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## RESULTS OF A COMPACT REFLEX TRIODE WITH MULTI CAVITY ADJUSTMENT

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This study focuses on achieving wide tunability of a compact reflex triode virtual cathode oscillator (vircator). The cathode is of a bimodal carbon fiber (CF) material paired with a pyrolytic graphite anode. These materials display ideal operating characteristics which including but not limited to, long lifetime  $> 10^6$  shots, high operating temperatures  $> 1000$  K, and large current densities  $\sim 200$  A/cm<sup>2</sup>. A 12 stage, 158 J pulse forming network (PFN) based Marx generator serves to drive the Vircator at 350 kV, 4 kA with  $\sim 100$  ns pulsewidth. The operating frequency of interest is in the range of 1-6 GHz, where the tunability is achieved by varying the length of the anode-cathode (A-K) gap, the length from the back wall to the A-K gap, or/and the distance from the bottom of the cavity to the A-K gap. The primary focus in this experiment was to increase the achievable frequencies by placing a square waveguide within a sealed vacuum tube. This allows the bottom part of the waveguide to be easily adjusted while still maintaining the waveguide integrity. The resulting microwave frequencies are shown along with the system performance.

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