

Double Parton Scattering with the ATLAS Experiment

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on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

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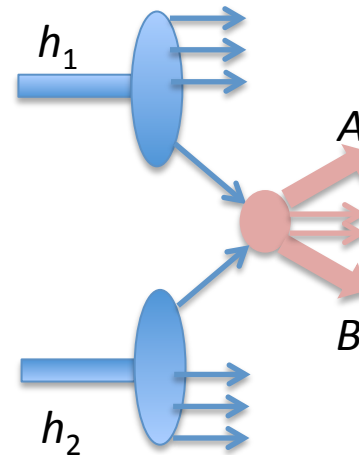
Shimla, India

Introduction: associated production: SPS and DPS

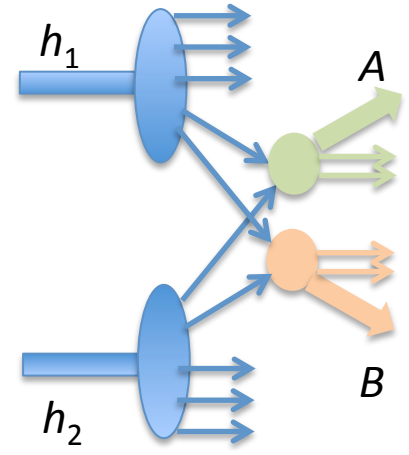
Two components in the associated inclusive production $h_1 h_2 \rightarrow A B X$:

$$\sigma_{AB} = \sigma_{AB}^{SPS} + \sigma_{AB}^{DPS}$$

$$\sigma_{AB}^{DPS} = \frac{\sigma_A \times \sigma_B}{\sigma_{eff}} \times \frac{1}{1 + \delta_{AB}}$$



Single Parton Scattering



Double Parton Scattering

- The *effective cross-section* σ_{eff} accounts for the size of the hadrons and for and for transverse parton correlations, and is usually assumed to be approximately independent of the choice of A and B .
- The parameter δ_{AB} corrects for double counting, and ranges from 0 ($A \neq B$) to 1 ($A=B$, measured in the same phase-space).

Introduction continued

- Experimentally,

$$\sigma_{eff} = \frac{N_A \times N_B}{f_{DPS} \times N_{AB}} \times \frac{C_{AB}}{C_A \times C_B} \times \frac{1}{1 + \delta_{AB}}$$

with event counts, DPS fraction ($\sigma_{AB}^{DPS}/\sigma_{AB}$), and factors $C_X = \epsilon_X/L_X$ that include efficiency, detector effects, integrated luminosity. Systematic uncertainties may reduce in the combination of C_X factors.

- We'll review results presented by ATLAS In the last few years:
 - starting with analyses that supported the presence of DPS,
 - and going into more detail in those that resulted in a determination of the effective area parameter σ_{eff} ,
 - the two most recent ones in particular, including the implications that were left about σ_{eff} .

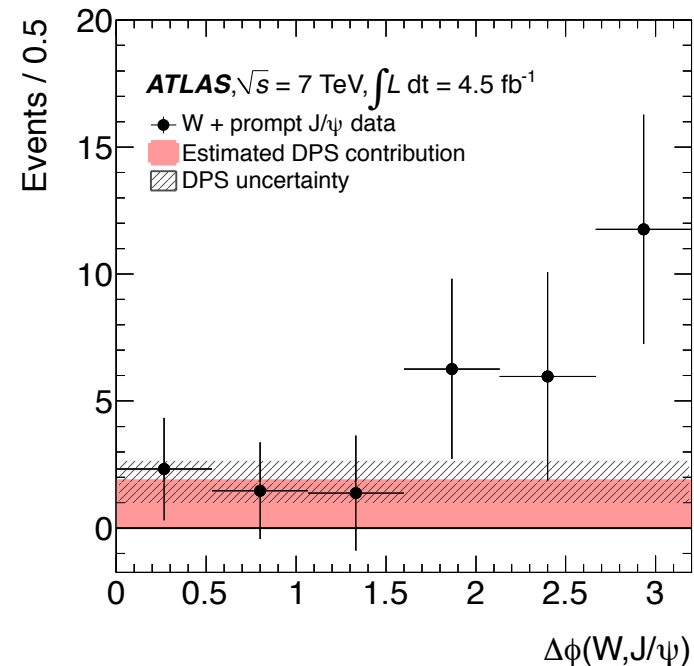
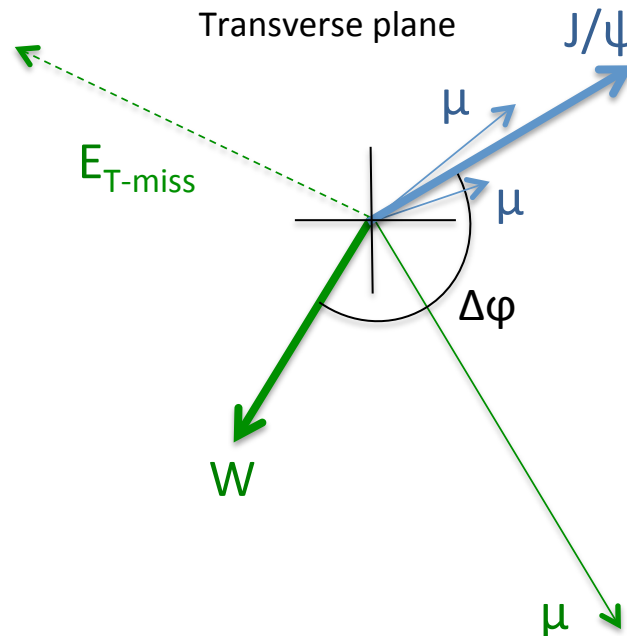
1) SPS and DPS in J/ψ + W production

First study by ATLAS, based on the data collected at 7 TeV (4.5 fb⁻¹):

- Look for prompt J/ψ (->μ+μ-) in events selected as W(->μ ν)
 - $p_T(\mu/W) > 18$ GeV at trigger level, $p_T(\mu/J/\psi) > 3.5$ or 2.5 GeV (forward region), $|\eta| < 2.5$, $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 20$ GeV, $M_T^W > 40$ GeV,
 - 27+/-7 events with $p_T^{J/\psi} > 8.5$ GeV, $|\eta^{J/\psi}| < 2.1$, with negligible background (W+b, tt, multi-jets J/ψ, etc., 1.8+/-0.2 pile-up events subtracted).

p_T balance between W and J/ψ:

- data with $\Delta\phi < \pi/2$ are compatible with DPS at the level of ≈ 10 events for $\sigma_{\text{eff}} \approx 15$ mb (value from other measurements)
- σ_{AB}^{SPS} higher than predicted.

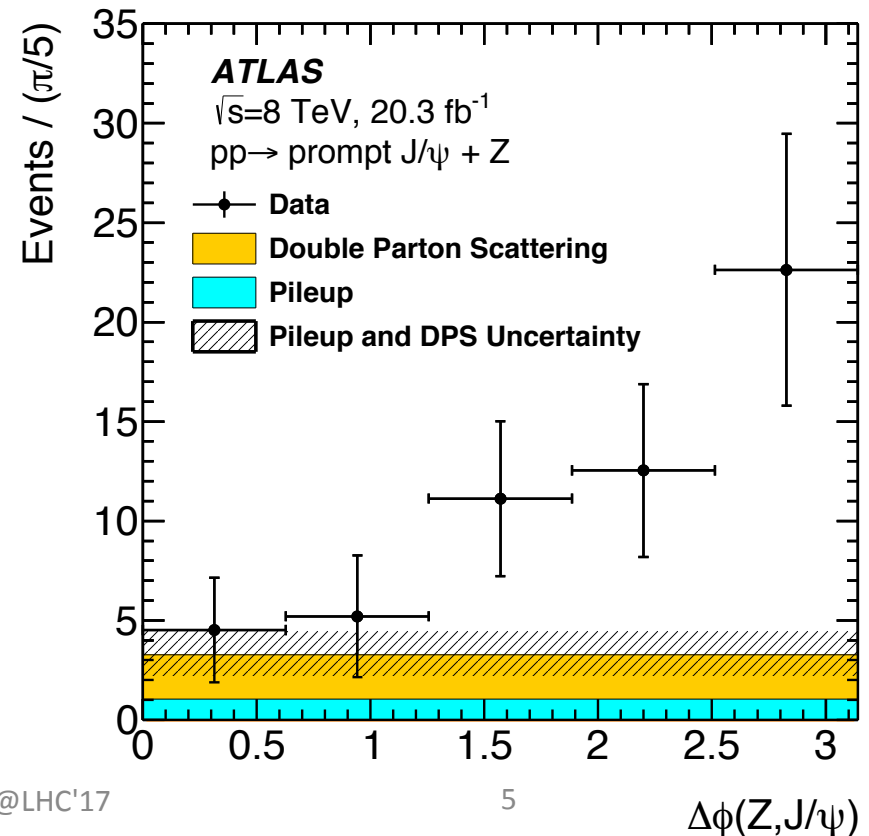


2. Associated production of J/ψ and Z

8 TeV data (20.3fb⁻¹), Z → μ+μ- and Z → e+e-

- Online selection based on Z→l+l- (one lepton with p_T > 24 GeV, offline requirements of p_T > 15 GeV on the other, |η| < 2.5 on both).
- Muons from J/ψ are required p_T > 4 and p_T > 3.5 GeV or 2.5 GeV (forward region).
- About 60 (100) events with prompt (non-prompt) J/ψ. p_T^{J/ψ} > 8.5 GeV, |y^{J/ψ}| < 2.1

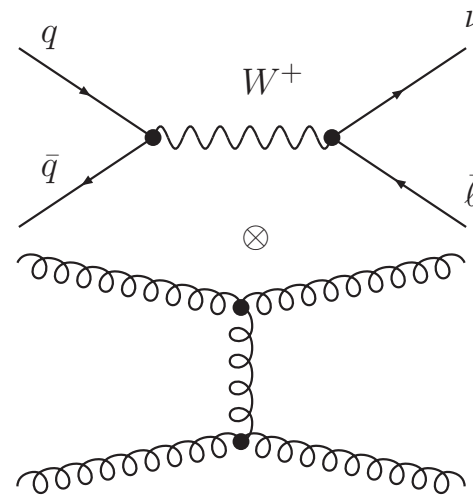
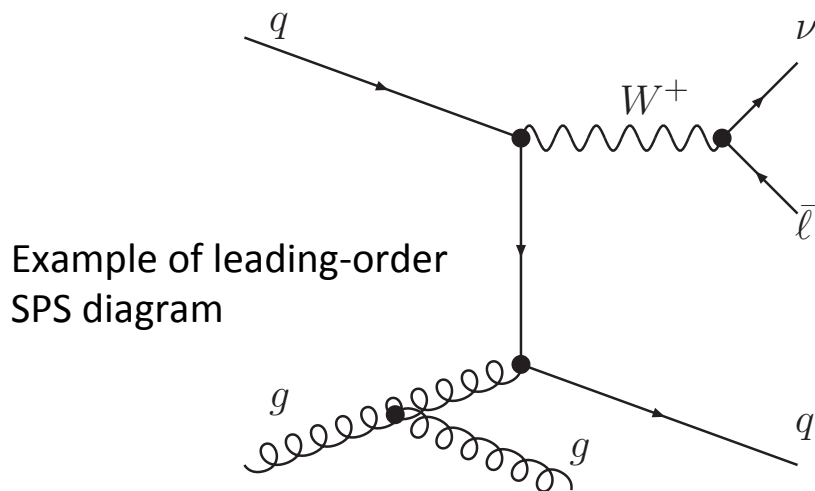
- Non-prompt: B hadron decays, cross section large, DPS fraction negligible.
- Prompt: DPS component not isolated: compatible with σ_{eff} ≈ 15 mb,
- Under the assumption that in the bin 0–π/5 contains only DPS, the limit σ_{eff} > 5.3 mb (3.7 mb) at 1σ (2σ) level.
- SPS (prompt) component higher than predicted



3. DPS in $W(-\rightarrow l\nu)+2$ jets

Based on 36 pb^{-1} collected at 7 TeV: early data, less than one interaction per LHC bunch crossing

- Trigger on lepton from W; reference 2-jets cross section from minimum-bias data
- Lepton $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.4$; $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $M_T^W > 40 \text{ GeV}$
- Jets with $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|y| < 2.8$
- The physics processes are modeled with ALPGEN+HERWIG+JIMMY (AHJ), with JIMMY adding DPS, and SHERPA for comparison.



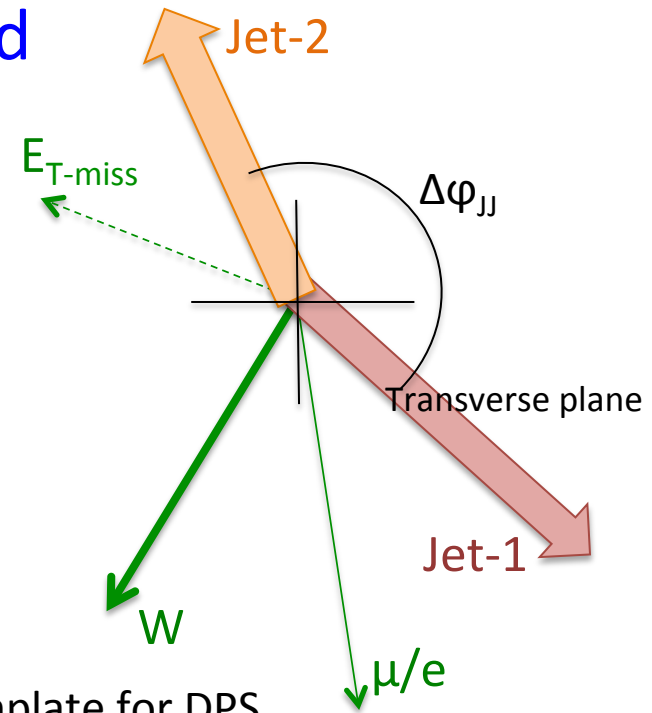
Example of leading-order DPS diagrams

W + 2 jets continued

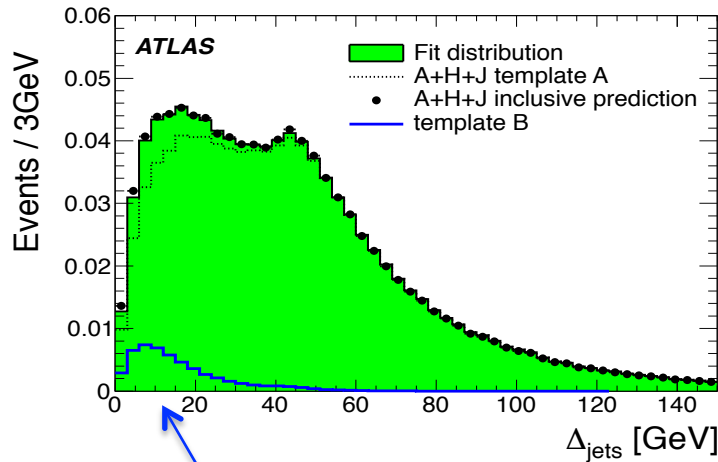
- In DPS, p_T balance occurs between the two jets, and the variables:

$$\Delta_{\text{jets}} = |\vec{p}_T^{J1} + \vec{p}_T^{J2}|, \quad \Delta_{\text{jets}}^n = \frac{|\vec{p}_T^{J1} + \vec{p}_T^{J2}|}{|\vec{p}_T^{J1}| + |\vec{p}_T^{J2}|}$$

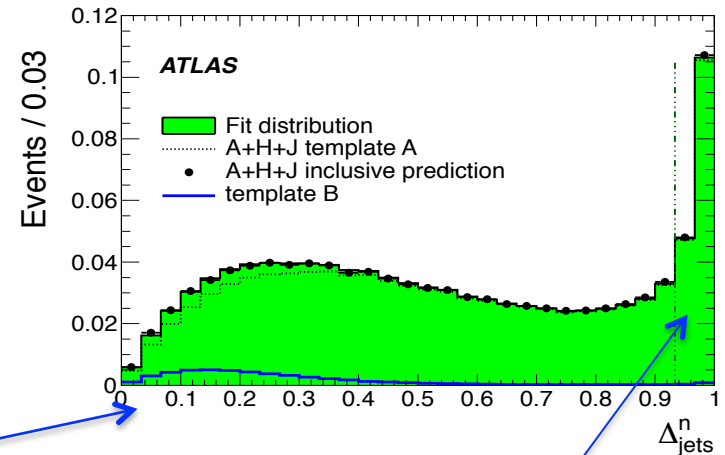
are used to separate the two components.



Simulation (AHJ) and data-driven template for DPS



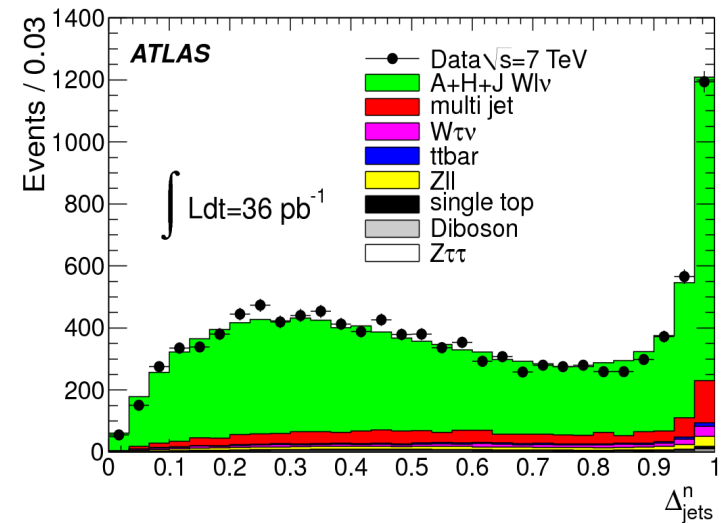
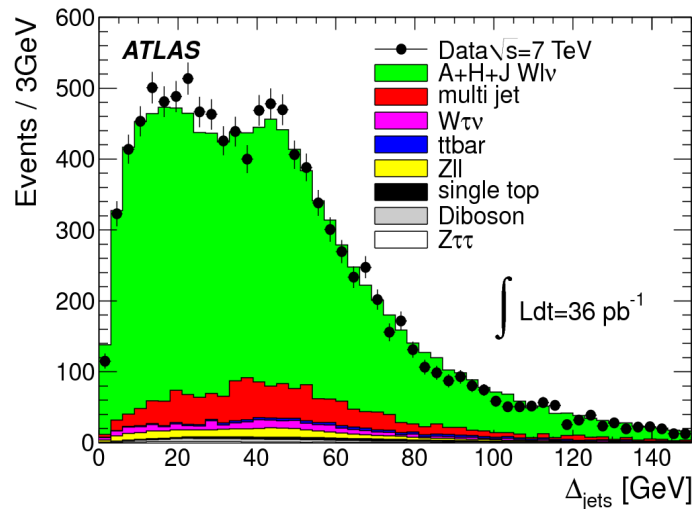
SPS contribution at low values of Δ 's distributions.



Jacobian accumulation

W + 2 jets continued

Data compared to simulation and to physics backgrounds



ATLAS: Eur.Phys.J. C75 (2015) no.5, 229

- The result of the fit to the data is:

$$f_{\text{DP}} = 0.08 \pm 0.01(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.02 (\text{sys.}),$$

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 15 \pm 3(\text{stat.}) \begin{matrix} +5 \\ -3 \end{matrix} (\text{sys.}) \text{ mb}$$

- In the systematic uncertainty: pile-up, bkg. modeling & detector response, jet energy scale, and theory, each of them in the range of 1-1.5 mb

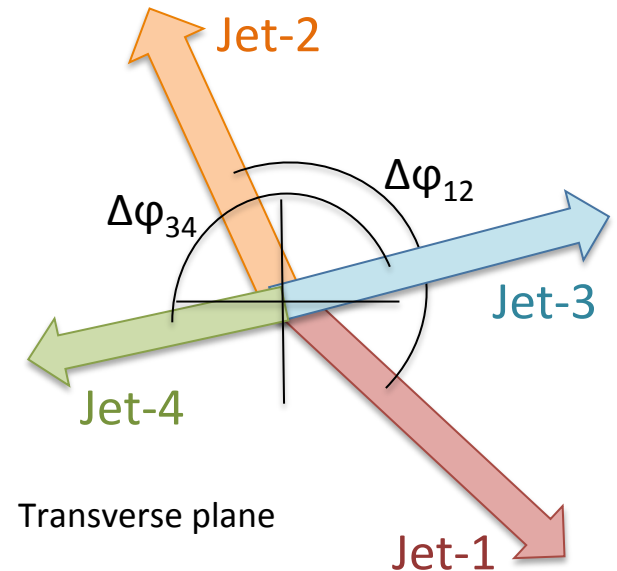
4. DPS in 4 jets events

Based on 37pb^{-1} collected at 7 TeV, with small instantaneous luminosity.

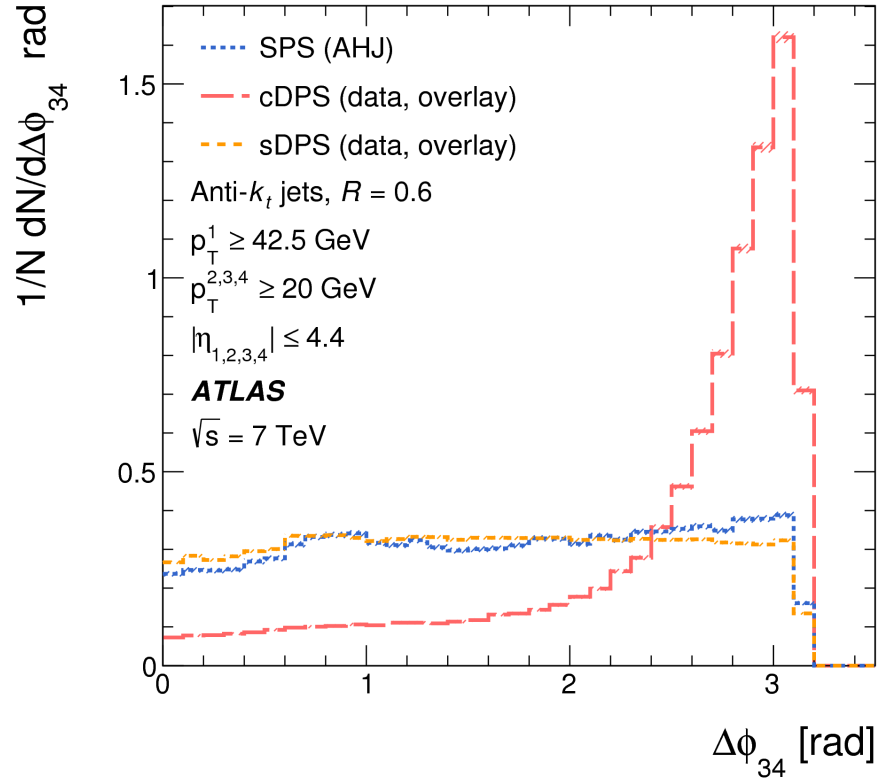
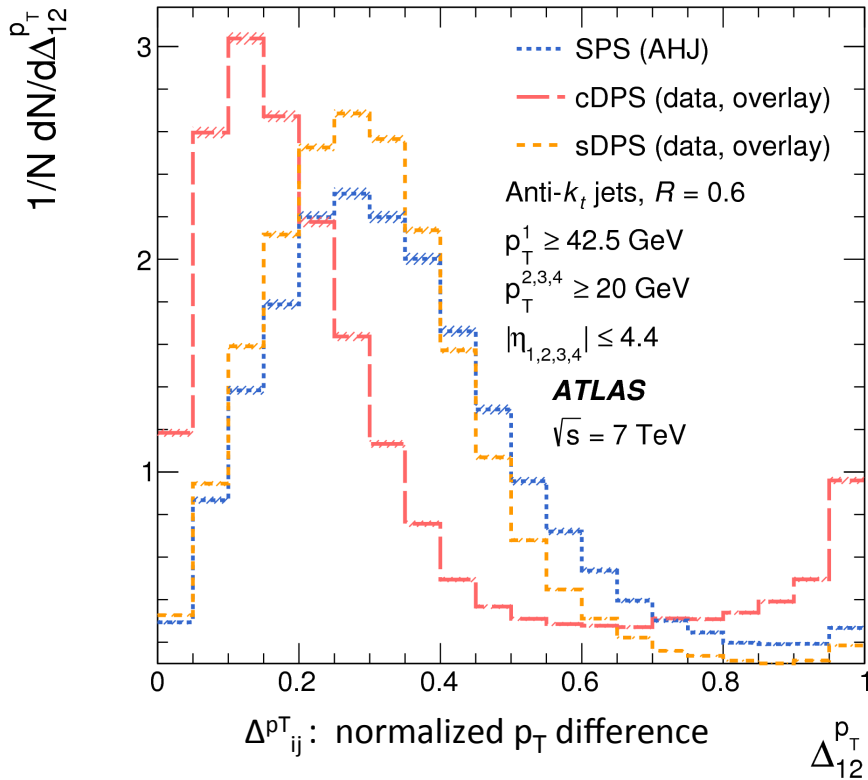
- The selection for 4-jets events required one jet with $p_{\text{T}} > 42.5$ GeV, and three with $p_{\text{T}} > 20$ GeV, all with $|\eta| < 4.4$.
- For the 2-jet samples needed for σ_{eff} , threshold of 42.5, 20 GeV were placed for one sample, and 20 GeV on both jets for the second sample.
- Partial overlap between the two processes: $\delta_{AB} = 0.069$

Here DPS contributes with two topologies:

- *complete-DPS* (cDPS): superposition of two 2-jets events.
- *semi-DPS* (sDPS): one 3-jet event plus a single jet event (with additional softer or merged jet(s)).



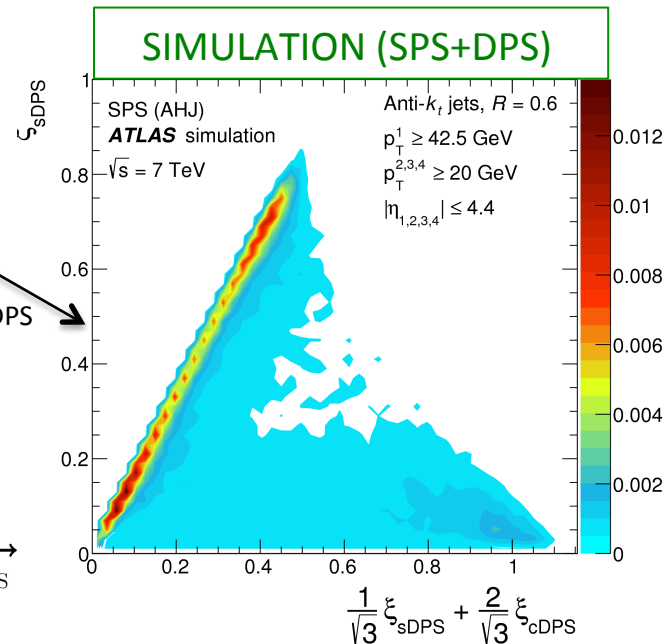
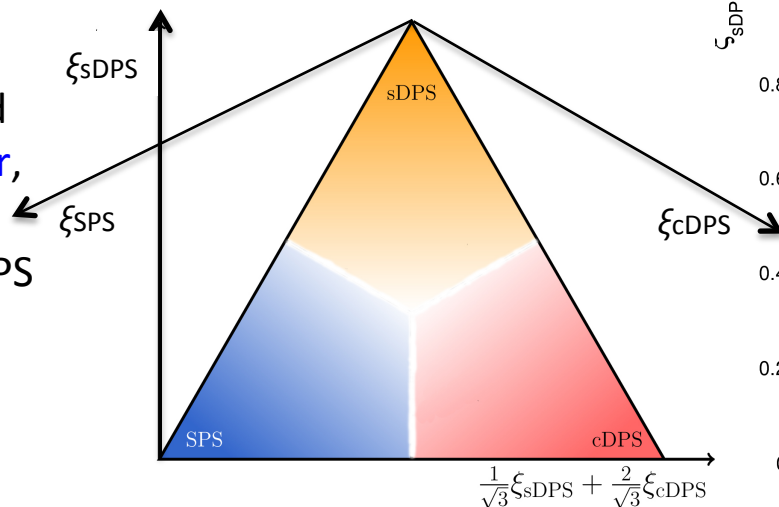
4 jets continued



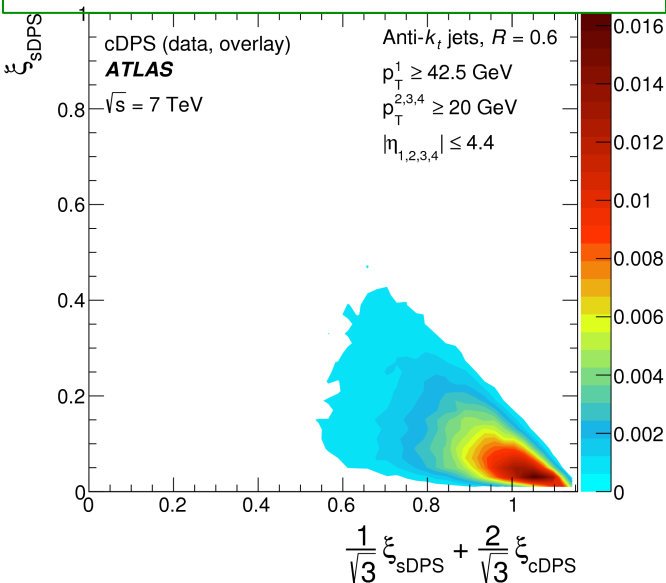
- In cDPS, the jets are back-to-back both in pair-1 (containing the jet with highest p_T) and in pair-2. - - - - -
- In SPS, pair-1 is less balanced, and jet-3, jet-4 are scarcely correlated, but tend to be closer to another jet.
- In sDPS, jet-3 and jet-4 are even less correlated. - - - - -

4 jets continued

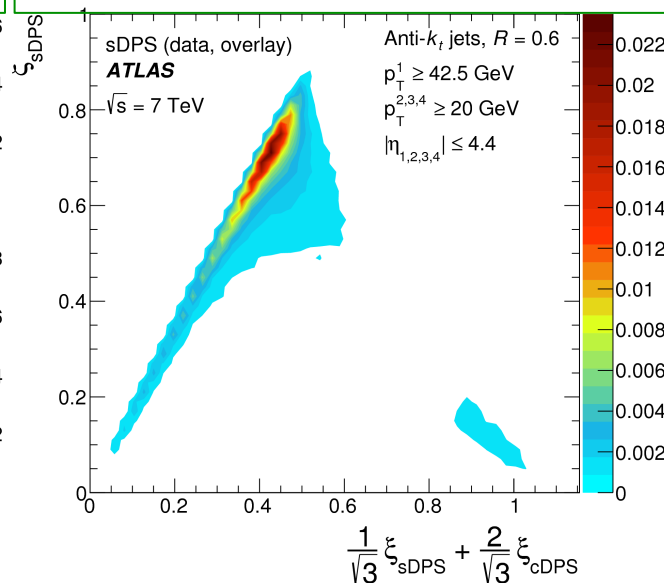
p_T balance, azimuthal and rapidity differences are used in a **neural network classifier**, providing the (normalized) *probabilities* for the SPS, cDPS and sDPS hypotheses (ξ_{SPS} , ξ_{cDPS} , ξ_{sDPS} respectively).



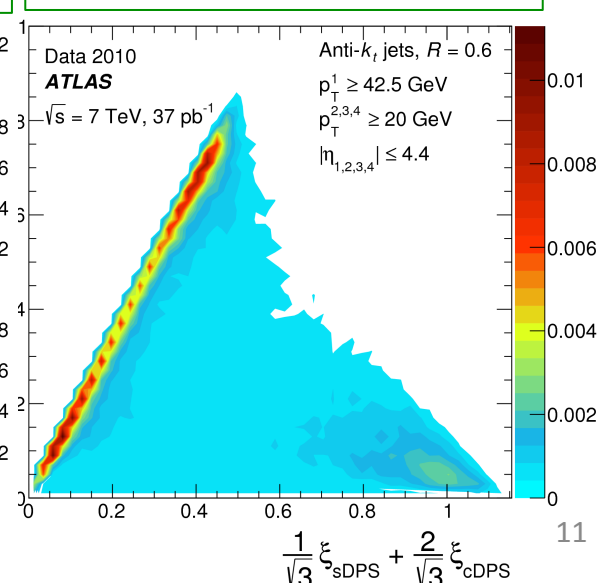
DATA RANDOM OVERLAY FOR cDPS



DATA RANDOM OVERLAY FOR sDPS



FITTED DATA



4 jets continued

- Result of the fit:

$$f_{\text{DPS}} = 0.092^{+0.005}_{-0.011} \text{ (stat.) }^{+0.033}_{-0.037} \text{ (syst.)}$$

with sDPS contributing for about 40% of the total DPS,

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 14.9^{+1.2}_{-1.0} \text{ (stat.) }^{+5.1}_{-3.8} \text{ (syst.) mb}$$

The systematic uncertainty is dominated by the detector uncertainty in the jet energy scale.

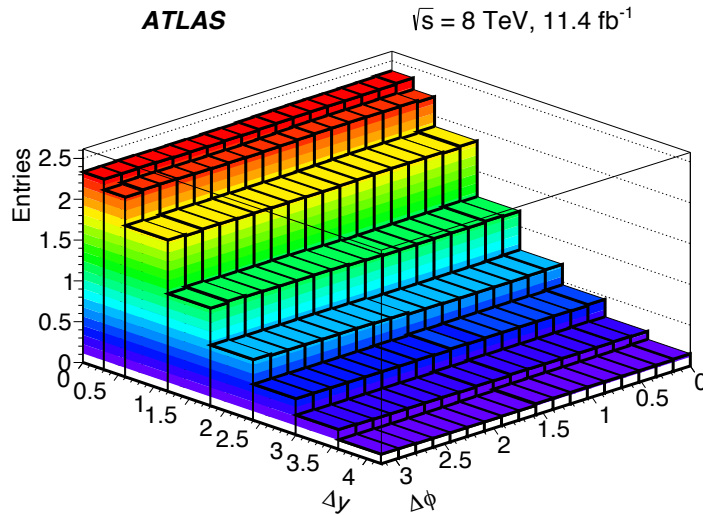
ATLAS: JHEP 11 (2016) 110

5. $J/\psi+J/\psi$ associated production

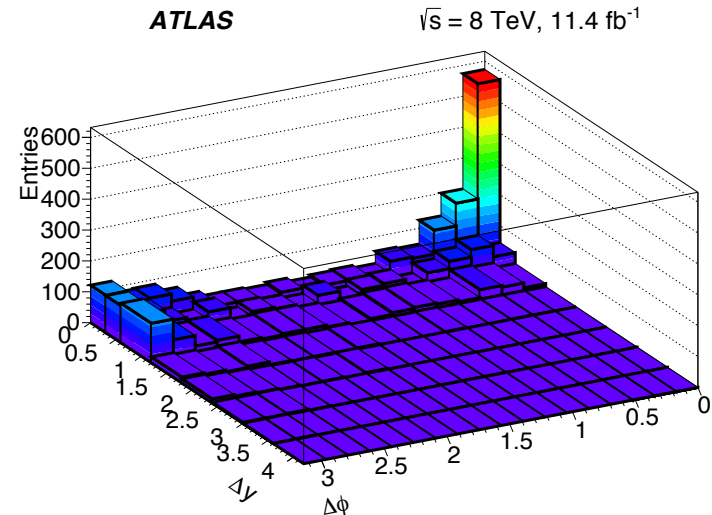
Based on 11.4 fb^{-1} collected at 8 TeV.

- J/ψ 's selected in 4 muons events, requiring two with $p_T > 4 \text{ GeV}$ and two with $p_T > 2.5 \text{ GeV}$.
- About 1200 $J/\psi+J/\psi$ events with prompt J/ψ 's, $p_T^{J/\psi} > 8.5 \text{ GeV}$, $|y^{J/\psi}| < 2.1$.
- Since the two J/ψ 's are measured on the same fiducial volume, in the expression for σ_{eff} we have $\delta_{AB} = 1$.
- SPS and DPS components are distinguished studying the separation between the two J/ψ 's in azimuthal angle and rapidity.

J/ψ+J/ψ continued



DPS TEMPLATE FROM
RANDOM OVERLAY OF DATA



DATA AFTER SUBTRACTION
OF DPS CONTRIBUTION

- DPS J/ψ's have no correlation in ϕ , and loose correlation in y (driven mainly by acceptance/fiducial volume)
 - SPS J/ψ's are produced in two modes:
 - Back-to-back in ϕ , with $\Delta y \approx 1$
 - Nearby both in ϕ ($\Delta\phi \approx 0.15$) and y ($\Delta y \approx 0.5$)
- The subtraction of the DPS component is normalized in the region $\Delta y > 1.8$, $\Delta\phi < \pi/2$.

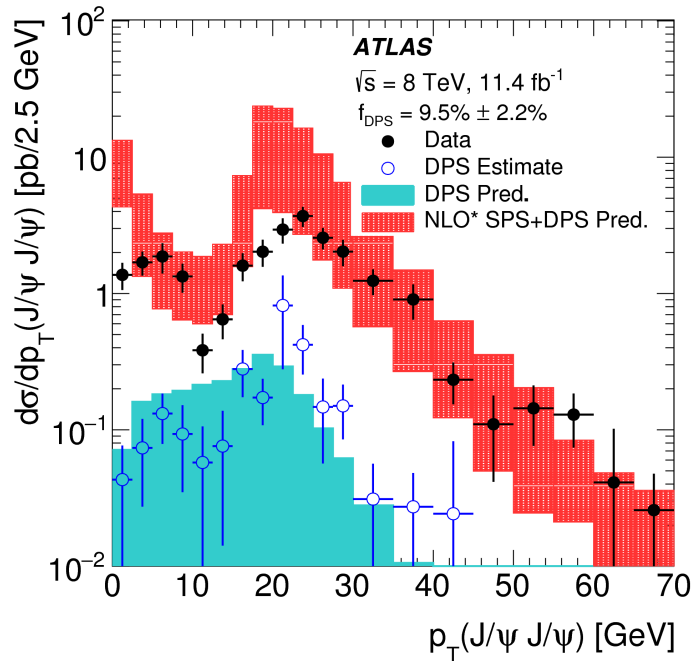
J/ψ+J/ψ continued

Result of the fit to
DPS and SPS
components:

$$f_{\text{DPS}} = (9.2 \pm 2.1 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.5 \text{ (syst)})\%$$

$$\sigma_{\text{DPS}}^{J/\psi, J/\psi} = 14.8 \pm 3.5 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.5 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.2 \text{ (BF)} \pm 0.3 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ pb.}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{eff}} = 6.3 \pm 1.6 \text{ (stat)} \pm 1.0 \text{ (syst)} \pm 0.1 \text{ (BF)} \pm 0.1 \text{ (lumi)} \text{ mb.}$$



Note the *small* value of σ_{eff}

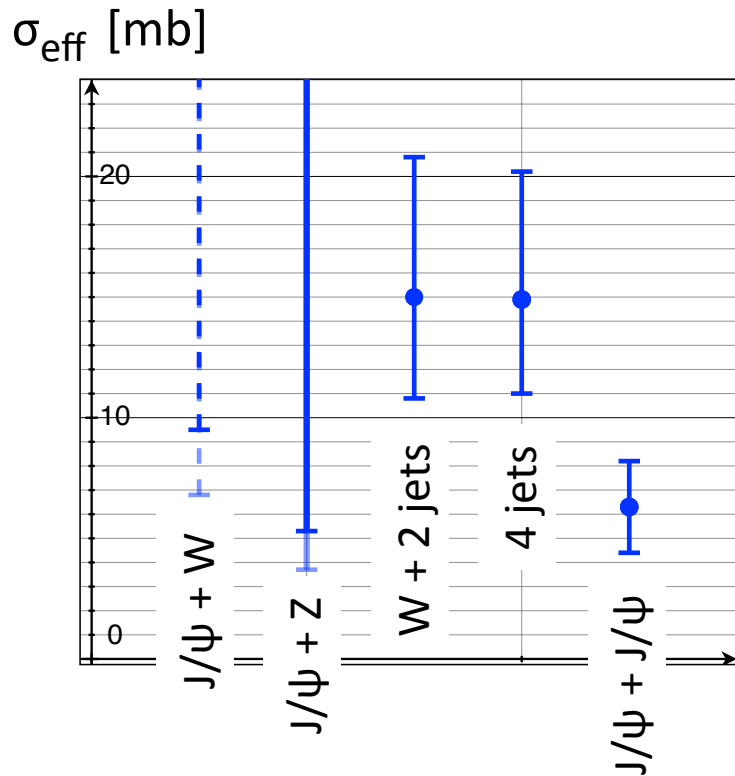
The differential cross section vs. $p_T^{J/\psi J/\psi}$ shows a component at low p_T (back-to-back J/ψ's) and a component at high p_T (nearby J/ψ's)

ATLAS: Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.2, 76

Theory: LO DPS: Borschensky and Kulesza (2015)

NLO* SPS: Lansberg and Shao (2015)

Summary of ATLAS results for σ_{eff}



The recent result on J/ψ pairs shows a larger DPS contribution, that is a smaller value of σ_{eff} , than expected.

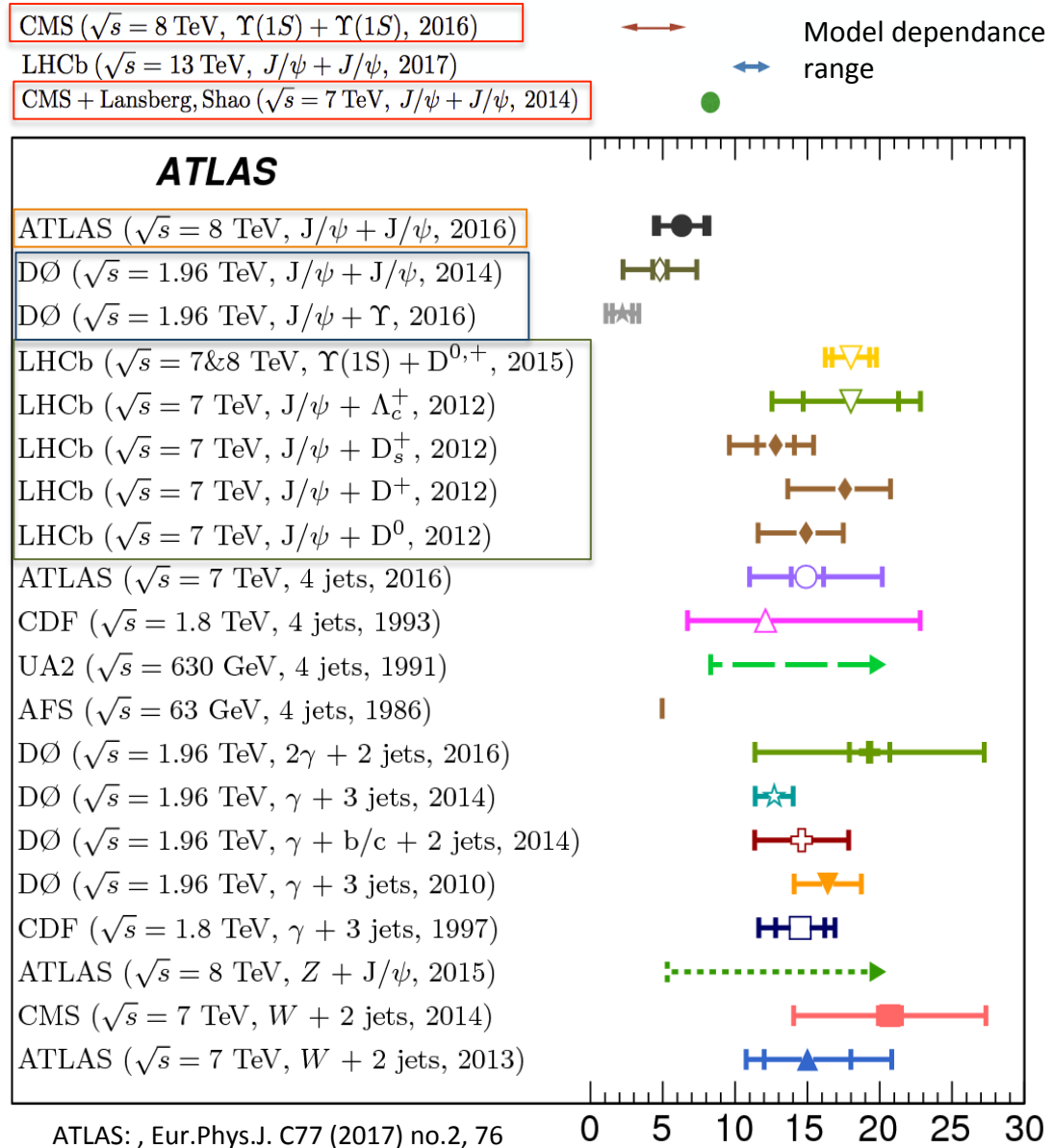
It is interesting to compare these results with others.

σ_{eff} measurements

The **ATLAS $J/\psi + J/\psi$** result is in line with *low* values of σ_{eff} in $J/\psi + J/\psi$ and $J/\psi + Y$ found earlier by **D0**, and also hinted in **CMS** data.

However measurements of $J/\psi + \text{charm}$, $Y + \text{charm}$ made by **LHCb** are in line with the larger values of σ_{eff} observed with jets.

Do we have here indication of the dependence of σ_{eff} on the process? maybe related to the constituents involved and the p_T, y ranges?



Conclusions

- Data collected at LHC have allowed for the study of associated production which have confirmed the contribution of double parton scattering.
- ATLAS has performed measurements with jets, W, Z and J/ψ's
- The results are relevant for both DPS and SPS components.
 - Concerning DPS, there are indications of *non-universality* of σ_{eff} , certainly worth additional studies.
- The programme of studies continues, next expected results on
 - associated production of J/ψ+W in the larger samples of data collected at 8 and 13 TeV,
 - DPS in Z+Z (4 leptons).

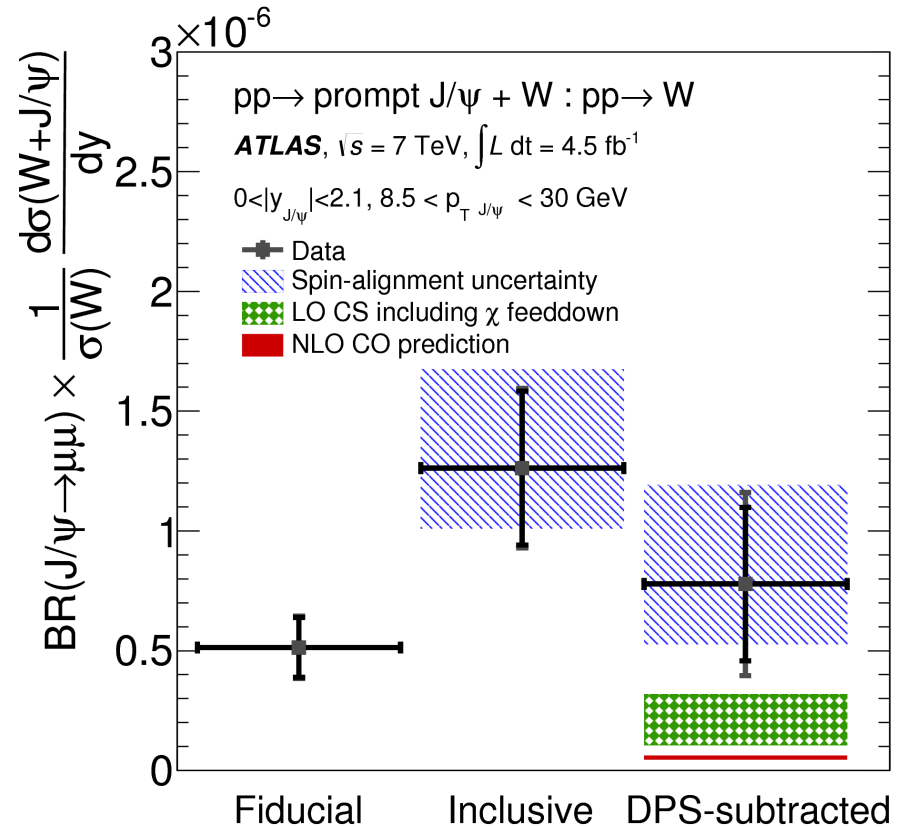
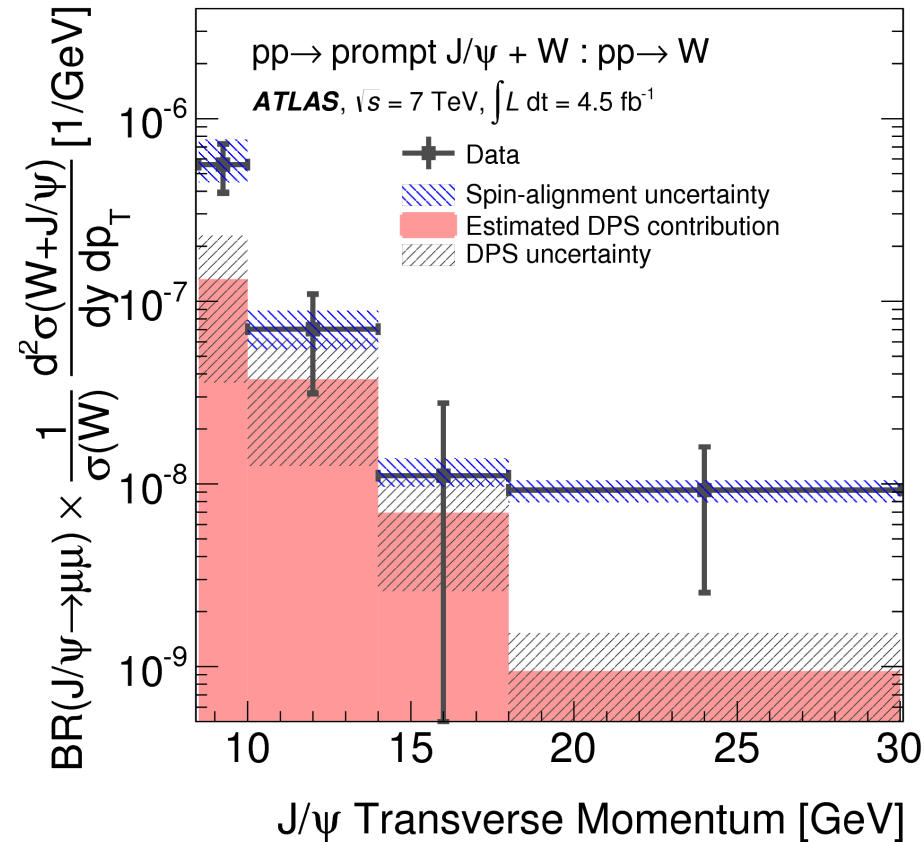
References

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2. Theory references used in ref. 1 for SPS:
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 - NRQCD: G. Li, M. Song, R.-Y. Zhang and W.-G. Ma, *QCD corrections to J/ψ production in association with a W -boson at the LHC*, Phys.Rev.D83:014001,2011, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.83.014001> , <http://xxx.lanl.gov/abs/1012.3798>
3. *Observation and measurements of the production of prompt and non-prompt J/ψ mesons in association with a Z boson in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector* , Eur.Phys.J. C75 (2015) no.5, 229, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-015-3406-9>, <http://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1412.6428>
4. Theory predictions used in ref. 3:
 - LO, NLO color singlet: B. Gong, J.-Ph. Lansberg, C. Lorce, J. Wang, *Next-to-leading-order QCD corrections to the yields and polarisations of J/ψ and Upsilon directly produced in association with a Z boson at the LHC*, JHEP 1303 (2013) 115, [http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP03\(2013\)115](http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP03(2013)115) , <https://arxiv.org/abs/1210.2430> ;

- NLO NRQCD: M. Song, W.-G. Ma, G. Li, R.-Y. Zhang and L. Guo, QCD corrections to J/ψ plus Z0-boson production at the LHC, JHEP 1102:071,2011, [http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP02\(2011\)071](http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP02(2011)071) <https://arxiv.org/abs/1102.0398>
- 5. *Measurement of hard double-parton interactions in $W \rightarrow l\nu + 2$ jet events at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, New J. Phys. 15 (2013) 033038, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1088/1367-2630/15/3/033038> , <http://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1301.6872>
- 6. *Study of hard double-parton scattering in four-jet events in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV with the ATLAS experiment*, JHEP 11 (2016) 110, [http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP11\(2016\)110](http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP11(2016)110) <https://arxiv.org/abs/1608.01857>
- 7. *Measurement of the prompt J/ψ pair production cross-section in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector*, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.2, 76, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1140/epjc/s10052-017-4644-9> <http://arxiv.org/abs/1612.02950>
- 8. References for 7:
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 - NLO* SPS: J.-Ph. Lansberg and H.-S. Shao, *J/ψ -Pair Production at Large Momenta: Indications for Double-Parton Scatterings and Large α_s^5 Contributions*, Phys.Lett. B751 (2015) 479-486, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.physletb.2015.10.083> , <http://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1410.8822> .

9. References for added points to the figure in slide n. 10:
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 - LHCb Collaboration, *Measurement of the J/ψ pair production cross-section in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV*, JHEP 1706 (2017) 047, *ibid.* 1710 (2017) 068
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[http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP10\(2017\)068](http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/JHEP10(2017)068) <https://arxiv.org/abs/1612.07451>
 - J.-Ph. Lansberg and H.-S. Shao, *ibid.*

J/ψ + W continued

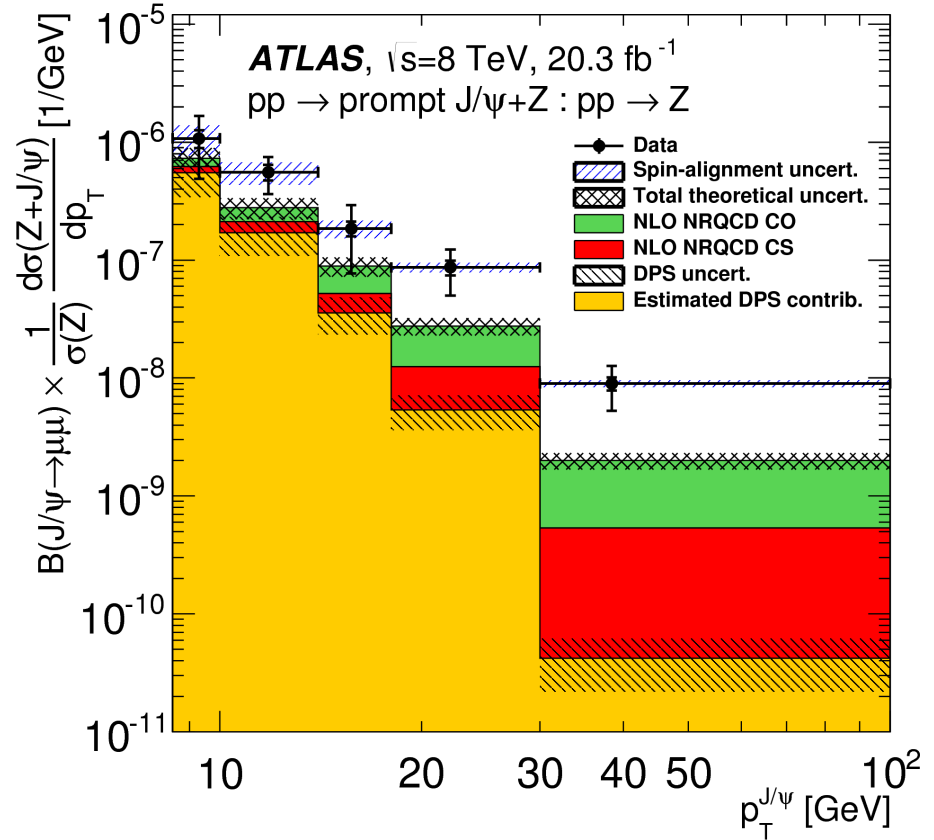
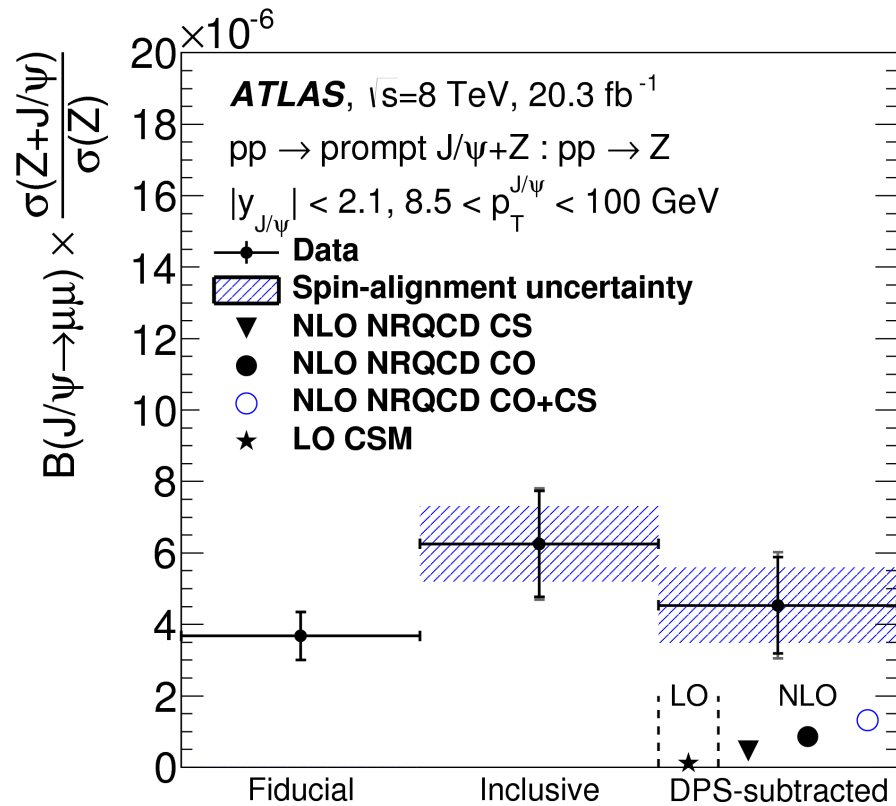


ATLAS: JHEP 1404 (2014) 172

Theory ref.s (SPS): color singlet: Lansberg and Lorce (2013)

color octet: Li, Song, Zhang and Ma (2011)

J/ψ + Z continued



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Theory: color singlet: Gong, Lansberg, Lorce and Wang (2013)

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