

*Search for lepton-flavor-violating decays of the Tau lepton  
at a future muon collider*

*Based on arXiv: 2106.00505*

*by*

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*Presented by*

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**Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM)  
School of Particles and Accelerators**

## Outline

- *Lepton-flavor-violating Tau decays via Axion-like particles*
- *Signal process & SM backgrounds*
- *Analysis & polarization-induced effects*
- *Expected limits*

## LFV Tau decay via Axion-like particles

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{i \neq j} \frac{\partial_\mu a}{2f_a} \bar{l}_i \gamma^\mu (c_{l_i l_j}^V + c_{l_i l_j}^A \gamma_5) l_j \quad l_i = e, \mu, \tau$$

### Assumed chiral structures

- **V+A**:  $c_{l_i l_j}^V (1 + \gamma_5)$
- **V-A**:  $c_{l_i l_j}^V (1 - \gamma_5)$
- **V/A**:  $c_{l_i l_j}^V = 0$  **or**  $c_{l_i l_j}^A = 0$



$$\tau \rightarrow e a$$

$$\tau \rightarrow \mu a$$

$$100 \text{ eV} \leq m_a \leq 1 \text{ MeV}$$

$$c_{\tau e}$$

$$c_{\tau \mu}$$

V+A  
V-A  
V/A

V+A  
V-A  
V/A

**Research objectives:**  
**Computing limits on**

## Strong CP problem

- $\mathcal{L}_{\text{strong CP}} = \bar{\theta} \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} G_{a\mu\nu} \tilde{G}_a^{\mu\nu}$

- Explicitly CP-violating

- But neutron e.d.m.  $|d_n| < 10^{-25} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm}$

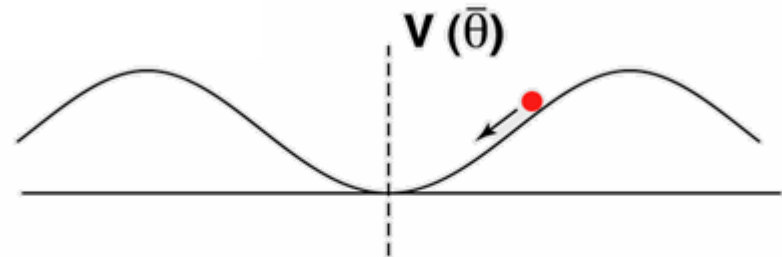
- $\bar{\theta} \leq 10^{-10}$

- Strong-CP preserving

*There is NO reason  
NOT to have  
CP-violation in QCD*

## Peccei-Quinn

- $\bar{\theta}$  a dynamical variable



- $\bar{\theta}$  dynamically  $\rightarrow 0$

*a new pseudoscalar boson: AXION*

$$m_a \propto \frac{1}{f}$$



*Axion-like Particles*

## Strong CP problem

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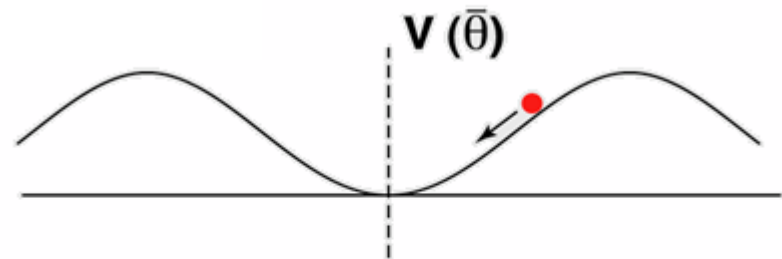
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## Peccei-Quinn

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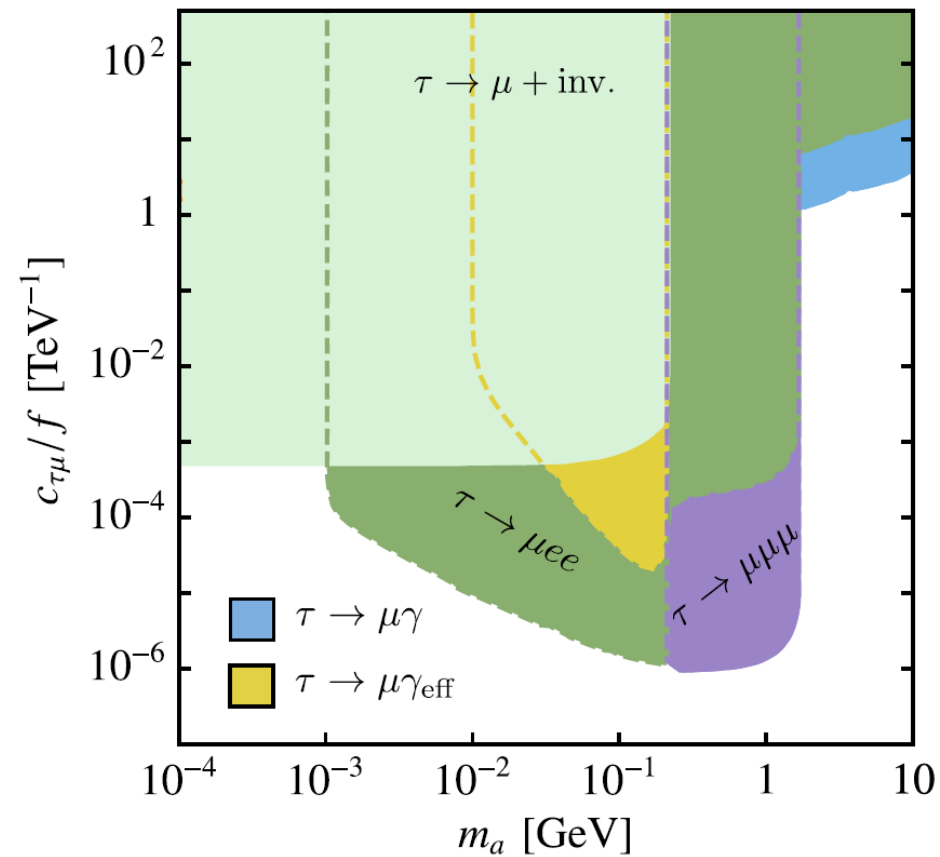
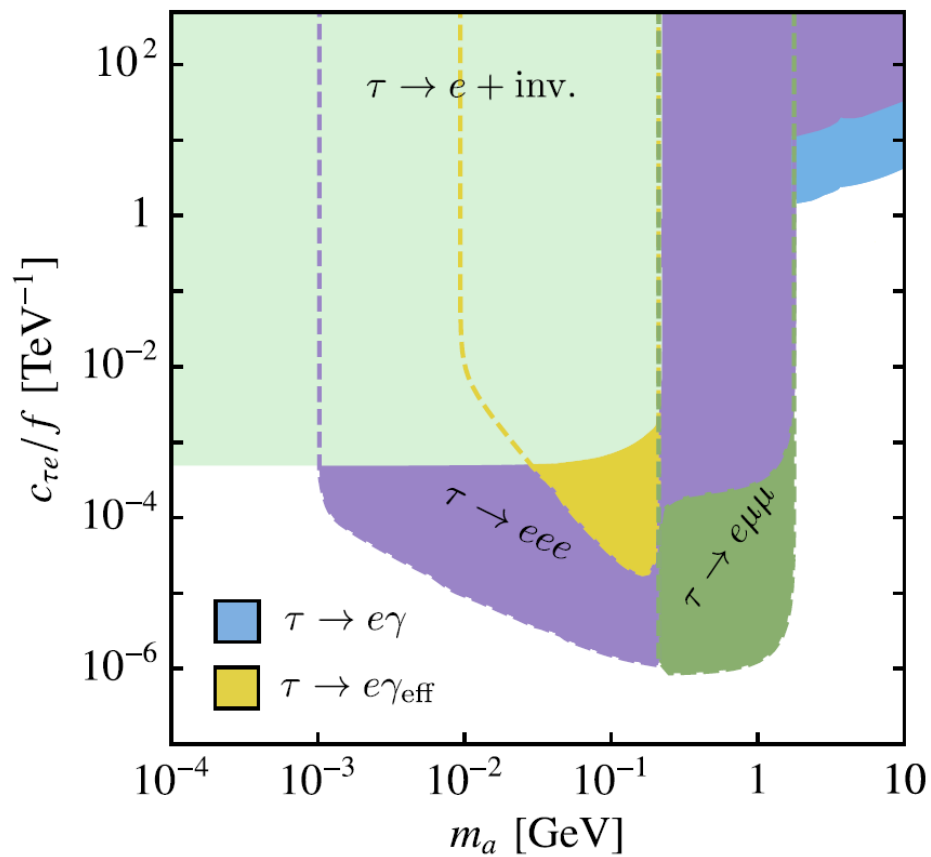
*a new pseudoscalar boson: AXION*

$$m_a \propto \frac{1}{f}$$

## Motivations

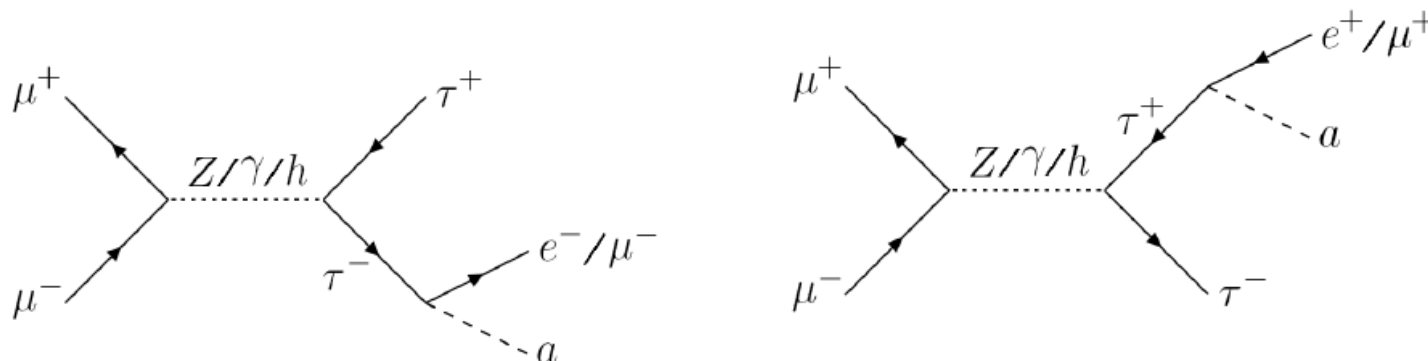
- Strong CP problem
- Observed baryon asymmetry
- Anomalous magnetic moments of  $\mu$  and  $e$
- Dark matter

# Current experimental limits



*arXiv: 1908.00008v1*

# Signal process



Muon Accelerator Program

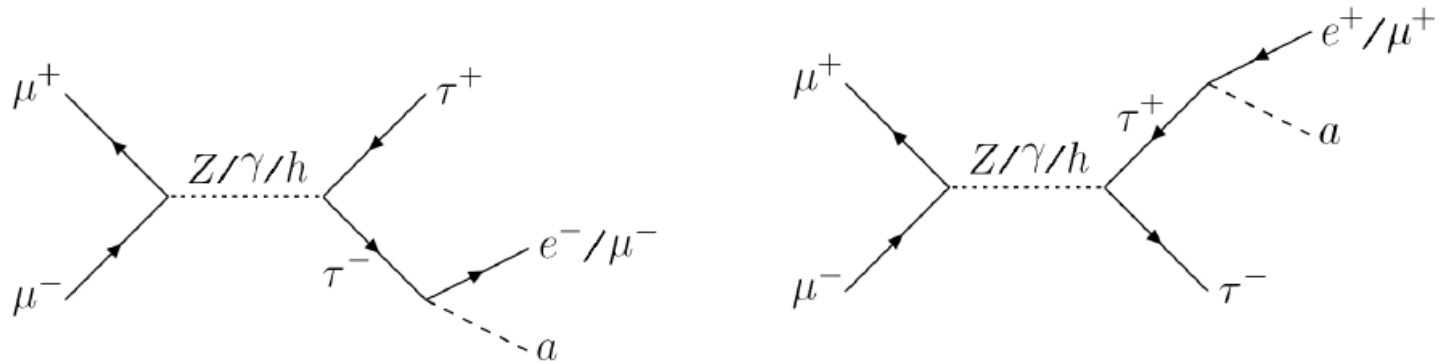
## Muon colliders motivations

- *More efficient*
- *Muon colliders can be circular*
- *No ambiguity about energies of colliding particles*
- *Much cleaner environment*

### operating stages

	Higgs	Top-High	Luminosity	Multi-TeV	
Center-of-mass energy [GeV]	126	350	1500	3000	6000
Average luminosity [ $10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ ]	0.008	0.6	1.25	4.4	12

# Signal process



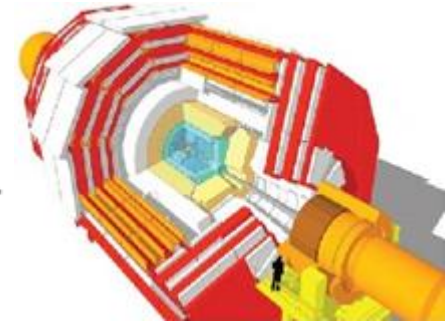
# Decay length of light ALPs

$$100 \text{ eV} \leq m_a \leq 1 \text{ MeV}$$



$$L_a > 2.3 \times 10^{20} \text{ m}$$

( $m_a = 1 \text{ MeV}$ )



$$\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \cancel{E}$$



## SM backgrounds

*Signal signature:*

$$\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \cancel{E}$$

$$\tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$$

*Only suppressed by polarization-induced effects*

$$W^- W^+, W \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu$$

$$t \bar{t}$$

$$hZ$$

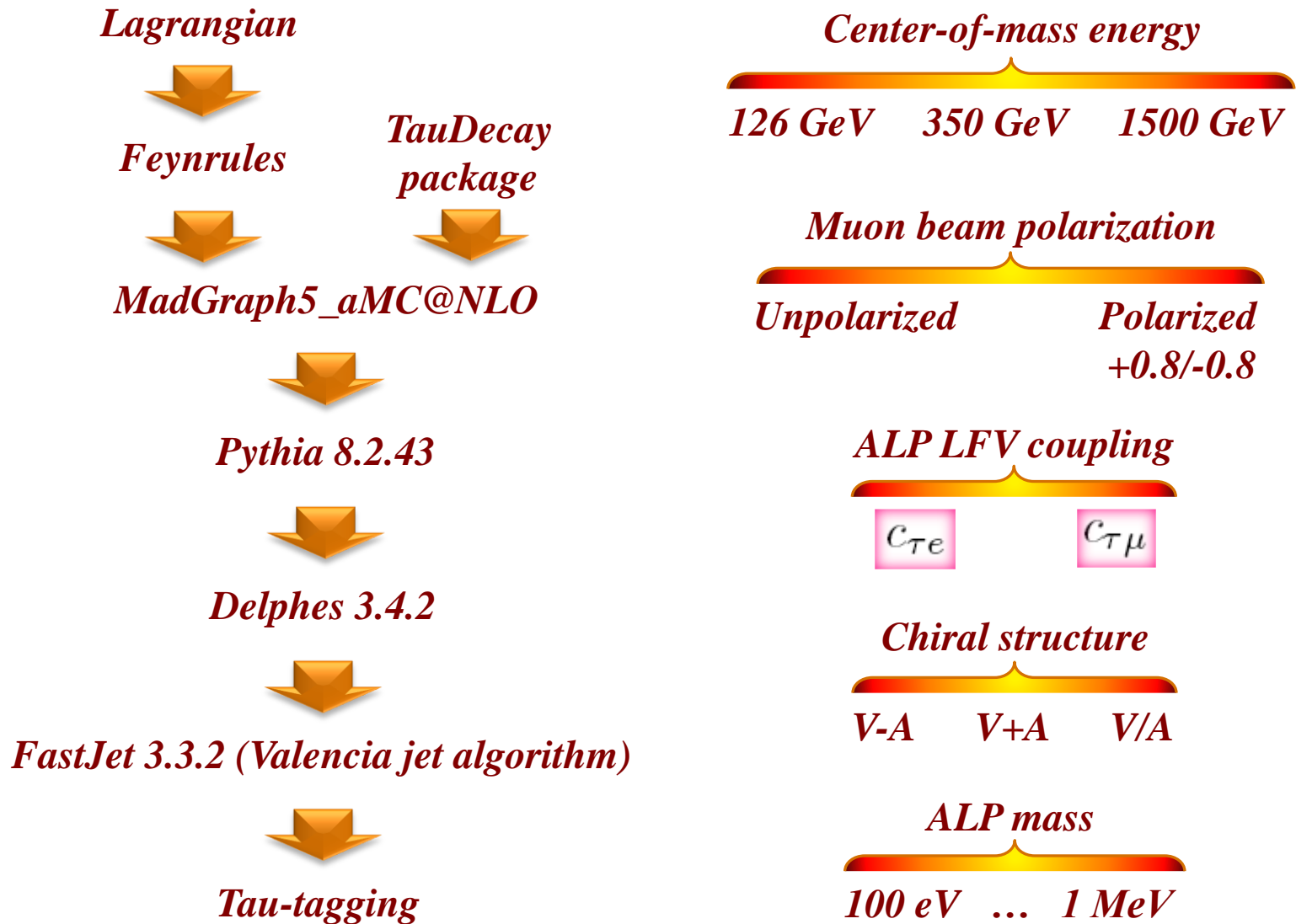
$$ZZ$$

$$Z\gamma$$

$$q\bar{q}$$

$$e^- e^+ / \mu^- \mu^+$$

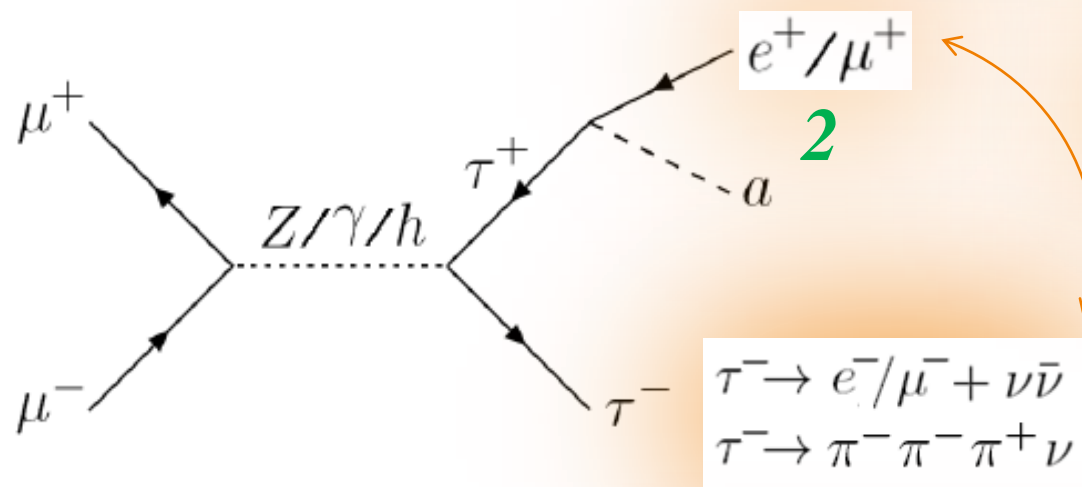
# Event generation



# Event selection

at most 1 photon with  $E_{max}^{LFV}$

4



relative charge sign criterion

3

at most 1 photon with  $E_{max}^{SM}$

4

2

1

## Polarization-induced effects

**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

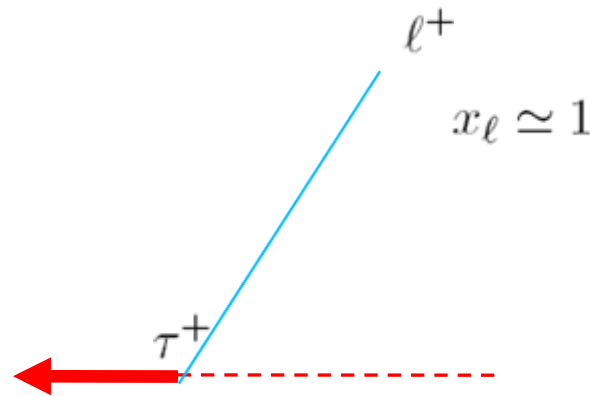
**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**Signal**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$p_\ell = \sqrt{\left(\frac{m_\tau^2 + m_\ell^2 - m_a^2}{2m_\tau}\right)^2 - m_\ell^2} \quad (\ell = e, \mu) \quad \Rightarrow \quad m_a \ll m_\tau \quad \rightarrow \quad \boxed{x_\ell \simeq 1}$$

$$x_\ell = 2E_\ell/m_\tau$$



## Polarization-induced effects

**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

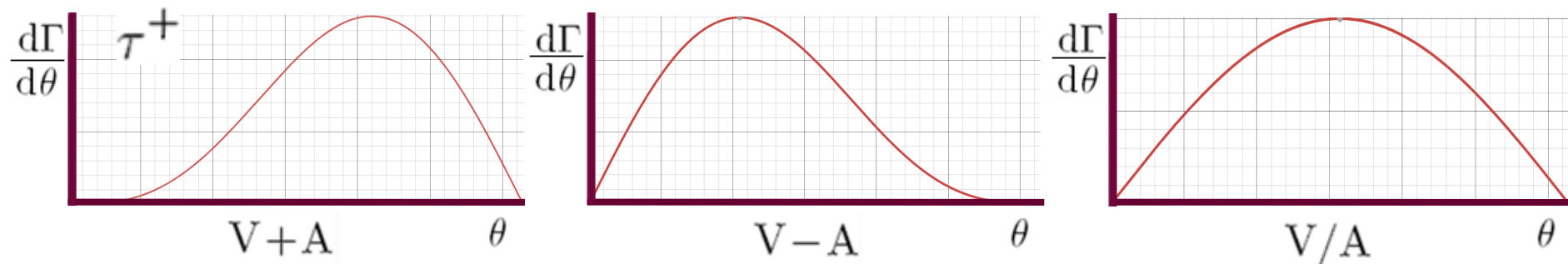
**Signal**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

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$$p_\ell = \sqrt{\left(\frac{m_\tau^2 + m_\ell^2 - m_a^2}{2m_\tau}\right)^2 - m_\ell^2} \quad (\ell = e, \mu) \quad \Rightarrow \quad m_a \ll m_\tau \quad \rightarrow \quad \boxed{x_\ell \simeq 1}$$

$x_\ell = 2E_\ell/m_\tau$

$$\frac{d\Gamma(\tau^\pm \rightarrow \ell^\pm a)}{d \cos \theta} = \frac{m_\tau^3}{128\pi f_a^2} \left(1 - \frac{m_a^2}{m_\tau^2}\right)^2 \times \begin{cases} 2c_{\tau\ell}^2 (1 \mp \mathcal{P}_\tau \cos \theta) & V+A \\ 2c_{\tau\ell}^2 (1 \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau \cos \theta) & V-A \\ c_{\tau\ell}^2 & V/A \end{cases}$$



## Polarization-induced effects

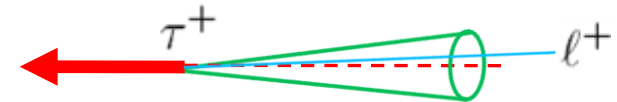
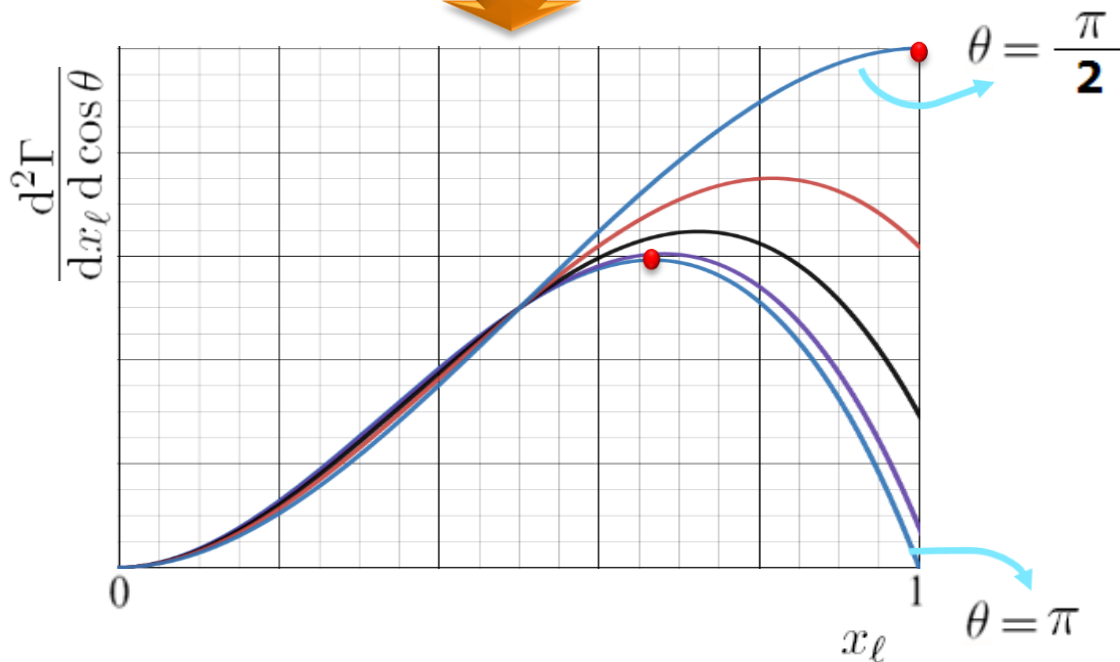
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



## Polarization-induced effects

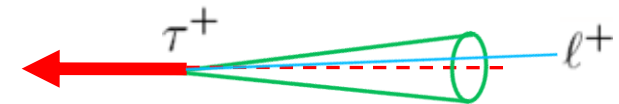
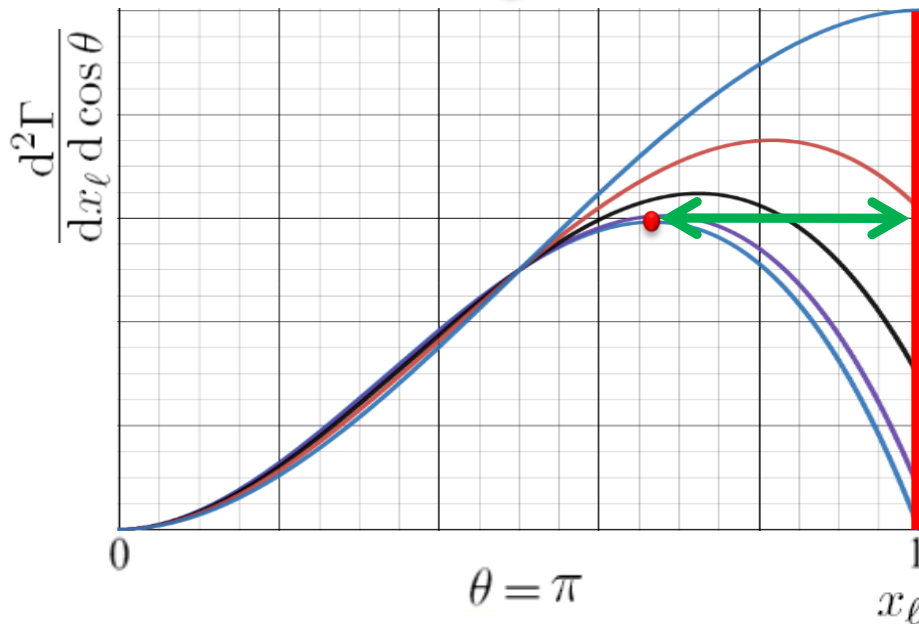
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

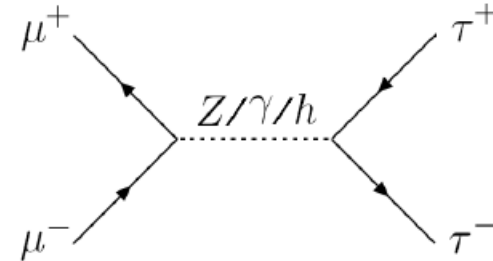
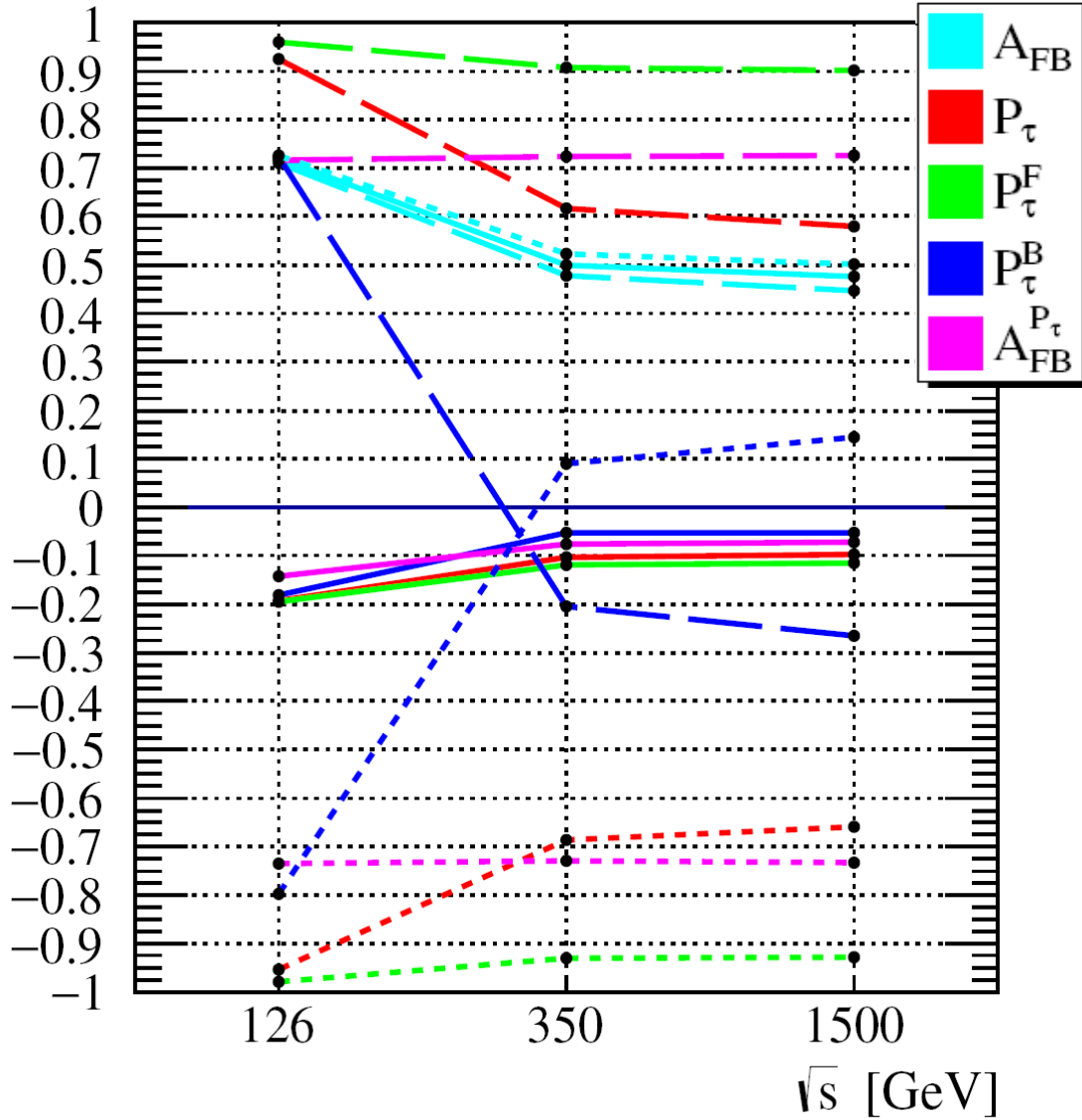
$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau(2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



$x_\ell \simeq 1$  for signal

$x_\ell$  helps suppress background

# How to produce highly polarized tau leptons?



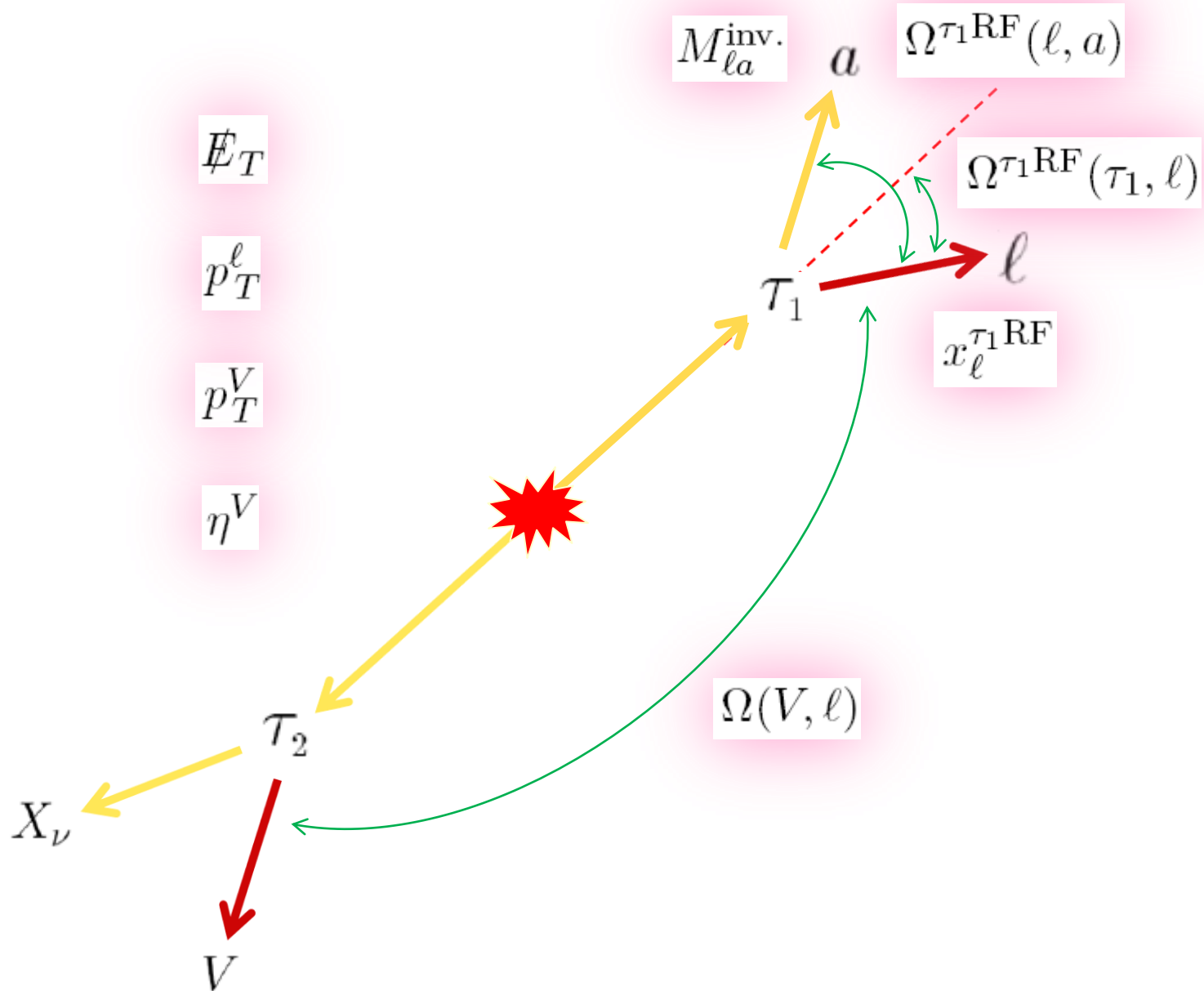
$$A_{FB} = \frac{\sigma^F - \sigma^B}{\sigma_{total}}$$

$$P_\tau = \frac{(\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-}) - (\sigma_{-+} + \sigma_{--})}{\sigma_{total}}$$

$$P_\tau^{F/B} = \frac{\sigma^{F/B}(h_\tau = +1) - \sigma^{F/B}(h_\tau = -1)}{\sigma^{F/B}}$$



# Discriminating variables



# Discriminating variables

$$\hat{v}_1 \cdot \vec{p}_\ell = \frac{2E_{\tau_1} E_\ell + m_a^2 - m_\tau^2 - m_\ell^2}{2\sqrt{E_{\tau_1}^2 - m_\tau^2}}$$

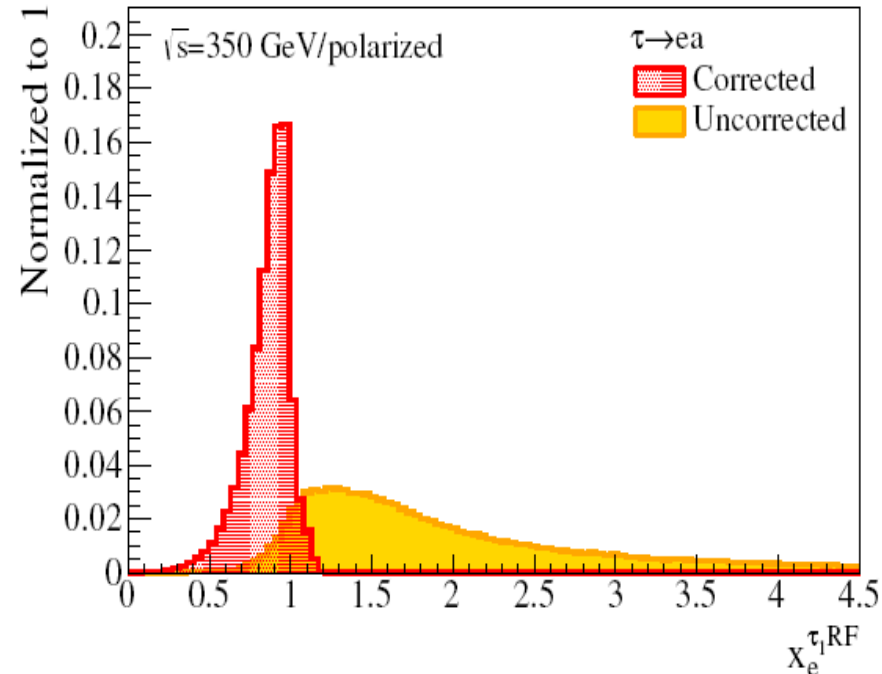
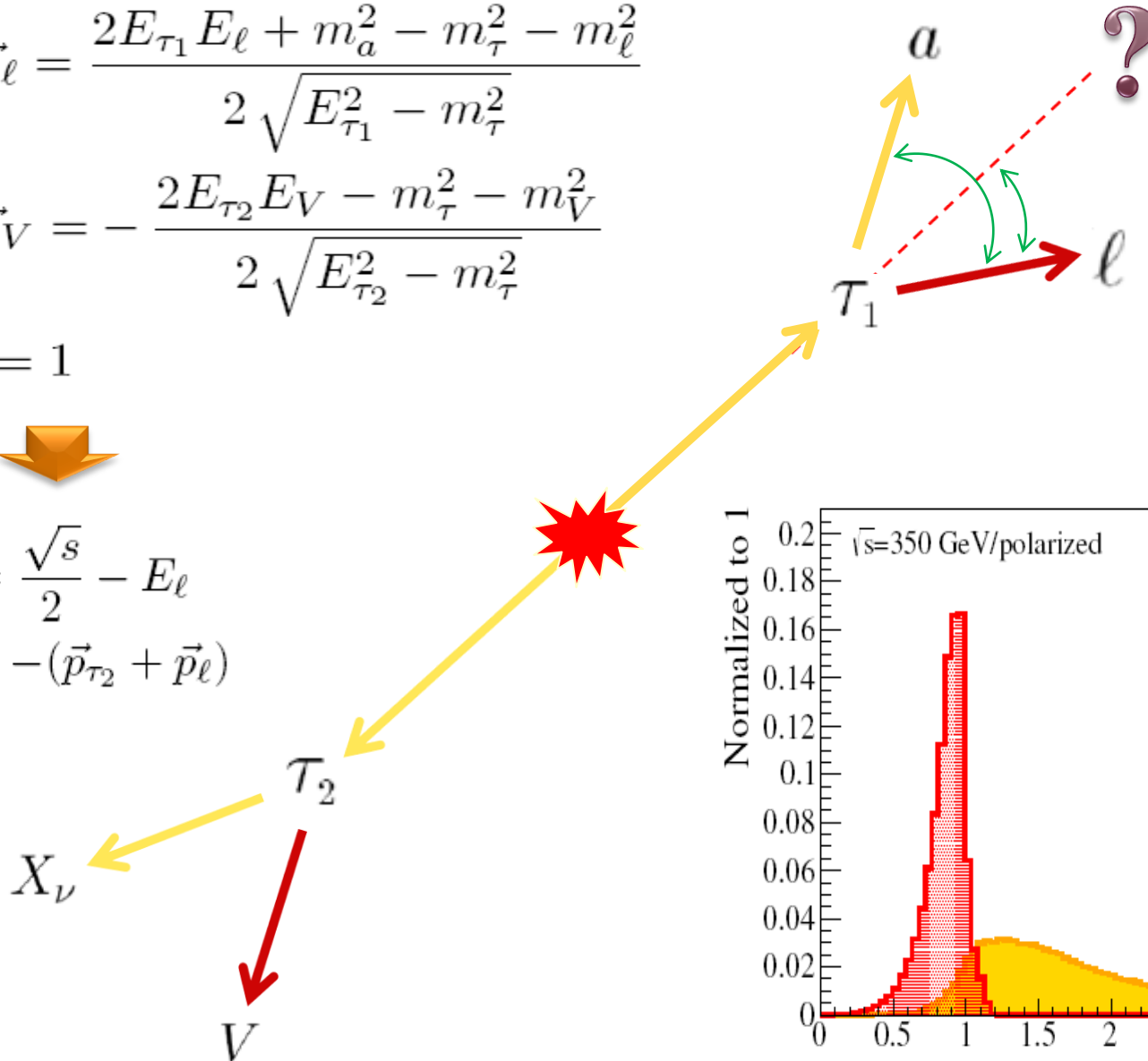
$$\hat{v}_1 \cdot \vec{p}_V = -\frac{2E_{\tau_2} E_V - m_\tau^2 - m_V^2}{2\sqrt{E_{\tau_2}^2 - m_\tau^2}}$$

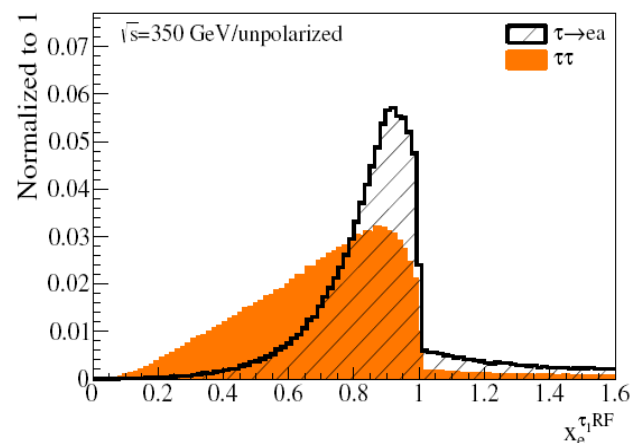
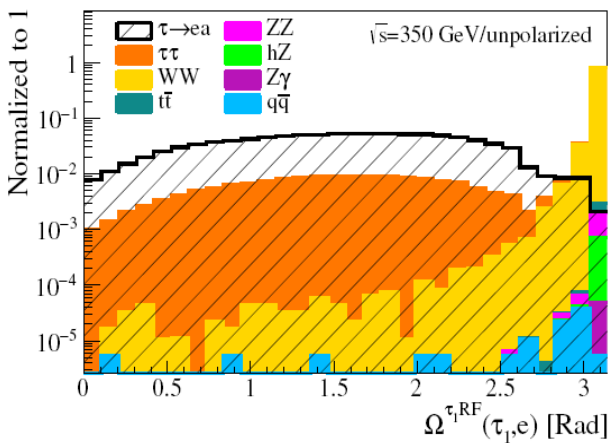
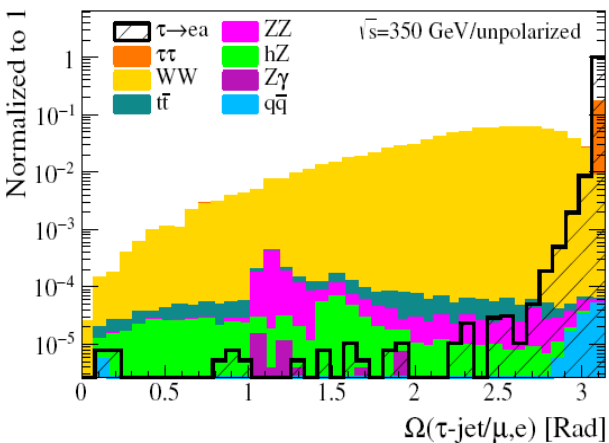
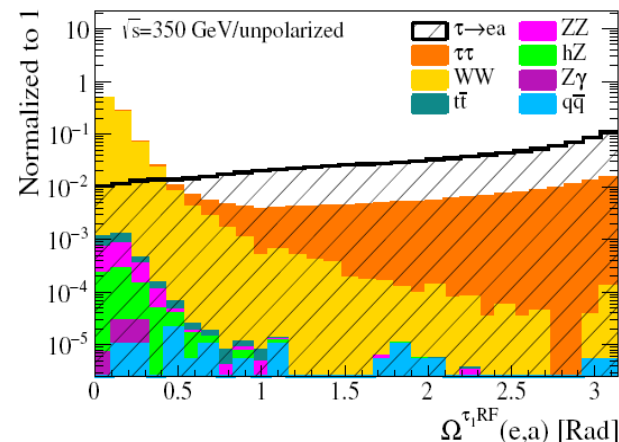
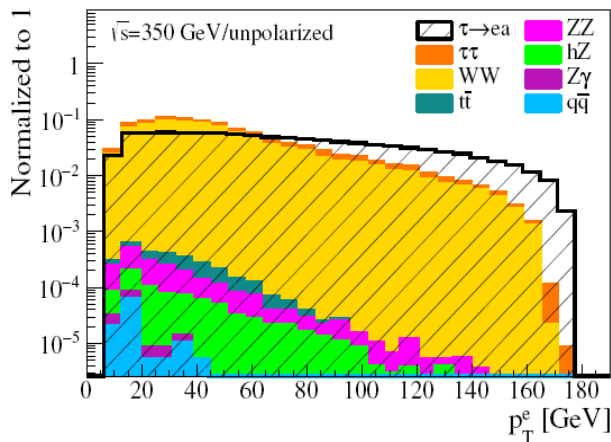
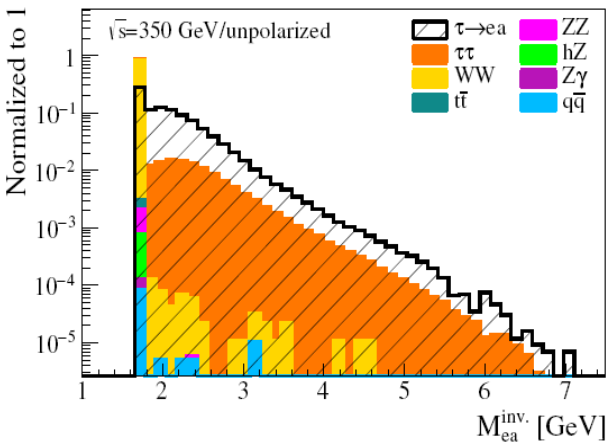
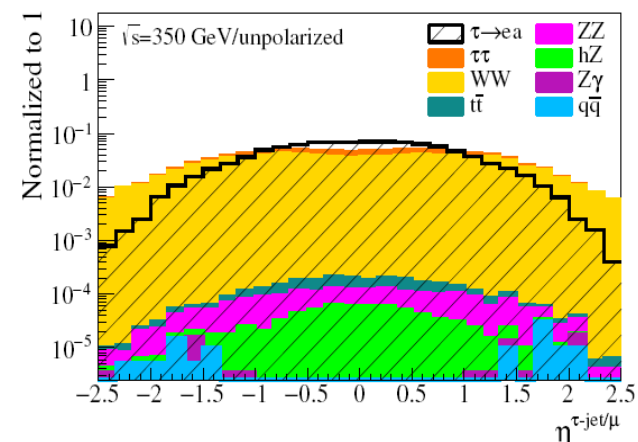
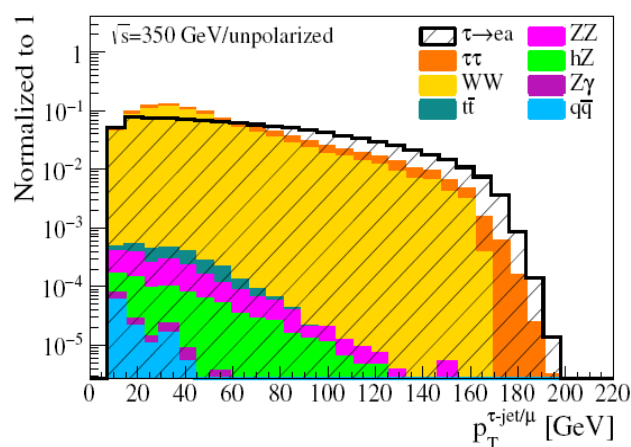
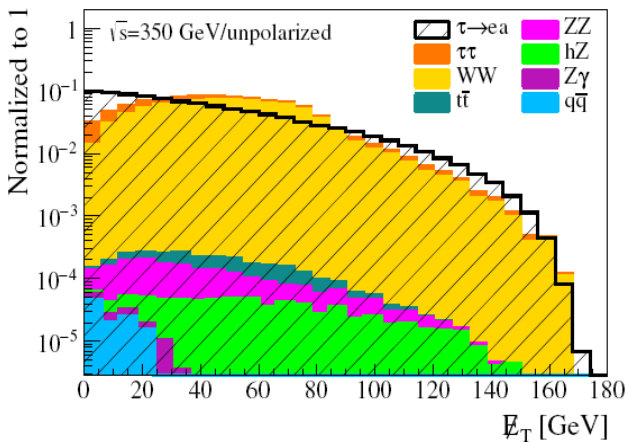
$$|\hat{v}_1| = 1$$

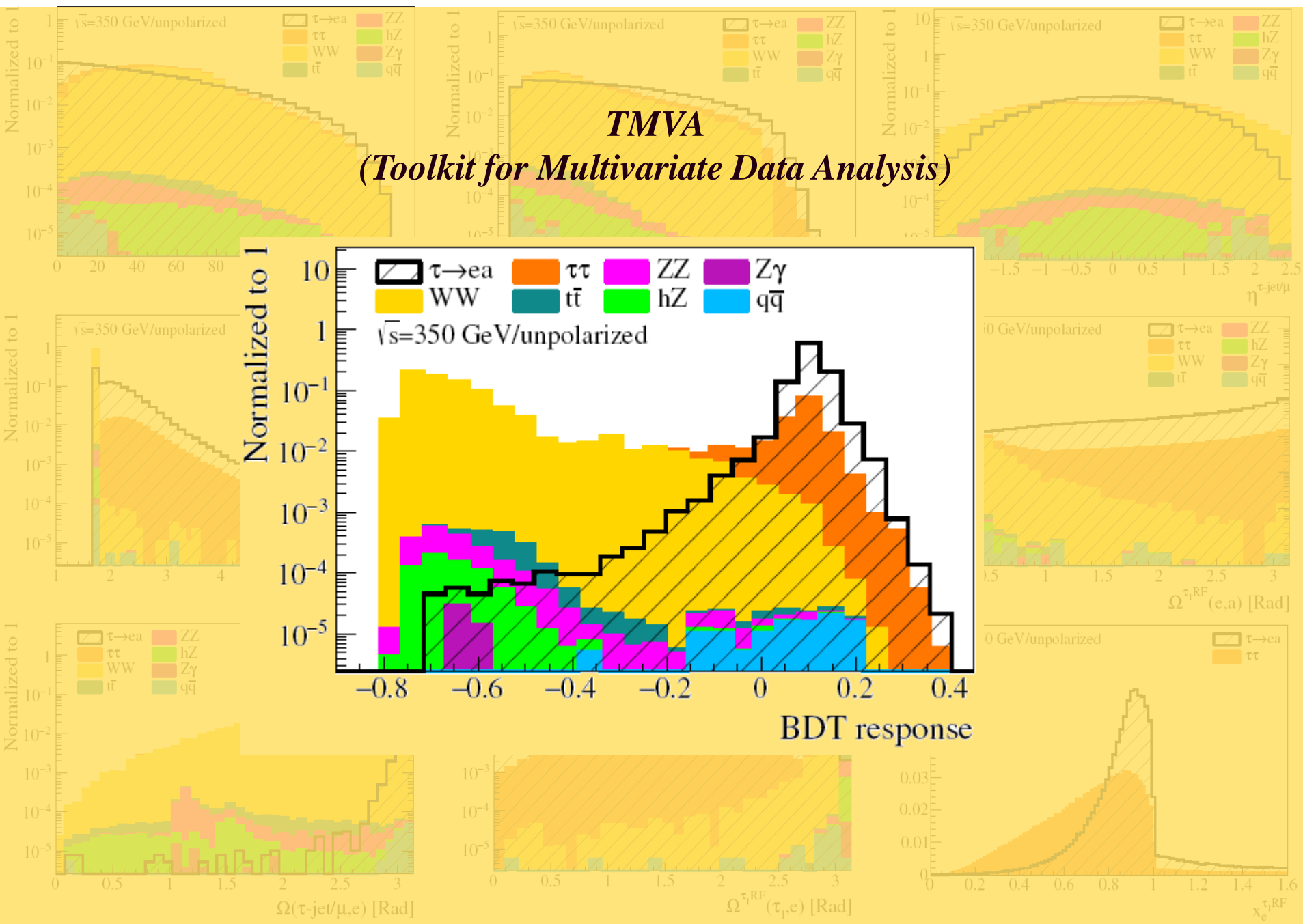


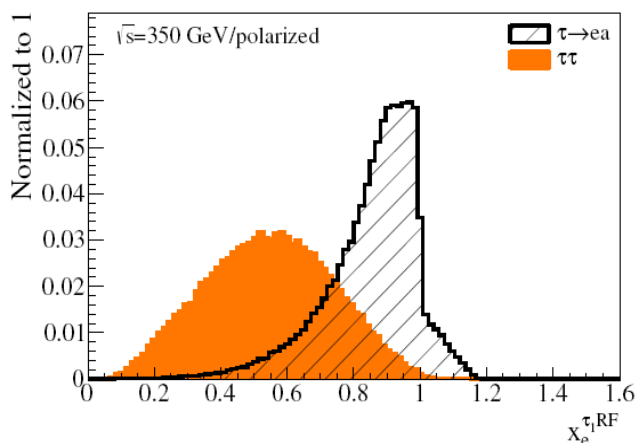
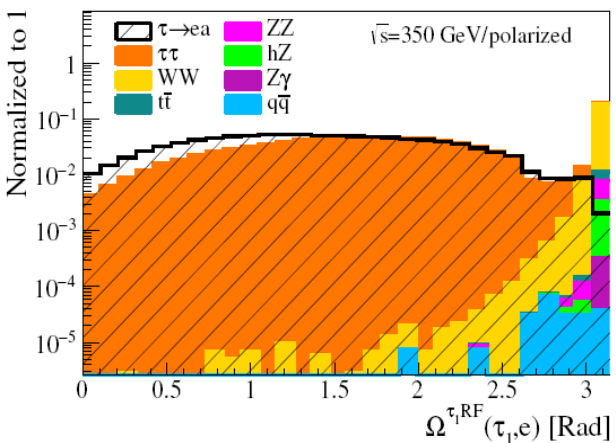
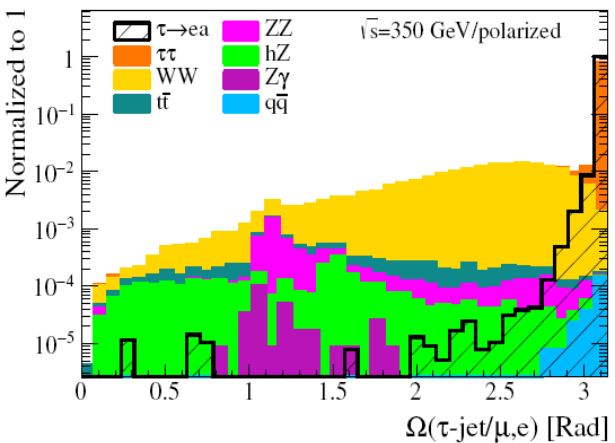
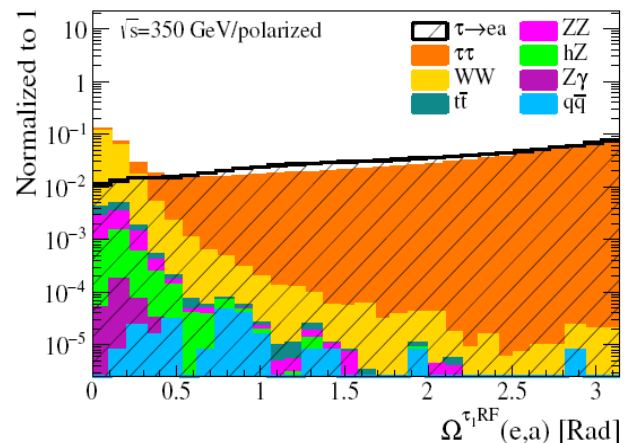
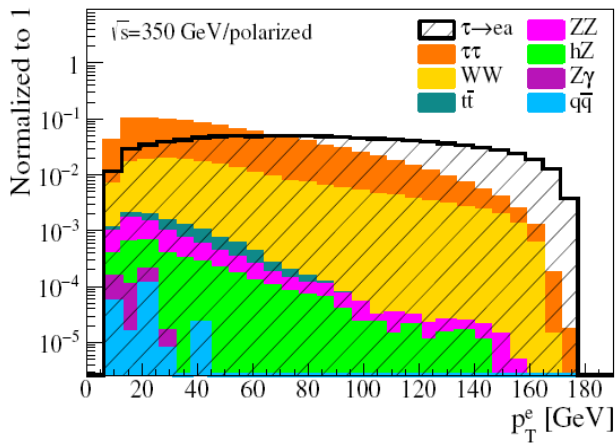
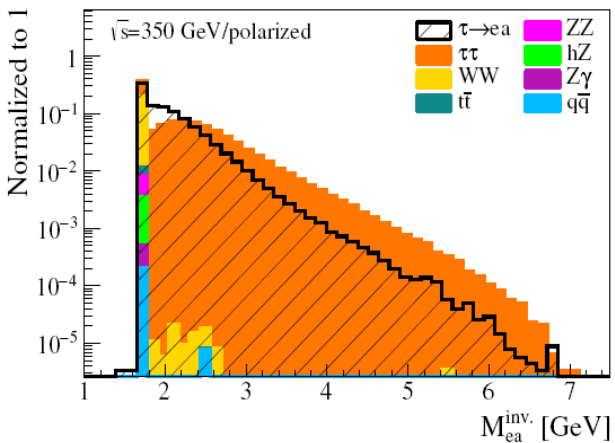
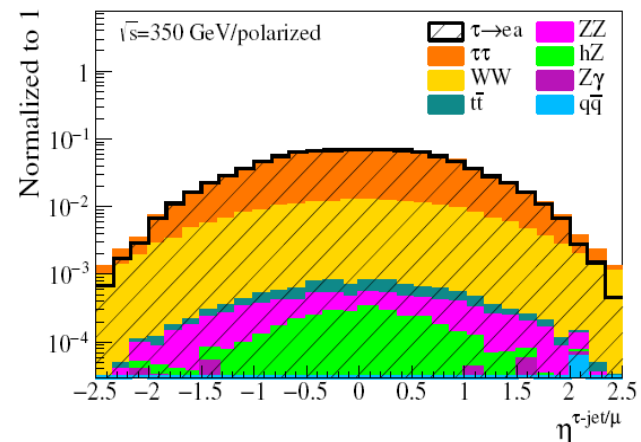
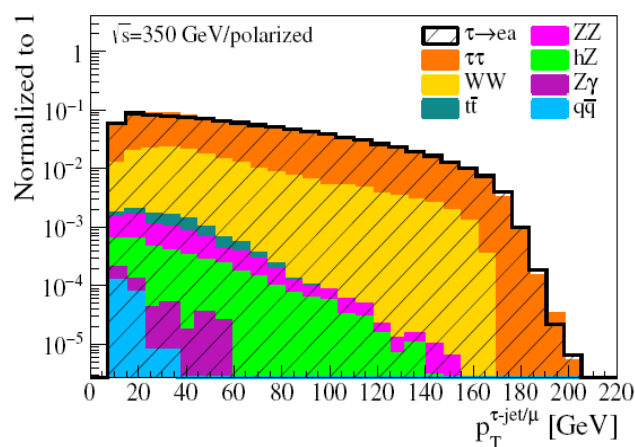
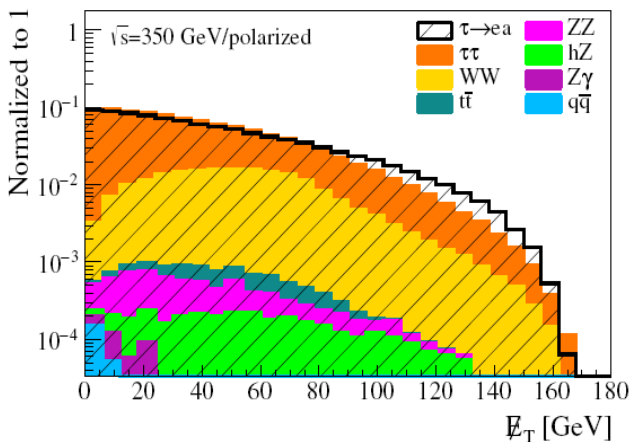
$$E_a = \frac{\sqrt{s}}{2} - E_\ell$$

$$\vec{p}_a = -(\vec{p}_{\tau_2} + \vec{p}_\ell)$$



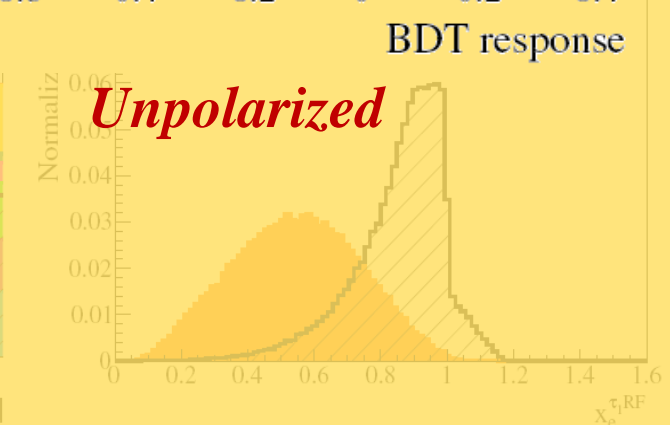
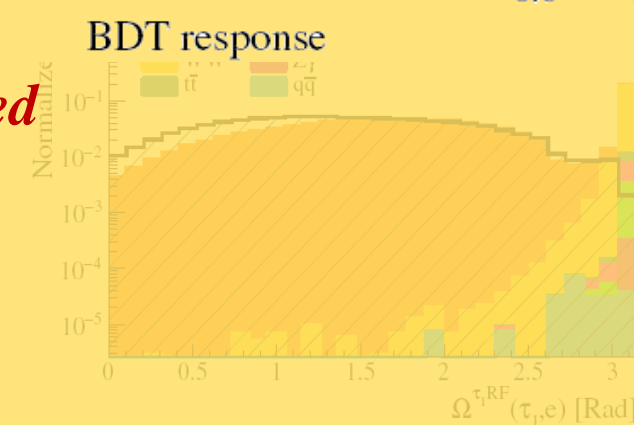
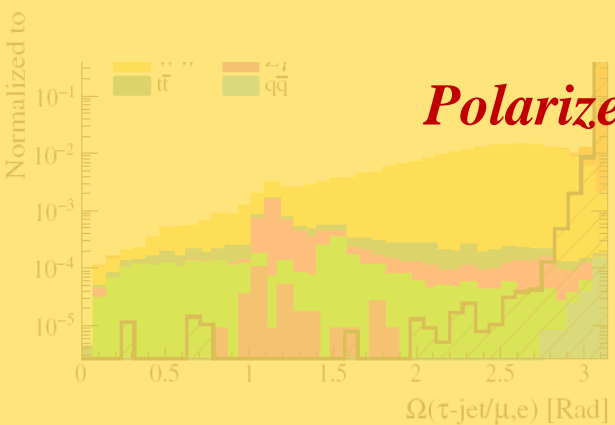
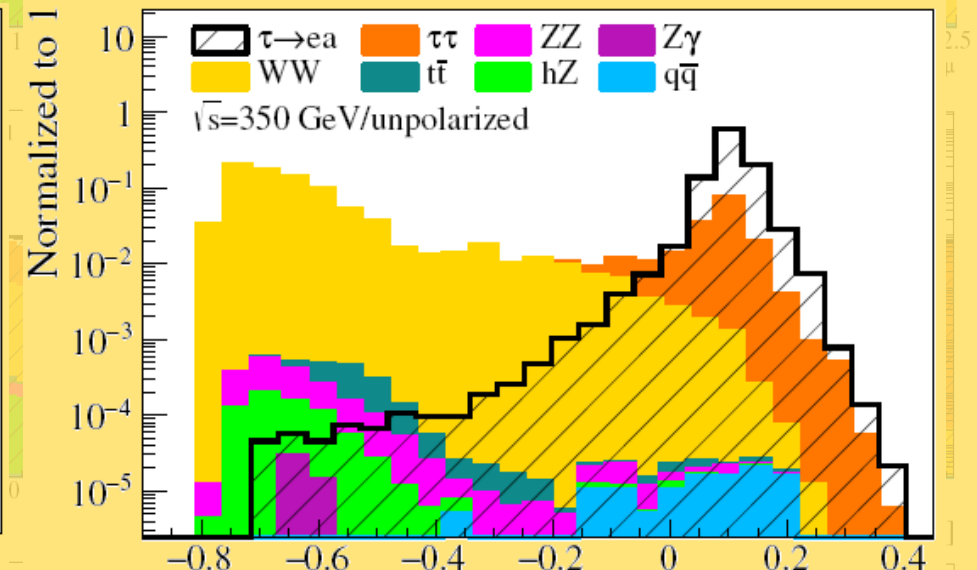
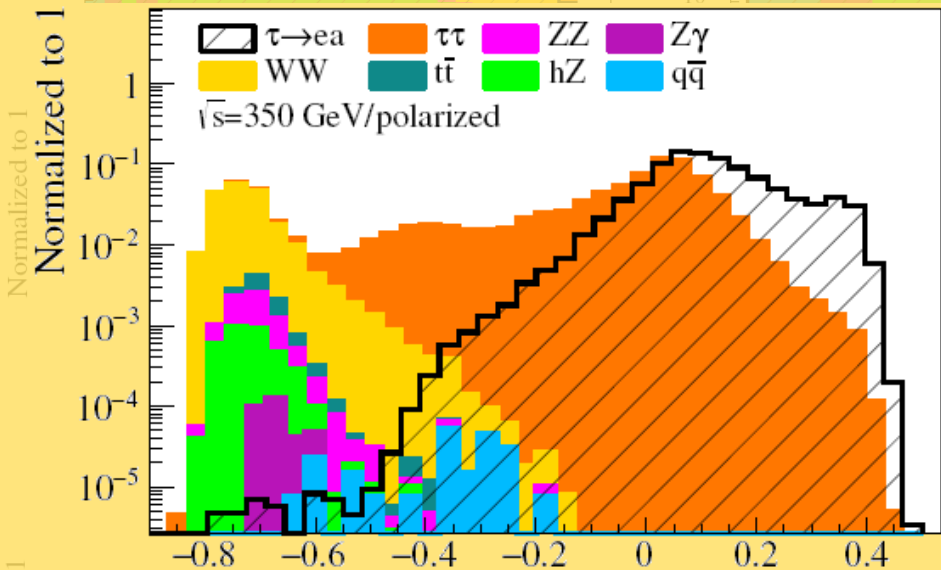
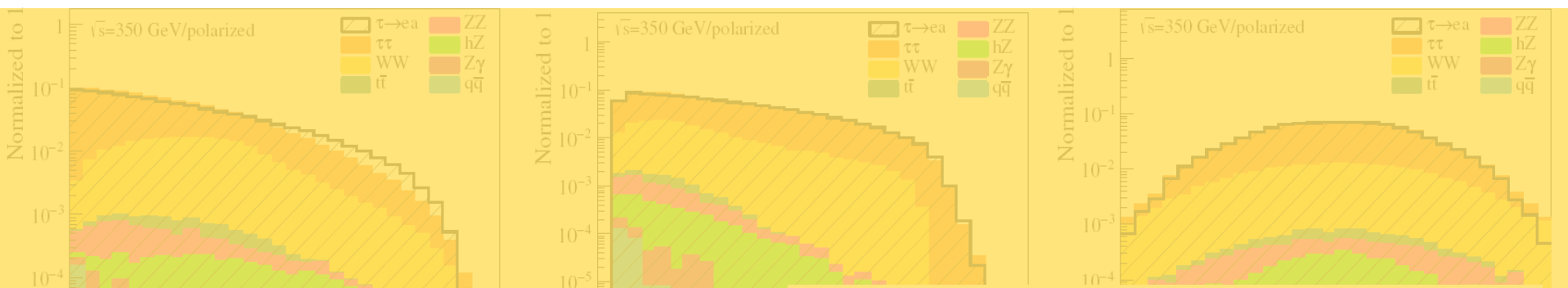












*Polarized*

*Unpolarized*

$c_{\tau e}/f_a$ 

### Constraints

		$m_a$ [MeV]	V+A	V-A	V/A
126 GeV	Unpolarized	1	9.02 (9.73)	8.46 (9.12)	12.24 (13.21)
	Polarized	1	2.96 (3.18)	7.32 (7.90)	5.54 (5.97)
350 GeV	Unpolarized	0.0001	6.63 (7.01)	6.53 (6.90)	9.37 (9.90)
		0.1	6.68 (7.06)	6.57 (6.94)	9.37 (9.90)
		0.2	6.69 (7.07)	6.52 (6.88)	9.39 (9.92)
		0.3	6.69 (7.08)	6.55 (6.91)	9.38 (9.91)
		0.4	6.71 (7.10)	6.54 (6.91)	9.40 (9.93)
		0.5	6.71 (7.10)	6.55 (6.91)	9.36 (9.88)
		0.6	6.69 (7.08)	6.53 (6.90)	9.40 (9.93)
		0.7	6.71 (7.09)	6.53 (6.90)	9.35 (9.88)
		0.8	6.70 (7.09)	6.52 (6.89)	9.37 (9.91)
		0.9	6.73 (7.12)	6.51 (6.87)	9.39 (9.91)
		1	6.70 (7.08)	6.52 (6.89)	9.34 (9.87)
		0.0001	2.45 (2.57)	4.59 (4.92)	4.11 (4.34)
		0.1	2.44 (2.56)	4.59 (4.92)	4.13 (4.35)
		0.2	2.40 (2.52)	4.57 (4.90)	4.16 (4.39)
0.3	2.40 (2.52)	4.58 (4.91)	4.05 (4.27)		
0.4	2.41 (2.53)	4.63 (4.96)	4.08 (4.30)		
Polarized	0.5	2.41 (2.53)	4.58 (4.90)	4.16 (4.39)	
	0.6	2.39 (2.51)	4.56 (4.88)	4.14 (4.37)	
	0.7	2.43 (2.55)	4.58 (4.90)	4.10 (4.32)	
	0.8	2.40 (2.52)	4.56 (4.88)	4.16 (4.38)	
	0.9	2.41 (2.53)	4.56 (4.88)	4.16 (4.38)	
	1	2.36 (2.48)	4.58 (4.90)	4.14 (4.37)	
	1500 GeV	Unpolarized	1	12.48 (13.15)	12.24 (12.90)
Polarized		1	4.80 (5.04)	9.12 (9.75)	7.14 (7.51)

 Expected 95% CL upper limit on  $c_{\tau e}/f_a$  [ $10^{-5}$  TeV $^{-1}$ ]

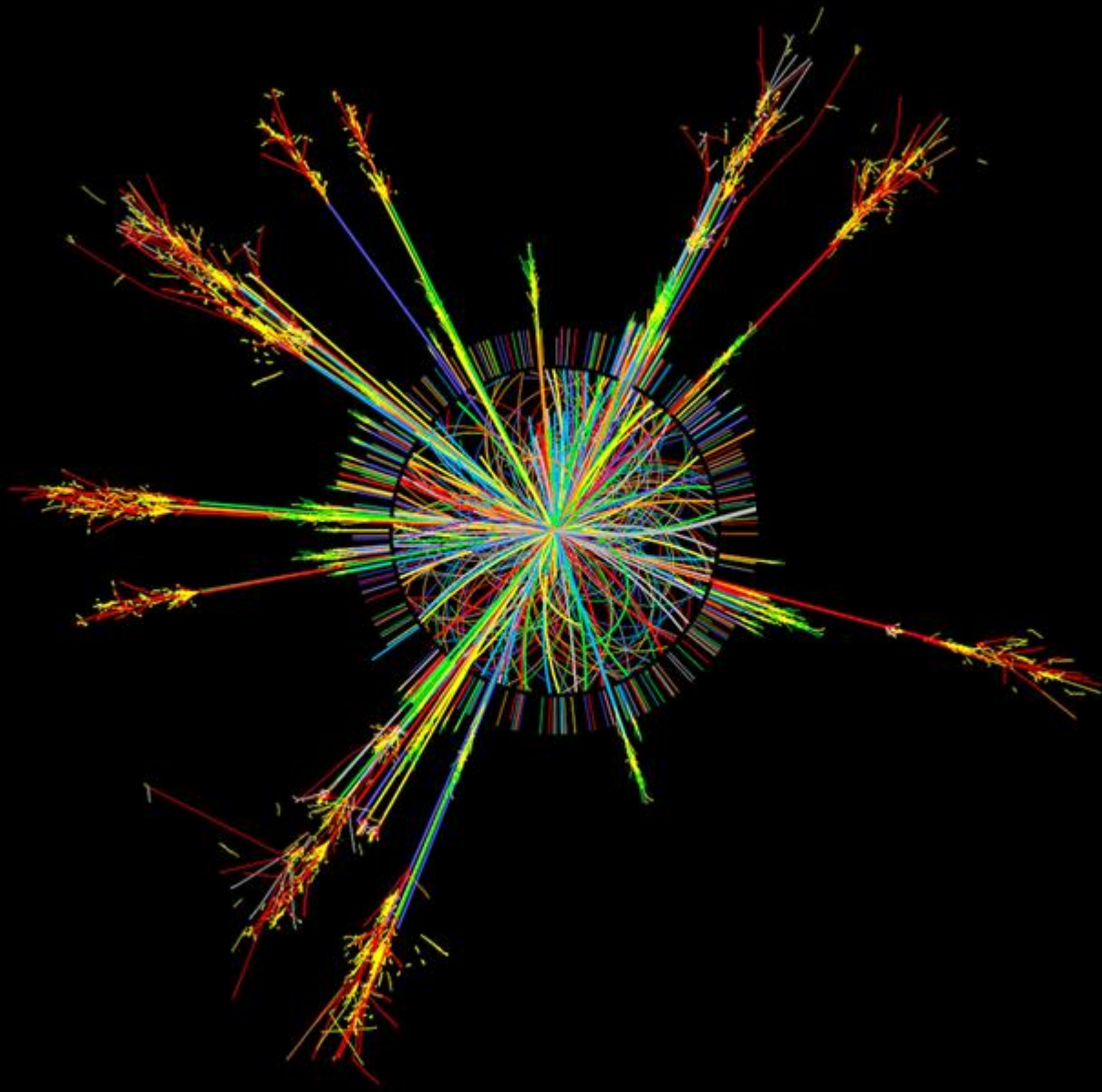


$c_{\tau\mu}/f_a$ 

### Constraints

		$m_a$ [MeV]	V+A	V-A	V/A		
126 GeV	Unpolarized	1	8.87 (9.57)	8.50 (9.17)	12.26 (13.23)		
	Polarized	1	2.87 (3.08)	7.25 (7.83)	5.11 (5.51)		
350 GeV	Unpolarized	0.0001	6.63 (7.01)	6.46 (6.82)	9.25 (9.77)		
		0.1	6.62 (6.99)	6.43 (6.79)	9.25 (9.77)		
		0.2	6.62 (6.99)	6.42 (6.78)	9.25 (9.77)		
		0.3	6.60 (6.98)	6.44 (6.80)	9.26 (9.78)		
		0.4	6.63 (7.01)	6.45 (6.81)	9.23 (9.74)		
		0.5	6.62 (6.99)	6.42 (6.78)	9.27 (9.80)		
		0.6	6.63 (7.00)	6.43 (6.79)	9.27 (9.80)		
		0.7	6.63 (7.01)	6.38 (6.74)	9.27 (9.80)		
		0.8	6.66 (7.04)	6.43 (6.78)	9.25 (9.77)		
		0.9	6.65 (7.03)	6.48 (6.84)	9.24 (9.76)		
		1	6.62 (7.00)	6.43 (6.79)	9.19 (9.71)		
		350 GeV	Polarized	0.0001	2.23 (2.34)	4.45 (4.75)	3.76 (3.96)
				0.1	2.15 (2.25)	4.46 (4.74)	3.77 (3.97)
0.2	2.18 (2.29)			4.45 (4.75)	3.79 (3.99)		
0.3	2.13 (2.23)			4.45 (4.75)	3.72 (3.92)		
0.4	2.18 (2.28)			4.49 (4.80)	3.76 (3.96)		
0.5	2.17 (2.28)			4.38 (4.68)	3.75 (3.95)		
0.6	2.14 (2.24)			4.47 (4.78)	3.76 (3.95)		
0.7	2.21 (2.31)			4.47 (4.78)	3.57 (3.75)		
0.8	2.15 (2.25)			4.44 (4.74)	3.75 (3.93)		
0.9	2.10 (2.20)			4.50 (4.81)	3.77 (3.98)		
1	2.17 (2.27)	4.38 (4.68)	3.74 (3.92)				
1500 GeV	Unpolarized	1	12.29 (12.95)	12.13 (12.77)	17.29 (18.22)		
	Polarized	1	4.49 (4.71)	8.84 (9.44)	7.86 (8.27)		

 Expected 95% CL upper limit on  $c_{\tau\mu}/f_a$  [ $10^{-5}$  TeV $^{-1}$ ]



*Thank You!*



*Backup slides*

## Polarization-induced effects

**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

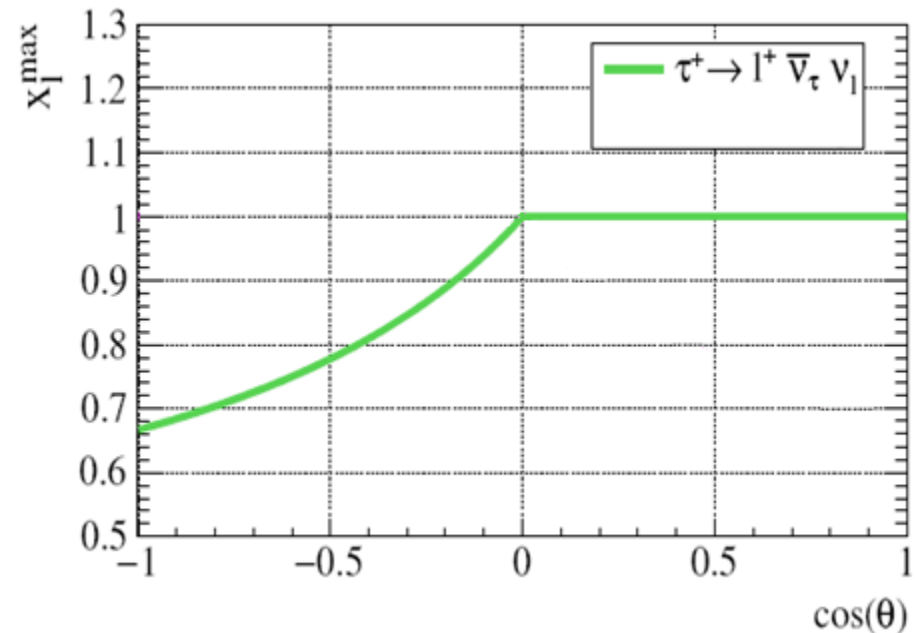
**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



$$x_{\ell^\pm}^{\max} = \frac{3 \mp \mathcal{P}_\tau \cos\theta}{3(1 \mp \mathcal{P}_\tau \cos\theta)}$$



## Polarization-induced effects

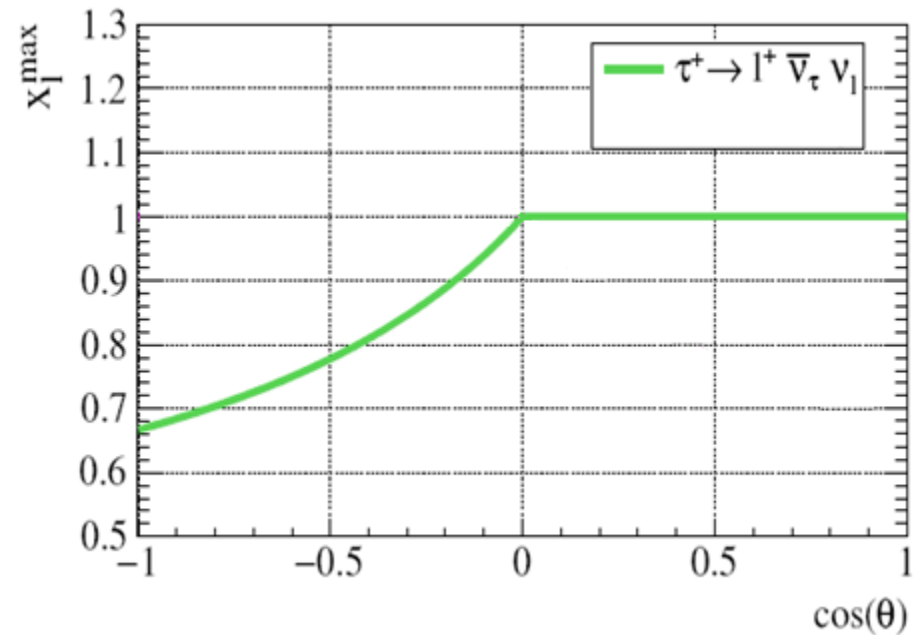
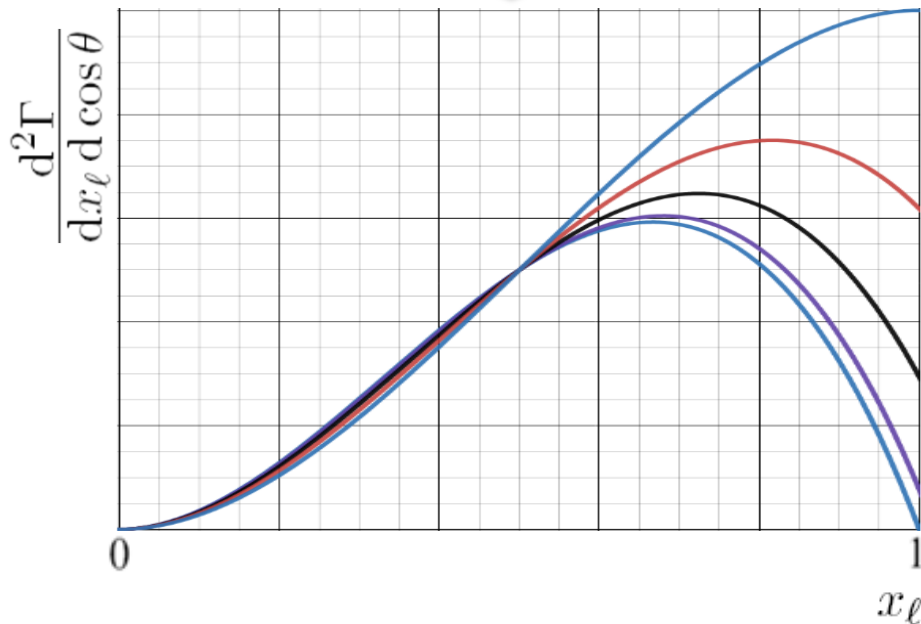
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



## Polarization-induced effects

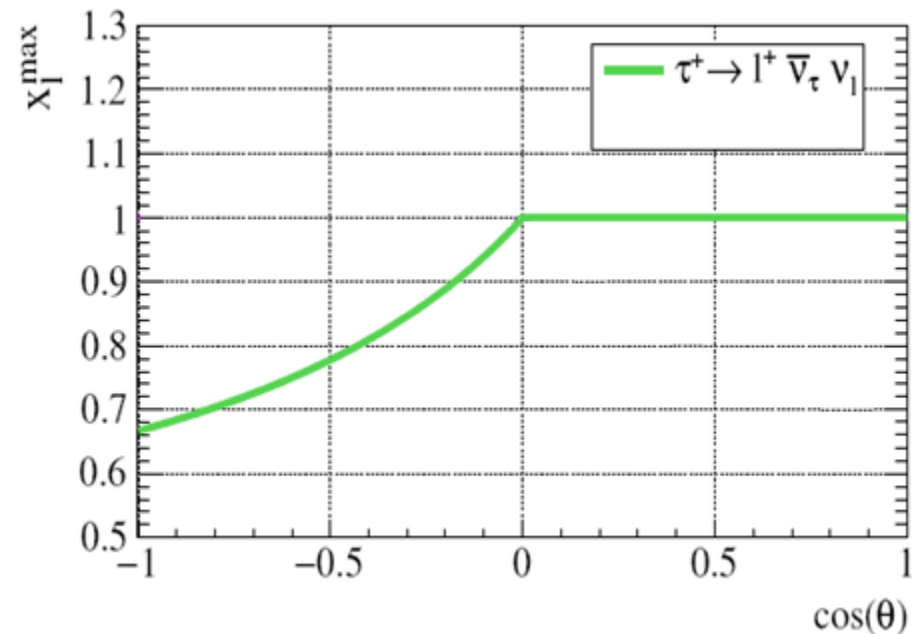
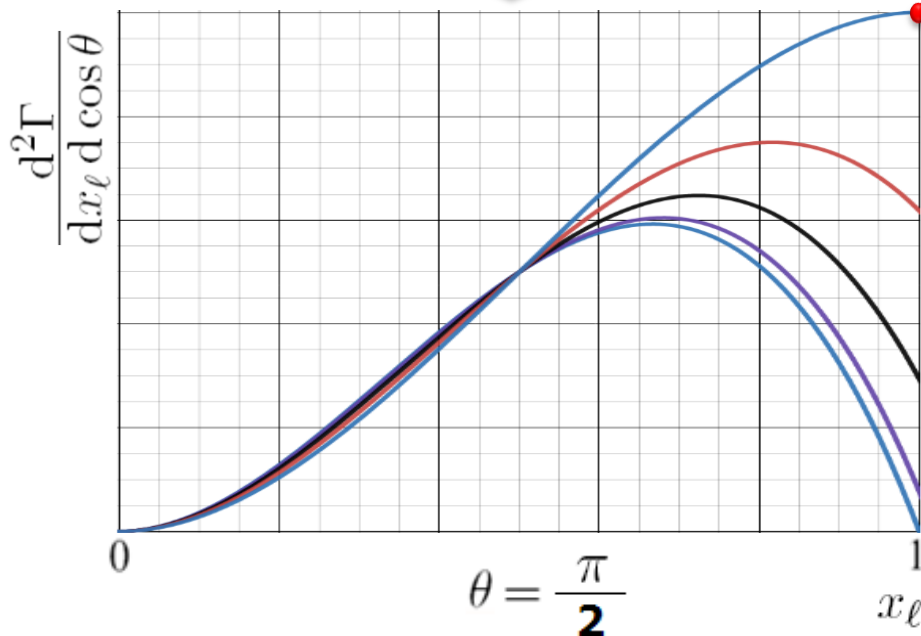
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



## Polarization-induced effects

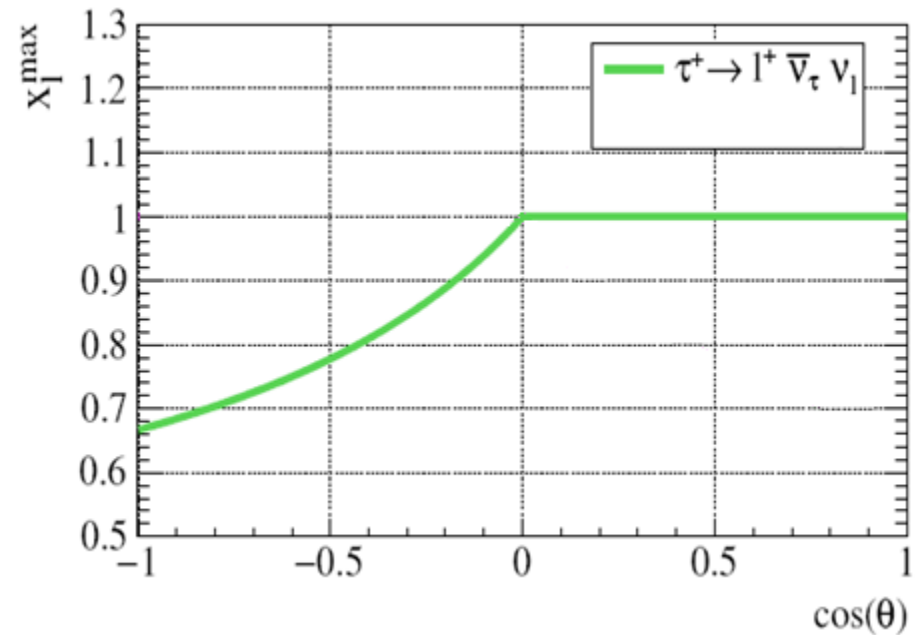
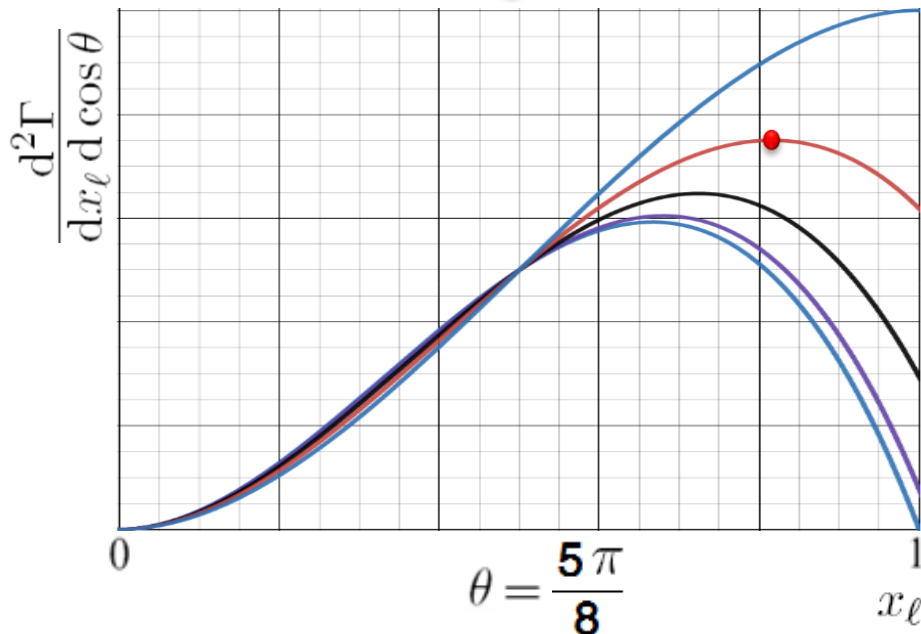
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



## Polarization-induced effects

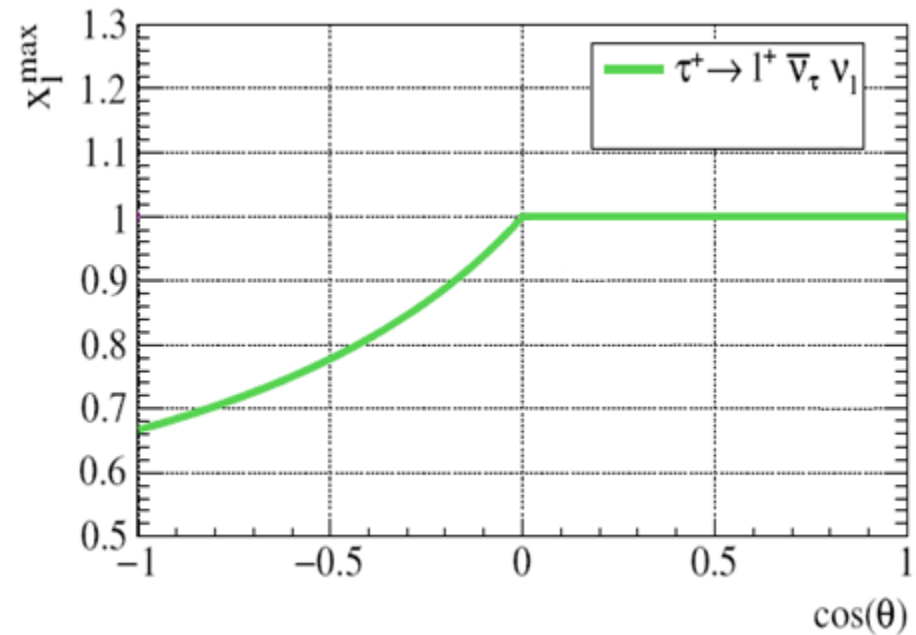
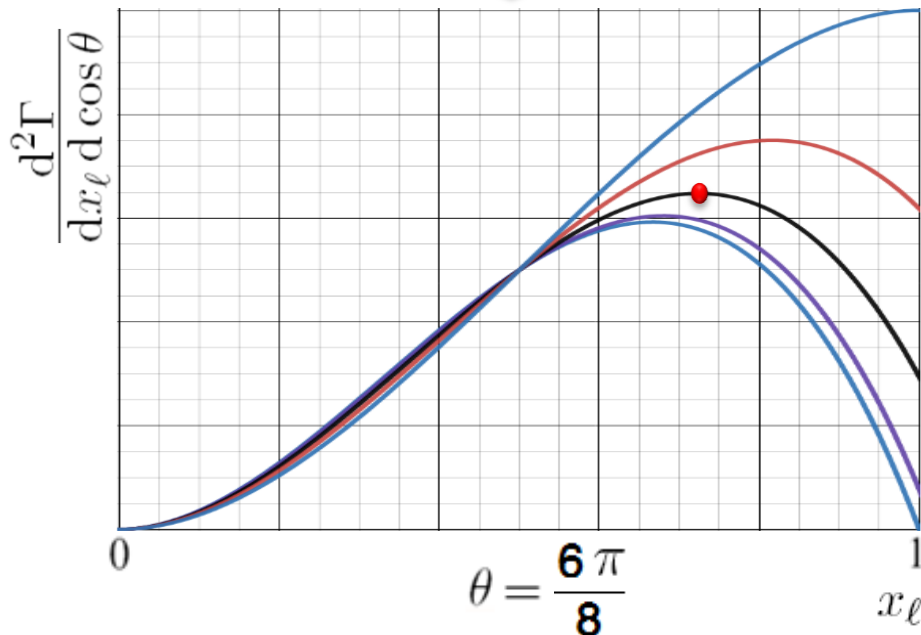
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$





## Polarization-induced effects

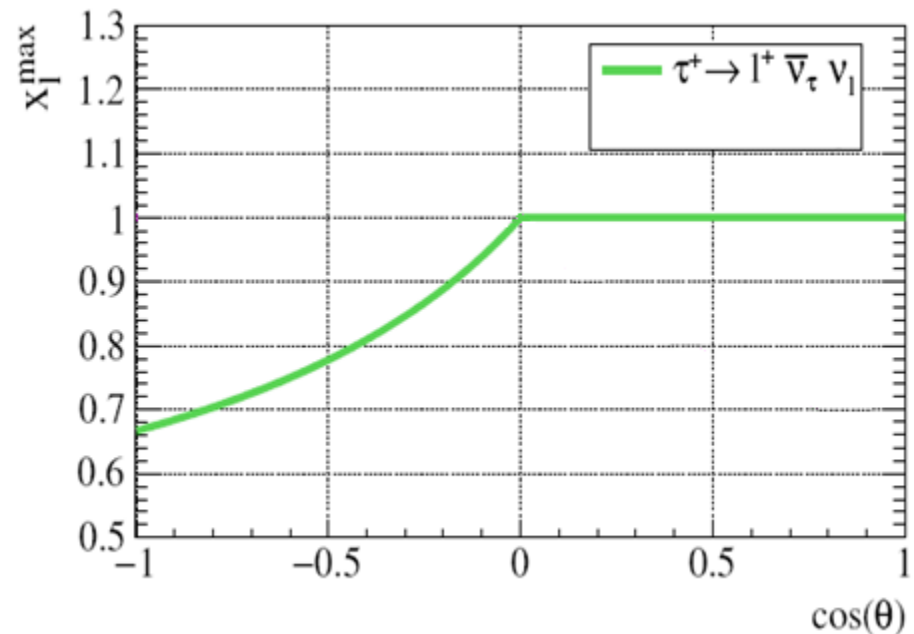
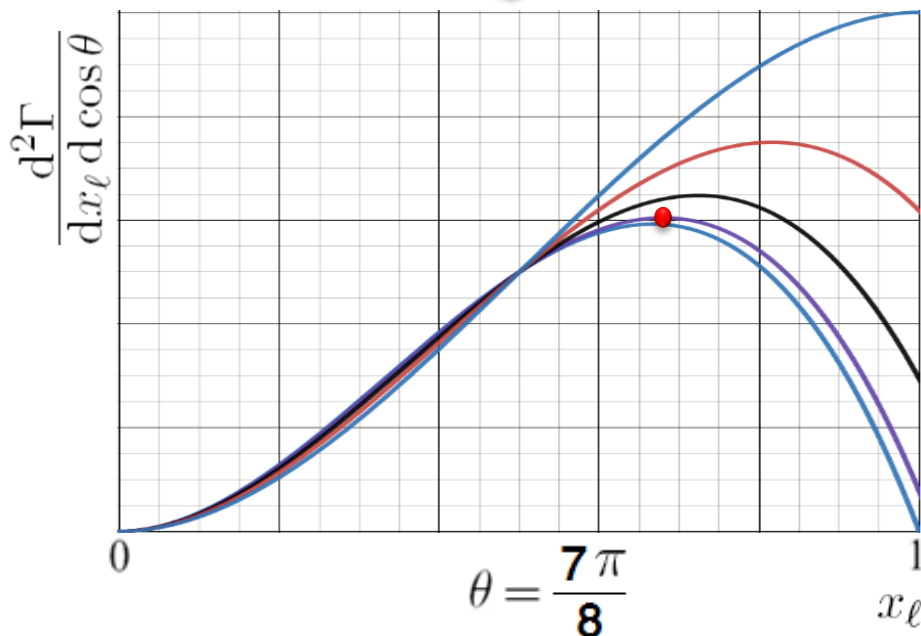
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



## Polarization-induced effects

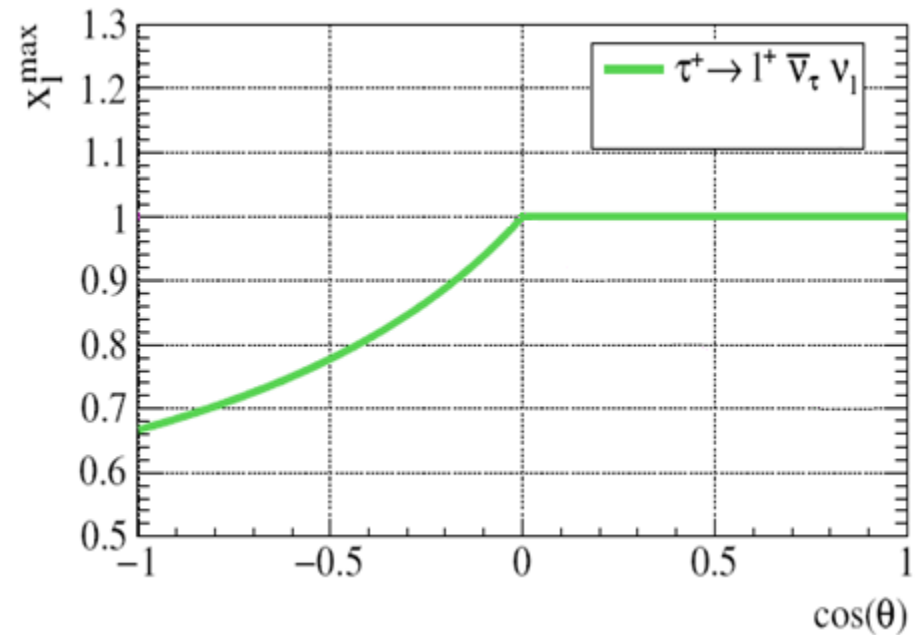
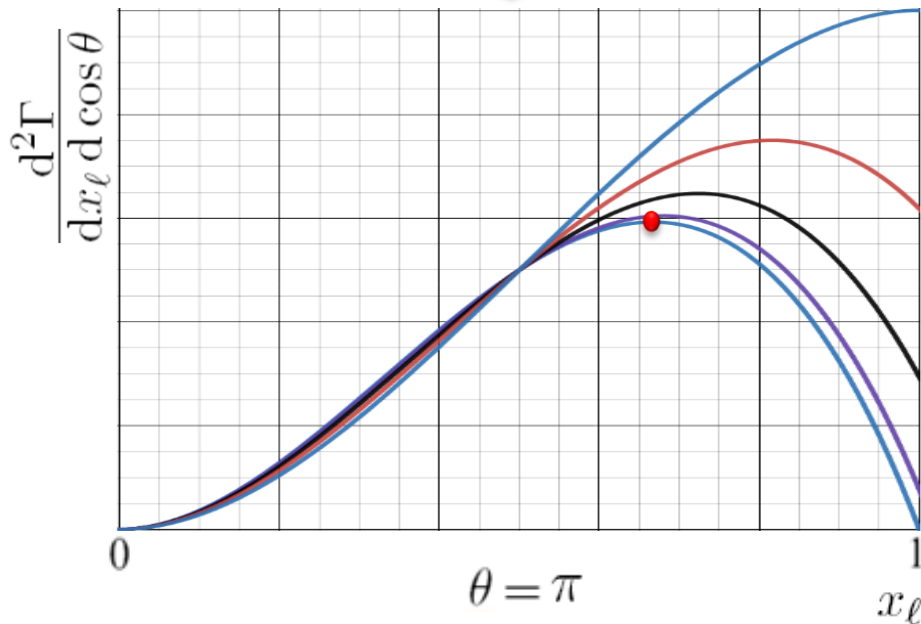
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



## Polarization-induced effects

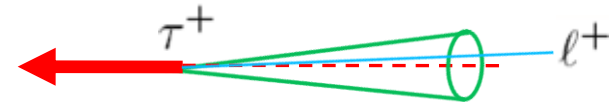
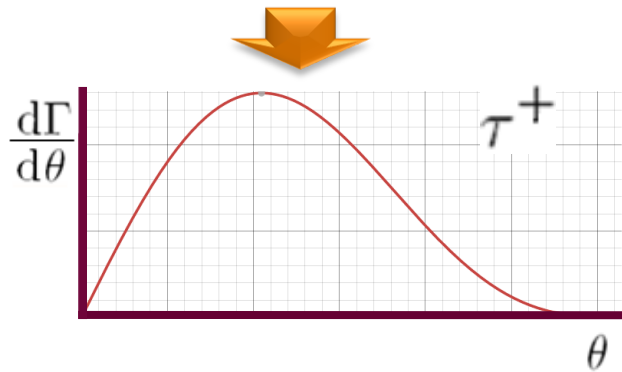
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

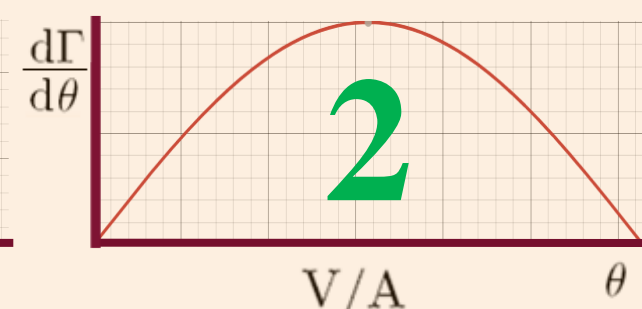
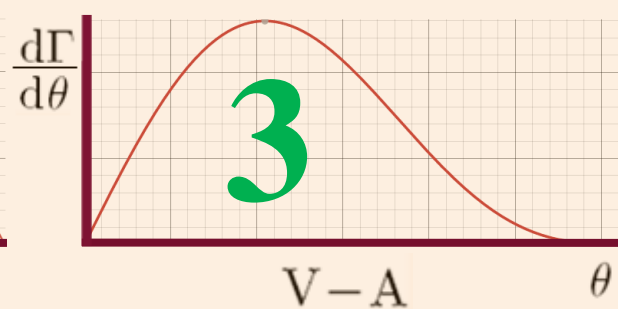
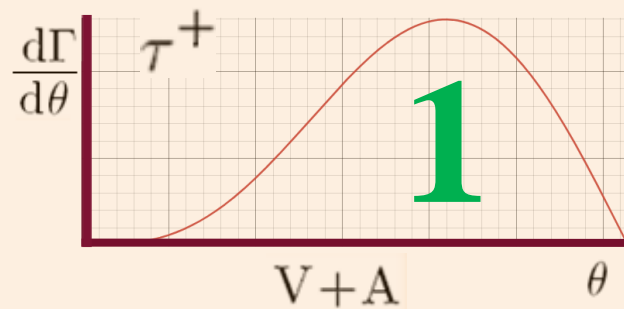
**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



*Signal angular distribution*



## Polarization-induced effects

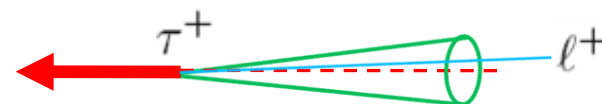
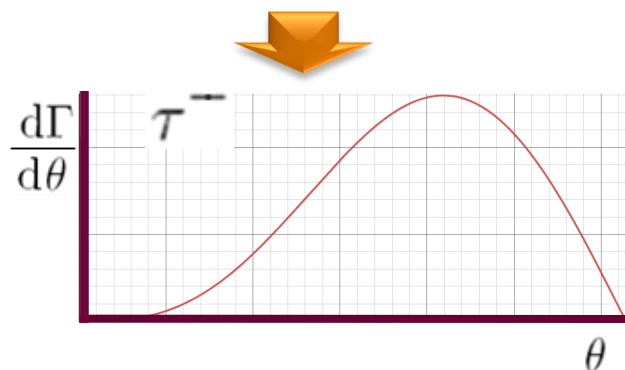
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

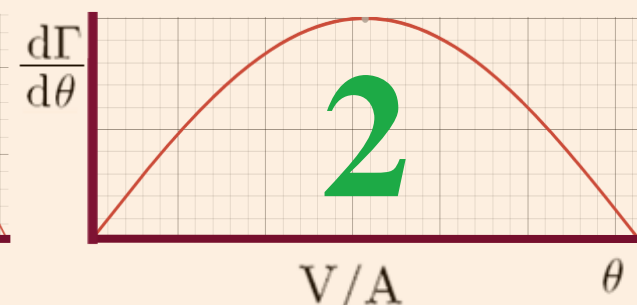
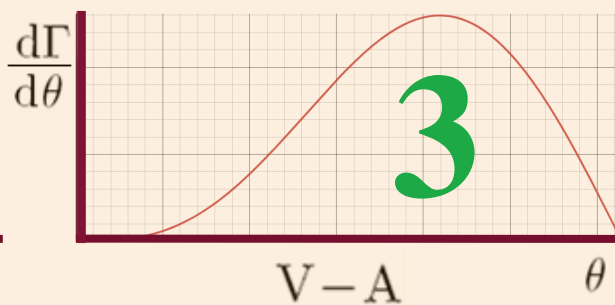
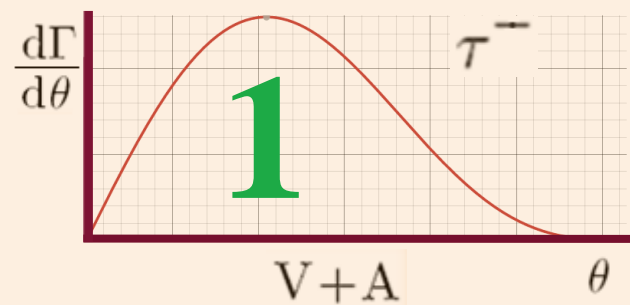
**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$



*Signal angular distribution*



## Polarization-induced effects

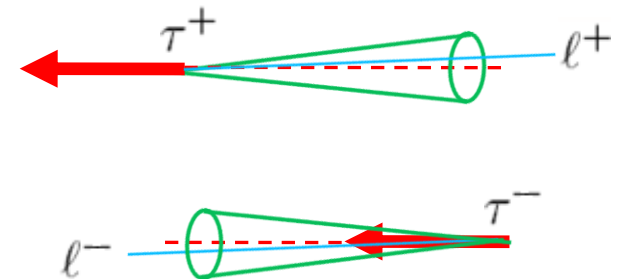
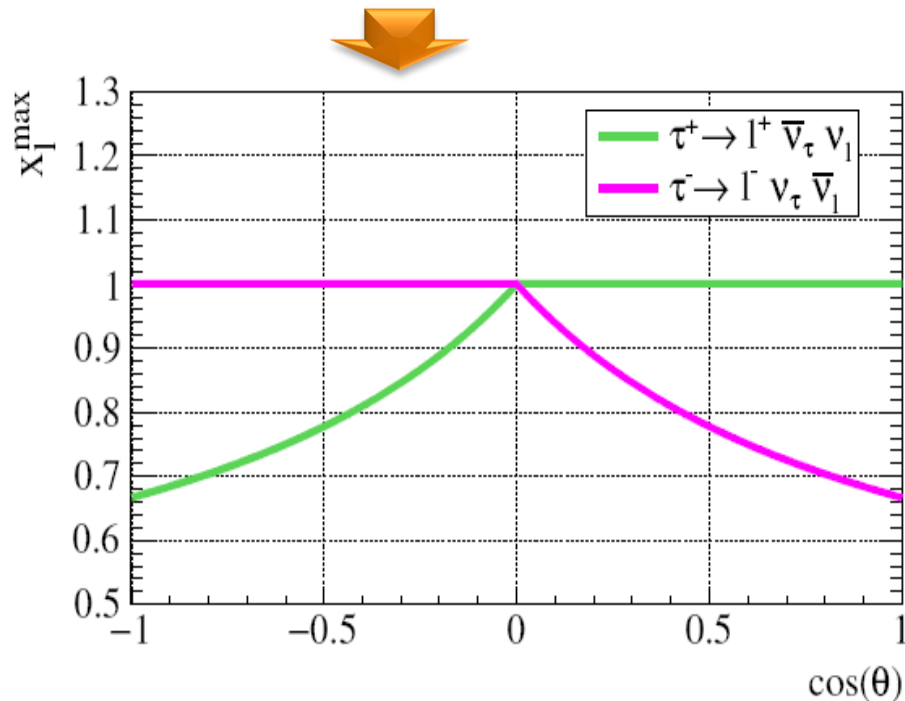
**Signal:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + a$

**SM BG:**  $\mu^- \mu^+ \rightarrow \tau^- \tau^+, \tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

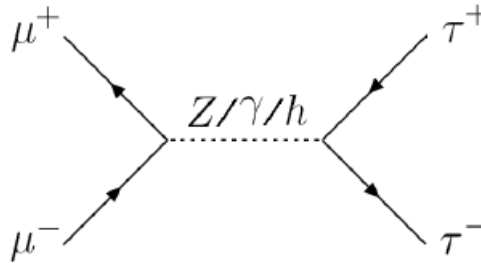
**BG**  $\tau \rightarrow e/\mu + \nu \bar{\nu}$

*In the tau rest frame:*

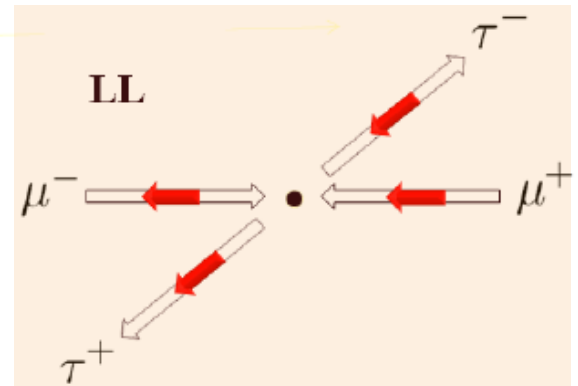
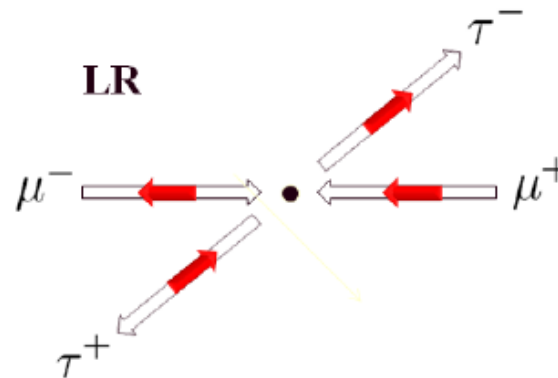
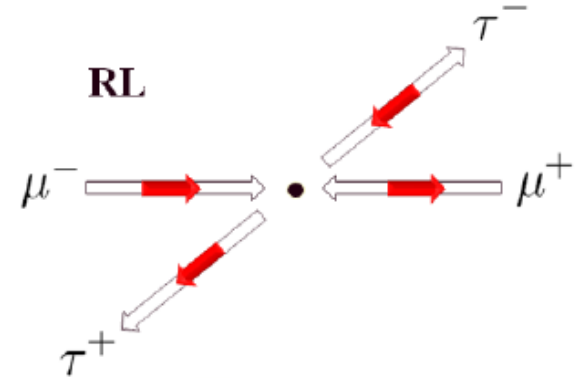
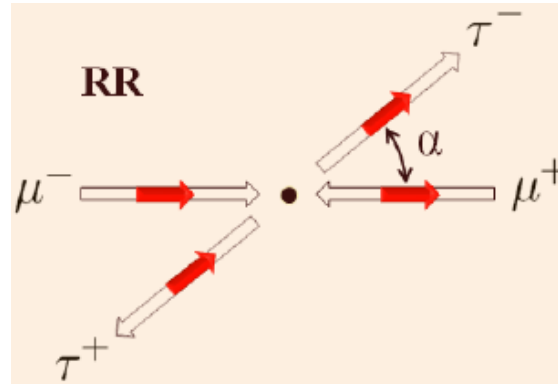
$$\frac{d^2\Gamma \left( \begin{array}{l} \tau^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu_\ell \bar{\nu}_\tau \\ \tau^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu}_\ell \nu_\tau \end{array} \right)}{dx_\ell d\cos\theta} \simeq \Gamma_\tau [(3 - 2x_\ell) \pm \mathcal{P}_\tau (2x_\ell - 1) \cos\theta] x_\ell^2$$

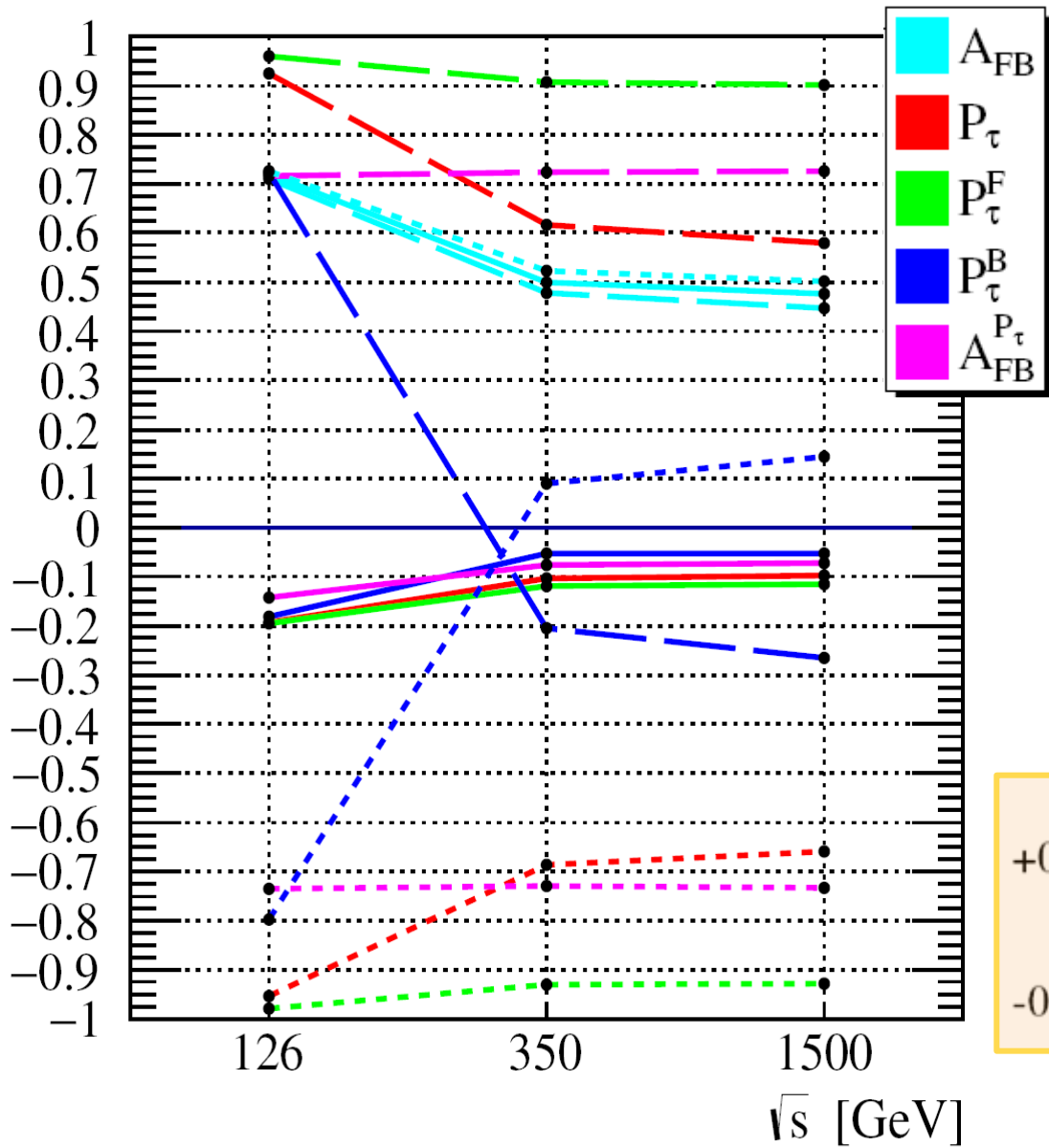


# How to produce highly polarized tau leptons?



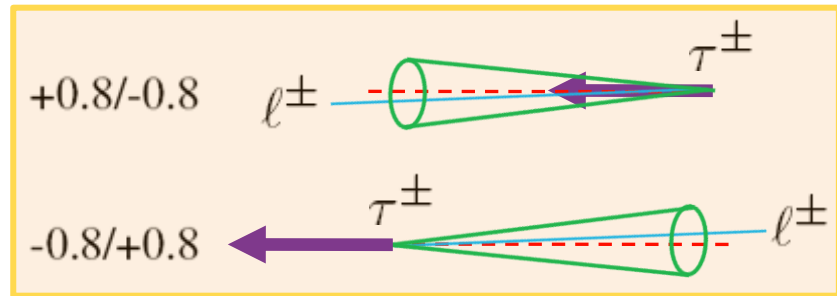
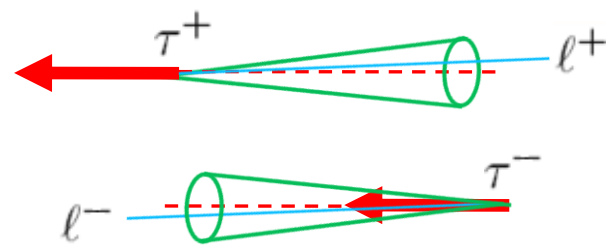
$$m_\tau \ll E_\tau$$





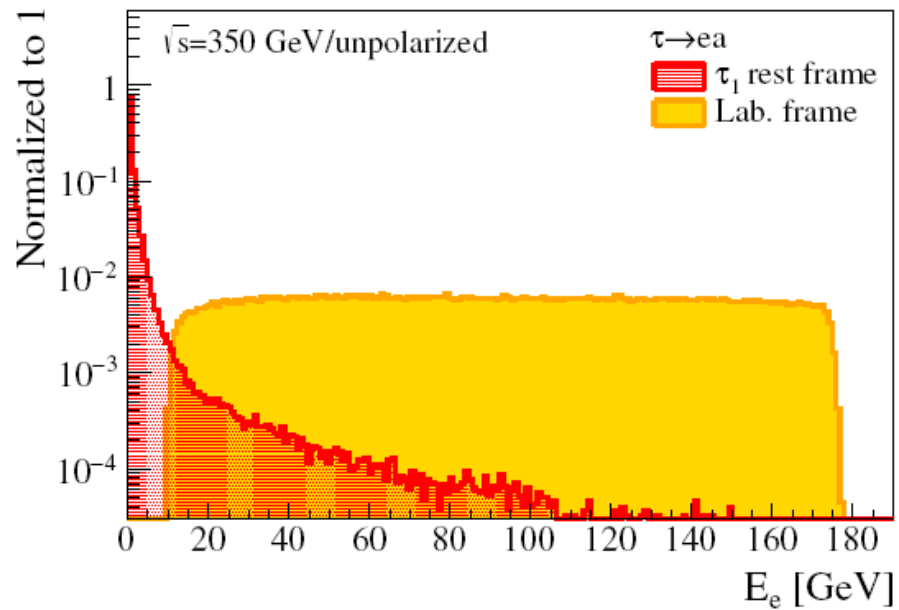
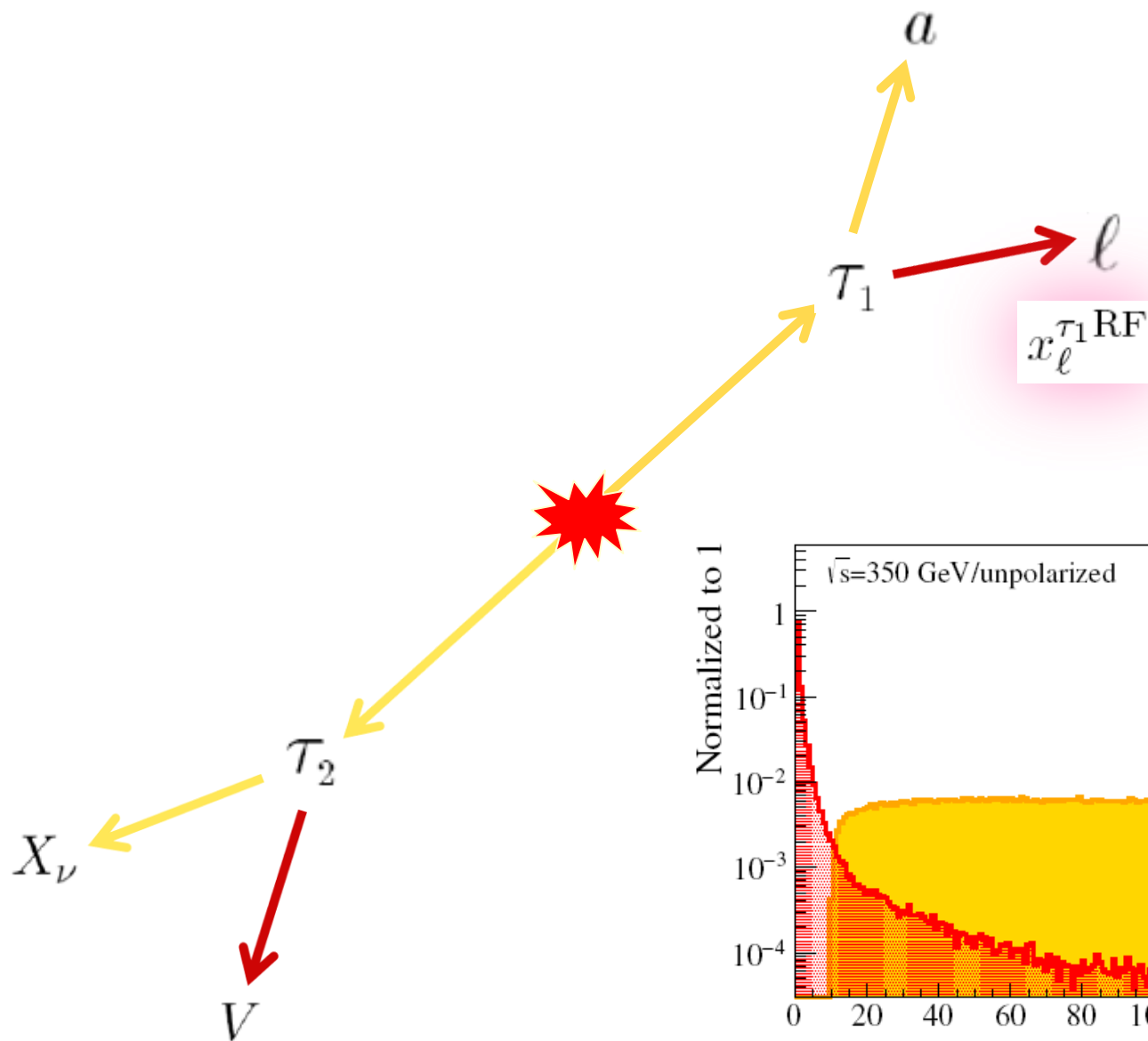
— unpolarized  
 - - +0.8/-0.8  
 ··· -0.8/+0.8

	+0.8/-0.8	-0.8/+0.8
<i>forward</i> $\tau^-$	$> +0.9$	$< -0.9$
<i>backward</i> $\tau^+$	$< -0.9$	$> +0.9$



$$A_{\text{FB}} = \frac{\sigma^{\text{F}} - \sigma^{\text{B}}}{\sigma_{\text{total}}} \quad P_{\tau} = \frac{(\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-}) - (\sigma_{-+} + \sigma_{--})}{\sigma_{\text{total}}} \quad P_{\tau}^{\text{F/B}} = \frac{\sigma^{\text{F/B}}(h_{\tau} = +1) - \sigma^{\text{F/B}}(h_{\tau} = -1)}{\sigma^{\text{F/B}}}$$

# Discriminating variables



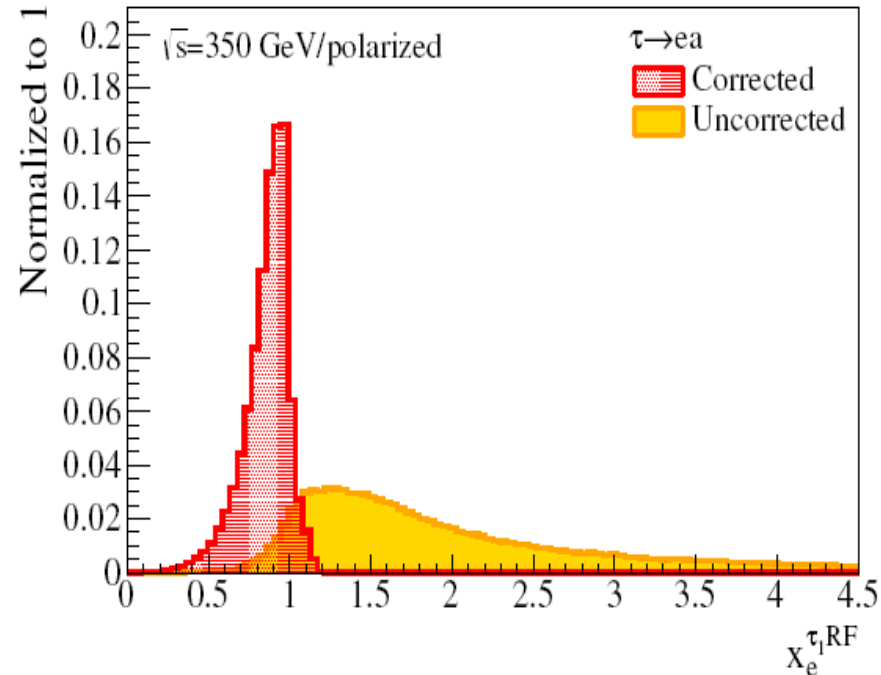
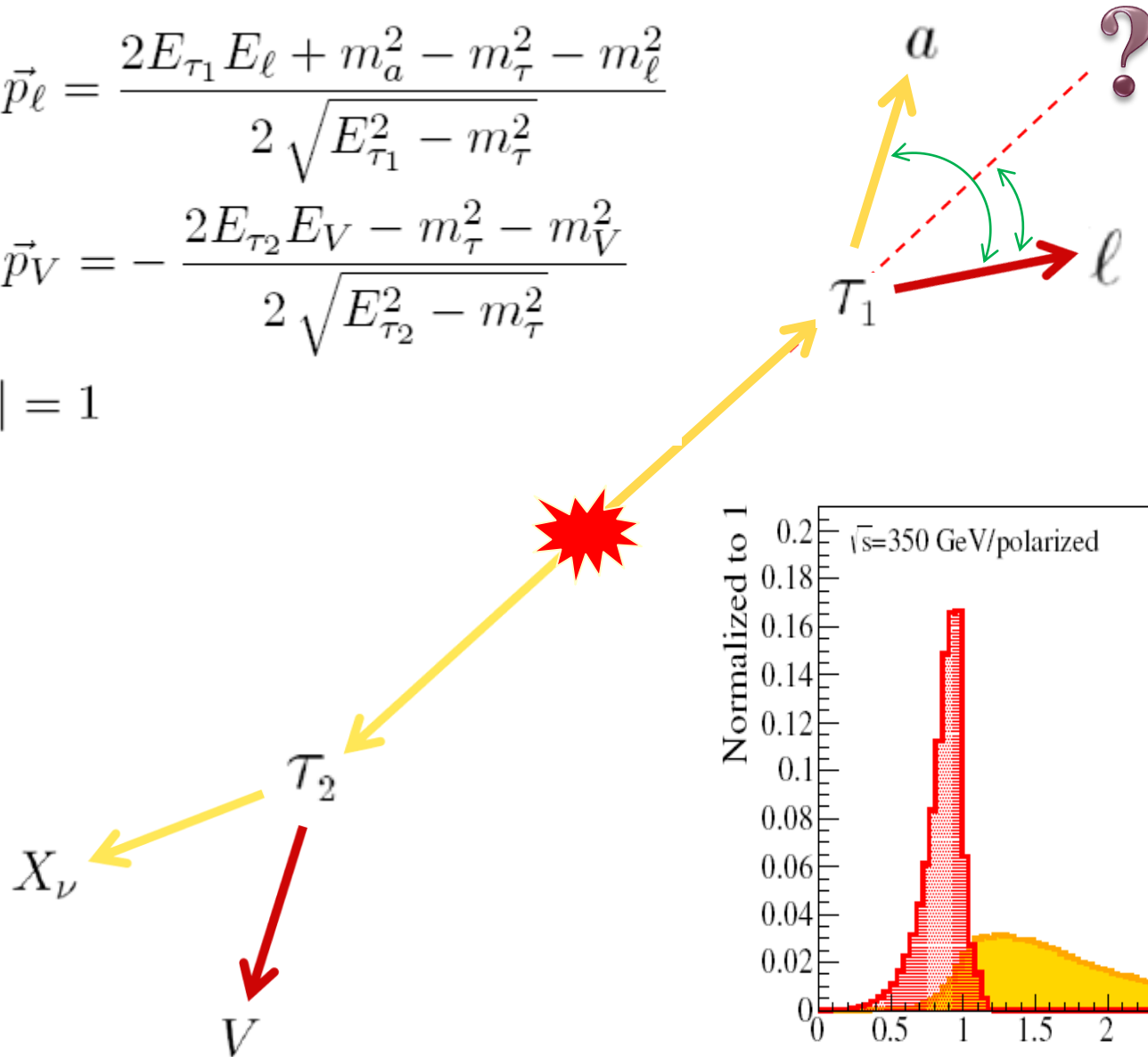


## Discriminating variables

$$\hat{v}_1 \cdot \vec{p}_\ell = \frac{2E_{\tau_1} E_\ell + m_a^2 - m_\tau^2 - m_\ell^2}{2\sqrt{E_{\tau_1}^2 - m_\tau^2}}$$

$$\hat{v}_1 \cdot \vec{p}_V = -\frac{2E_{\tau_2} E_V - m_\tau^2 - m_V^2}{2\sqrt{E_{\tau_2}^2 - m_\tau^2}}$$

$$|\hat{v}_1| = 1$$



# Discriminating variables

