

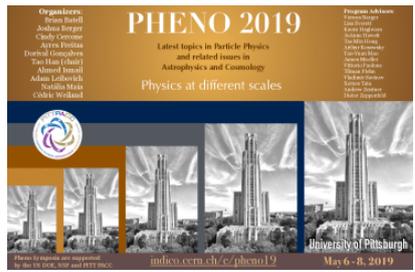
# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

Haider Alhazmi



*based on work in collaboration with*  
C. Chen, J. Kim, K. Kong,  
J. Kozaczuk, and I. Lewis

May, 7<sup>th</sup> 2018



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

## Motivation

1. Very simple extension to the Standard Model with rich phenomenology.
2. Provides a potential interaction channel with the Dark Sector.
3. Motivates a strong Electro-weak First Order Phase Transition, a mechanism for the Electro-weak Baryogenesis.
4. Studying scalar extended models, indirectly enhances our search for double Higgs production at the LHC or vice versa.

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

## The Model

Extend the SM by a real scalar particle, S

$$V(H) \xrightarrow{\text{}} V(H, S)$$

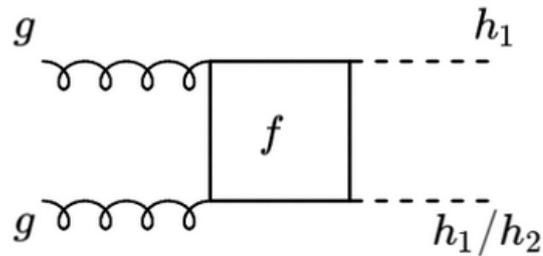
Study the trilinear interactions

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_H(H) &= -\mu^2 H^\dagger H + \lambda(H^\dagger H)^2 \\
 V_{HS}(H, S) &= \frac{a_1}{2} H^\dagger H S + \frac{a_2}{2} H^\dagger H S^2 \\
 V_S(S) &= b_1 S + \frac{b_2}{2} S^2 + \frac{b_3}{3} S^3 + \frac{b_4}{4} S^4.
 \end{aligned}$$

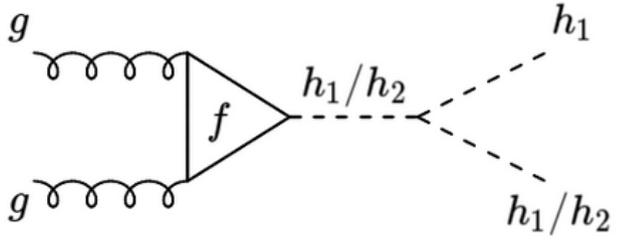
$$\begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h \\ S \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{\text{self}} \supset & \frac{\lambda_{111}}{3!} h_1^3 + \frac{\lambda_{211}}{2!} h_2 h_1^2 + \frac{\lambda_{221}}{2!} h_2^2 h_1 + \frac{\lambda_{222}}{3!} h_2^3 + \\
 & \frac{\lambda_{1111}}{4!} h_1^4 + \frac{\lambda_{2111}}{3!} h_2 h_1^3 + \frac{\lambda_{2211}}{4} h_2^2 h_1^2 + \frac{\lambda_{2221}}{3!} h_2^3 h_1 + \frac{\lambda_{2222}}{4!} h_2^4.
 \end{aligned}$$

Chen, Dawson, Lewis (arXiv:1410.5488) and many others



+



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong, Kozaczuk, Lewis (arXiv:1905.XXXX)

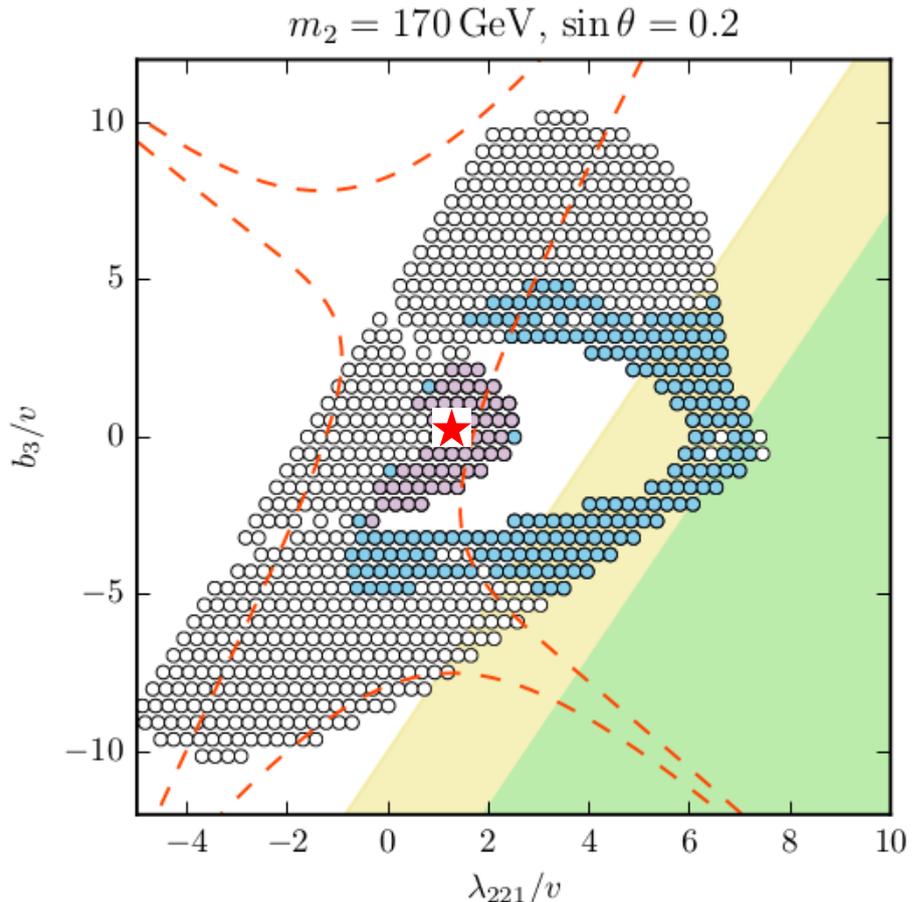
# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

## Model Parameters:

$$m_{h_1} = 125 \text{ GeV}, m_{h_2}, \theta, b_3, a_2$$

### 1. Existing Study

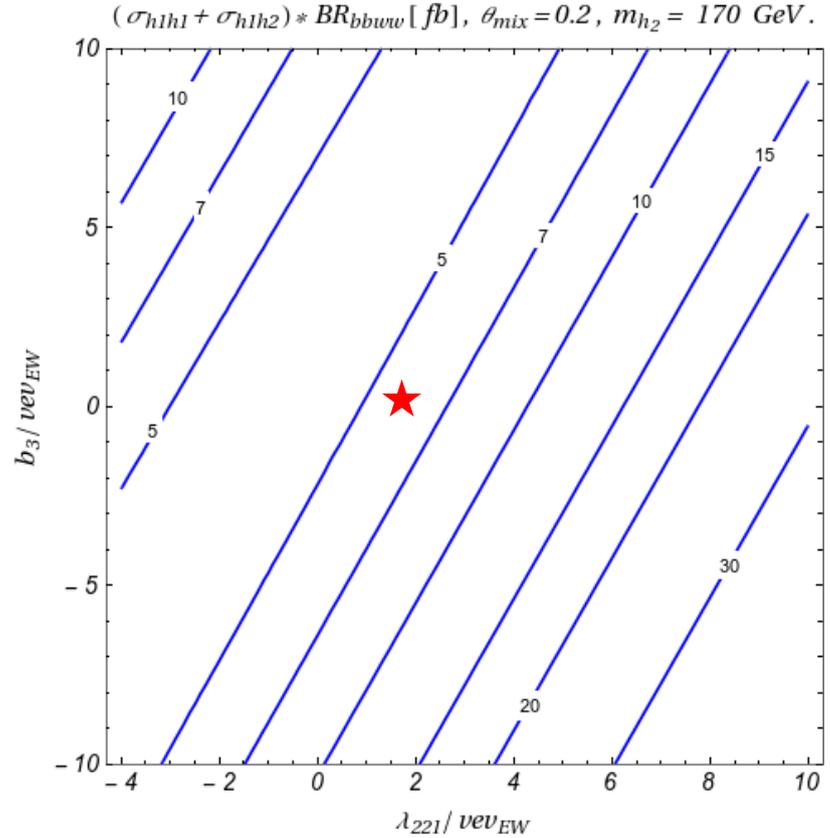
$$pp \rightarrow h_2 h_2 \rightarrow 4W \rightarrow 2j2\ell^\pm \ell'^\mp 3\nu, \quad \ell \neq \ell'$$



Chen, Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1704:05844)

### 2. New Study

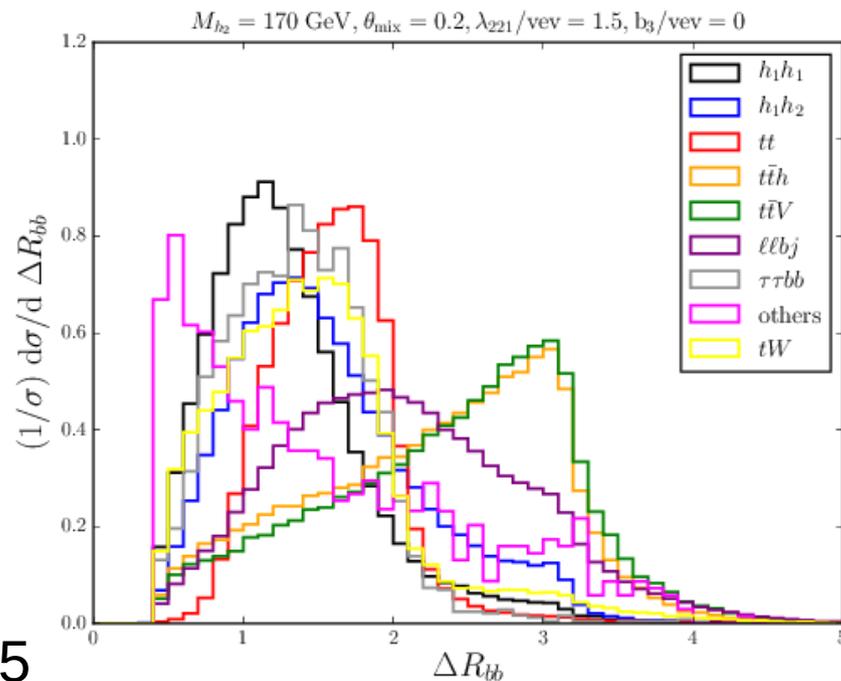
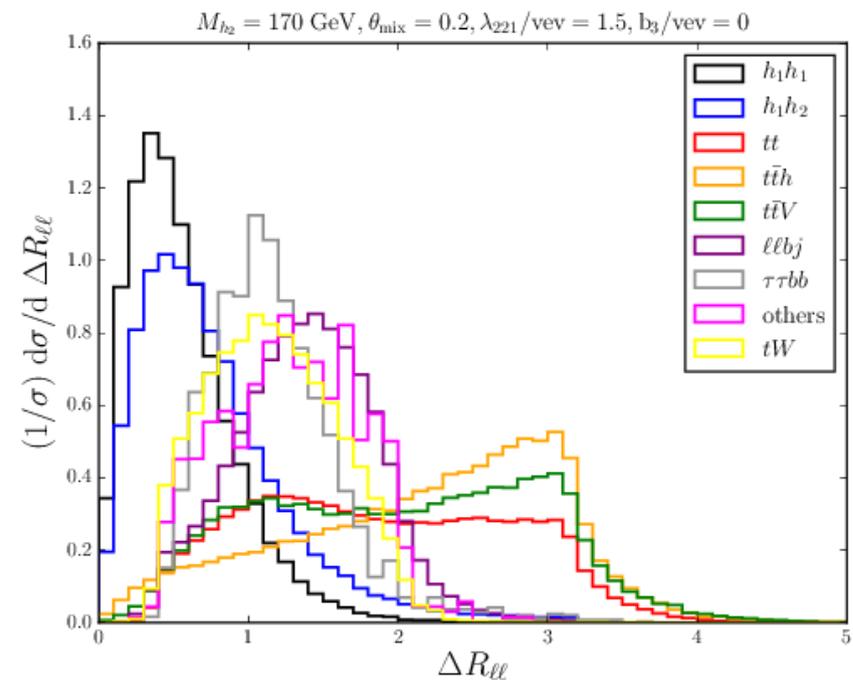
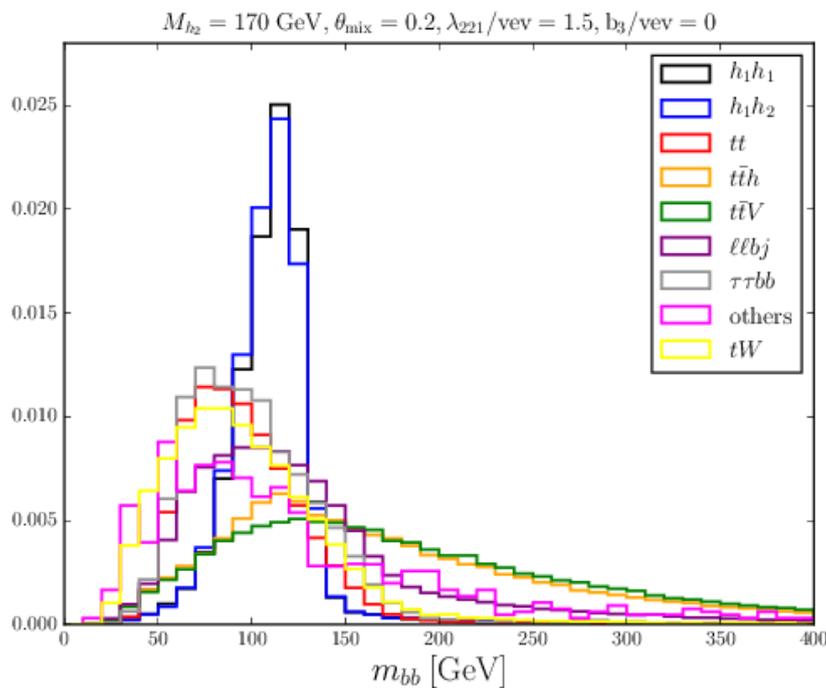
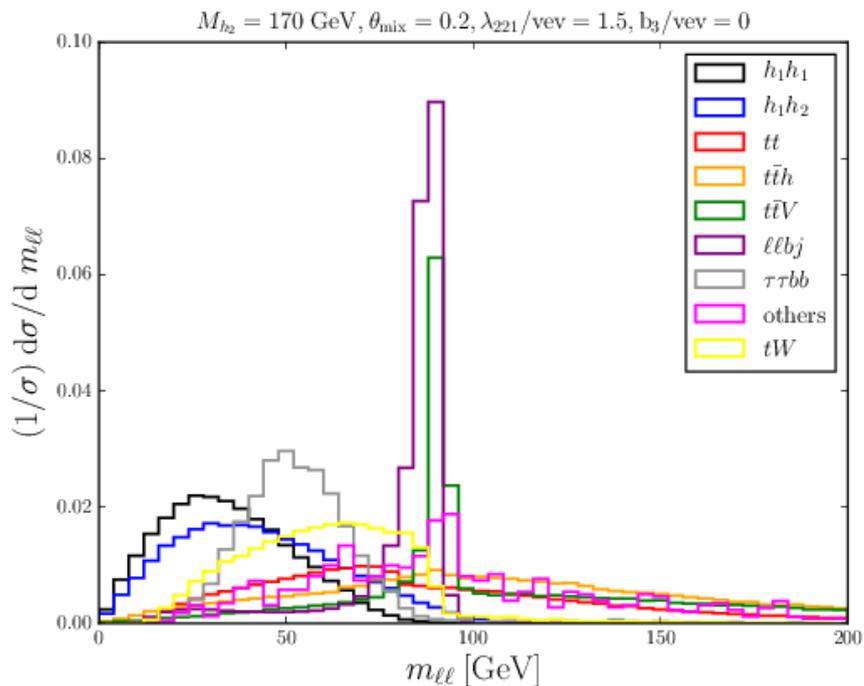
$$pp \rightarrow h_1 h_1 + h_1 h_2 \rightarrow b\bar{b}W^+W^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}\ell\bar{\ell}\nu_l\bar{\nu}_l$$



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

Challenging ?

Generate Signal and Background, **select two isolated leptons and two b-tagged jets.**



$m$

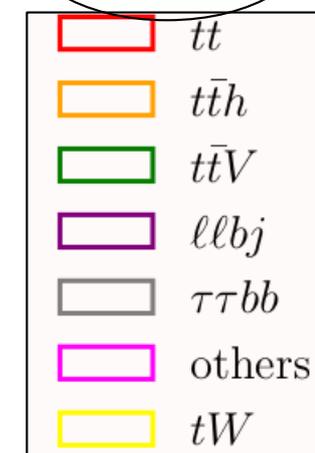
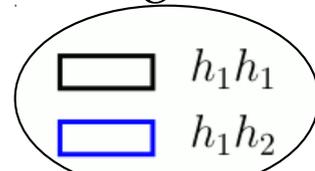
$p_T$

$E_T$

$\Delta R$

...

Signal



Background

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

## Why does bbww final state still very challenging?

After choosing events with some selection cuts:

$$E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}, p_T^\ell > 20 \text{ GeV}, \Delta R_{\ell\ell} < 1.1,$$

$$m_{\ell\ell} < 65 \text{ GeV}, \Delta R_{bb} < 1.5,$$

$$95 \text{ GeV} < m_{\ell\ell} < 140 \text{ GeV}$$

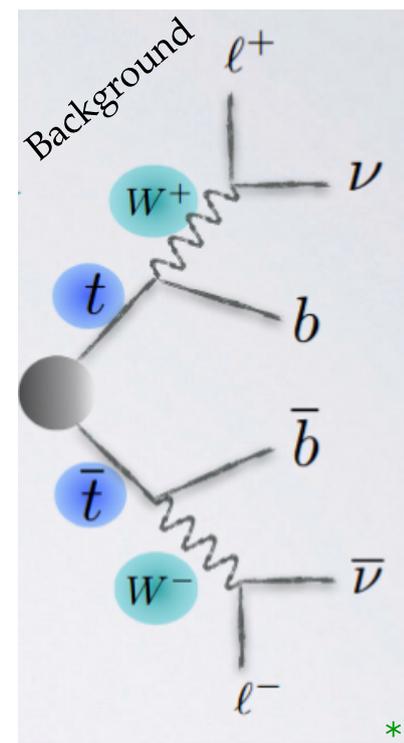
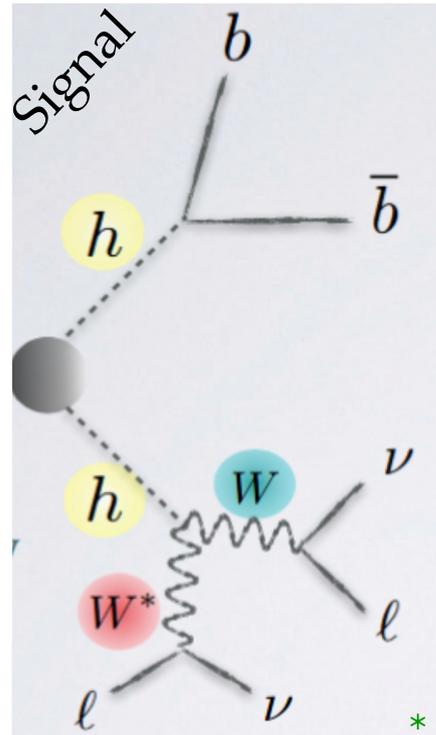
	$h_1 h_1$		Signal $\sim 0.01 \text{ fb}$
	$h_1 h_2$		
	$tt$		Background $\sim 6 \text{ fb}$
	$t\bar{t}h$		
	$t\bar{t}V$		
	$\ell\ell bj$		
	$\tau\tau bb$		
	others		
	$tW$		



The ratio is very small!

6

### Topness vs Higgsness



New variables, minimizing over neutrino momentum using mass constraints.

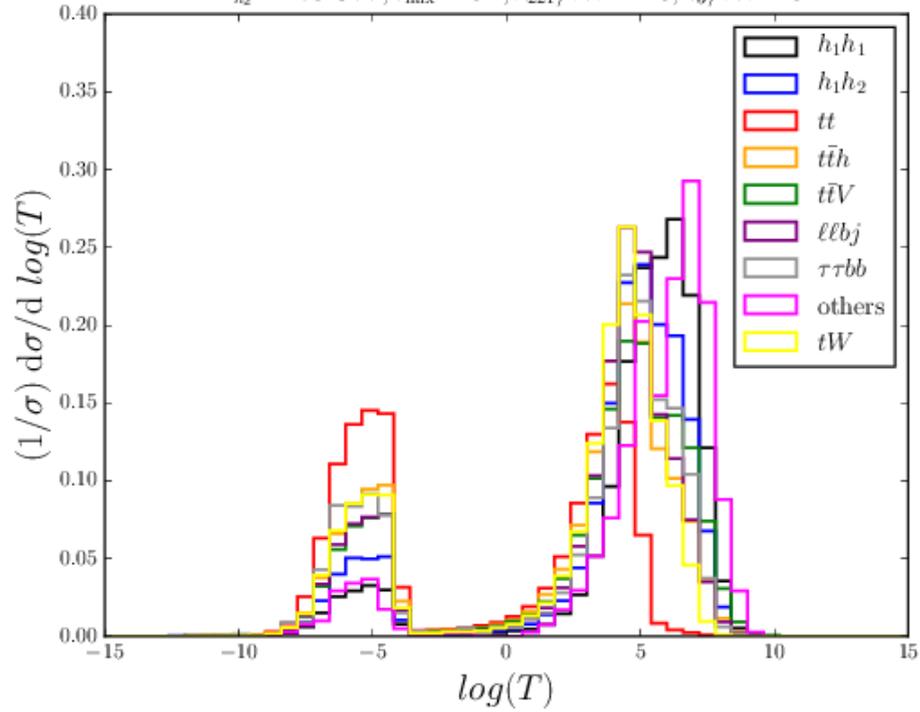
$$T, H, M_{T2}, \dots$$

Kim, Kong, Matchev, Park arXiv:1807.11498

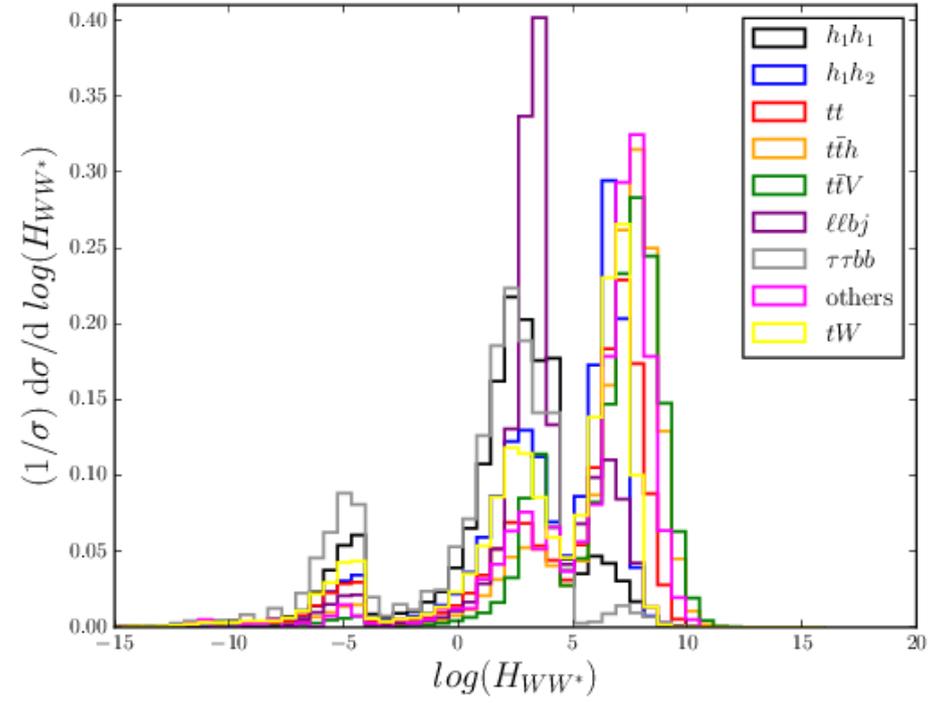
\* Slide taken from Kim (Double Higgs production workshop, FNAL 2018)

# Topness vs Higgsness

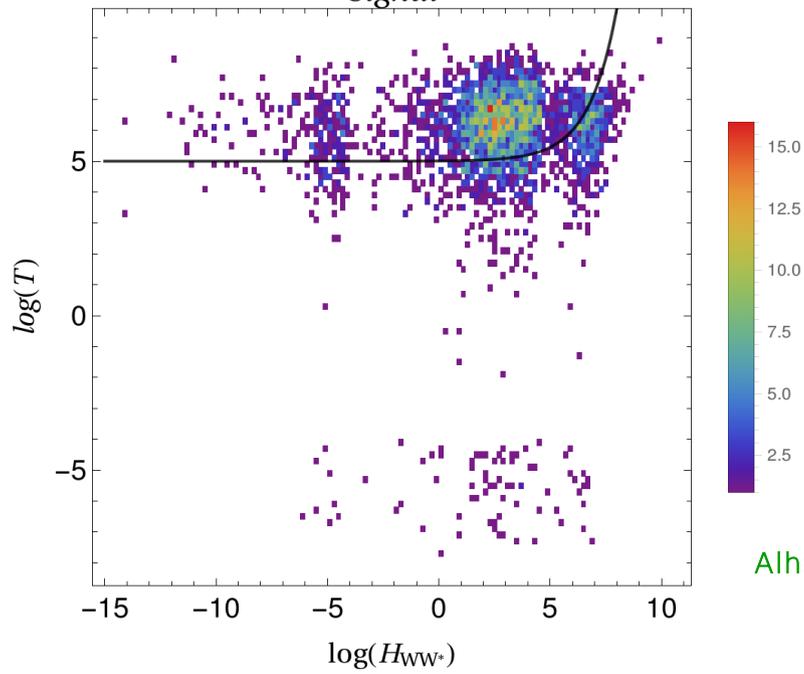
$M_{h_2} = 170 \text{ GeV}, \theta_{\text{mix}} = 0.2, \lambda_{221}/\text{vev} = 1.5, b_3/\text{vev} = 0$



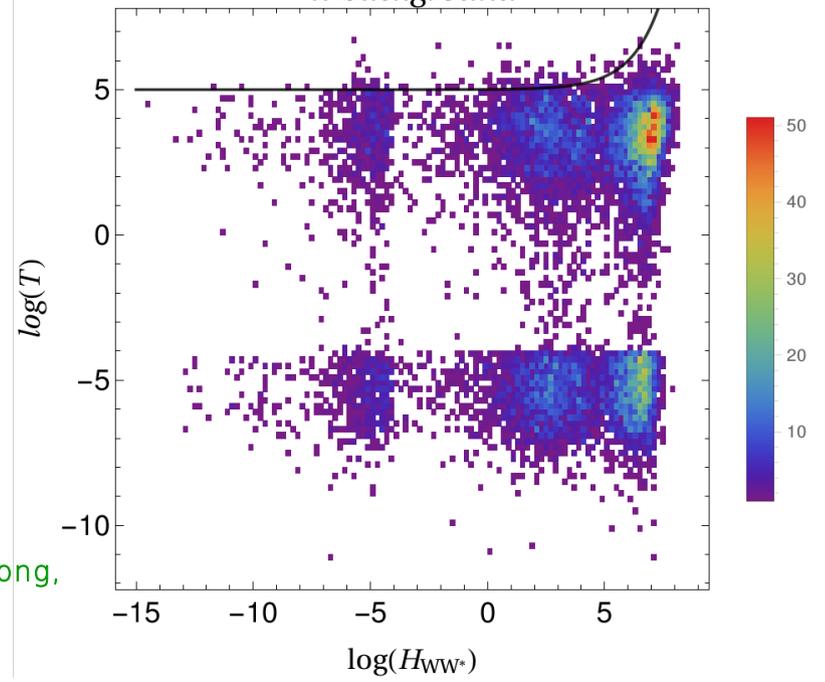
$M_{h_2} = 170 \text{ GeV}, \theta_{\text{mix}} = 0.2, \lambda_{221}/\text{vev} = 1.5, b_3/\text{vev} = 0$



Signal



$tt$  background



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

## Can we use Deep Neural Network? "event classification"

Prepare and feed kinematic variables  
as an input layer to the DNN

$m, p_T, E_T, \Delta R, \dots$

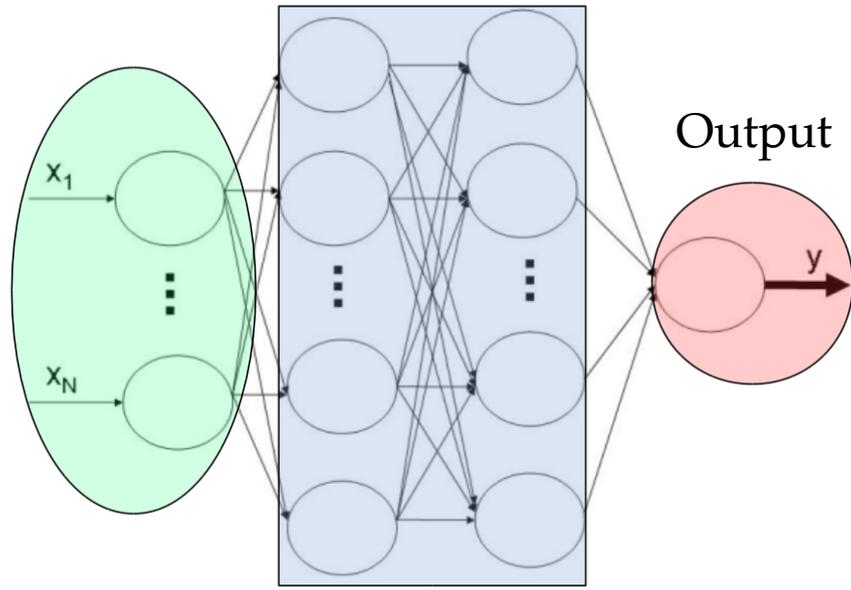
11 + 7 variables

$T, H, M_{T2}, \dots$

"training data"

Hidden Layers

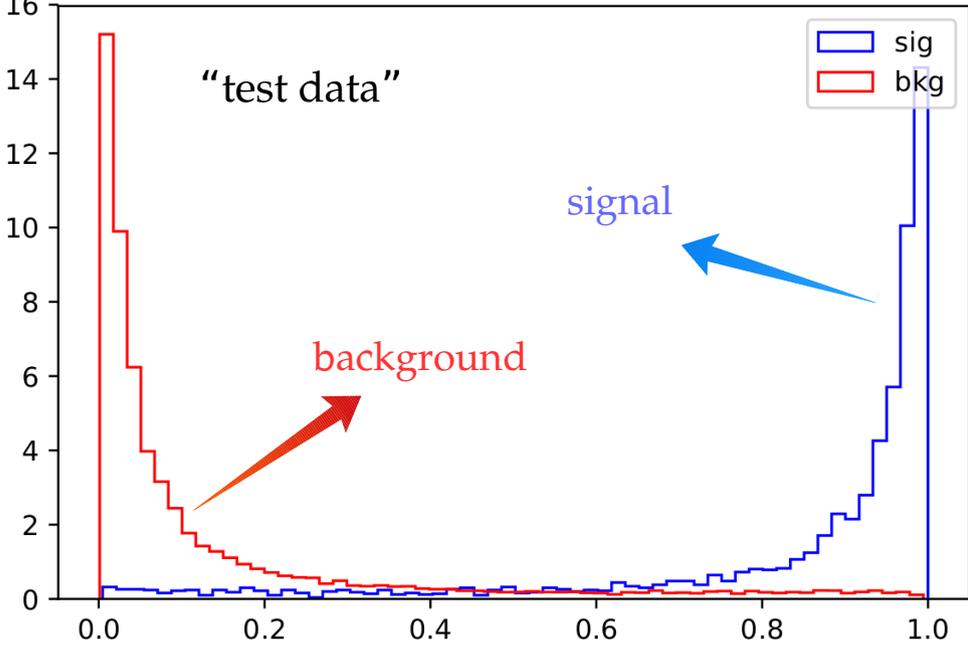
Input Layer



Output

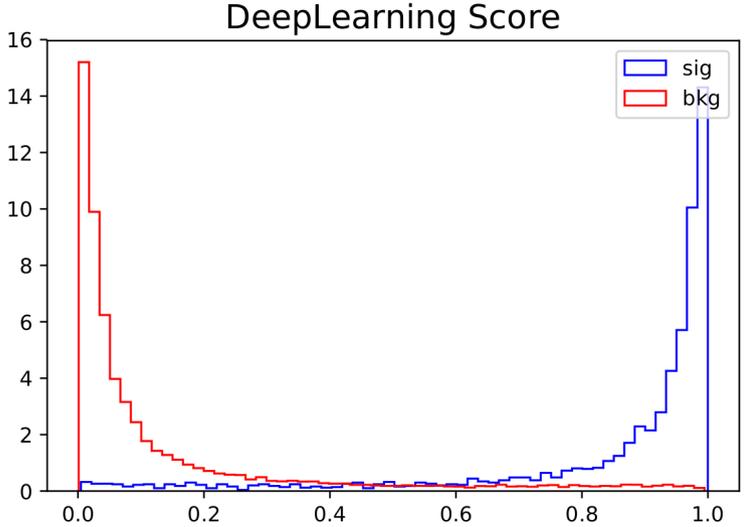
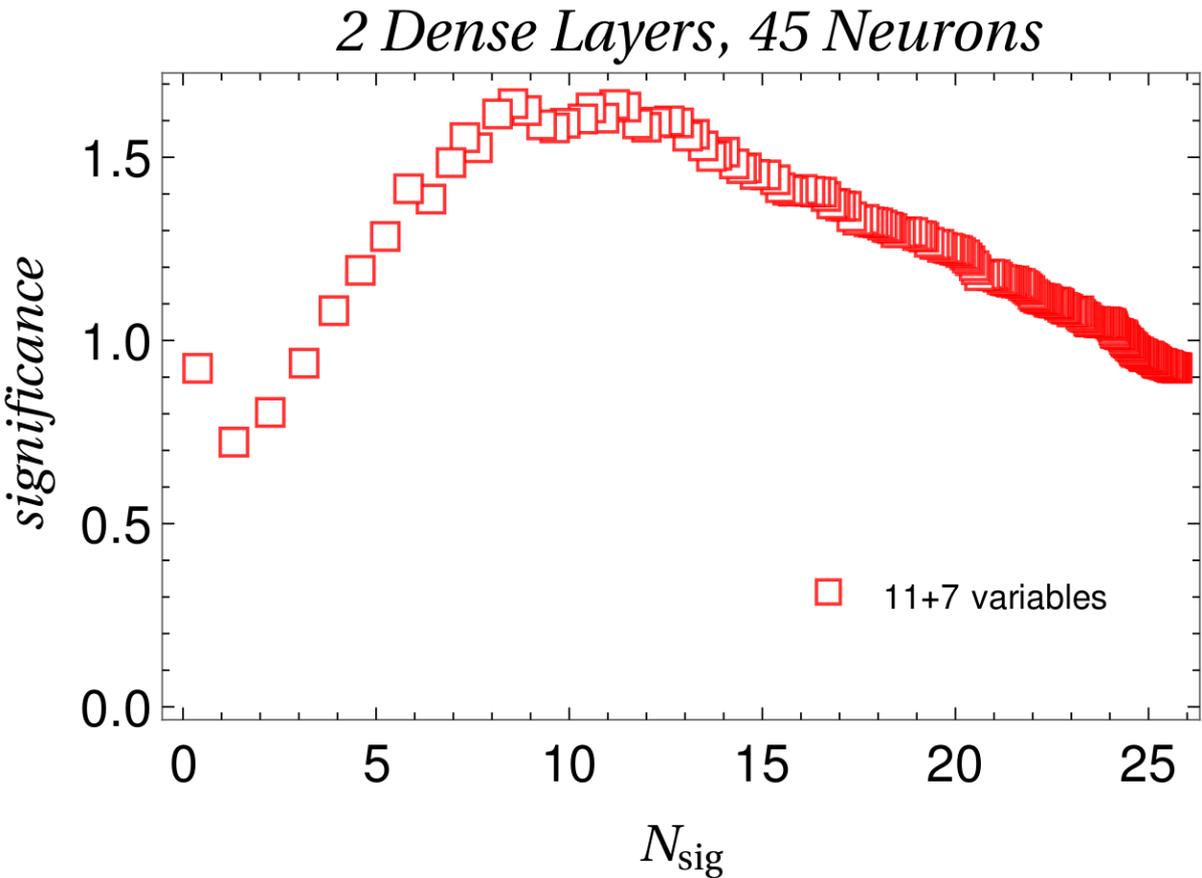
Microsoft CNTK Library.

DeepLearning Score



# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

## Significance at High Luminosity



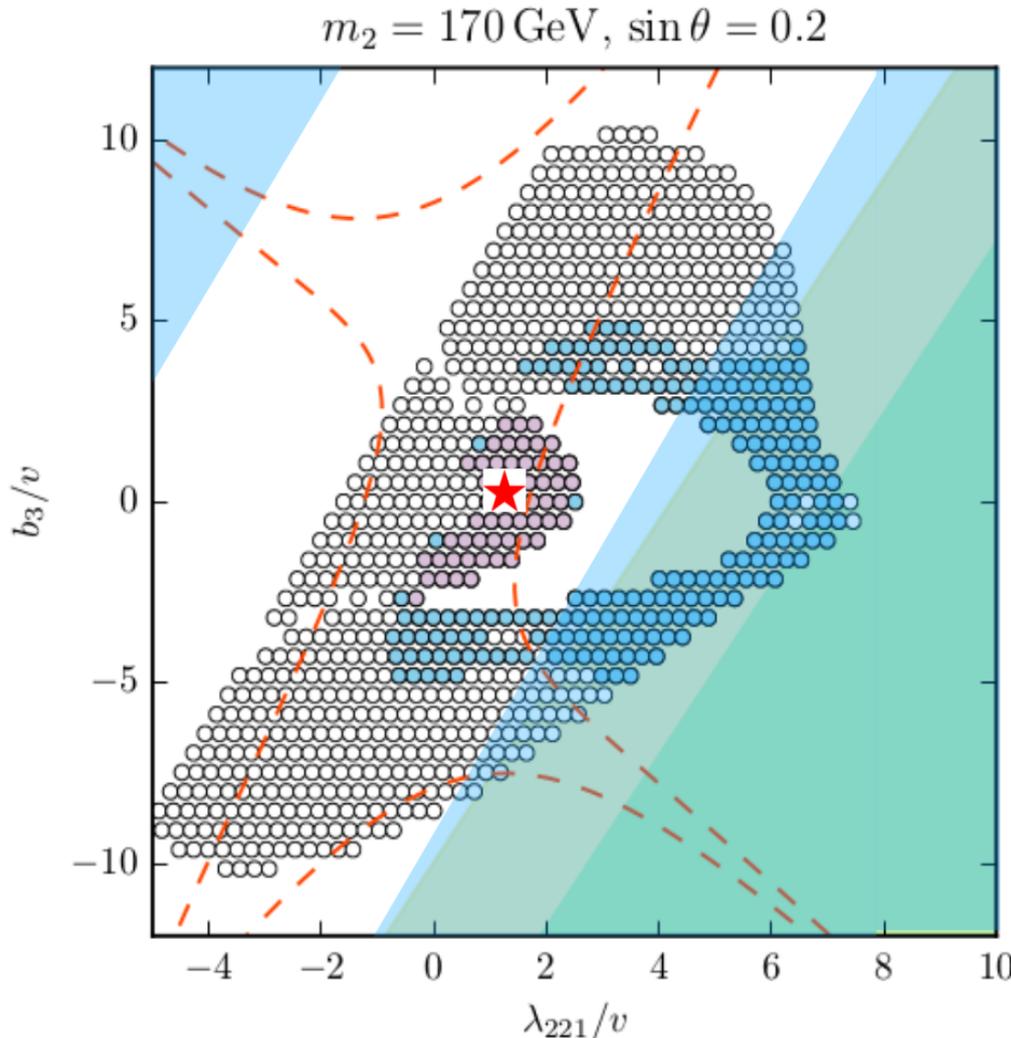
### Benchmark Point

$m_{h_1} = 125 \text{ GeV}, m_{h_2} = 170 \text{ GeV},$   
 $\theta = 0.2, b_3 = 0, \lambda_{221} = 1.5/v_{EW}$

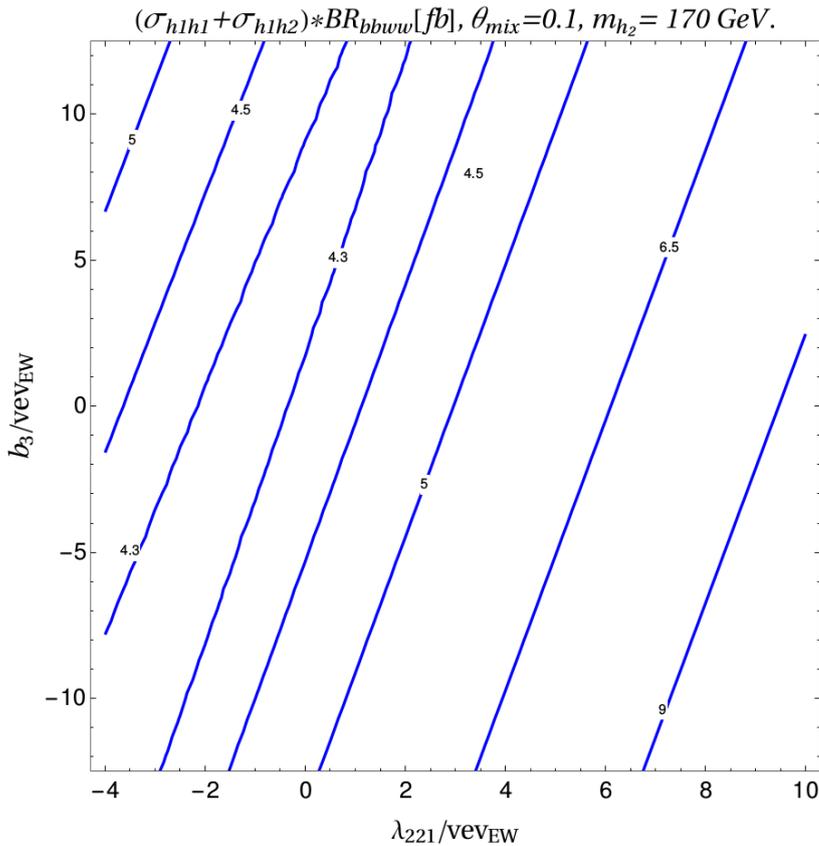
Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

**Discussion** 1. Scan over parameter space



2. Study smaller mixing angle



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

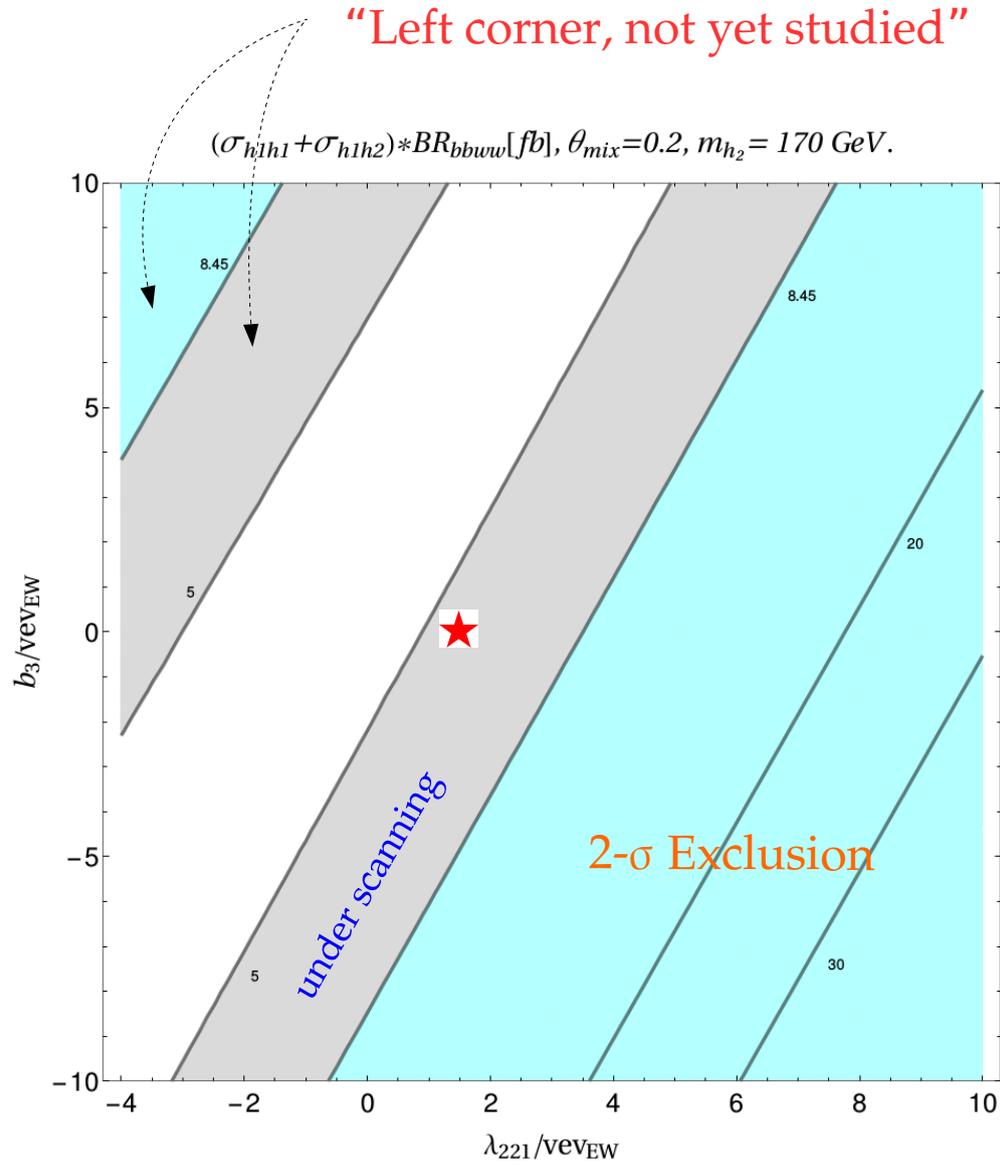
# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

Thank You

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

Back Up

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= \frac{m_1^2 - m_2^2}{v_{EW}} \sin 2\theta, \\ b_2 + \frac{a_2}{2} v_{EW}^2 &= m_1^2 \sin^2 \theta + m_2^2 \cos^2 \theta, \\ \lambda &= \frac{m_1^2 \cos^2 \theta + m_2^2 \sin^2 \theta}{2v_{EW}^2}. \end{aligned}$$

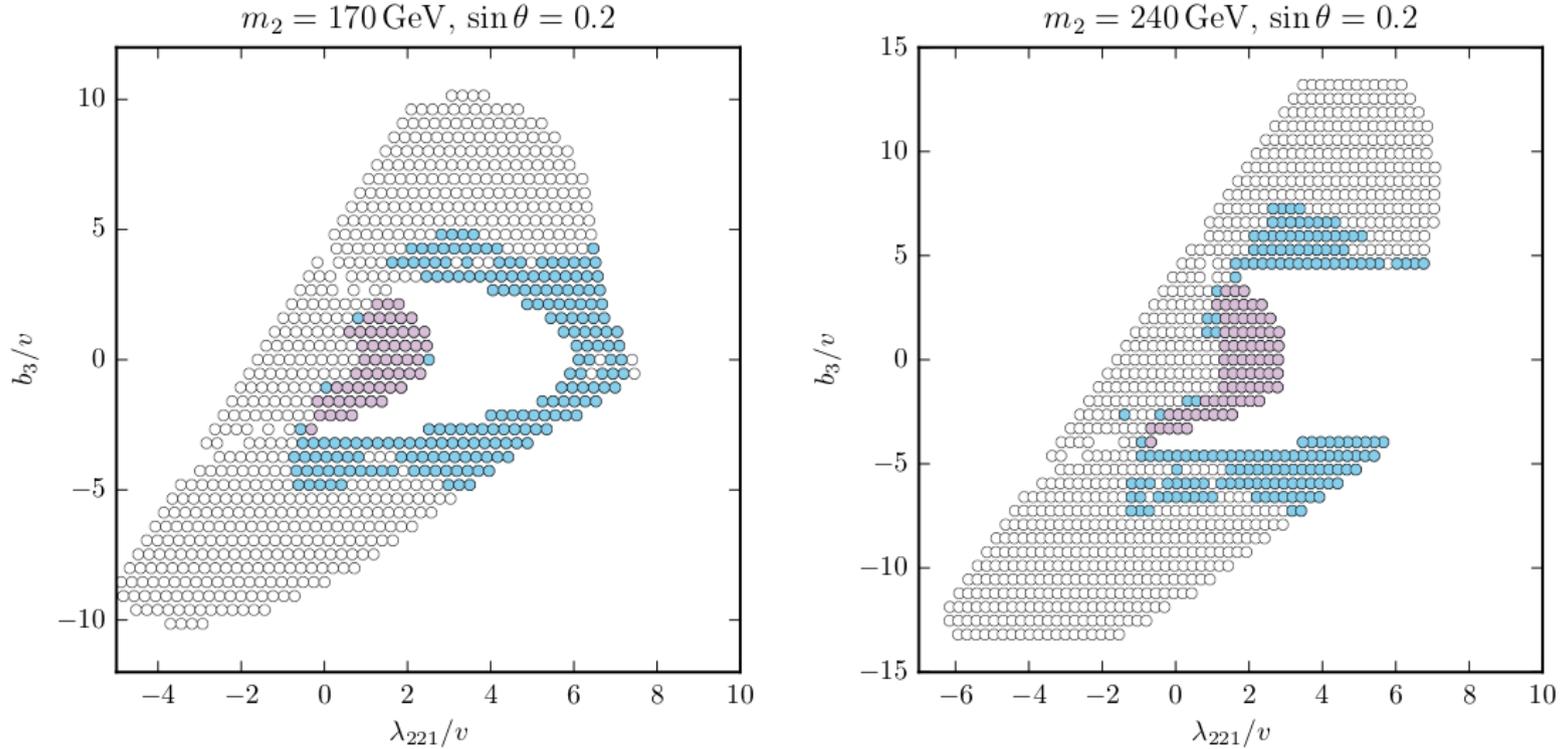
$$\lambda_{111} = 2s^3 b_3 + \frac{3a_1}{2} sc^2 + 3a_2 s^2 cv + 6c^3 \lambda v,$$

$$\lambda_{211} = 2s^2 cb_3 + \frac{a_1}{2} c(c^2 - 2s^2) + (2c^2 - s^2) sva_2 - 6\lambda sc^2 v$$

$$\lambda_{221} = 2c^2 sb_3 + \frac{a_1}{2} s(s^2 - 2c^2) - (2s^2 - c^2) cva_2 + 6\lambda cs^2 v$$

$$\lambda_{222} = 2c^3 b_3 + \frac{3a_1}{2} cs^2 - 3a_2 c^2 sv - 6s^3 \lambda v,$$

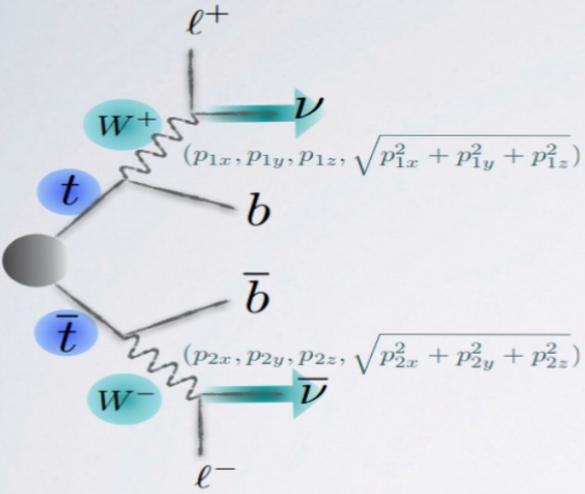
# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC



**Figure 2.** The parameter space of the model consistent with our requirements for  $m_2 = 170, 240$  GeV and  $\sin \theta = 0.05, 0.2$ , now showing regions with a strong first-order electroweak phase transition. Results for both  $\sin \theta = 0.05$  and  $0.2$  are shown. Blue points feature an EWPT with  $\phi_h(T_c)/T_c \geq 1$  for some value of  $b_4 > 0.01$  in our approach utilizing the one-loop daisy-resummed thermal effective potential. Purple points additionally feature a strong first-order electroweak phase transition as predicted by the gauge-invariant high- $T$  approximation (which drops the Coleman-Weinberg potential and is thus only applied to regions with tree-level vacuum stability). Strong electroweak phase transitions are typically correlated with sizable values of  $\lambda_{221}$ .

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

## Topness ( $T$ )

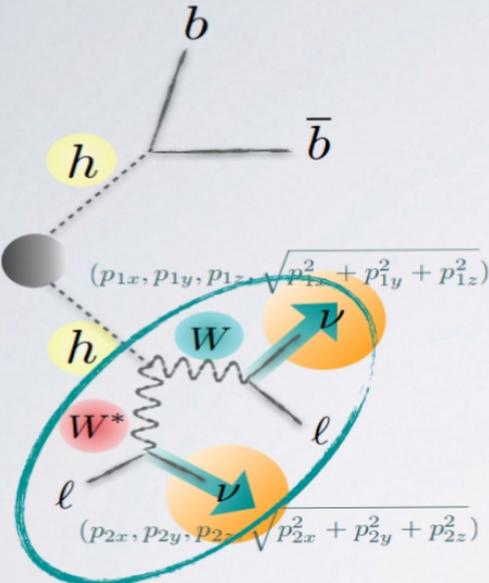


$$\chi_{ij}^2 \equiv \min_{\vec{p}_T = \vec{p}_{\nu T} + \vec{p}_{\bar{\nu} T}} \left[ \frac{(m_{b_i \ell + \nu}^2 - m_t^2)^2}{\sigma_t^4} + \frac{(m_{\ell + \nu}^2 - m_W^2)^2}{\sigma_W^4} + \frac{(m_{b_j \ell - \bar{\nu}}^2 - m_t^2)^2}{\sigma_t^4} + \frac{(m_{\ell - \bar{\nu}}^2 - m_W^2)^2}{\sigma_W^4} \right]$$

$$T \equiv \min(\chi_{12}^2, \chi_{21}^2)$$

two possible ways of paring  $b$  and  $\ell$

## Higgsness ( $H$ )



$$H \equiv \min_{\vec{p}_T = \vec{p}_{\nu T} + \vec{p}_{\bar{\nu} T}} \left[ \frac{(m_{\ell + \bar{\nu} - \nu \bar{\nu}}^2 - m_h^2)^2}{\sigma_{h\ell}^4} + \frac{(m_{\nu \bar{\nu}}^2 - m_{\nu \bar{\nu}, peak}^2)^2}{\sigma_{\nu}^4} + \min \left( \frac{(m_{\ell + \nu}^2 - m_W^2)^2}{\sigma_W^4} + \frac{(m_{\ell - \bar{\nu}}^2 - m_{W^*, peak}^2)^2}{\sigma_{W^*}^4}, \frac{(m_{\ell - \bar{\nu}}^2 - m_W^2)^2}{\sigma_W^4} + \frac{(m_{\ell + \nu}^2 - m_{W^*, peak}^2)^2}{\sigma_{W^*}^4} \right) \right]$$

two possible ways of paring  $\nu$  and  $\ell$

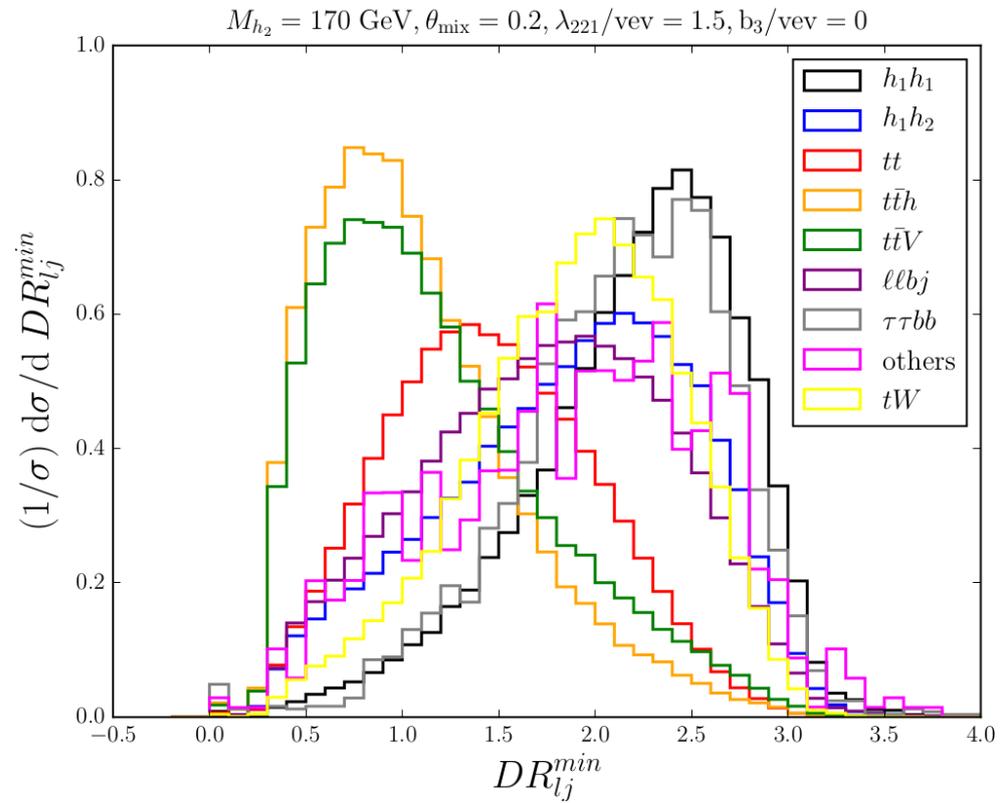
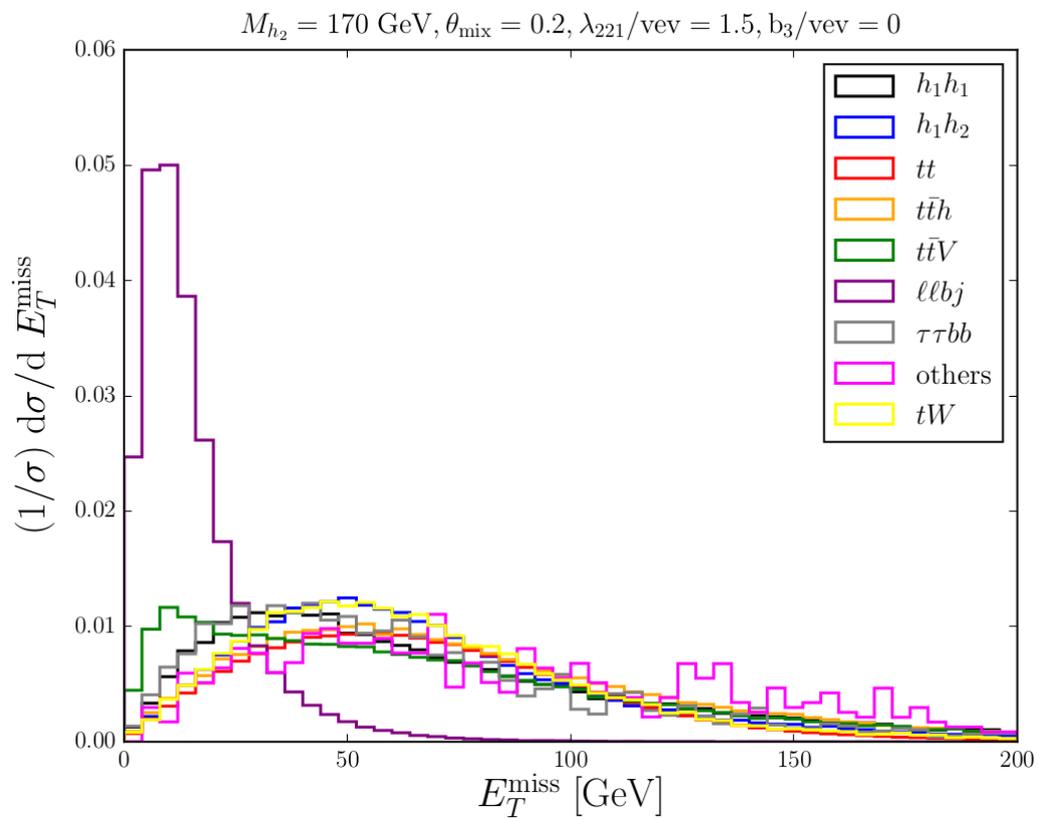
$\sim m_h - m_W$   
off-shell

\* Slide taken from Kim (Double Higgs production workshop, FNAL 2018)

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

## Cut-flow summary

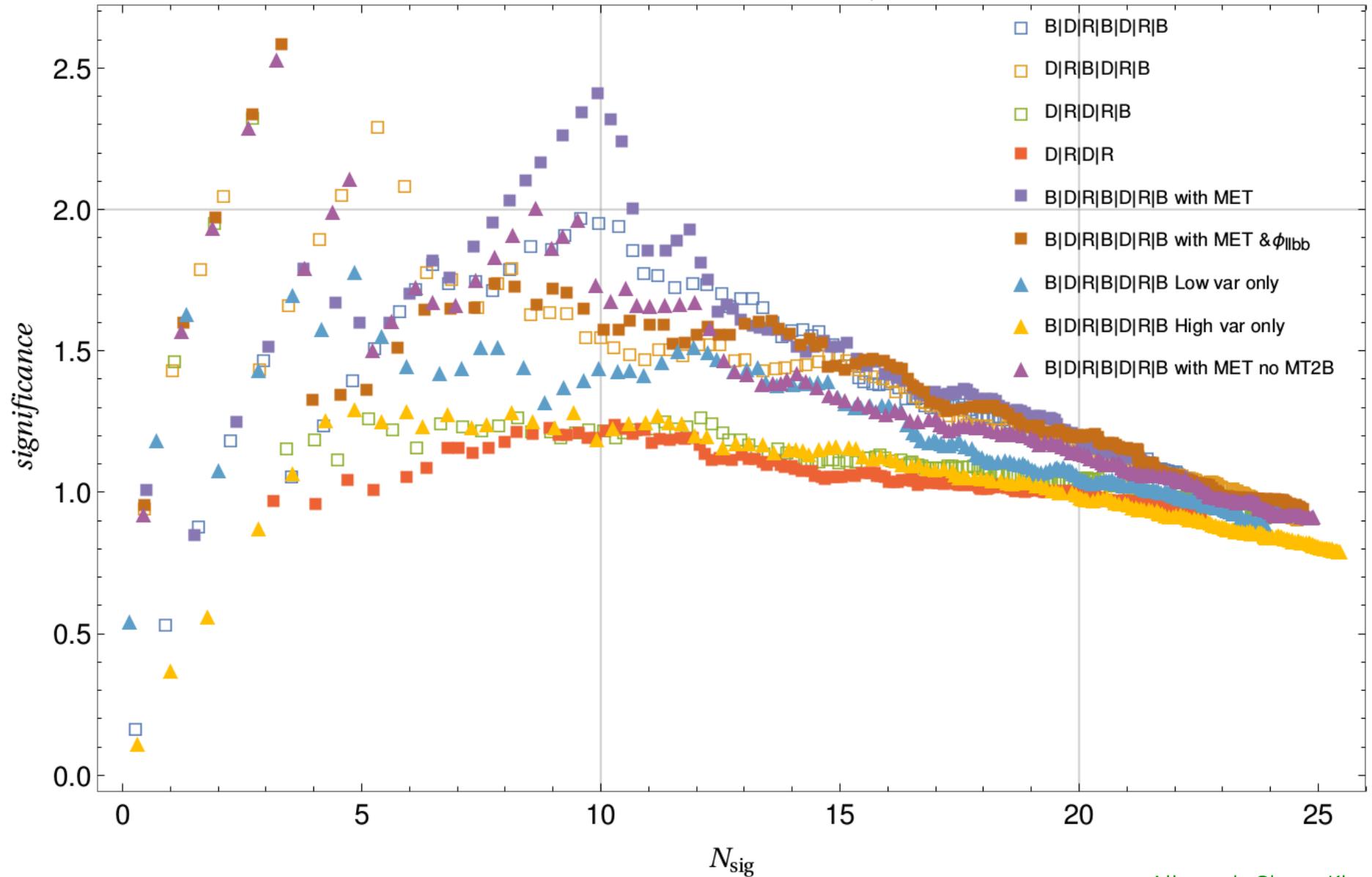
	S(fb)	B(fb)	S/B
Reco & b-tag	0.027	369.3	7.20E-05
baseline	0.01	6.45	0.0016
H & T	0.007	0.258	0.029
2D with 45N	0.0033	0.012	0.28



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

$2D*45N$  &  $64mb$  &  $100n$ , no  $(\phi_{llbb}, MET)$



Alhazmi, Chen, Kim, Kong,  
Kozaczuk, Lewis  
(arXiv:1905.XXXX)

# Non-resonant Higgs Production with a scalar Singlet at the LHC

```
vartuple = C.splice(met, l1pt, l2pt, drll, mbb, ptbb, drbb, mll, ptll,
                    sminbbll, sminll, MT2sysA, MT2sysB, hnessonoff, hnessonon, tness, DRLjmin, axis=1)
h2 = vartuple
h2 = C.layers.BatchNormalization(map_rank=1)(h2)
h2 = C.layers.Dense(45)(h2)
h2 = C.relu(h2)
h2 = C.layers.BatchNormalization(map_rank=1)(h2)
h2 = C.layers.Dense(45)(h2)
h2 = C.relu(h2)
h2 = C.layers.BatchNormalization(map_rank=1)(h2)

r = C.layers.Dense(num_output_classes, activation=None, name='classify')(h2)
return r
```