



# The DAQ for the KOTO Experiment and RPT Upgrade

**Stephanie Su**  
**University of Michigan**

On behalf of

Jon Ameel<sup>1</sup>, Jacqueline Beechert<sup>1</sup>, Mircea Bogdan<sup>2</sup>, Myron Campbell<sup>1</sup>,  
Carolyn Gee<sup>1</sup>, Margaret Huff<sup>1</sup>, Jessica Micallef<sup>1</sup>, Joshua Robinson<sup>1</sup>,  
Christopher Rymph<sup>1</sup>, Hanna Schamis<sup>1</sup>, Yasuyuki Sugiyama<sup>3</sup>,  
Yasuhisa Tajima<sup>4</sup>, Monica Tecchio<sup>1</sup>, Nikola Whallon<sup>1</sup>, Yau Wah<sup>2</sup>, and Jia Xu<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Michigan, U.S.A.

<sup>2</sup>University of Chicago, U.S.A

<sup>3</sup>Osaka University, Japan

<sup>4</sup>Yamagata University, Japan



# Overview

- KOTO Experiment
- The DAQ System
- DAQ Performance
- Upgrades
- Summary



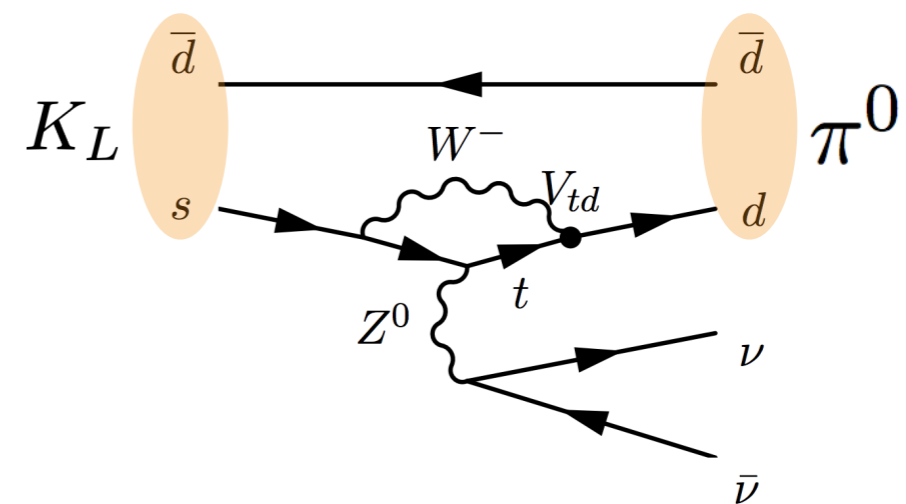
# Overview

- **KOTO Experiment**
- The DAQ System
- DAQ Performance
- Upgrades
- Summary



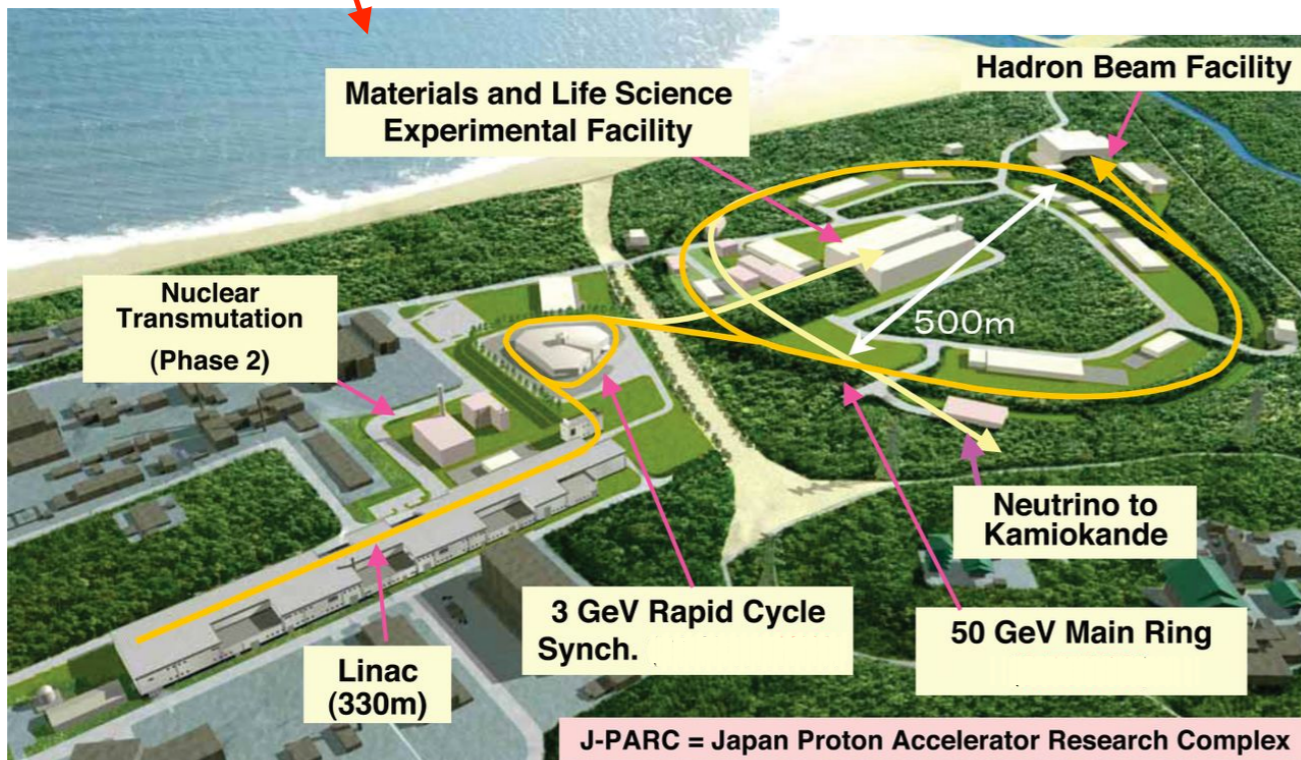
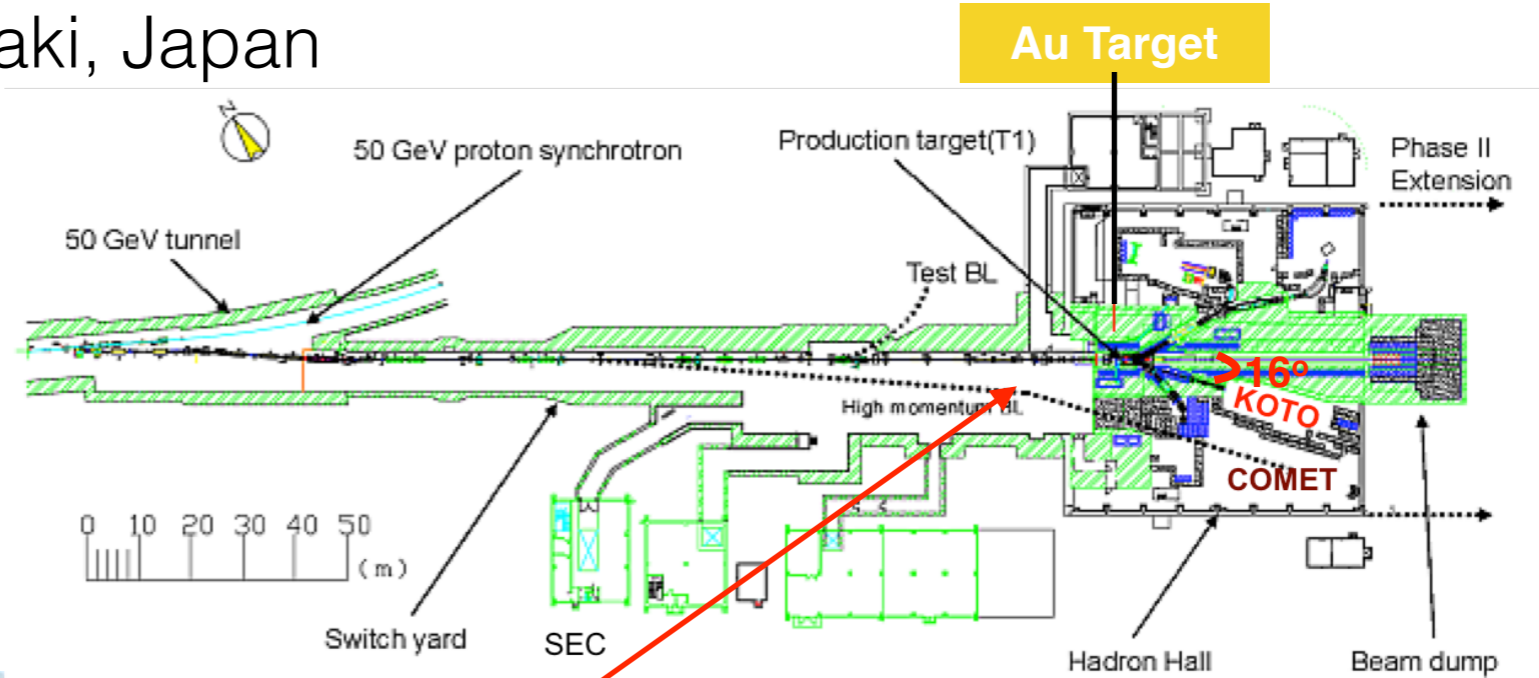
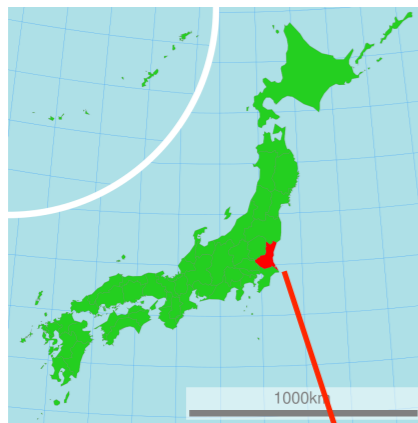
# KOTO Experiment at J-PARC

- Study  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$  decay
- Branching ratio (SM):  $2.4 \times 10^{-11}$ 
  - see one event in  $\sim 250$  billion events
  - 2013: 24 kW
  - 2015: 24 kW  $\sim$  42 kW
  - 2016: 42 kW
  - 2017: 42 kW  $\sim$  100 kW



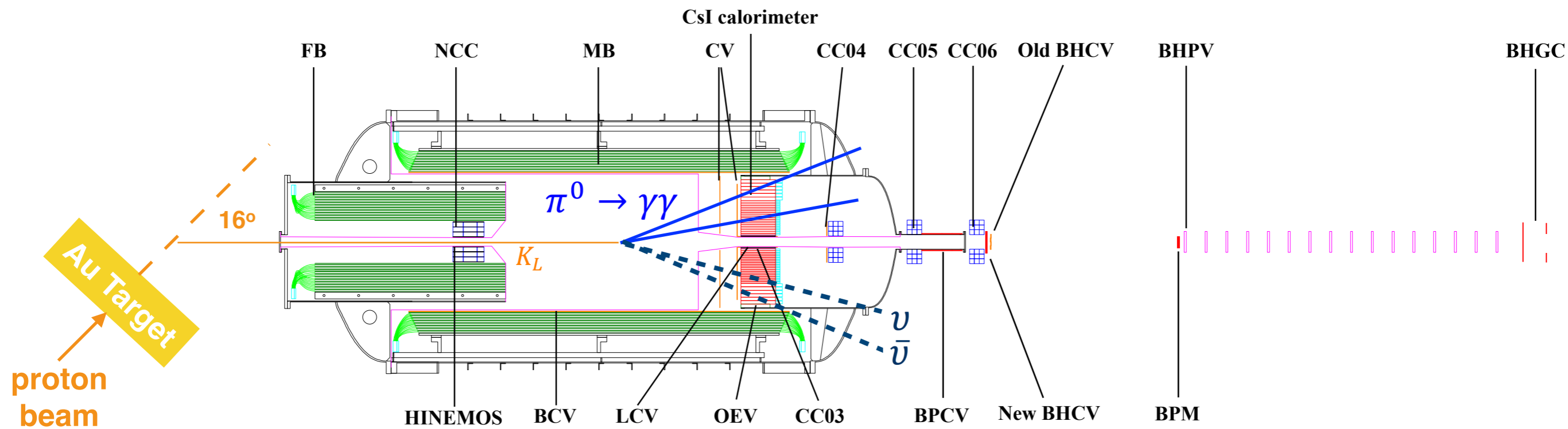
# KOTO Experiment at J-PARC

- Located at Tokai, Ibaraki, Japan



# KOTO Detectors

- Final signal: two photons on the CsI calorimeter



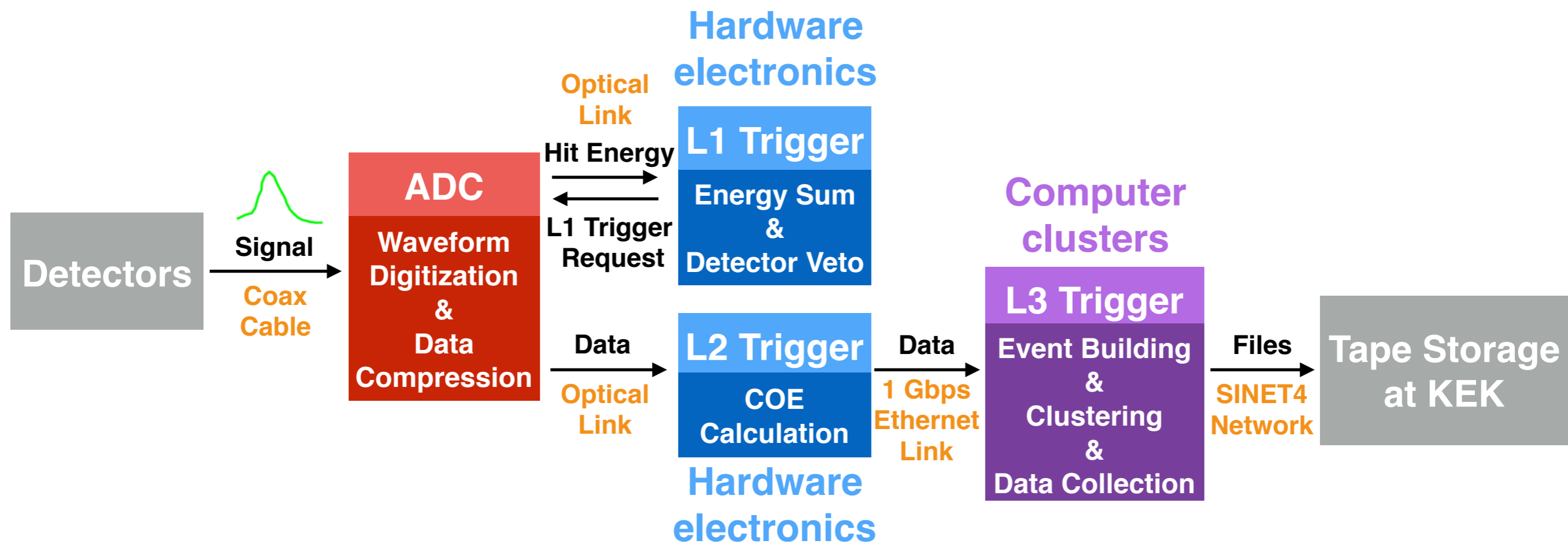


# Overview

- KOTO Experiment
- **The DAQ System**
- DAQ Performance
- Upgrades
- Summary



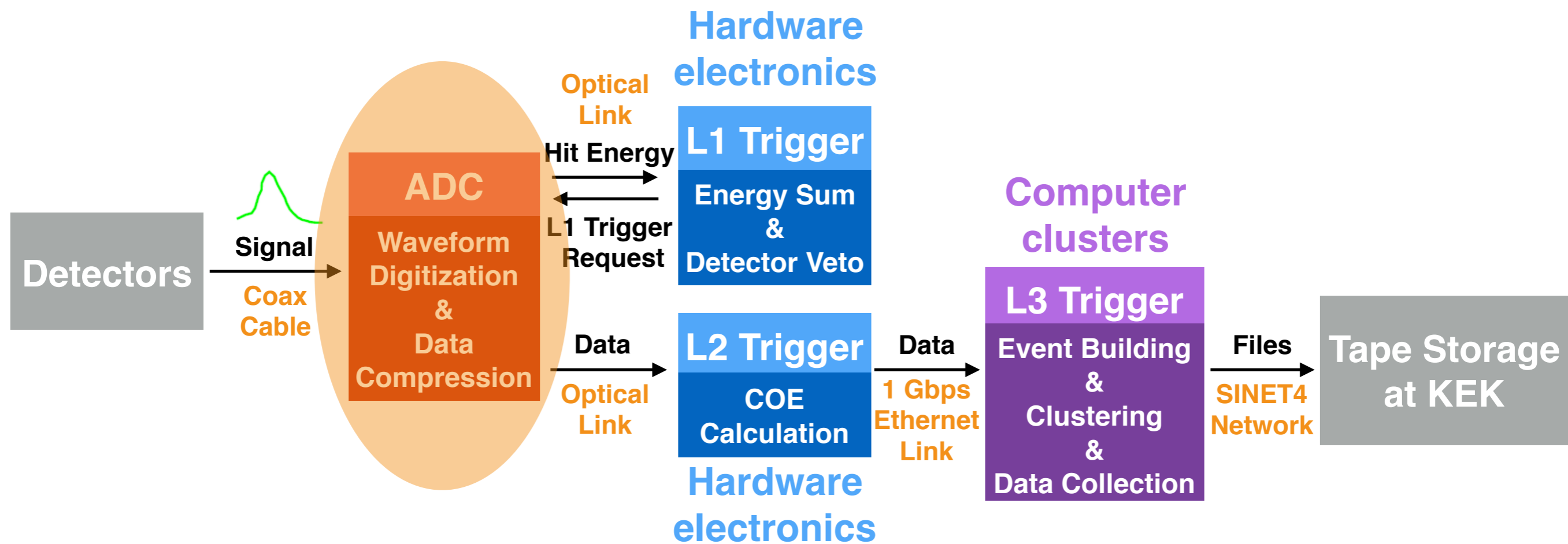
# KOTO DAQ System





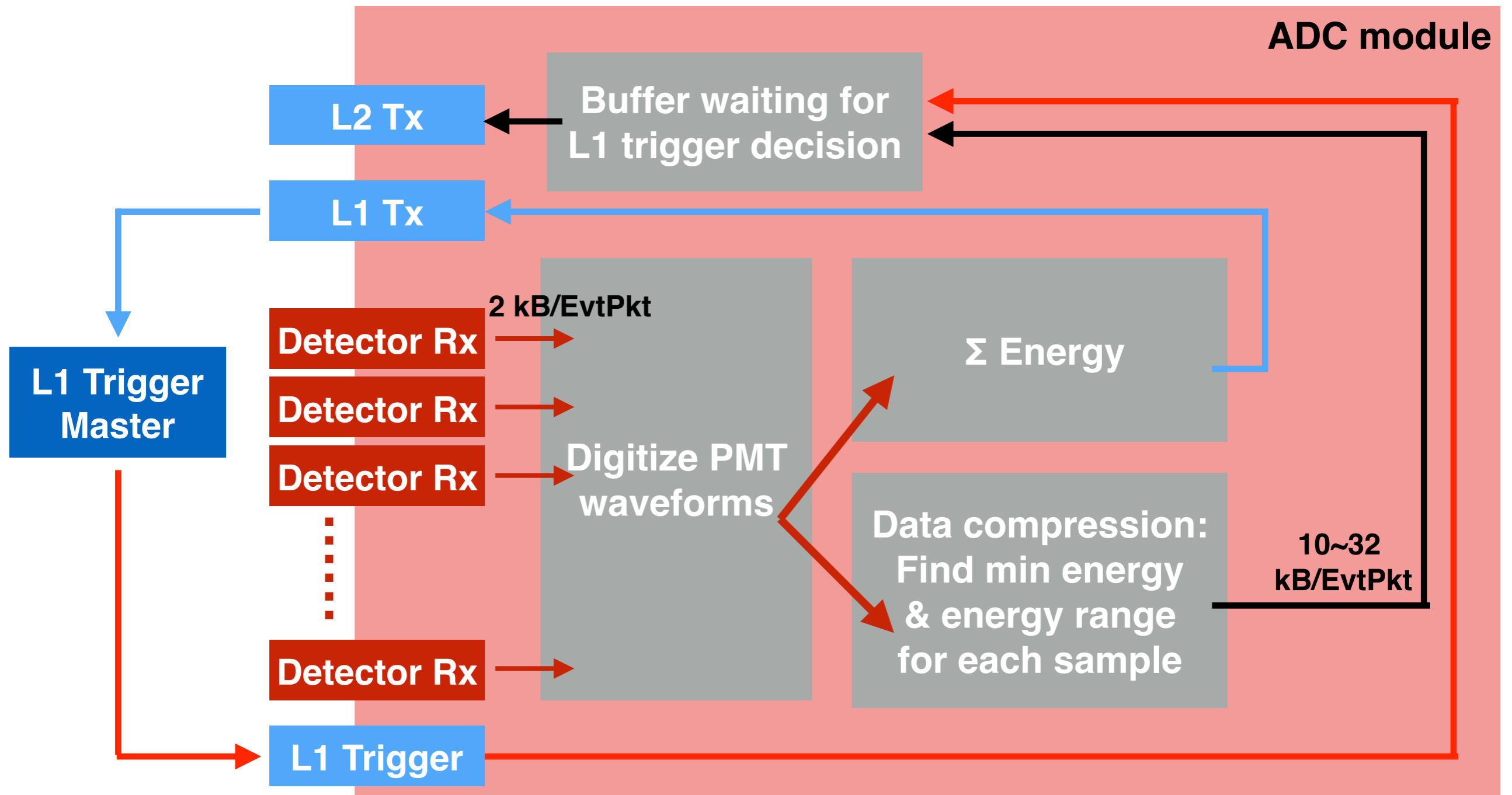


# KOTO DAQ System



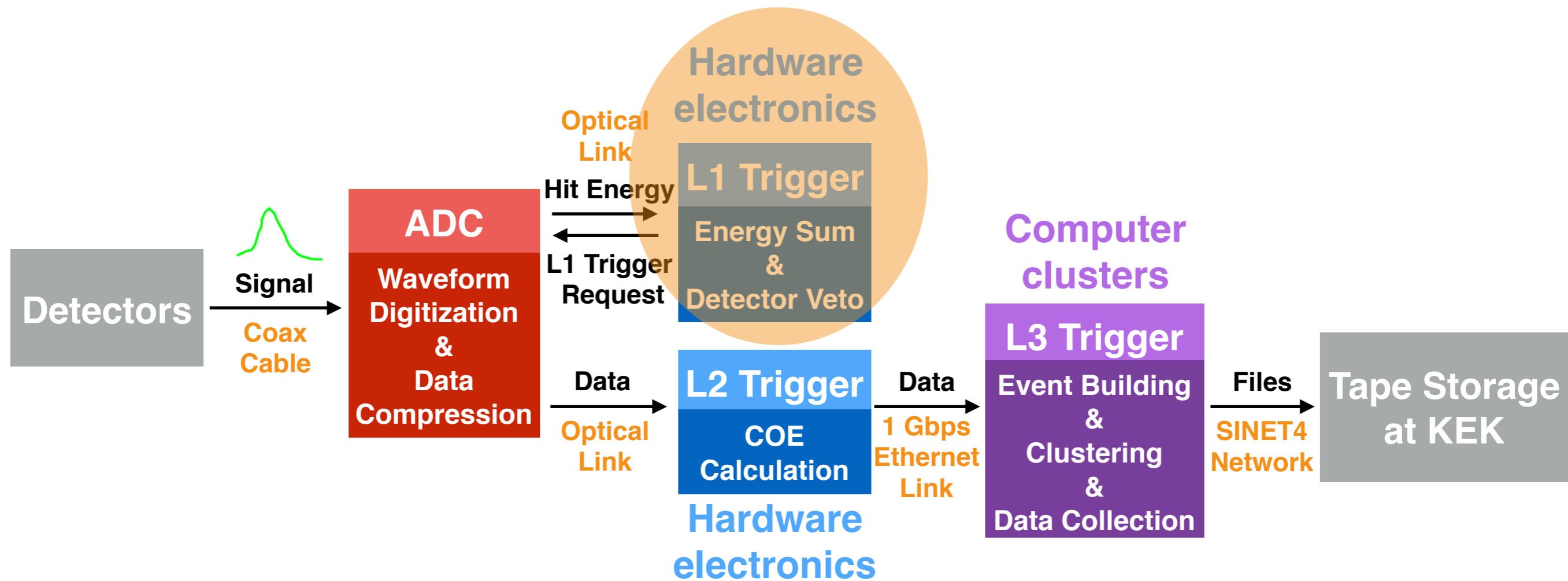


# ADC Module





# KOTO DAQ System



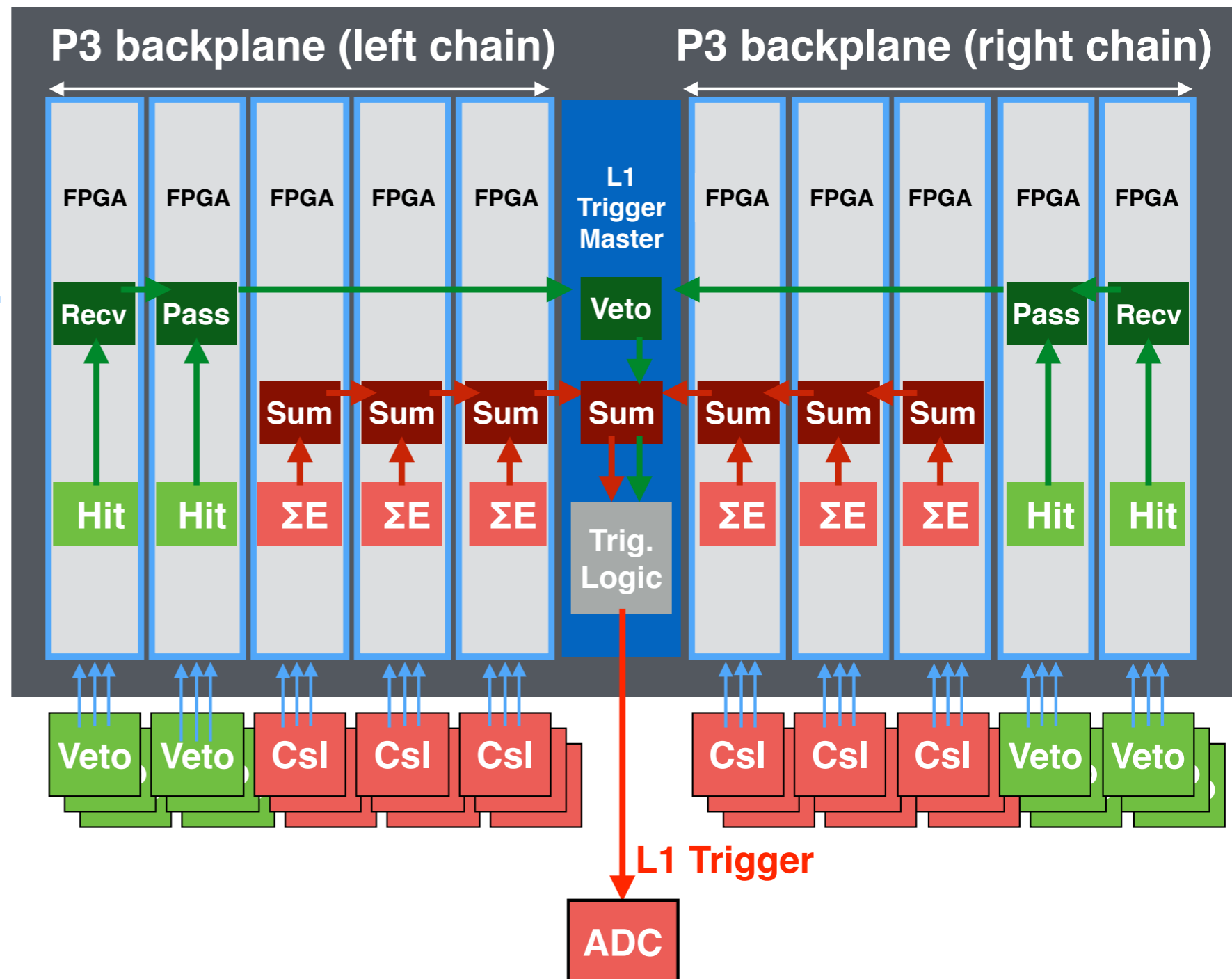
# L1 Trigger System

- $\Sigma$  Energy
- Detector veto
- Master L1 trigger
  - makes trigger decision
  - sends decision to ADC

## L1 Trigger Modules

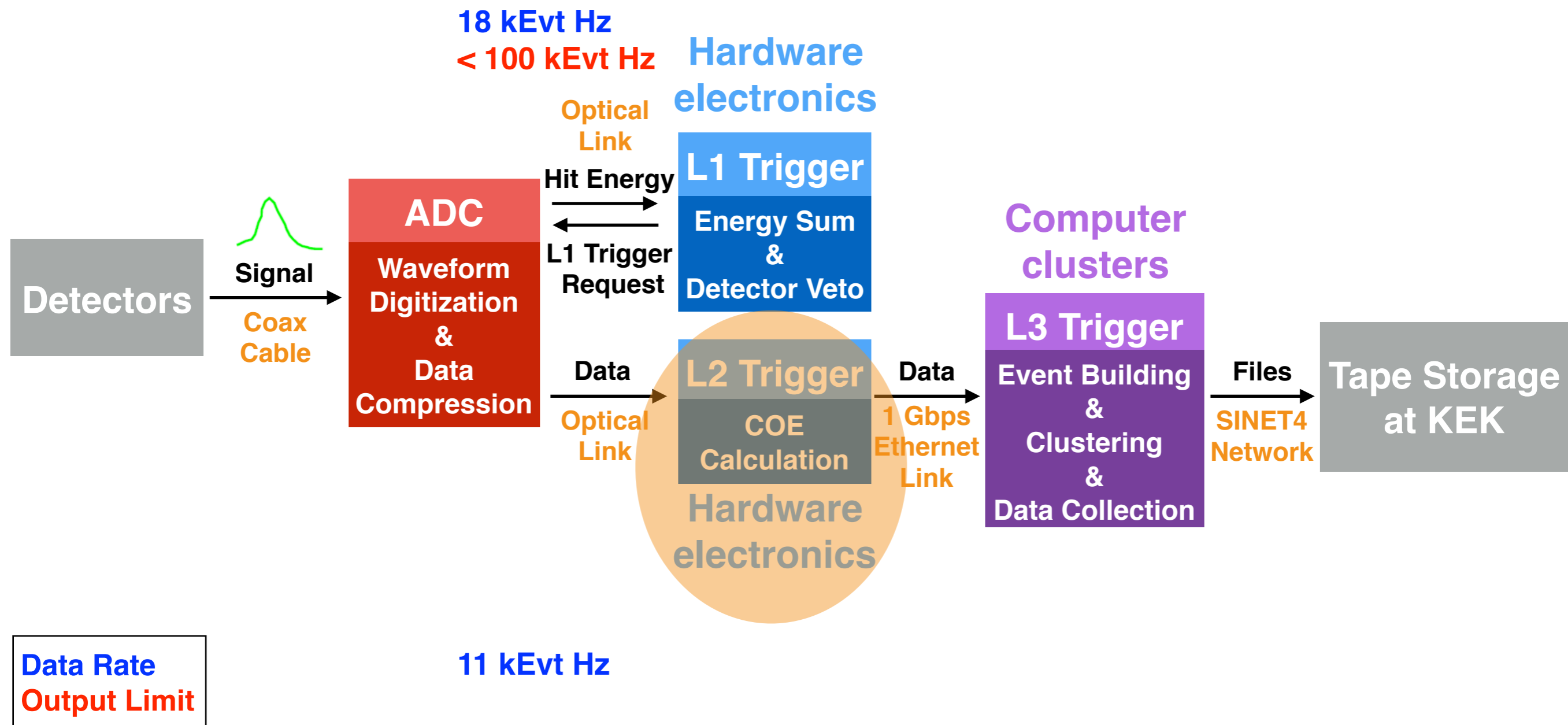
2.5 Gbps Optical link

ADC





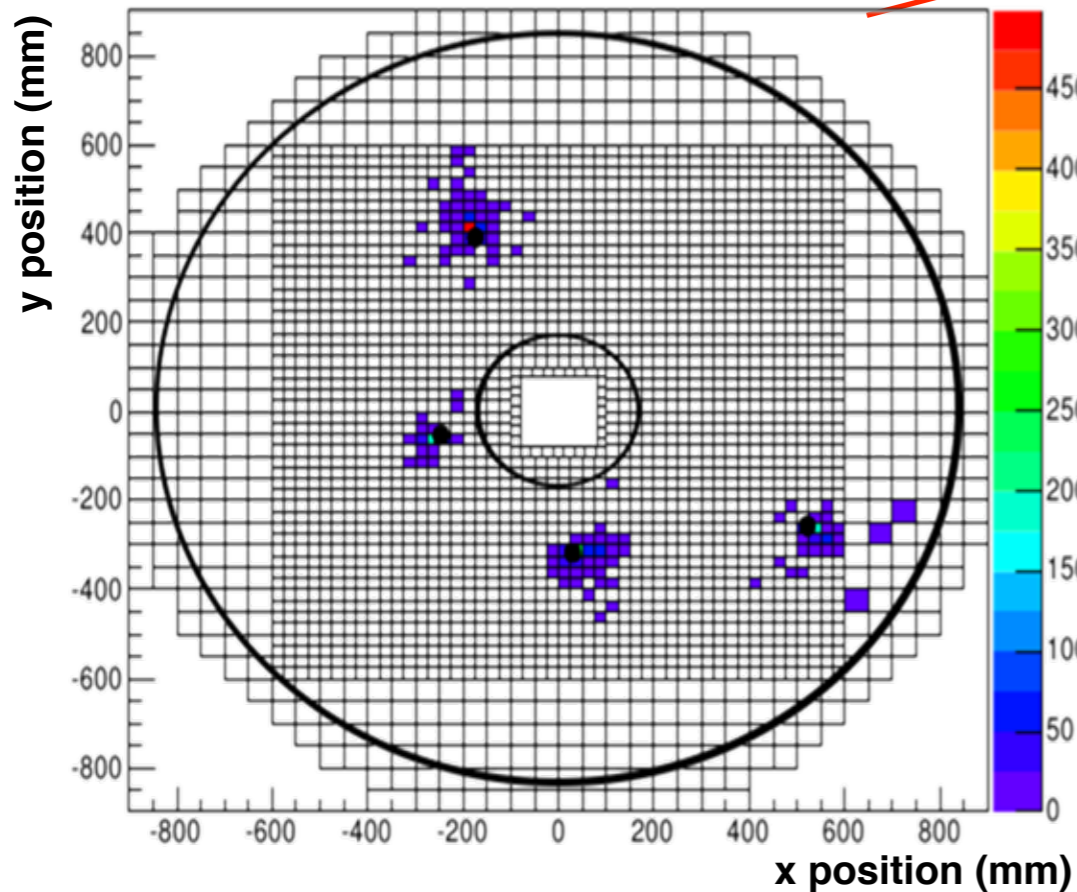
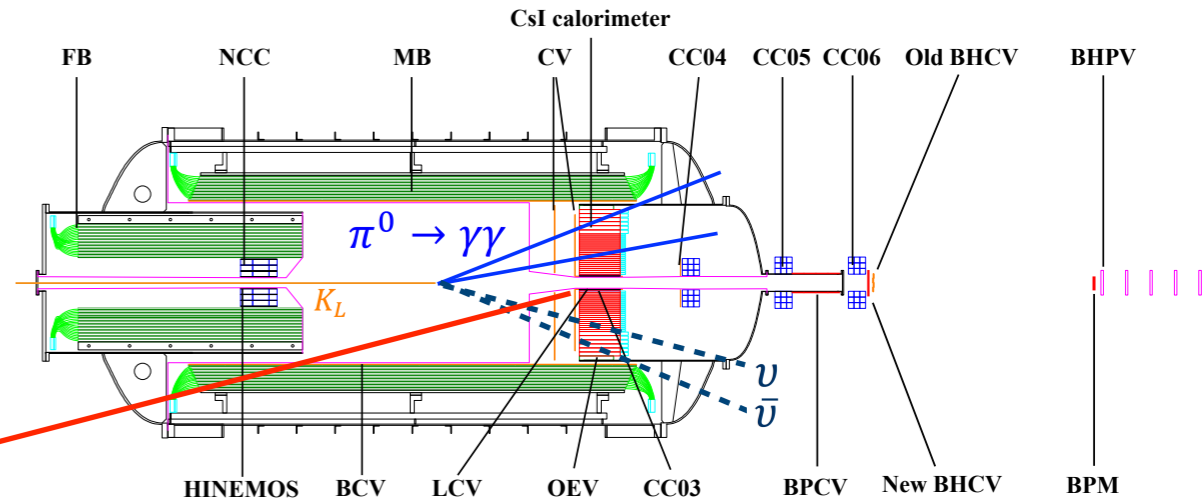
# KOTO DAQ System



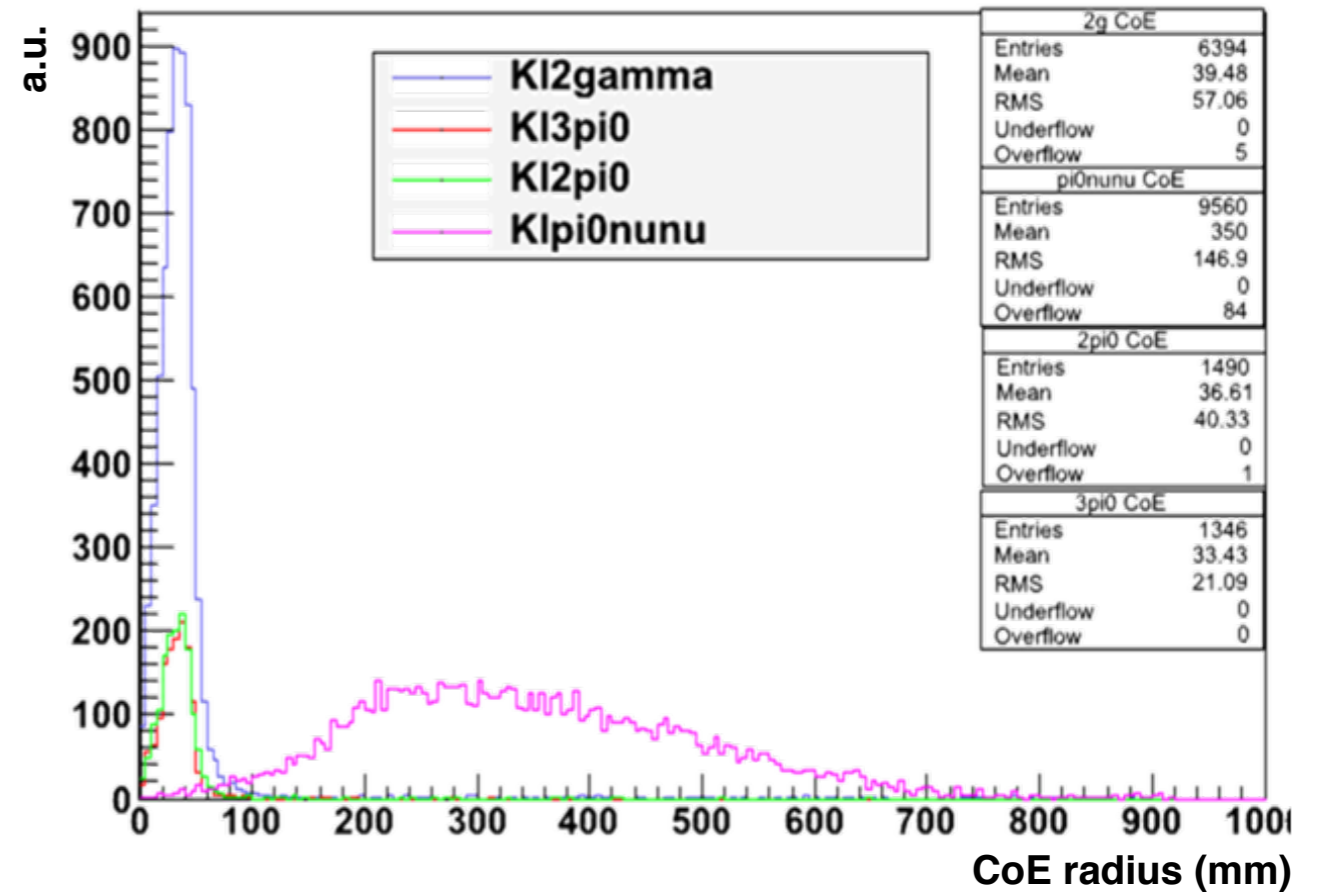
# L2 Trigger System

- Center of Energy (CoE) event selection
  - remove sensitive events decays (CoE < 165 mm)

$$\text{CoE radius} = \frac{\sqrt{(\sum_i E_i x_i)^2 + (\sum_i E_i y_i)^2}}{\sum_i E_i}$$



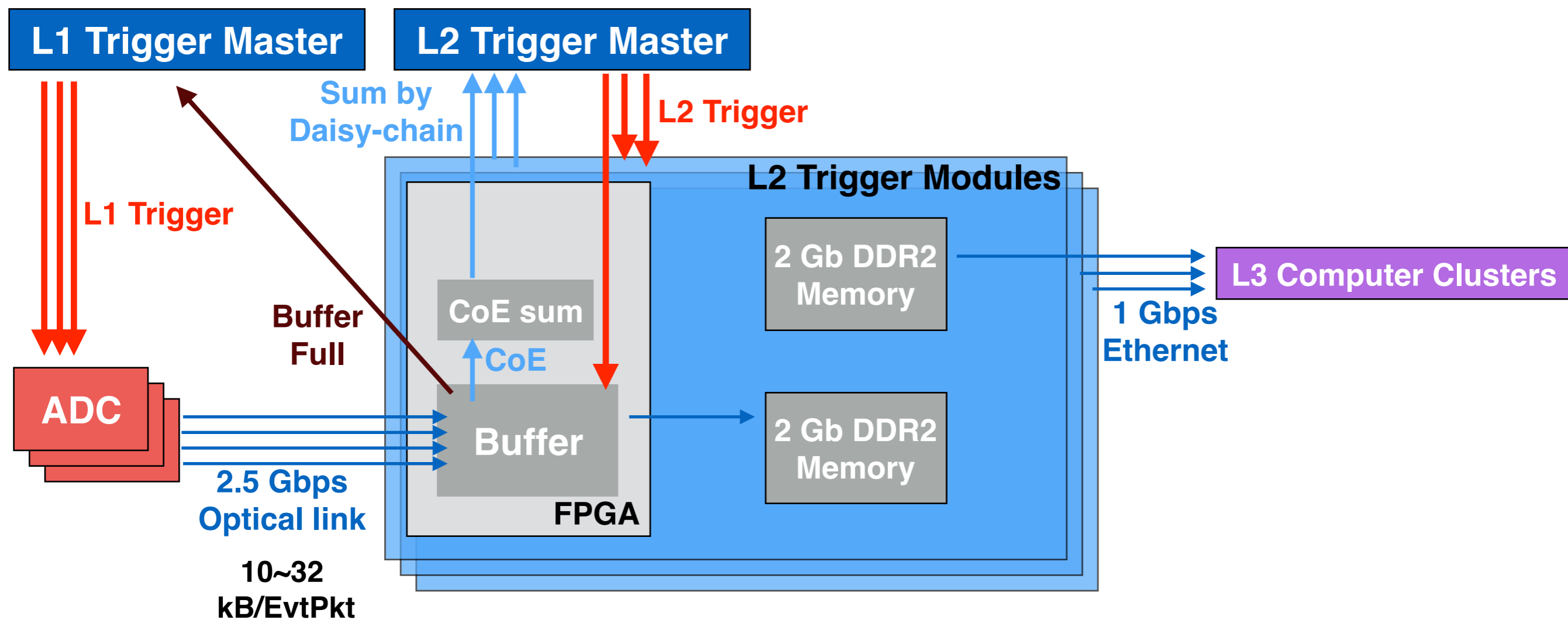
CsI calorimeter cluster display



CoE distribution for various neutral  $K_L$  decays

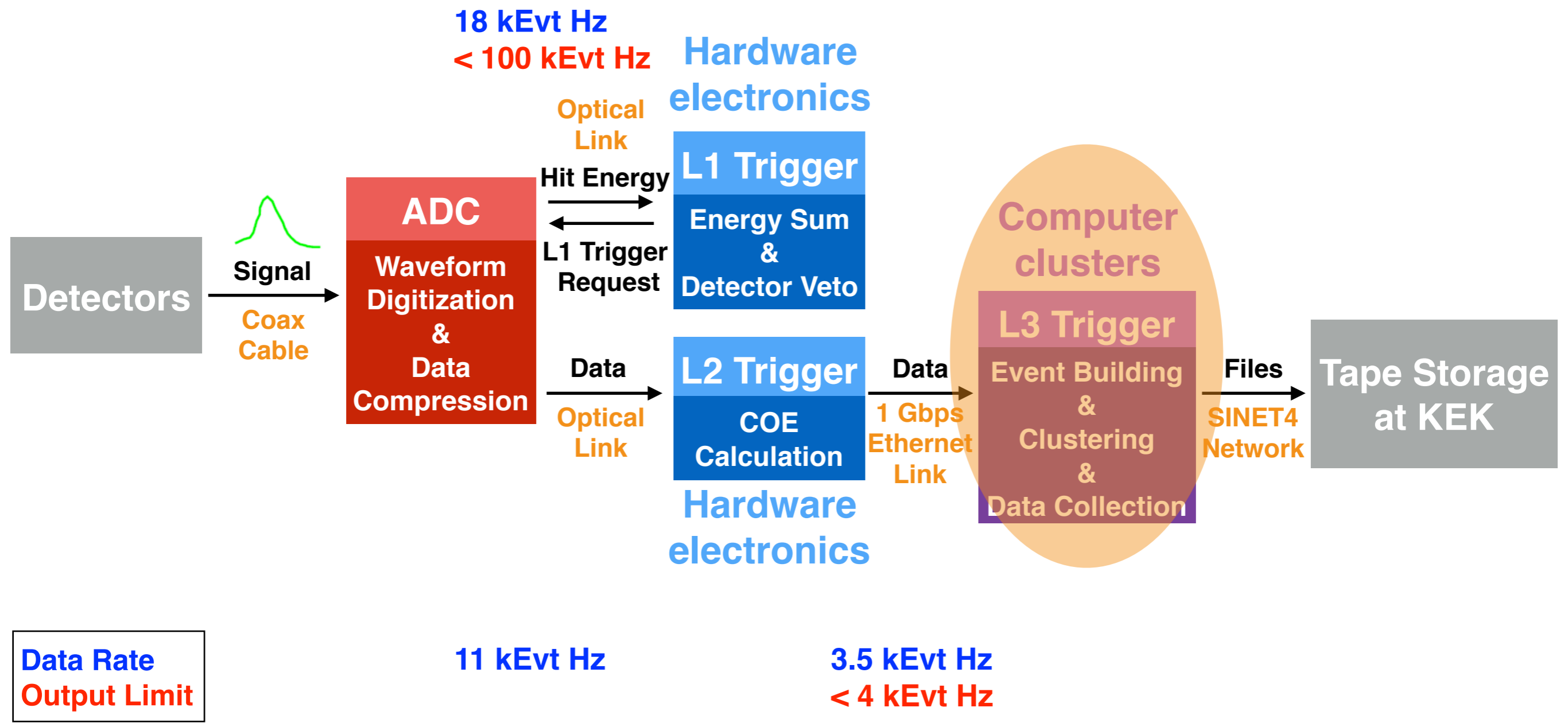


# L2 Trigger System





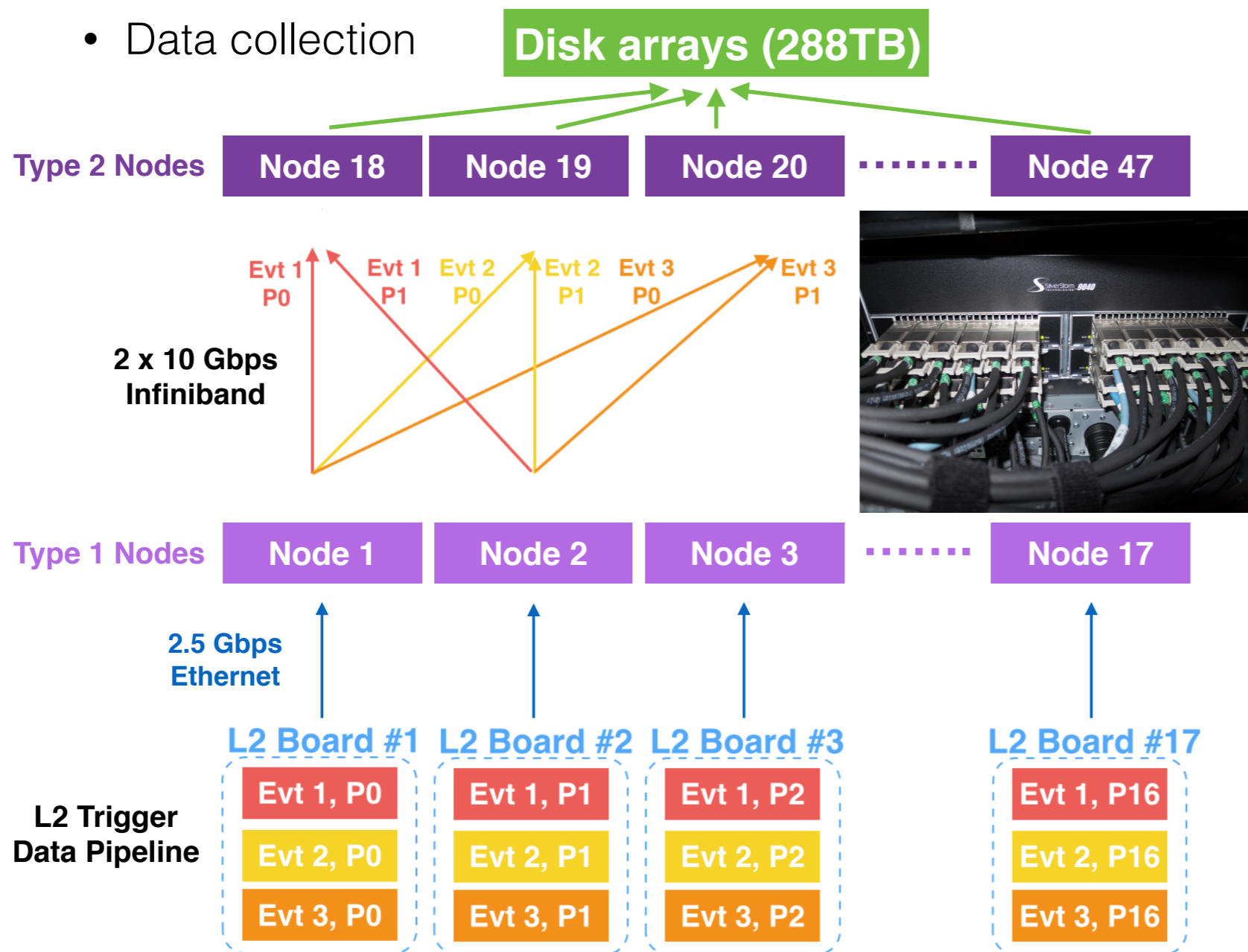
# KOTO DAQ System





# L3 Computer Clusters

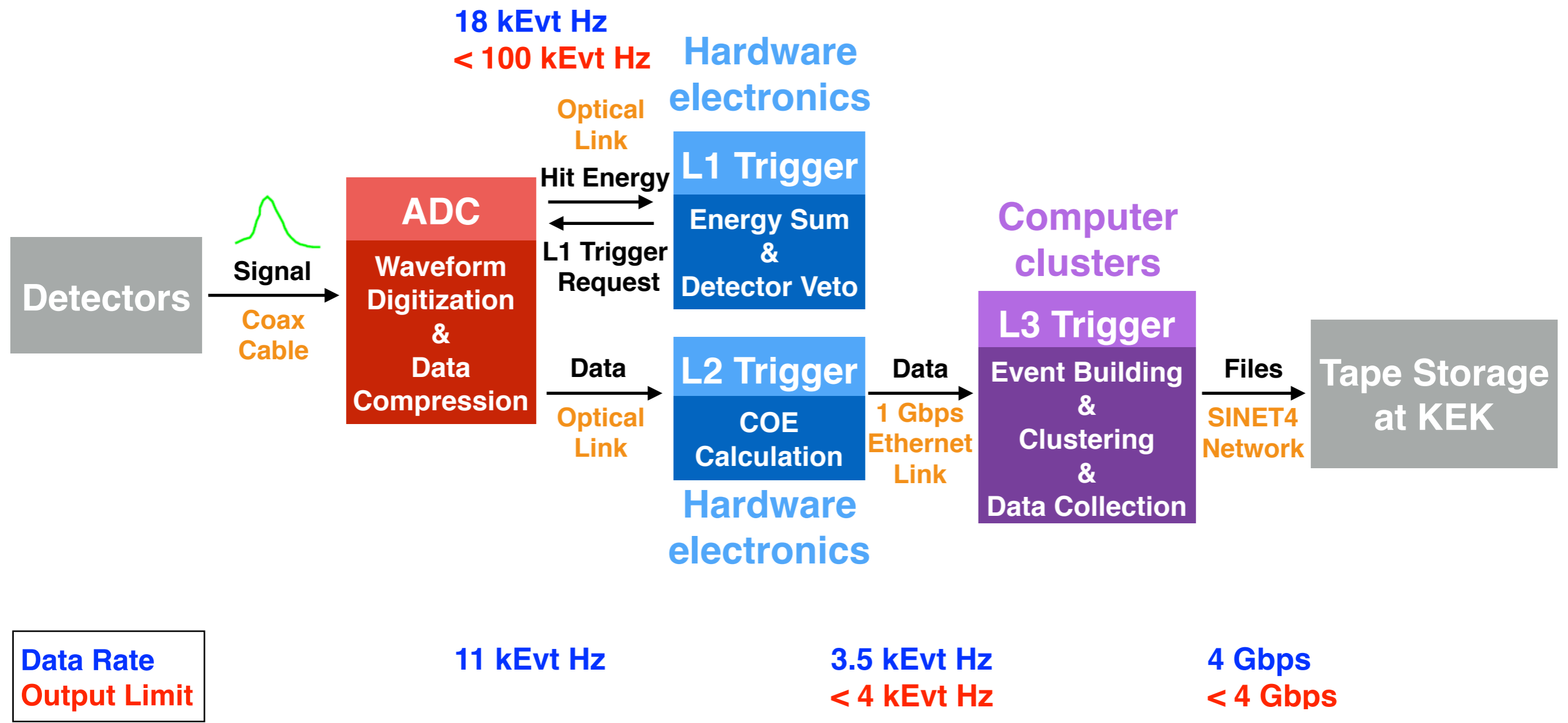
- Event building
- Clustering
- Data collection



L3 computer cluster



# KOTO DAQ System



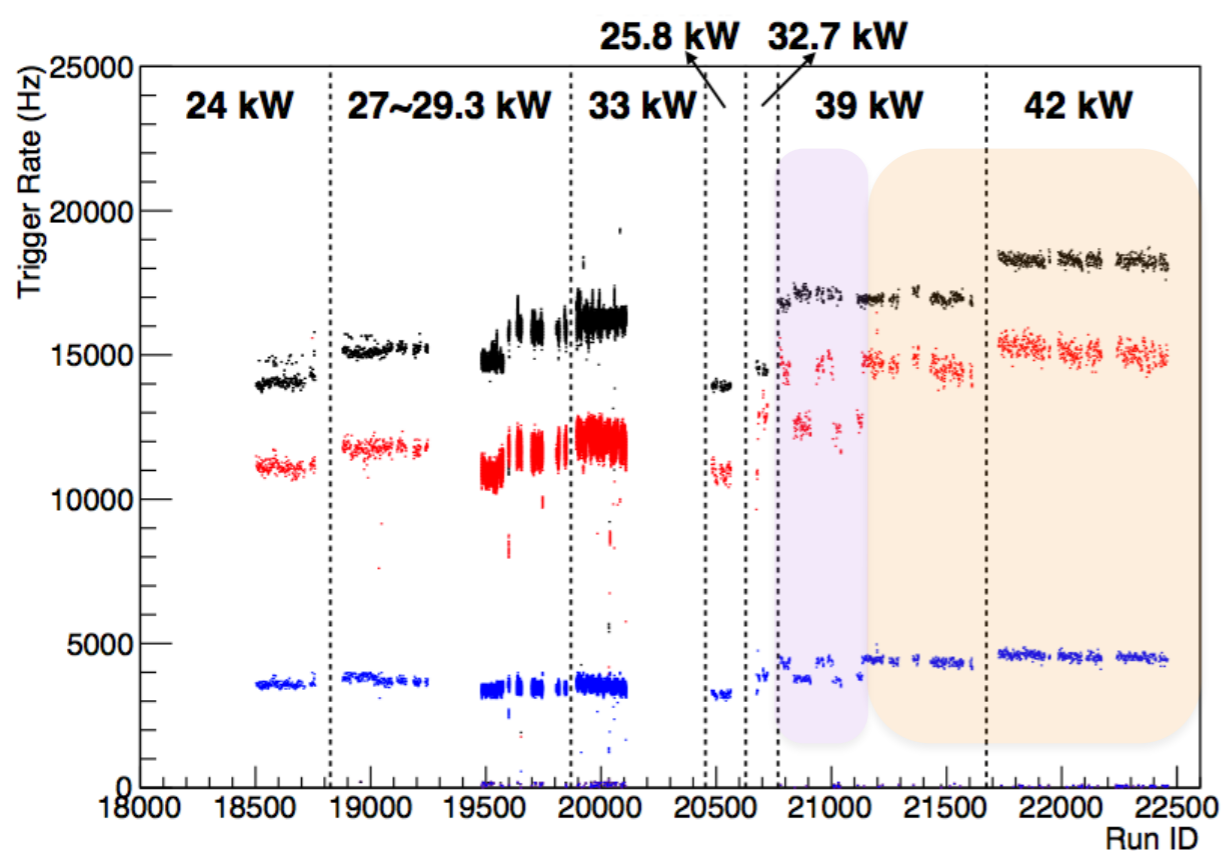


# Overview

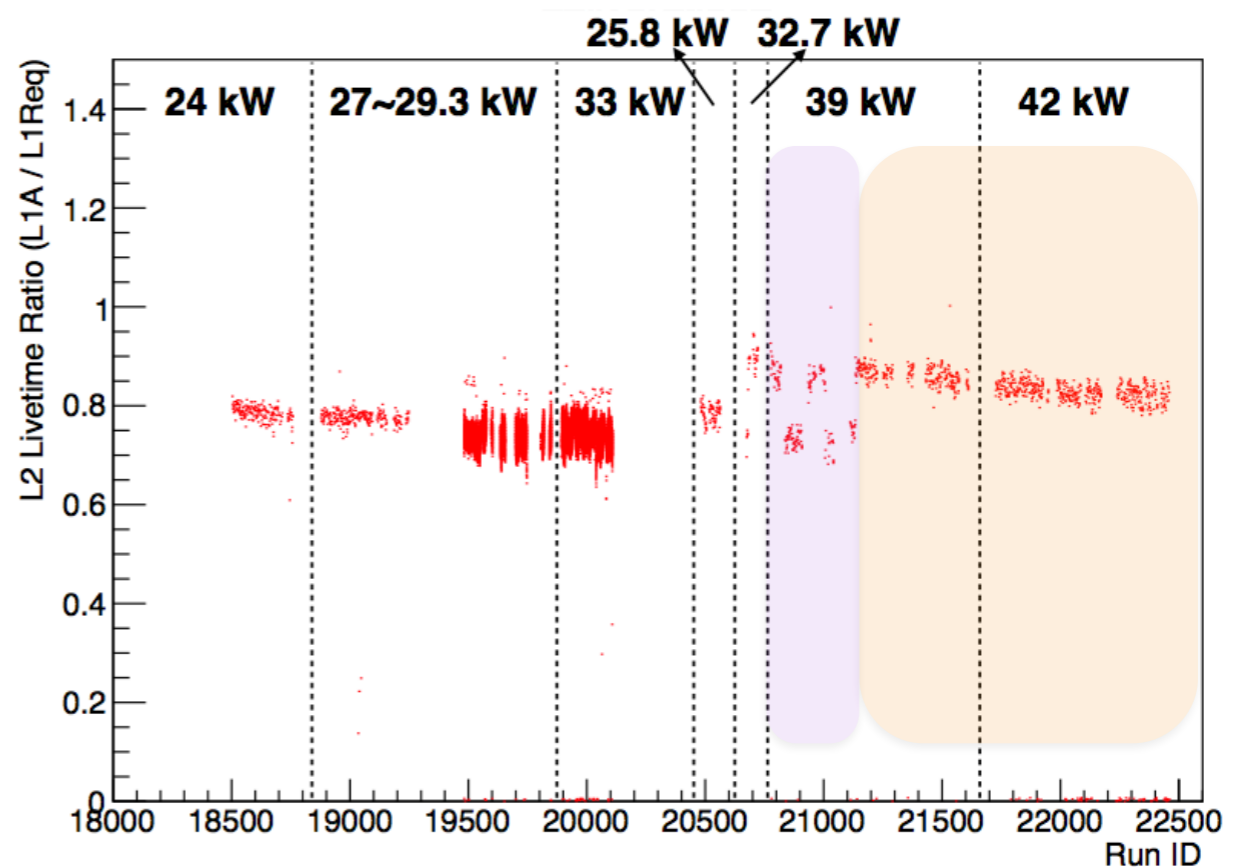
- KOTO Experiment
- The DAQ System
- **DAQ Performance**
- Upgrades
- Summary

# KOTO DAQ Performance (2015)

- ADC lossless data compression improved the L2 livetime ratio



Trigger Rate for all 2015 physics runs



L2 livetime ratio

**L1 Req:** # of events generated by L1 trigger

**L1A:** # of events considered for the L2 trigger decision

**L2A:** # of events passed the L2 trigger decision

ADC data compression test

ADC data compression implementation

$$\text{L2 livetime ratio} = \frac{\text{L1A}}{\text{L1Req}}$$



# Summary for Current DAQ

- The current KOTO DAQ system performance improved from 2013 to 2015 with beam power increased from 24 kW to 42 kW
- Beam power will increase up to 100 kW
  - DAQ upgrade

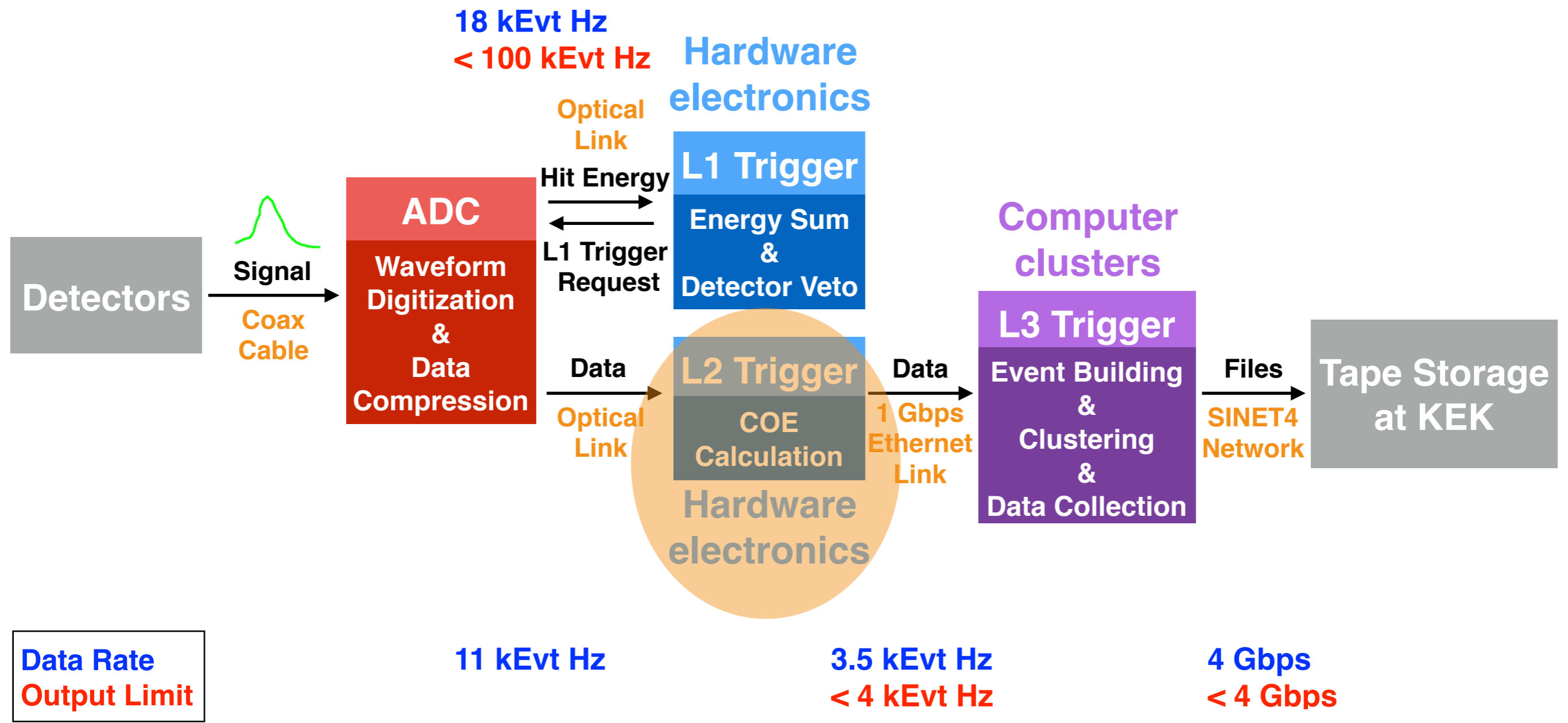


# Overview

- KOTO Experiment
- The DAQ System
- DAQ Performance
- **Upgrades**
- Summary

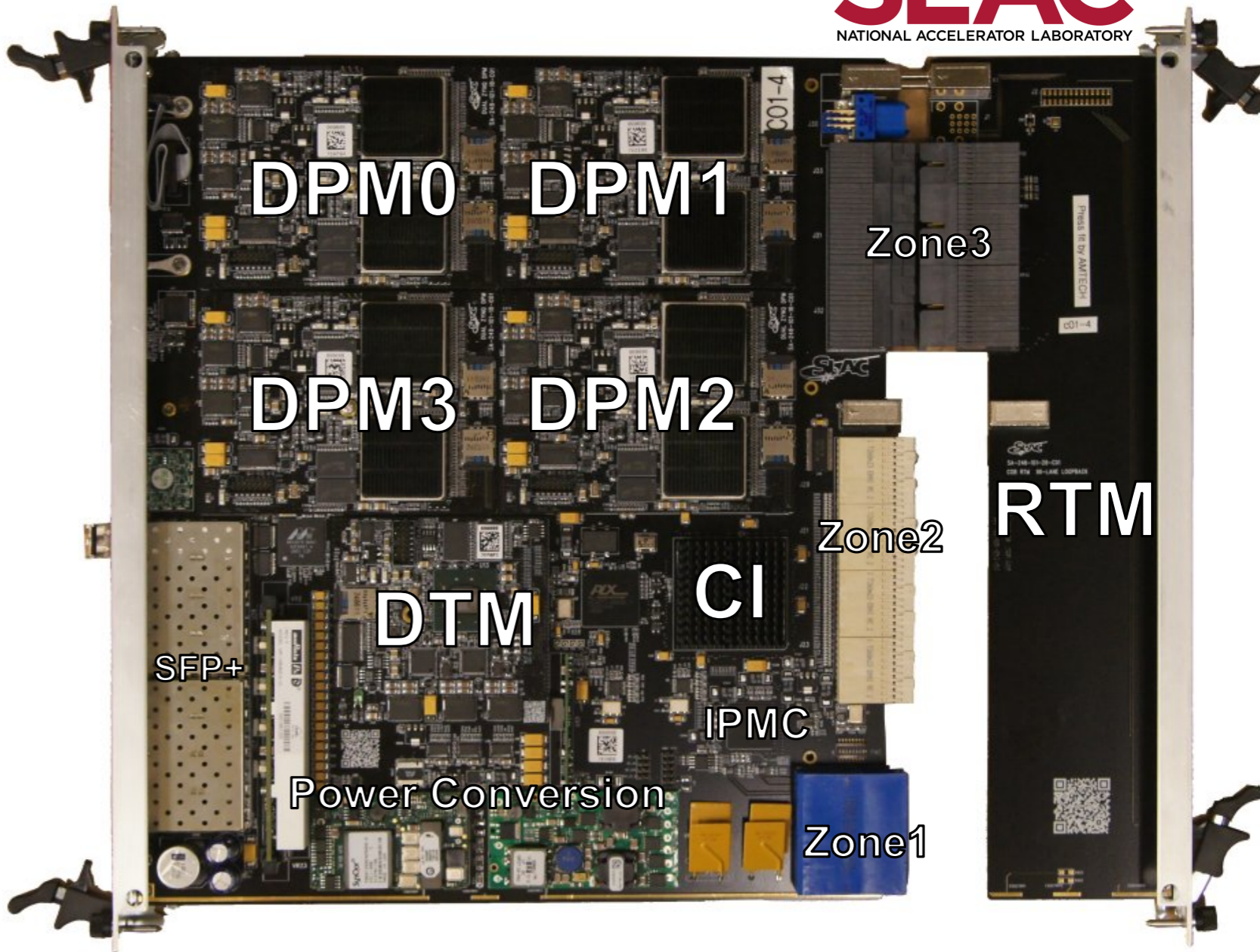
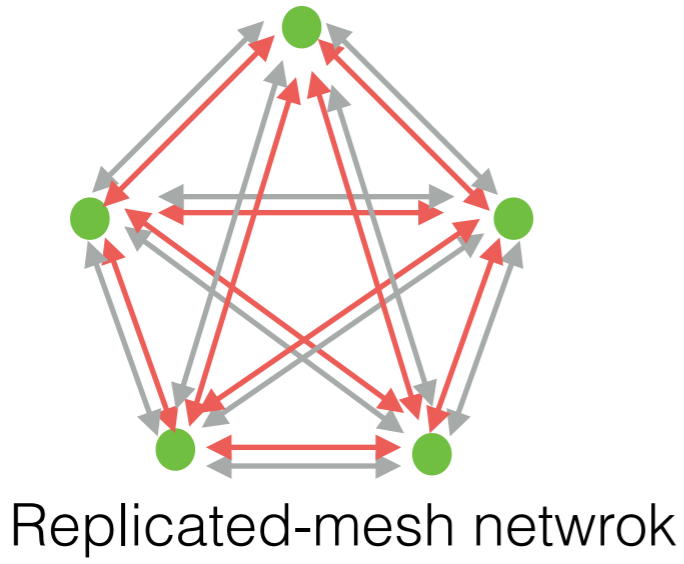


# L2 Trigger —> RPT



# RCE Platform Technology (RPT) Upgrade

- Cluster-on-Board (COB)
  - Reconfigurable Clustering Element (RCE, Zynq-7000)
- Rear Transition Module (RTM)
- Replicated-mesh ATCA crate









# Overview

- KOTO Experiment
- The DAQ System
- DAQ Performance
- Upgrades
- **Summary**



# Summary

- The current KOTO DAQ system functions well up to 42 kW
- New upgrades on the L2 trigger system is required to maintain the DAQ livetime for increasing beam power up to 100 kW
  - We anticipate the PRT upgrade will allow us to handle up to ~283 kW beam power