

Neutrinos from the Sun can discover Dark Matter-Electron scattering

Akash Kumar Saha

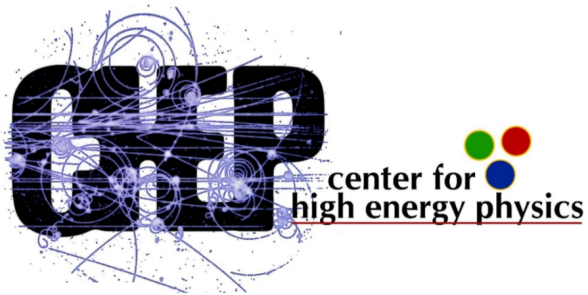
Based on

[arXiv: 2308.12336](https://arxiv.org/abs/2308.12336)

Tarak Nath Maity, AKS, Sagnik Mondal, Ranjan Laha

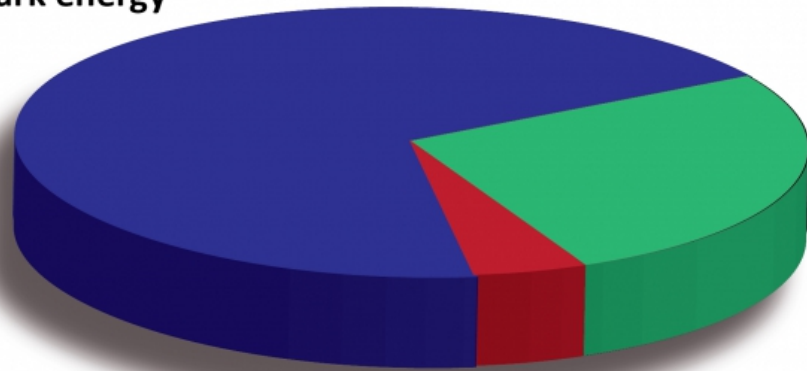
Centre for High Energy Physics

IISc Bangalore



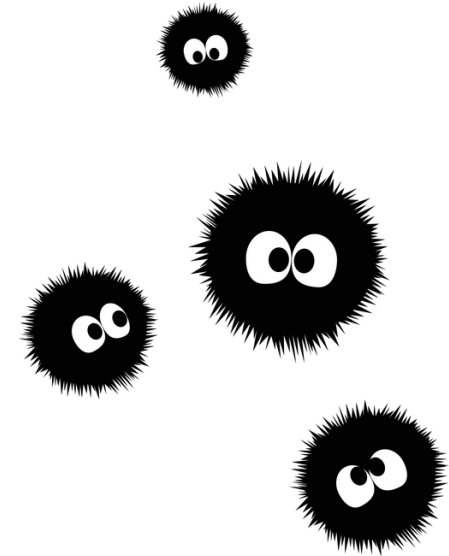
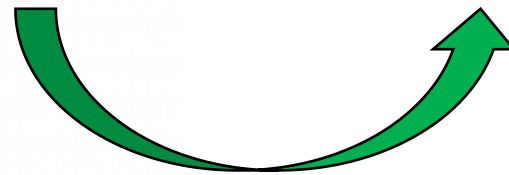
Reality Check

68.5 %
dark energy

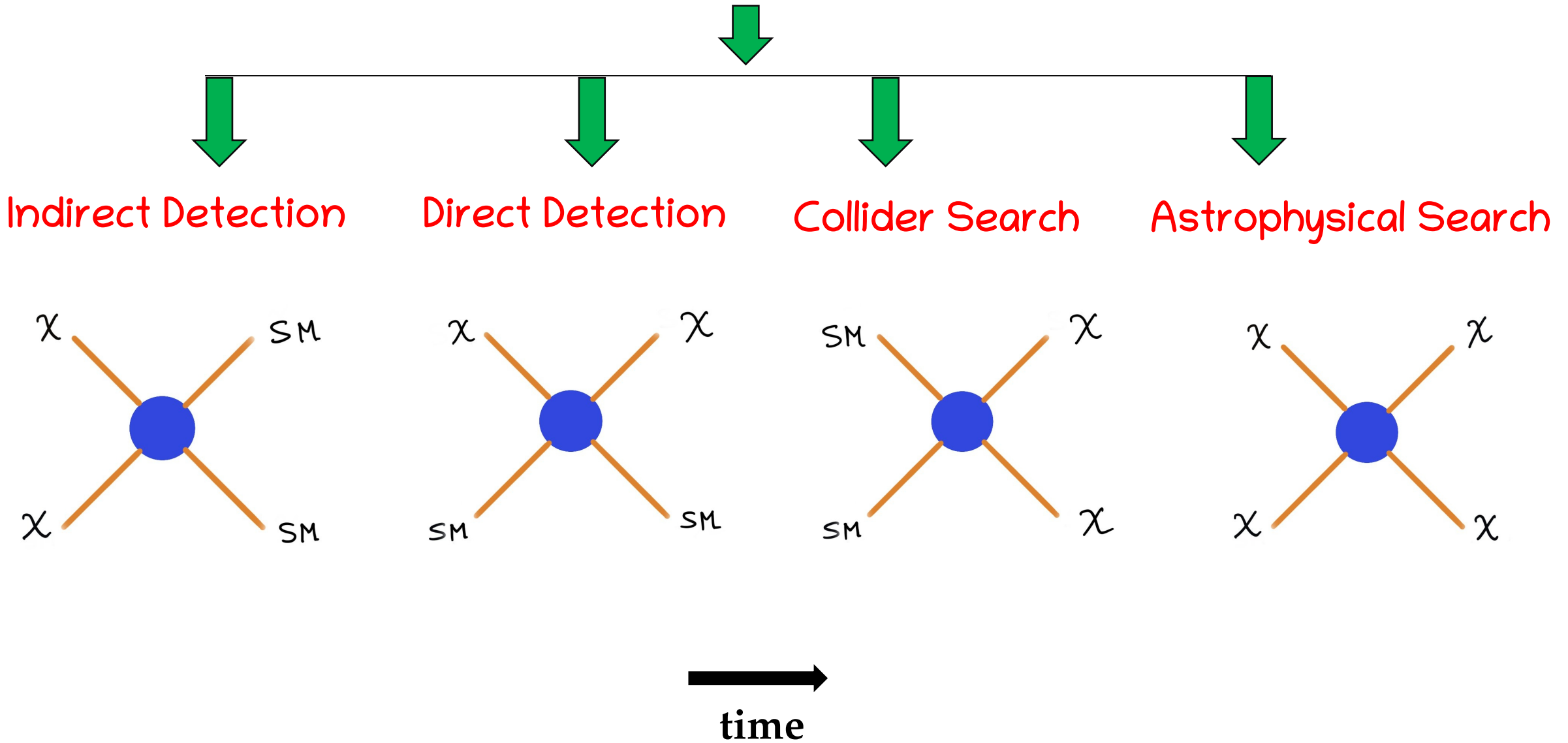


26.6 %
dark
matter

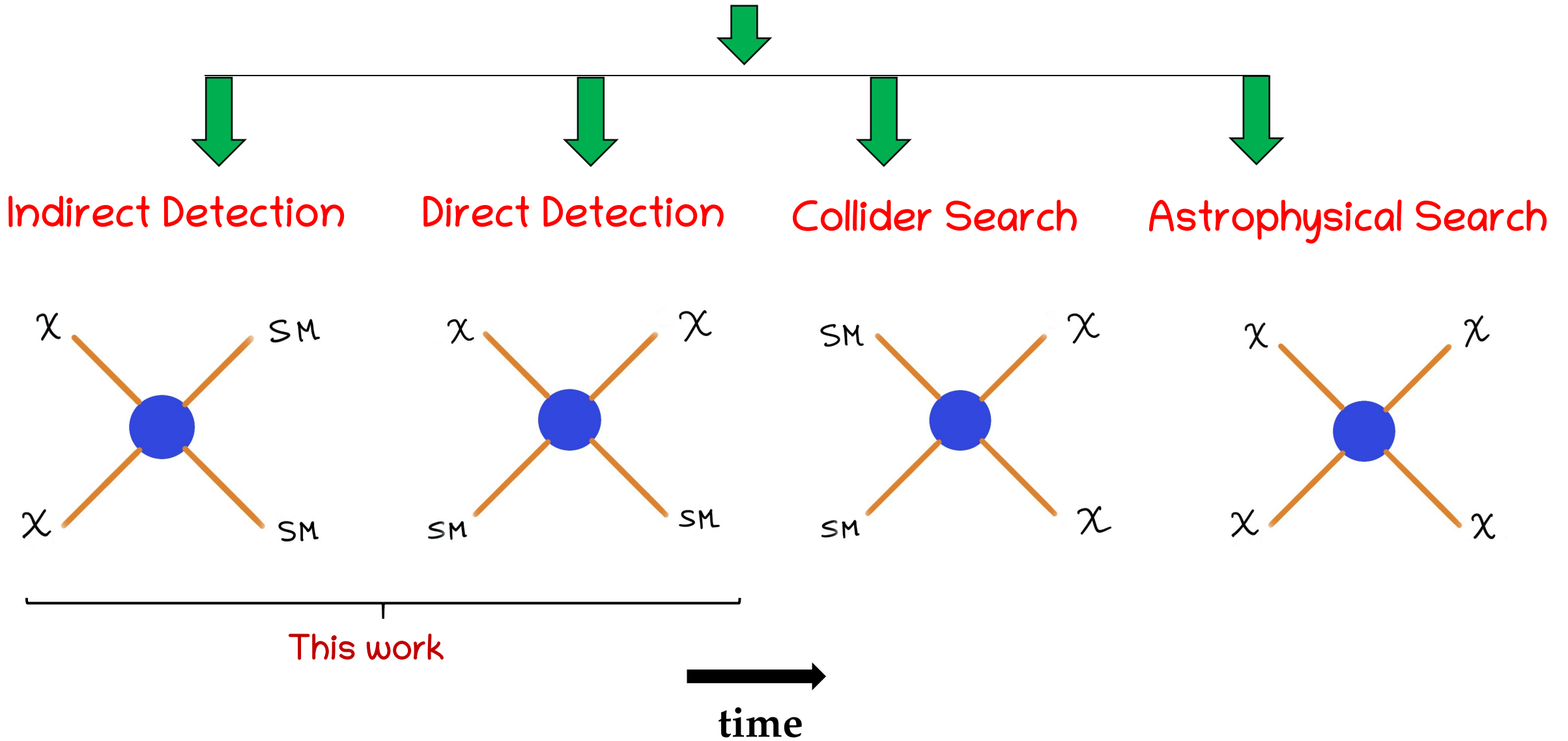
4.9 %
ordinary
matter



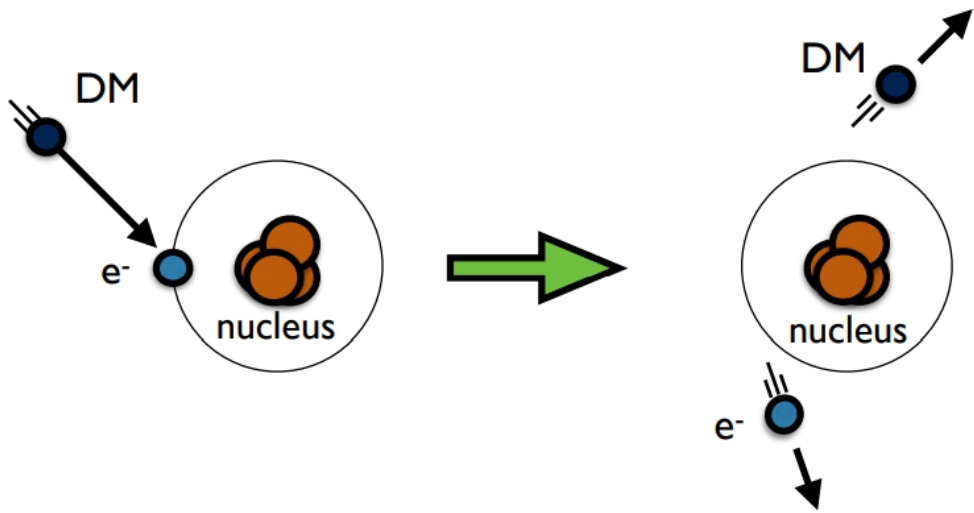
Dark Matter detection



Dark Matter detection



Dark Matter-electron scattering status



Rouven Essig, Mainz (2019)

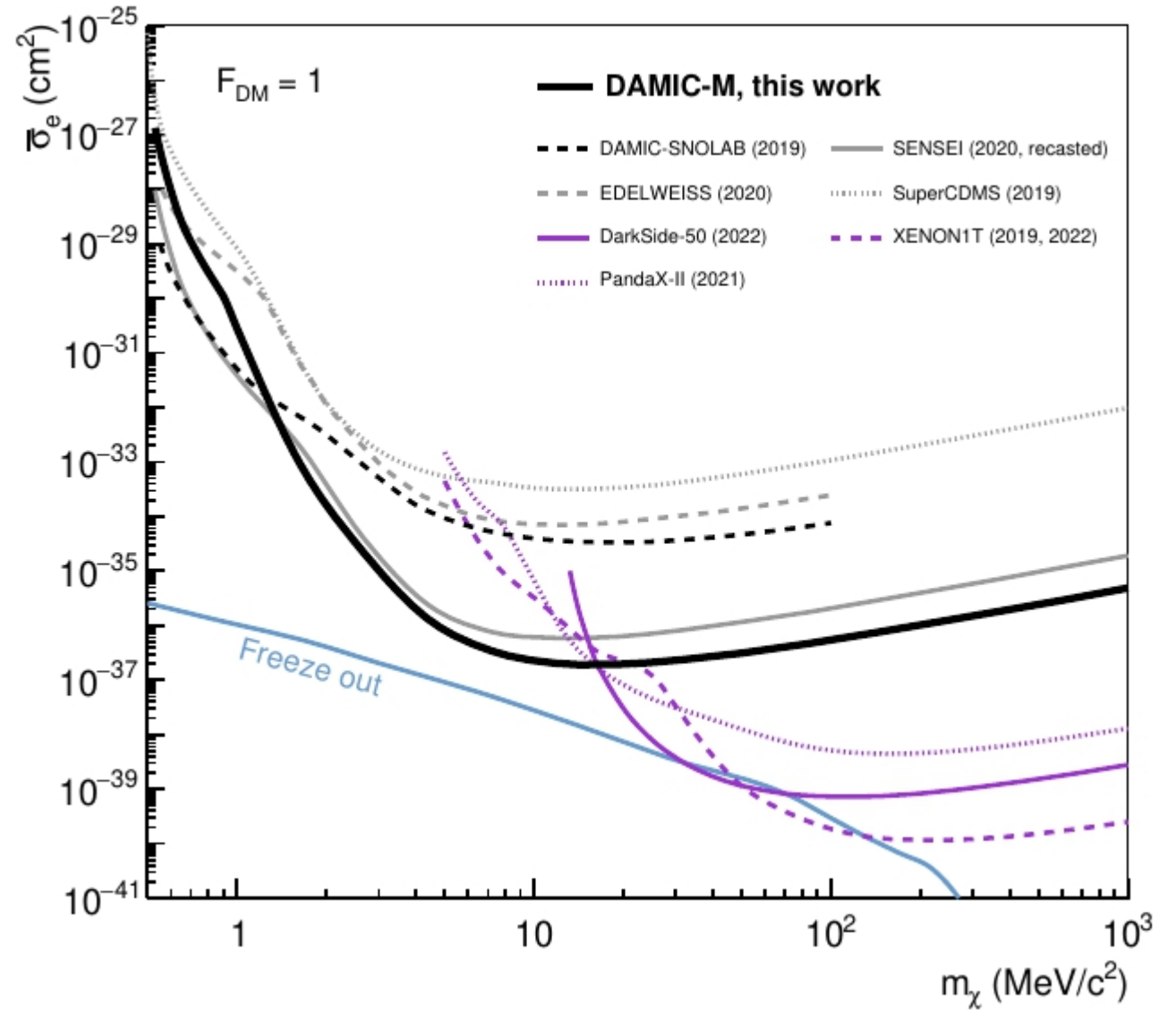
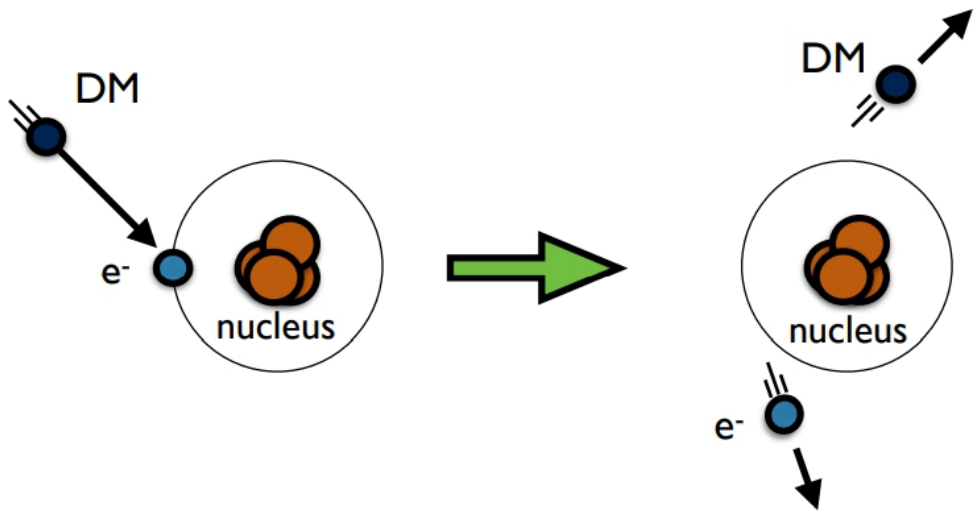


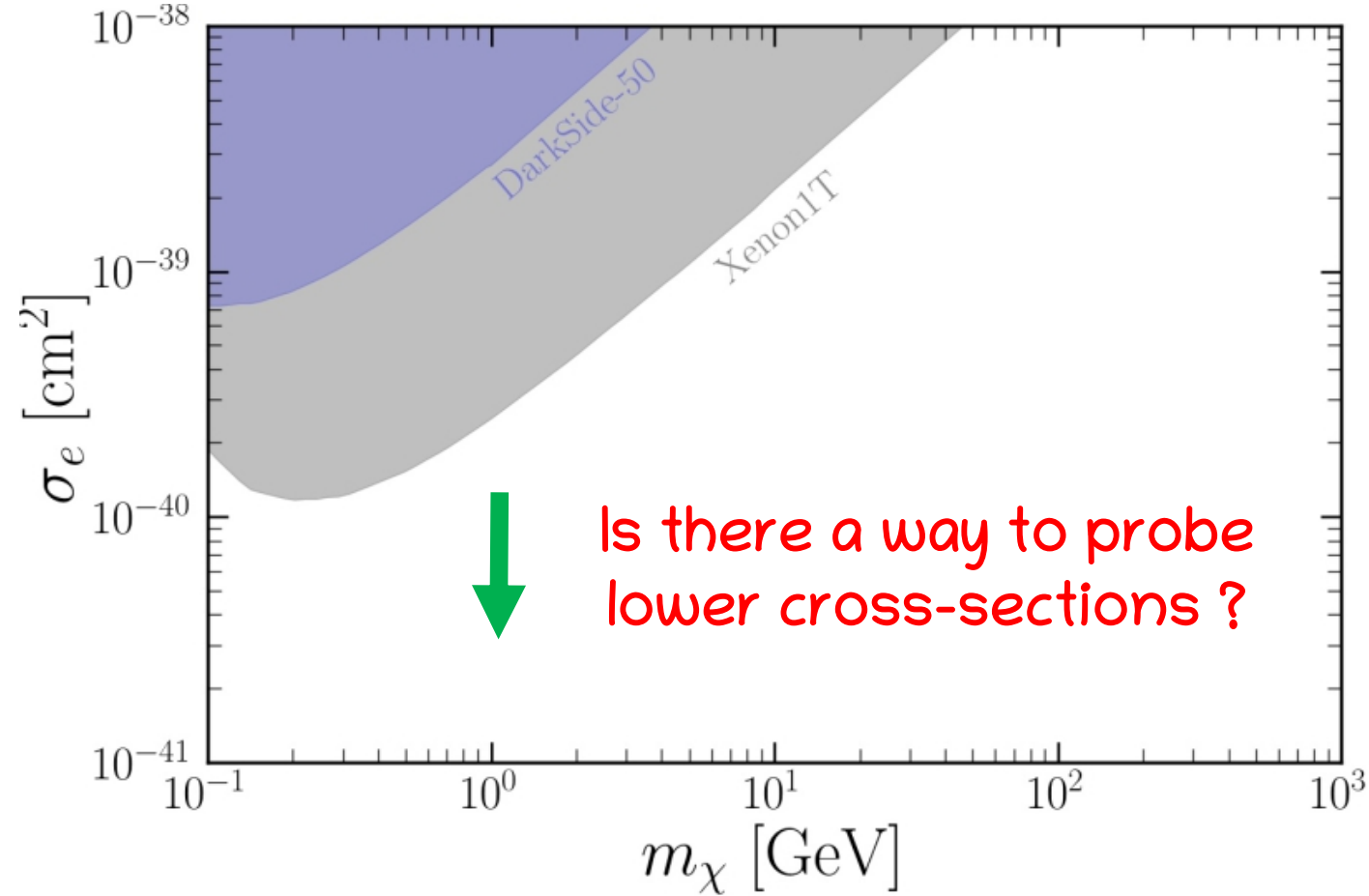
Fig.: 2302.02372

Dark Matter-electron scattering status



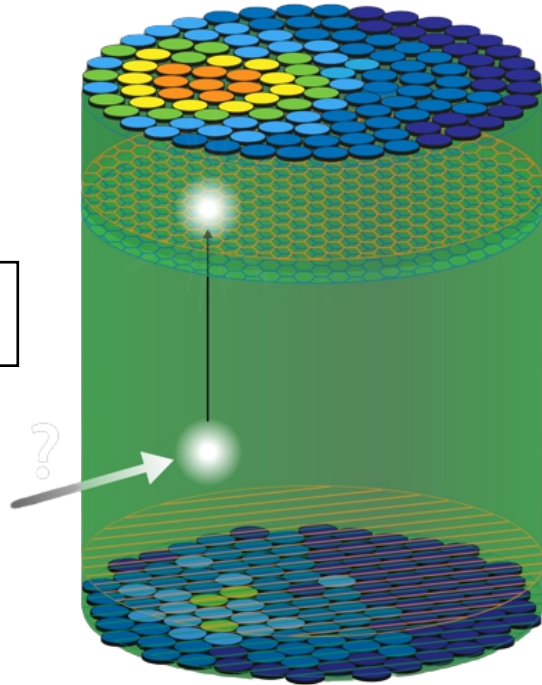
Rouven Essig, Mainz (2019)

$$N = \frac{\rho_\chi}{m_\chi} \times V$$



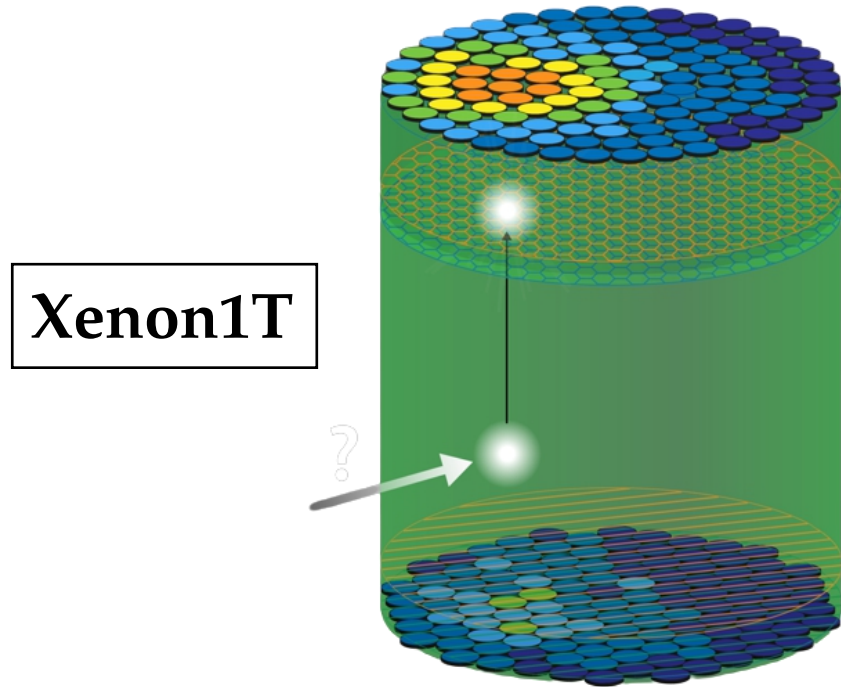
So whats the solution ?

Xenon1T



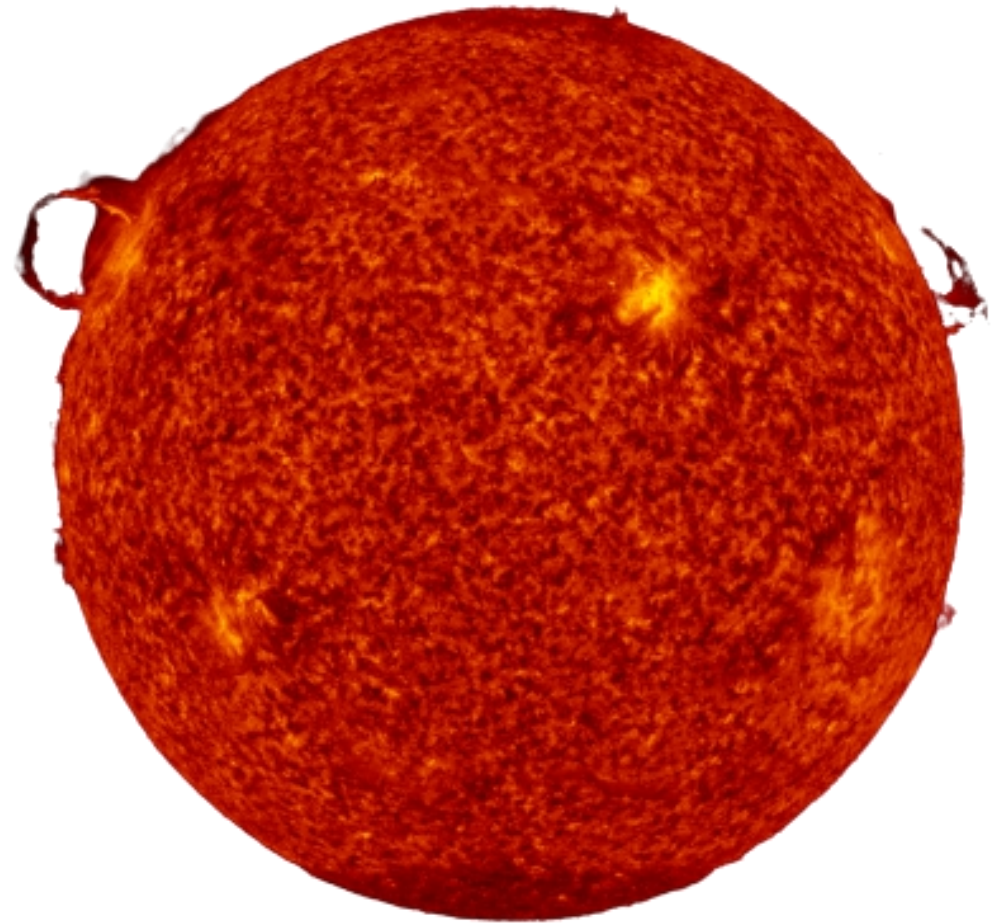
Exposure: ~ 22 tonne-day

So whats the solution ?



Xenon1T

Exposure: ~ 22 tonne-day

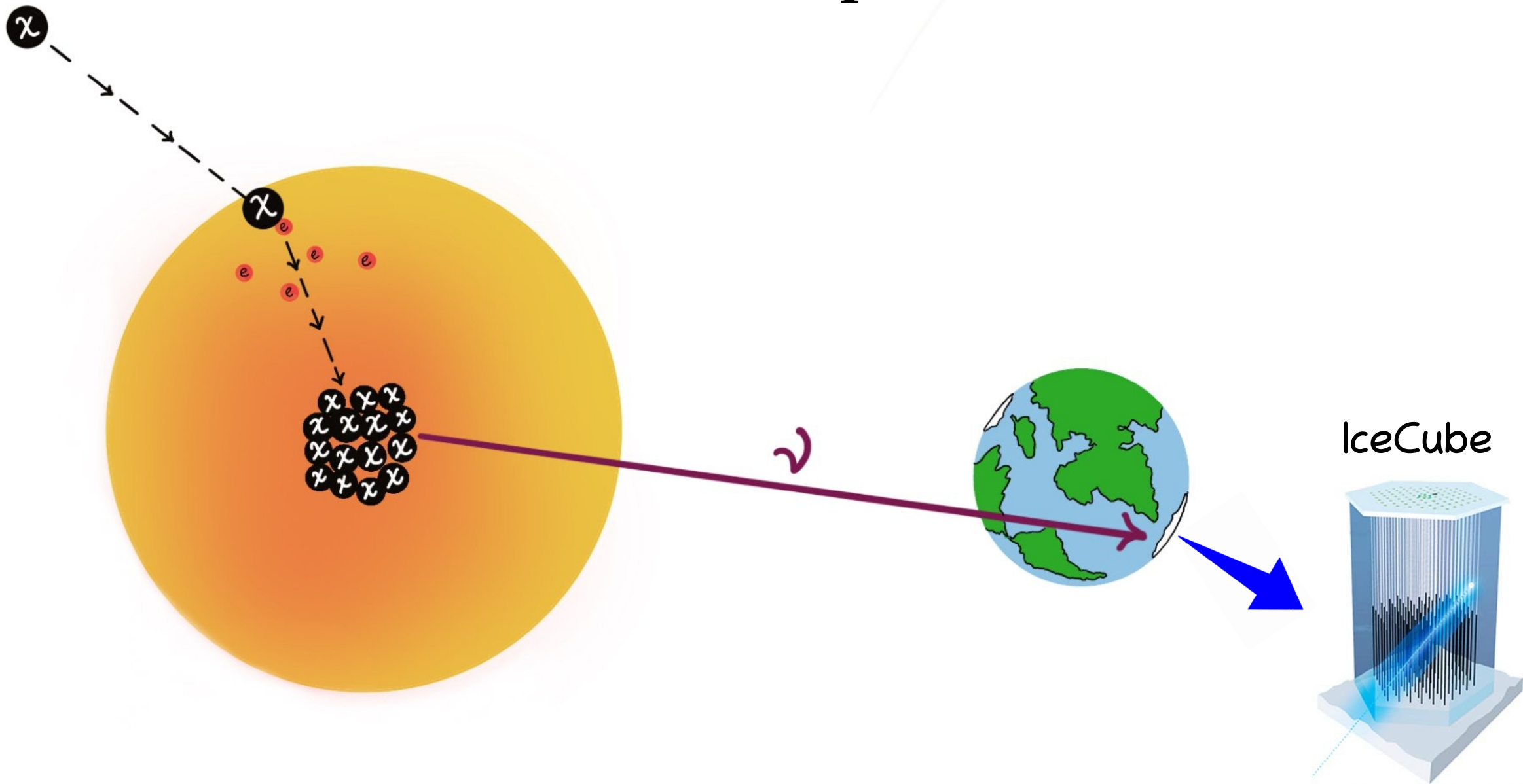


The Sun

~ 10^{28} tonne-Gyr

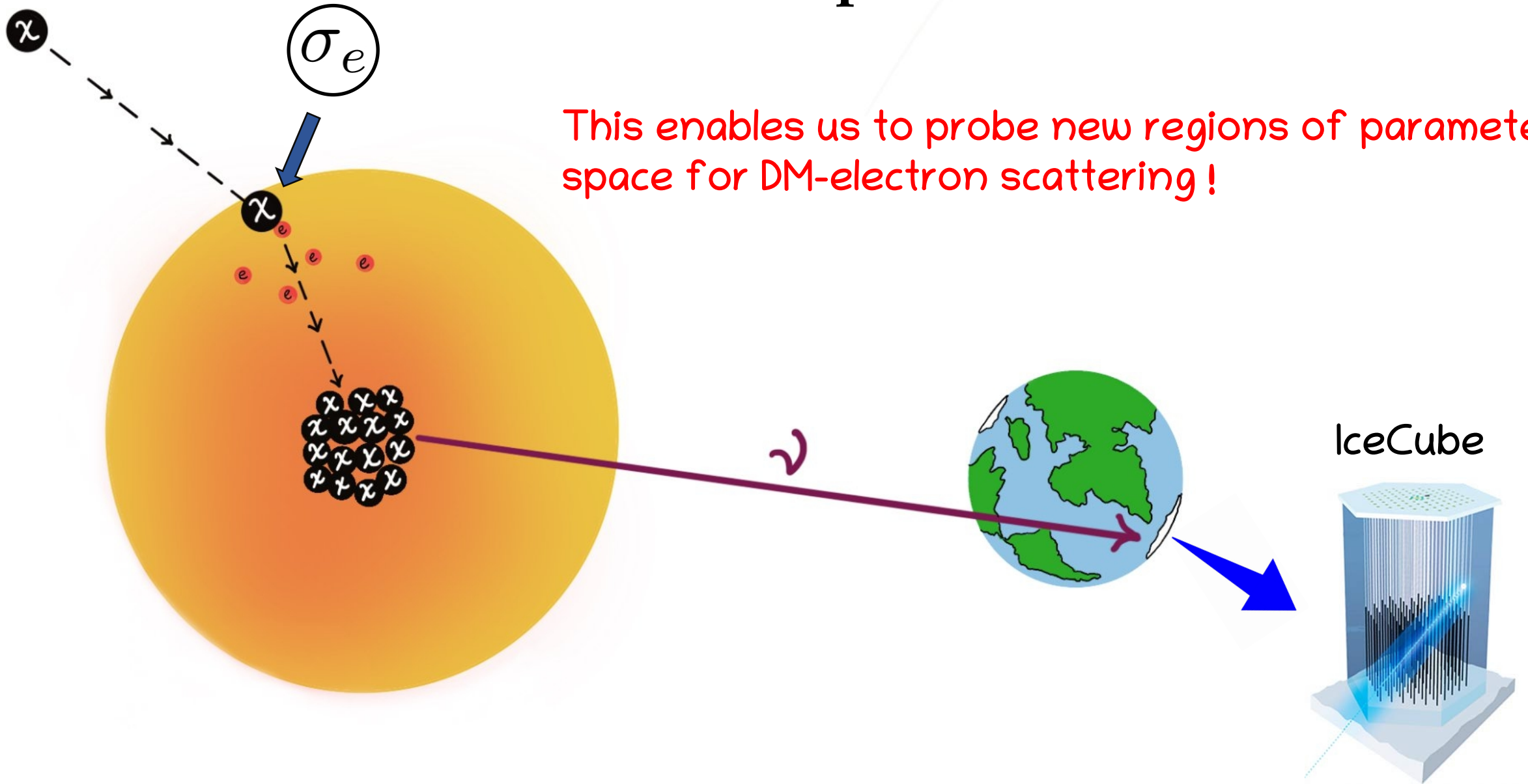
Can we use the Sun as our DM detector ?

Our Proposal



Our Proposal

This enables us to probe new regions of parameter space for DM-electron scattering!



Dark Matter capture in the Sun

$$C_{\odot} = \int_0^{R_{\odot}} 4\pi r^2 n_e(r) dr \int_0^{\infty} du_{\chi} \left(\frac{\rho_{\chi}}{m_{\chi}} \right) \frac{f_{v_{\odot}}(u_{\chi})}{u_{\chi}} (u_{\chi}^2 + v_e^2(r)) g(w) \sigma_e$$

Capture rate of DM inside the Sun

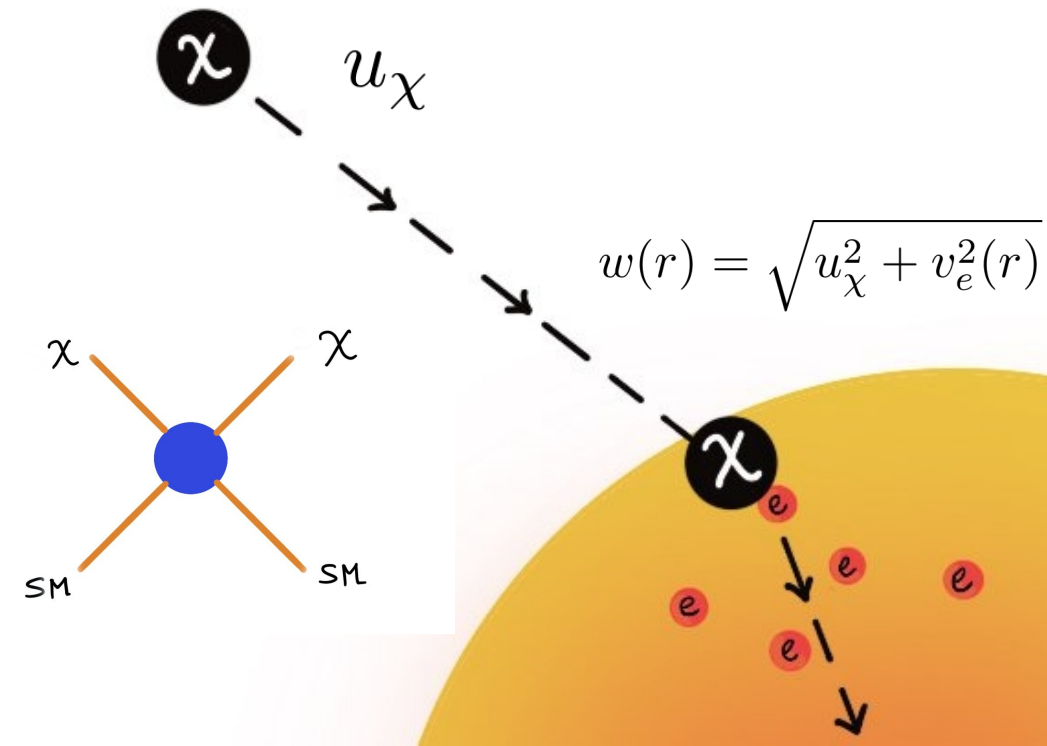
Total number of Solar electrons

Incident DM flux

Capture probability

See Kopp et al. (0907.3159), Garani et al. (1702.02768)

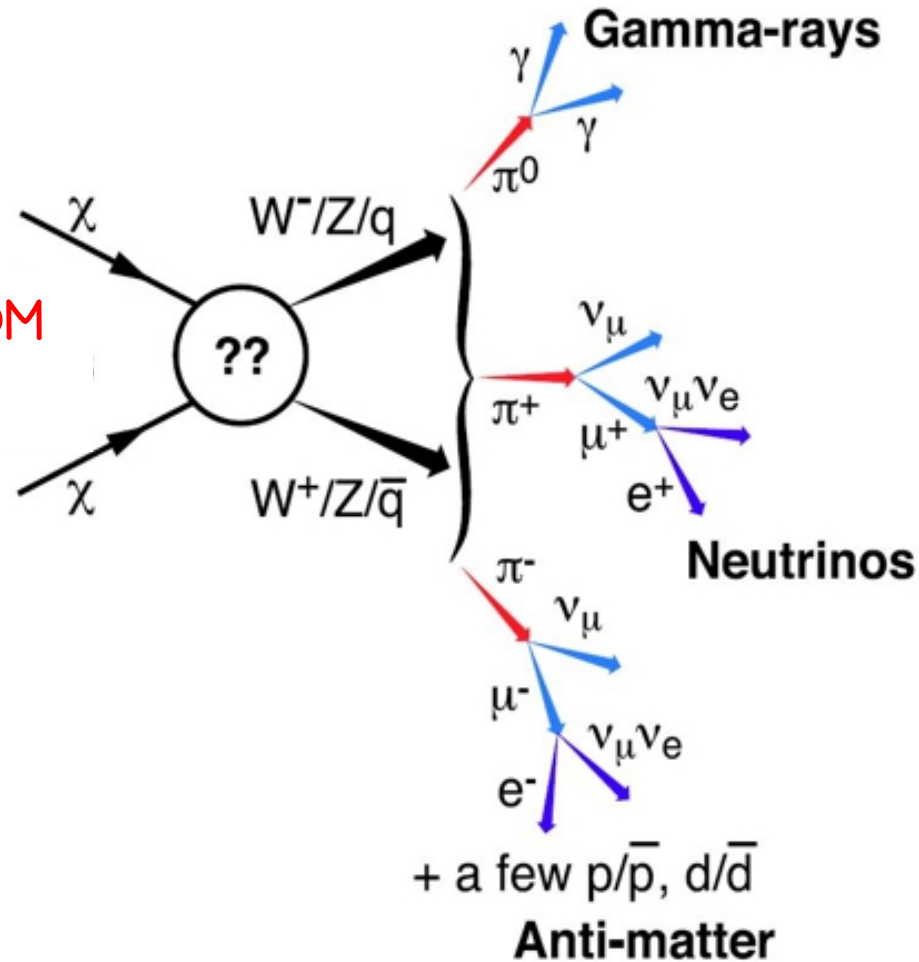
- $n_e(r)$ → Number density of Solar electrons
- ρ_{χ} → DM density at Solar neighbourhood
- m_{χ} → Mass of DM particle
- $f_{v_{\odot}}(u_{\chi})$ → DM velocity distribution at Solar position
- σ_e → DM-electron cross-section



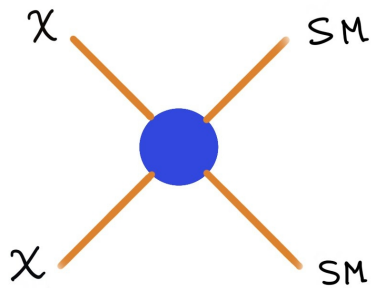
Captured Dark Matter annihilation



Captured DM particles



These can escape from the Sun



Neutrino detection by IceCube and DeepCore

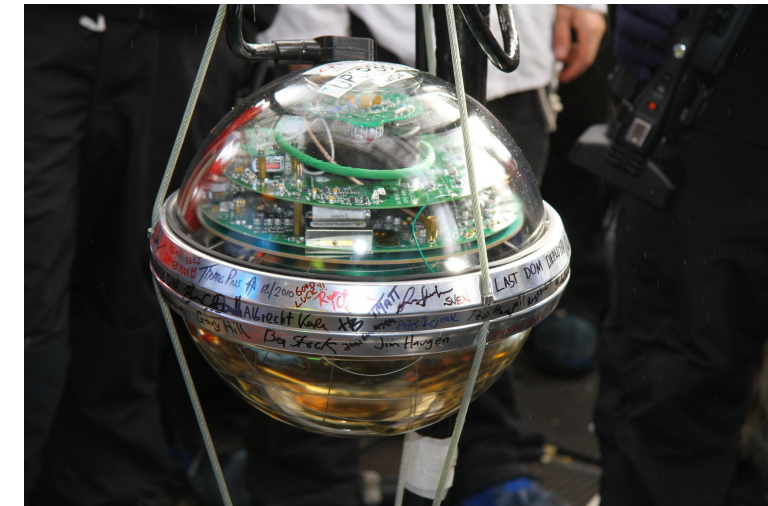
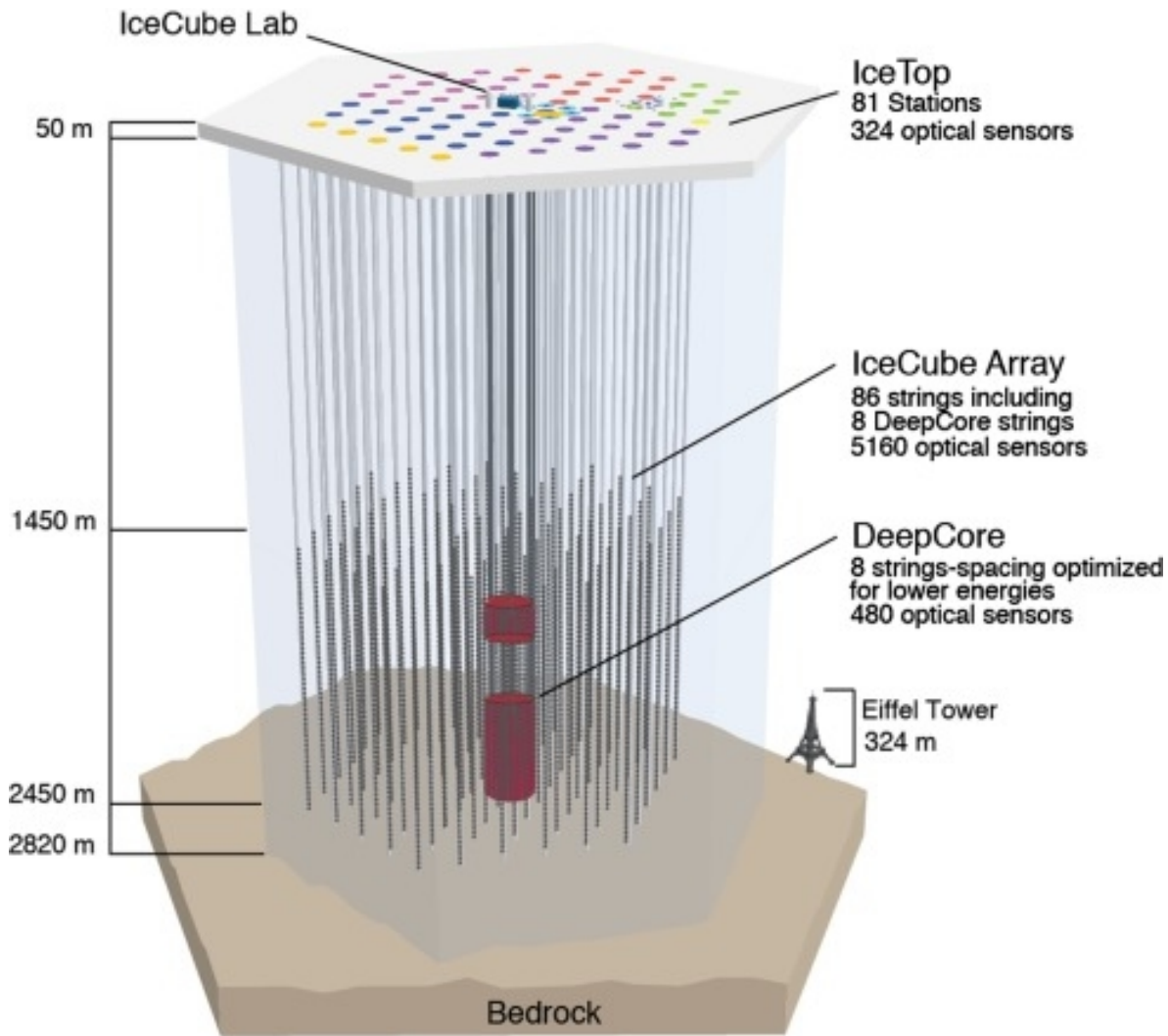


Photo: R. Schwarz

Fig. credit: IceCube Collaboration

Neutrino detection by IceCube and DeepCore

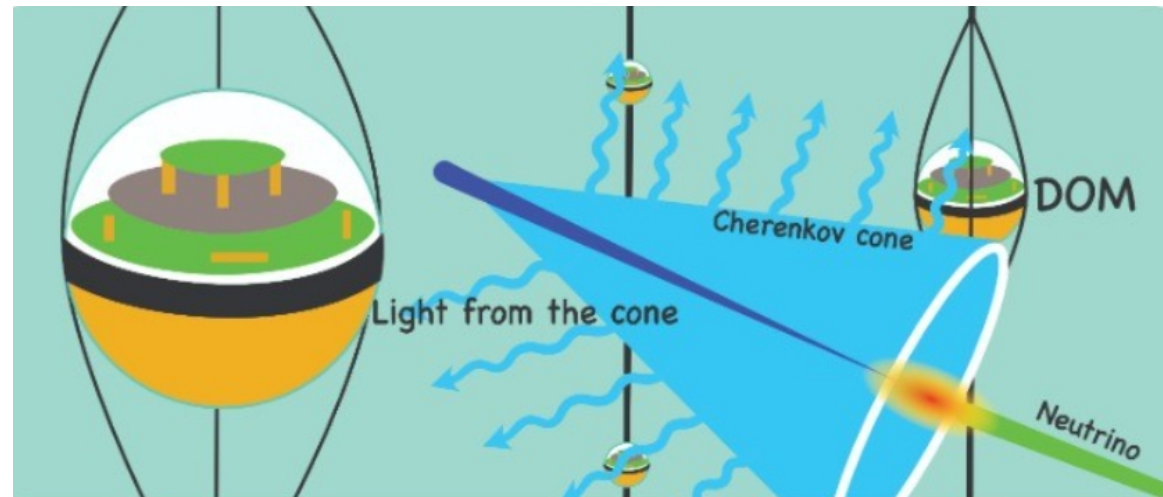
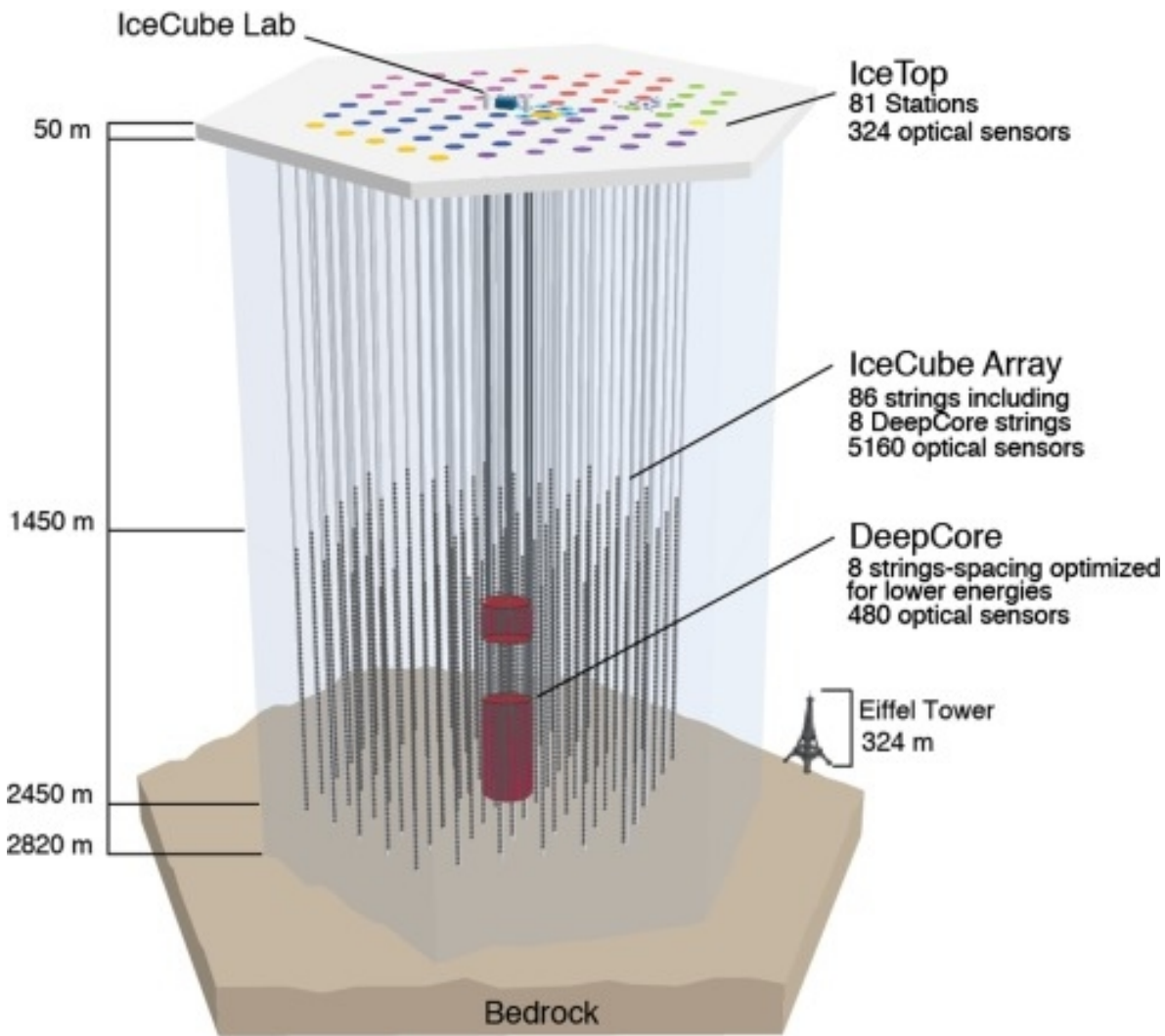


Fig. credit: Kunal Deoskar

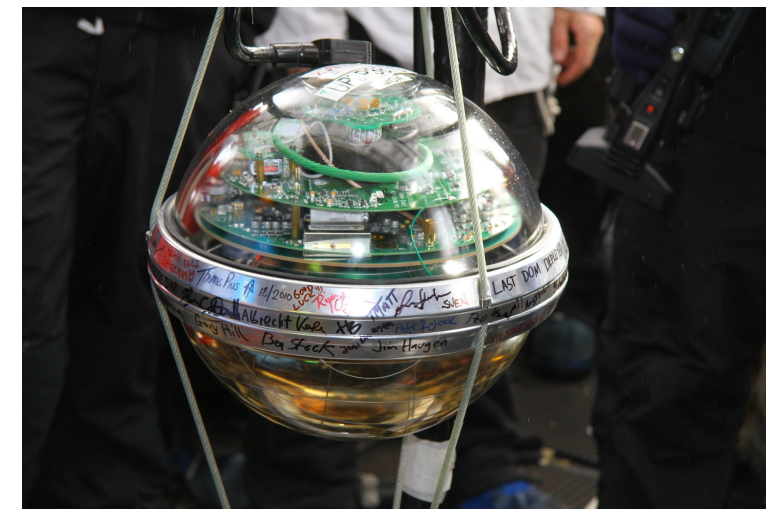


Photo: R. Schwarz

Fig. credit: IceCube Collaboration

Neutrino detection by IceCube and DeepCore

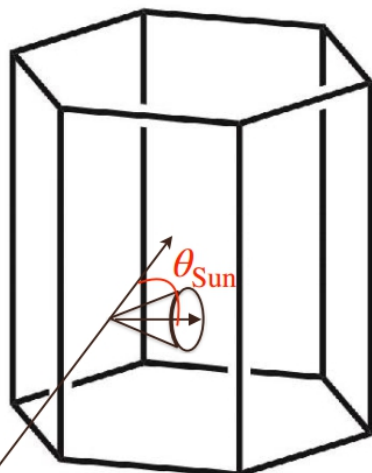
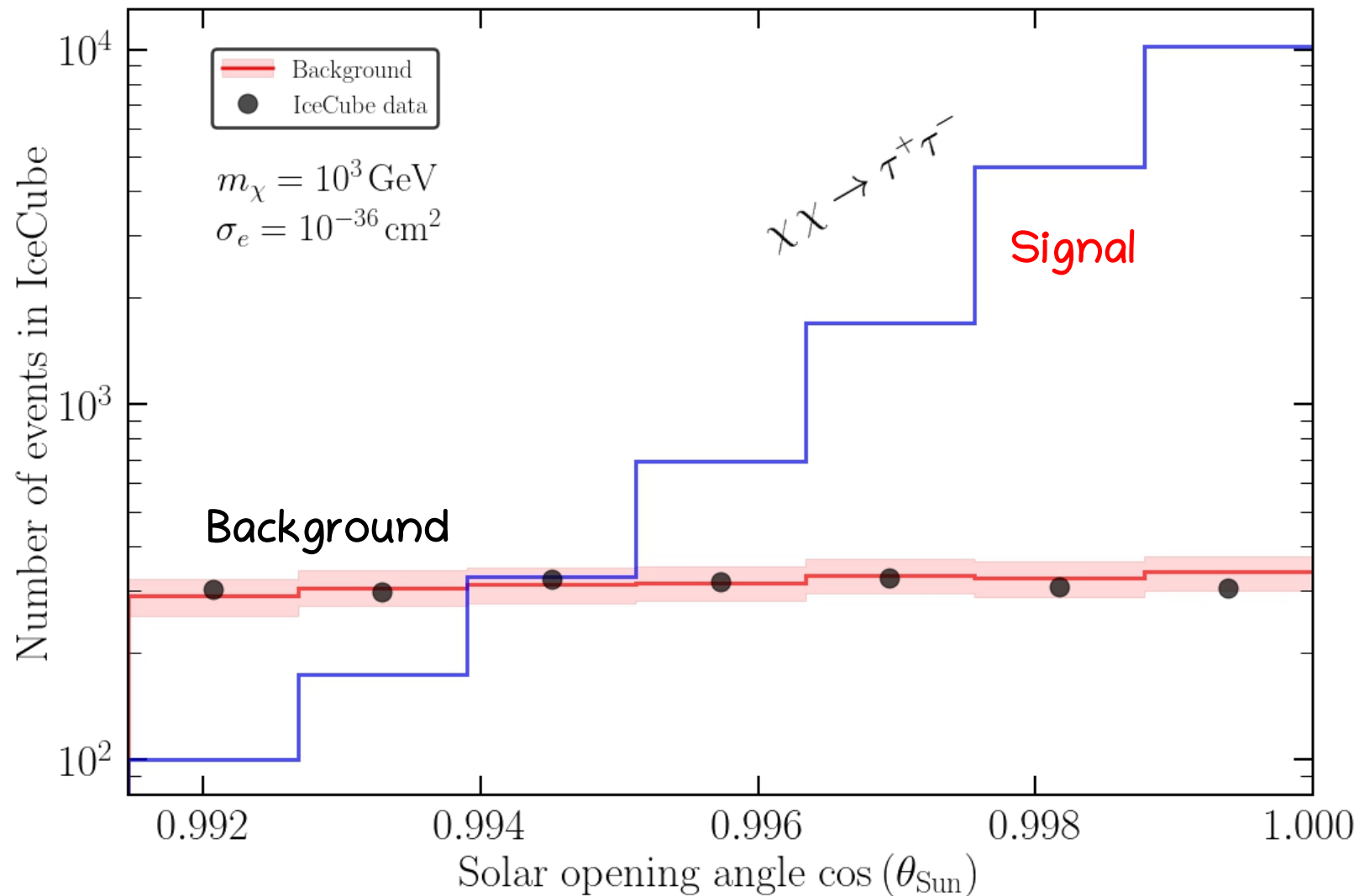
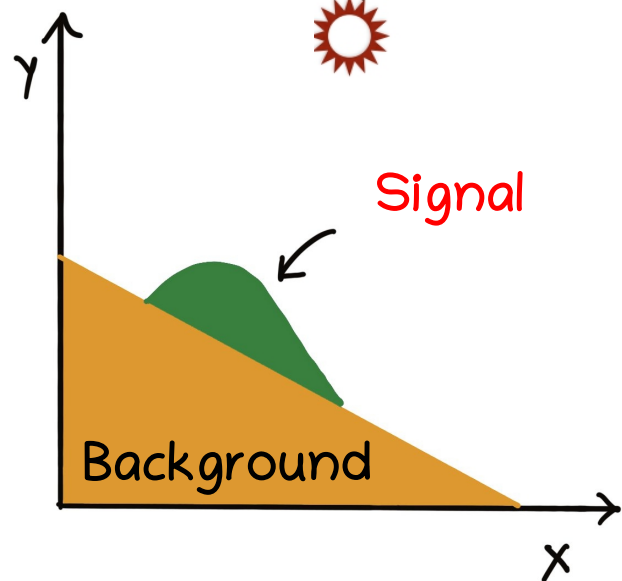
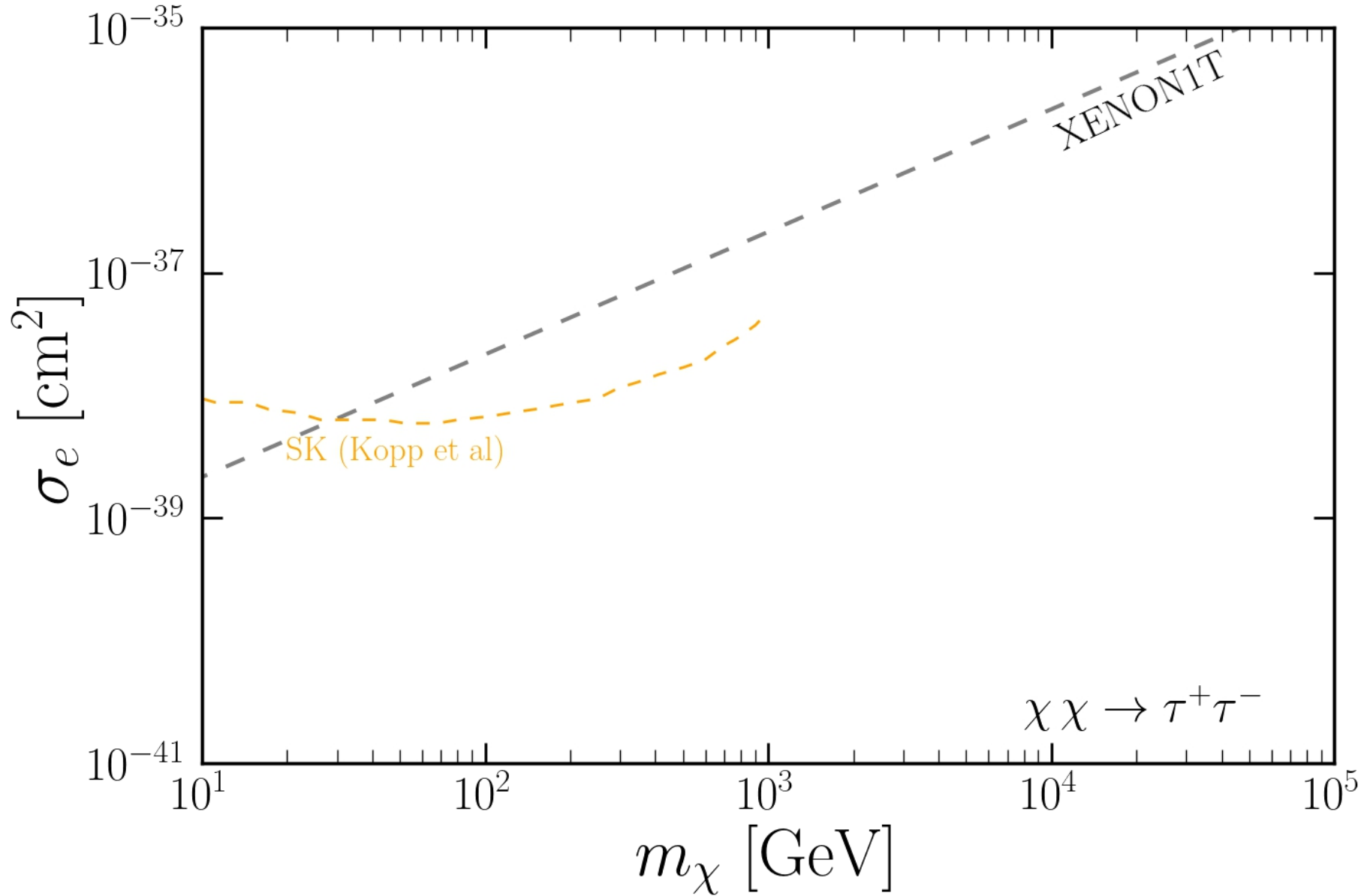


fig. credit: Tarak Nath Maity

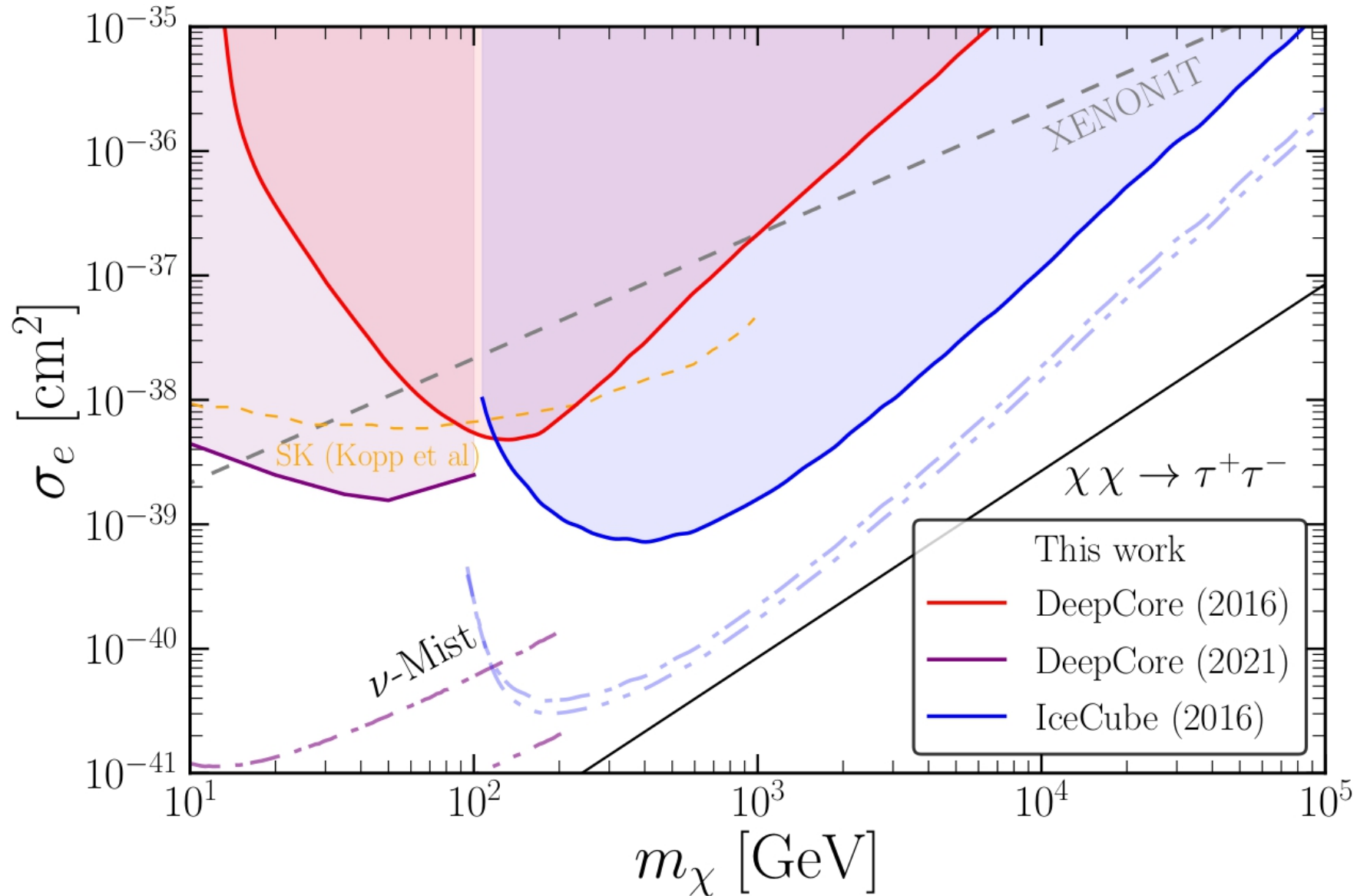


Our result



Previous limits in the
parameter space

Our result



Tarak Nath Maity,
AKS, Sagnik Mondal,
and Ranjan Laha
(arXiv: [2308.12336](https://arxiv.org/abs/2308.12336))

Conclusion

- Due to DM-electron scattering, local DM particles can get captured inside the Sun.
- These captured DM particles can annihilate and produce neutrinos that can be detected by terrestrial experiments like IceCube, DeepCore. Using the latest data-sets from these experiments we obtain world-leading bounds on DM-electron scattering cross-section.
- In future, IceCube and other neutrino experiments like KM3NeT, Hyper-Kamiokande will be able to discover DM-electron scattering.

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Thank You

Extra Slides

Target materials for electron recoils?

Type	Examples	mass threshold	ΔE
Noble liquid	xenon	~ 5 MeV	~ 10 eV
Semiconductor	silicon	~ 500 keV	~ 1 eV
Scintillator	gallium-arsenide	~ 500 keV	~ 1 eV
Many other ideas	Graphene, superconductors, Dirac materials, polar crystals	various ($>$ keV)	various ($>$ meV)

Hochberg, Kahn, Lisanti, Tully, Zurek

Hochberg, Zhao, Zurek

Hochberg, Pyle, Zhao, Zurek

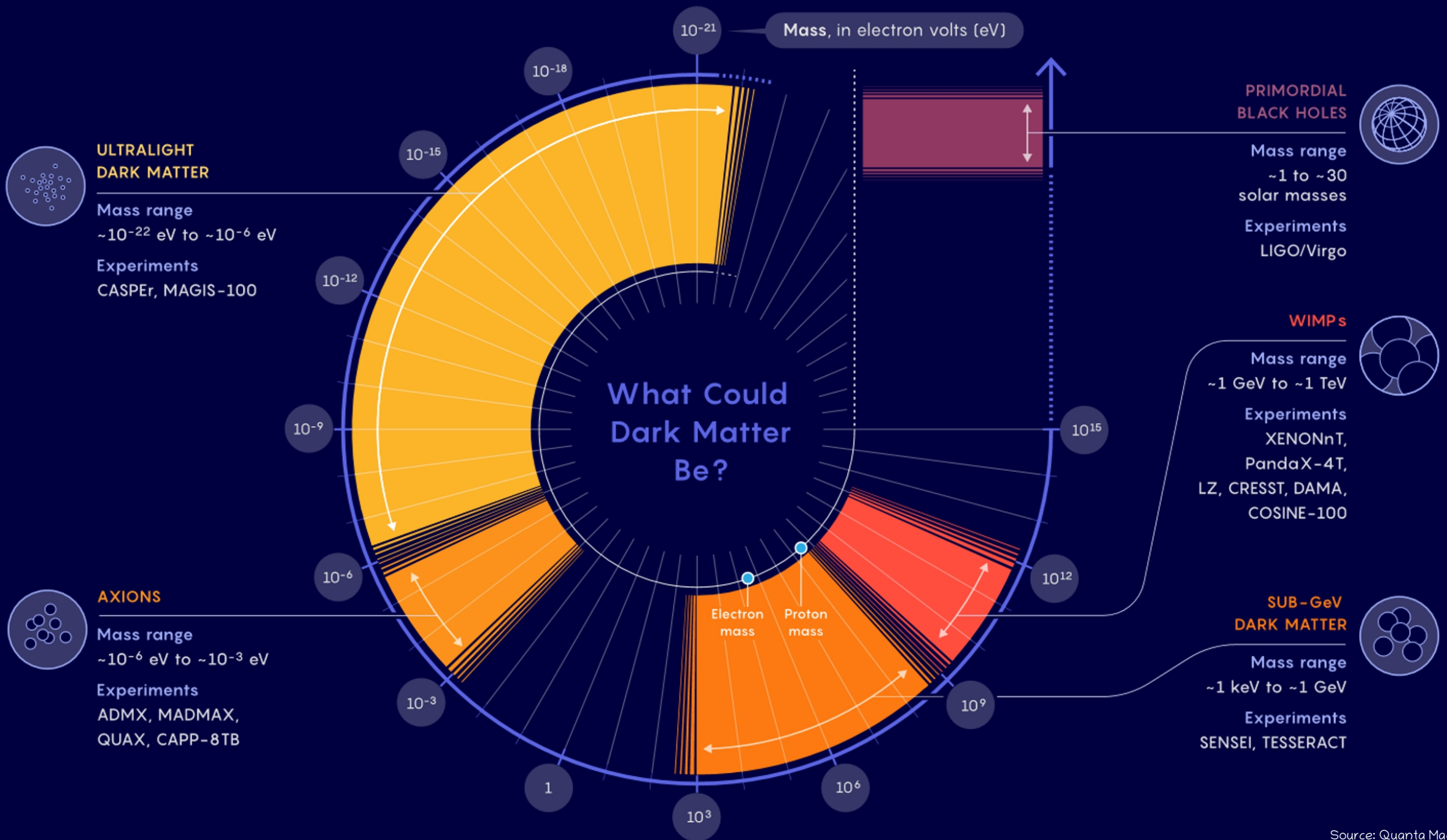
Hochberg, Lin, Zurek

Hochberg, Kahn, Lisanti, Zurek, Grushin, Ilan, Griffin, Liu, Weber, Neaton

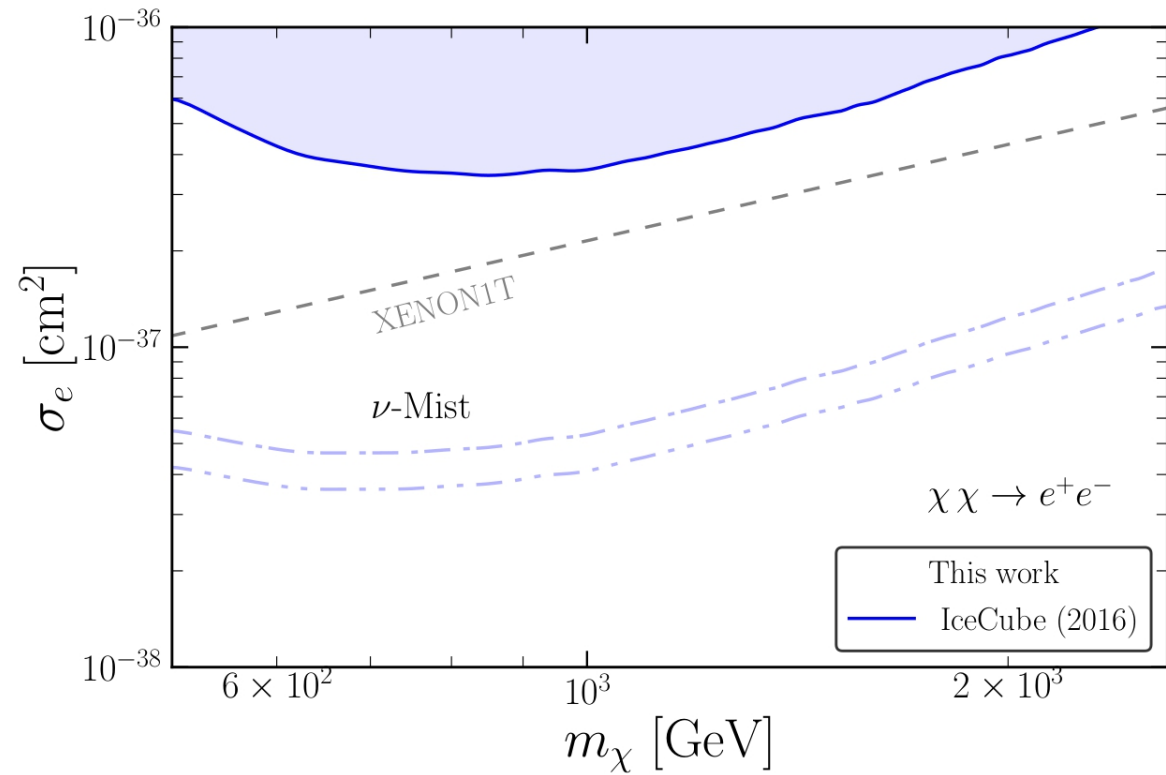
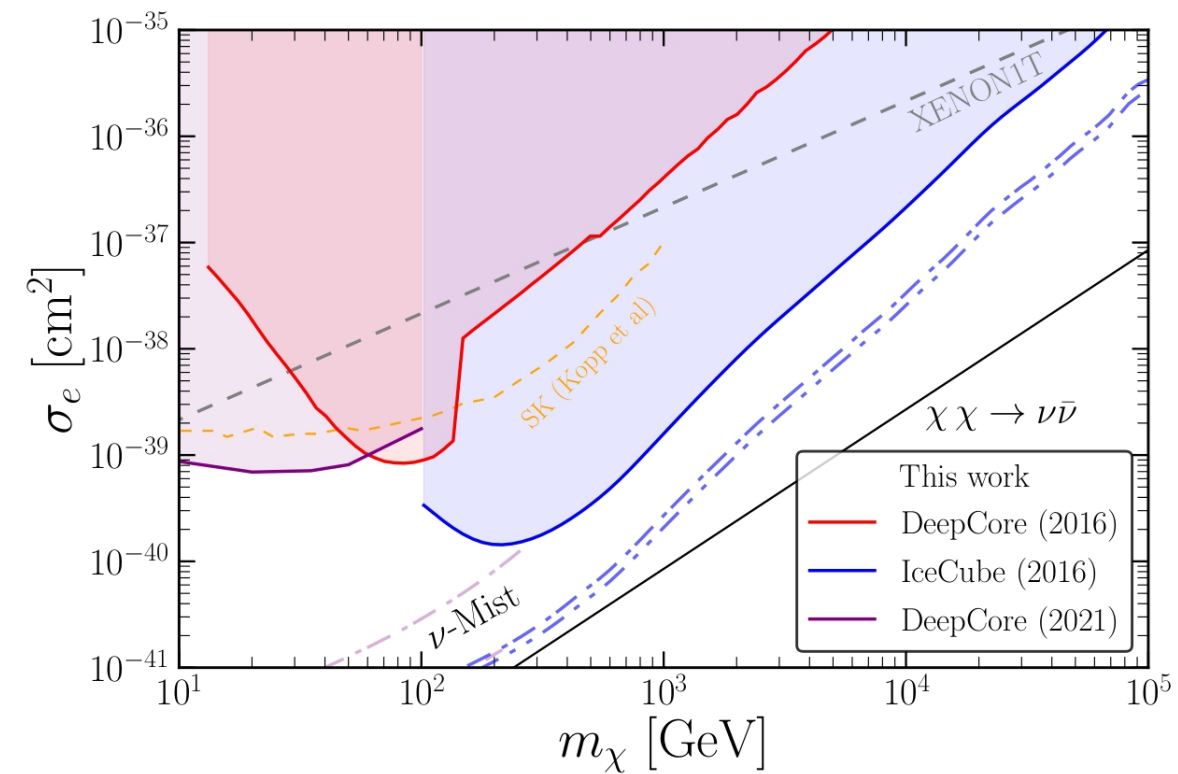
Knapen, Lin, Pyle, Zurek

Griffin, Knapen, Lin, Zurek

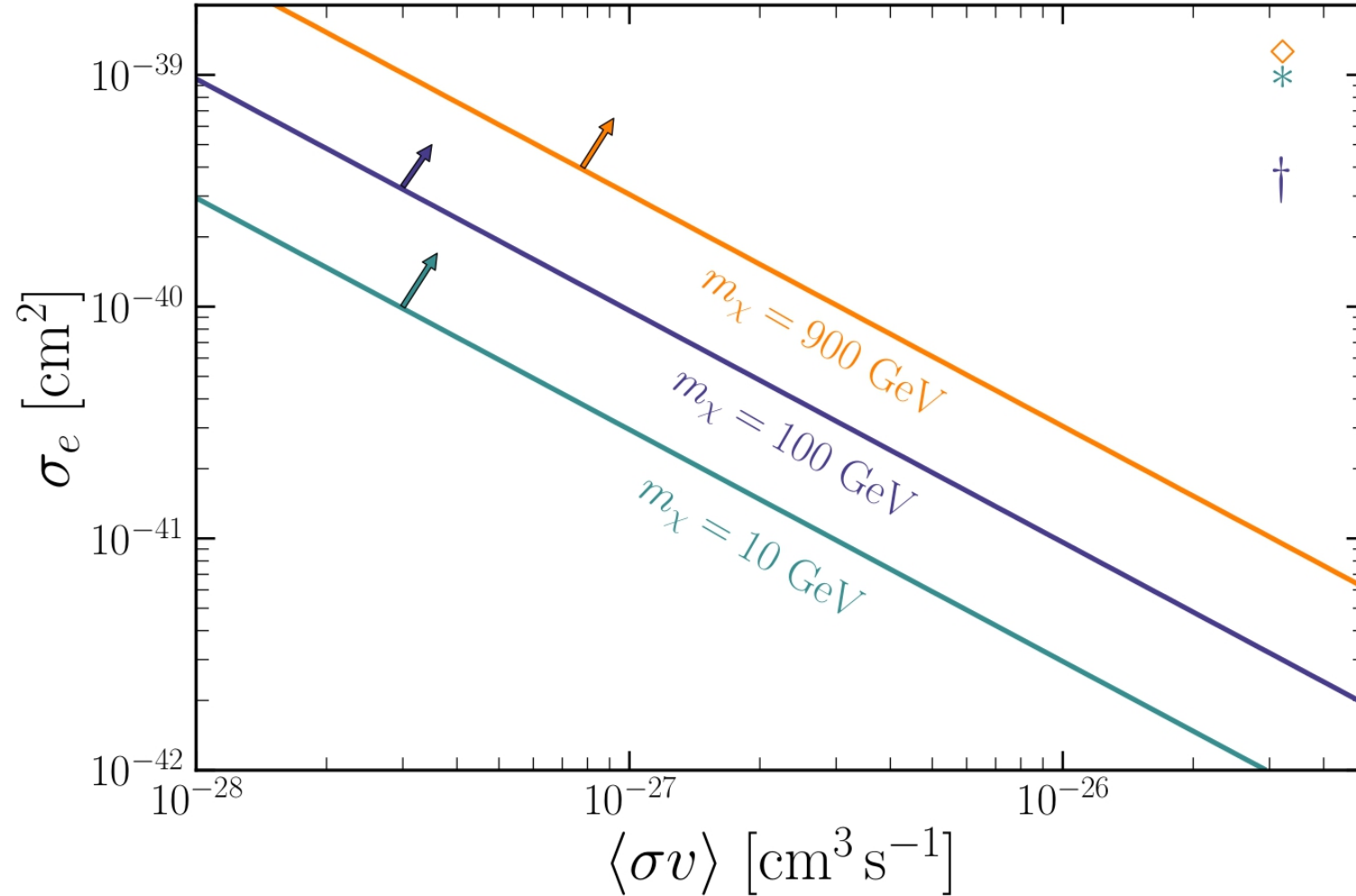
What Could Dark Matter Be?



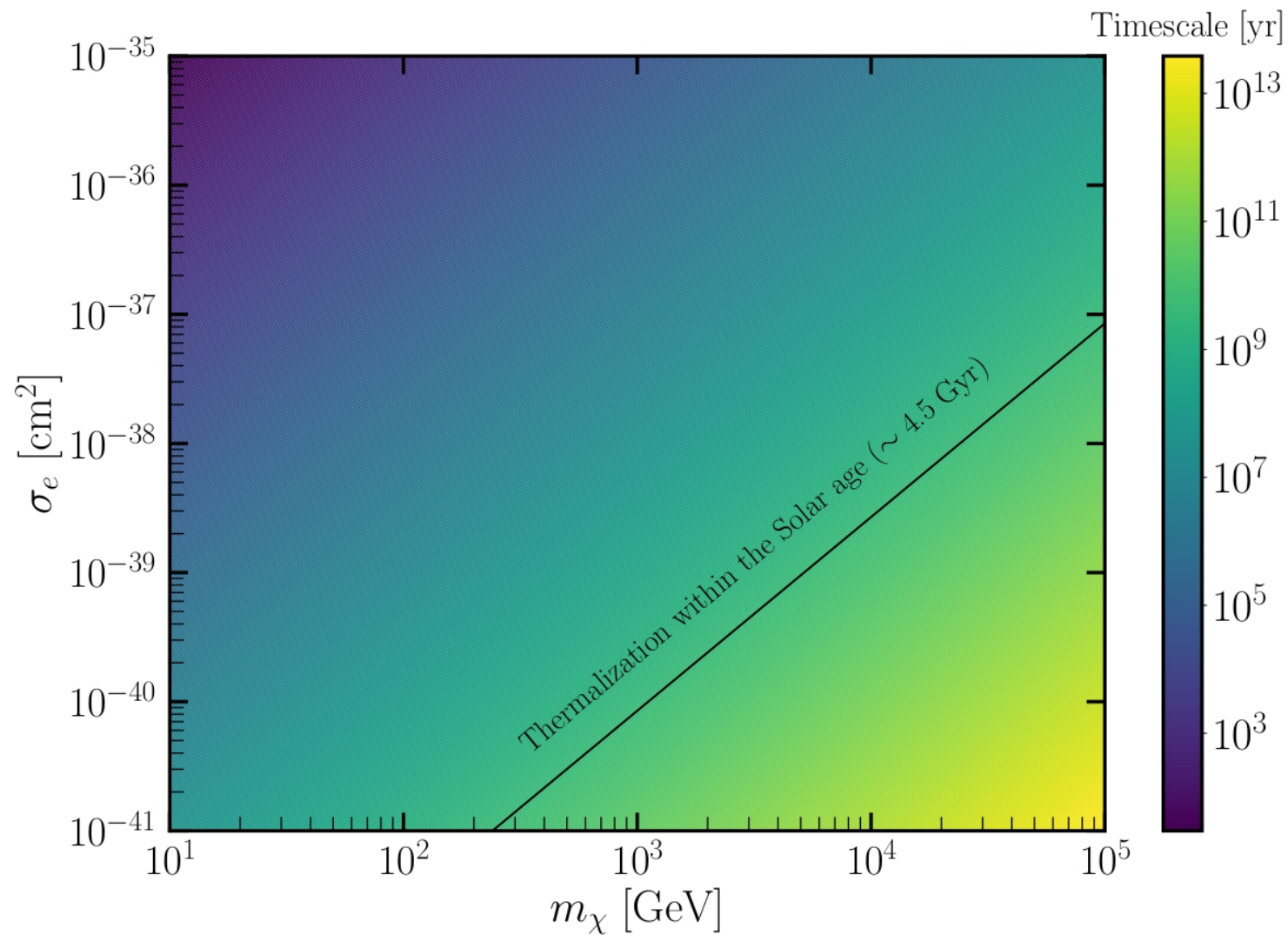
Other final states



Equilibrium timescale



Thermalization timescale



Neutrino flux at terrestrial detectors

Flux of these neutrinos at a ground-based detector,

$$\frac{d\Phi_\nu}{dE_\nu} = \frac{\Gamma_{ann} \frac{dN_\nu}{dE_\nu}}{4\pi D_\odot^2}$$

Annotations:

- Annihilation rate of DM (points to Γ_{ann})
- Sun-earth distance (points to D_\odot)
- Neutrino spectra per DM annihilation (points to the fraction $\frac{dN_\nu}{dE_\nu}$)

Neutrino flux at terrestrial detectors

Flux of these neutrinos at a ground-based detector,

$$\frac{d\Phi_\nu}{dE_\nu} = \frac{\Gamma_{ann}}{4\pi D_\odot^2} \frac{dN_\nu}{dE_\nu}$$

Annotations:

- Green arrow pointing to Γ_{ann} : Annihilation rate of DM
- Green arrow pointing to D_\odot : Sun-earth distance
- Green bracket on the right side: Neutrino spectra per DM annihilation

For our range of parameters the DM capture and annihilation rates are in equilibrium,

$$\Gamma_{ann} = \frac{C_\odot}{2} \quad !!$$

Neutrino flux at terrestrial detectors

Flux of these neutrinos at a ground-based detector,

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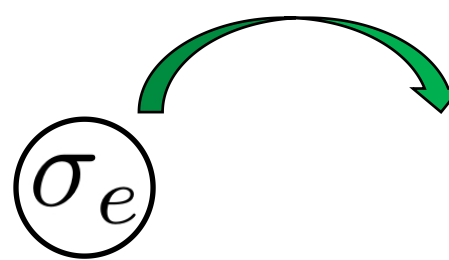
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!! σ_e

Neutrino flux at terrestrial detectors

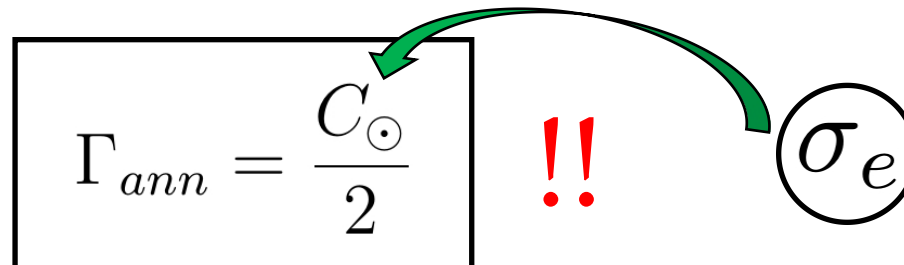
Flux of these neutrinos at a ground-based detector,


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Annotations:

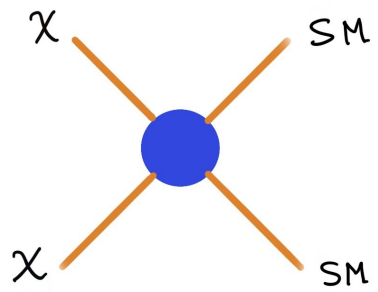
- Annihilation rate of DM (points to Γ_{ann})
- Sun-earth distance (points to D_\odot)
- Neutrino spectra per DM annihilation (points to the right side of the equation)

For our range of parameters the DM capture and annihilation rates are in equilibrium,

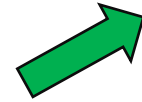
$$\Gamma_{ann} = \frac{C_\odot}{2}$$


!!

Captured Dark Matter annihilation



Neutrinos
produced inside
the Sun



Neutrino trapping in
dense solar medium

Tau regeneration

Neutrino oscillation



χ aron

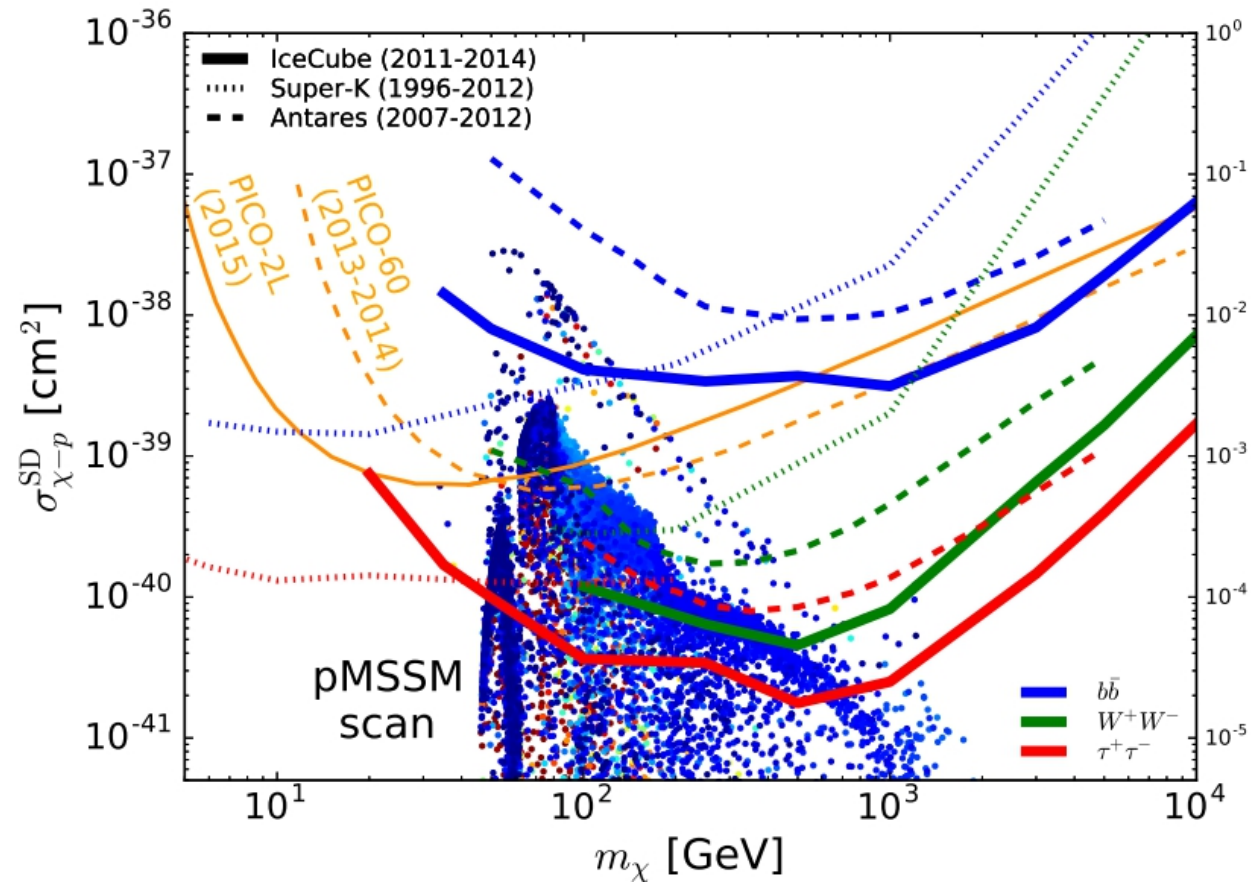
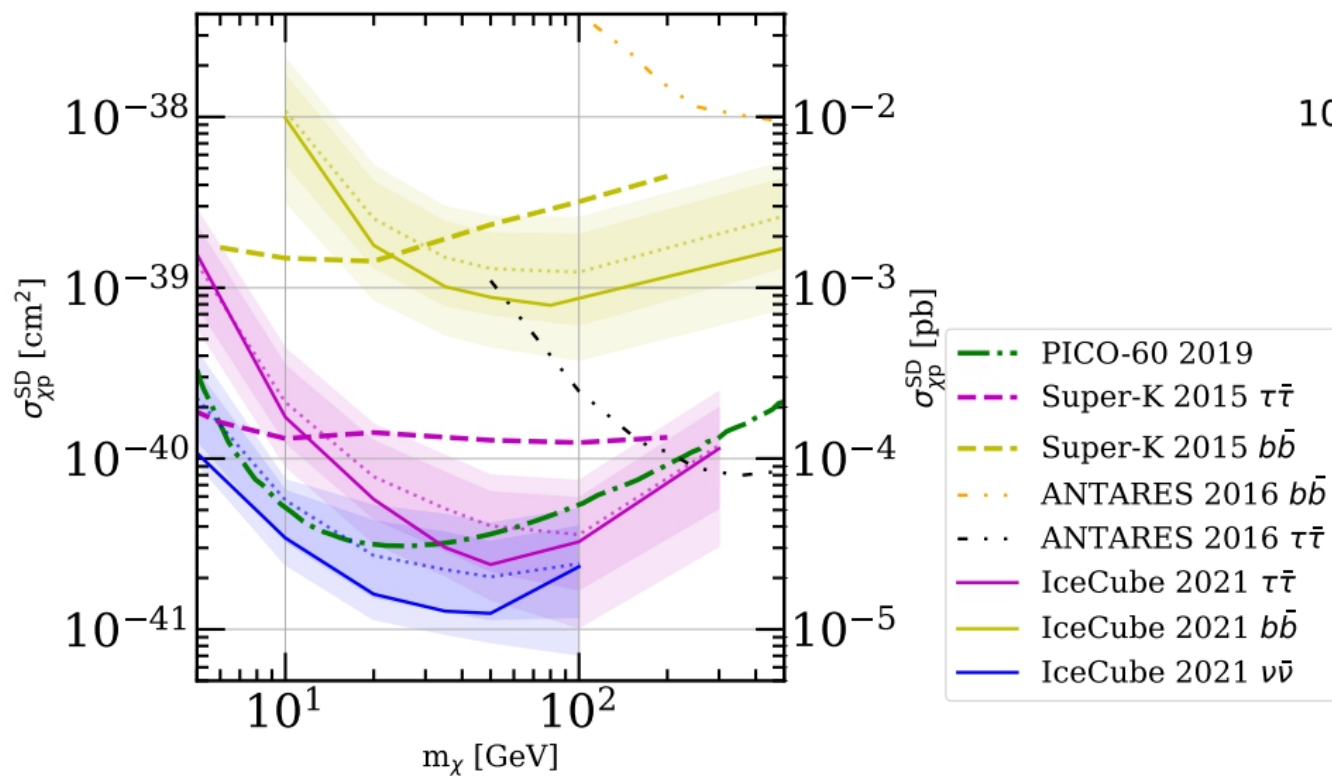
(arXiv: 2007.15010)

nuSQuIDS

(arXiv: 2112.13804)

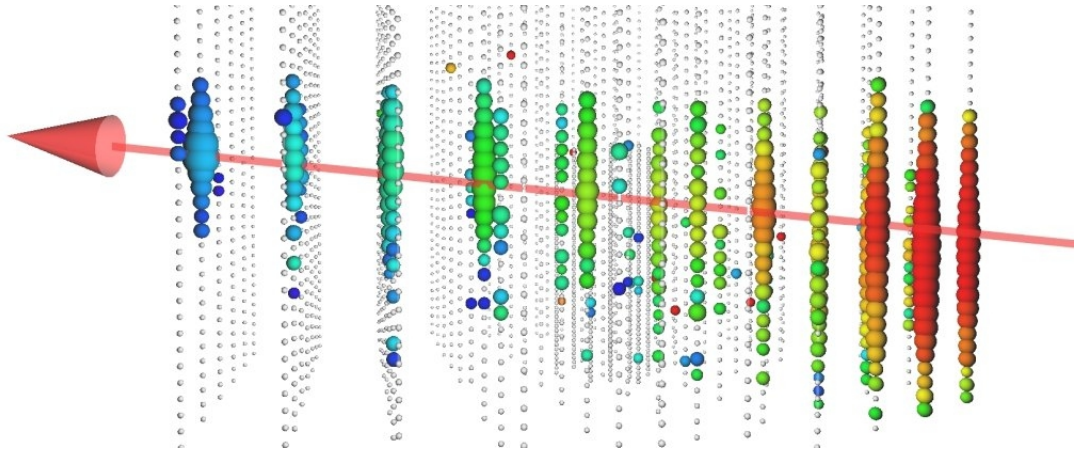
Leading limits for SD DM-proton interaction

arXiv:
2111.09970



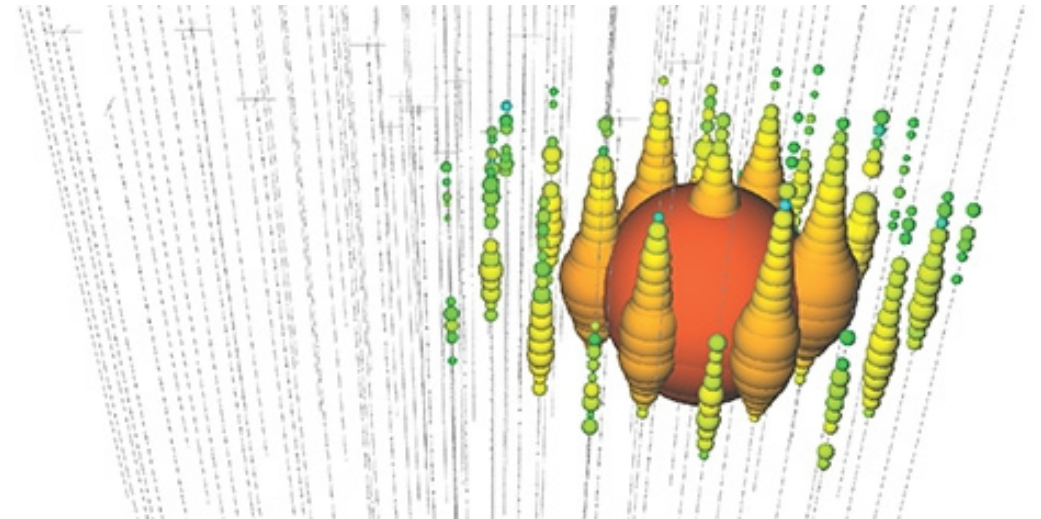
arXiv:
1612.05949

Neutrino signatures at IceCube and DeepCore

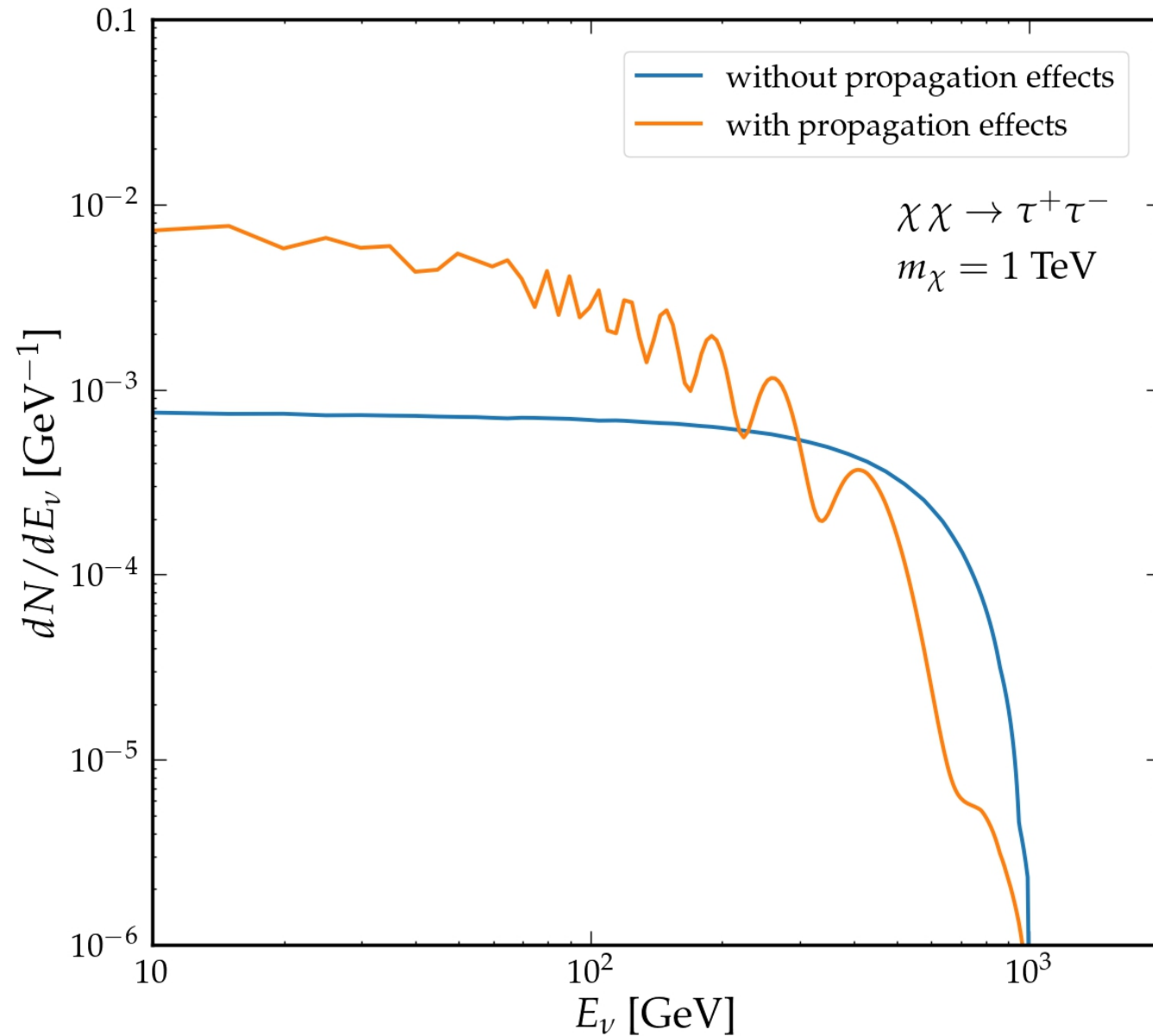


Track

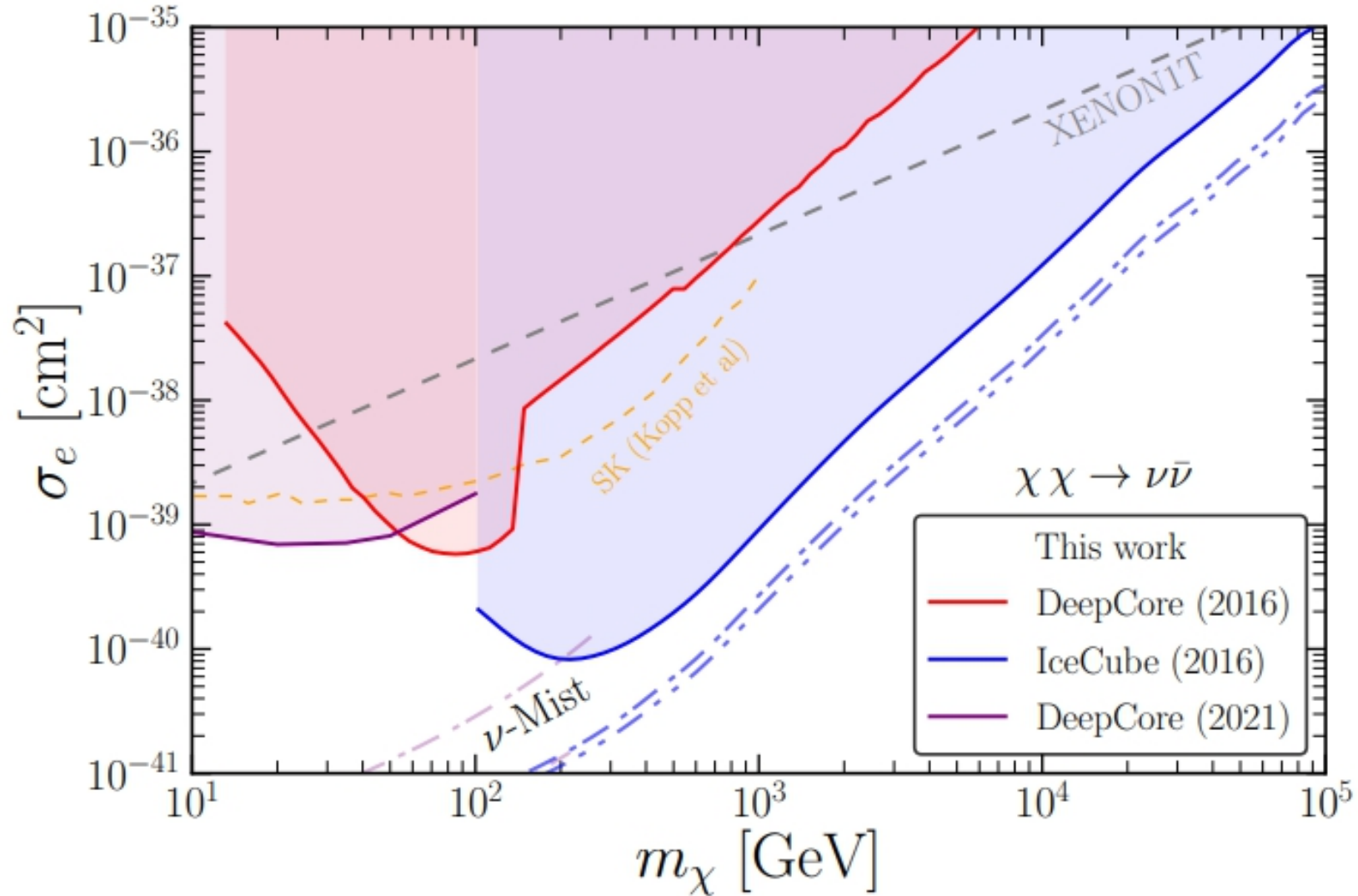
Cascade



Propagation of Neutrinos inside the Sun

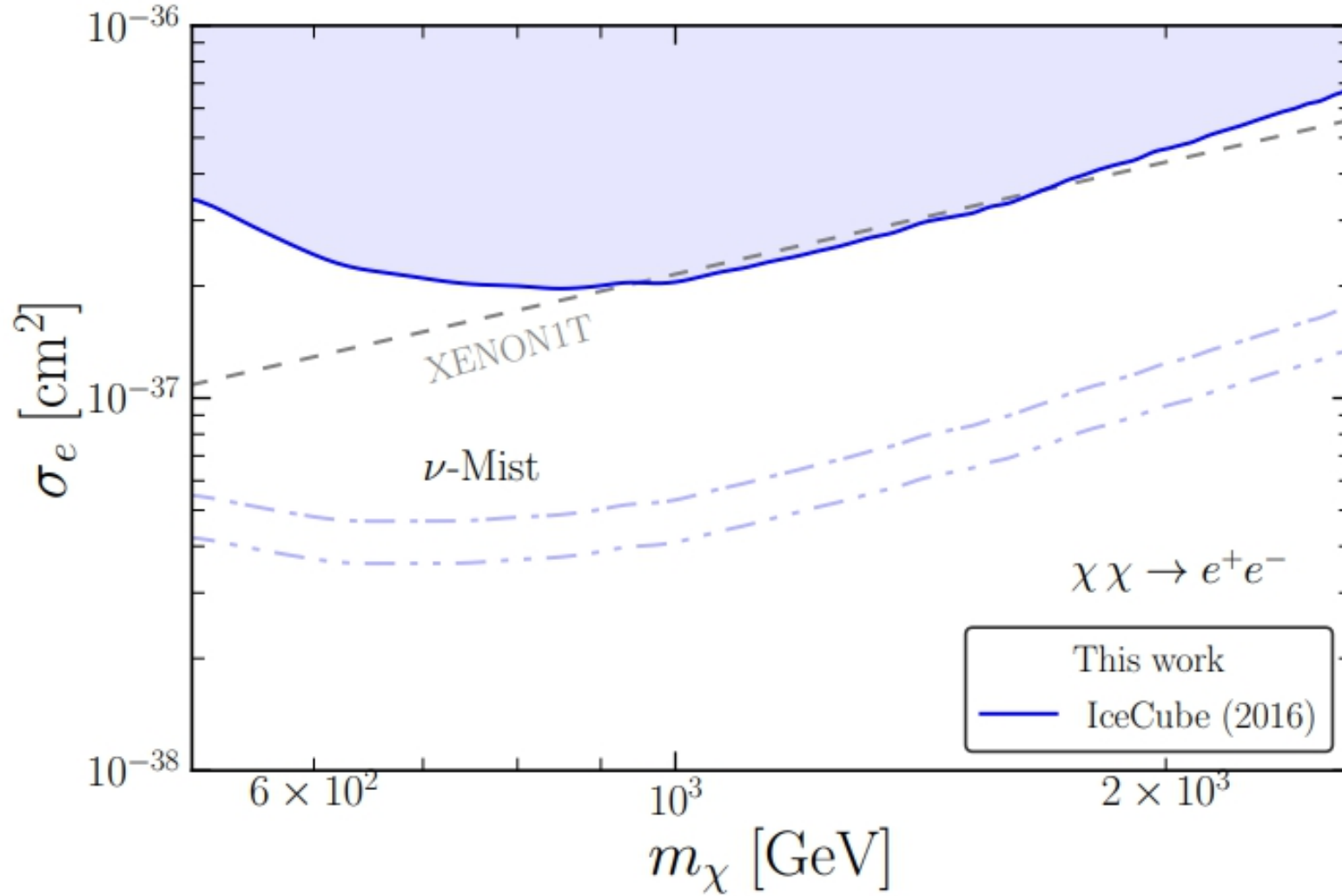


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Electroweak Bremsstrahlung

