Progress on the Electromagnetic Calorimeter Trigger Simulation at the Belle II Experiment P

InSoo Lee^{1*}, SungHyun Kim¹, CheolHun Kim¹, HanEol Cho¹,

YoungJun Kim², Yuji Unno¹, ByungGu Cheon¹

1. Dept. of Physics, Hanyang University

2. Dept.of Physics, Korea University

Abstract

The Belle II experiment at KEK in Japan start beam collision from early of 2018 to probe a New Physics beyond the Standard Model by measuring CP violation precisely and rare weak decays of beauty, charm quark and tau lepton. The experiment is performed at the SuperKEKB e^+e^- collider with 80×10^{34} cm⁻² s⁻¹ as an ultimate instantaneous luminosity. In order to develop and test an appropriate trigger algorithm under much higher luminosity and severe beam background environment than previous KEKB collider, a detail simulation study of the Belle II calorimeter trigger system is very crucial to operate Belle II trigger/DAQ system in stable. We report preliminary results on various trigger logic and efficiencies using physics and beam background events upon the Belle II Geant4-based analysis framework called Basf2.



ECL Trigger Simulation Study



- New intensity frontier facility at KEK
- Target Luminosity : $\mathcal{L}_{peak} = 80 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

 $\hat{\mathcal{L}}_{Int} > 50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$ $\Longrightarrow 10^{10} B\overline{B}, \tau^+\tau^-, \text{ charms per year!}$

BE

BR

TC Map

Goal of Belle II

- CP violation studies by precise determination of decay vertices of B mesons and tagging of D mesons
- New Physics in decays of heavy flavor particles
- New exotic states (X, Y, Z, ...)
- **Operation Schedule**
 - Phase 2 : First beam collision has been started with $4.0 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ from 2018.
 - Phase 3 : Beam collision with the target luminosity $80 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ planned from 2019.

Electromagnetic Calorimeter(ECL) Trigger System





ECL Trigger simulation package is implemented in Belle II analysis framework having a same structure with Belle II ECL Trigger system to develop appropriate trigger algorithms.



3-D Bhabha Trigger Logic

Sample	Bhbaha tagging efficiency(%)		
	3-D	2-D	
Bhabha	91.8	91.8	
Radiation Bhabha	78.9	78.2	
$ee \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	75.8	78.2	
<u>ee > μμ</u>	0	0.1	
$ISR(ee \to (\gamma)\mu\mu$)	0	0.2	
ISR(ee $\rightarrow (\gamma)\pi\pi$)	0.1	0.4	
τ →generic	0	0.5	
$\tau ightarrow \mu \gamma$	0.1	2.0	
$ au o e\gamma$	0.4	3.7	
Single photon	0	1.4	
Y(4s)	0	0	
		error < 0.03	

3D Bhabha logic

- In order to avoid tagging a similar topology of physics events as Bhabha trigger, we introduce cluster base 3-D Bhabha logic.
- **Cluster** : Groups of connected TC hits base on the ICN logic.
- Bhabha condition
 - $\checkmark 160^{\circ} < \Delta \phi_{\rm cm}, \Delta \theta_{\rm cm} < 200^{\circ}$
 - ✓ Both clusters E_{cm} > 3 GeV and One of clusters E_{cm} > 4.5 GeV
- 3-D Bhabha logic provide better selection for low multiplicity events than 2-D logic.

Offline Data Analysis (Logic confirmation)

- Reproduce trigger output from beam data using Trigger Simulation package to check the trigger system work properly.
- By comparing the Bhabha combination bit in MC and Data, we confirm the ECL Trigger logic works properly.

Bhabha combination bit	MC	Data (run #120)
0	$\textbf{0.67} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	$\textbf{0.62} \pm \textbf{0.02}$
1	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.03 ± 0.01
2	$\textbf{0.05} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.08 ± 0.01
3	0.01 ± 0.00	0.02 ± 0.01
4	$\textbf{0.05} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.08 ± 0.01
5	$\textbf{0.04} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.07 ± 0.01
6	$\textbf{0.03} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.05 ± 0.01
7	$\textbf{0.03} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.06 ± 0.01
8	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.03 ± 0.01
9	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.04 ± 0.01
10	0.01 ± 0.00	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.01}$
11	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.01}$
12	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.03 ± 0.01
13	$\textbf{0.02} \pm \textbf{0.00}$	0.01 ± 0.01

Conclusion

The Belle II aim to find the new physics phenomena.

 Bhabha Trigger logic ✓ Use back-to-back topology ✓ Set 15 θ -id combinations ✓ Apply ICN < 4 . • Luminosity monitor ICN logic Bhabha logic $\checkmark f = \frac{Bhabha Trigger rate}{f}$ 5 1 6 203 748 **Cross section**

✓ Cluster counting logic

5 + 6	12	4.0	2.5	
6 + 7	12	4.0	2.5	
6 + 7	11	4.0	2.5	
7 + 8	11	4.0	2.5	
8	10 + 11	3.0	3.0	
8 + 9	9 + 10	3.5	3.0	

Bhabha combination

Combination (0 id)

5+6

15

14 + 15

14 + 15

14

13 +14

12 +13

13

Energy Threshold (GeV)

2,5

2.5

2.5

2.5

2.5

2.5

2.5

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

4.0

31 78 77 32 78 80 78 31

—→ z(e⁻)

FE

✓ Measure luminosity using cross section estimated by

GDL(1)ICN Logic

GRL(1)

012 47

The Belle II ECL trigger system is optimized for high efficient physics event selection as well as beam background suppression. In order to develop appropriate trigger algorithms in Belle II

environment, ECL trigger simulation has been prepared.

SuperKEKB/Belle II operation started from March in 2018.

- Newly introduced 3-D bhabha trigger logic provide better selection for low multiplicity events than 2-D logic.
- Using Trigger simulation package, we confirm the ECL Trigger logic.