

Search for charged lepton flavor violation at BESIII

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30 Years of Tau International Workshops

The 16th International Workshop on Tau Lepton Physics

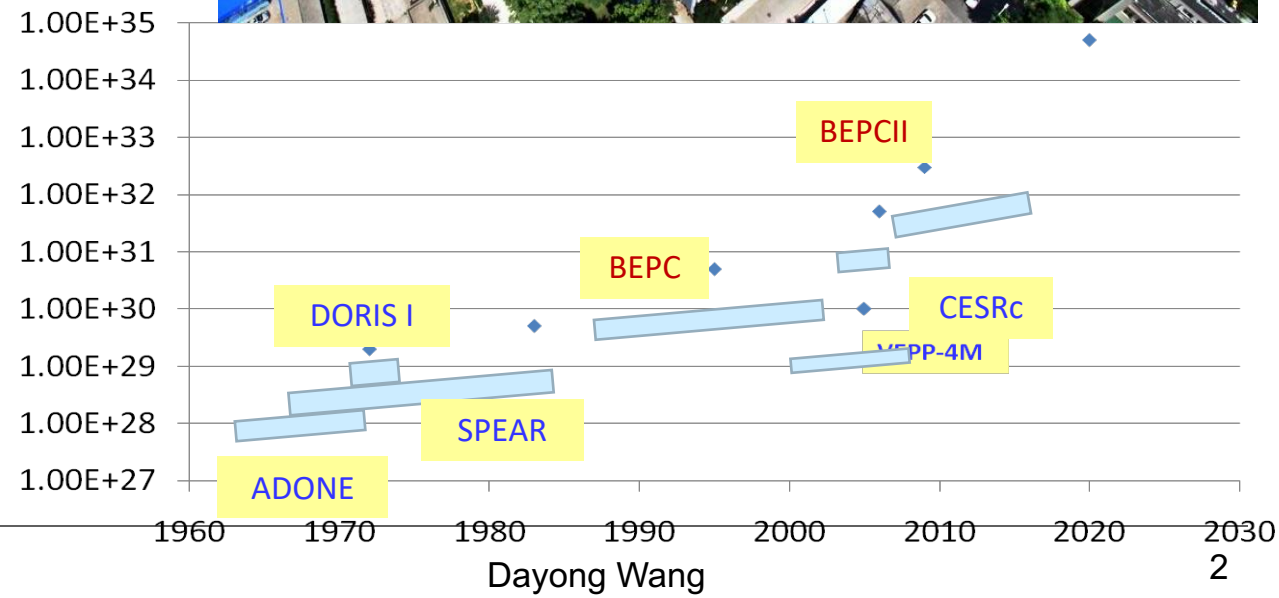
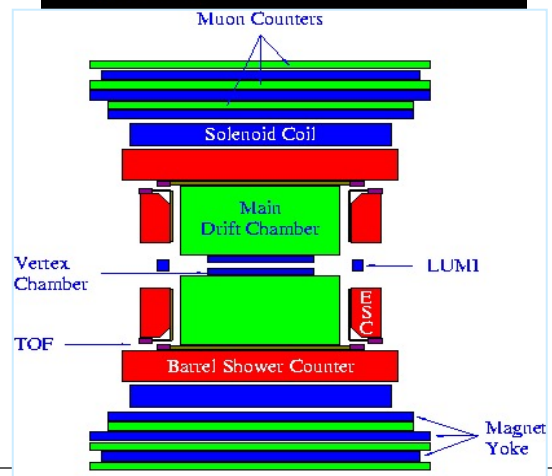
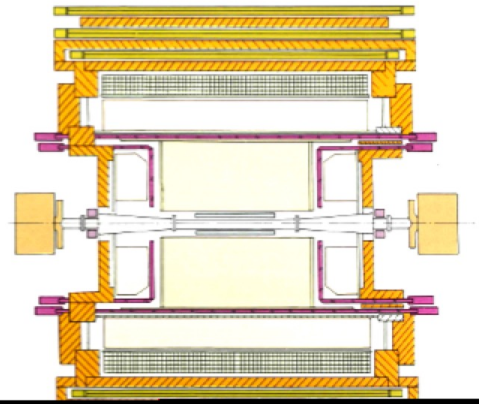
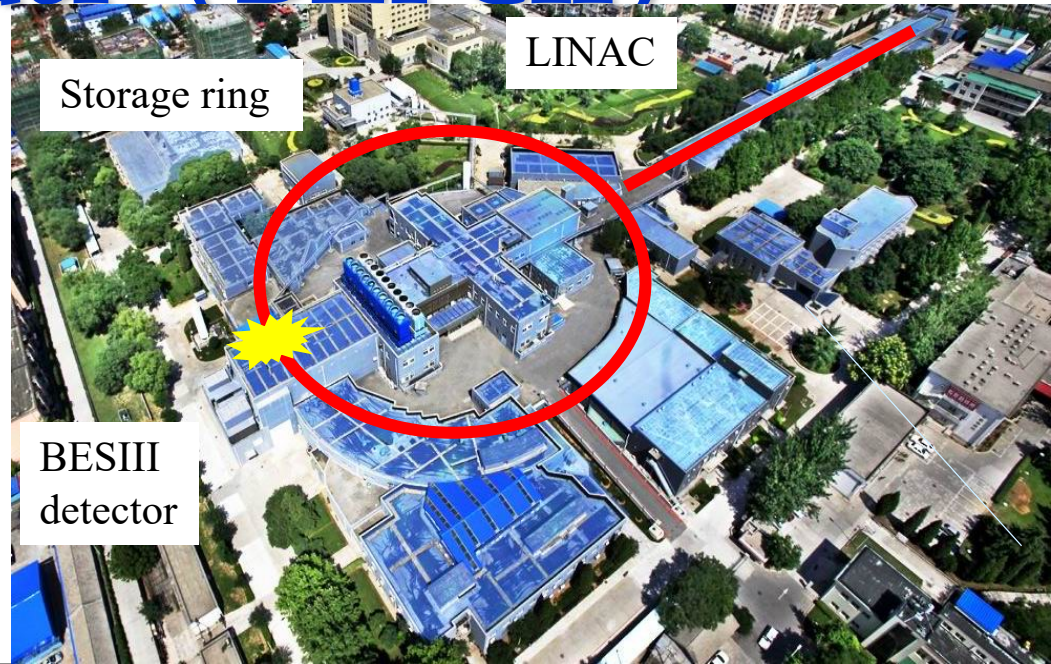
TAU 2021

(Virtual edition)

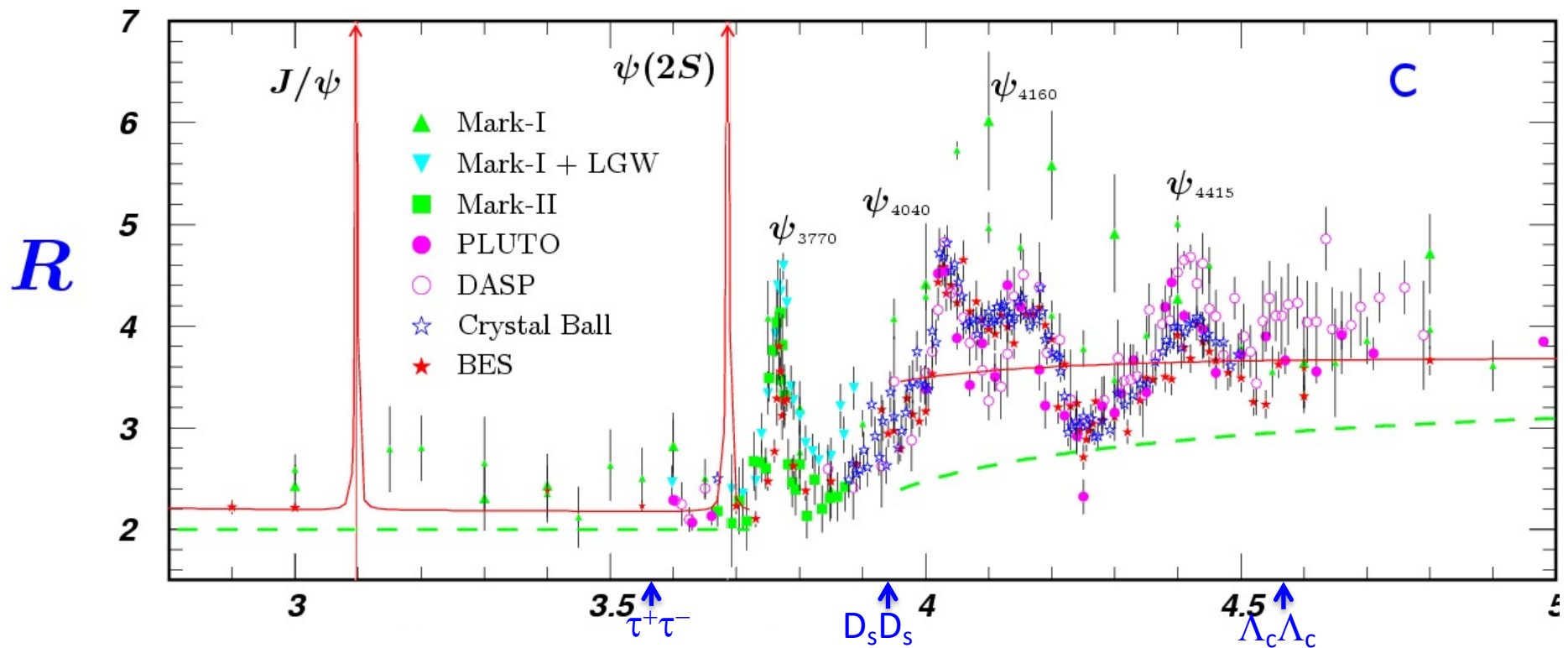
Indiana University, Bloomington, USA

September 27, 2021 - October 1, 2021

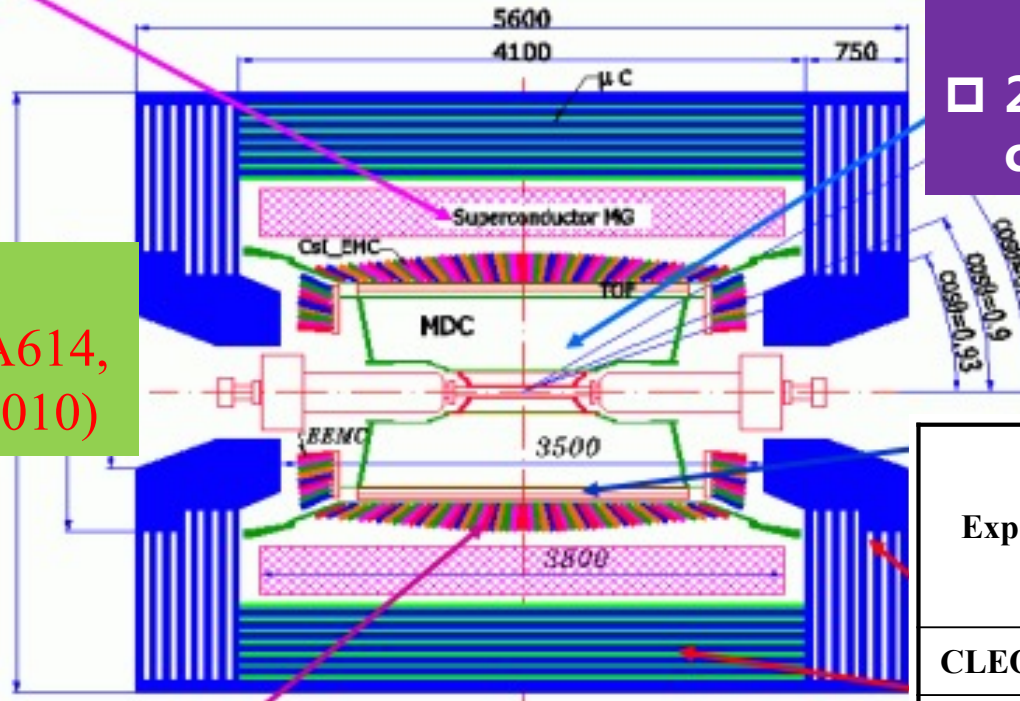
- 1984 ground breaking
- 1988 1st collision
- 1989 data-taking began
- Minor updates in mid-90s



- Rich of **resonances**, charmonia and charmed mesons.
- **Threshold** characteristics (pairs of τ , D , D_s , charmed baryons...).
- **Transition** between perturbative and non-perturbative **QCD**.
- New hadrons: glueballs, hybrids, multi-quark states
- **Rare and forbidden decays: New Physics** beyond the SM



Magnet: 1 T Super conducting



Ref:
NIM A614,
345 (2010)

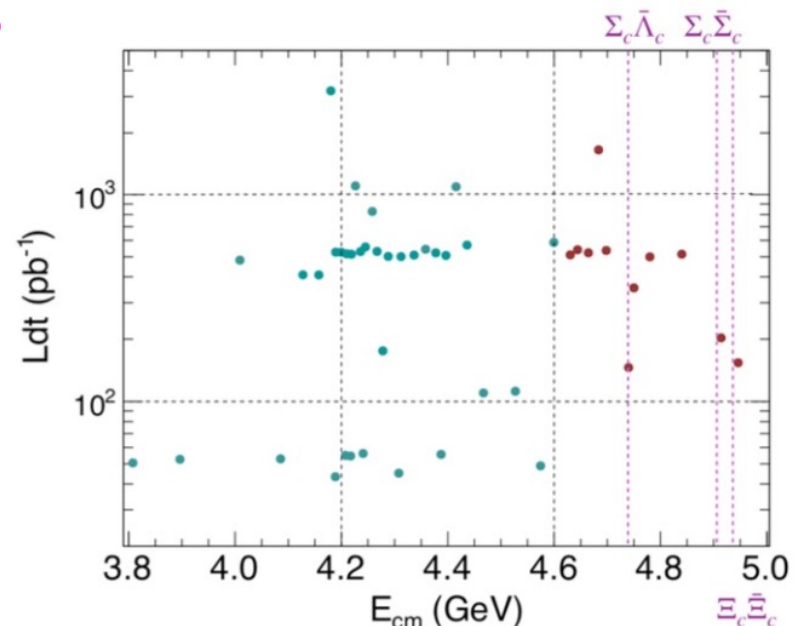
- peak lumi of $1 \times 10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ at 1.89 GeV reached in April 2016
- 2019-2021: top-up injection , c.m.s. $E > 4.94 \text{ GeV}$

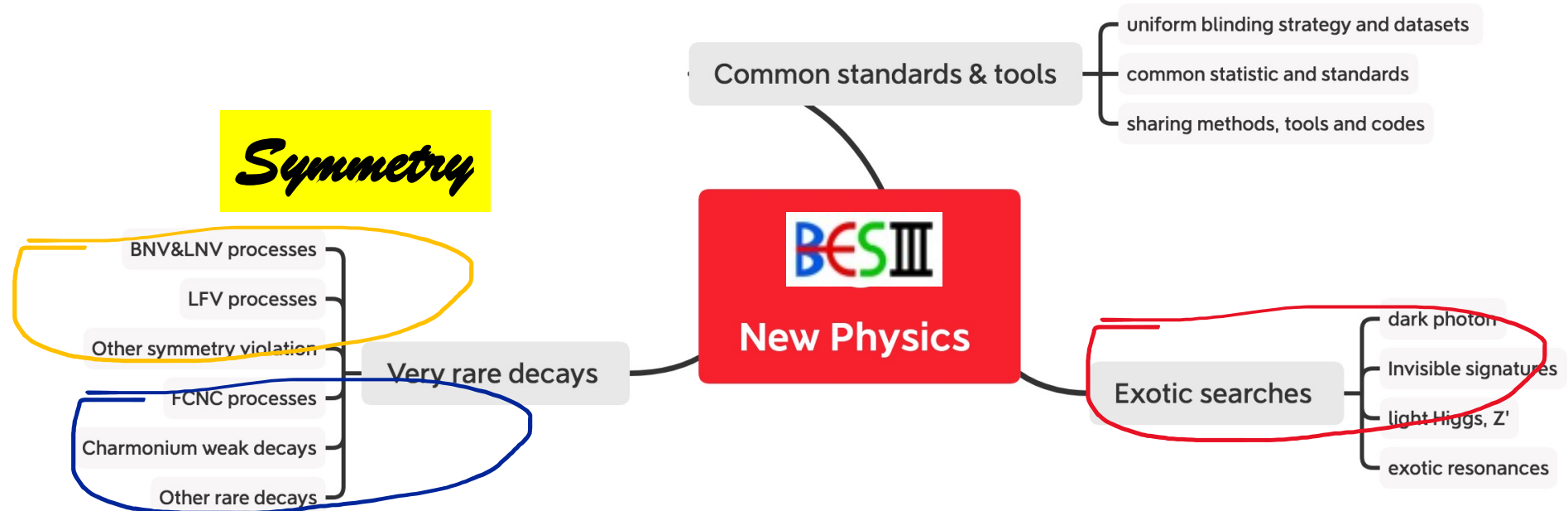
Clean environment, high luminosity, large acceptance and high efficiency at BESIII are helpful for indirect probe of new physics

| Exps. | MDC Spatial resolution | MDC dE/dx resolution | EMC Energy resolution |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| CLEO-c | 110 μm | 5% | 2.2-2.4 % |
| BaBar | 125 μm | 7% | 2.67 % |
| Belle | 130 μm | 5.6% | 2.2 % |
| BESIII | 115 μm | <5% (Bhabha) | 2.4% |

- ~ 3 B $\psi(3686)$ events ~ 140×CLEO-c
- ~ 10 B J/ψ events ~ 170×BESII
- ~ 2.9/fb (20/fb soon) $\psi(3770)$ ~ 3.5(24)×CLEO-c
- ~ 23/fb (30+15/fb in future) **XYZ** above 4 GeV Unique

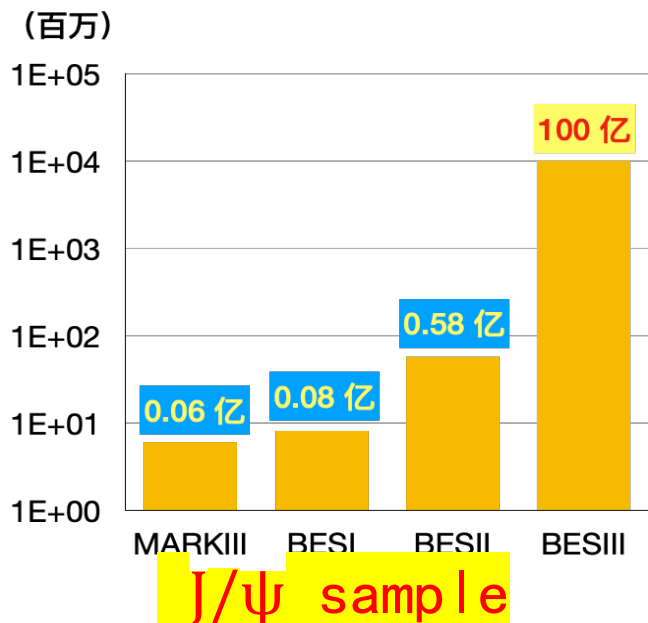
- 20 points for R & QCD Scan: 500/pb in 2015
- $Y(2175)$ resonance: 100 /pb :
- 3/fb Ds data at 4170 MeV ~ 5×CLEO-c
- 3.8/fb 4.6-4.7GeV data in 2020
- 4.7-4.95GeV in 2021
- ~ other data sets: tau, Λ_c , resonance scan and continuum, etc.





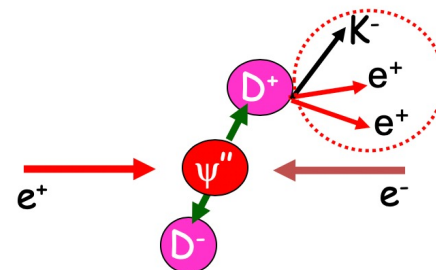
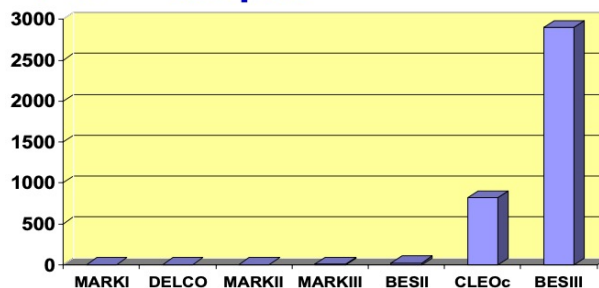
More details, r.f.

- ✓ New Physics Searches at the BESIII Experiment, Shenjian Chen and Stephen Olsen, NSR, arXiv:2102.13290
- ✓ New Physics Program of BES, Dayong Wang, in 《30 Years of BES Physics》



- Event is very clean
- High tagging efficiency
- Many systematic uncertainties can be cancelled
- Could measure absolute BF's

▷ D⁰⁽⁺⁾ samples



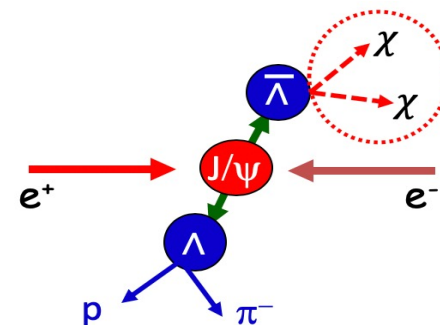
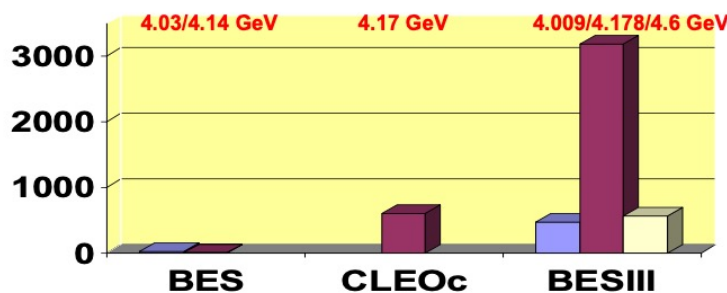
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PARTICLE PHYSICS NEWS AND RESOURCES

A communication resource from the world's particle

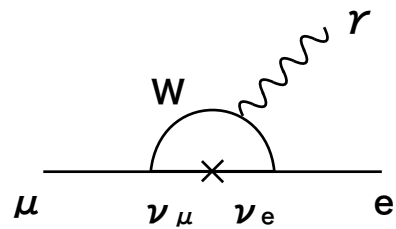
BESIII Accumulates 10 Billion J/ψ Events

2019/2/11

▷ D_s⁺/D_s⁻/Λ_c⁺ samples

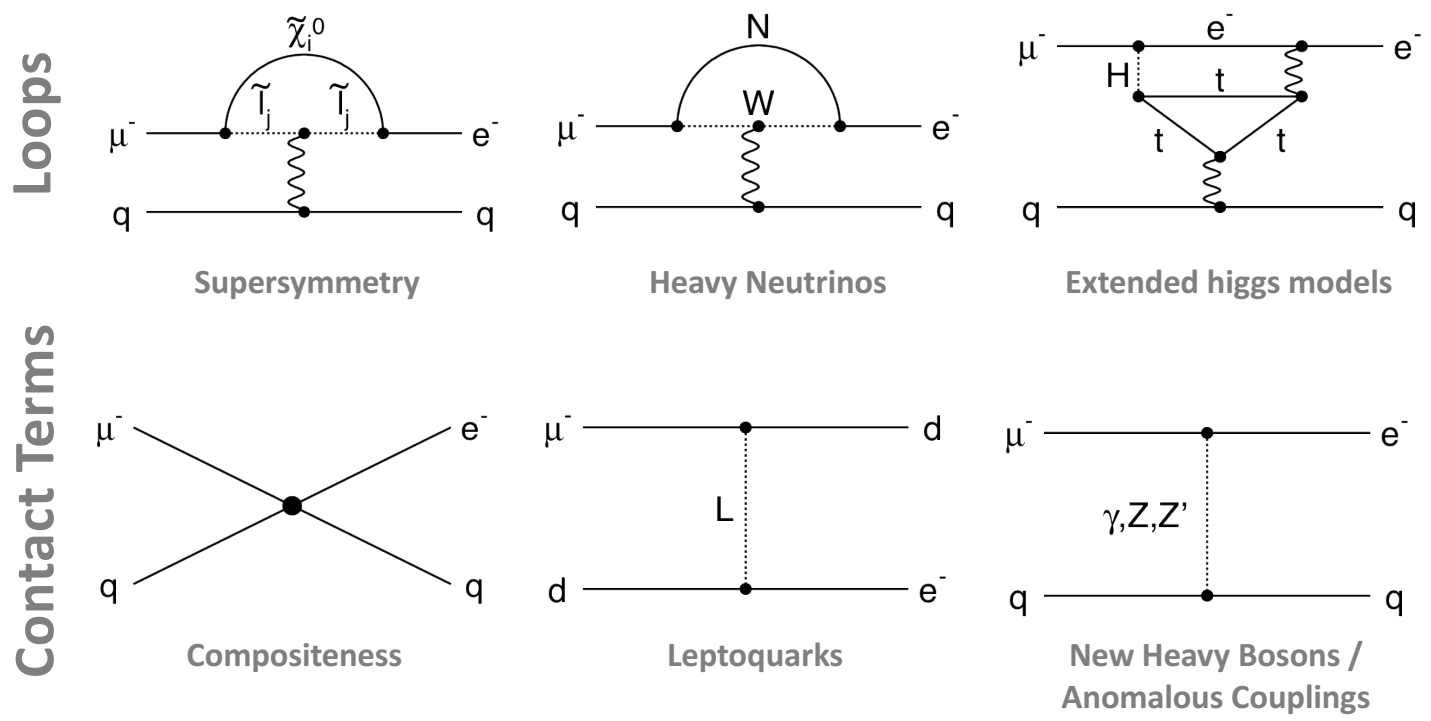


Considering neutrino mixing, extended vSM

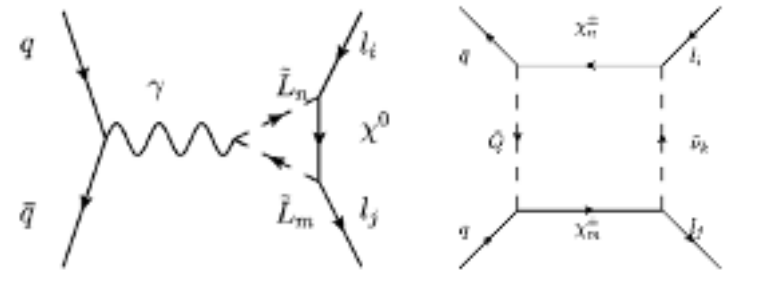


$$M \propto \sum_j U_{ej} U_{\mu j}^* \frac{m_j^2}{M_W^2} \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-54})$$

Possible CLFV from NP models



- New physics models predicting $\text{BR}(J/\psi \rightarrow e\mu)$ to $10^{-16} \sim 10^{-9}$, $\text{BR}(J/\psi \rightarrow e\tau(\mu\tau))$ to $10^{-10} \sim 10^{-8}$.
 - model-independent prediction [1, 2]
 - rotating mass matrix [3]
 - unparticle physics [4]
 - effective Lagrangian [5]
 - MSSM with gauged baryon and lepton number [6]
 - ...
- Experimental results



| | J/ψ number | $J/\psi \rightarrow e\mu$ | $J/\psi \rightarrow e\tau$ | $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\tau$ |
|--------|-----------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| BES | 58 million | $< 1.1 \times 10^{-6}$ [7] | $< 8.3 \times 10^{-6}$ [8] | $< 2.0 \times 10^{-6}$ [8] |
| BESIII | 225 million | $< 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$ [9] | - | - |

[1] X. M. Zhang et al, Phys. Rev. D 63, 016003 (2000).

[2] T. Gutsche et al, Phys. Rev. D 83, 115015 (2011).

[3] J. Bordes and H. M. Chan, Phys. Rev. D 63, 016006 (2000).

[4] K. S. Sun et al, Mod. Phys. Lett. A 27, 1250172 (2012).

[5] D. E. Hazard and A. A. Petrov, Phys. Rev. D 94, 074023 (2016).

[6] X. X. Dong et al, Phys. Rev. D 97, 056027 (2018).

[7] BES Collaboration, Phys. Lett. B 561, 112007 (2003).

[8] BES Collaboration, Phys. Lett. B 598, 172 (2004).

[9] BESIII Collaboration, Phys. Rev. D 87, 112007 (2013).

- **Based on 10 billion J/ψ data set:**
 - ◆ 1310.6M collected @2009+2012 (sample I)
 - ◆ 8774.01M collected @2017-2019 (sample II)
- **Searching process: $J/\psi \rightarrow e\tau, \tau \rightarrow \pi\pi^0\nu$**
 - ◆ One electron and one charged pion.
 - ◆ At least two photon showers and one π^0 .
 - ◆ Two-body-decay
 - ◆ One undetected neutrino with missing energy
- **Blind analysis to avoid possible bias**

- **Select two good charged tracks with PID.**

- ◆ The electron candidate: $CL(e) > CL(\pi, \mathbf{K})$, $\frac{CL(e)}{CL(\pi)+CL(e)} > 0.95$, $E/p > 0.8$
- ◆ The pion candidate: $CL(\pi) > CL(e, \mathbf{K})$

- **Select at least two good showers.**

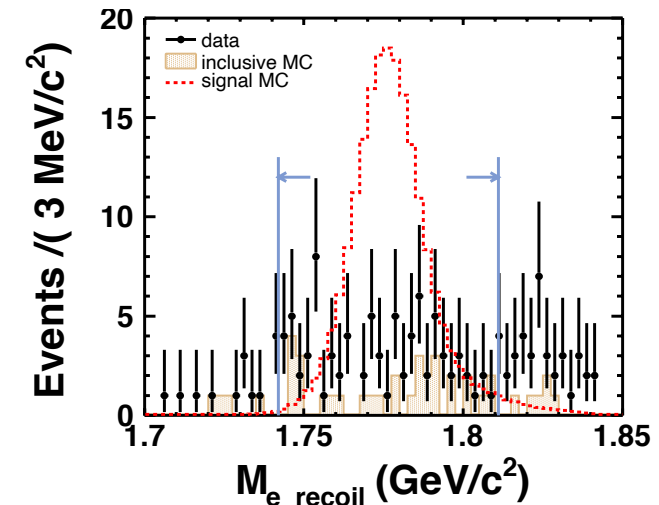
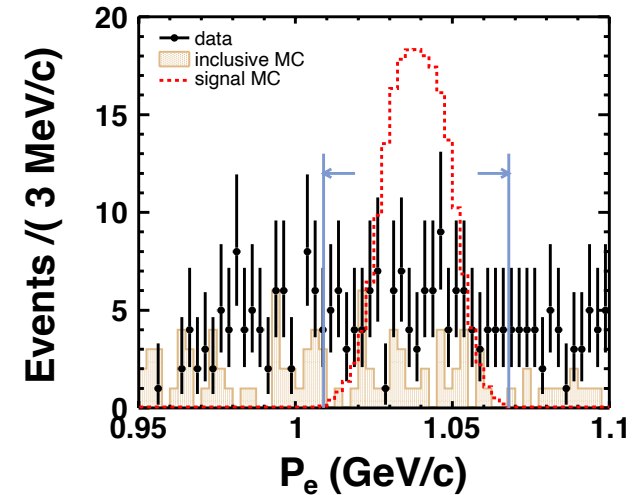
- ◆ Select π^0 with $0.115 < M_{\gamma\gamma} < 0.150$ GeV

- **Passing 1C kinematic fit with $\chi^2 < 200$.**

- **Two-body-decay:**

- ◆ $1.009 \text{ GeV} < P_e < 1.068 \text{ GeV}$
- ◆ $1.742 \text{ GeV} < M_{e_recoil} < 1.811 \text{ GeV}$.

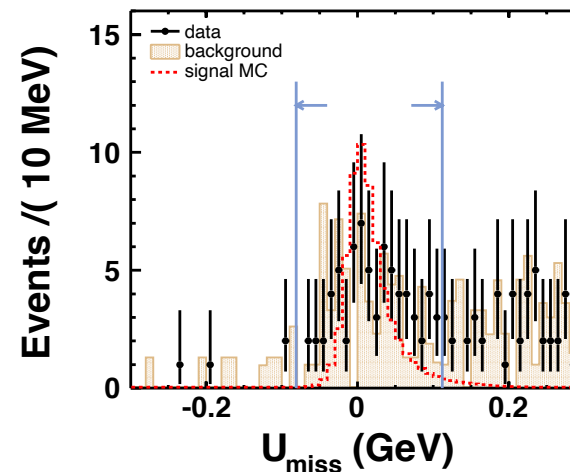
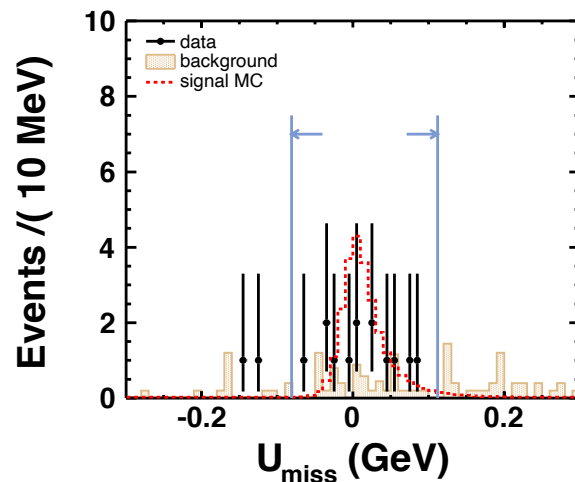
- **Missing energy $E_{miss} > 0.43 \text{ GeV}$.**



- Background from J/ψ resonance and continuum process.

| | $N_{bkg}^{J/\psi}$ | $N_{bkg}^{cont.}$ | N_{bkg}^{total} | N_{data} |
|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Sample I | 1.1 ± 0.8 | 5.8 ± 1.8 | 6.9 ± 1.9 | 13 |
| Sample II | 25.7 ± 6.4 | 37.9 ± 11.5 | 63.6 ± 13.2 | 69 |

- Total systematic uncertainty $\sim 4\%$.
- No excess of events is observed over the background.

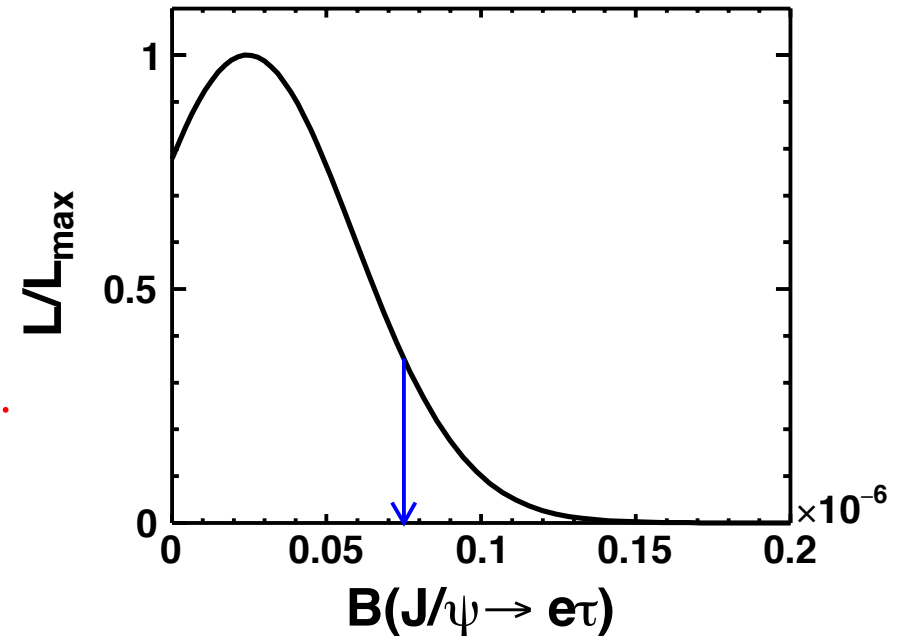


$$U_{miss} = E_{miss} - c|\vec{P}_{miss}|$$

Phys. Rev. D 103, 112007 (2021)

| Sources | sample I | sample II |
|--|----------|-----------|
| Number of J/ψ | 0.5% | 0.4% |
| Quoted BF* | 0.4% | 0.4% |
| MC model | 0.6% | - |
| Pion PID* | 1.0% | 1.0% |
| Pion tracking* | 1.0% | 1.0% |
| Electron PID | 0.4% | 0.9% |
| Electron tracking* | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| Photon detection* | 1.0% | 1.0% |
| π^0 reconstruction* | 1.0% | 1.0% |
| P_e and M_{e_recoil} requirements | 3.0% | 3.3% |
| E_{miss} requirement | 1.0% | 0.8% |
| Total uncertainty | 3.9% | 4.1% |

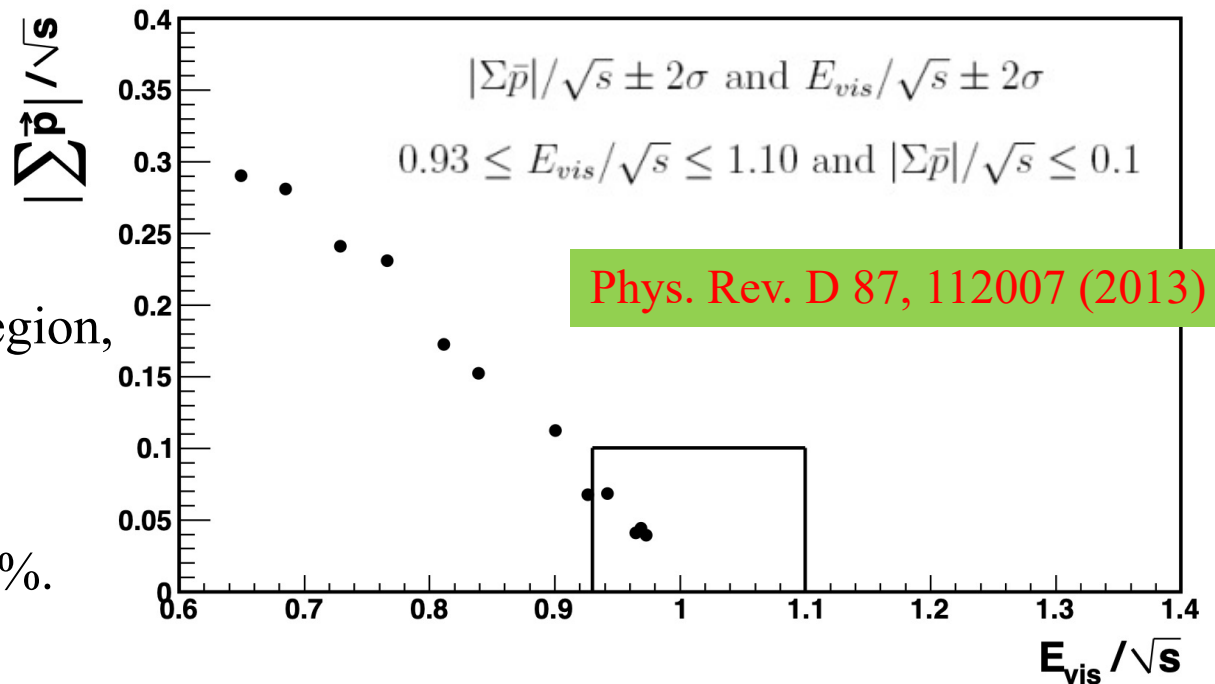
- Determination of upper limit at 90% C.L. with Bayesian method, assuming:
 - the survived data events \sim Poisson,
 - detection efficiency \sim Gaussian,
 - background estimation \sim Gaussian.
- Combined result:
 - $BR(J/\psi \rightarrow e\tau) < 7.5 \times 10^{-8}$ @ 90% C.L.
- This result improves the previous published limits by **two orders of magnitude** and comparable with the theoretical predictions.
- **The 1st published paper** based on full 10 billion J/ψ data of BESIII



Phys. Rev. D 103, 112007 (2021)

- Data set: 225 million J/ψ .
- Two opposite charged tracks, no missing track.
- 4 candidates found in the signal region, consistent with background expectations (4.75 ± 1.09).
- Total systematic uncertainty $\sim 5.8\%$.
- Upper limit is obtained by the Feldman-Cousins method with systematic uncertainties included.
- Upper limit at 90% C.L.

$$BR(J/\psi \rightarrow e\mu) < 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$$



Update in progress:

- Data set: 10 billion J/ψ .
- Upper limit expectation $10^{-9} \sim 10^{-8}$.

➤ $J/\psi \rightarrow e\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow \mu\nu_\mu\nu_\tau$ and $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\tau$, $\tau \rightarrow e\nu_e\nu_\tau$

- Two opposite charged tracks, two missing tracks.
- Data set: 58 million \rightarrow 10 billion.
- Upper limit expectation $\sim 10^{-8}$.

➤ $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma e\tau$ and $J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma\mu\tau$

- Two opposite charged tracks, one EMC shower, several missing tracks.
- Data set: 10 billion.
- No previous measurement.
- Upper limit expectation $\sim 10^{-8}$.

cLFV processes from $\psi(2S)$, D, η and η' decays are also possibly to search at BESIII, esp for the coming final datasets

Extended running of another 5-8 years, with upgrade in both energy and lumi
 BEPC-U under investigation: x3 in lumi

Exotic Decays and New Physics

- 6.1 Introduction
- 6.2 Rare decays of charmonia and charmed hadrons
 - 6.2.1 Weak decays of charmonia states
 - 6.2.2 Rare radiative and rare leptonic $D_{(s)}$ decays
- 6.3 Symmetry test in hyperon decays
 - 6.3.1 Probing CP asymmetry in hyperon decays
 - 6.3.2 Constraint on BNV from $\Lambda - \bar{\Lambda}$ Oscillation
 - 6.3.3 More symmetry violation in hyperon decays
- 6.4 Charged Lepton Flavor (Number) Violation decays
 - 6.4.1 Decays of $J/\psi, \psi(3686) \rightarrow l_1 l_2, l_1 l_2 \gamma$
 - 6.4.2 $X_c(\eta_c) \rightarrow l_1 l_2$ via photon tagging in $\psi(3686) \rightarrow \gamma X_c(\eta_c)$
 - 6.4.3 (radiative) Leptonic decays of $D^0 \rightarrow l_1 l_2, \gamma l_1 l_2$
 - 6.4.4 CLFV and LNV $D_{(s)}$ decays with light mesons
- 6.5 Searches for light (invisible) NP particles
 - 6.5.1 Physics of the Dark Sector
 - 6.5.2 (radiative) Invisible decays of charmonia
 - 6.5.3 Invisible decays of D mesons
 - 6.5.4 Invisible decays of light mesons
- 6.6 Off-resonance searches
 - 6.6.1 Rare charm production: $e^+e^- \rightarrow D^*(2007)$
 - 6.6.2 Dark photon and dark Higgs searches
 - 6.6.3 Axion-Like particles
 - 6.6.4 Searches for fractionally charged particles

Future Physics Programme of BESIII
Chinese Phys. C 44, 040001 (2020).

- ✓ Further explore BESIII NP potential
 - Near-threshold production
 - High lumi
 - Clean signals
- ✓ Produce more influential results with these advantages

Open for new opportunity

- BESIII has a rich new physics search program
 - charged LFV with the world largest e^+e^- annihilation J/ψ . Latest results are reported:
 - ◆ $BR(J/\psi \rightarrow e\tau) < 7.5 \times 10^{-8}$ @ 90% C.L. Phys. Rev. D 103, 112007 (2021)
 - The 1st publication with 10B J/ψ sample
 - ◆ $BR(J/\psi \rightarrow e\mu) < 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$ @ 90% C.L. Phys. Rev. D 87, 112007 (2013)
 - With 225M J/ψ sample
 - In updates with 10B data: $10^{-9} \sim 10^{-8}$
 - Better/more constraints on LFV processes can be expected from BESIII in future.
- ...More to come!

Thanks!