



Beamline Control System of HEPS

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On behalf of Beamline Control Group

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Outline



- I. Beamline overview
- II. Beamline control system
- III. Interface to other systems
- IV. Design consideration of BCS
- V. Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF
- VI. Current status and future work
- VII. Summary



1、 Beamline overview



- 14 Beamlines+1 testing beamline

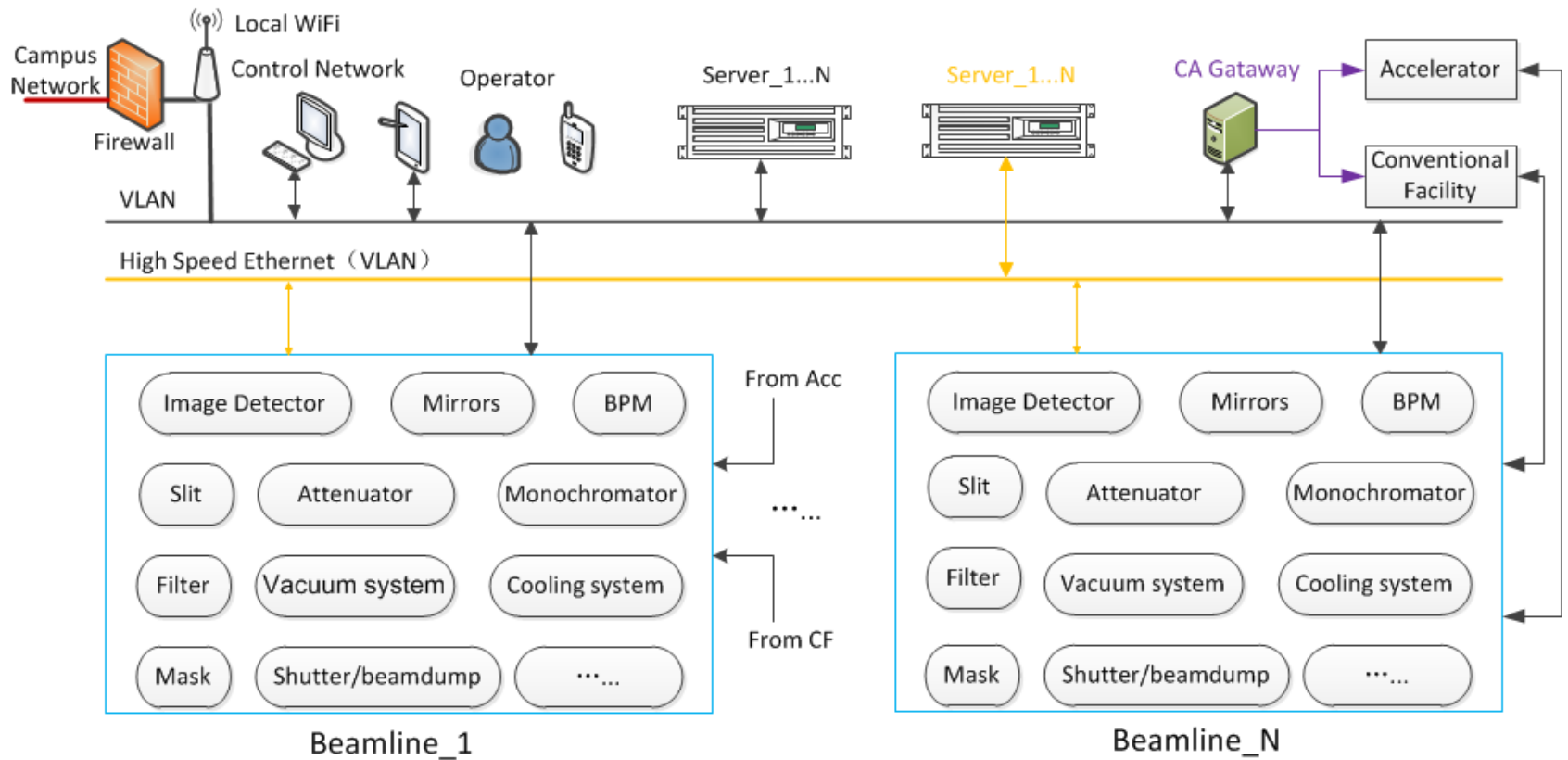
| No. | Beamline |
|-----|---|
| 1 | Engineering Materials Beamline |
| 2 | Hard X-ray NANoprobe Multimodal Imaging (NAMI) Beamline |
| 3 | Structural Dynamics Beamline (SDB) |
| 4 | Hard X-ray Coherent Scattering Beamline |
| 5 | Hard X-ray High Energy Resolution Spectroscopy (HX-HERS) Beamline |
| 6 | High Pressure Beamline |
| 7 | Hard X-Ray Imaging Beamline |
| 8 | X-ray Absorption Spectroscopy Beamline |
| 9 | Low-Dimension Structure Probe (LODISP) Beamline |
| 10 | Microfocusing X-ray Protein Crystallography Beamline |
| 11 | Pink Beam SAXS |
| 12 | High Resolution Nanoscale Electronic Structure Spectroscopy (high-NESS) |
| 13 | Transmission X-ray Microscope Beamline |
| 14 | Tender X-ray beamline |



1、 Beamline overview



- 14 Beamlines+1 testing beamline



2、 Beamline control system



- Principle of beamline control system
 - Stability
 - Availability
 - Reliability
 - Flexibility
 - Extendibility
 - Real Time



2、 Beamline control system



- Tasks of beamline control system
 - To achieve the desired X-ray
 - Ease the scientist at experimental endstations
 - Control and monitor all the equipments of beamlines
 - Detect the position of X-ray beam
 - Protect the people/equipment from hazard, and send alarm and issue information.
 - Provide friendly OPIs, robust and efficient communications tools and rich application tools
 - Archive and retrieve the data of beamline



2、 Beamline control system



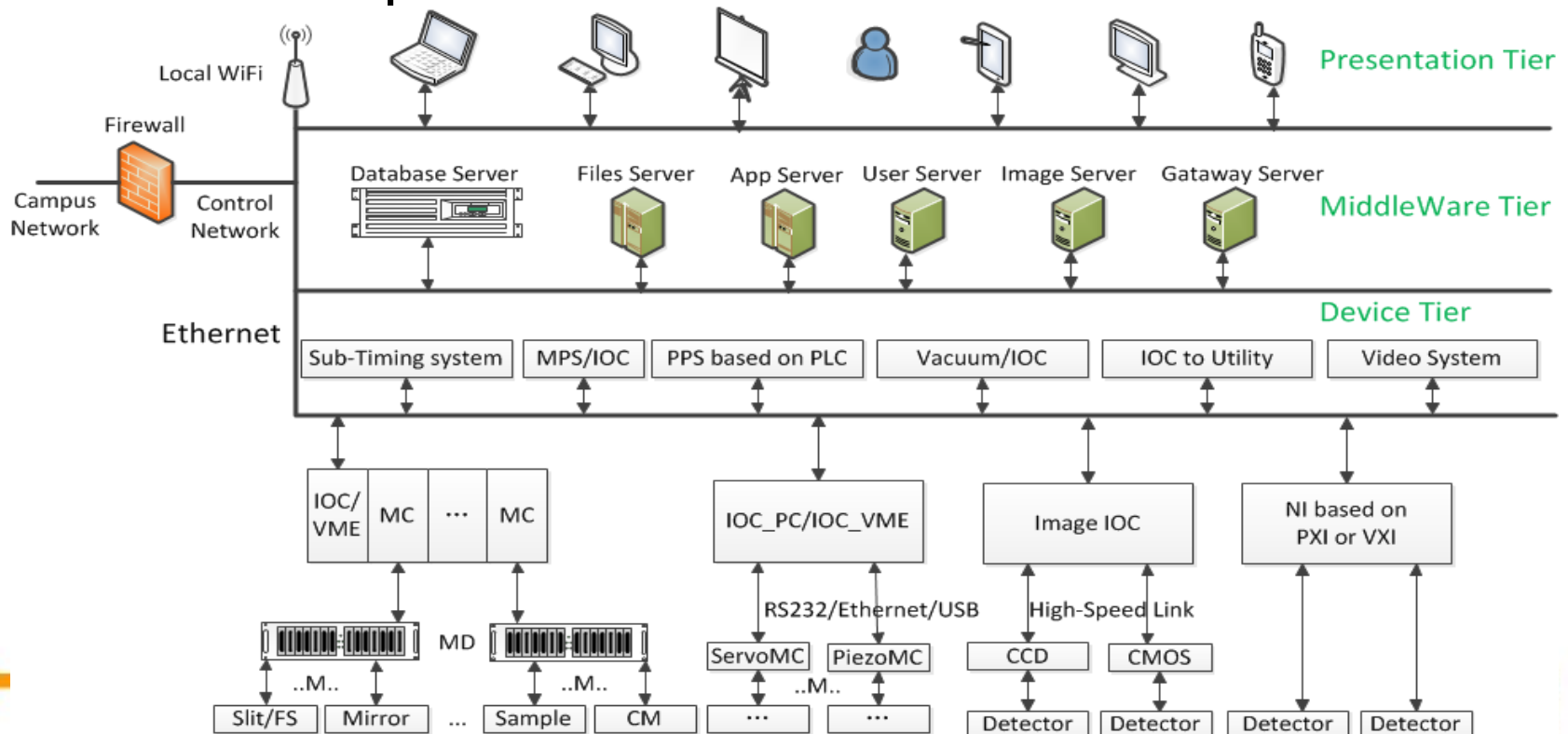
- Scope of beamline control system
 - Motion control system(including Fly-scan)
 - Beam Position Monitoring system
 - Vacuum control system
 - Cryo-cooling and water-cooling system
 - Data Acquisition
 - Equipment Protection System(EPS)
 - Personnel Protection System(PPS)
 - Timing and Synchronisation
 - *Compute server and network system(IT Division)*
 - Etc.



2、 Beamline control system



- Beamline control system will be designed and built, based on standardization, modularity and commercial products



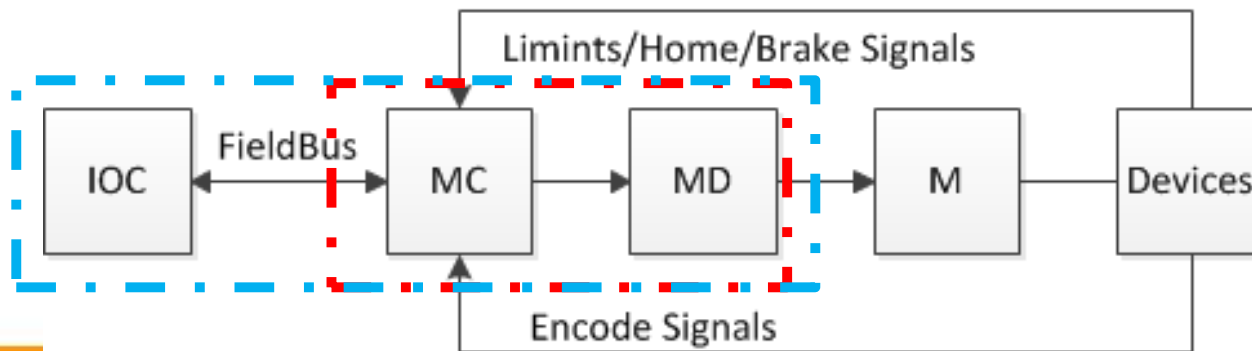
The Hardware Architecture of Beamline Control System

2、 Beamline control system



- Motion Control System

- Drive the optical elements(such as: mirror, slit, attenuator, monochromator, filter, etc) to get satisfied X-ray beam.
- Be critical subsystem of the beamline control system
- Motor type on a beamline
 - step motor, servo motor and piezo motor



2、 Beamline control system



- Motion Control System

- Control function of motor controller(and driver)
 - ✓ Make moves in relative and absolute mode
 - ✓ Make a move at a constant velocity
 - ✓ Trapezoidal and S-curve velocity profiles
 - ✓ Coordinated multi-axis motions
 - ✓ Abort a move
 - ✓ Adjust velocity, acceleration, and *jerk* for a move



2、 Beamline control system



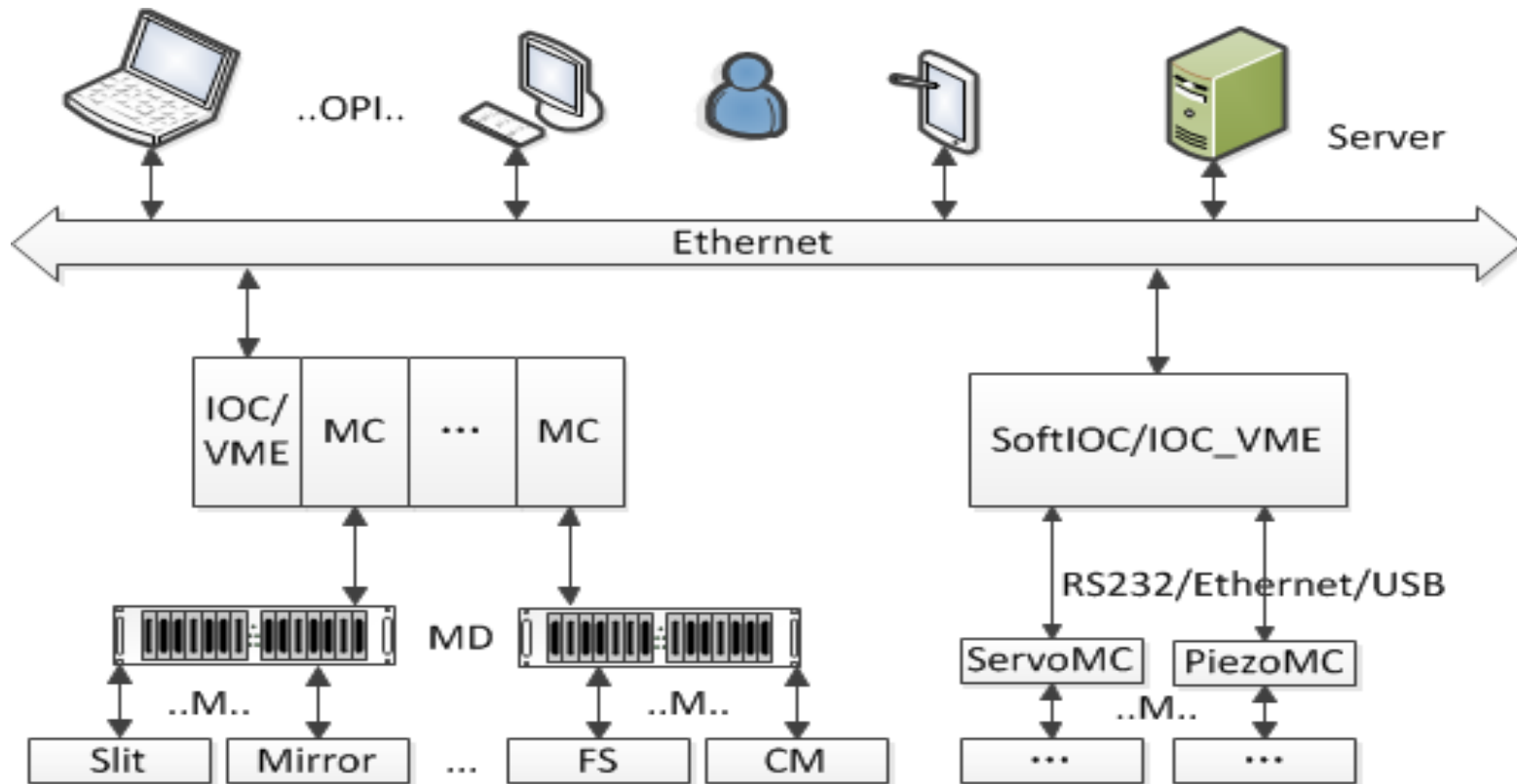
- Motion Control System
 - Control function of motor controller(and driver)
 - ✓ Setting of upper and lower *soft* limits
 - ✓ Calibration and Selection of homing algorithm
 - ✓ Holding current
 - ✓ Microsteps per full step
 - ✓ Etc.



2、 Beamline control system



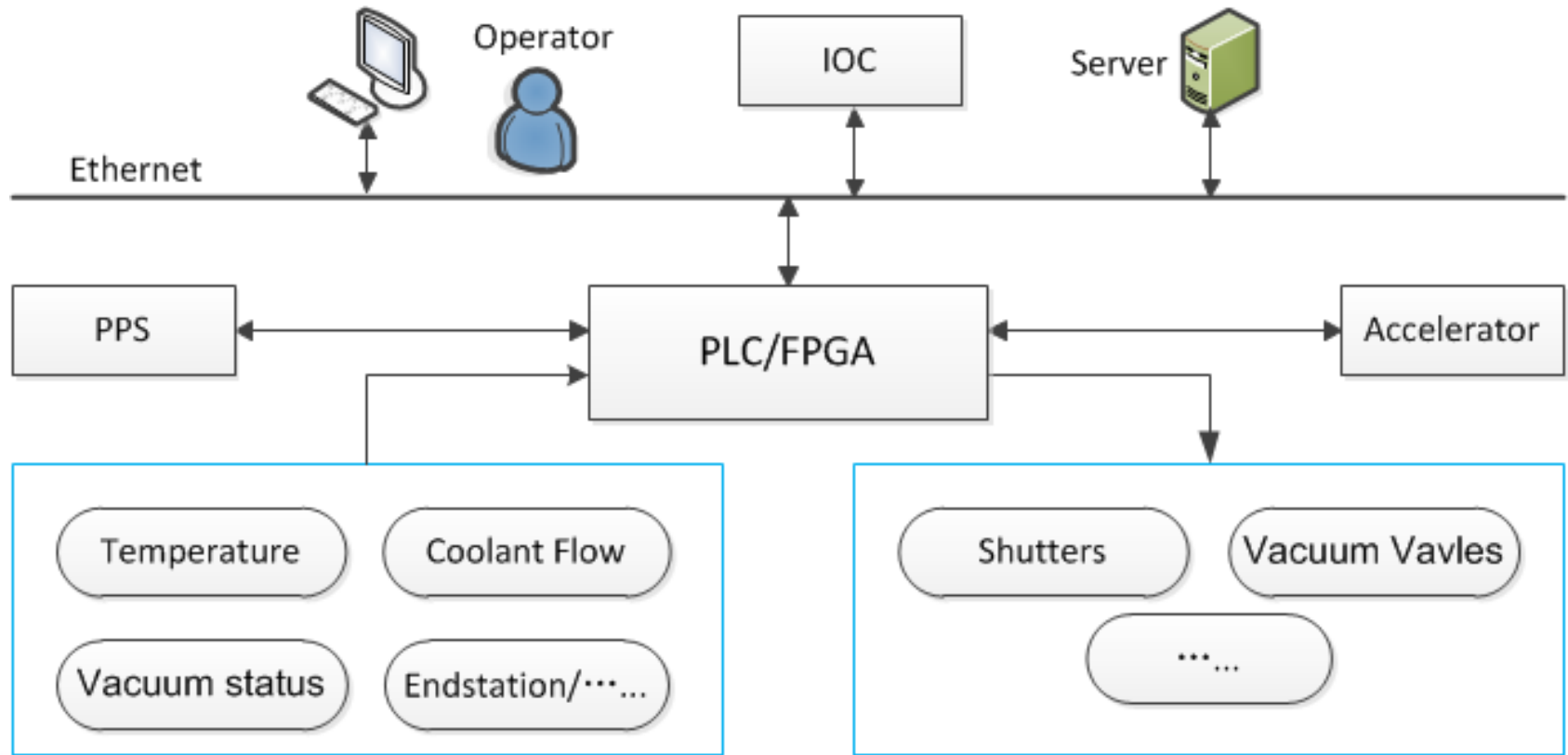
- Motion Control System



2、 Beamline control system



- Equipment Protection System(EPS)



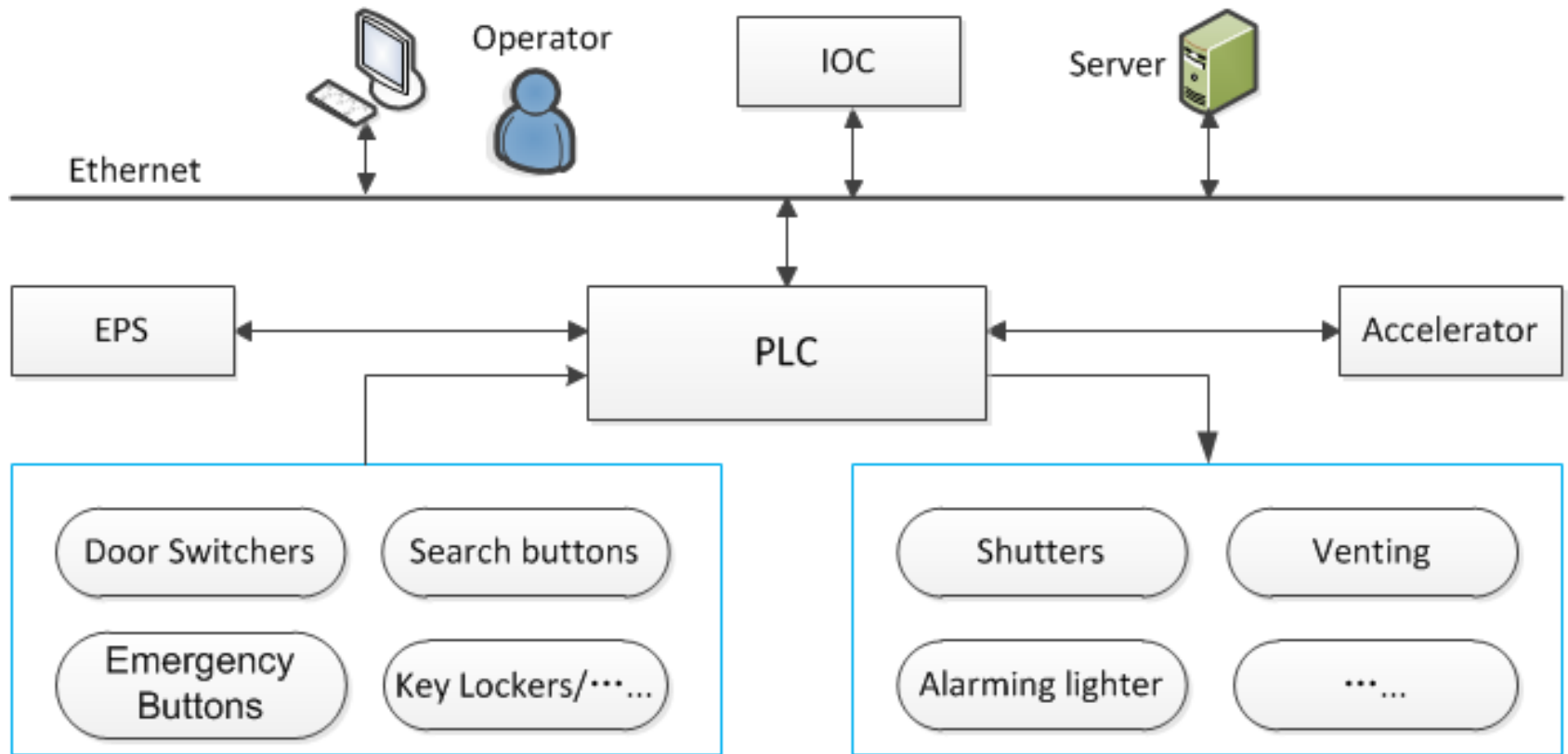
The EPS Architecture of Beamline_X



2、 Beamline control system



- Personnel Protection System(PPS)



The PPS Architecture of Beamline_X



3、 Interface to other systems



- Interface to accelerator control system
 - Insertion Device (undulator/wiggler)
 - Machine Protection System
 - Personnel Protection System
 - Timing system.
 - Storage ring revolution clock.
 - Injection signal
 - RF clock to some stations
 - Get information from accelerator, such as beam current, beam mode, etc.



3、 Interface to other systems



- Interface to conventional facility system
 - Flow of water-cooling system
 - Temperature(water, environment)
 - Pressure(cooling water, compressed air)
 - Power status
 - Etc.



4、 Design consideration of BCS



- PV naming convention
- The coordinate system convention
- Hardware
- Software



4、 Design consideration of BCS



- PV naming convention

- Each PV has an unique name in beamline control network
- Rules of PV name are almost consistent with the accelerator's naming convention
- System and device hierarchies allow flexibility in naming

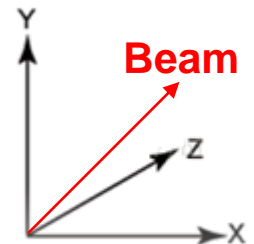


4、 Design consideration of BCS



- The coordinate system convention
 - The coordinate system convention follows a left-hand rule
 - The positive z-axis is parallel to the direction of x-ray beam propagation
 - The y-axis is positive in the vertical direction towards the ceiling
 - Standard definition of cartesian and rotation axes

Left-handed Cartesian Coordinates

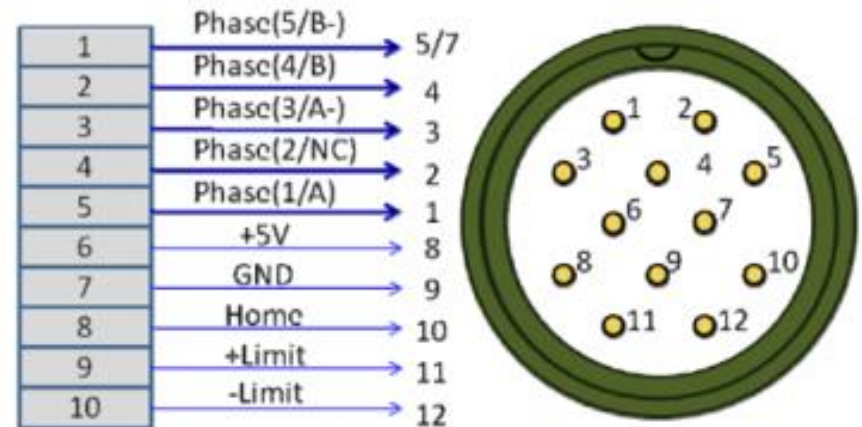


4、 Design consideration of BCS



- **Alternative Hardware**

- VME_CPU
- VME_Crate: 7/21 slot
- Motor Controller/Driver
- PLC: Yokogawa/Allen Bradley/Siemens/domestic PLC
- Transition board: one for eight
- Electrical cable
- Etc.



4、 Design consideration of BCS



- Software

- OS: Linux
- OPI:CSS(-->Phoebus), EPICS Qt
- EPICS/synApps modules
 - Motor, Transform, Sscan, busy
 - AreaDetector
 - Optics
 - Autosave
 - devlocStats
 - etc

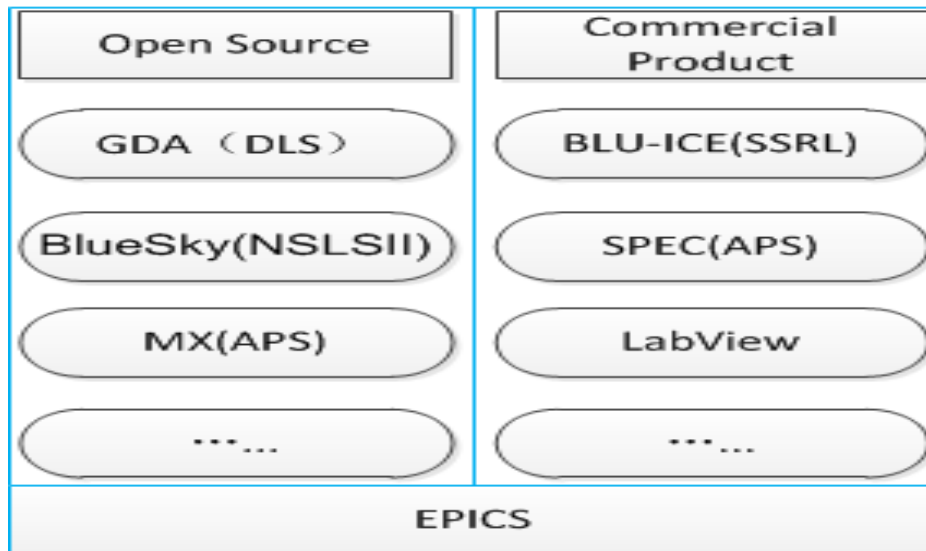


4、 Design consideration of BCS



- Software

- Experimental endstation software



- Evaluate and select it with beamline scientists



5、 Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF



- Control of Long Trace Profiler (LTP)
- Control of the bending focusing mirror
 - Control of the Long Bending Focusing Mirror
 - Control of the K-B Bending Focusing Mirror
- Cryogenic control of Monochromator with liquid nitrogen

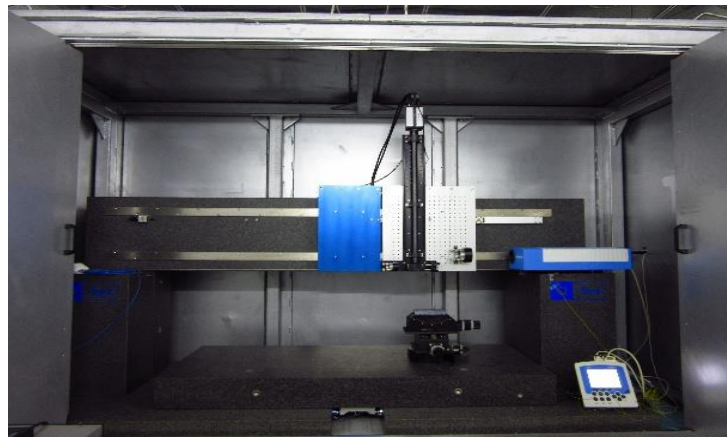


5、 Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF



• Control of the Long Trace Profiler

- The LTP is a high accuracy optics profile detection instrument
- Measure high accuracy slope trajectory in a long optical surface



LTP---Long Trace Profiler

Based on: Scan detection

Scan area: 1.5m*0.3m

Positional Accuracy: 1 μ m



Andor camera:

Image pixels: 2048 * 2048

Physical pixel: 6.5 μ m*6.5 μ m

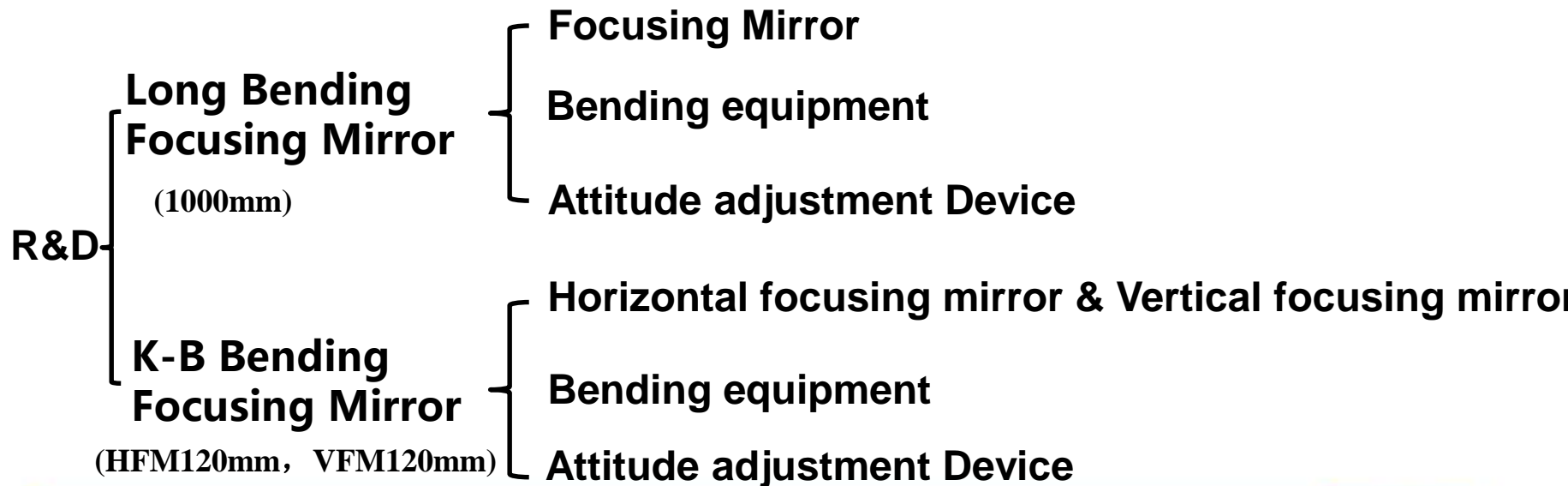


5、Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF



- **Control of the bending focusing mirror(BFM)**

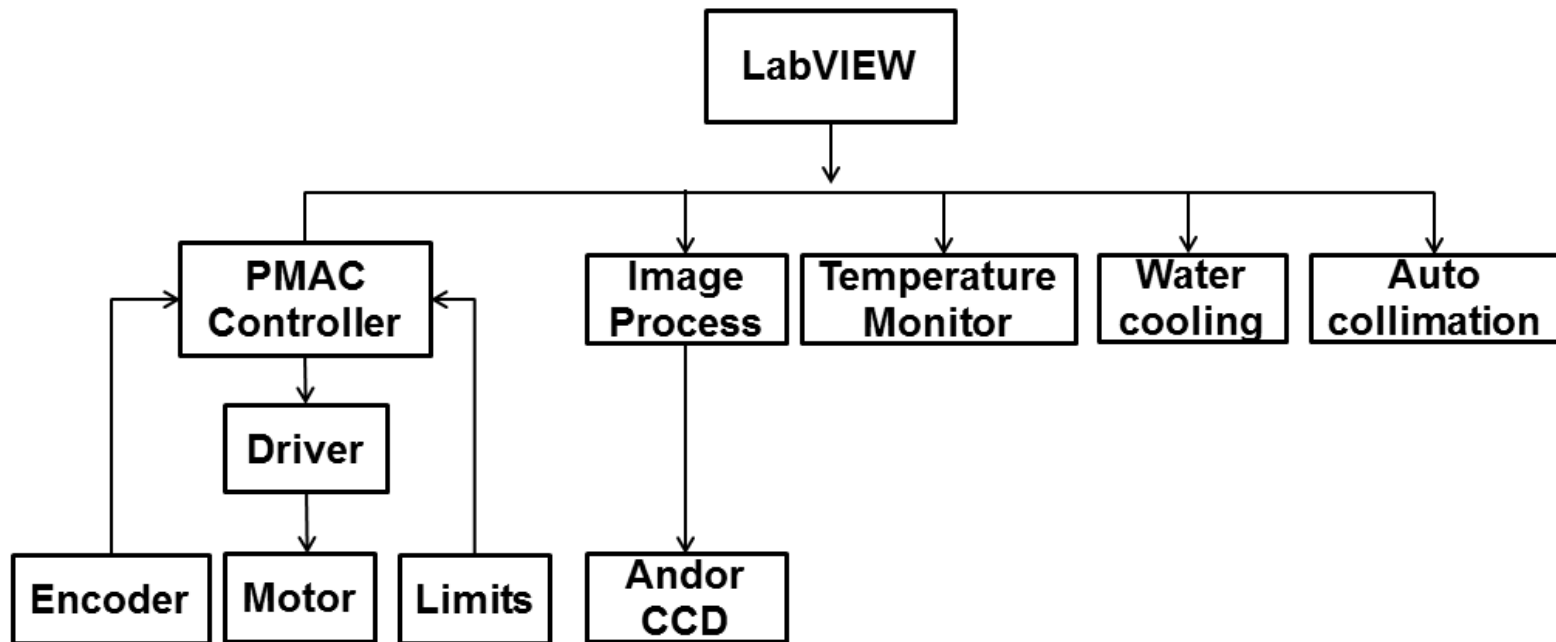
- BFM's are critical components
- High profile accuracy at low cost
- Adjusted and corrected easily



5、Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF



- Control of the Long Trace Profiler(LTP)
- Control of the bending focusing mirror(BFM)



The control structure of LTP(BFM)



5、Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF



• Cryogenic control of Monochromator with LN

Working condition

- Used as first optical component
- High thermal load
- High thermal power and power density deform the crystal

Performance

- Fine resolution of homogeneous X-ray energy
- High flux on sample
- Smaller crystal deformation

Monochromators are cooled by LN

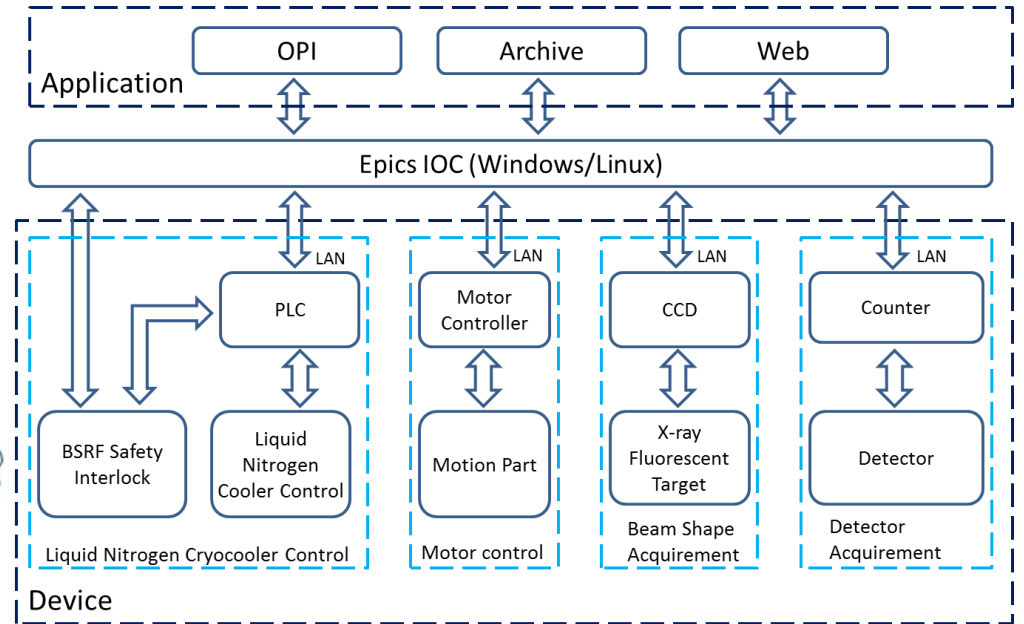
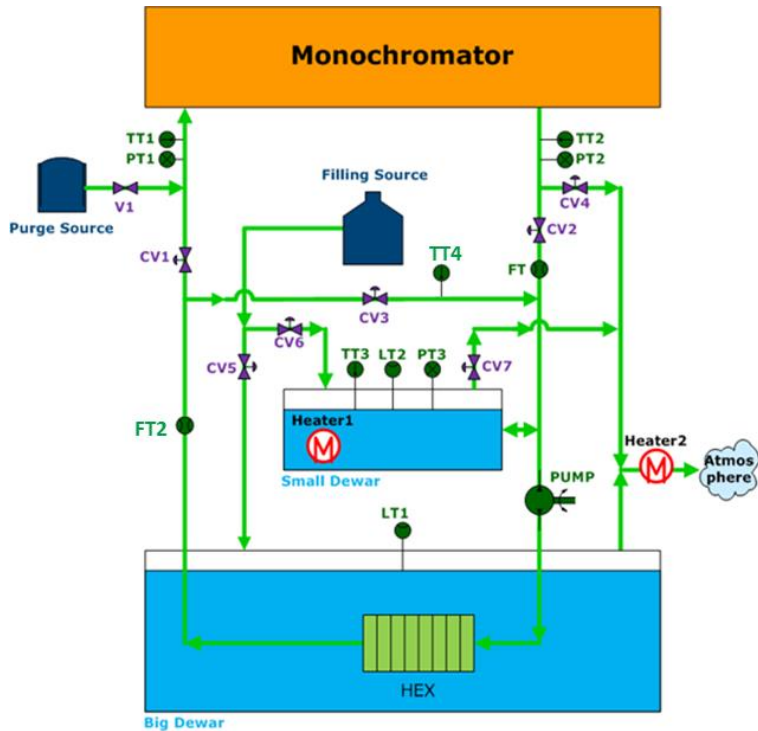
| Items | Technique Specification |
|--|--------------------------|
| Energy range (keV): | 5~20 |
| Crystal: | Si (111) |
| Accuracy of X-ray export height (mm): | ± 0.1 |
| expand of rocking curve caused by thermal load | <10% |
| Thermal power received by crystal (W) : | <800 |
| Peak of thermal power density received by crystal (W/mm ²) : | <10 |
| Cryogen: | Liquid Nitrogen (77K) |
| Static vacuum (Pa) : | <10 ⁻⁴ |
| pressure fluctuate in small dewar | $\leq \pm 1.5\text{KPa}$ |



5、Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF



- Cryogenic control of Monochromator with LN



The control structure of Monochromator with LN

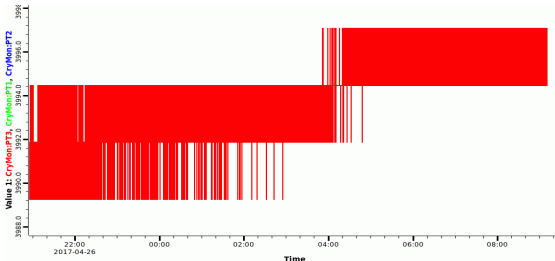
Flow chart of Monochromator with LN



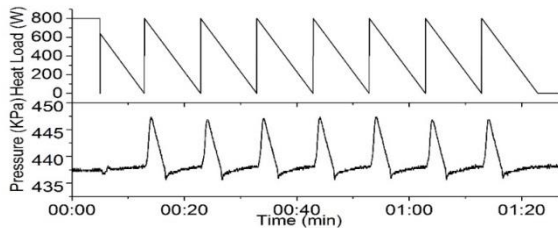
5、Tasks finished in the HEPS-TF



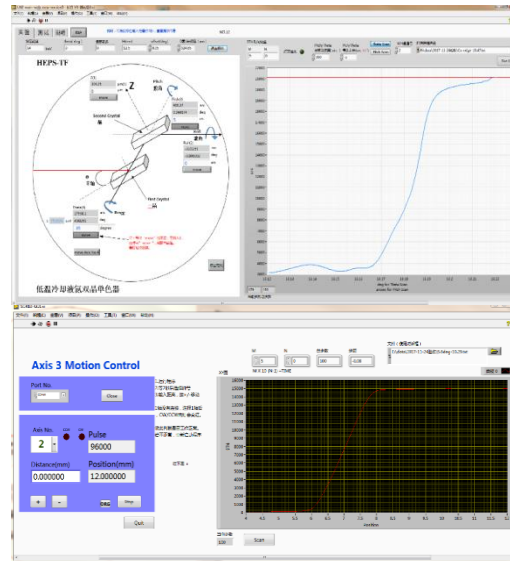
- Cryogenic control of Monochromator with LN
 - ✓ Offline: test at 15# experimental hall
 - Pressure $\pm 0.55\text{Kpa}$ @ 4bar in small dewar
 - ✓ Online : test in 3W1 Beamline at 13# hall
 - Cu absorption edge is measured



Offline: Pressure fluctuate in 12 hours



Offline: Pressure chart with 800W Heat load triangular wave variety



Online: Motor control GUI



Offline test in BSRF 15# experimental hall

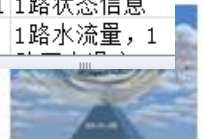


6、Current status and future work



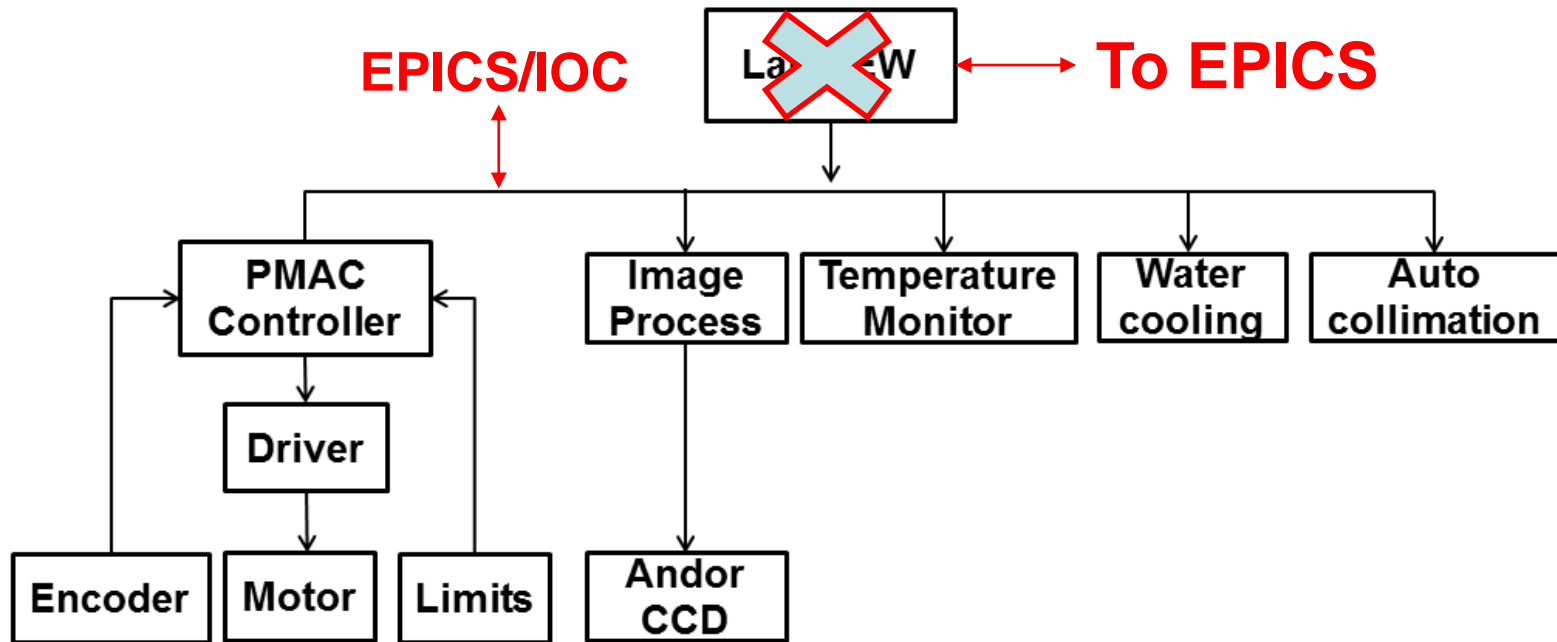
- Preliminary control requirements have been done

| A | B | X | Y | Z | AA | AB | AC | AD | AE | AF | AG | AH | AI | AJ | AK | AL | |
|--------|------|----------|----------------------------|----------|----|------|-------------------------|----------|------|------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----|----|----|----|---|
| 附表2-2 | | | 汇率(基本以人民币价格为准, 根据汇率浮动调整外汇) | | | | 设备及软件名称注释: 需尽量写到设备规格注释: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 附表2-3 | 6.85 | | | | | | HEPS项目设备及软件购置明细表 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 附表2-4 | | | | 5 523.30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 备注 | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | | | | | | |
| | | 设备 | 到光源距离m | | | 区域划分 | 电机类型 | 电机轴数 | 调节类型 | 其他信号数 | 其他信号类型 | | | | | 数量 | |
| 前端区 | | 扁管 | 30.1-32.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| | | 闸板阀 | 31.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| | | 三通管(三通泵) | 32.1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| | | 波纹管 | 32.2-32.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| | | 固定光阑 | 32.6 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| 入口金刚石窗 | | 金刚石窗 | 32.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 |
| | | 白光吸收片 | 33.5 | | | | | 步进电机+编码器 | 4 | 4轴垂直 | 6 | 1路水流量, 1路回水温度, 4路状态信息(是否在光路中) | | | | | 2 |
| | | 波纹管 | 34.0-34.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | 侧接离子泵1 | 34.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | 波纹管 | 34.2-34.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | 白光BPM1 | 34.5 | | | | | 步进电机+编码器 | 3 | 2轴扫描, 1轴垂直 | 4 | 4路电流信号 | | | | | 2 |
| | | 波纹管 | 34.6-35.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | Mask | 35.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | 波纹管 | 35.0-35.2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | 切致辐射准直器 | 35.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| | | 波纹管 | 35.8-36.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 7 | |
| | | 白光荧光靶1 | 36.5 | | | | 气动 | 1 | 1轴垂直 | 2 | 1路状态信息, 1路视频信号 | | | | | | |
| | | 侧接离子泵2 | 36.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 波纹管 | 36.6-36.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 插板阀1 | 36.8 | | | | 气动 | 1 | 1轴气动 | 1 | 1路状态信息 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | 1轴镜箱平 | | 1路水流量, 1 | | | | | | | |



6、 Current status and future work

- Integrate Labview-based control tasks into EPICS



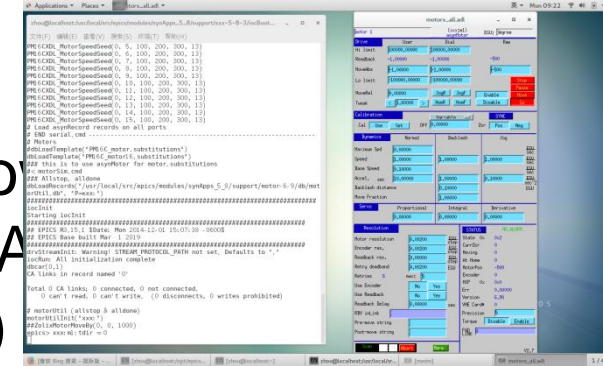
The control structure of LTP(BFM)



6、 Current status and future work



- Prototypes of BCS will be built
 - Motion control system
 - Investigation: Geo Brick LV(→Po (used in NSLSII,DLS), VME58/MA APS,CLS,SSRF), PM16C(BSRF)
 - Goal: the standard motion control module
 - Data acquisition
 - Interlock system based on PLC(EPS/PPS)



6、 Current status and future work



- Man power
 - New team formed in April 2018, from 4 to 8 people eventually
 - 4 from accelerator division
 - 4 from beamline division
 - Recruit 2~3 in the coming year



6、 Current status and future work



- Collaboration and training
 - Plan: cooperate closely with other synchrotron complex (SSRF, Spring8, DLS, NSLSII, ESRF, etc)
 - Invite experts from other similar beamlines to train/support
 - Send members of control team members to existing similar facilities to learn/exchange



6、 Current status and future work



- Collaboration and training
 - Work tightly with beamline scientists
 - Ensure all control requirements are clearly defined and understood
 - Specific requirements will be detailed more separately for each of the beamline
 - Identify the difficult applications and solve them as soon as possible



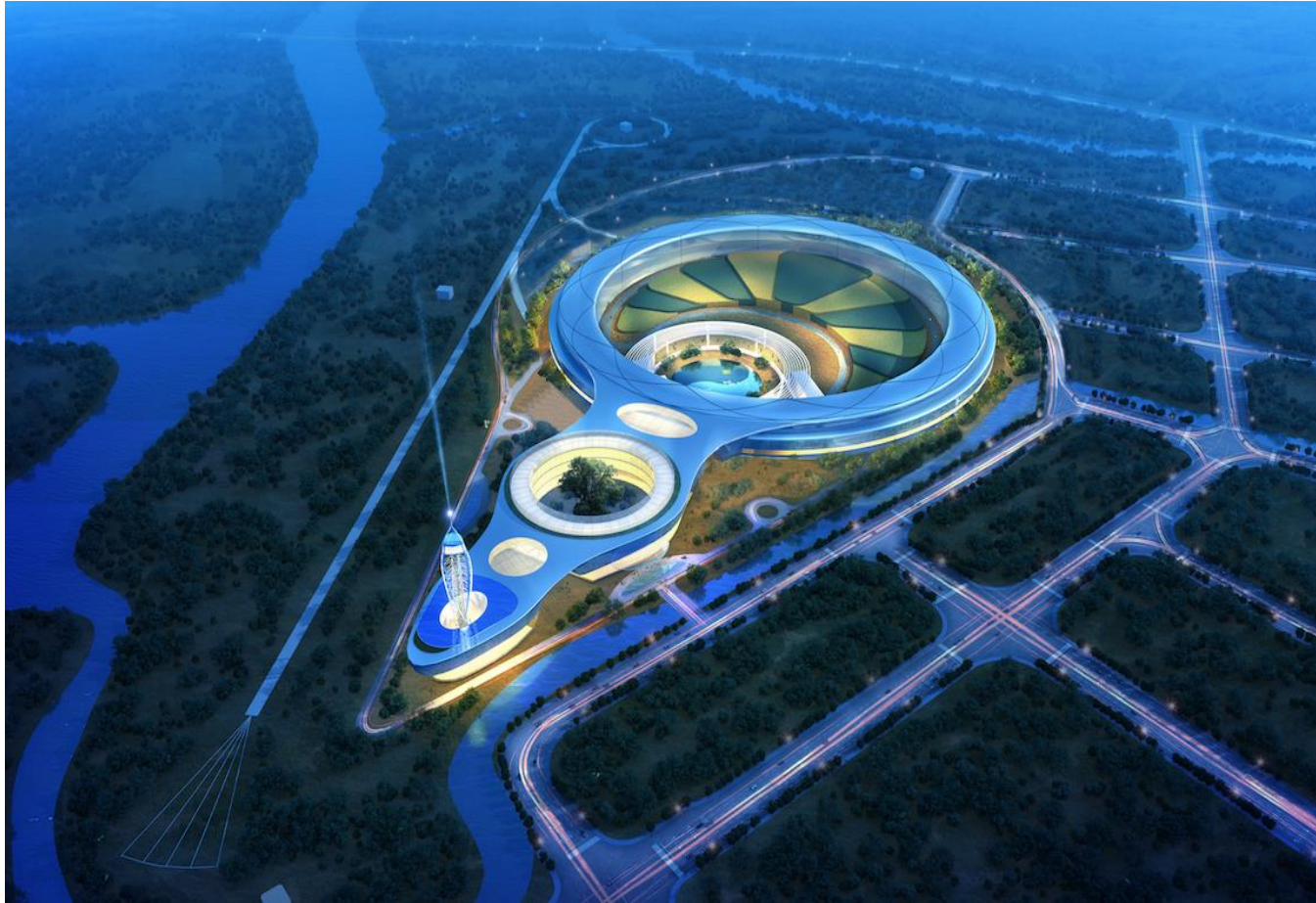
7、 Summary



- Requirements have been discussed with beamline scientists
 - Clarify basic control requirements
 - Budgets have been estimated
 - Methods toward standardizations have been studied
 - to make the rapid development and easy maintenance
 - Beamline control techniques have been investigated and discussed
 - Prototypes will be built
 - Share design idea and software/FPGA experience with accelerator control of HEPS
 - EPICS, PLC, PPS, MPS and so on
 - Hope to get collaborations with other labs
 - Share/reuse experience/work done in other facilities
-



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Thanks for your attention

There are many difficulties. Hope lies in it.

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