

Electroweak corrections in top physics: 1) Top-quark pair production

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Two talks on EW:

Davide's talk: ttV , ttH , single top-quark production,
Charge asymmetry in tt ,

This talk:

- Focus on top-quark pair production
- Main aspect: are we sensitive to EW corrections in run 2?

Outline:

1. Introduction
2. Weak corrections to top-quark pair production
3. QED corrections to top-quark pair production
4. Summary

To constrain weak couplings better use single-top and top-quark decays

Why are EW corrections important ?

- In the SM top-quark decays weakly
- EW corrections maybe relevant aiming for ultimate precision:

Naïve power counting: ($\alpha_s \approx 0.1, \alpha \approx 0.01$)

	α_s^0	α_s^1	α_s^2	α_s^3	α_s^4
α^0	—	—	100%	10%	1%
α^1	—	10%	1%	*	*
α^2	1%	*	*	*	*

QCD, MSTW2008NNLO
 100% | 49 % | 17 %
 Theory uncertainty ~3%

Further suppressed: qq fraction, charges,
 → per mille level contribution

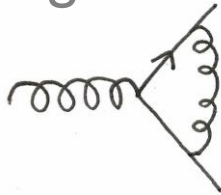
Further suppressed
 by PDF's

- Threshold enhancement due to attractive Yukawa interaction, sensitive to ttH coupling, difficult to measure

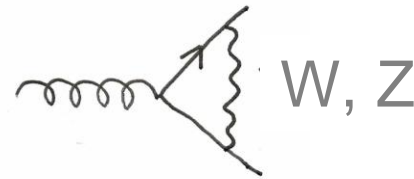
Why are EW corrections important ?



- Weak corrections can **be enhanced at high energies** due to Sudakov logs:



Soft and coll. Singularities,
→ $1/\epsilon$ poles, canceled by
real corrections



Potential sing. regularized
by gauge boson masses

→ $\log^2(p_{\perp}/M_W), \log^2(p_{\perp}/M_Z)$
(no theoretical need to include real corrections,
“different final state”)

Incl. quantities often dominated by “threshold” region →
Sudakov enhancement not important, large effects possible in
differential distributions at large momentum transfer

- Relevant for new physics searches using observables which
vanish in plain QCD due to parity conservation (→ top-quark polarization)

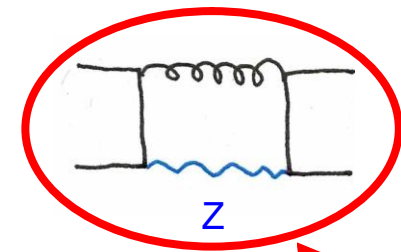
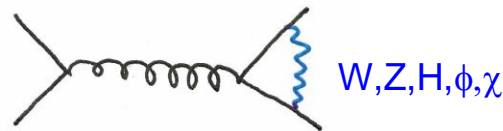
Sample diagrams



Photonic corrections and weak corrections can be treated separately

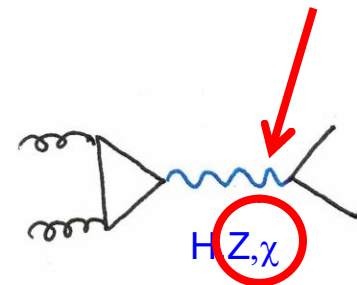
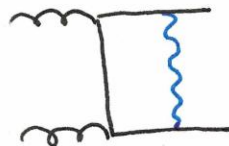
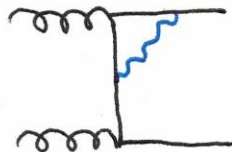
Weak corrections to $qq \rightarrow tt$:

[Beennakker, Denner, Hollik, Mertig, Sack, Wackerath '94, Bernreuther, Fückler, Si '05,'06, Moretti, Nolten, Ross '06, Kühn, Scharf, PU '05,'06,'14]



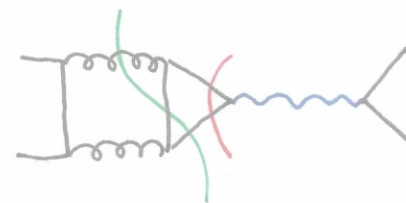
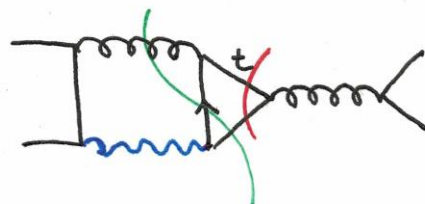
Not considered in Beenakker et al

Weak corrections to $gg \rightarrow tt$:



IR divergent box contributions

Virtual contributions:



Real contributions:



No Sudakov enhancement, small correction further suppressed through gg dominance at LHC

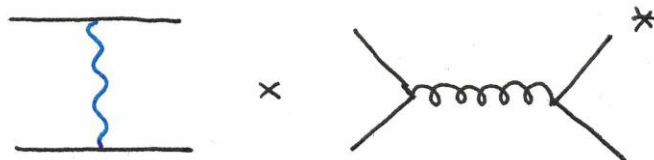
Note: $qq \leftrightarrow gg$ mixture depends on energy!

- $bb \rightarrow tt$ in 5-flavour scheme

[Bernreuther, Fückler, Si '06,'08]

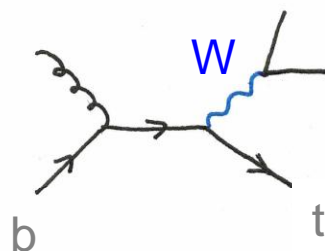
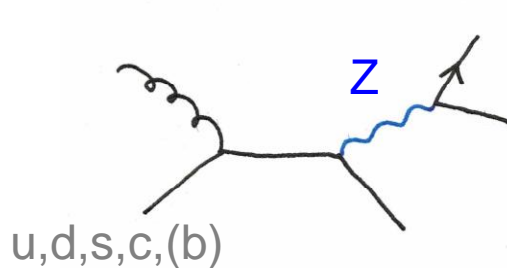


Leads to $\alpha\alpha_s$ contribution:



Not forbidden by color, suppressed however through b-PDF

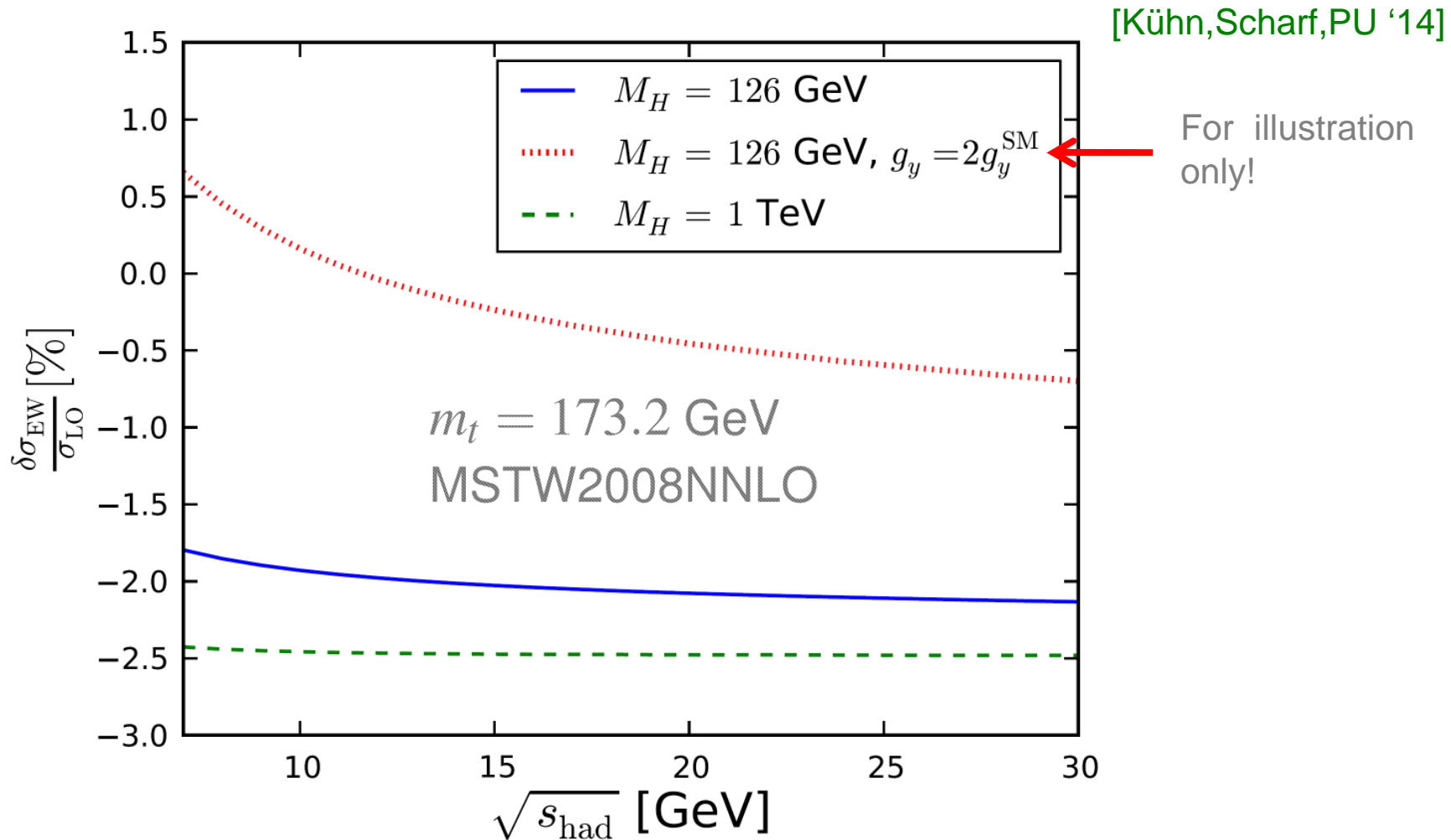
- $qg \rightarrow ttq$



leads to $\alpha\alpha_s^2$
and $\alpha^2\alpha_s$ contr.

→ Tiny contribution to cross sections, can be relevant for dedicated spin observables

Weak corrections – inclusive cross section

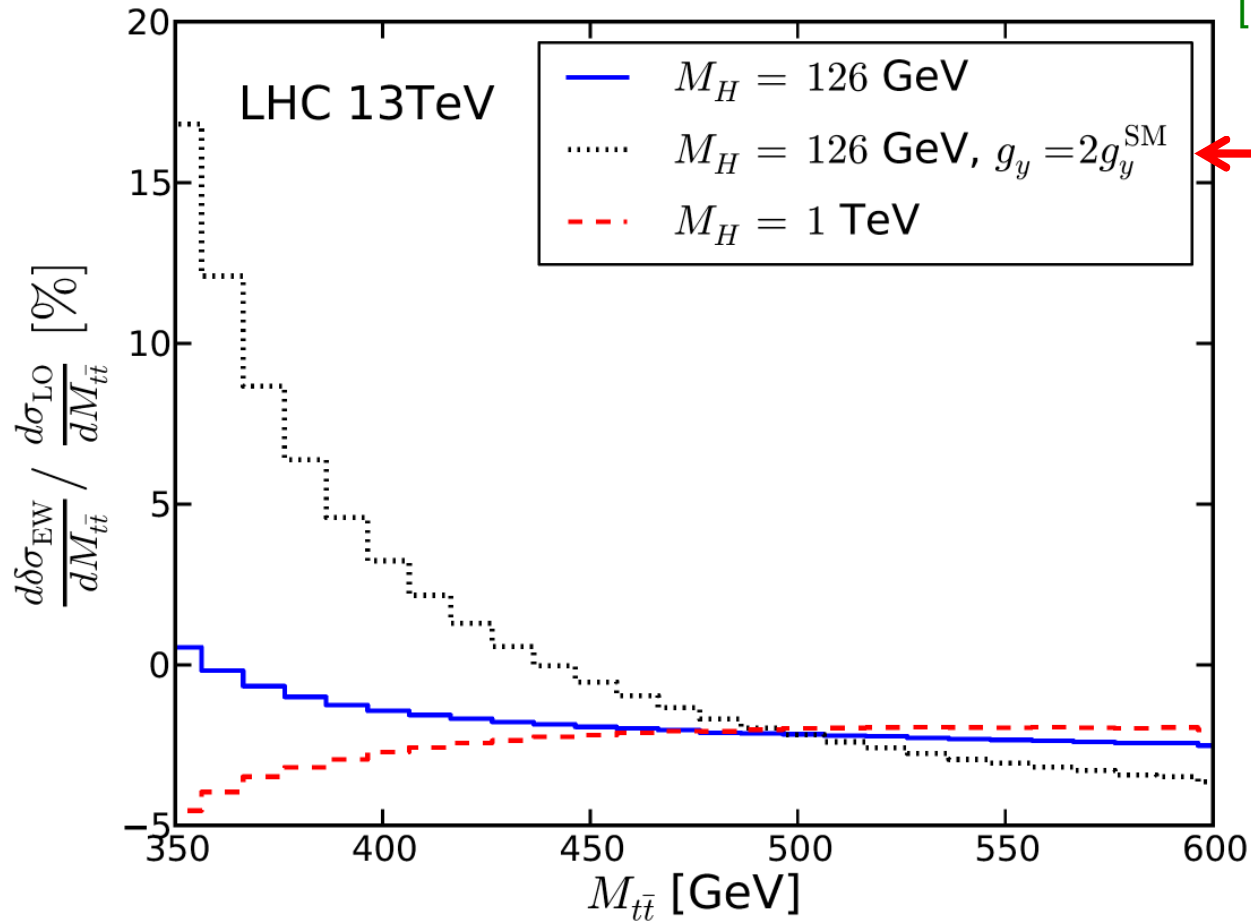


Similar results: [Beenakker et al], [Bernreuther, Fűcker, Si] [Moretti,Nolten,Ross]

Note: Normalized to LO cross section !

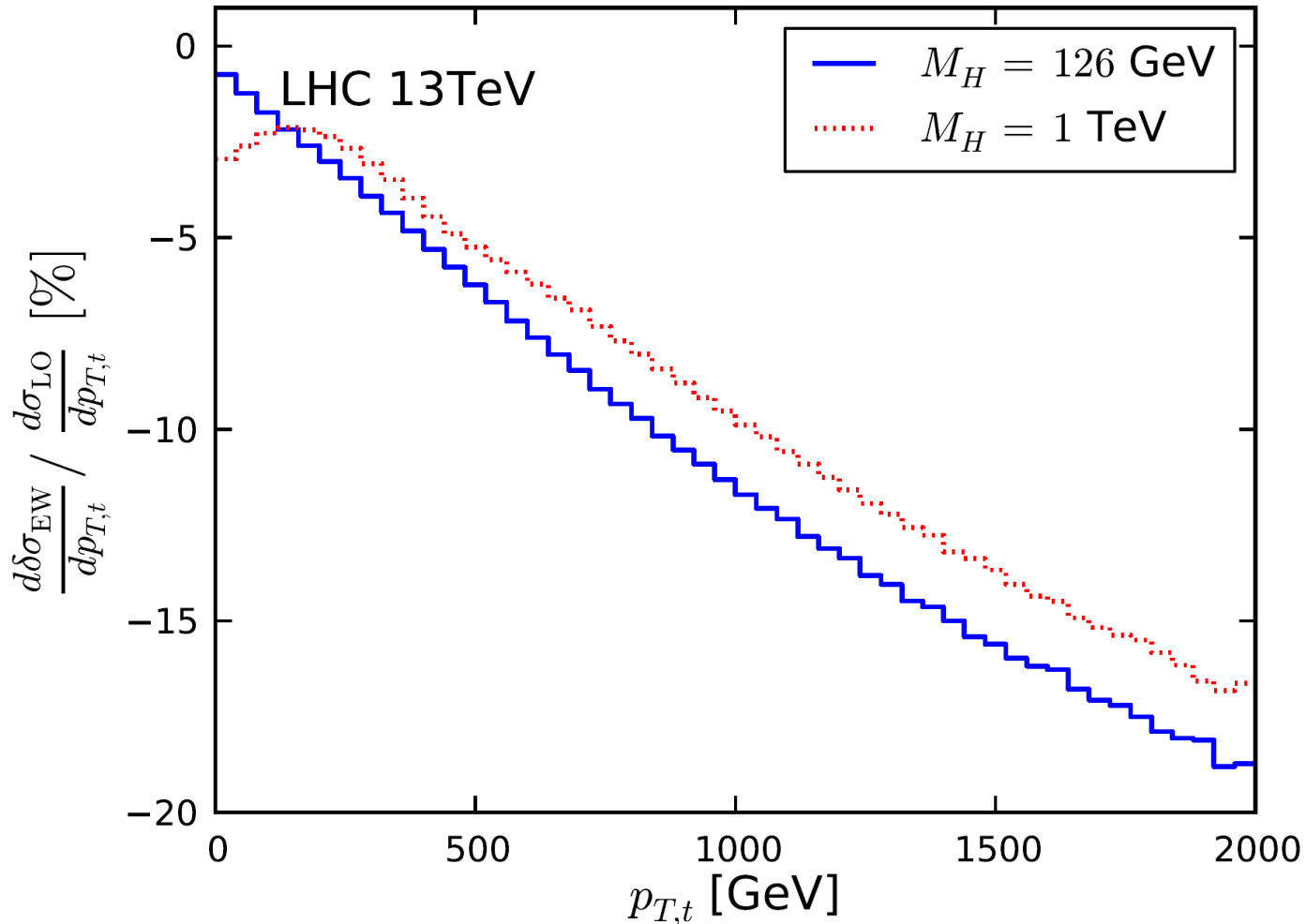
Threshold enhancement due to attractive Yukawa interaction

[Kühn, Scharf, PU '14]



$$\frac{\delta\sigma_{\text{EW}}^{13\text{TeV}}}{\sigma_{\text{LO}}}(m_{t\bar{t}} < 2M_t + 50\text{GeV}) = (-3.753 + 3.08g_Y^2)\%$$

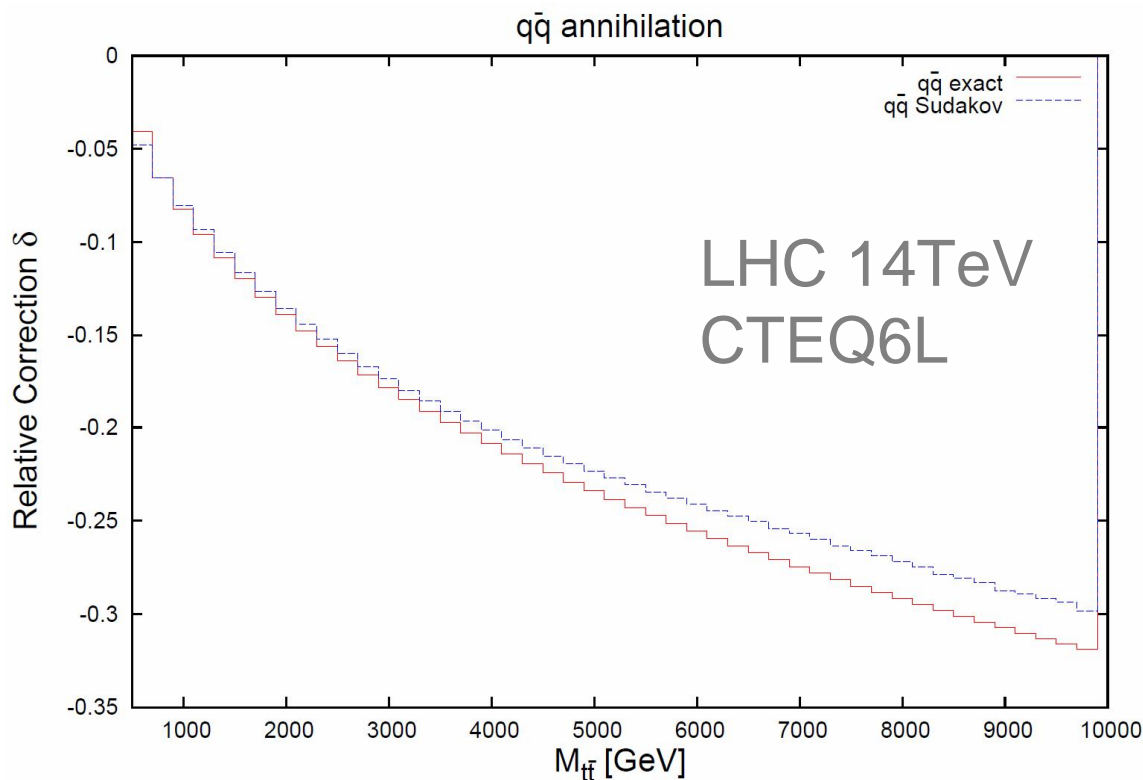
Most likely experimentally not accessible due to limited precision

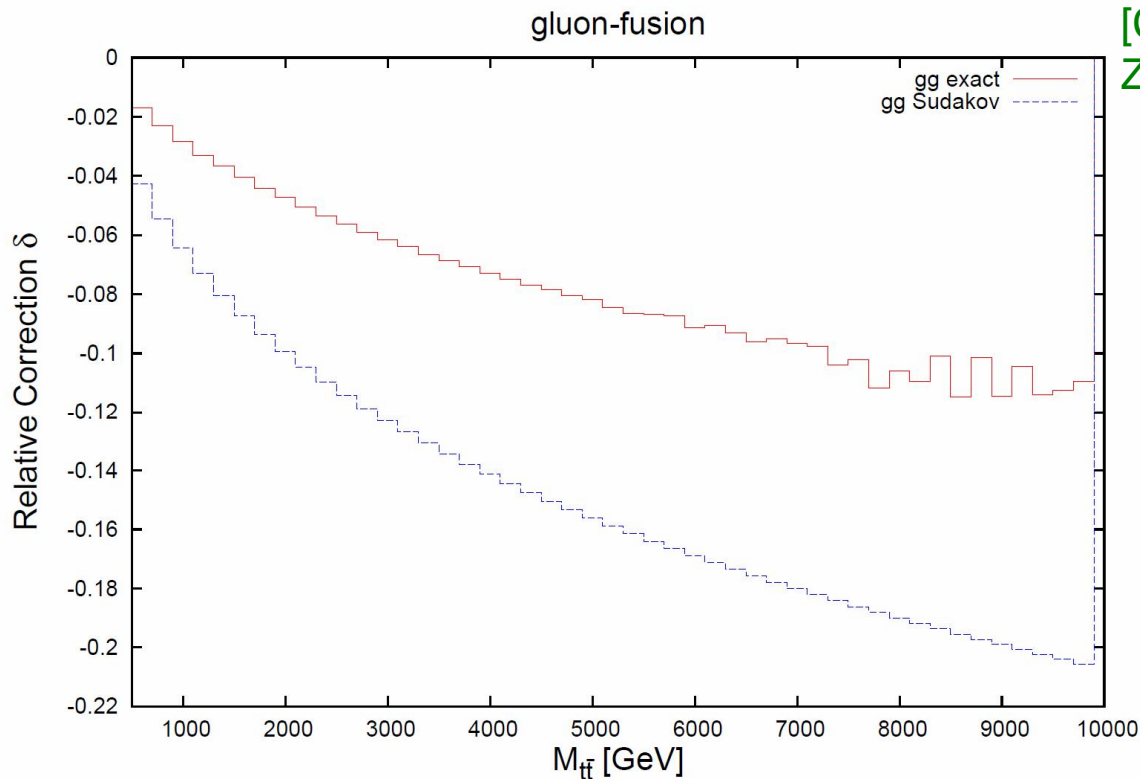


Similar results: [Beenakker et al], [Bernreuther, Fücker, Si] [Moretti,Nolten,Ross]

Difference: most up-to-date input, impact on predictions very small

- Corrections available for exp. analysis [Campbell, Wackerth, Zhou '15]
($2 \rightarrow 2$ contributions also available in Hathor, see also recent developments [Chiesa, Greiner, Tramontana (Gosam) '15, Denner et al (Recola) '14, Madgraph5_aMC@NLO])
- Comparison with Sudakov approximation:





[Campbell, Wackerth, Zhou '15]

LHC 14TeV,
CTEQ6L

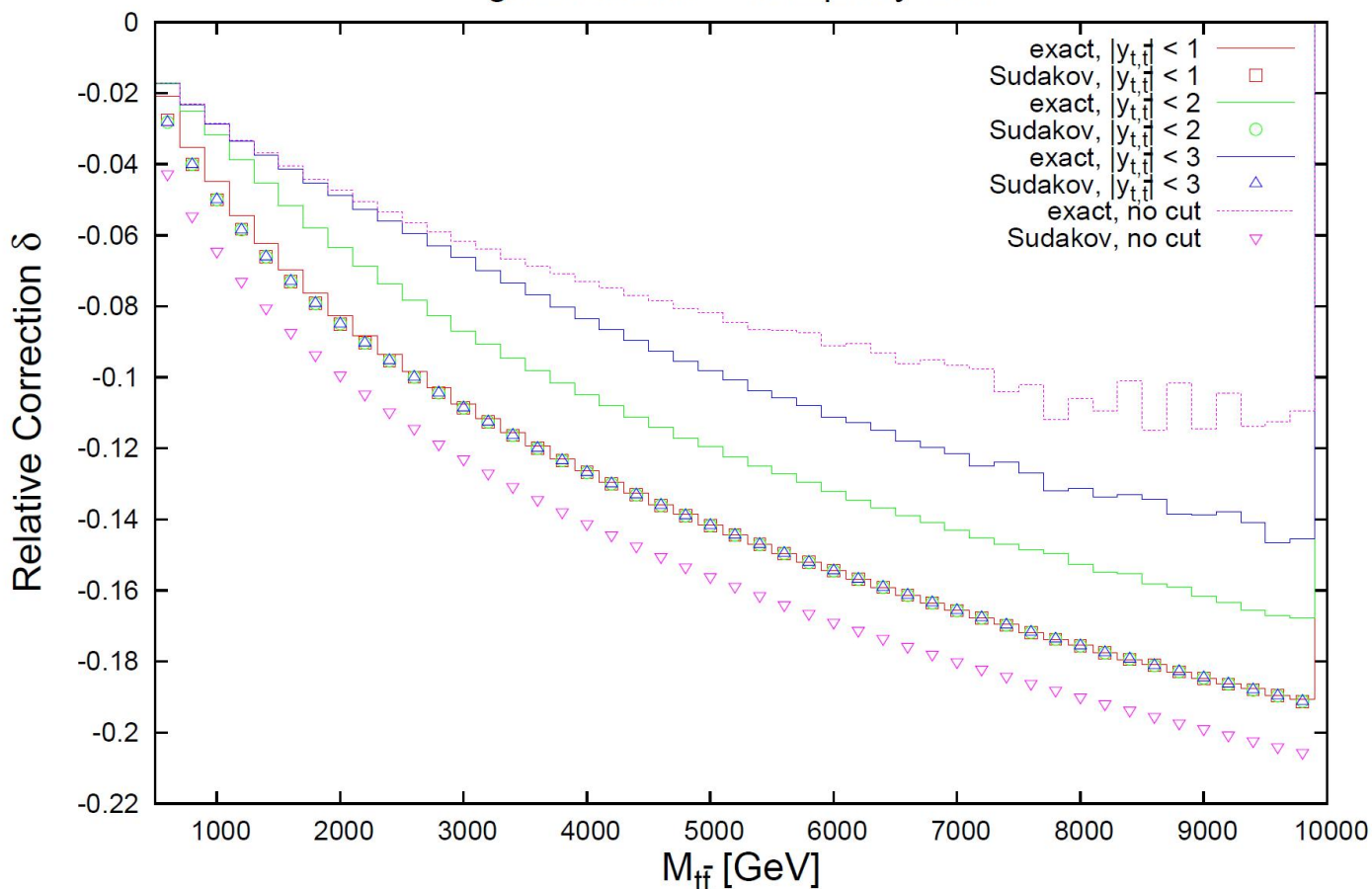
- Reasonable approximation in case of qq
- more complicated angular dependence in gg not well modeled

(Sudakov limit in gg requires $|\hat{t}|$ or $|\hat{u}|$ to be large
see also [Kühn, Scharf, PU '15])

[Campbell, Wackerath, Zhou '15]

→ Accuracy of Sudakov approximation can be improved by additional cuts:

gluon-fusion with rapidity cuts

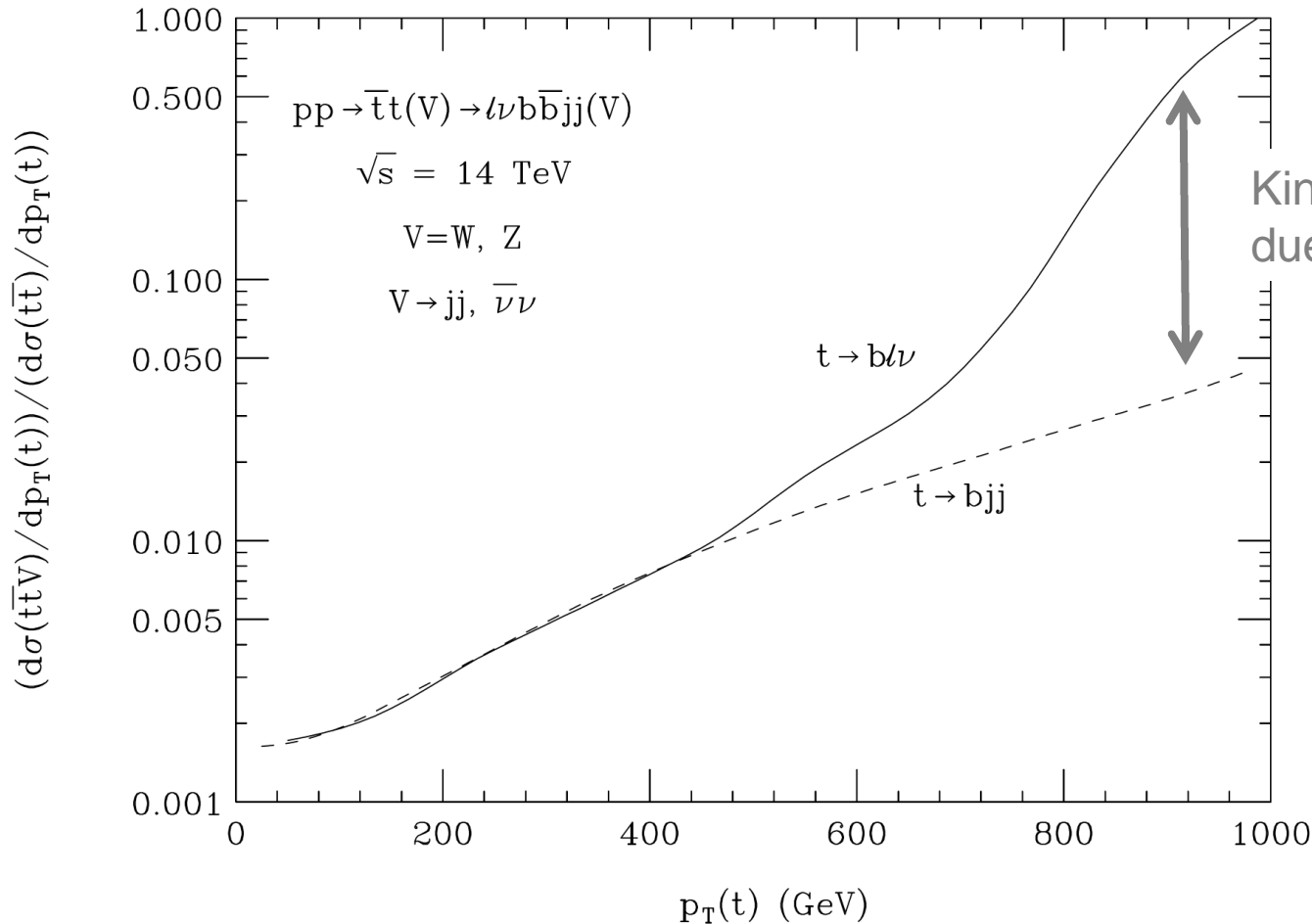


→ Reliable approximation in central region

What about real corrections ?



[Baur '06]



- Semileptonic final states
- Both b-quarks are assumed to be tagged
- $N(j) \geq 2$
- Only one charged lepton (suppression of ttV with $V=W \rightarrow \ell\nu$, $V=Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$)
- Only tt resonant diagrams

→ Possible cancellation at high momentum transfer
 Study should be redone using up-to-date setup

QED corrections — inclusive cross section

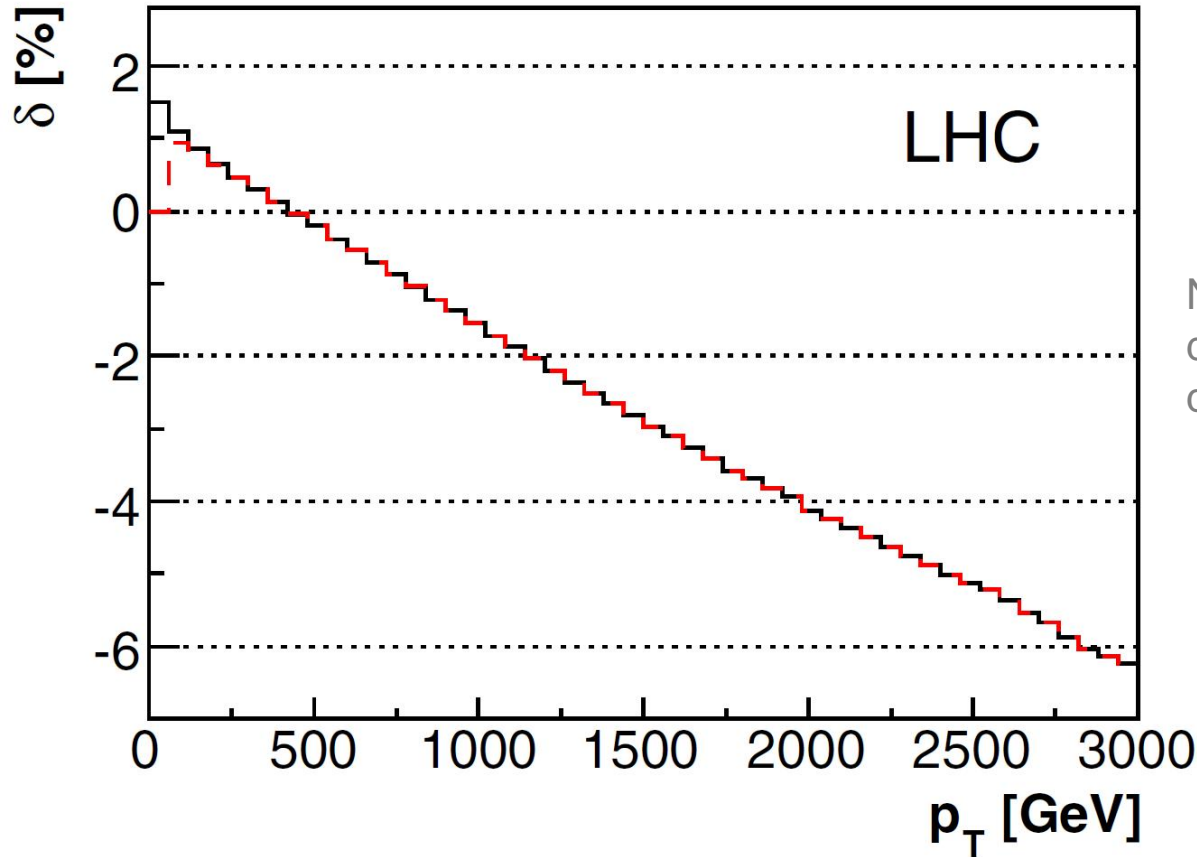
[Hollik, Kollar '08]

Process	σ_{tot} without cuts [pb]		σ_{tot} with cuts [pb]	
	Born	Correction	Born	Correction
$u\bar{u}$	34.25	-1.41	18.64	-0.770
$d\bar{d}$	21.61	-0.228	11.54	-1.68
$s\bar{s}$	4.682	-0.0410	2.253	-0.0304
$c\bar{c}$	2.075	-0.0762	0.9630	-0.0446
gg	407.8	2.08	213.6	0.524
$g\gamma$		4.45		2.29
pp	470.4	4.78	247.0	1.80

MRST2004 PDF set, LHC 14 TeV, DIS scheme, $\mu_F = 2m_t$

- Corrections of one percent, consistent with naïve estimate
- Large contribution from $g\gamma$ (competing effects: PDF $\leftrightarrow \alpha \alpha_s$)
- Strong cancellations between qq (<0) and gg/ $g\gamma$ (>0)
- Possible cancellation between weak and photonic corrections
- PDF uncertainty of $g\gamma$ contribution?

[Hollik, Kollar '08]

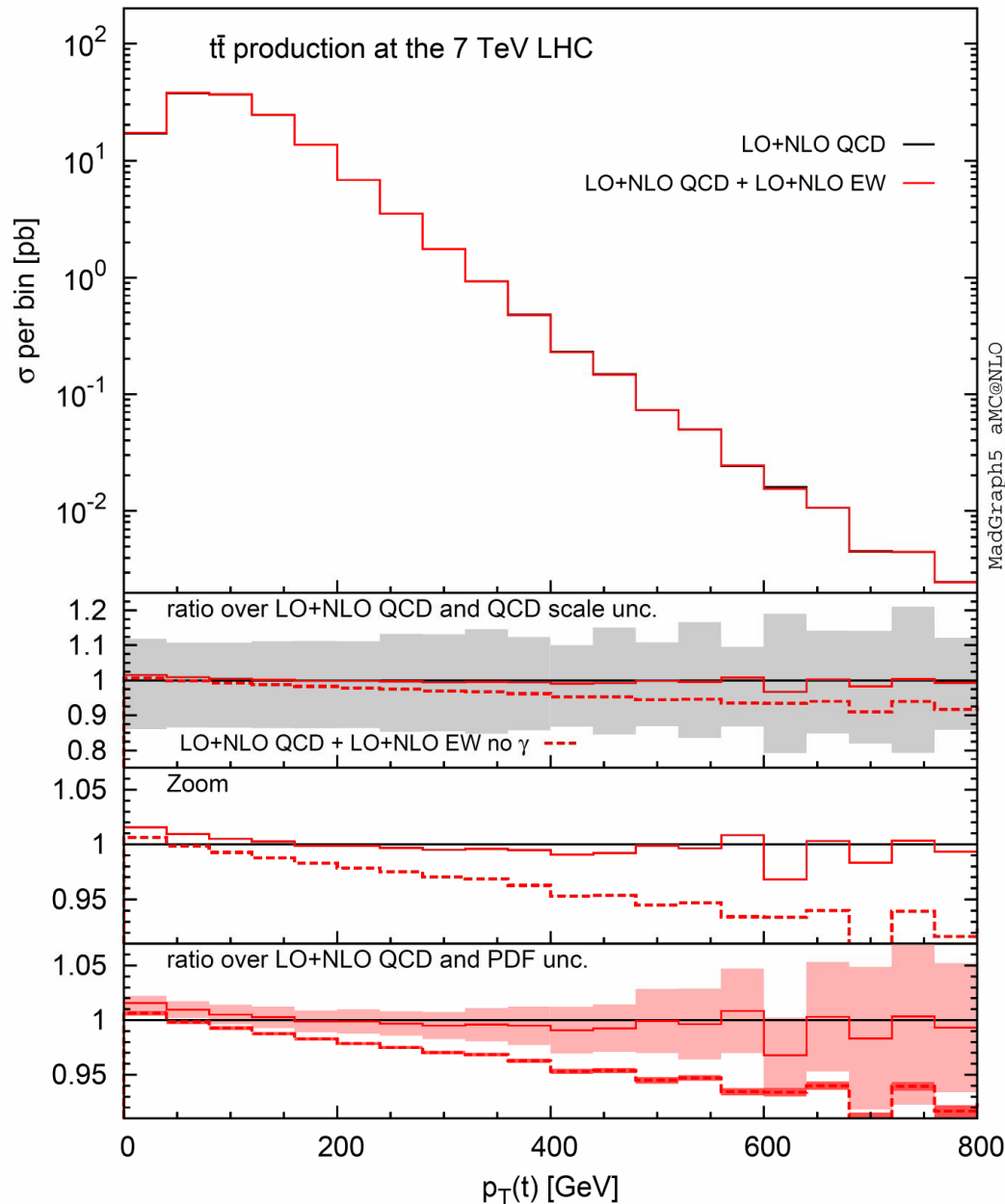


- Sizeable corrections due to logarithmically enhanced final state radiation not cancelled by virtual corrections in case of non-inclusive quantities

Further studies required:

- Impact of updated PDF's i.e. NNPDF, CTEQ14QED
- Uncertainty of the photon induced contributions
- Alternative scale setting
 - Phase space dependent scale
 - $\mu = m_t$
- Impact of different factorization schemes
 - DIS versus MS

Impact of photon PDF



Preliminary,
Plot provided by [Davide
Pagani and Marco Zaro]

NNPDF2.3QED

Solid: full EW including
contribution with photons in
the initial state

Dashed: full EW without γ in
the initial state

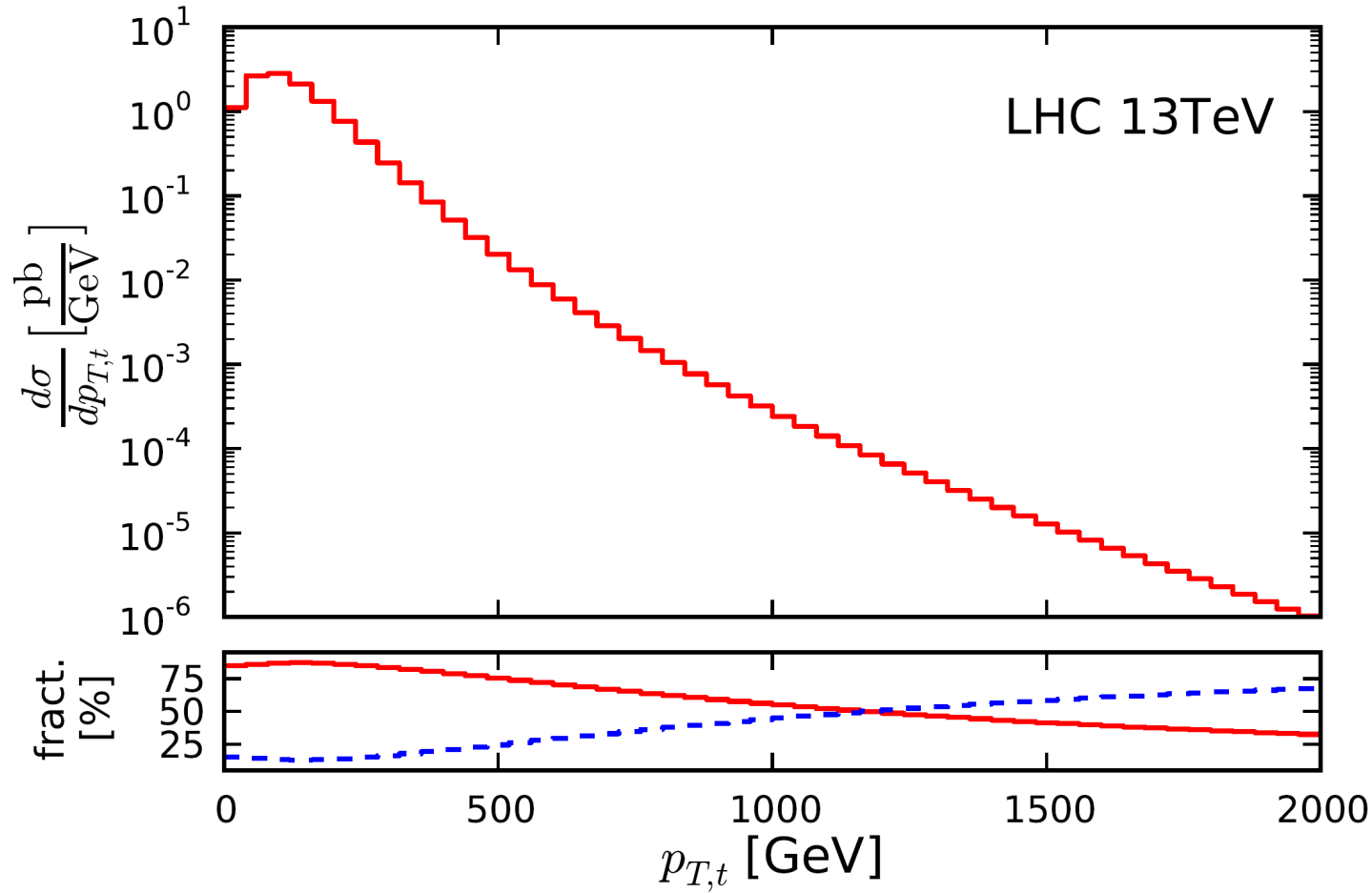
Band: PDF uncertainty

- Weak corrections to incl. cross section $O(1-2\%)$
- Large negative corrections to distributions at large momentum transfer (-15% for $p_T=1.5\text{TeV}$) from weak corrections
- However: possible cancellations between weak corrections and photonic/real corrections
- QED corrections reduce effects (for $p_T < 800\text{ GeV}$) however at the price of introducing “large” pdf uncertainties, what happens for $p_T > 800\text{ GeV}$?
- Improvements on Photon PDF's ?

gg/qq fraction as function of $p_{T,t}$



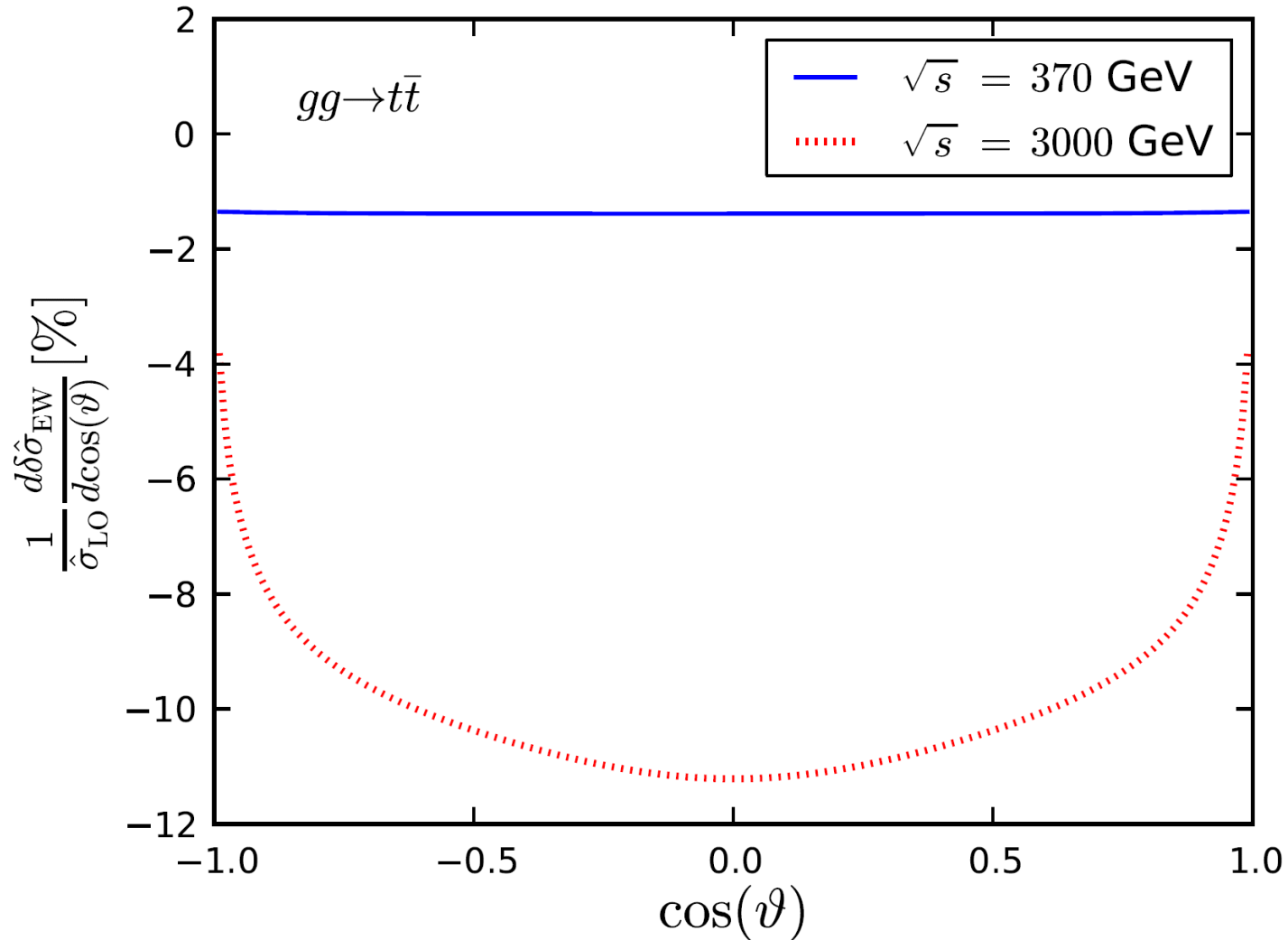
[Kühn,Scharf,PU '14]



Weak corrections at the parton level

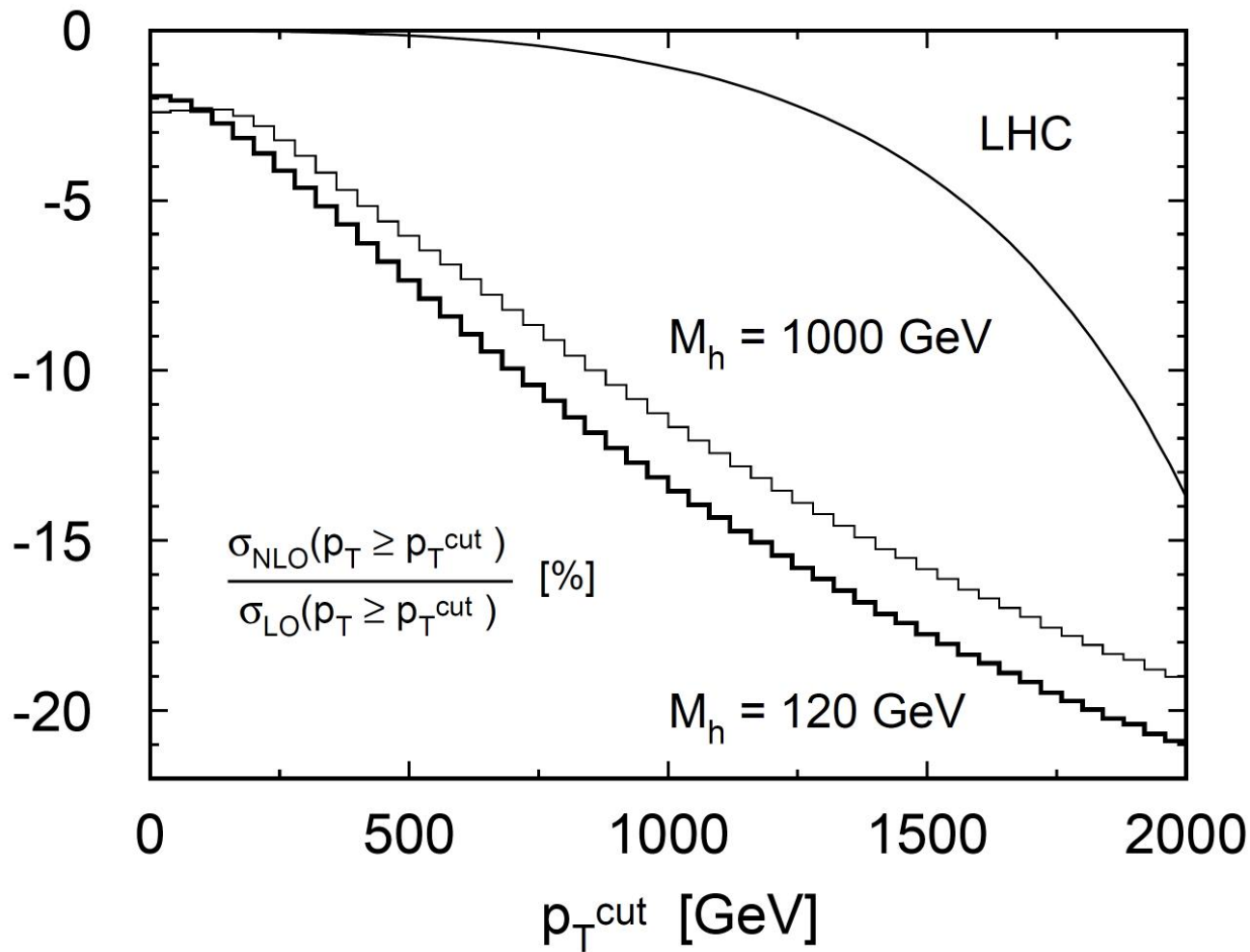


[Kühn,Scharf,PU '14]



Rough estimate of statistical uncertainties

[Kühn,Scharf,PU '06]



LHC 14 TeV, 200 1/fb, no tagging efficiencies taken into account

Weak effects in qq at parton level



[Kühn,Scharf,PU '05]

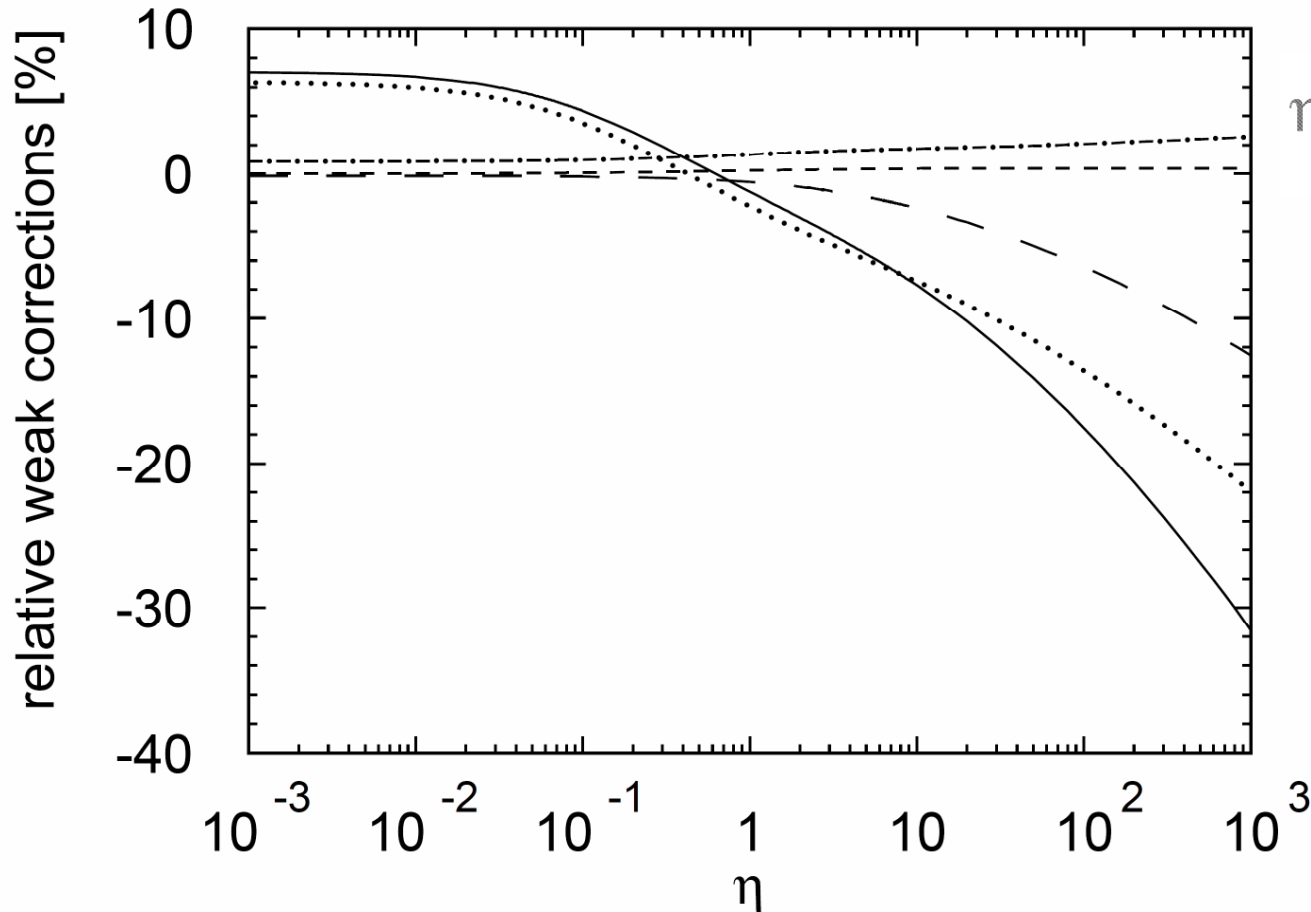


Figure IV.3: Different contributions to the electroweak corrections for incoming up-quarks: Initial vertices (long-dashed), final vertices (dotted), EW-box (dash-dotted), QCD-box (dashed). The sum is shown as a full line.

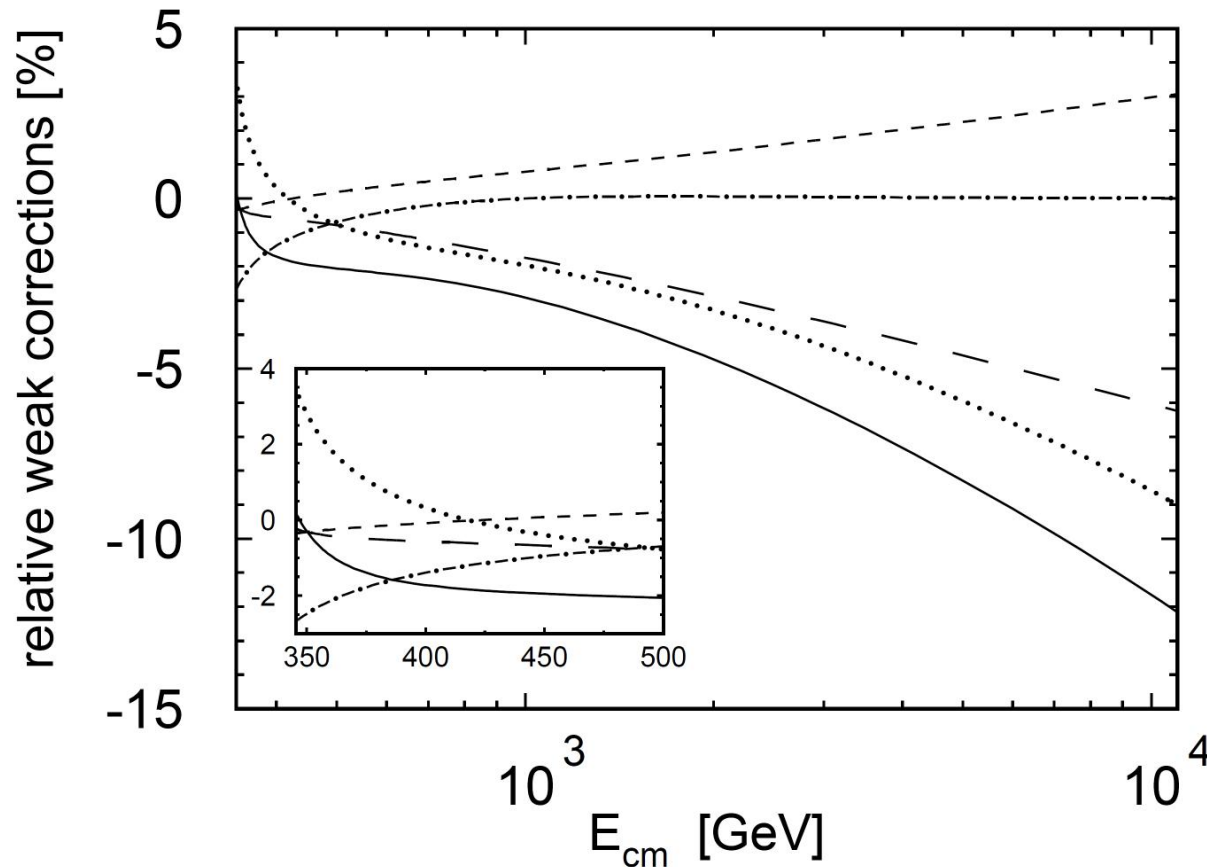


Figure III.1: Different contributions to the electroweak corrections: Vertices (long-dashed), self-energies (dashed), boxes (dotted), triangles (dash-dotted). The sum is shown as full line.