



Triggerless Electronics based on HTM Method for Cosmic Ray Muon Imaging

Motivations & Challenges:

- The optical scintillation fiber detector requires thousands of readout channels
- Multi-board data synchronization: front-end & back-end
- Huge amount of data high speed data rate: up to 64 Gbps / ADC chip
- Memory pressure & dead time
- Empty data packages problem

Methods & Advantages:

- Triggerless method, Time stamp, HTM method and Sorting algorithm
- Discrimination algorithm
- Compressed packets & DDR3 (as a buffer)
- Real time data receiving, analysis and storage without dead time

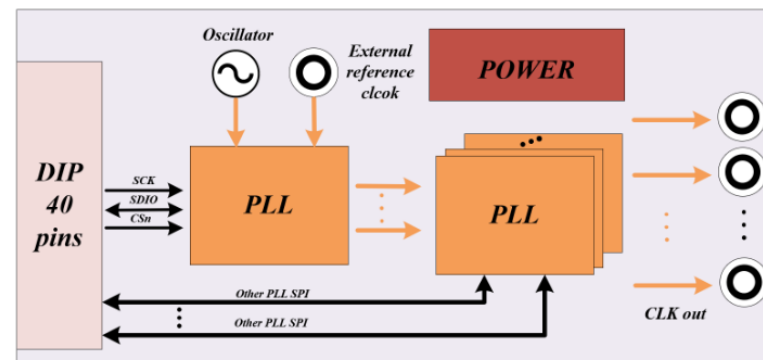
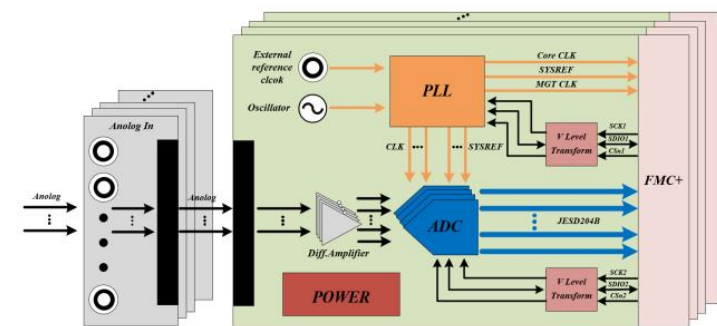
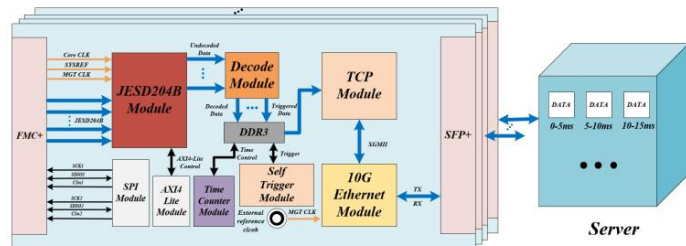


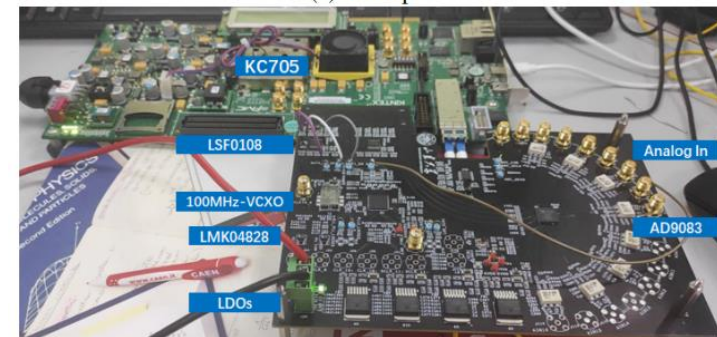
Fig. 4: Homologous clock source of DAQ



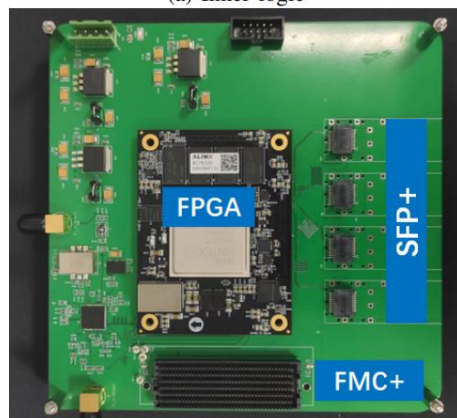
(a) Principle



(a) Inner logic



(b) Test board



(b) FPGA board

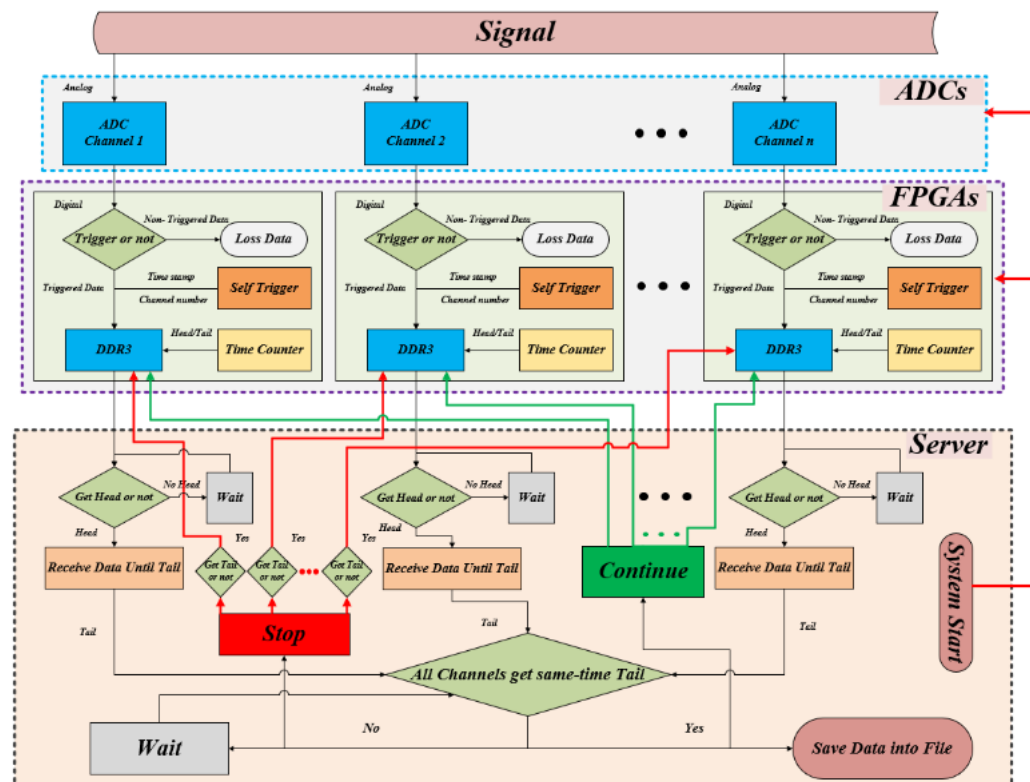


Fig. 5: The back-end synchronization principle

Fig. 1: The digitized part of DAQ

Fig. 3: The FPGA part of DAQ