

# Latest Minimum Bias and Underlying Event Measurements at ATLAS

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On behalf of ATLAS collaboration

MPI@LHC, Shimla, December 11-15, 2017



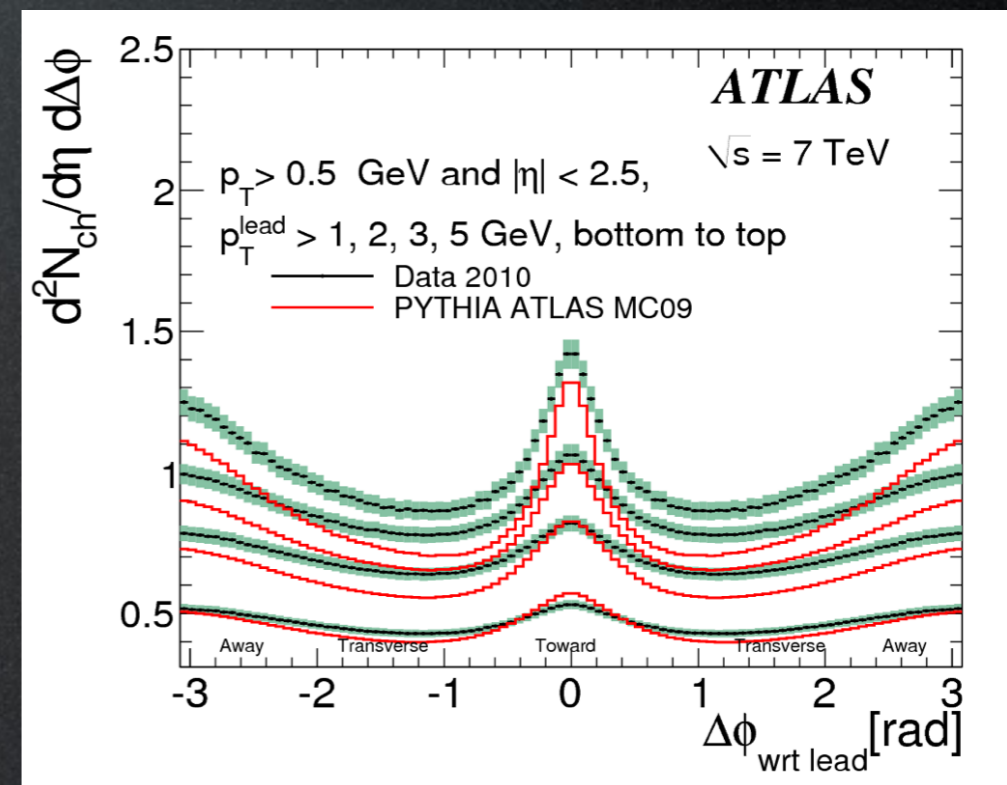
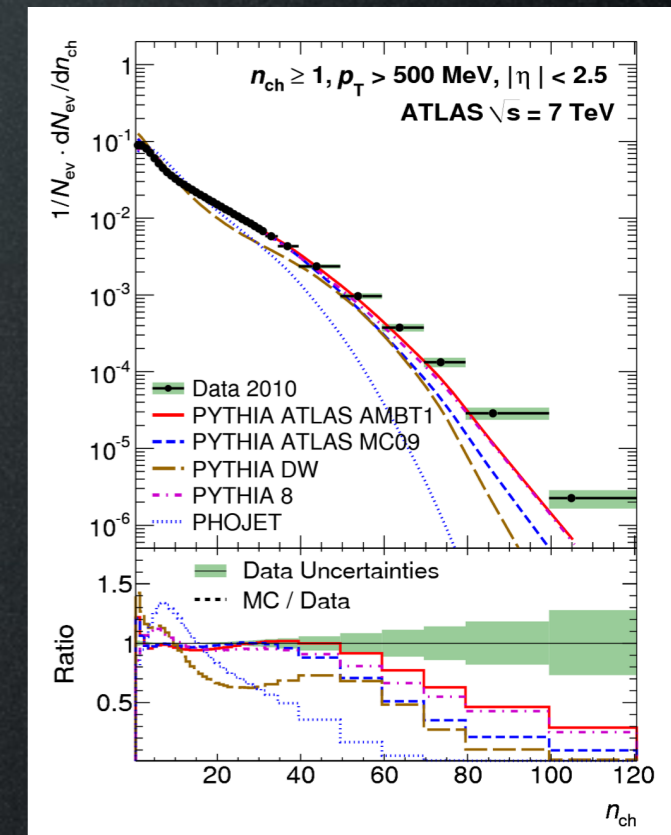
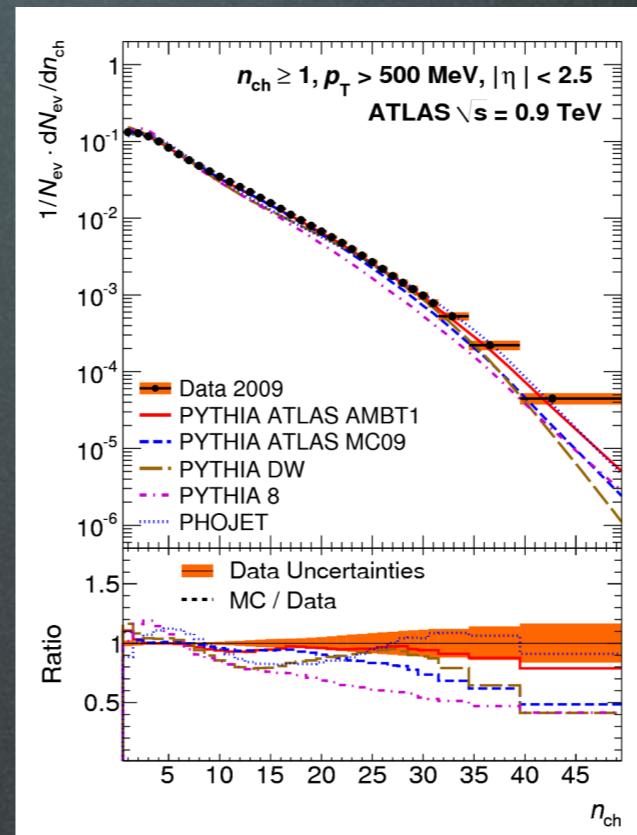
# Glossary

- Minimum-bias (MB): Pretty much everything, exact definition trigger dependent.
- Underlying event (UE): everything except the hard scattered partons, pedestal activity to events with an identified hard scatter (more like the actual interesting events we want to look at)
- Pileup (PU): (uncorrelated) separate collisions within the same/different bunch crossing we can't differentiate because of our finite detector resolution (more like "isotropic" min-bias events).

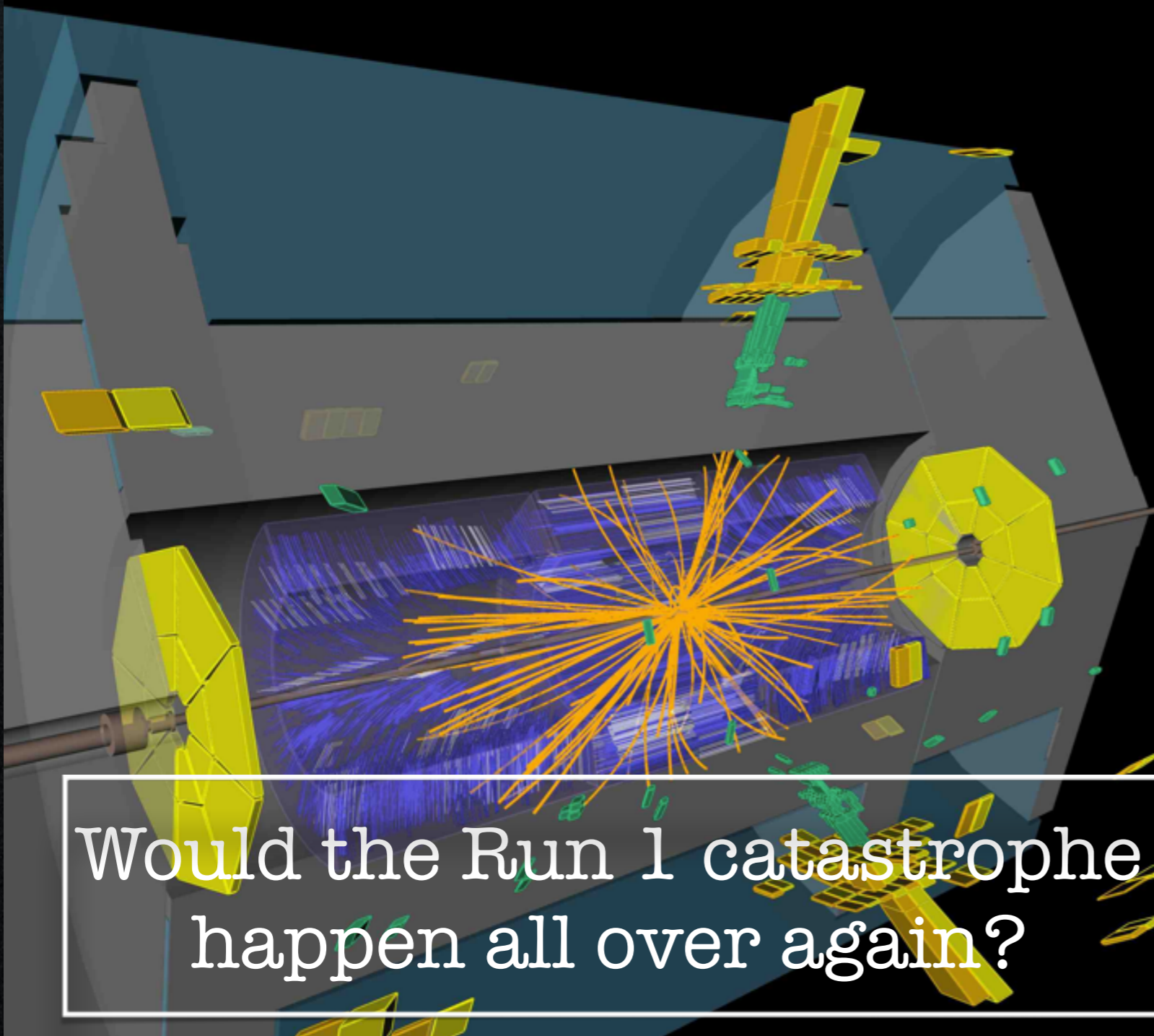
# Prologue

At the start of Run 1:

- Tevatron tunes did not agree with the early minbias and underlying event data.
- Not just at 7 TeV, but also at 900 GeV!



# First Stable Beams at 13 TeV



Would the Run 1 catastrophe happen all over again?

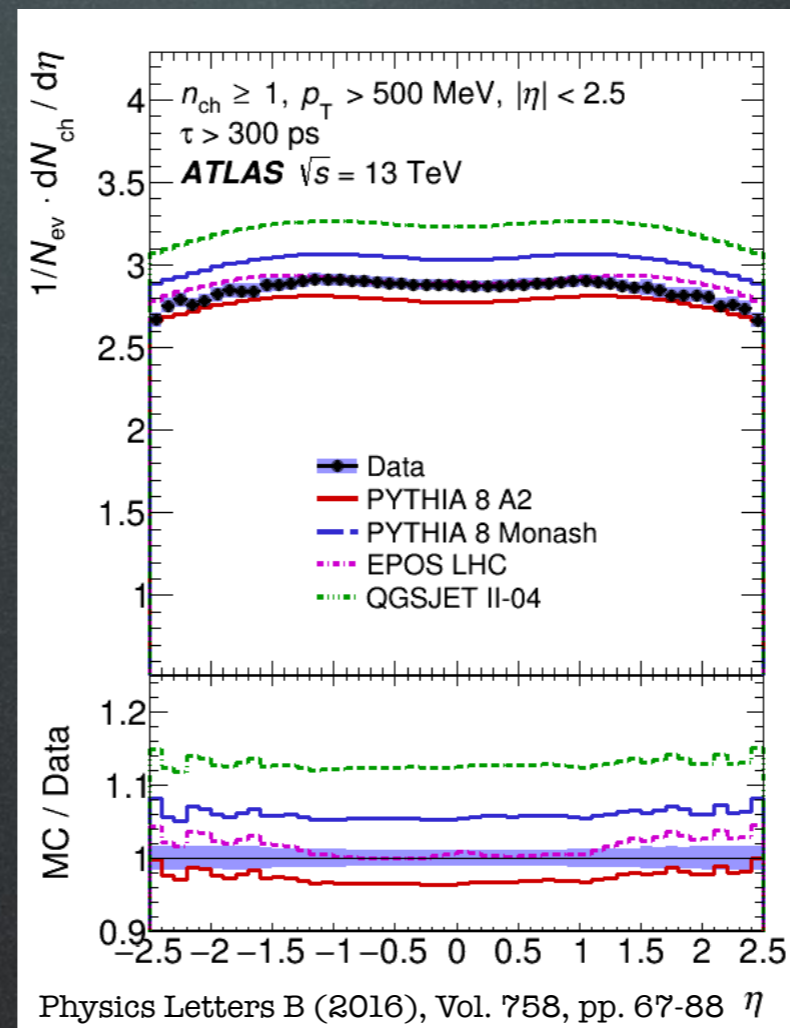
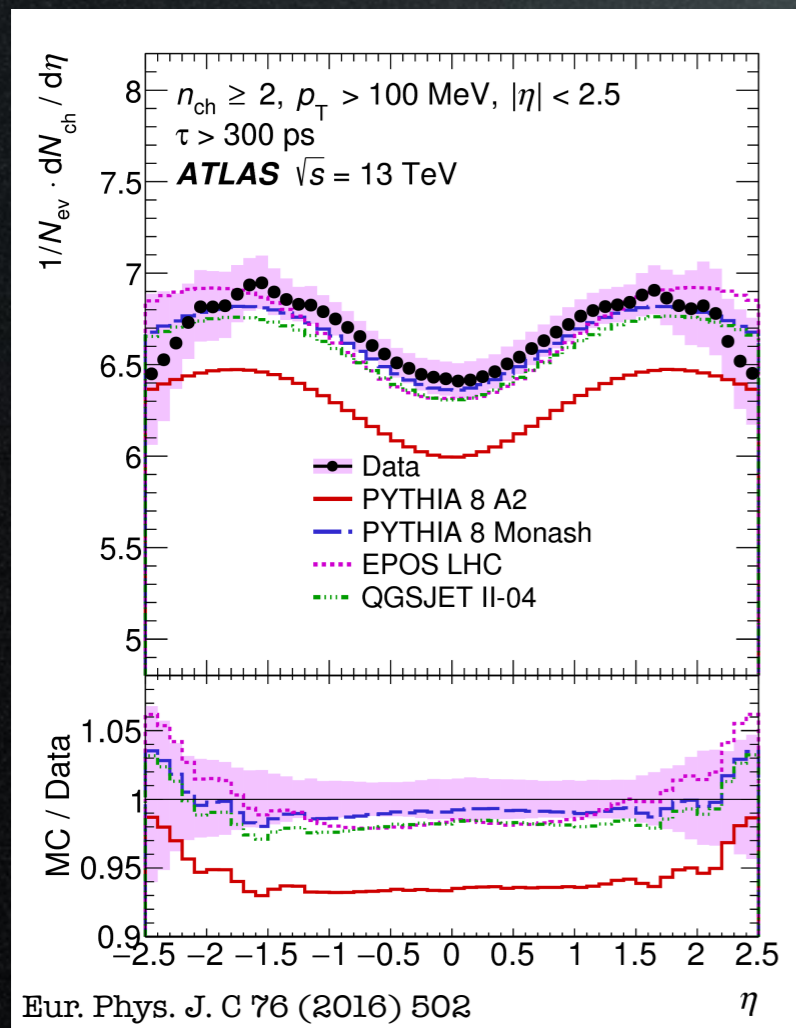


Run: 266904  
Event: 25855182  
2015-06-03 13:41:48 CEST

# Charged Particle Pseudorapidity

Higher transverse momentum threshold

13 TeV!

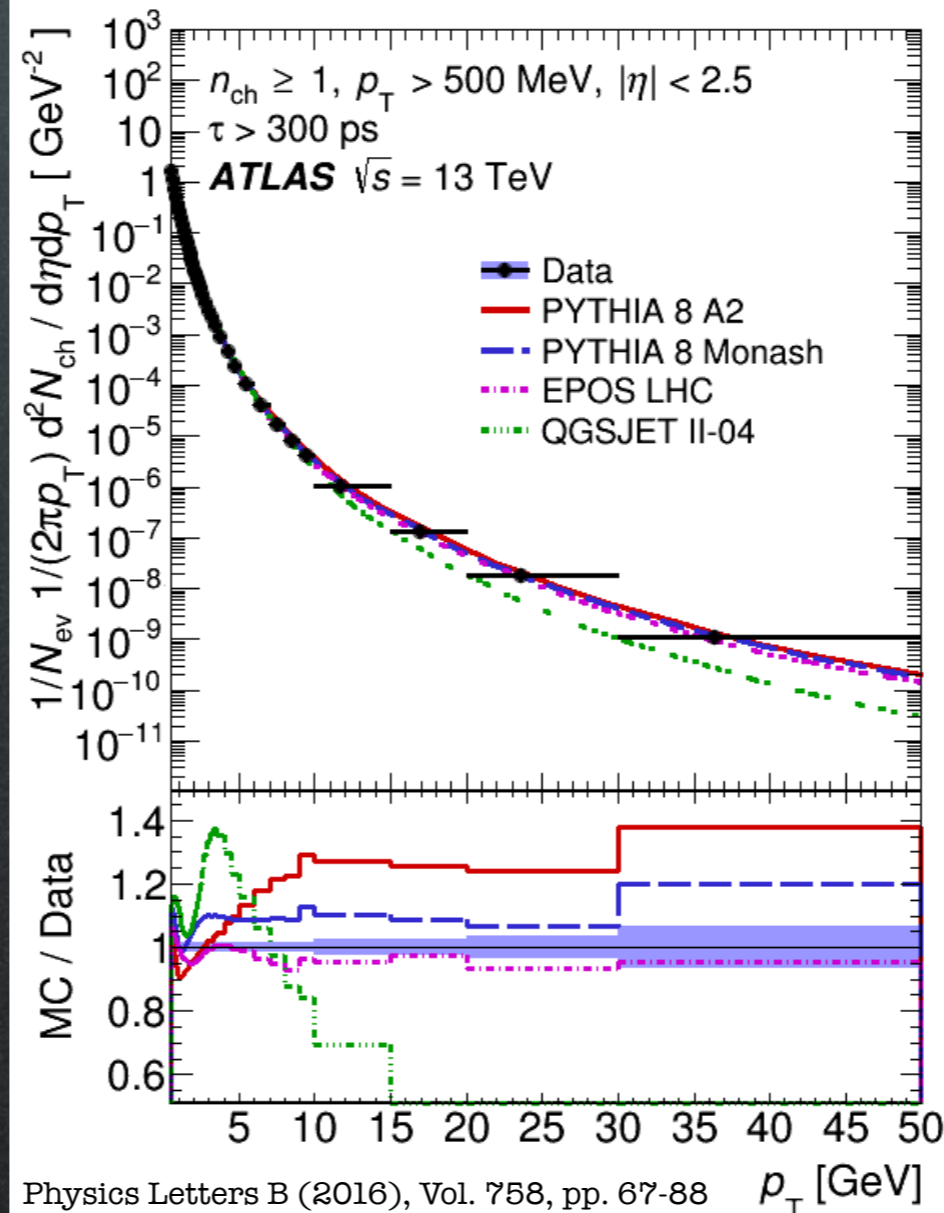
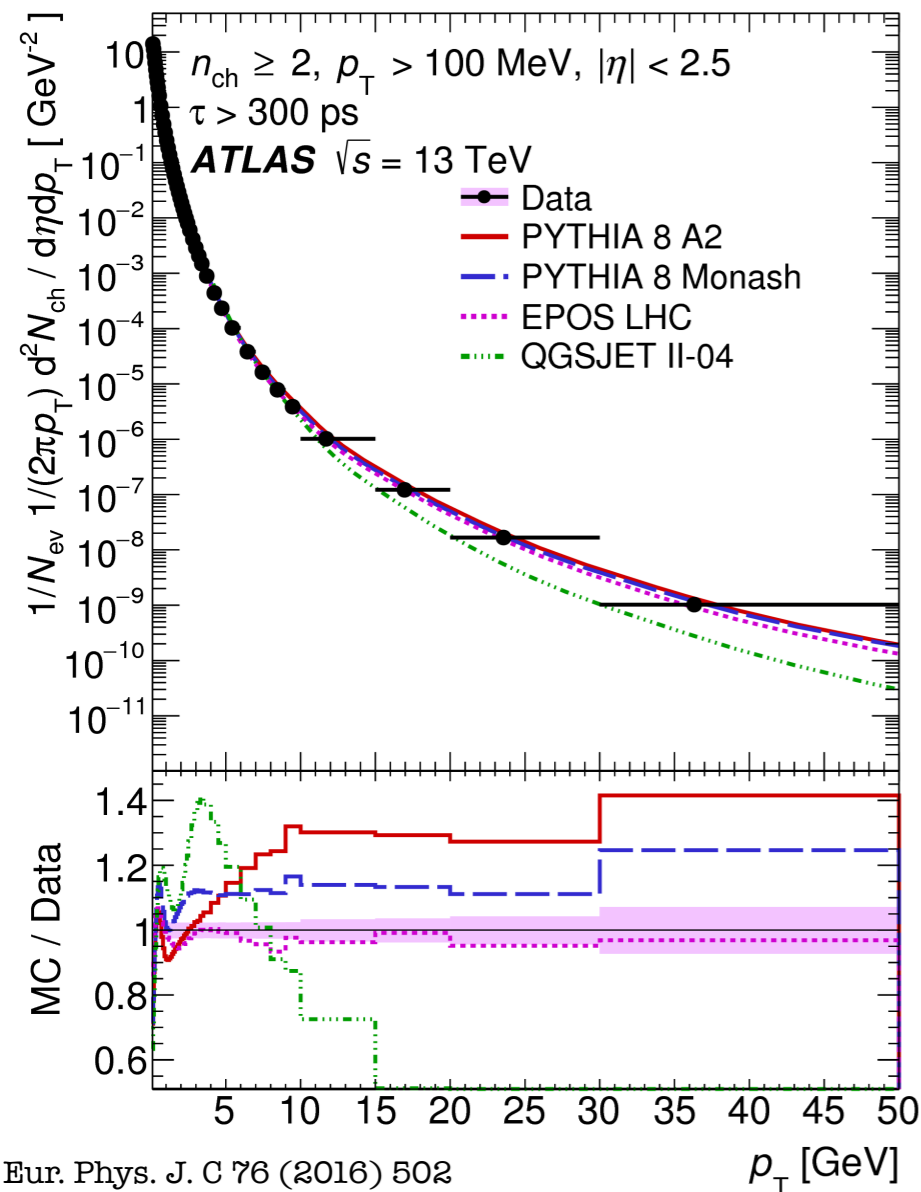


Overall Epos is the best, stark difference in A2 predictions going from 100 to 500 MeV

# Charged Particle Transverse Momentum

Higher transverse momentum threshold

13 TeV!



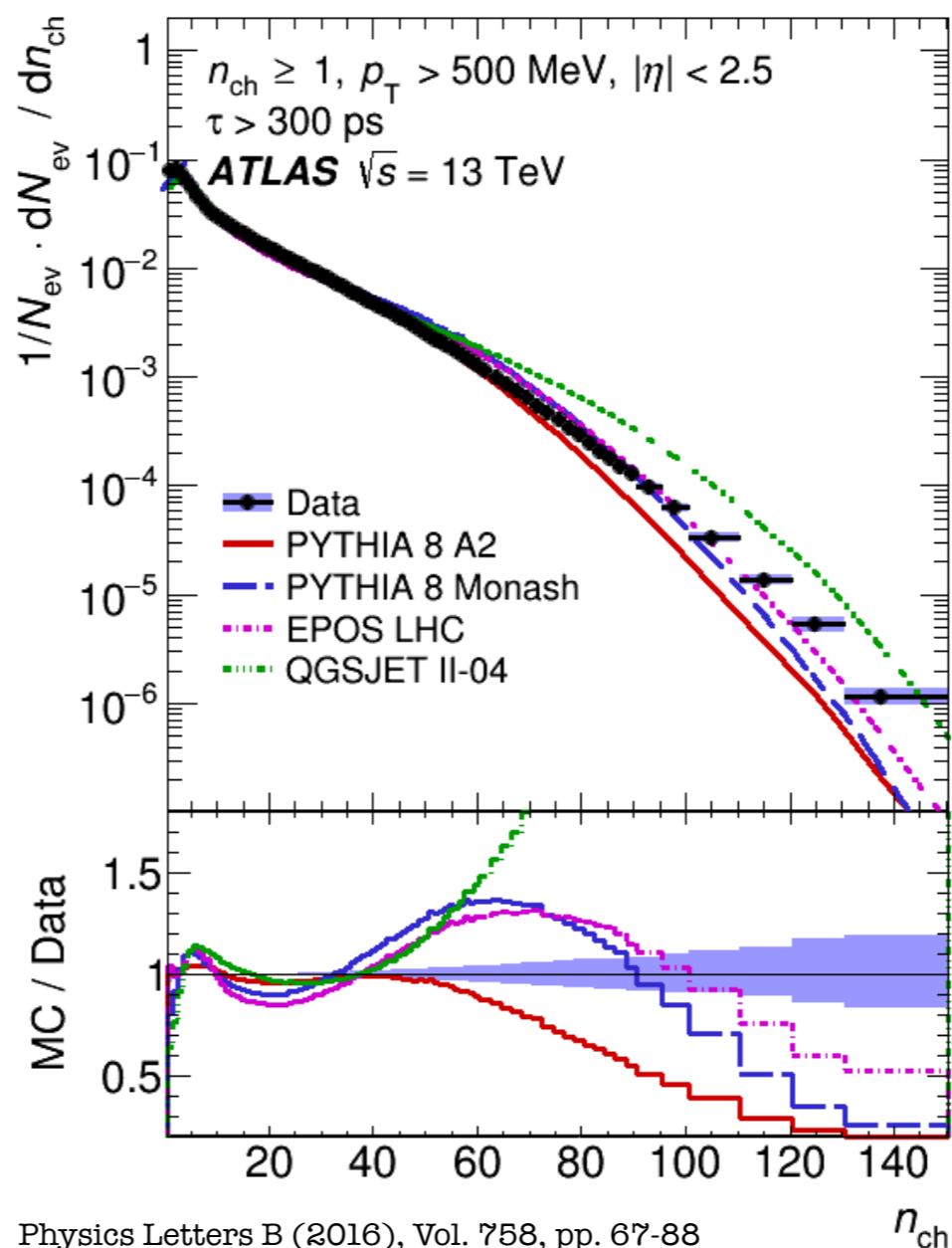
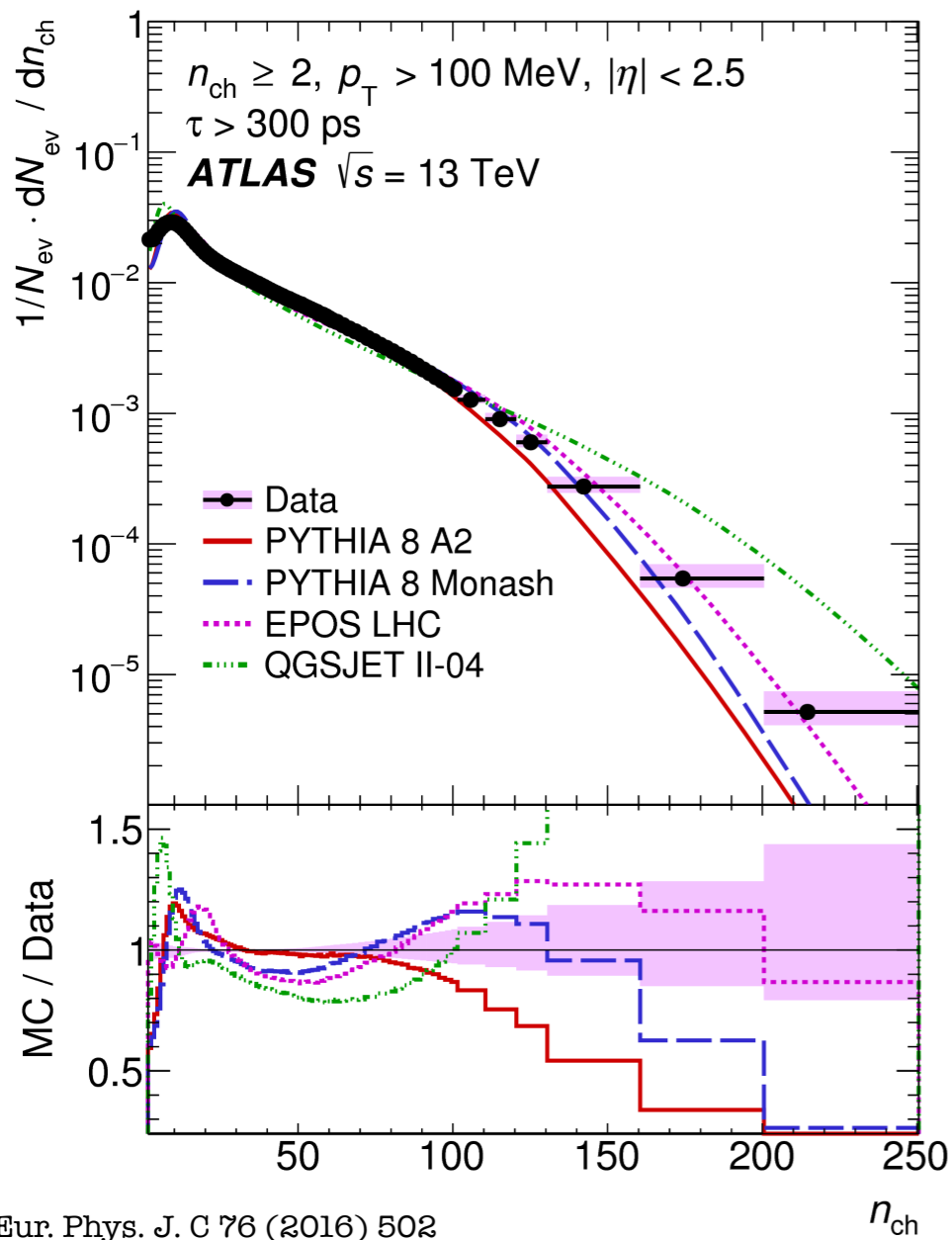
Epos is best for both

A2 and Monash are competitive but not over the full range

# Charged Particle Multiplicity

Higher transverse momentum threshold 

13 TeV!



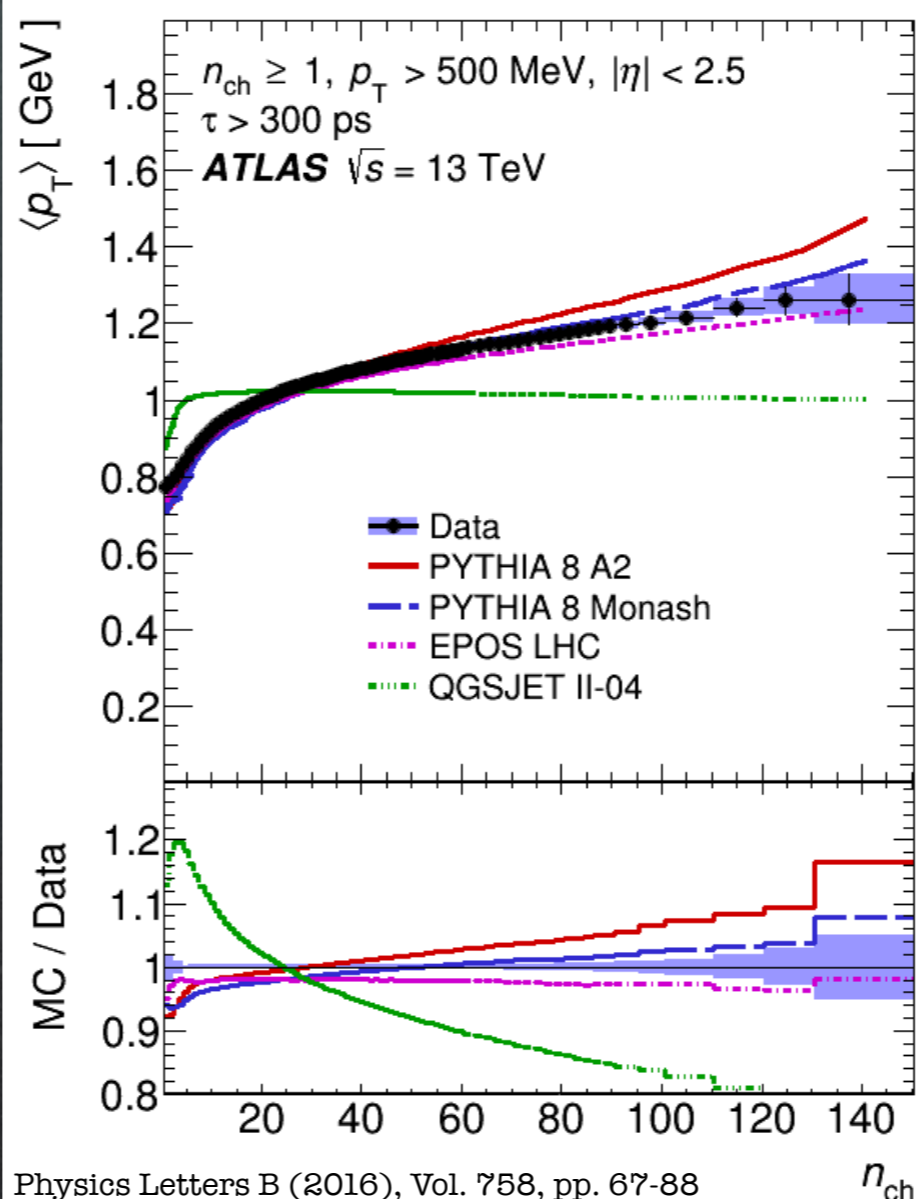
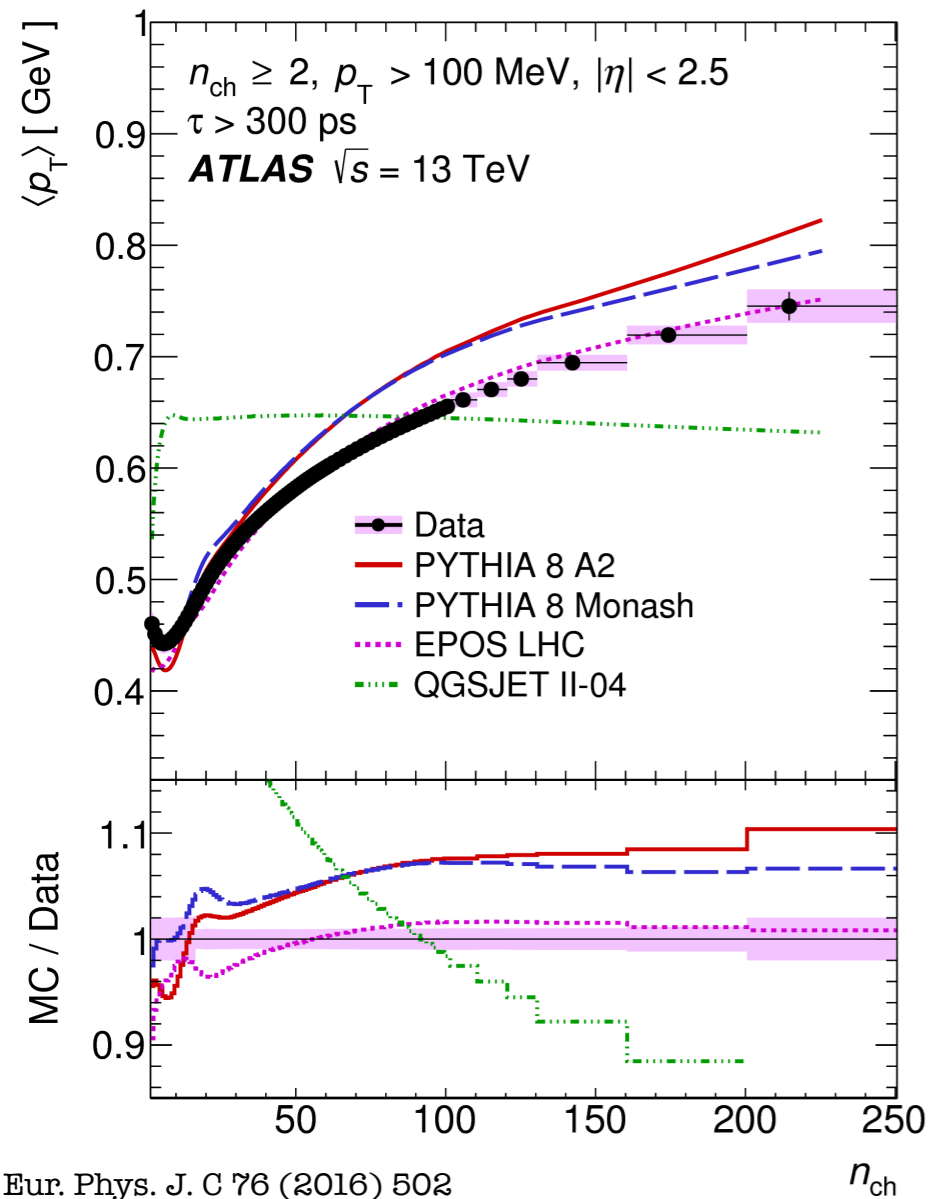
Similar trends

None of the models do well over the whole range

# Mean Transverse Momentum against Multiplicity Correlation

Higher transverse momentum threshold 

13 TeV!

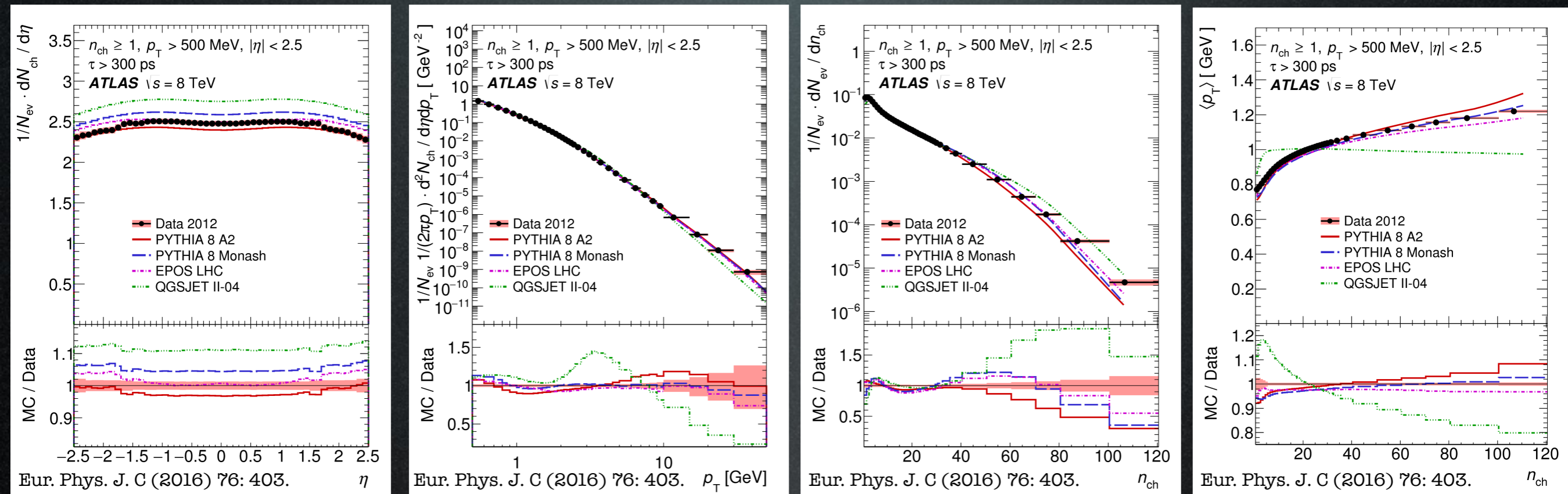


Correlation depends on colour reconnection

Better modelled at 500 MeV, QGSJETII has no CR

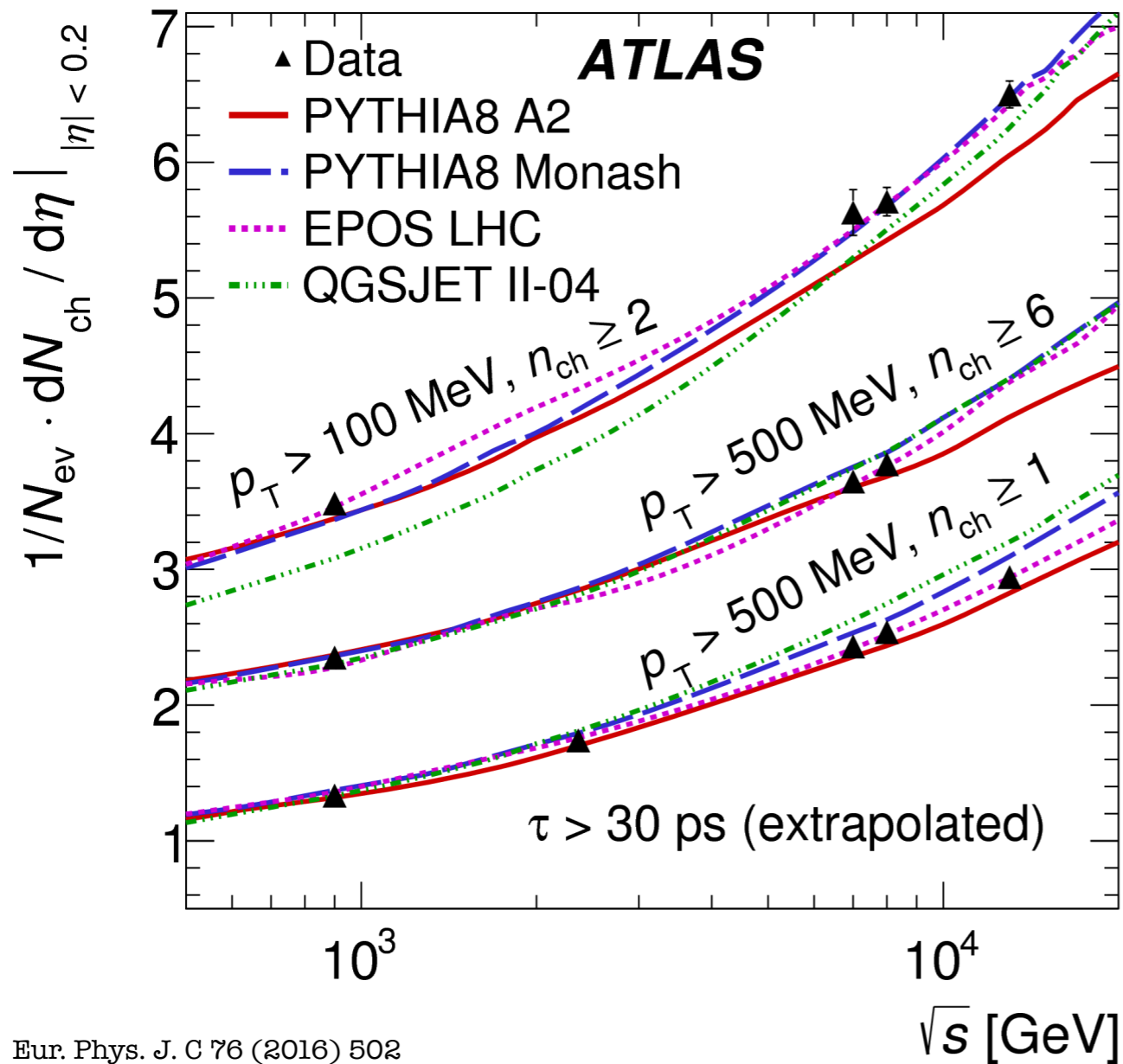


# Charged Particle Distributions at 8 TeV



- Models show discriminating power
- Results available for different phase spaces

# Dependence on E.C.M



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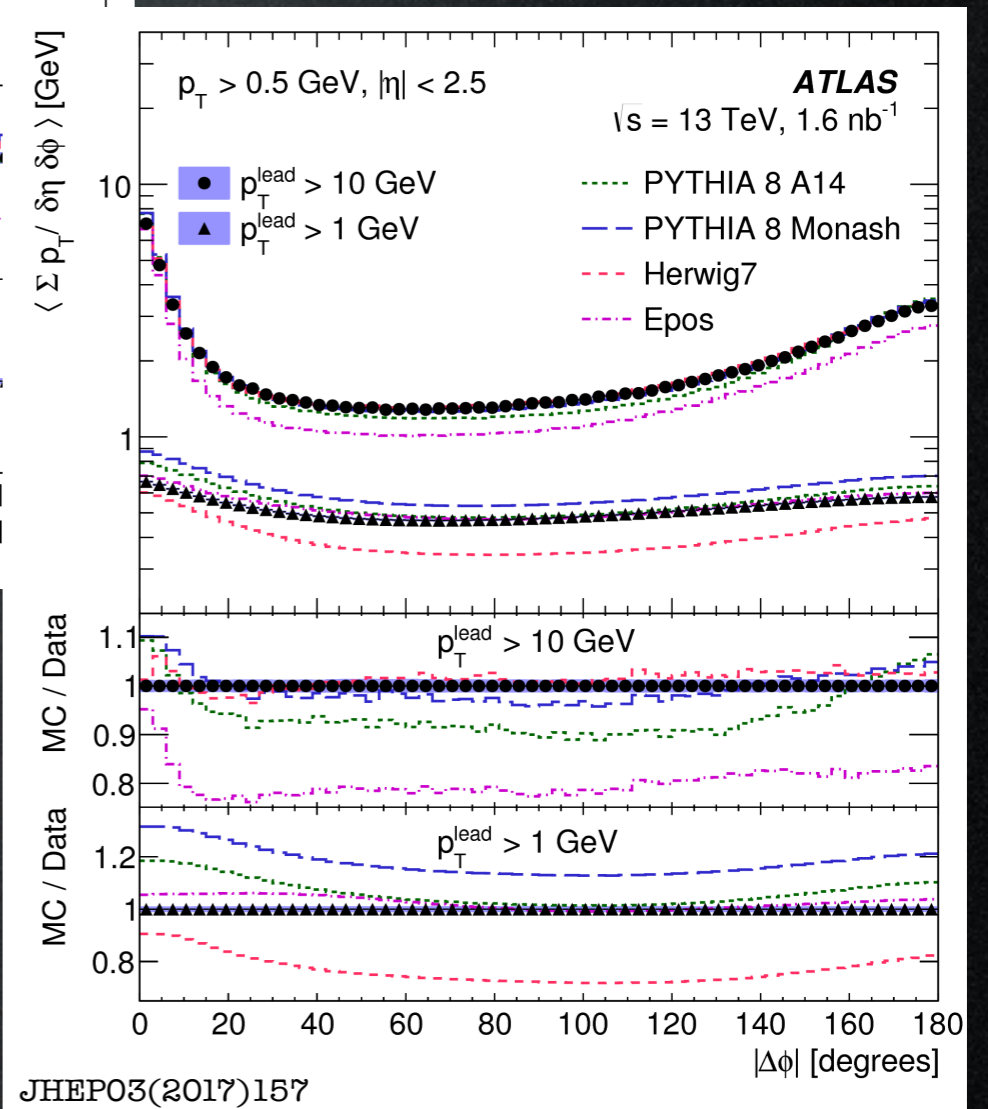
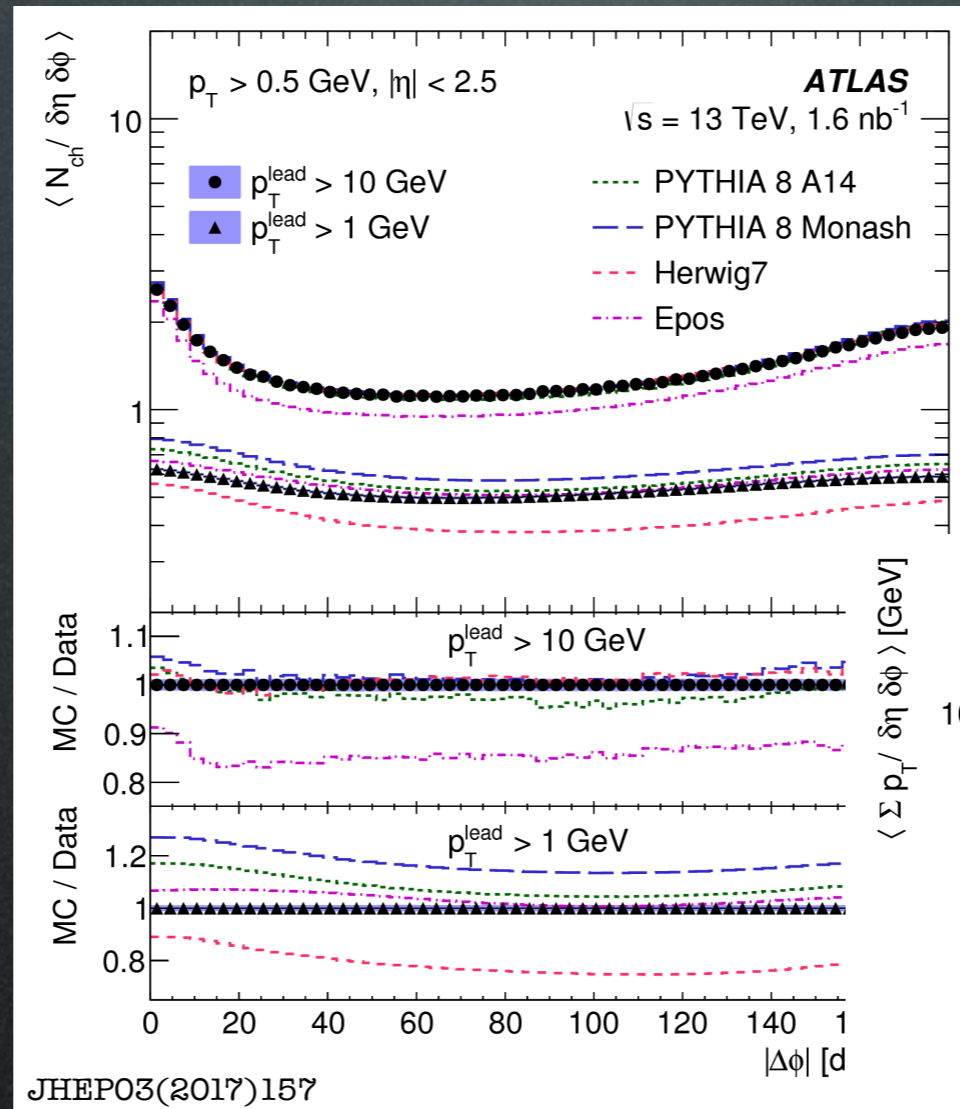
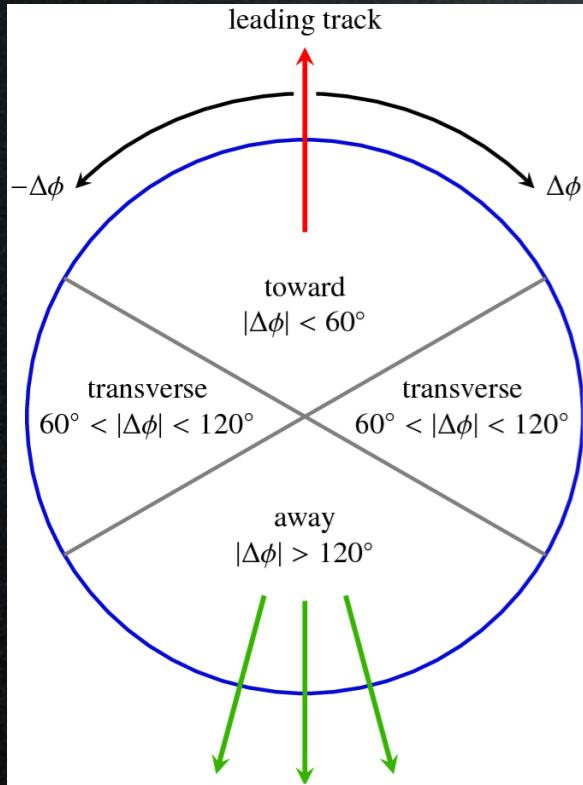
About 20%  
increase from  
going from  $\sqrt{s} \approx 7$  to 13  
TeV

Most models  
get the energy  
extrapolation  
trend right

# Underlying Event

13 TeV!

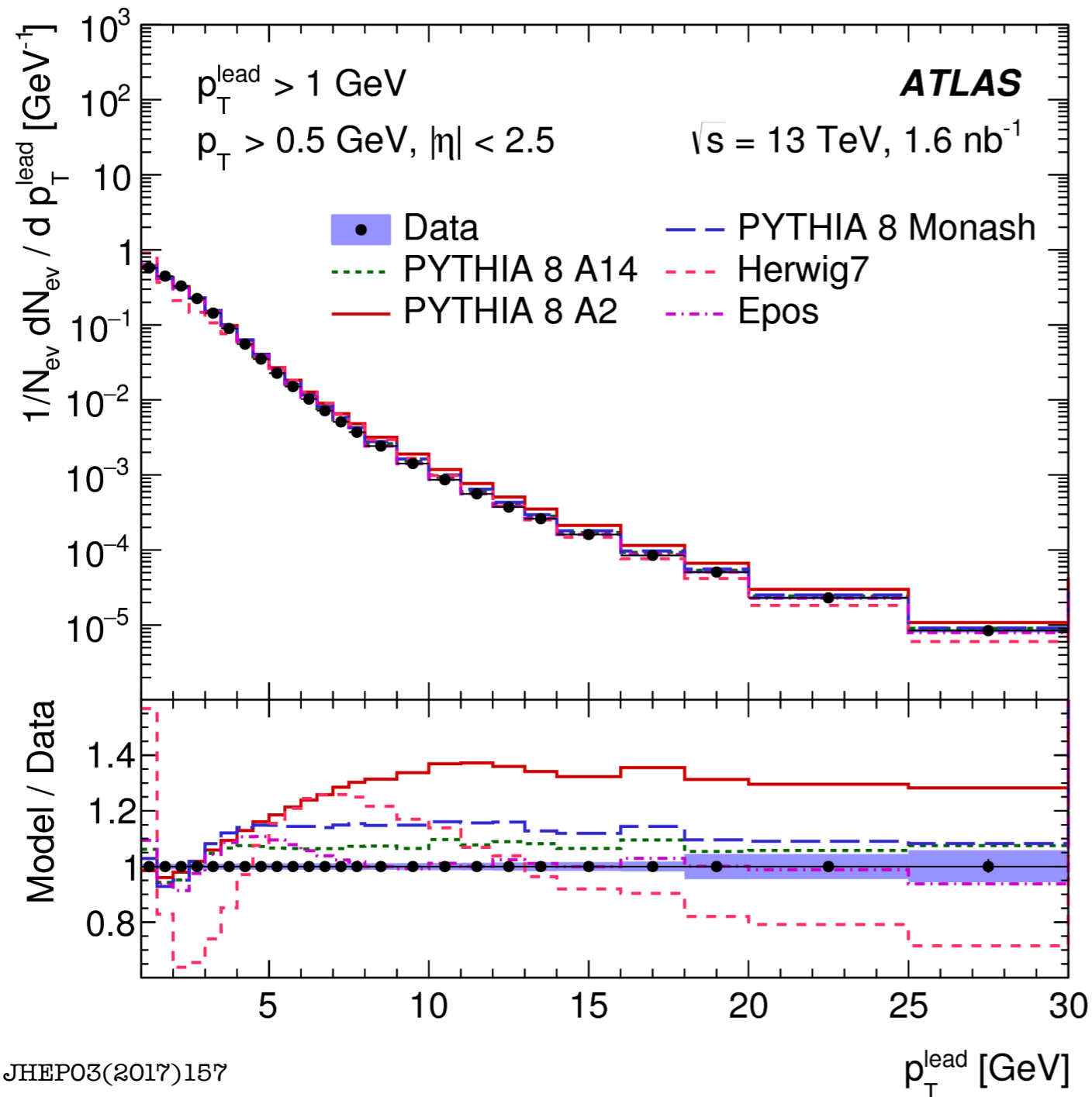
Transition from relatively isotropic MB scattering to the emergence of harder UE



Overall decent agreement, MB tunes do better for lower lead  $p_T$ , while UE tunes are better for higher slices

# Leading Charged Particle

13 TeV!



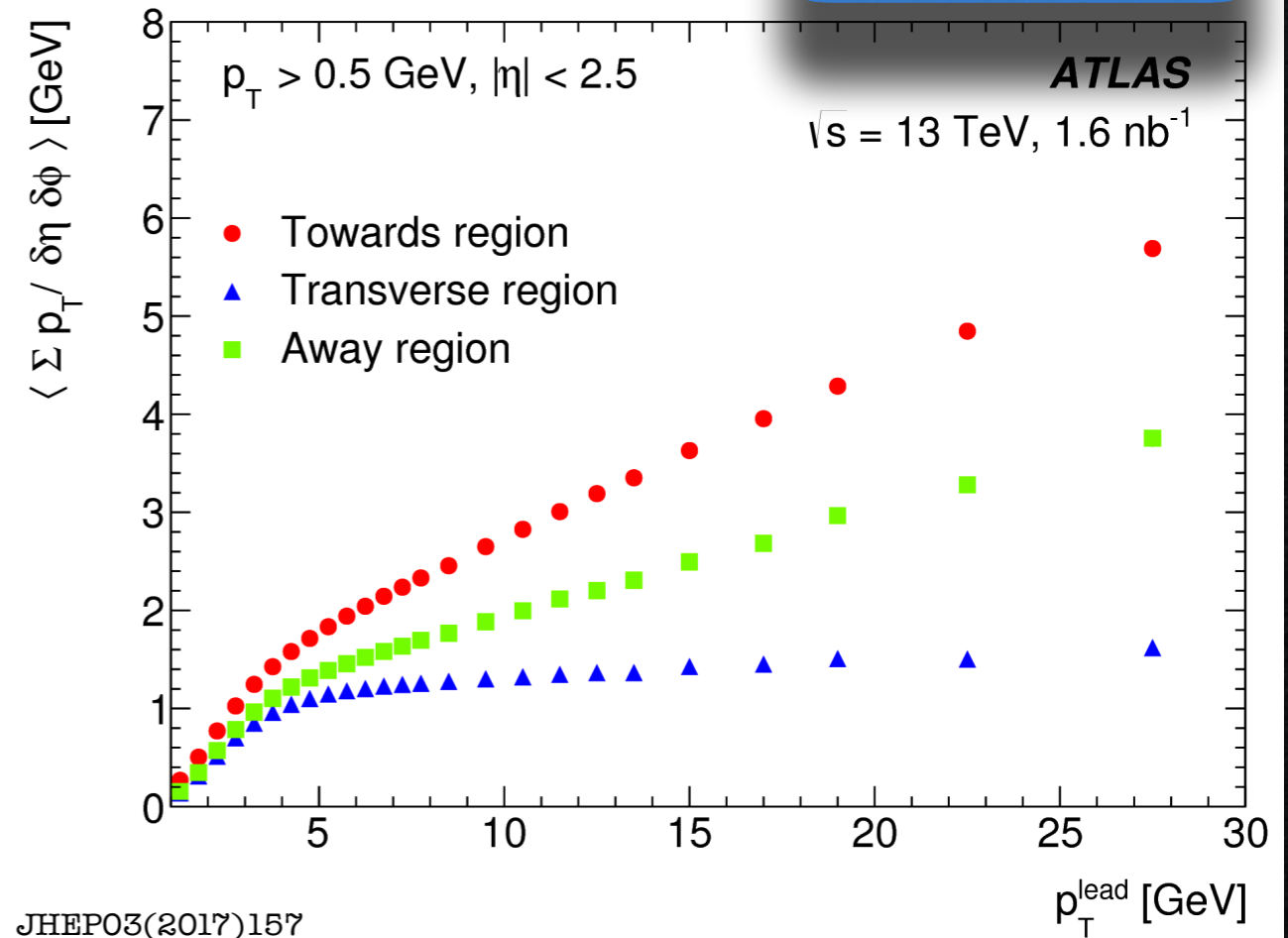
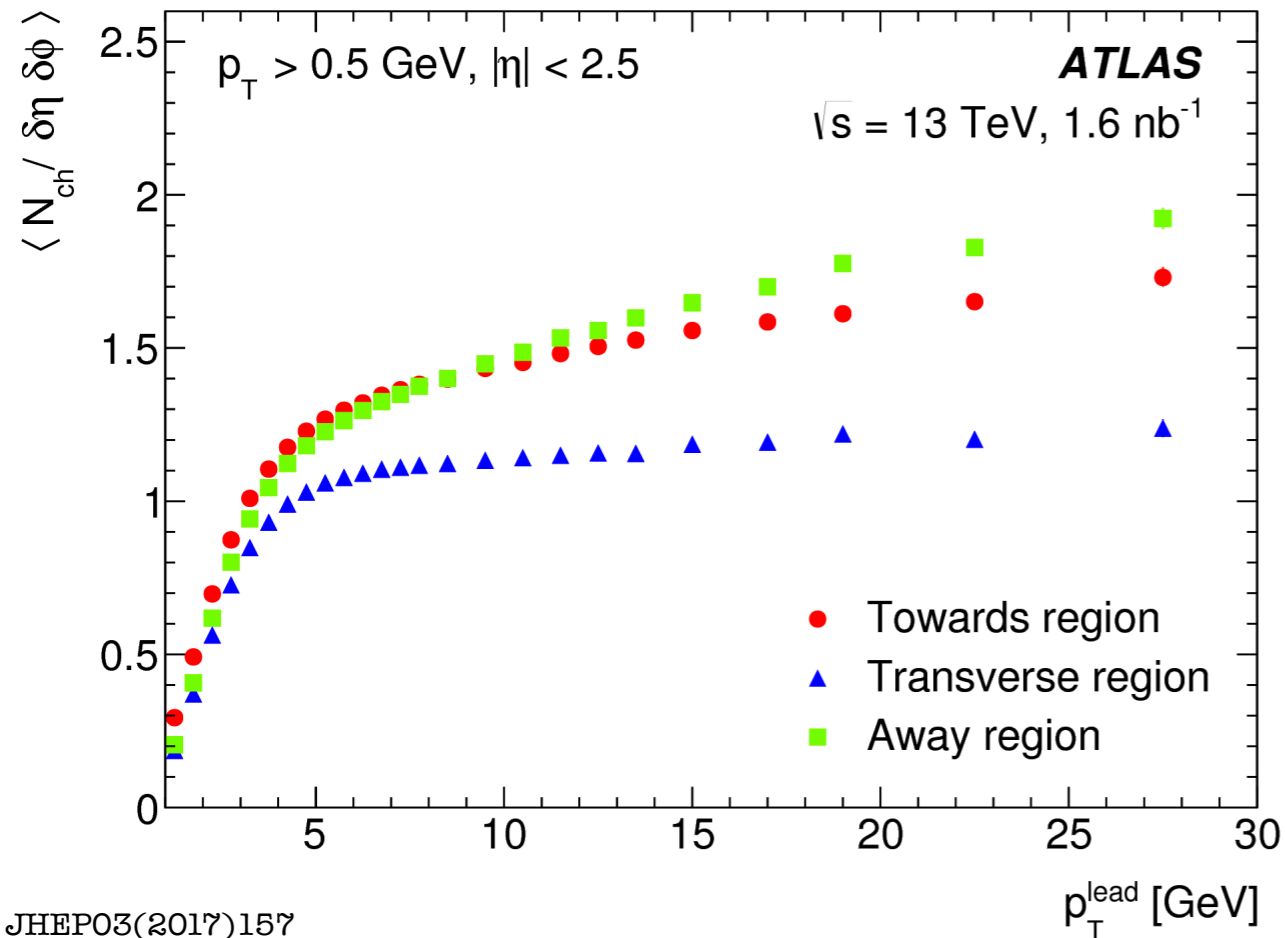
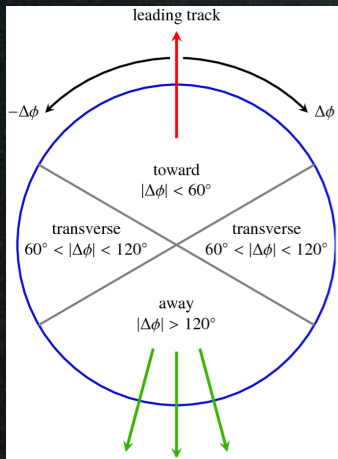
JHEP03(2017)157

Best modelled by  
Pythia8 A14/Monash

Others have somewhat  
different shapes

# Comparison of Regions I

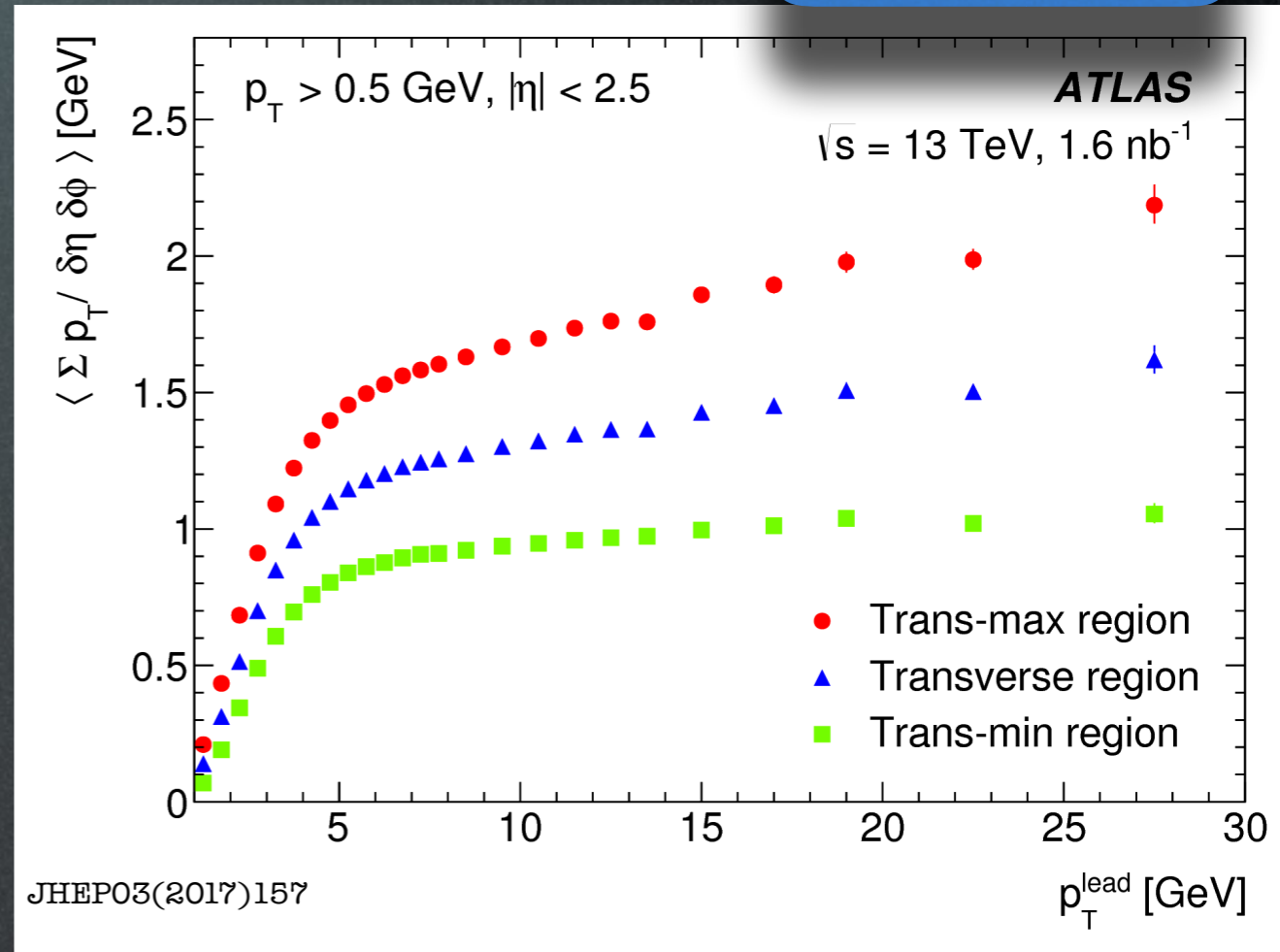
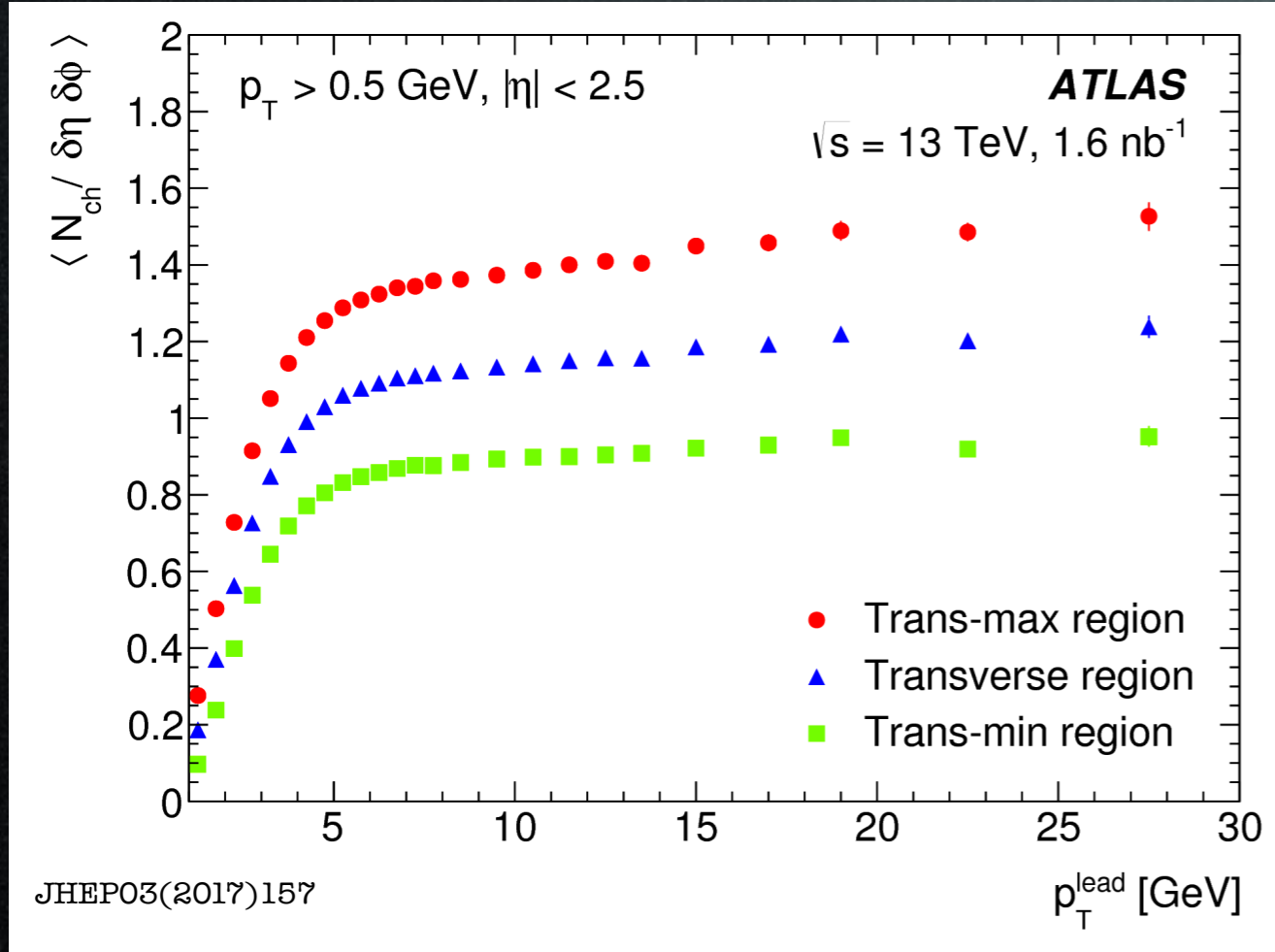
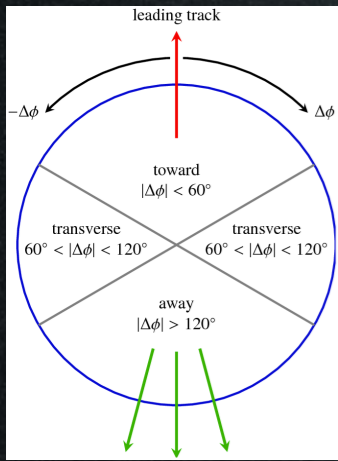
13 TeV!



Characteristic plateau at transverse region, cross-over for away

# Comparison of Regions I

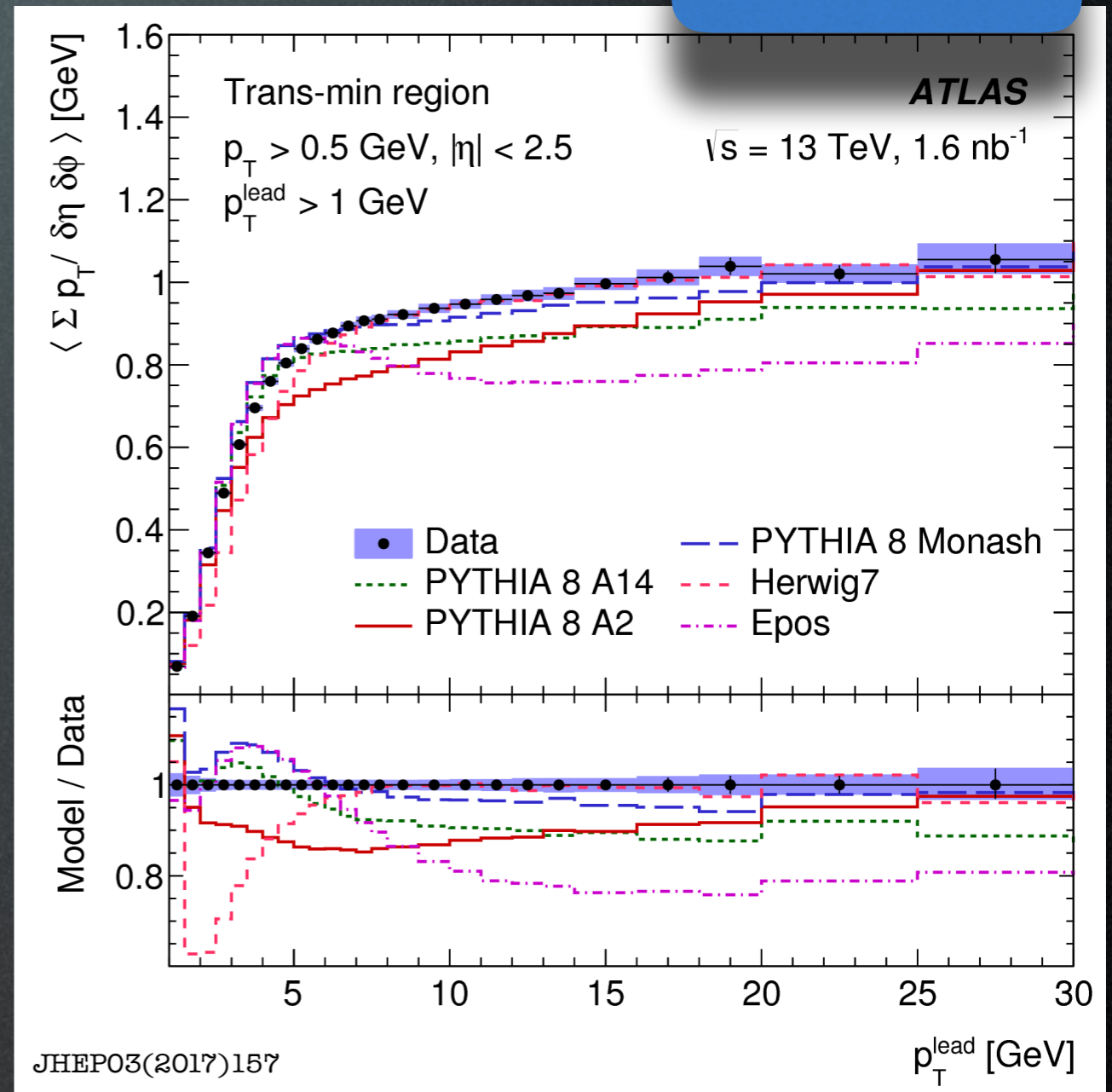
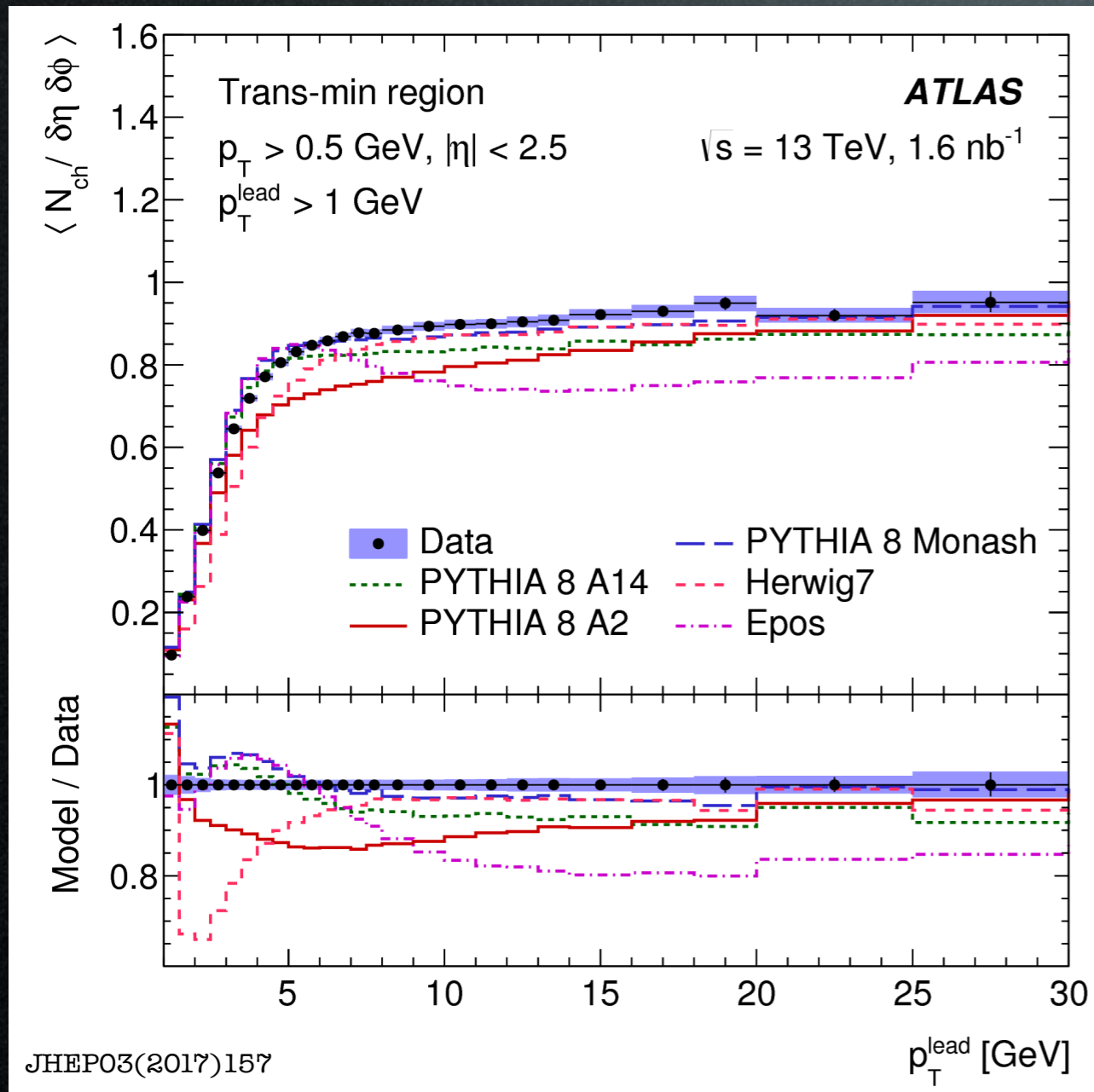
13 TeV!



Max/Min/Diff sensitive to different aspects of the UE. Trans-min most sensitive to UE, trans-max gets UE and hard jet contamination, and trans-diff is dominated by extra hard jets.

# Trans-min Region I

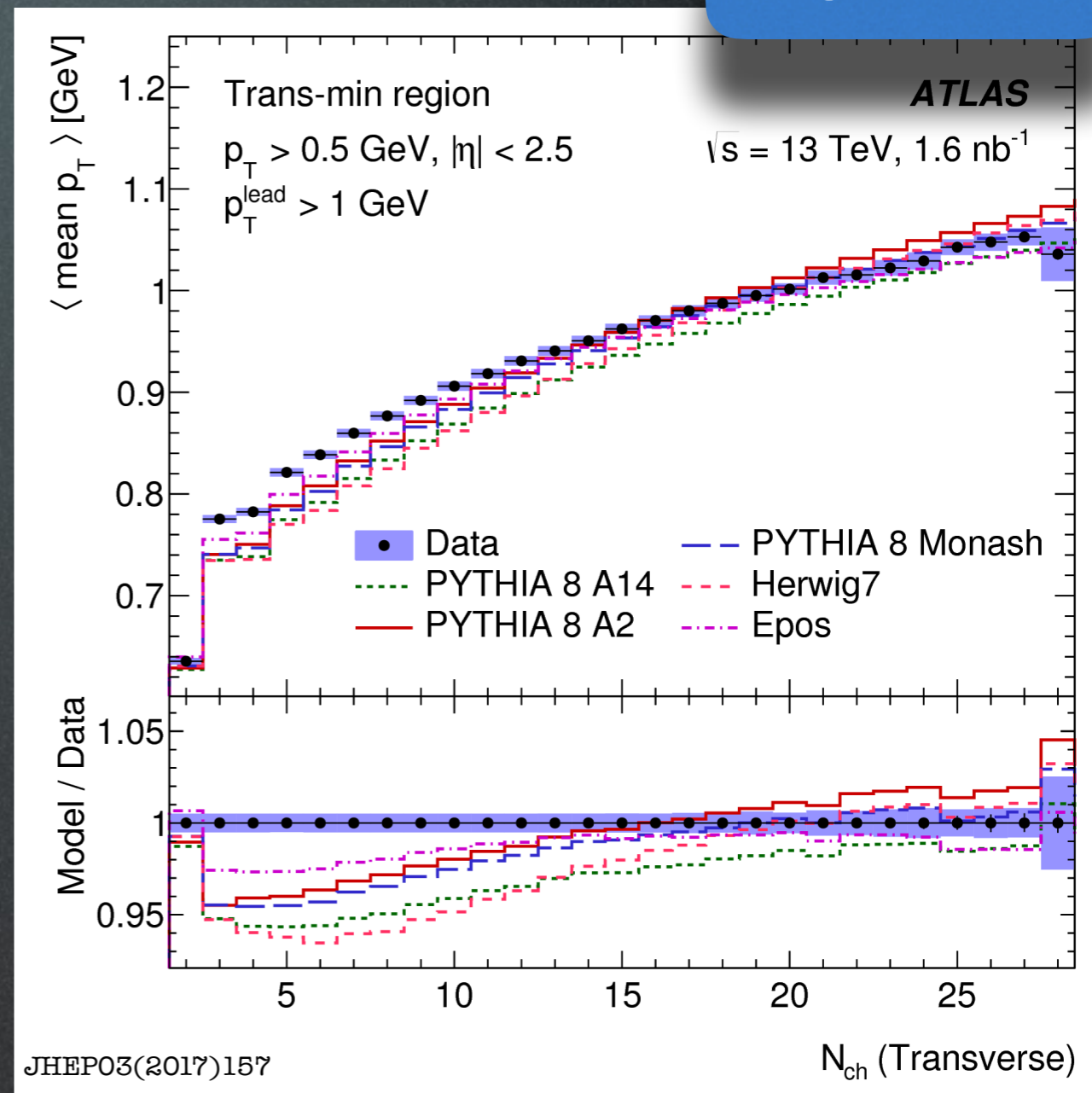
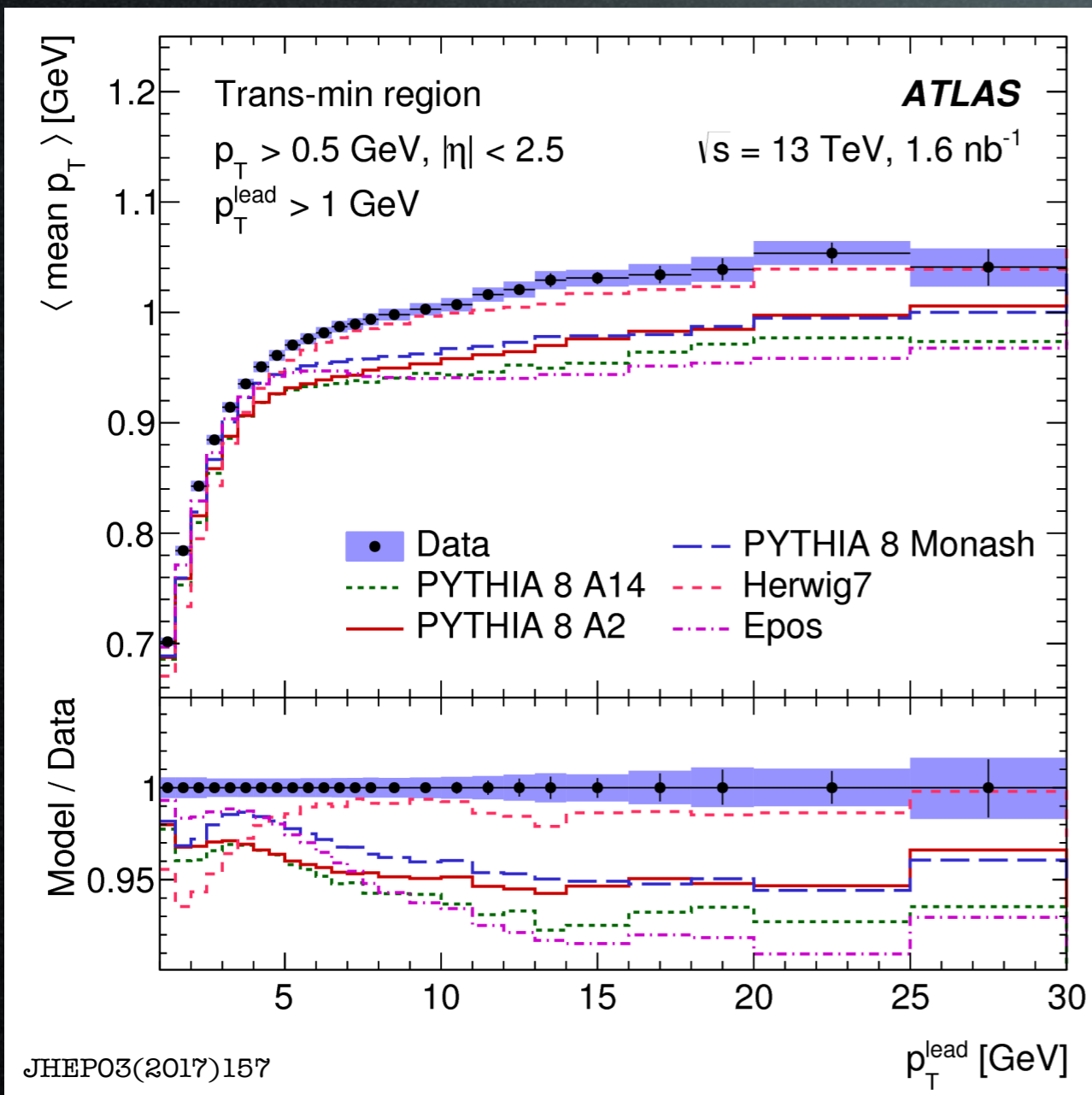
13 TeV!



Best described by Pythia8 Monash and Herwig7

# Trans-min Region II

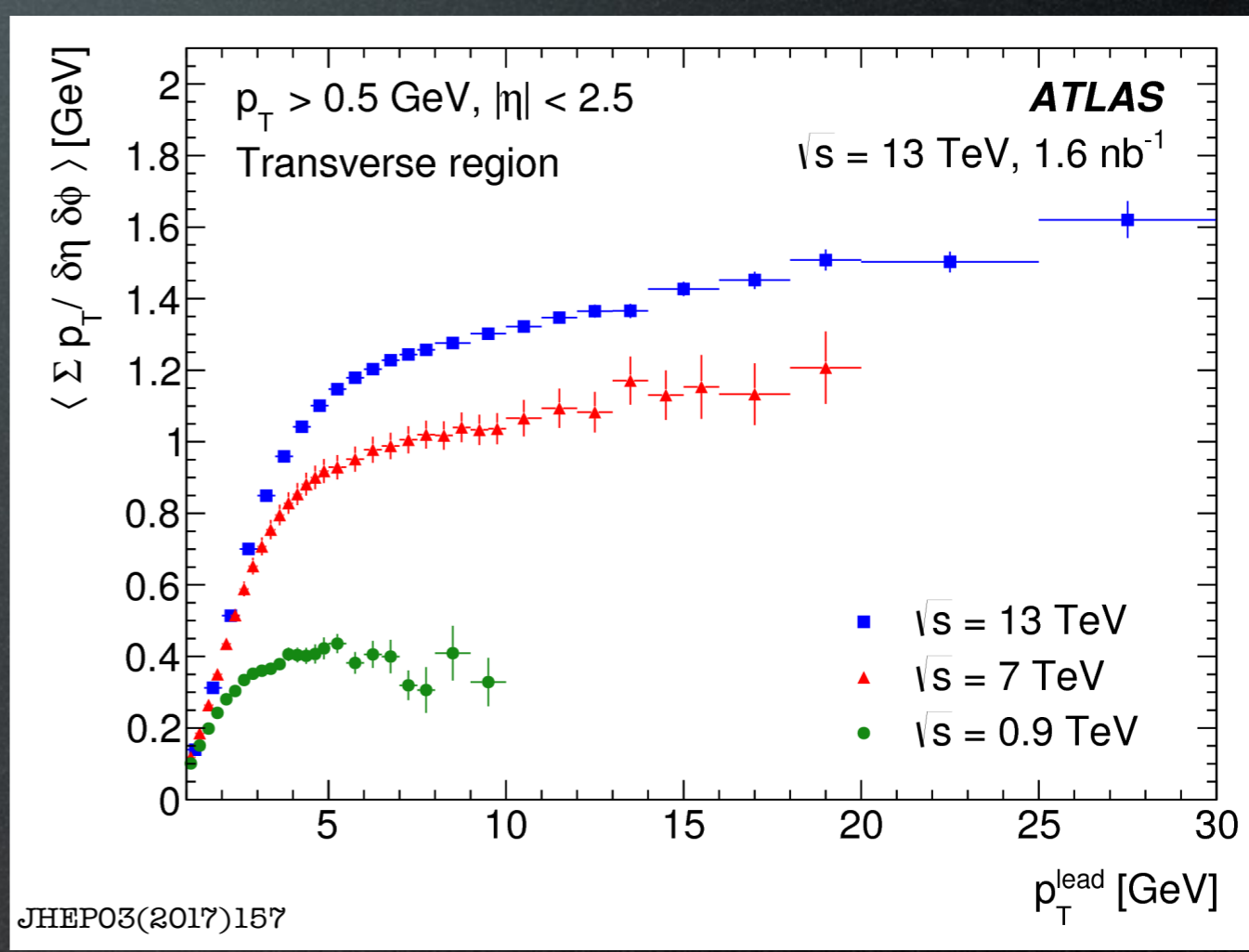
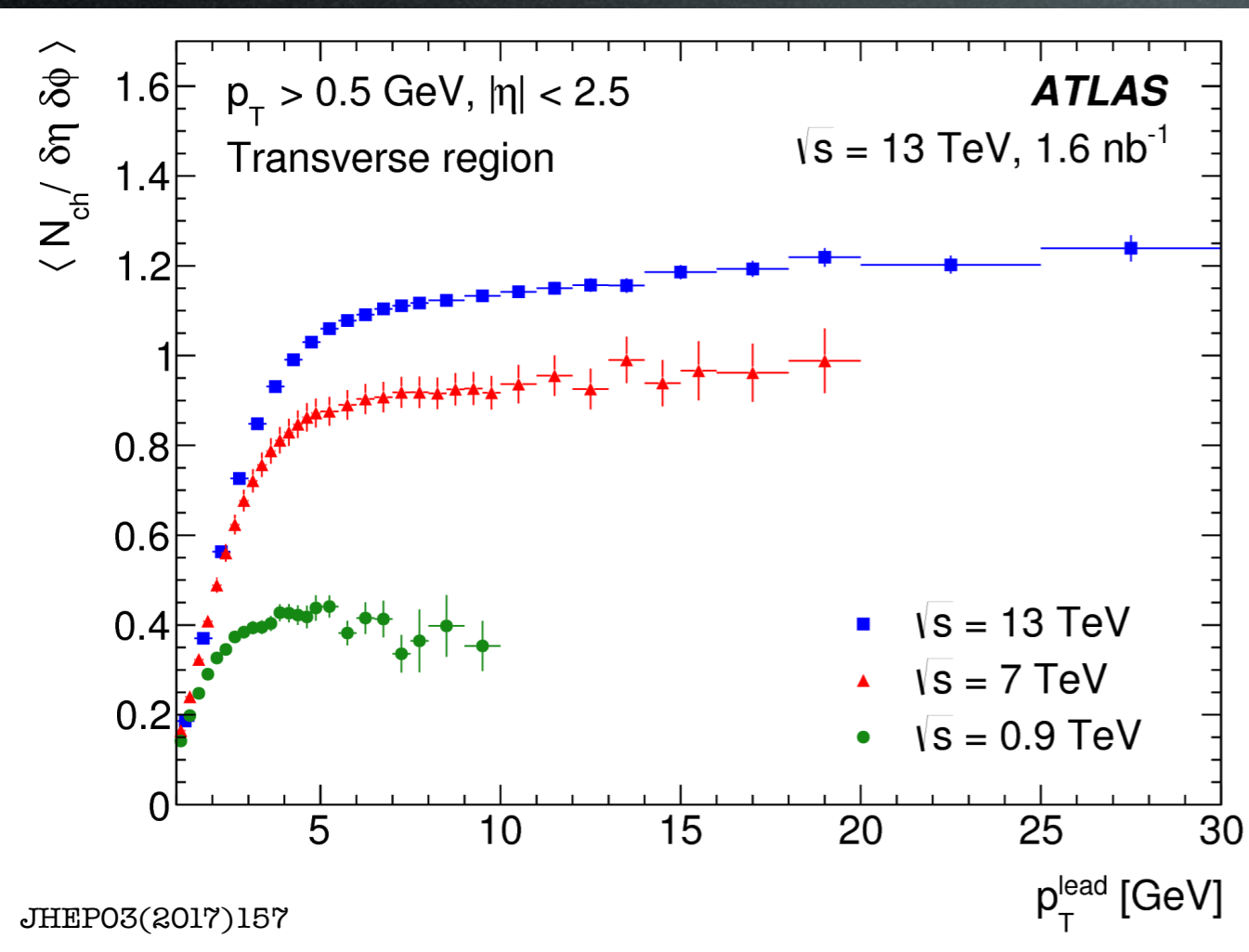
13 TeV!



Correlation is sensitive to CR, underestimated at low multiplicity by all models



# Evolution with Collision Energy



# Summary

- Run 2 MB and UE measurements showed better MC modelling compared to early Run 1
- Predicted collision energy dependence was seen as well.
- Tension between MB and UE tunes remain.
- Standard UE measurements are contaminated by hard scatter, so alternative measurement strategies are needed if modelling of MPI/CR to be improved.

# Epilogue

