



Flavor Physics at LHCb

Status of the experiment
Selection of Physics
Future plans

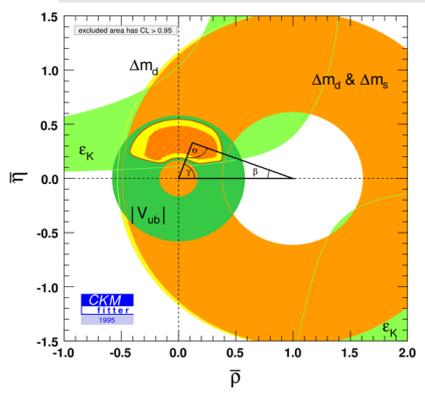
*US ATLAS meeting 2018
July 30, 2018*

*Hassan Jawahery
University of Maryland*

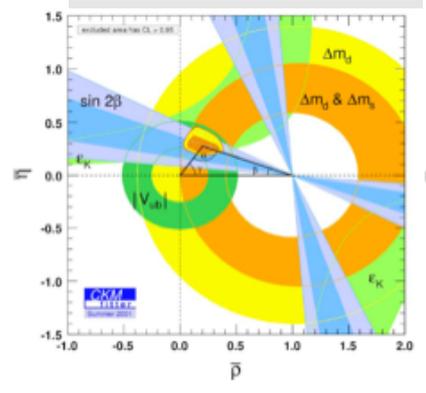
Why bother with more flavor physics?

The goal is a much sharper picture of flavor processes
 => Improved sensitivity to footprints of new physics.

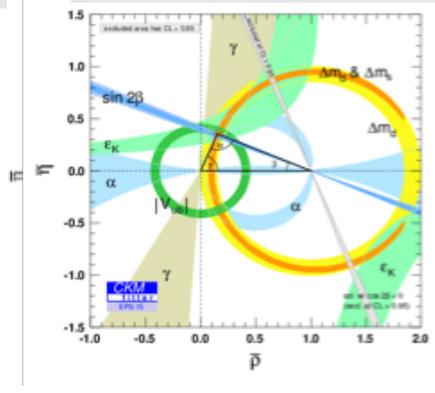
Last century



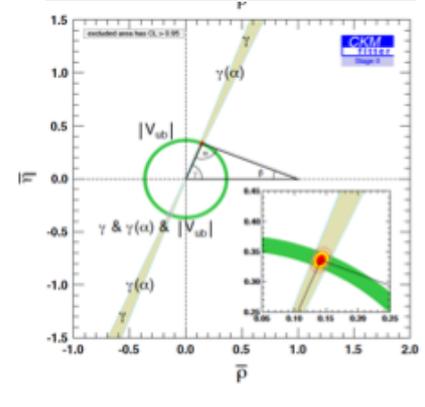
2001



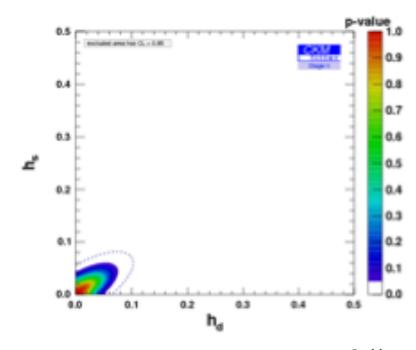
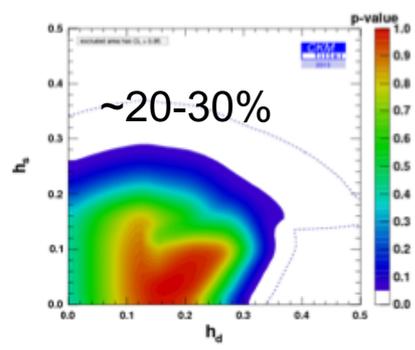
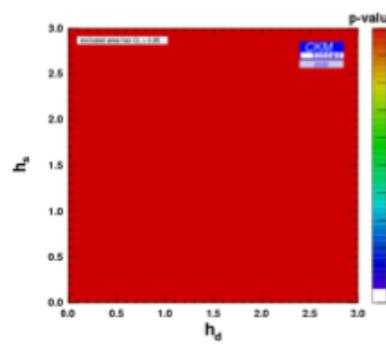
Today



2025+



Constraint on NP/SM amplitude
 See (arXiv: 1309.2293)



Why bother with more flavor physics?

CP Violation remains an open question

- CKM mechanism is the primary source of observed CPV
 - Kaons and B hadrons are the sole sources of CPV & T-Violation
 - No evidence for CPV in the charm system
 - No evidence for EDM
 - Time-Reversal (T) violation is observed in the B system- in balance with the observed CPV, supporting CPT invariance.
- Rare flavor processes remain good probes of new sources of CPV- present in most scenarios of new physics.
 - SM CP Violation is unable to account for baryon asymmetry in universe

Why bother with more flavor physics?

Some anomalies persist, and
the list is growing

- Hints of lepton flavor non-universality
- Tensions in angular distribution of radiative decays
- $K\pi$ -puzzle
- V_{ub} and V_{cb} : Inclusive vs exclusive measurements
- $\sin 2\beta$ tension (direct vs CKM fit)

The LHCb Detector

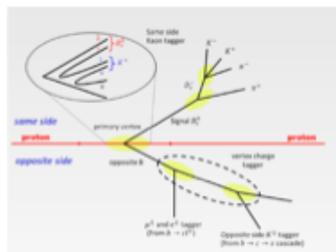
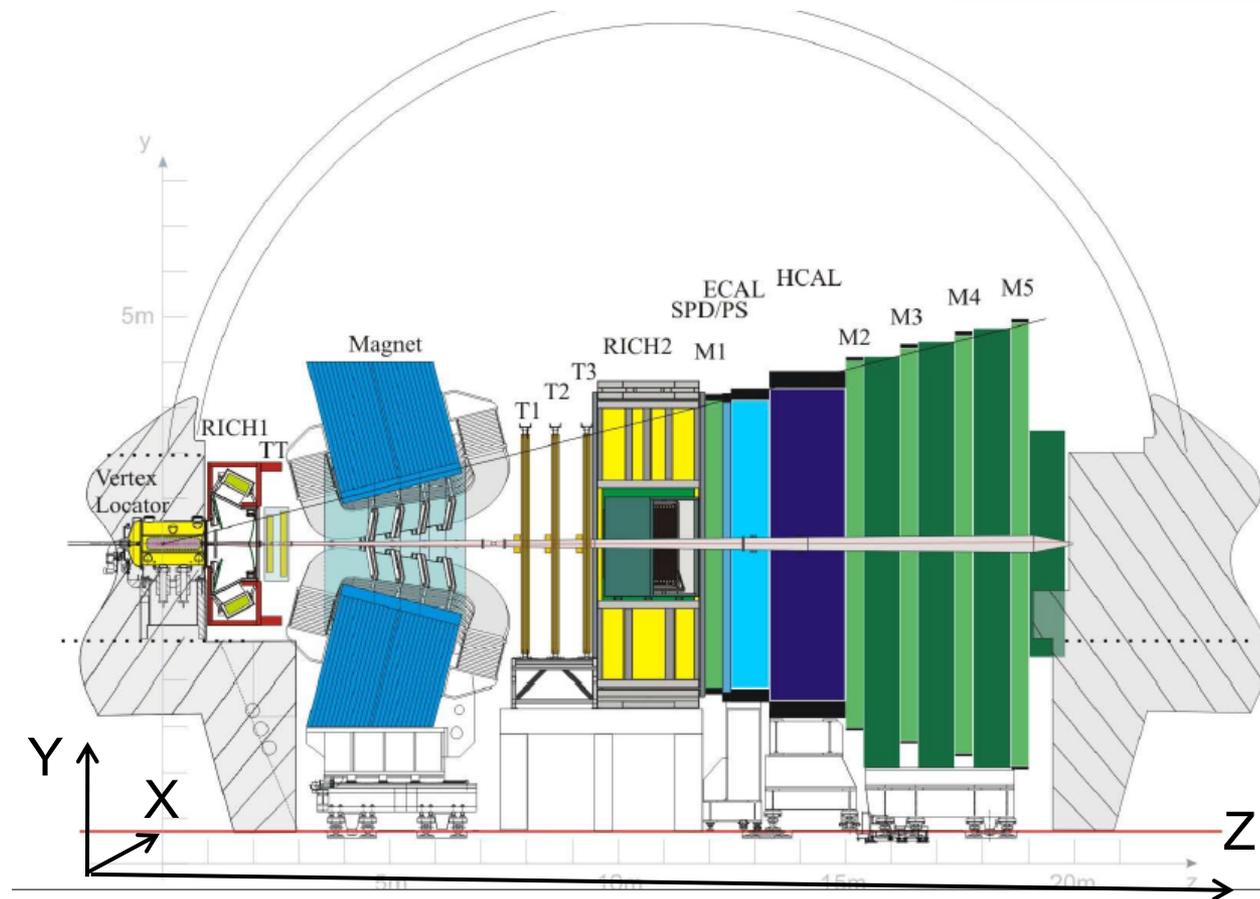
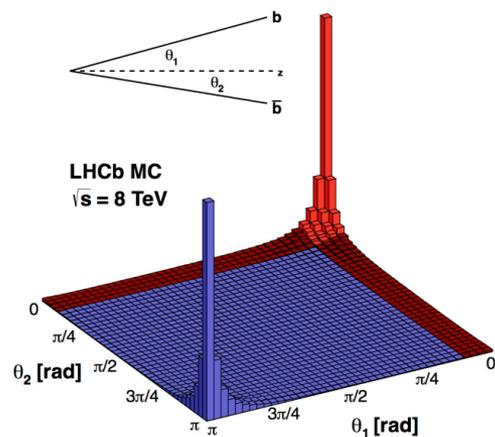
A Single Arm Spectrometer at LHC

Acceptance: $2 < \eta < 5$



- $\sigma_{inel} \sim 70-80 \text{ mb}$
- $\sigma_{cc} \sim 6 \text{ mb (7 TeV)}$
- $\sigma_{\tau} \sim 80 \mu\text{b (7 TeV)}$
- $\sigma_{bb} \sim 280 \mu\text{b (7 TeV)}$
- $\sigma_{bb} \sim 500 \mu\text{b (14 TeV)}$

$b\bar{b}$ peaked forward or backward with $\sim 25\%$ in detector acceptance



JINST 3 (2008) S08005.

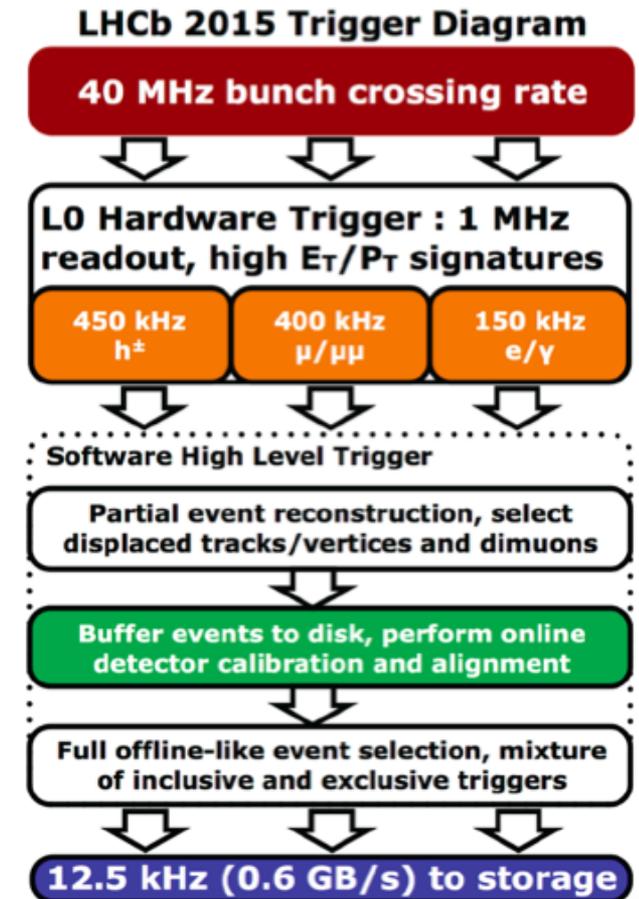
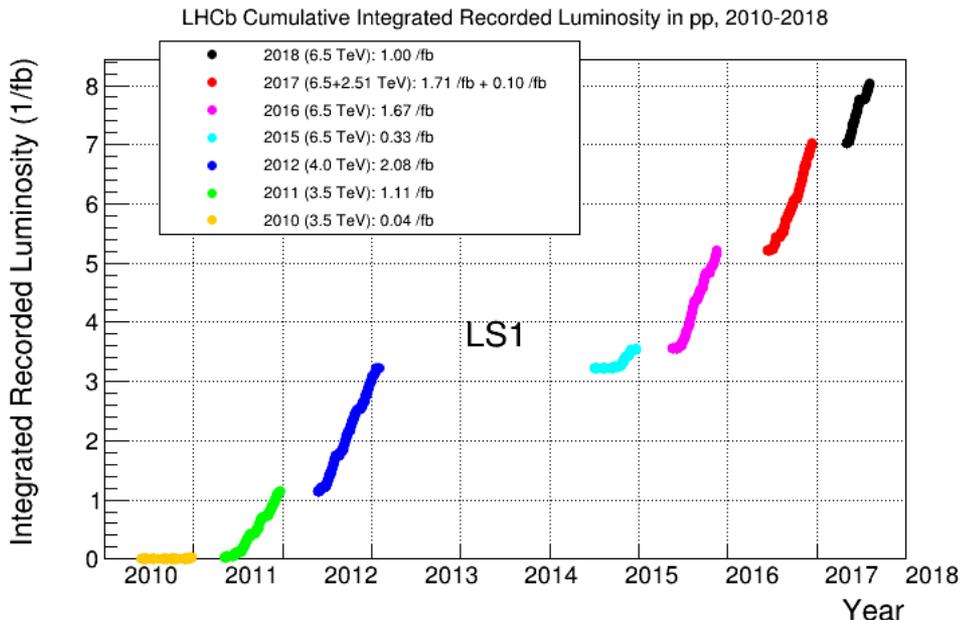
Int. J. Mod. Phys. A30 (2015) 1530022.

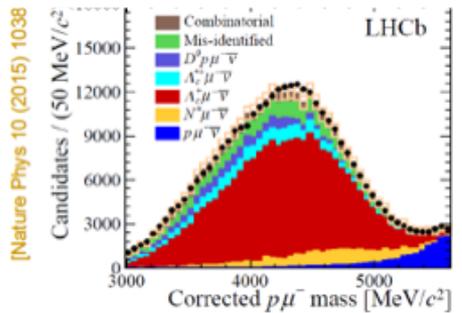
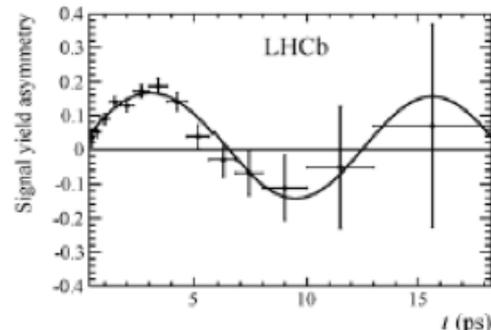
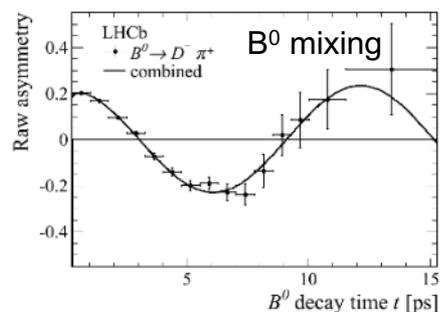
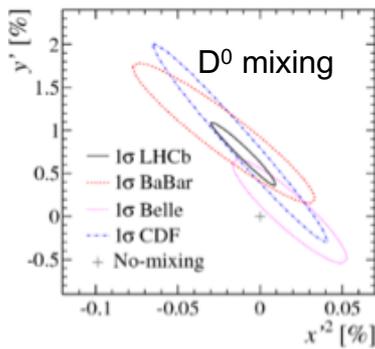
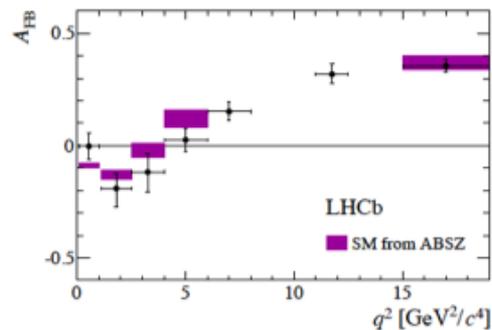
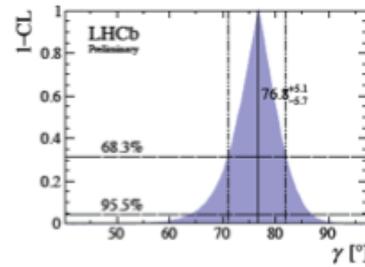
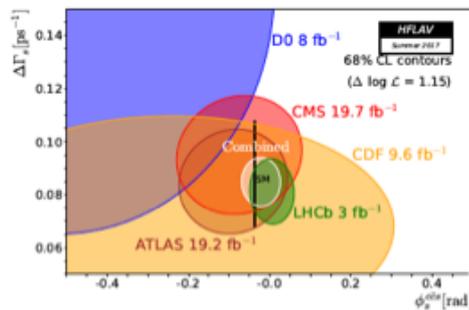
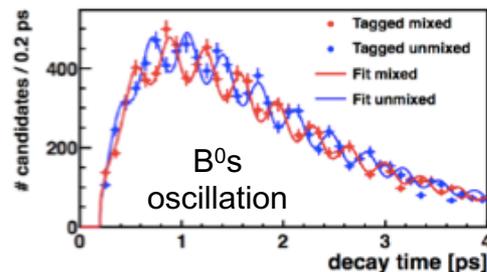
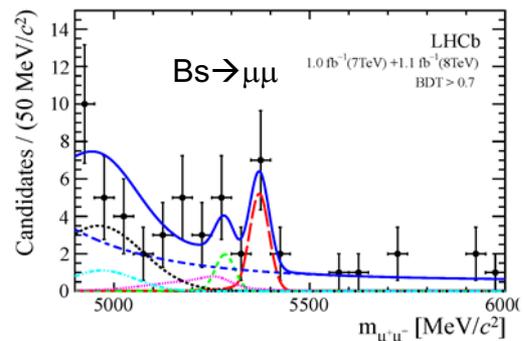
Access to all species of B hadrons

LHCb Status

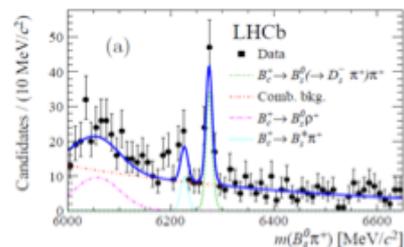
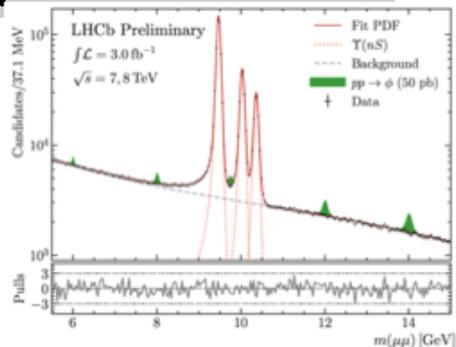
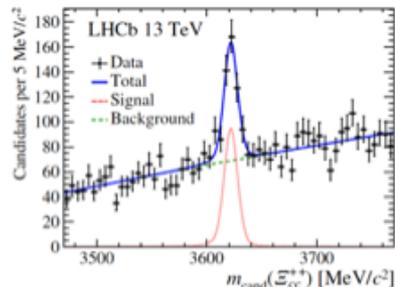
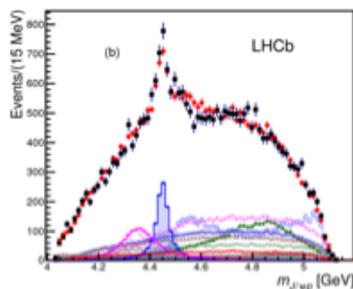
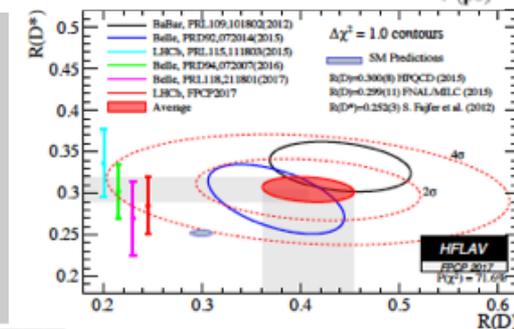


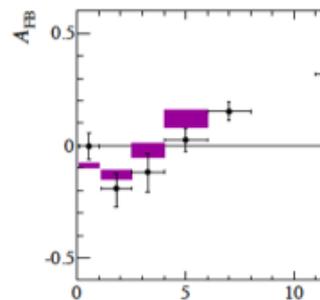
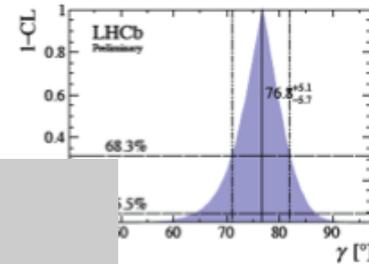
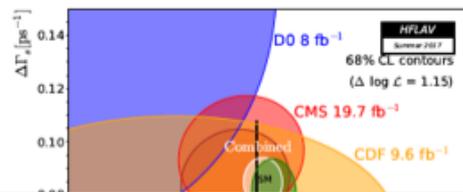
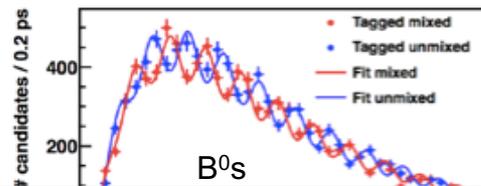
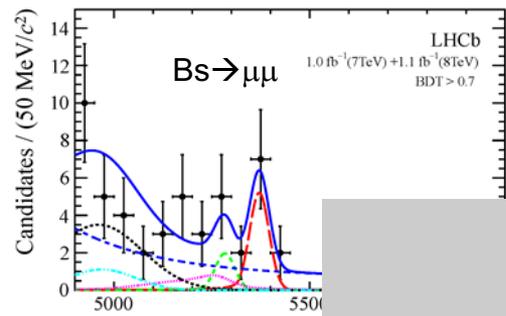
- Operates at Inst Luminosity $\sim 4 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 - Beam separation is adjusted to keep the luminosity constant.
- In Run 2, mean number of visible collisions/beam-crossing ~ 1.1
- Recorded Luminosity $\sim 8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$





LHCb covers a very broad spectrum of physics, from Flavor to EW, DM search, QCD, pA...



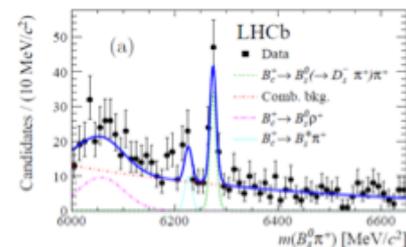
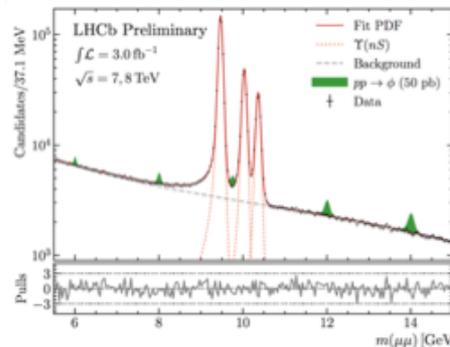
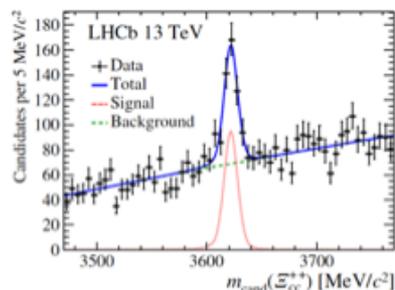
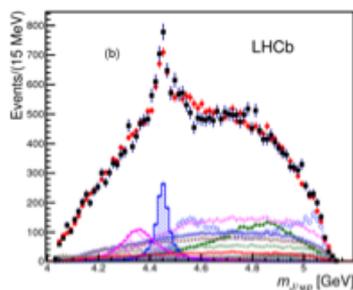
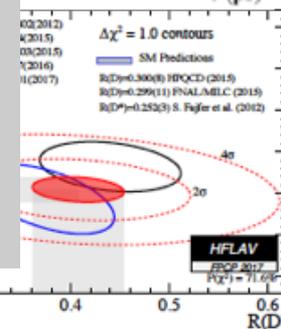
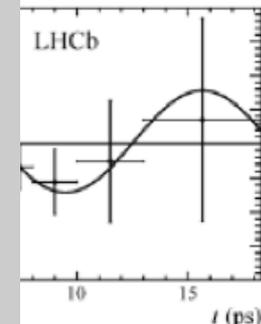
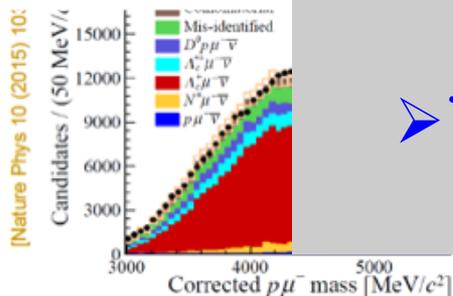


➤ New Physics search via CKM meterology

➤ New Physics search in FCNC processes:

Observation of $B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
 Precise measurements of $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} l^+ l^-$

➤ Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality

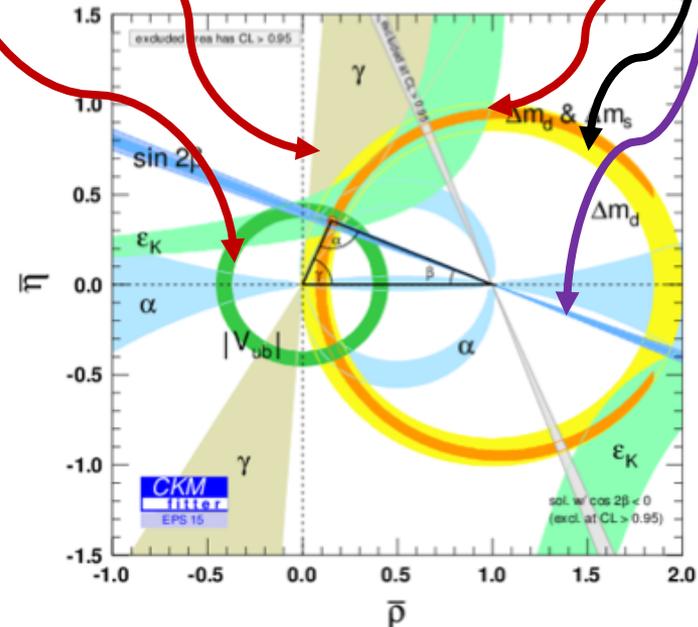
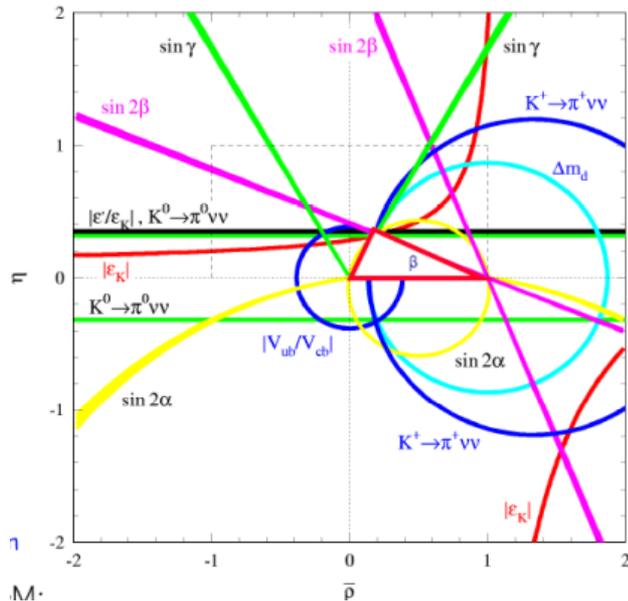
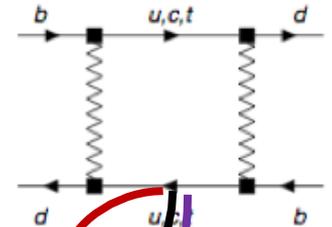


Continue to sharpen the CKM picture

The picture may be modified by the presence of New Physics (NP)

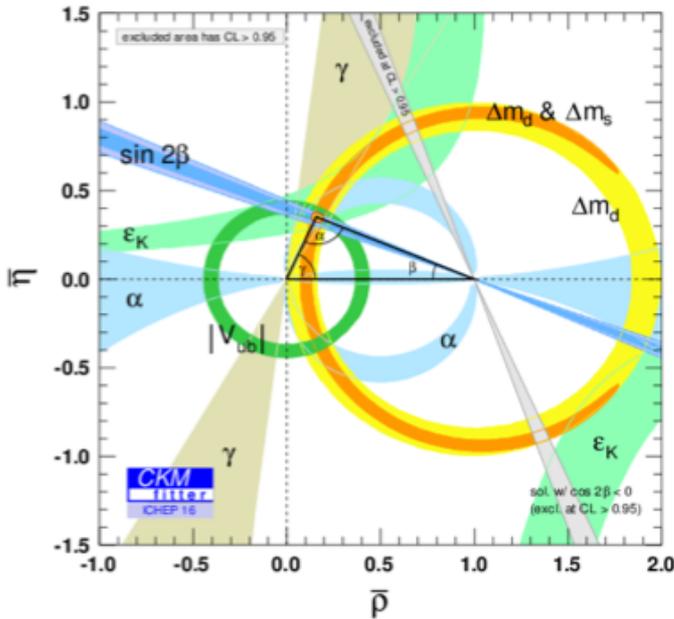
Observables involving $B^0 \Leftrightarrow \bar{B}^0$ oscillation
Bring in sensitivity to New Physics

NP free measurements -tree level processes: V_{ub} & γ



Status of CKM (2018)

All is well with the CKM picture at O(10%) level.



Direct

$$\alpha = (87.6^{+3.5}_{-3.3})^\circ$$

$$\beta = (22.2 \pm 0.7)^\circ$$

$$\gamma = (76.2^{+4.7}_{-5.0})^\circ$$

$$-2\beta_s = -0.021 \pm 0.031$$

CKM fit

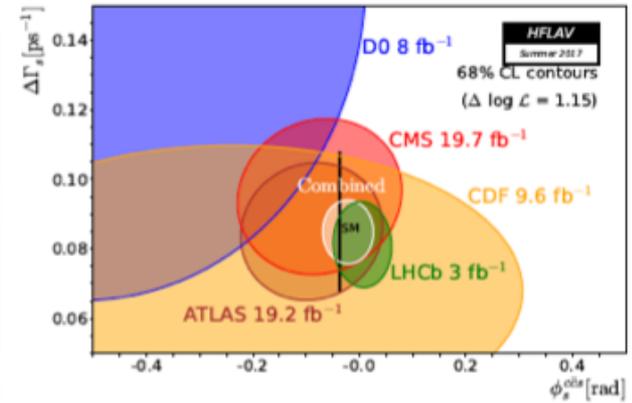
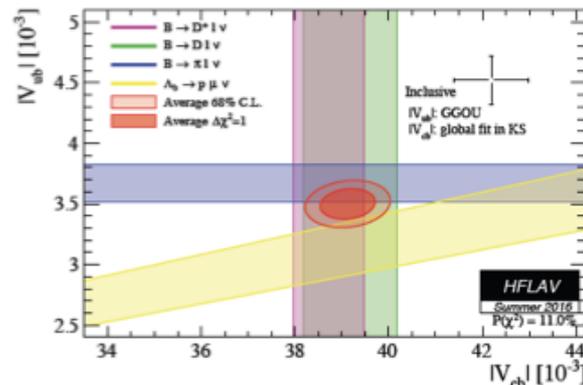
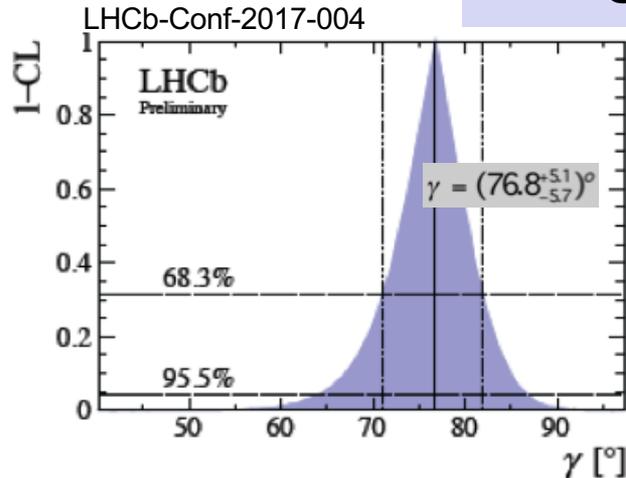
$$(92.1^{+1.5}_{-1.1})^\circ$$

$$(23.74^{+1.13}_{-0.98})^\circ$$

$$(65.9^{+0.96}_{-2.54})^\circ$$

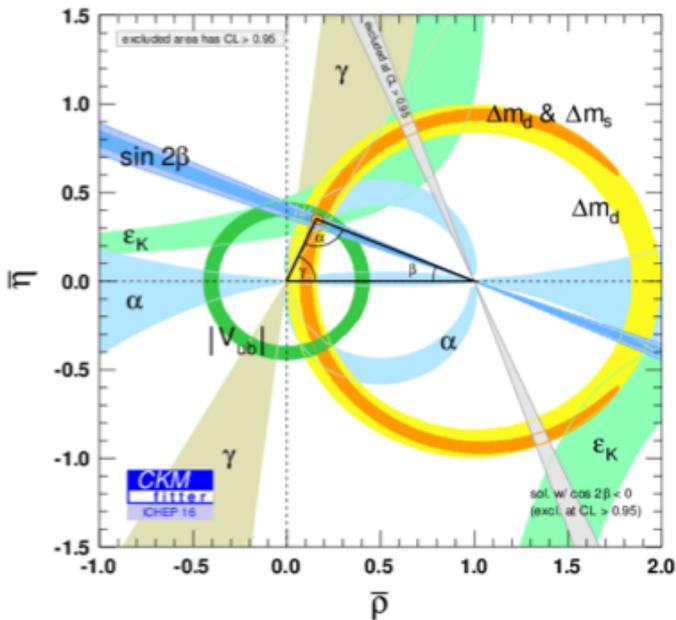
$$-0.0370 \pm 0.0006$$

Some of the measurements at LHC



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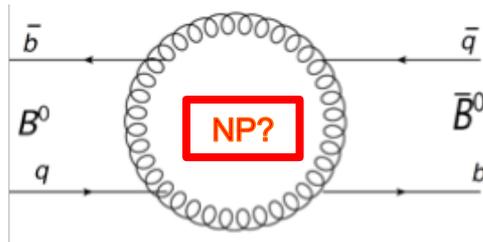
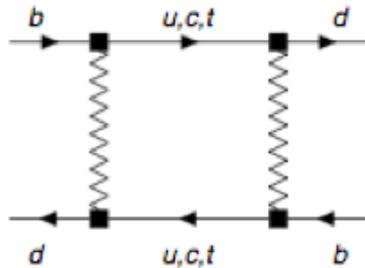
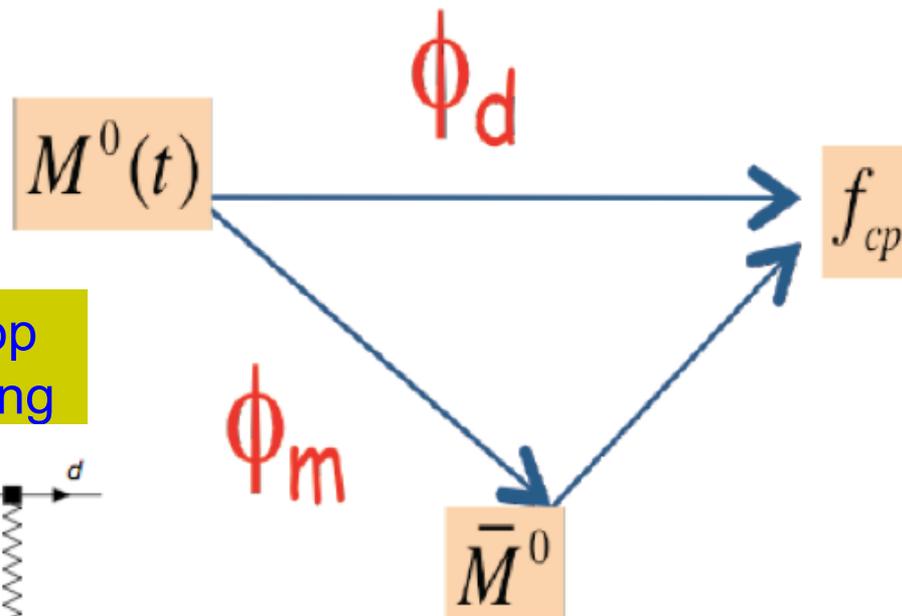
$$(65.9^{+0.96}_{-2.54})^\circ$$

$$-0.0370 \pm 0.0006$$

Is there room for New Physics?
CPV sources beyond SM?

New Physics Through Mixing

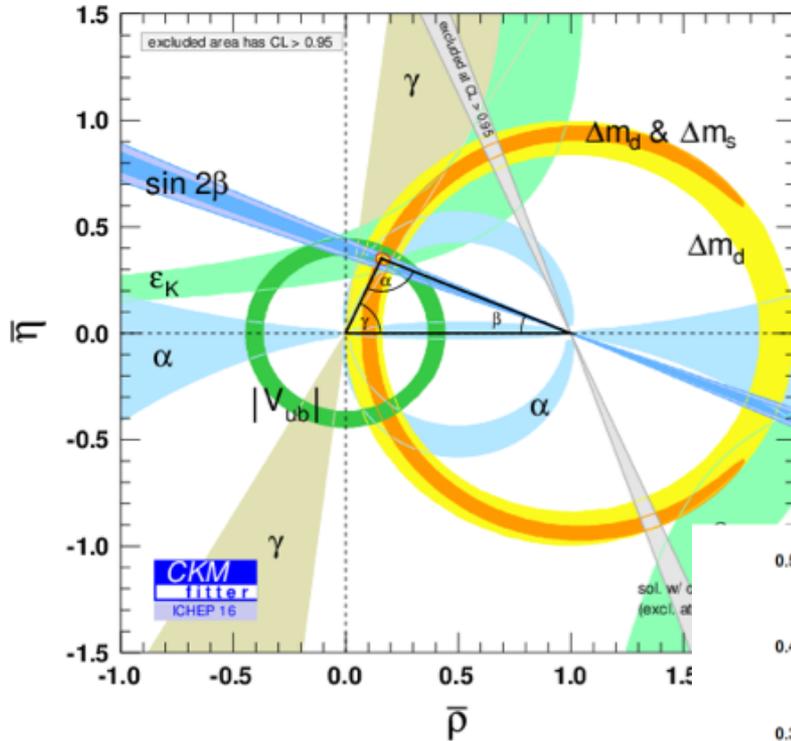
Through new loop diagrams in mixing



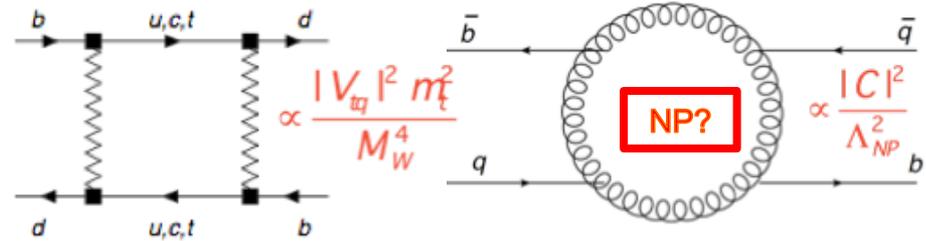
New Physics Through Mixing

All is well with the CKM picture at $O(10\%)$ level:

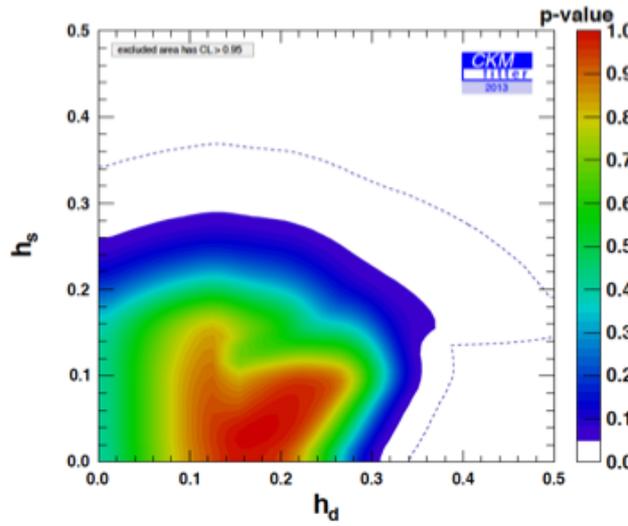
For New Physics through Mixing



Constraint on NP/SM amplitude
See (arXiv: 1309.2293)



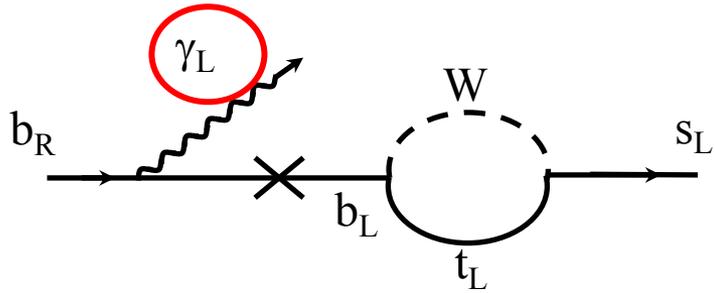
$$M_{12} = M_{12}^{\text{SM}} \times (1 + h e^{2i\sigma})$$



$$A_{\text{NP}} < 0.3 A_{\text{SM}}$$

$\Lambda_{\text{NP}} \gg 10^2 \text{ TeV}$
For $c \sim 1$

Search for New Physics footprint in other FCNC Processes

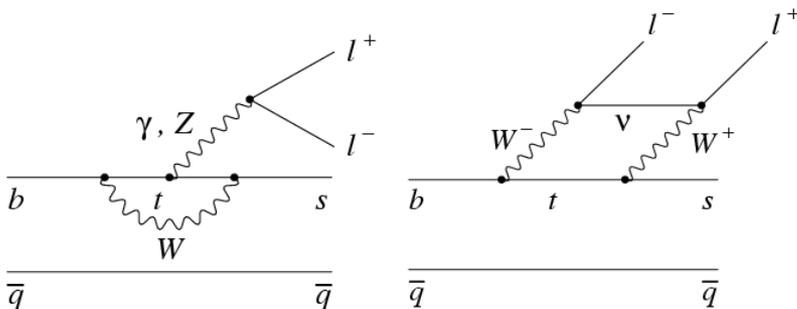
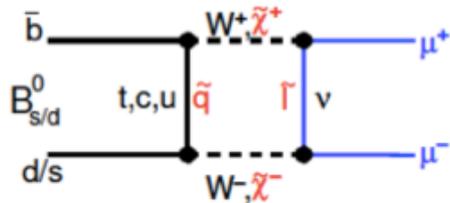
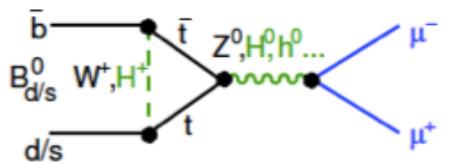


A key probe of NP in B decays
 Observables: Rate, CPV, polarization of γ

$$SM : Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.66 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-9}$$

PRL 112, 101801

Finally seen (LHCb & CMS) – consistent with SM – sets severe constraints on BSM



Recent precise measurements from LHCb show interesting hints of deviations from SM- including tests of Lepton Flavor Universality

$B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

Major success story at LHC

LHCb & CMS Run 1

$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.8_{-0.6}^{+0.7}) \times 10^{-9} \quad 6.2\sigma$$

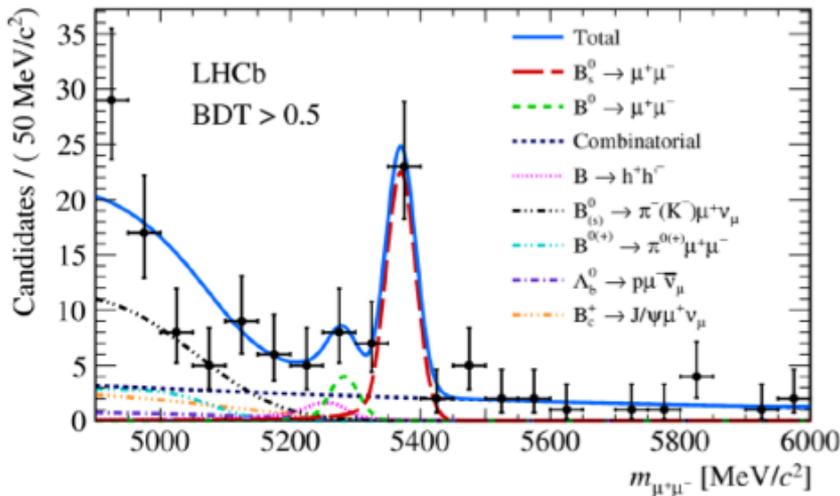
$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.9_{-1.4}^{+1.6}) \times 10^{-10} \quad [\text{arXiv:1411.4413, Nature 522 (2015) 68}]$$

$$\text{ATLAS: } Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.9_{-0.8}^{+1.1}) \times 10^{-9} \quad \text{Eur. Phys. J. C76(2016) no. 9, 513}$$

$$\text{New LHCb } Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.0 \pm 0.6_{-0.2}^{+0.3}) \times 10^{-9}$$

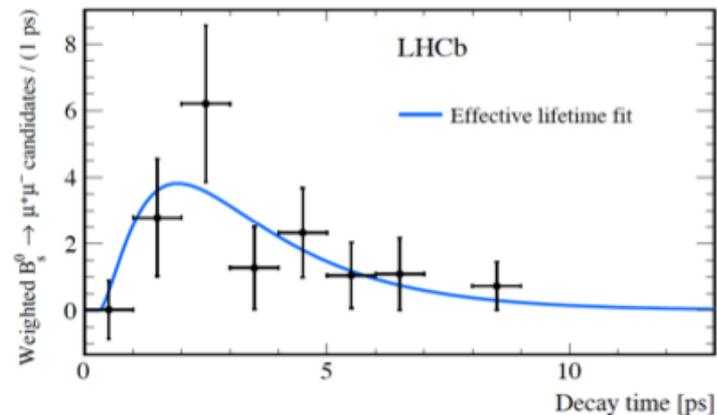
PRL 118, 191801 (2017)

LHCb Run1+ 1.4 fb⁻¹ of Run 2



Effective lifetime consistent with SM:

$$\tau(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 2.04 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.05 \text{ ps,}$$



$B \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

Major success story at LHC

LHCb & CMS Run 1

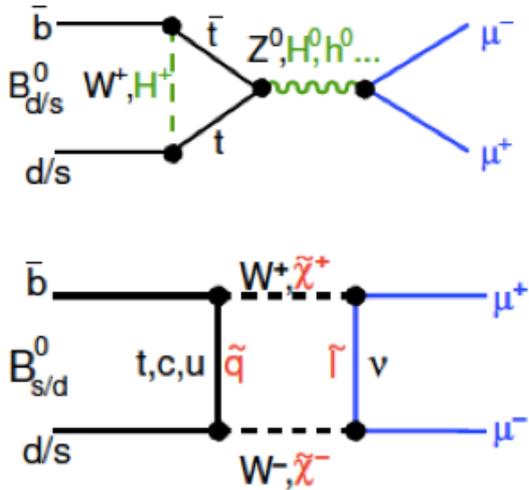
$$Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.8_{-0.6}^{+0.7}) \times 10^{-9} \quad 6.2\sigma$$

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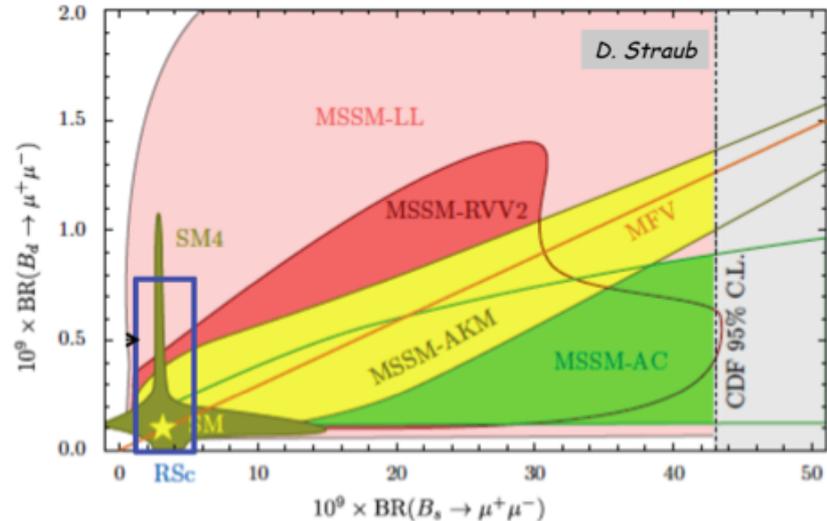
PRL 118, 191801 (2017)



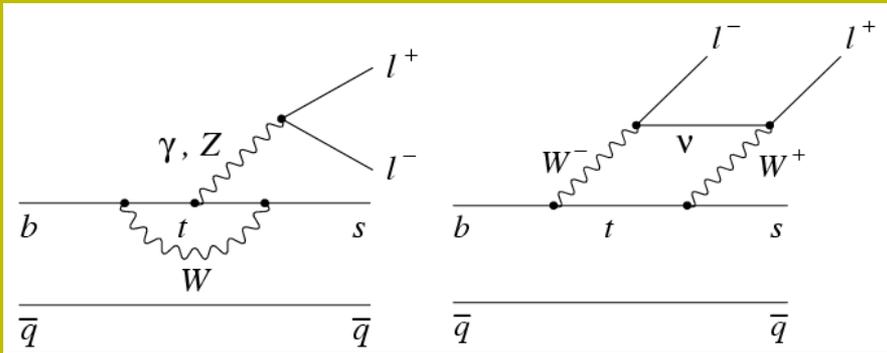
Consistent with SM

$$\text{SM : } Br(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (3.66 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-9}$$

Severely constraining parameter space of new physics models



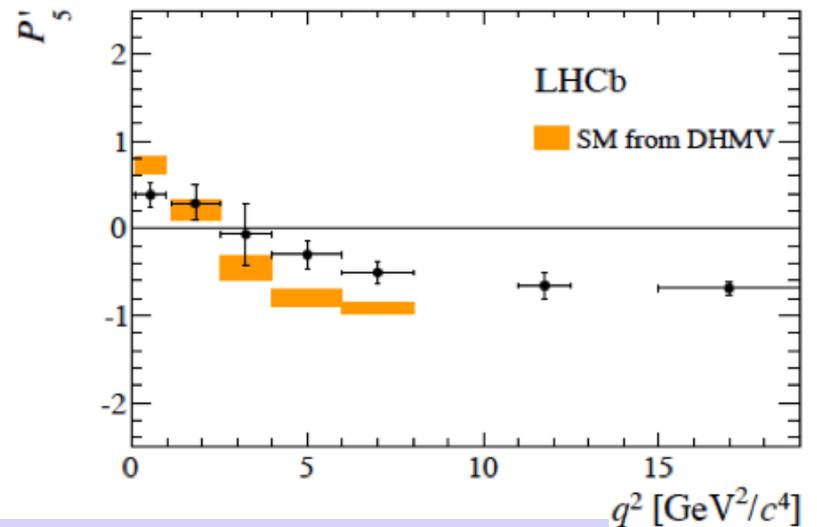
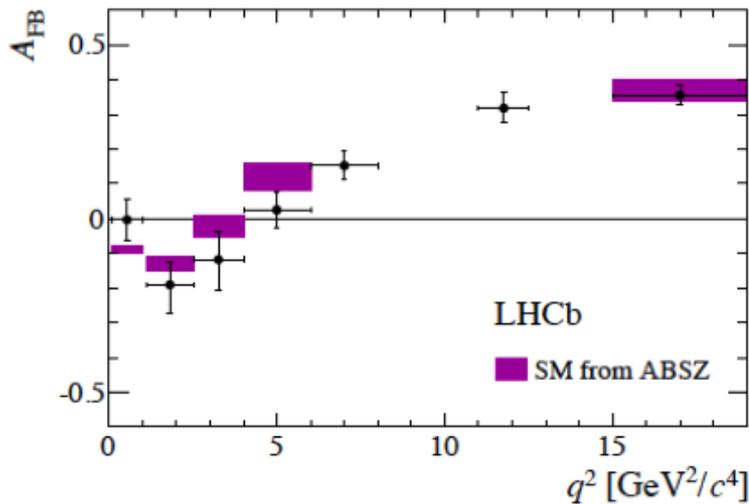
$B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-$



Several observables- sensitive to New Physics- extracted from differential rates.

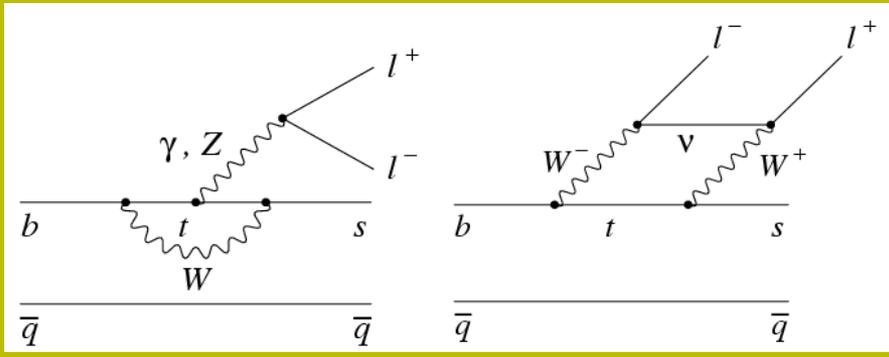
Precise measurements are now possible with large statistics of LHCb-including tests of Lepton Flavor Universality:

First full angular analysis of $B \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ performed with LHCb Run 1 data
Some intriguing results [JHEP 02 (2016) 104]



Overall compatibility of LHCb results with SM $\sim 3.4 \sigma$

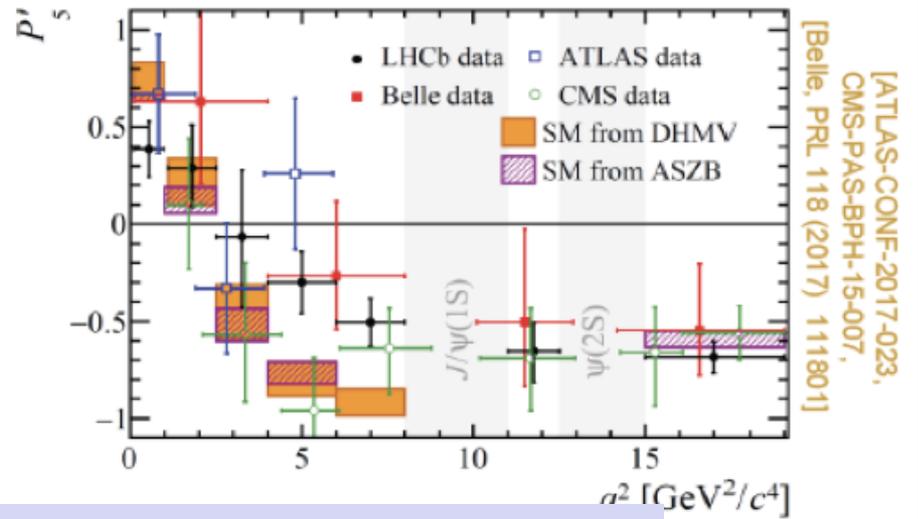
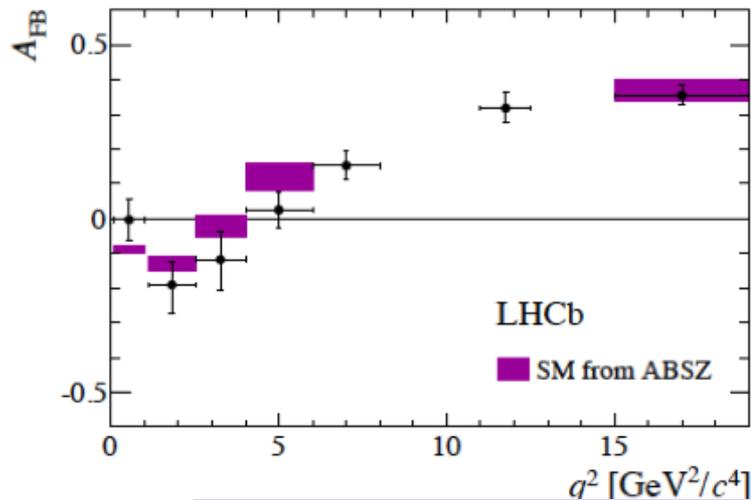
$B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-$



Several observables- sensitive to New Physics- extracted from differential rates.

Precise measurements are now possible with large statistics of LHCb-including tests of Lepton Flavor Universality:

First full angular analysis of $B \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-$ performed with LHCb Run 1 data
Some intriguing results [JHEP 02 (2016) 104]



Overall compatibility of LHCb results with SM $\sim 3.4 \sigma$

Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \ell^+ \ell^-$

$$R_H = \frac{\int \frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow H \mu^+ \mu^-)}{dq^2} dq^2}{\int \frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow H e^+ e^-)}{dq^2} dq^2}$$

Within SM: $R_{K^{(*)}} = 1$

Measurement performed as a double ratio:

Significantly reduces the dependence on Lepton Identification efficiencies.

$$\mathcal{R}_{K^{*0}} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} J/\psi (\rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-))} \bigg/ \frac{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} e^+ e^-)}{\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} J/\psi (\rightarrow e^+ e^-))}$$

Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} l^+ l^-$

$$R_H = \frac{\int \frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow H \mu^+ \mu^-)}{dq^2} dq^2}{\int \frac{d\Gamma(B \rightarrow H e^+ e^-)}{dq^2} dq^2}$$

Within SM: $R_{K^{(*)}} = 1$

LHCb

$$R_K = 0.745^{+0.090}_{-0.074} \pm 0.036$$

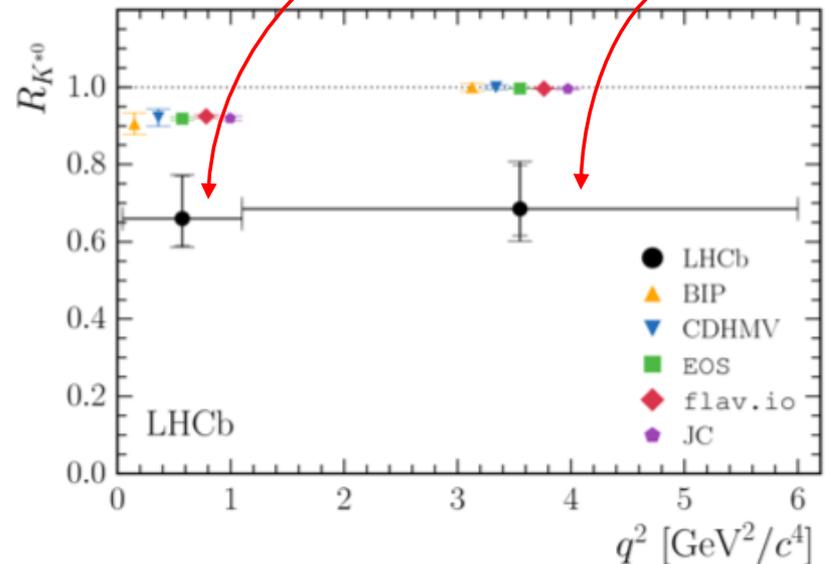
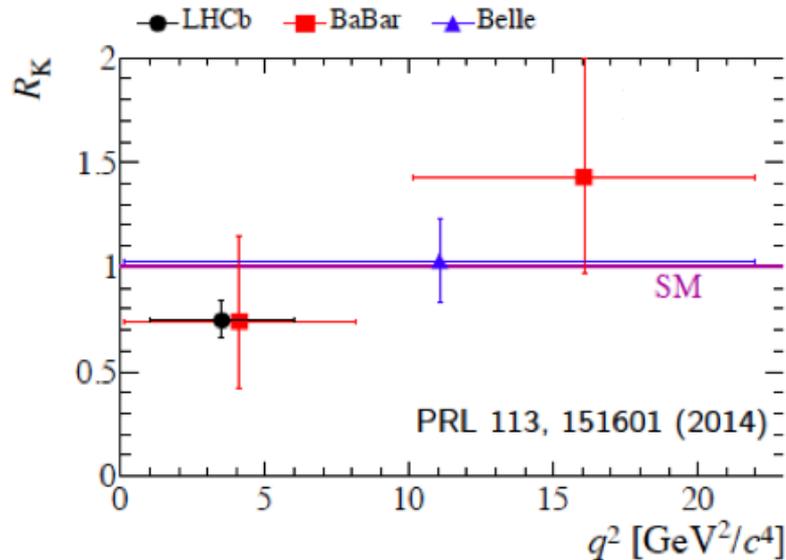
Within 2.6σ of SM PRL 113, 151601

$$R_{K^*} = 0.660^{+0.110}_{-0.070} \pm 0.024 \text{ low-} q^2$$

$$R_{K^*} = 0.685^{+0.113}_{-0.069} \pm 0.047 \text{ high-} q^2$$

Within $2.1\text{-}2.3 \sigma$ & $2.4\text{-}2.5 \sigma$ of SM

JHEP 08(2017)055



Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} l^+ l^-$

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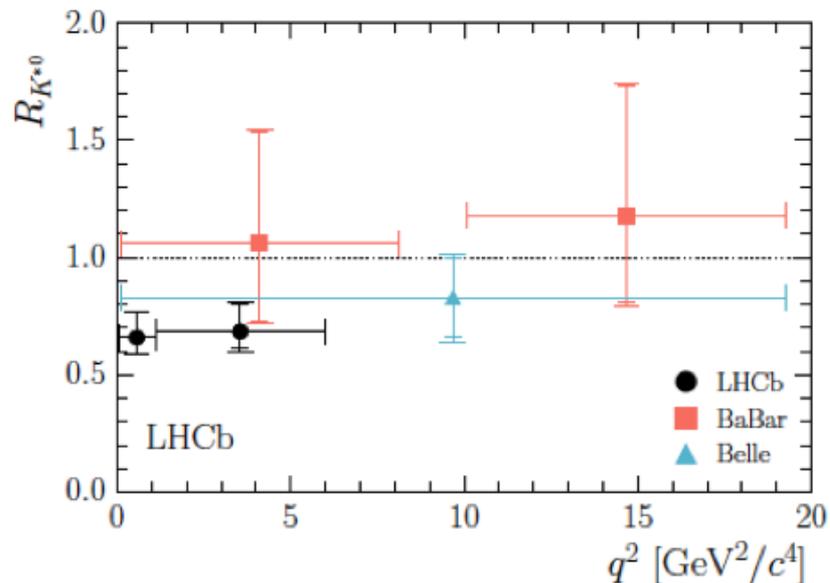
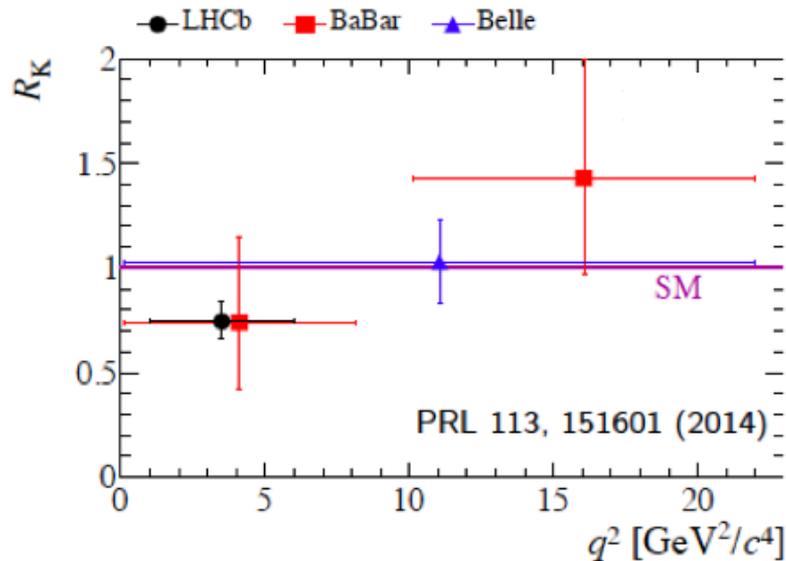
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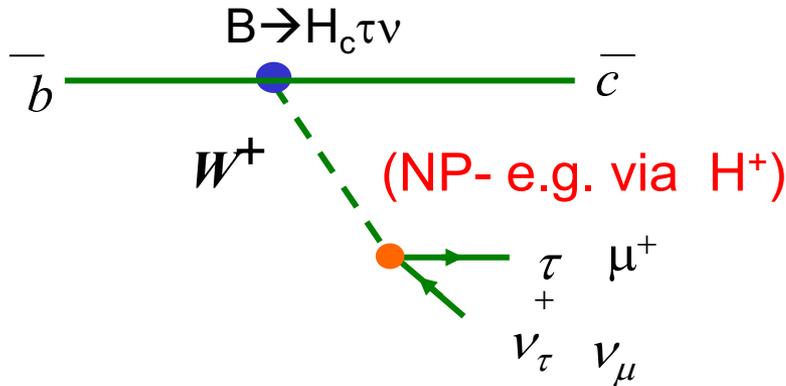
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JHEP 08(2017)055



Tests of Lepton Flavor Universality (2)



The key observables:

$$R(D^{(*)}) = \frac{B(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu})}{B(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \mu \bar{\nu})}$$

$$R(J/\psi) = \frac{B(B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \tau^+ \bar{\nu})}{B(B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \mu^+ \bar{\nu})}$$

In SM, decays to μ & τ differ only due to their mass differences

- These are theoretically very “clean”; computed in HQFT or LQCD
- **Form-Factor Uncertainties largely cancel**

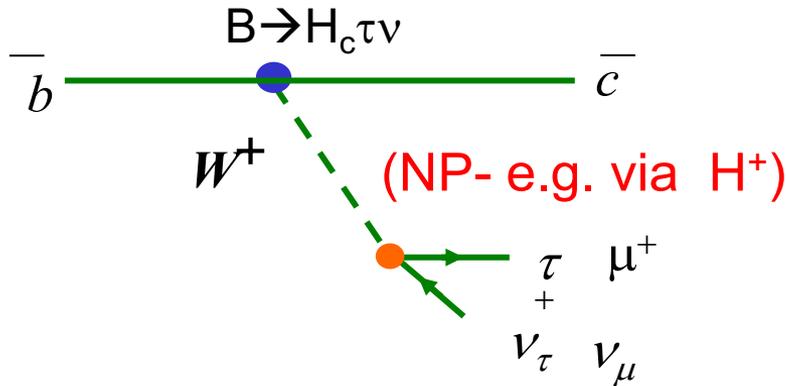
$$R(D) = 0.300 \pm 0.008 \quad \text{H. Na et al., (LQCD)}$$

$$R(D^*) = 0.252 \pm 0.003 \quad \text{S. Fajfer et al (HQET)}$$

$$R(J/\psi) = 0.25 - 0.28$$

Uncertainties partly due to scalar form factors- helicity suppressed contributions that are negligible for e & μ channels

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$$R(J/\psi) = \frac{B(B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \tau^+ \bar{\nu})}{B(B_c^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \mu^+ \bar{\nu})}$$

Hints of deviation from these predictions first seen by BaBar

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- **Form-Factor Uncertainties largely cancel**

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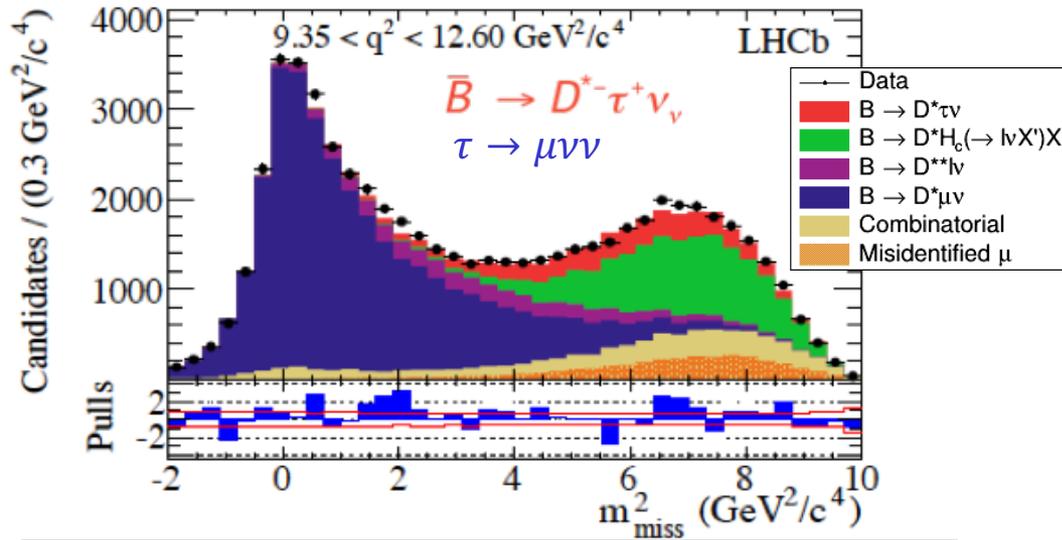
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2015

All with Run 1 Data- so far

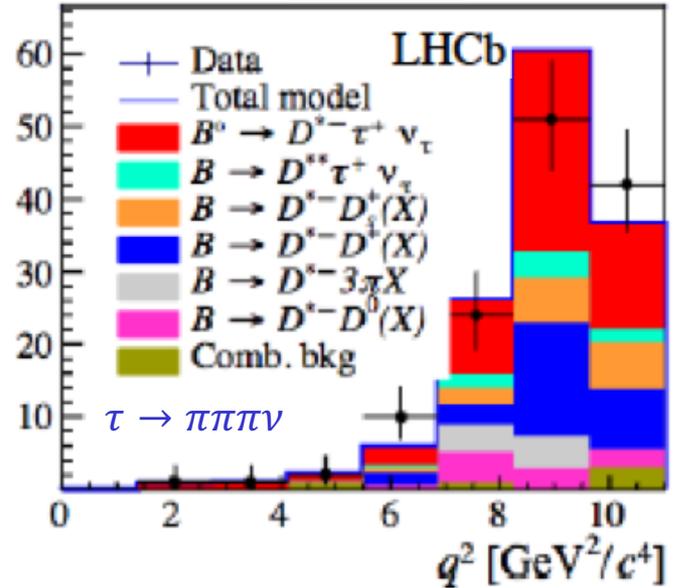
2017



$R(D^*) = 0.336 \pm 0.027 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.030 \text{ (syst)}$

Within 2.1σ of SM

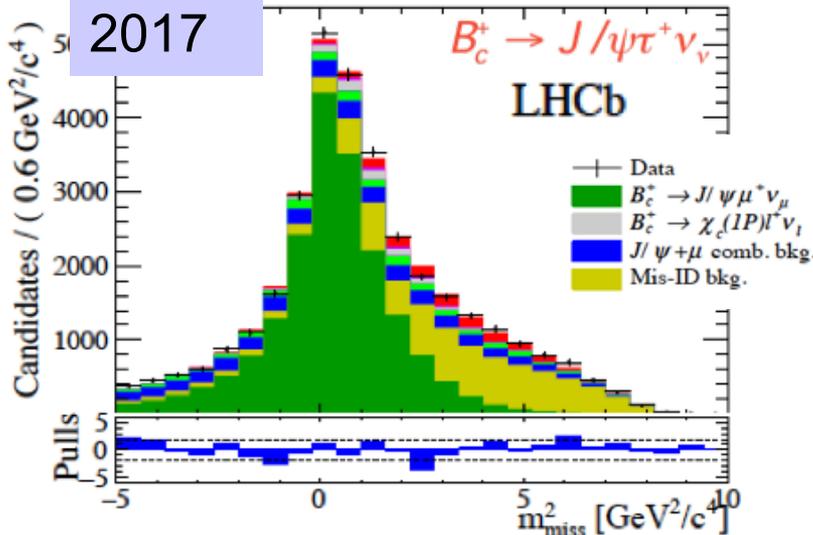
PRL 113, 111803



$R(D^*) = 0.291 \pm 0.019 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.013$

Within 1σ of SM

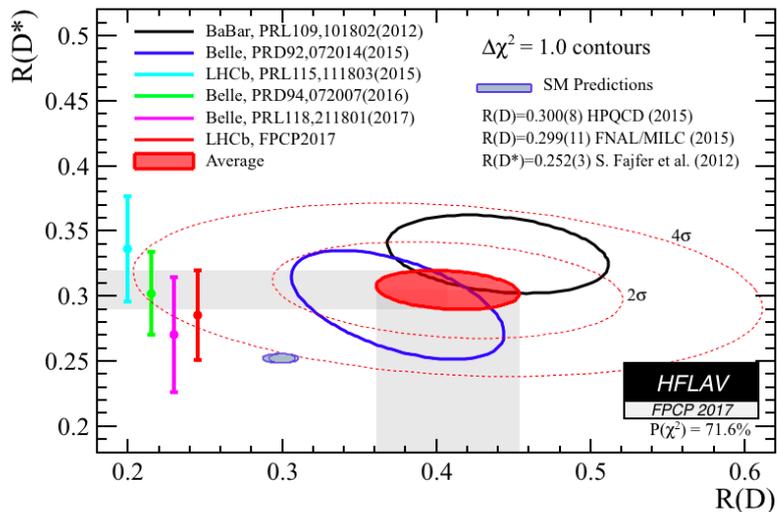
PRL 120, 171802



$R(J/\psi) = 0.71 \pm 0.17 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.18 \text{ (syst)}$

Within 2σ of SM

PRL 120, 12180



4.1 σ tension with LFU/SM

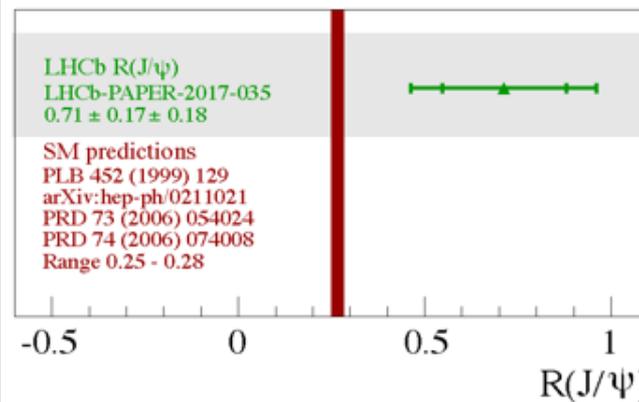
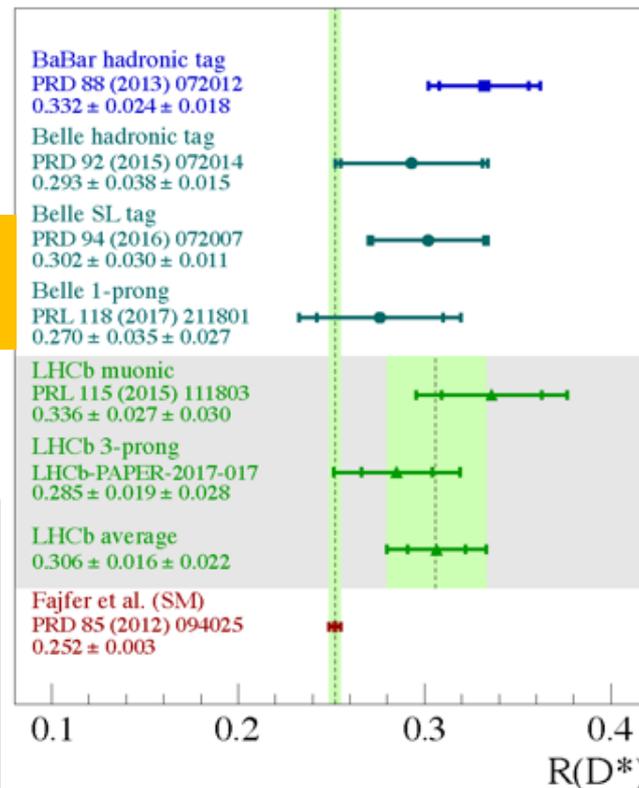
➤ Several Intriguing results: away from SM in the same direction.

➤ Several New Physics scenarios are proposed: leptoquarks, right-handed sterile neutrinos, ...

Some caution:

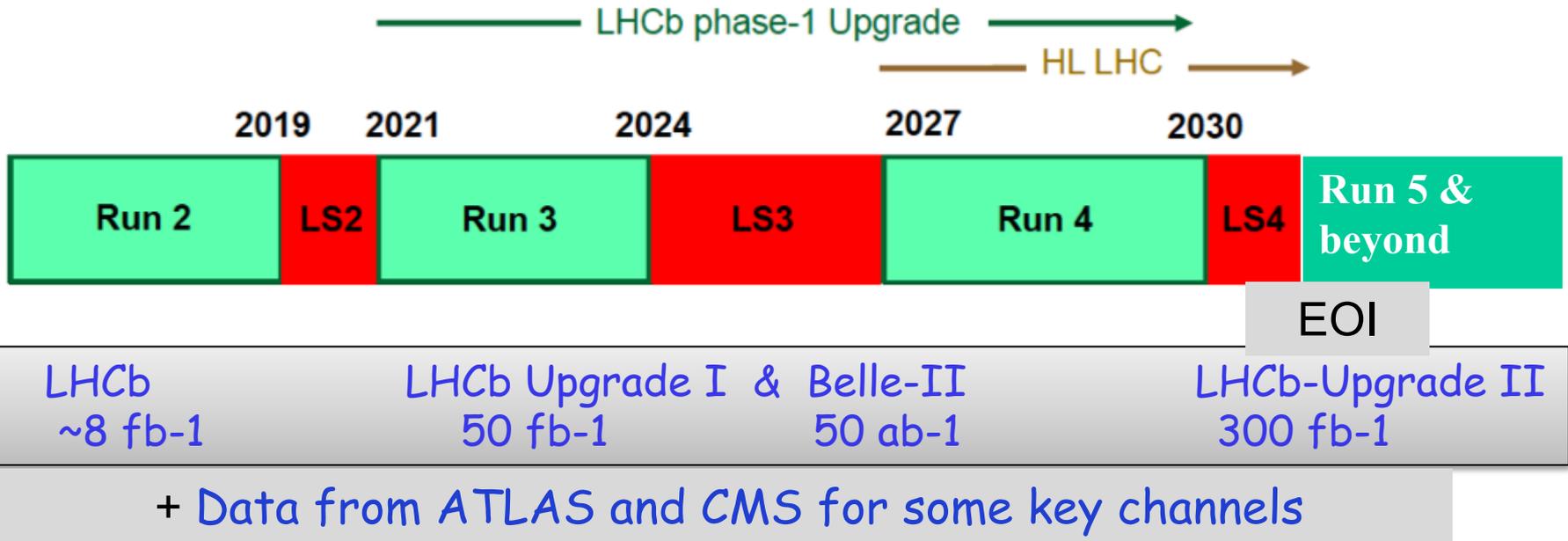
➤ No single measurement is yet at or beyond 3 sigma away from SM -Too early to consider LFU overthrown.

➤ Theoretical SM predictions are being improved



Future

Experimental Landscape

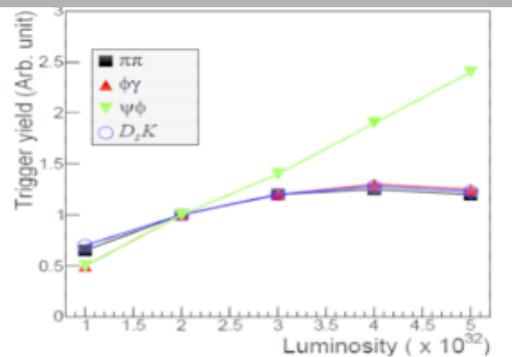


	LHC Run	Period of data taking	Maximum \mathcal{L} [cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	Cumulative $\int \mathcal{L} dt$ [fb ⁻¹]	Pile up
Current detector	1 & 2	2010–2012, 2015–2018	4×10^{32}	8	1.1
Phase-1 Upgrade	3 & 4	2021–2023, 2026–2029	2×10^{33}	50	6
Phase-2 Upgrade	5 →	2031–2033, 2035 →	2×10^{34}	300	50

The LHCb upgrade-I: Trigger

High Luminosity running requires major changes to the LHCb trigger scheme

Saturation of yields with 1MHz L0 limit
Must raise P_T cut to stay below 1 MHz



→ New Trigger Approach:

- Remove L0 (hardware) trigger
- Readout the detector at the 40 MHz LHC clock rate
- Move to a fully flexible software trigger

→ major upgrade of LHCb detector required:

- ❖ Replace all FE electronics & DAQ system
- ❖ Replace all Tracking sub-detectors
- ❖ Upgrade of RICH photo-detectors and optics

Upgrade Trigger

LHCb Upgrade Trigger Diagram

**30 MHz inelastic event rate
(full rate event building)**

Software High Level Trigger

Full event reconstruction, inclusive and exclusive kinematic/geometric selections

Buffer events to disk, perform online detector calibration and alignment

Add offline precision particle identification and track quality information to selections
Output full event information for inclusive triggers, trigger candidates and related primary vertices for exclusive triggers

2-5 GB/s to storage

Upgrade-I

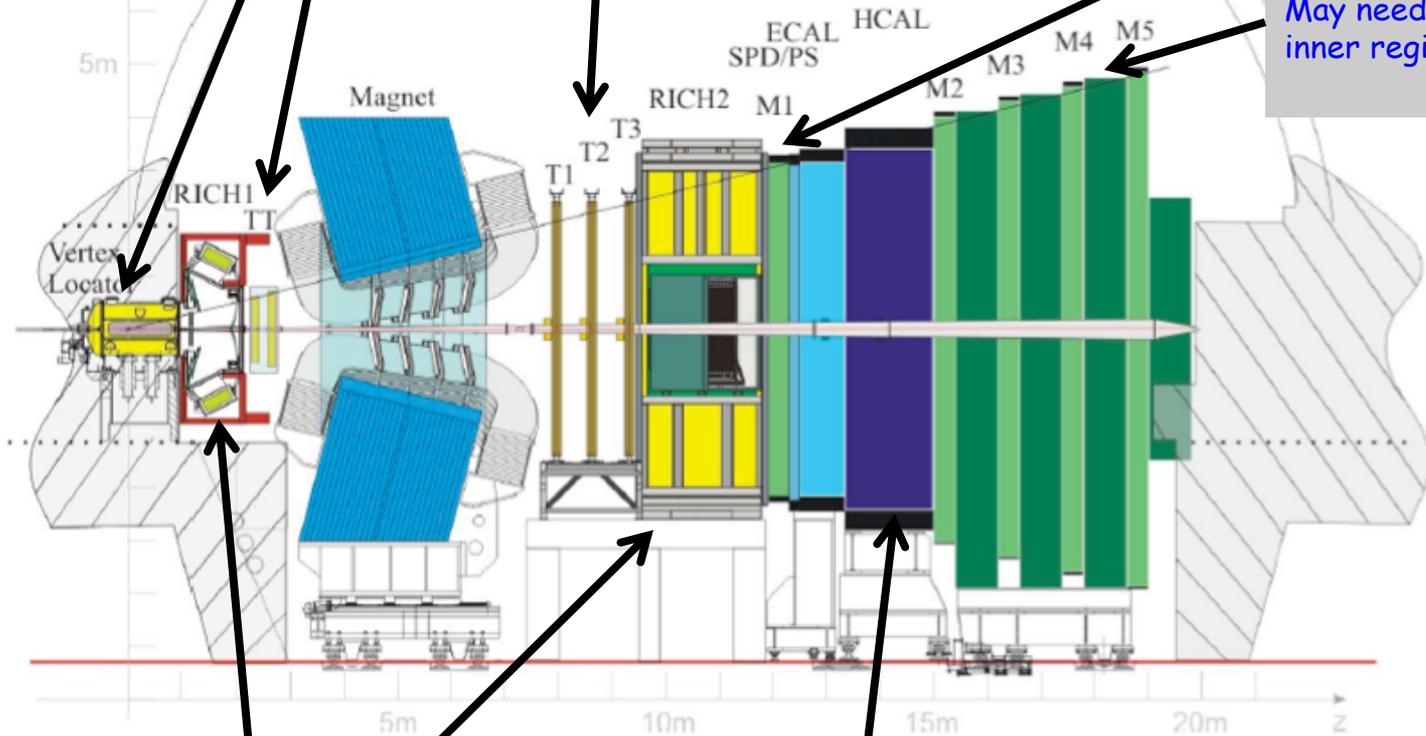
The assembly and installation to start in LHC LS2 –

Tracking system:

- New VELO (Si strip → Pixel)
- New upstream tracker (TT) (Si)
- New downstream tracker (Sci Fiber)

Muon System:

- Remove M1
- M2-5 fine for 1×10^{33}
- May need upgrade of inner region at 2×10^{33}



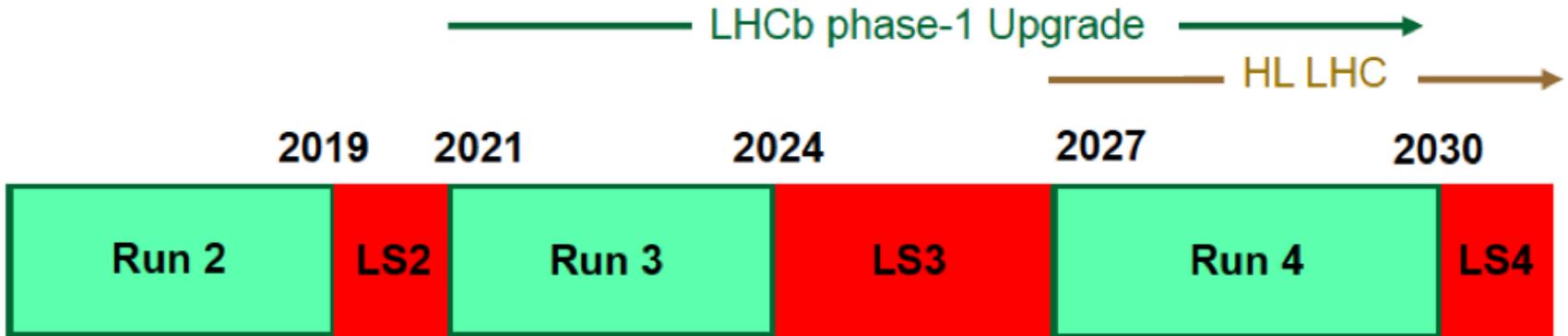
RICH 1 & RICH 2

- HPD → MaPMT
- New 40 MHz R/O
- RICH1: new optics
- remove aerogel

Calorimeter:

- New 40 MHz R/O
- Lower PMT gain to reduce anode current
- Remove SPD & PS

Further in Future: Upgrade-II



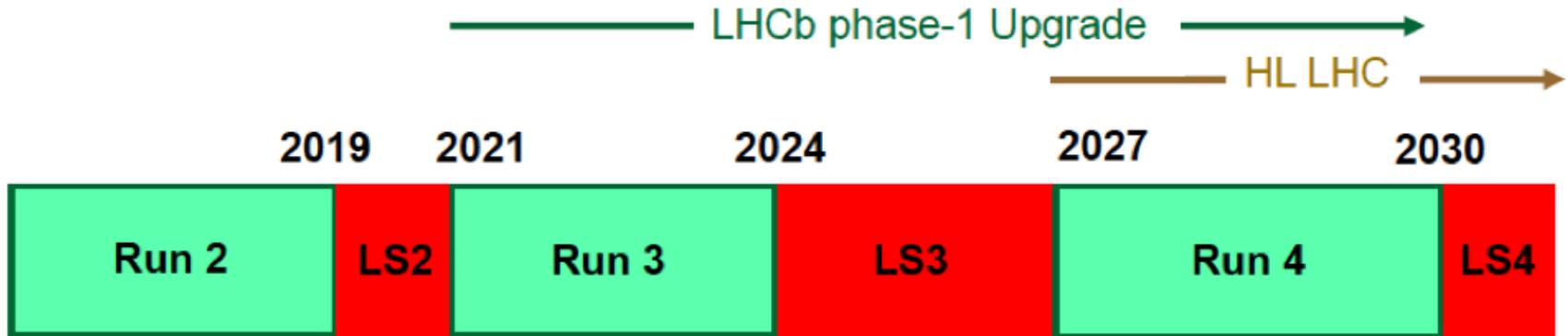
LHCb
UPGRADE II

CERN/LHCC 2017-003
LHCb EoI
05 February 2017

Opportunities in flavour physics,
and beyond, in the HL-LHC era

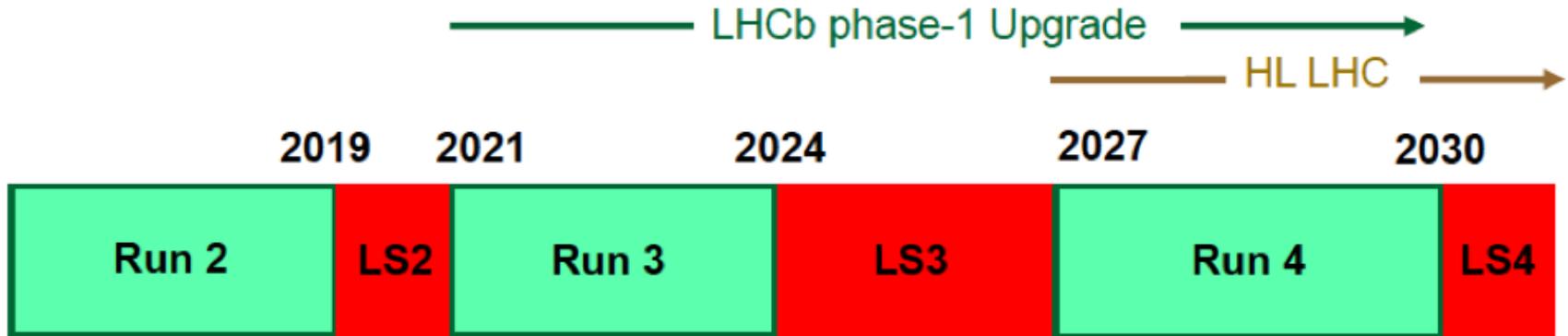
Expression of Interest

Upgrade-II: Challenges



- Current studies indicate 2×10^{34} is possible with changes to IP optics (β^* reduction) & shielding. Triplet lifetime may limit integ. Lum. to $\sim 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- At Int/crossing ~ 50 (vs 1.1 now) & Track Multiplicity as high as 3500:
 - Will need a new tracking system & thinner pixels with finer granularity & time measurements in VELO
 - Improved PID & Calorimetry (with fine granularity- e.g. SiW)
 - Will need innovative solutions to the enormous increase in data rate ($> \text{ATLAS}$ & CMS)
- Next: narrow the space of solutions and develop TDR

Upgrade-II: Physics Goals

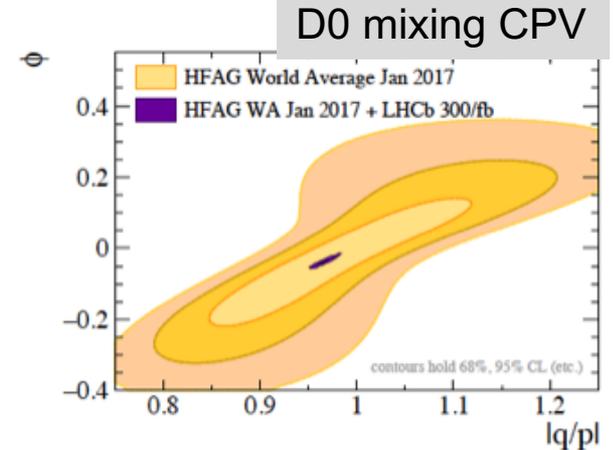
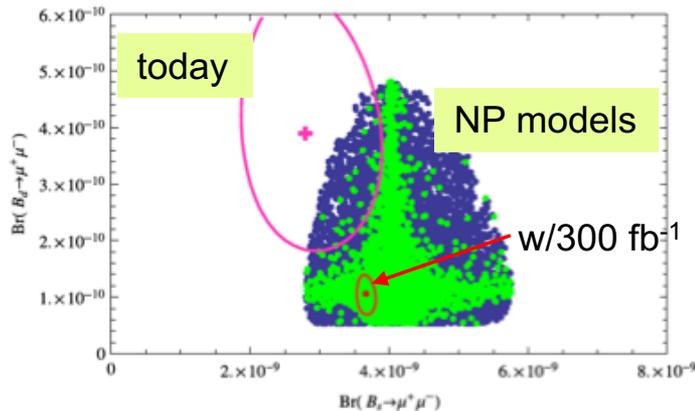
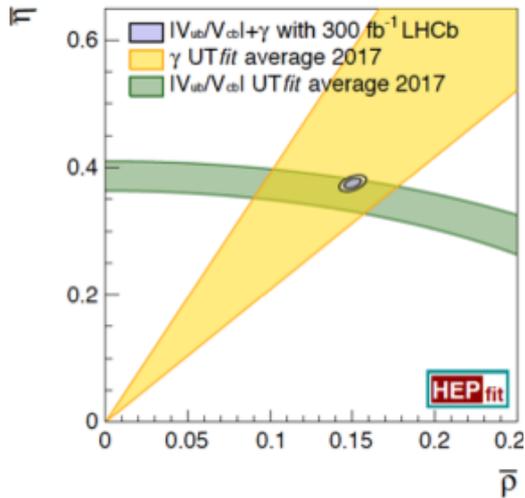


Expression-of-Interest submitted for LHCb Upgrade-II

- A comprehensive measurement programme of observables in a wide range of $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$ and $b \rightarrow dl^+l^-$ transitions, many not accessible in the current experiment or Phase-I Upgrade, employing both muon and electron modes;
- Measurements of the CP -violating phases γ and ϕ_s with a precision of 0.4° and 3 mrad , respectively;
- Measurement of $R \equiv \mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)/\mathcal{B}(B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)$ with an uncertainty of 20%, and the first precise measurements of associated $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ observables;
- A wide-ranging set of lepton-universality tests in $b \rightarrow cl^-\bar{\nu}_l$ decays, exploiting the full range of b -hadrons;
- CP -violation studies in charm with 10^{-5} precision.

A much sharper picture to emerge

CERN-LHCC-2017-003



Expected precision of a few key observables

In some cases, reach or lower than (current) theory uncertainties – e.g. ϕ_s

	Now	LHCb upgrade I	Belle-II	LHCb-Upgrade II
Data size		50 fb ⁻¹	50 ab ⁻¹	300 fb ⁻¹
γ	5°	1°	1°	0.4°
ϕ_s	0.025	0.008	--	0.003
$B \rightarrow \mu\mu / B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$	90%	~40%	--	~20%
$B \rightarrow K(*) \nu\nu$		--	~12%	--

Summary comments

- Flavor physics remains one of the primary drivers of the search for the physics beyond SM, as most scenarios of New Physics are expected to leave a footprint in flavor processes.
 - The current data is consistent with the Standard Model, setting severe constraints on scenarios of New Physics, but many stones remain unturned.
 - There are some areas of tensions with SM, waiting for more precise measurements. Lepton Flavor Universality is under the microscope.
- The next phase of the program (LHCb upgrades I & II)-together with Belle-II - will result in a much sharper picture of the physics of flavor- will resolve or solidify some of the current anomalies with potential to reveal solid evidence for new physics.