



6. In many cases, we can compute the Hessian analytically:

$$\frac{\partial^2 (-\log \mathcal{L})}{\partial \alpha_{\rm j} \partial \alpha_{\rm k}} = \sum_{\rm i} \frac{\partial^2 P(\vec{x} | \vec{\alpha})}{\partial \alpha_{\rm j} \partial \alpha_{\rm k}} (1 - \frac{n_{\rm i}}{P(\vec{x} | \vec{\alpha})}) + \frac{n_{\rm i}}{P^2(\vec{x} | \vec{\alpha})} \frac{\partial P(\vec{x} | \vec{\alpha})}{\partial \alpha_{\rm j}} \frac{\partial P(\vec{x} | \vec{\alpha})}{\partial \alpha_{\rm k}}$$