



Contribution ID: 189

Type: Mini Oral and Poster

## Identifying Regions of Interest in the ATLAS Calorimeter with Deep Convolutional Neural Networks

*Tuesday 23 April 2024 12:35 (20 minutes)*

Clustering of calorimetric signals in the ATLAS detector has typically been performed using the topocluster algorithm, following cell signal-significance patterns. In this work we present a machine learning alternative to topoclustering. Using current topological cell clusters as indicators of physical significance we use a convolutional neural network (CNN) to identify regions of interest in the calorimeter. We introduce a novel data pre-processing pipeline transforming the ATLAS calorimeter into a two-dimensional representation in  $\eta, \phi$ ; building upon previous treatments of jets as images in particle physics. The performance of the object detection architecture, which targets real-time applications, is evaluated on a set of simulated particle interactions in the ATLAS detector.

### Minioral

Yes

### IEEE Member

No

### Are you a student?

Yes

**Author:** BOZIANU, Leon (Universite de Geneve (CH))

**Presenter:** BOZIANU, Leon (Universite de Geneve (CH))

**Session Classification:** Poster A

**Track Classification:** AI, Machine Learning, Real Time Simulation, Intelligent Signal Processing