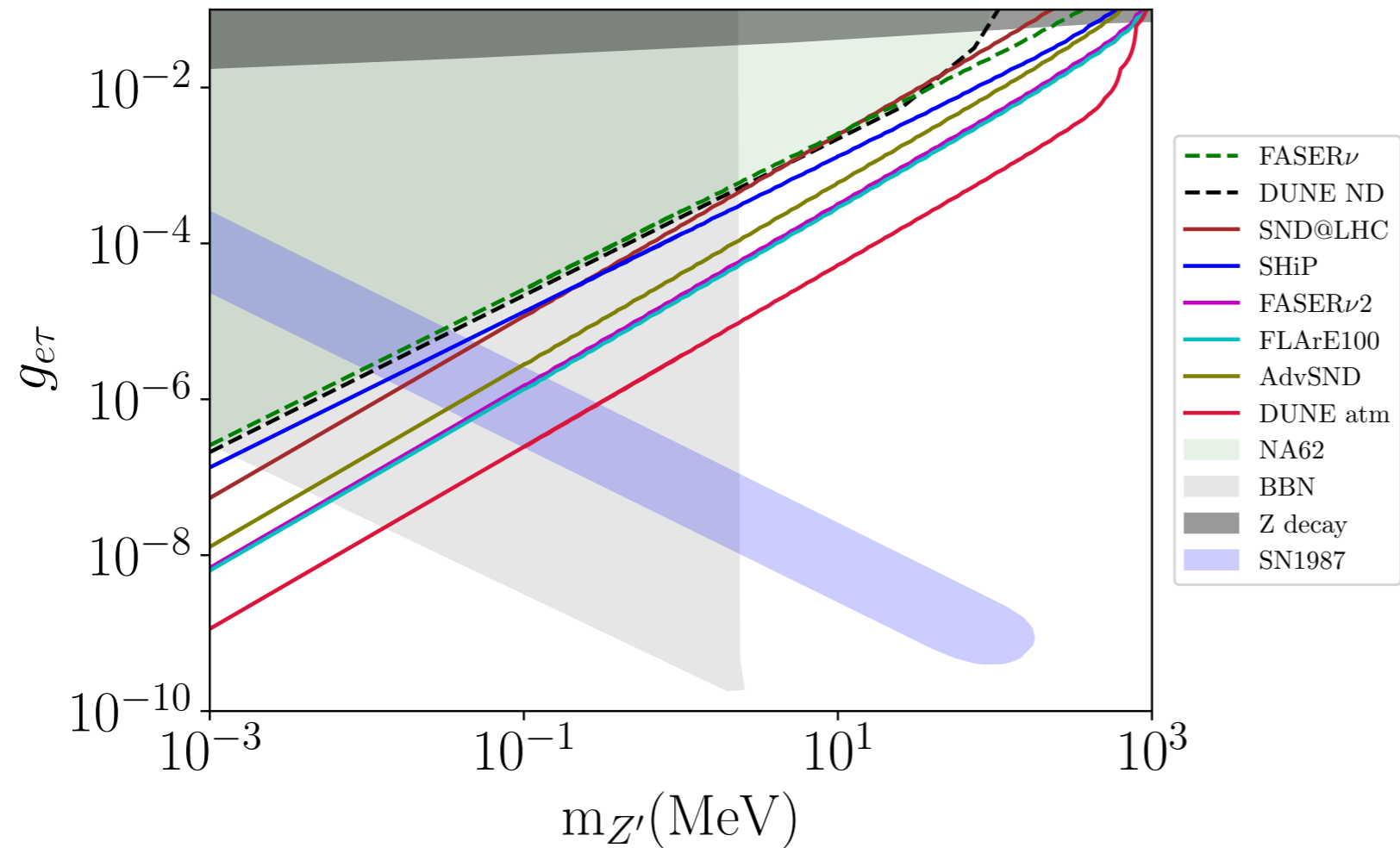
Red solid: DUNE best case

- FLArE100 (cyan, 100 ton) and FASER ν 2 (purple, 20 ton) can be comparable to the “realistic” sensitivity at DUNE but the flux uncertainties of the accelerator produced neutrinos can reduce their sensitivities.

IR divergent behavior?

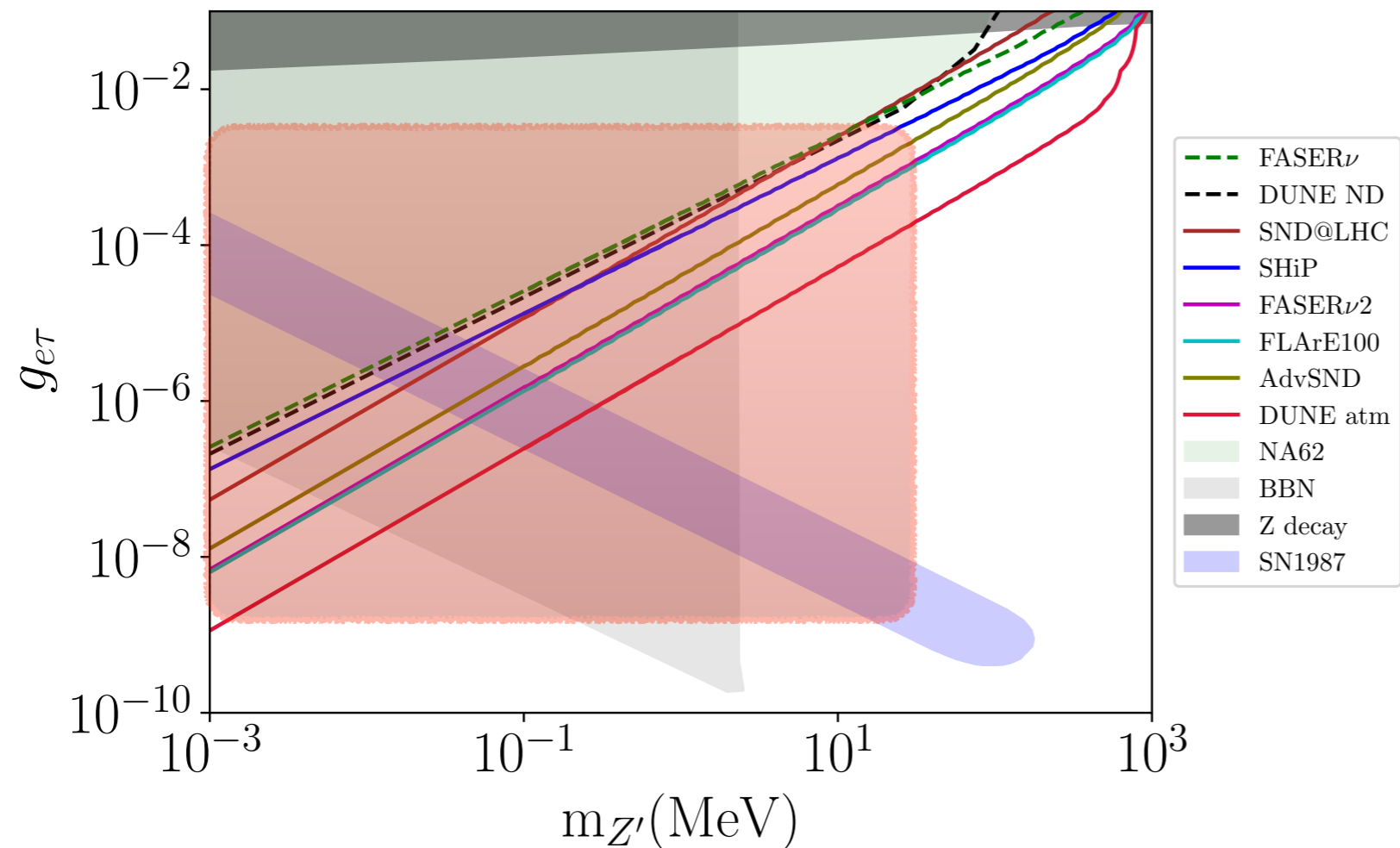


IR divergent behavior?



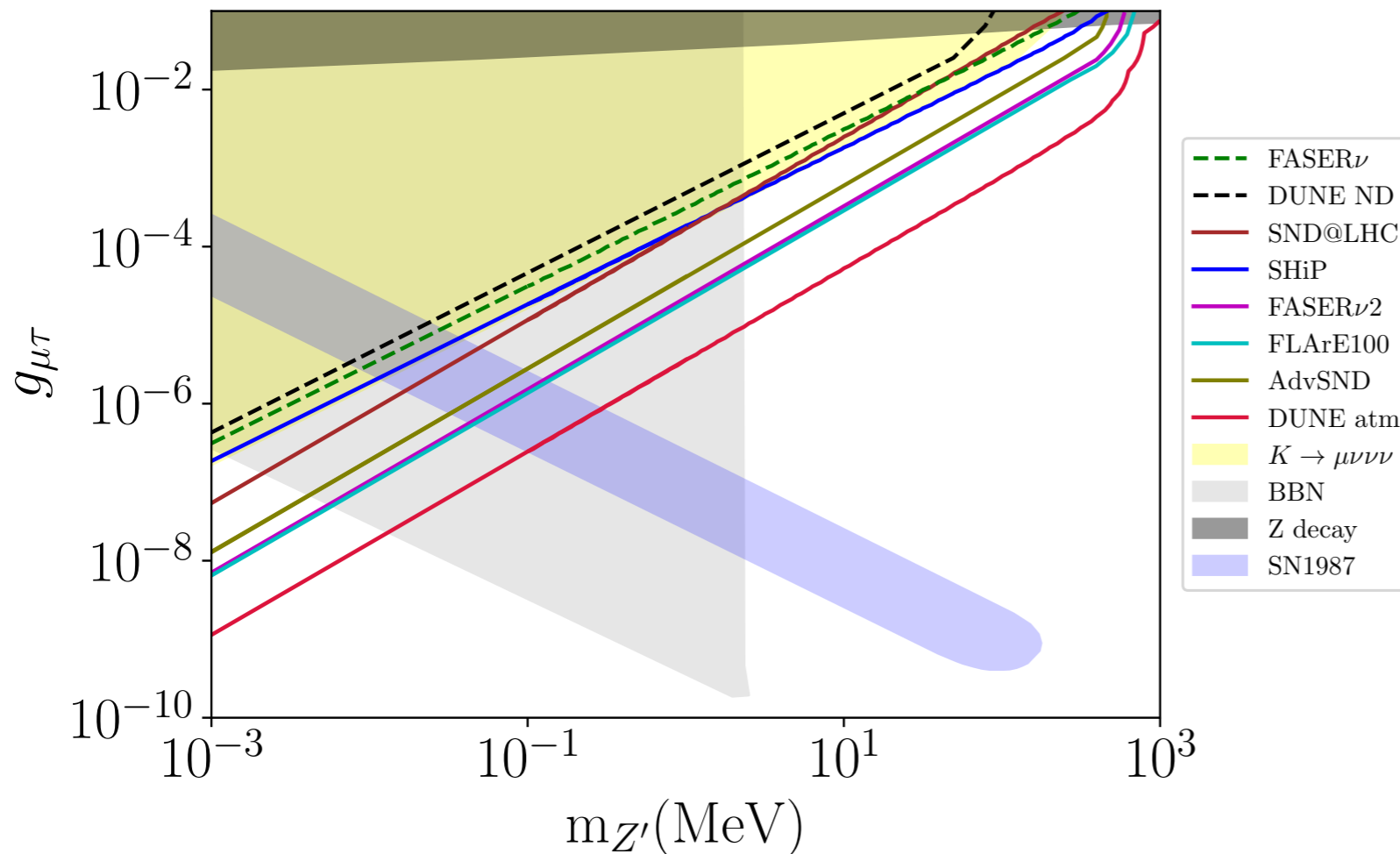
- Increase of the sensitivities should stop for some light $m_{Z'}$: future work

IR divergent behavior?



- Increase of the sensitivities should stop for some light $m_{Z'}$: future work
- **Scalar mediator** case study: IR divergence cancellation for $M_{Z'} \lesssim 100$ MeV and hence sensitivities get pushed back

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI

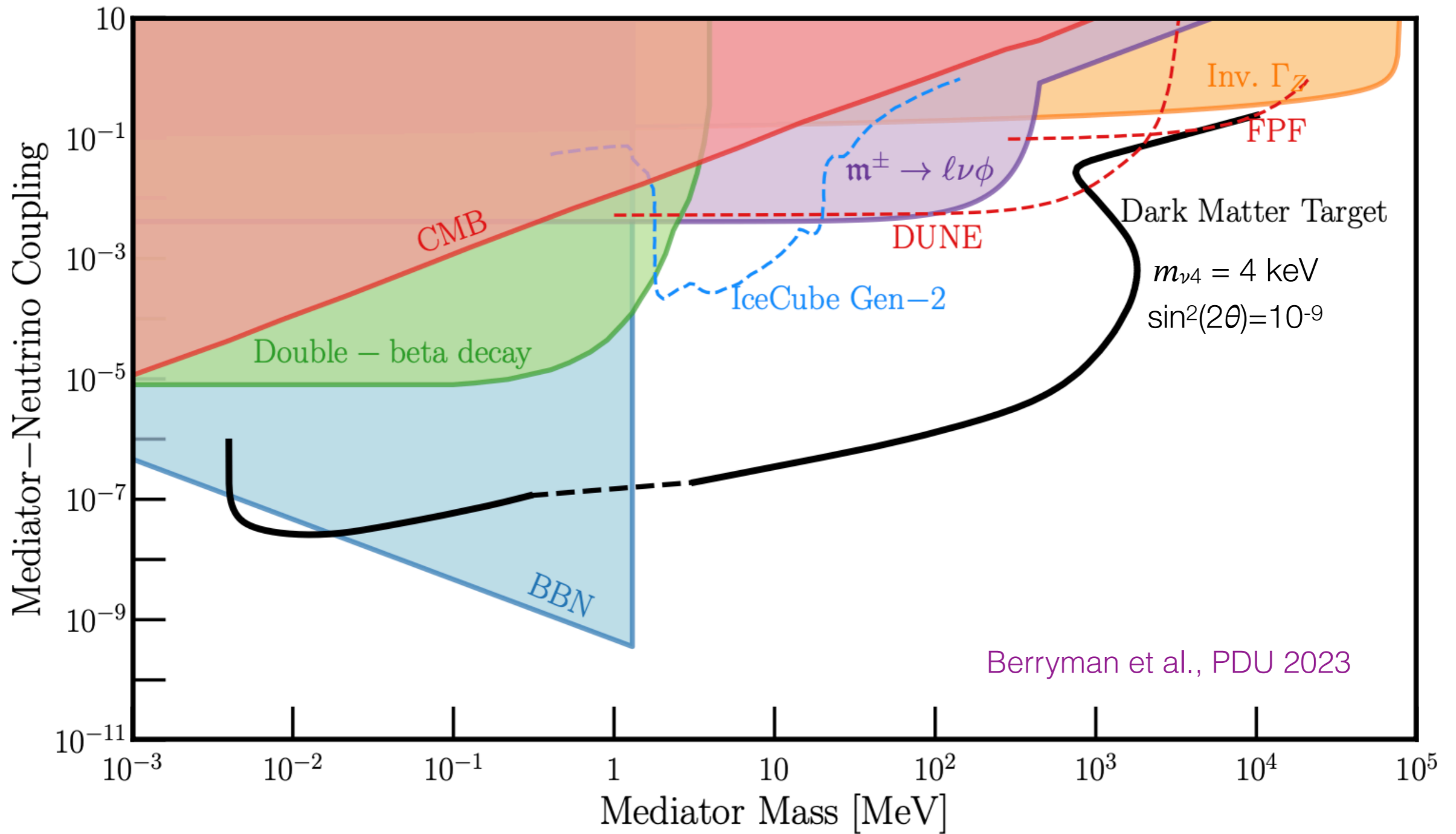


- Sensitivities are comparable or slightly weaker (SHiP) due to the phase space.

- DUNE far detector (400 kt·yr) is still most sensitive for $m_{Z'} \gtrsim 1$ MeV, $m_{Z'} \lesssim 60$ keV.
- We now apply the rare Kaon decay constraint at E949 (yellow).

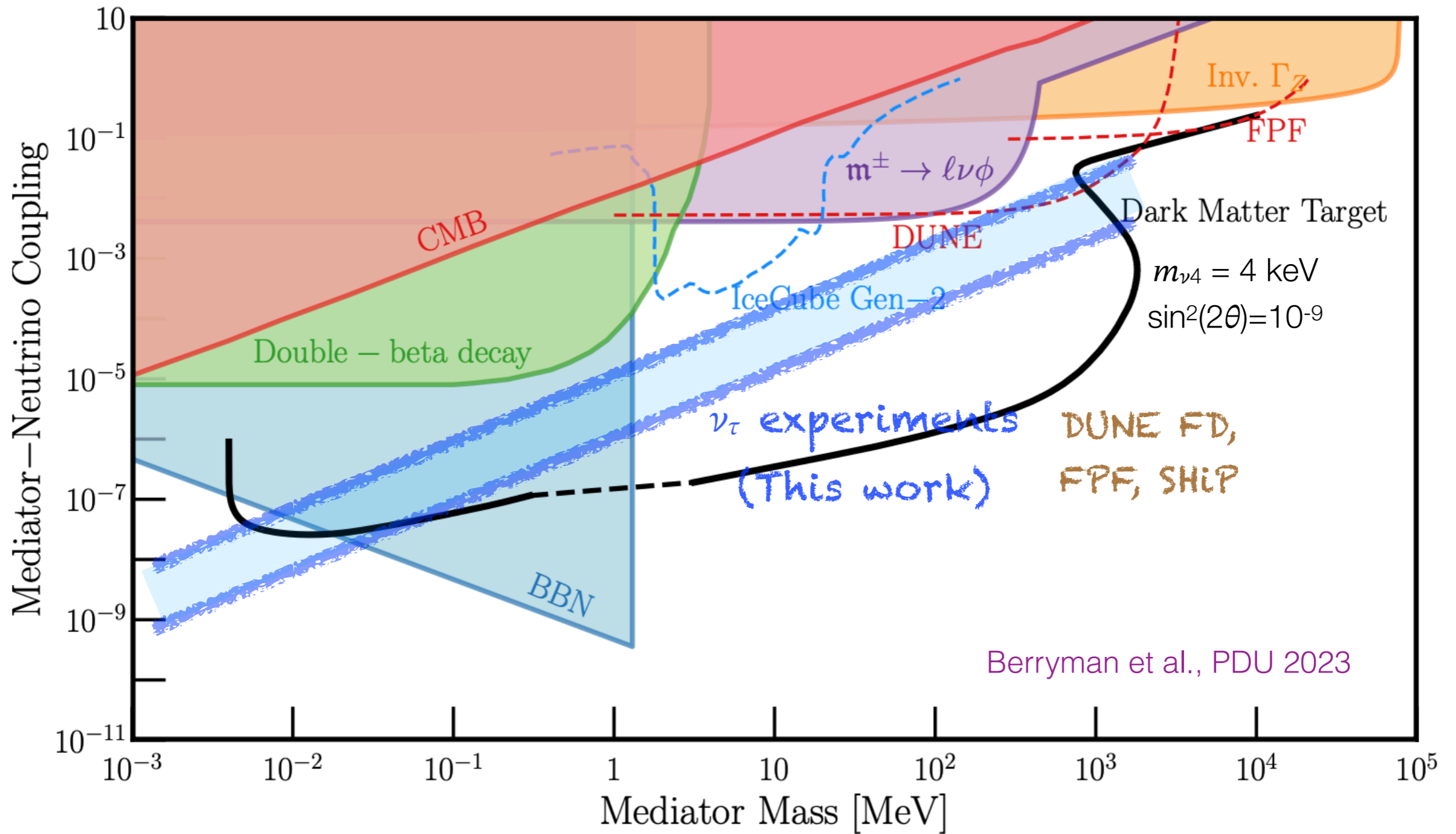
$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu\nu\nu) < 2.4 \times 10^{-6}$$

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI



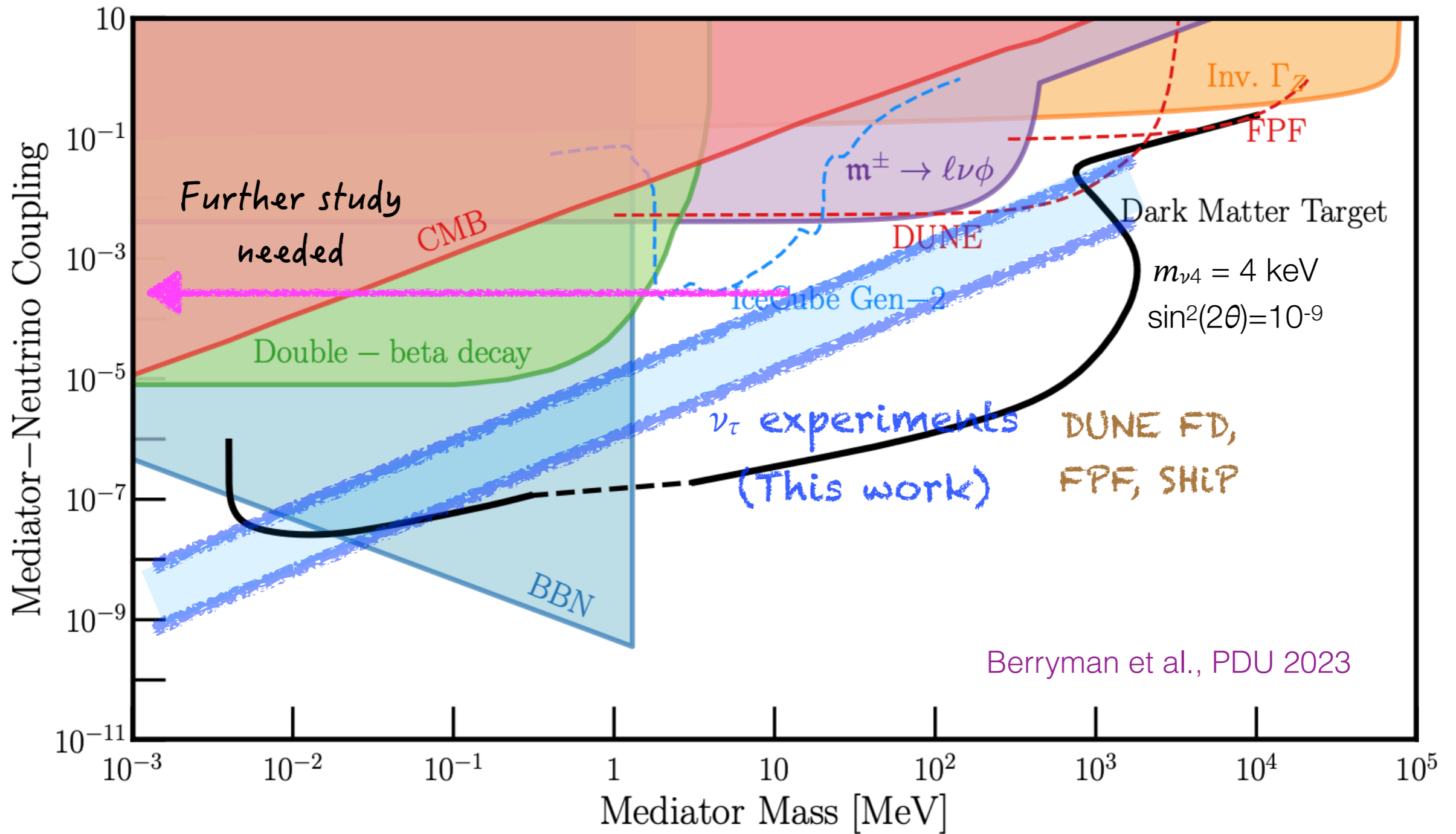
Universal and diagonal coupling & scalar mediator case

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI



Universal and diagonal coupling & scalar mediator case

Sensitivities for ν_τ SNI



Universal and diagonal coupling & scalar mediator case

Conclusions

- Upcoming (& ongoing) tau neutrino experiments can shed light on our steps toward New Physics BSM.
- We can probe flavor non-universal (ν_τ -philic) SNI preferred by cosmo/astro/lab.: we use SND@LHC, FASER ν , AdvSND, SHiP, FLArE100, FASER ν 2, and DUNE
- Atmospheric data at DUNE far detector shows the best sensitivities due to the unexpected **downward-going ν_τ appearance** with small backgrounds: stronger than cosmo for $m_{Z'} \gtrsim 1$ MeV, $m_{Z'} \lesssim 60$ keV.
- Tau identification and reconstruction efficiency are important.
- Future: dedicated study of flavored SNI in cosmo/astro, mediators with other spins, cLFV rare decays & calculations for light $m_{Z'}$