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SMEFT@NLO in QCD

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Multi-Boson Interactions 2017
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Outline

- Overview of recent progress in MC event generation for SMEFT at NLO in QCD matched to parton shower
 - FeynRules/NLOCT/UFO → MadGraph5_aMC@NLO
 - Towards complete public implementation
- Top/Higgs/Electroweak SMEFT @ the LHC
- Results from the implementations of operators affecting Higgs couplings to gauge bosons/tops
 - Selection: ttH, VH and VBF
 - EFT “validity” and future reach for HL-LHC
- In progress: combined SMEFT model for these sectors

Going NLO

- The LHC is entering a **precision era**
 - No clear evidence for new physics as we approach the limits of the ‘energy frontier’
 - Fully complementary approach to search for **deviations in SM processes**
 - Many channels are becoming systematics dominated & require high precision theory input from higher order corrections (FO & PS)
- EFT: theoretically consistent, model independent approach to deviations of interactions between SM fields
 - Active area of research that is moving towards NLO predictions
 - NLO important for capturing potentially large QCD K-factors in total rates
→ **greater sensitivity**
 - Verify stability of differential information beyond leading order
 - Consistent scale uncertainty estimates

Going NLO

- State-of-the-art in MC event generation is well beyond LO
 - Software like FeynRules+NLOCT+MG5_aMC@NLO provides automated event generation at NLO in QCD from Lagrangian
 - Other matching/merging schemes exist on a process-by-process basis, e.g., POWHEG-BOX,...
 - Individual codes exist for specific processes, up to NNLO QCD + NLO EW
- Public implementations largely restricted to SM predictions although some codes permit the inclusion of anomalous couplings
 - See, e.g., [Higgs Characterisation](#) [Demartin, Maltoni, Mawatari, Page & Zaro; EPJC 74 (2014) 9, 3065]
 - Several others: [HAWK](#), [VBFNLO](#), [HiggsPO](#)...
 - Full SM-EFT descriptions are naturally well motivated and will provide a valuable addition to the existing toolbox

Going NLO

- NLO+PS accurate predictions in QCD are a necessary step for precision EFT analysis at LHC run 2 & beyond
- Other important avenues...
- NLO EW corrections
 - Potentially important but much harder
 - Automation on the way via SHERPA (S. Schumann's talk), Madgraph5_aMC@NLO
- RG-improved predictions thanks to recent anomalous dimension matrix calculation
 - Very helpful for cross checking NLO implementations

[Alonso, Jenkins, Manohar & Trott; JHEP 1310 (2013) 087, JHEP 1401 (2014) 035 & JHEP 1404 (2014) 159*]*

FeynRules/NLOCT/UFO

- FeynRules *[Christensen & Duhr; Comp. Phys. Comm. 180 (2009) 1614]*
[Alloul et al.; Comp. Phys. Comm. 185 (2014) 2250]
 - Framework: Lagrangian → Feynman rules → UFO model → MC events
- Universal FeynRules Output (UFO) *[Degrande et al.; Comp. Phys. Comm. 183 (2012) 1201]*
 - Model file with particle content, internal/external parameters, Feynman rules, Lorentz structures,...
 - Compatible with many MC event generators (MG5, Sherpa, Whizard,...)
- NLOCT *[Degrande; Comp. Phys. Comm. 197 (2015) 239]*
 - Automatic calculation of UV and R_2 counter-terms from FeynRules model
 - Implemented as additional Feynman rules in the UFO format
 - UV: On-shell renormalisation procedure for masses/wavefunction, $\overline{\text{MS}}$ for higher point functions
 - R_2 : numerical artefacts of dimensional regularisation

SMEFT

- Plenty of EFT introductions already at this workshop
 - Expansion in the cutoff scale, Λ , using only SM fields
 - Truncated at **dimension 6**
 - Introduces operators to which we are sensitive via **large momentum flows** through vertices (i.e. tails of energy distributions)

- Operator expansion:
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = \sum_i \frac{c_i \mathcal{O}_i^D}{\Lambda^{D-4}}$$
 more: **fields**
derivatives

- In the SM: **59** (76 real) - **2499** operators depending on assumptions regarding CP/flavour structure etc.

[Buchmuller & Wyler; Nucl.Phys. B268 (1986) 621]

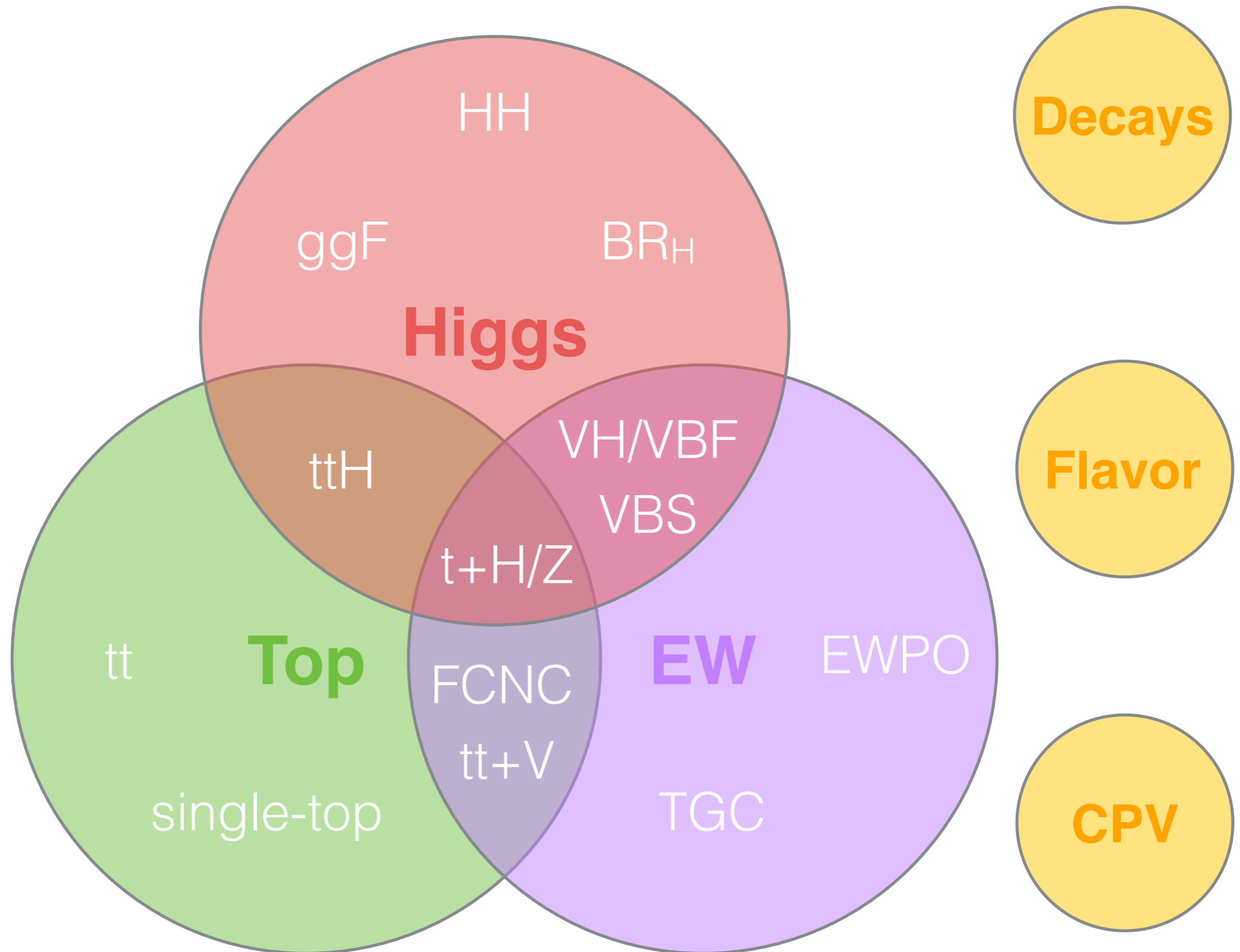
[Grzadkowski et al.; JHEP 1010 (2010) 085]

- Dimension 8 now known ~ 895 (36971) operators!

[Lehman et al.; PRD 91 (2015) 105014]

[Henning et al.; Commun.Math.Phys. 347 (2016) no.2, 363-388 & arXiv:1512.03433]

SMEFT @ the LHC: key players



SM(Higgs)-EFT

- Single Higgs state of the art @ fixed order:
 - Yukawa & HGG ops. (NNLO+NNLL) *[Grazzini et al.; arXiv:1705.05143]*
 - Top chromomagnetic op. (NLO) *[Deutschmann et al.; arXiv:1705.05143]*
- Public codes with partial SMEFT contributions @ NLO
 - HiGlu *[Spira; arXiv:hep-ph/9510347]*
 - SusHi (aMC-SusHi) *[Harlander, Liebler & Mantler; arXiv:1605.03190]*
- Double Higgs
 - HPAIR *[Dawson, Dittmaier & Spira; Phys. Rev. D58:115012]*
 - HiggsPair (HERWIG++) *[Goertz et al.; JHEP 1504 (2015) 167]*
- eHDECAY for BR *[Contino et al.; Comp. Phys. Comm. 185 (2014) 3412-3423]*
- Full 1-loop $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ *[Hartmann & Trott; PRL 115 (2015) 191801]*
[Gauld, Scott & Pecjak; PRD94 (2016) 074045]

SM(Top+X)-EFT

- Most developed sector of SMEFT@NLO in QCD
 - Top-Higgs-W/Z couplings/masses are related in SM: **unitarity cancellations**
 - “Indirectly” relevant for multi-boson interactions
- **Coloured** sector, strongly coupled to the Higgs
 - Large corrections to inclusive rates (~ 1 **K-factors**)
 - Non-trivial **shape corrections** at differential level
 - Non-trivial **renormalisation/operator mixing**

UFO models
available upon
request

- Selection of studies

- ttH *[Maltoni, Vryonidou & Zhang; JHEP 1610 (2016) 123]*
- tt+Z/ γ *[Bylund et al.; JHEP 1605 (2016) 052]*
- single top *[Zhang; PRL 116 (2016) 162002]*
- top FCNC *[Degrande et al.; PRD 91 (2015) 034024]*
- [Durieux, Maltoni & Zhang; PRD 91 (2015) 074017]*

ttH in SMEFT

$$\mathcal{O}_{t\varphi} = (\varphi^\dagger \varphi) (\bar{Q}_L \tilde{\varphi} t_R)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi G} = (\varphi^\dagger \varphi) G_{\mu\nu}^A G_A^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{tG} = (\bar{Q}_L \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^A t_R) \tilde{\varphi} G_A^{\mu\nu}$$

- Operators involving the **top/Higgs/gluon**
 - $gg \rightarrow H$ & tt production partly constrain the Wilson coefficient space
 - ttH is the only direct probe of the Top-Higgs interaction
 - In principle 3-gluon \mathcal{O}_G and 4 fermion operators also contribute but turn out to be better constrained by tt and multi-jet measurements
- Predictions for ttH and HH production presented
 - First inclusion of chromomagnetic dipole operator for HH
 - Demonstration of non-trivial K-factors at differential level
 - Comparison of RG improved vs. full NLO (finite terms important)

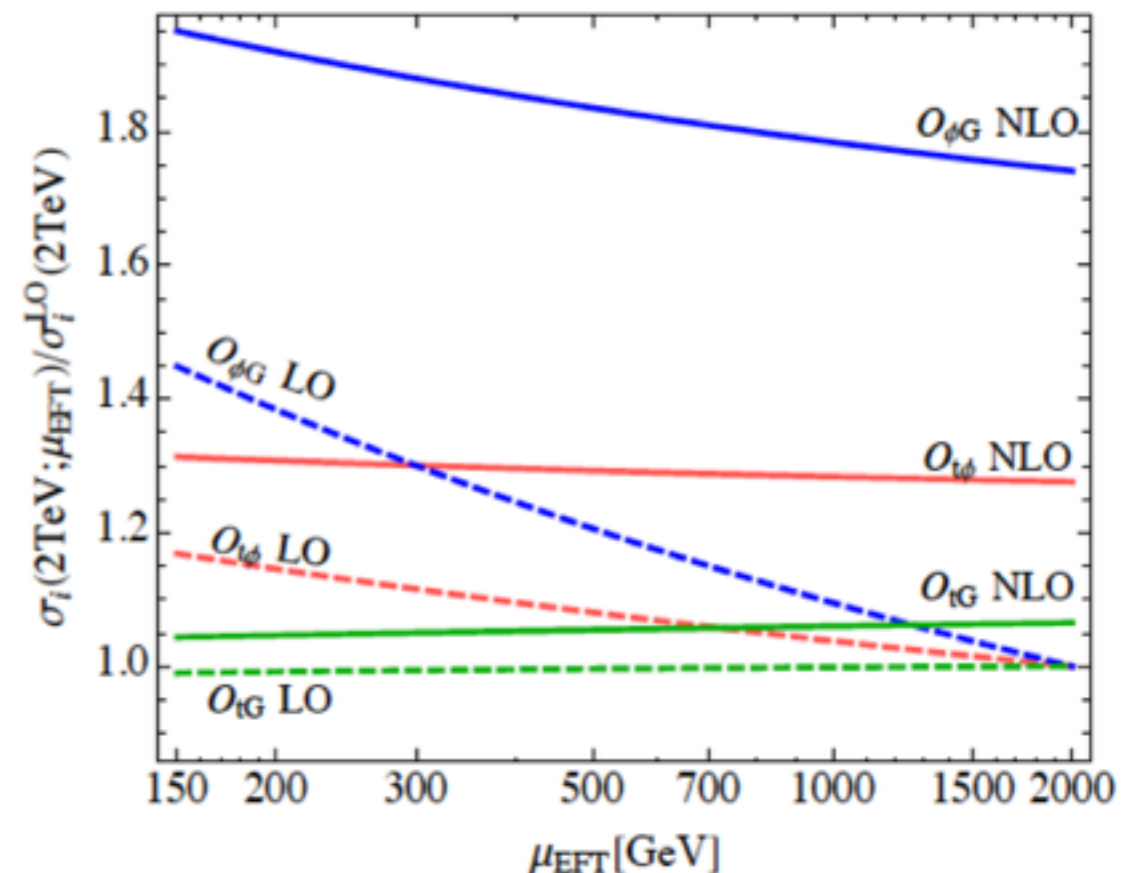
ttH in SMEFT

- Different K-factors among SM/dim-6 operators
- Large Λ^{-4} effects in both shape & normalisation
 - Tied to the question of EFT validity w.r.t to truncation at dim-6
 - Scenarios where “EFT-squared” terms are large but energy is below cutoff
 - Treatment on a case-by-case basis

$$c_i c_j \frac{E^4}{\Lambda^4} > c_i \frac{E^2}{\Lambda^2} > 1 > \frac{E^2}{\Lambda^2}$$

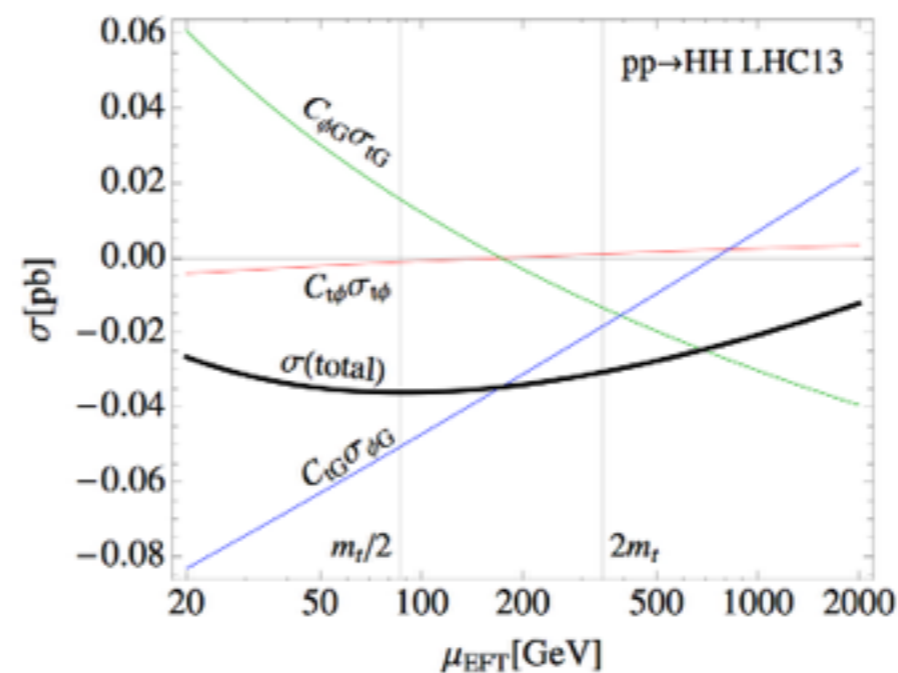
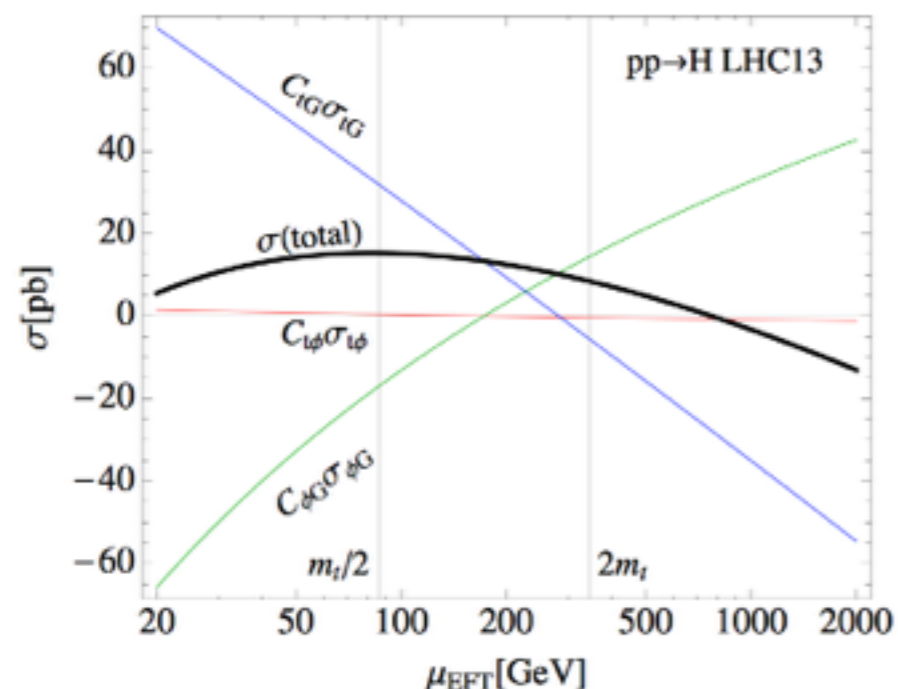
c.f. talk by
A. Pomarol

- Stable under scale variation
- Large finite effects: RG improvement underestimates NLO prediction



EFT scale uncertainty

- NLO calculations use scale uncertainty to approximate missing higher orders in perturbative expansion
 - EFT description contains an additional source of scale dependence from the running/mixing of Wilson coefficients
- Proposal for a scale uncertainty estimate
 - Take c_i defined at scales $2\mu_0$ & $\mu_0/2$ and run back to the central scale



Does not cancel in
e.g. cross section
ratios

SM(Higgs+EW)-EFT

- “Canonical” sector for Higgs studies in SMEFT
- Easier to implement NLO QCD, no RG running
- Implementations build upon previous LO model employing the ‘SILH’ basis of operators
 - SMEFT Basis dependence of HEP tools can be reduced by linear redefinitions using e.g. Rosetta
- Also made use of existing implementations of SM process at NLO

MCFM/ POWHEG-BOX
WH & ZH (incl. $gg \rightarrow ZH$)

(in backup)

FeynRules/NLOCT UFO model
via Madgraph5_aMC@NLO
WH & VBF

EW Higgs production

- EFT effects in EW production mechanisms for the Higgs: VH & VBF
 - A small number of relevant & uncoloured operators at $D=6$ in SM-EFT
 - LHC can provide complementary information to existing fits to lower energy data, i.e. LEP
 - Higgs comes with some additional objects from which we can construct kinematic quantities probing the high energy regime
 - VH: Higgs p_T , M_{VH} , leading lepton p_T, \dots
 - VBF: Higgs p_T , $\Delta\eta_{jj}$, total H_T, \dots
- Investigate validity of EFT expansion given current constraints from global fits
- Future reach of HL-LHC

SILH operators

- SMEFT: Higgs-EW gauge boson operators in SILH basis

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{D6} = & \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \left[\frac{g'^2}{4} \bar{c}_{BB} \Phi^\dagger \Phi B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu} + \frac{ig}{2} \bar{c}_W [\Phi^\dagger T_{2k} \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \Phi] D^\nu W_{\mu\nu}^k + \frac{ig'}{2} \bar{c}_B [\Phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \Phi] \partial^\nu B_{\mu\nu} \right. \\ & + ig \bar{c}_{HW} [D^\mu \Phi^\dagger T_{2k} D^\nu \Phi] W_{\mu\nu}^k + ig' \bar{c}_{HB} [D^\mu \Phi^\dagger D^\nu \Phi] B_{\mu\nu} \\ & \left. + \frac{g'^2}{4} \tilde{c}_{BB} \Phi^\dagger \Phi B^{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} + ig \tilde{c}_{HW} [D^\mu \Phi^\dagger T_{2k} D^\nu \Phi] \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^k + ig' \tilde{c}_{HB} [D^\mu \Phi^\dagger D^\nu \Phi] \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\Phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \Phi \equiv (D^\mu \Phi^\dagger) \Phi - \Phi^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi)$$

linear map



- Anomalous couplings: new Lorentz structures (1) & (2):

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{HAC} = & -\frac{1}{4} g_{hzz}^{(1)} Z_{\mu\nu} Z^{\mu\nu} h - g_{hzz}^{(2)} Z_\nu \partial_\mu Z^{\mu\nu} h + \frac{1}{2} g_{hzz}^{(3)} Z_\mu Z^\mu h - \frac{1}{4} \tilde{g}_{hzz} Z_{\mu\nu} \tilde{Z}^{\mu\nu} h \\ & - \frac{1}{2} g_{hww}^{(1)} W^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger h - \left[g_{hww}^{(2)} W^\nu \partial^\mu W_{\mu\nu}^\dagger h + \text{h.c.} \right] + g_{hww}^{(3)} W_\mu W^{\dagger\mu} h - \frac{1}{2} \tilde{g}_{hww} W^{\mu\nu} \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^\dagger h \\ & - \frac{1}{2} g_{haz}^{(1)} Z_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} h - g_{haz}^{(2)} Z_\nu \partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} h - \frac{1}{2} \tilde{g}_{haz} Z_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} h \end{aligned}$$

(+ Higgs-fermion current operators not included here)

Contact interactions

- Not commonly considered for EW production
 - Also affect V-f-f vertices: constrained by previous experiments e.g. LEP
 - Not all of them much more than LHC/LEP constraints on $(c_W, c_B, c_{HW}, c_{HB})$
 - Flavour matrices: FCNC, ... interplay between LHC and other experiments
 - How much can they can impact VH, VBF at the LHC given existing constraints or conversely, whether LHC can be complementary

$$\mathcal{L}_C = \frac{i\bar{c}_{HQ}}{v^2} [\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu Q_L] [\Phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \Phi] + \frac{4i\bar{c}'_{HQ}}{v^2} [\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu T_{2k} Q_L] [\Phi^\dagger T^{2k} \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \Phi]$$

$$+ \frac{i\bar{c}_{Hu}}{v^2} [\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R] [\Phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \Phi] + \frac{i\bar{c}_{Hd}}{v^2} [\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu Q_R] [\Phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \Phi] - \left[\frac{i\bar{c}_{Hud}}{v^2} [\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu Q_R] [\tilde{\Phi}^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \Phi] + \text{h.c.} \right]$$

+ lepton currents (some of which affect SM inputs)

Only HiggsPO includes these so far at NLO in QCD

SM inputs

$$\mathcal{O}_H = \frac{\bar{c}_H}{2} \partial_\mu (\Phi^\dagger \Phi) \partial^\mu (\Phi^\dagger \Phi)$$

$$= \frac{\bar{c}_H}{\Lambda^2} \frac{v^2}{2} \partial_\mu h \partial^\mu h + \mathcal{O}(h^3, h^2)$$

$$h \rightarrow h(1 + \delta h), \quad \delta h = -\frac{\bar{c}_H}{\Lambda^2} \frac{v^2}{4}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_W |_{\Phi=\langle\Phi\rangle} = \frac{ig}{2} \bar{c}_W \left[\Phi^\dagger T_{2k} \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \Phi \right] D^\nu W_{\mu\nu}^k |_{\Phi=\langle\Phi\rangle}$$

$$= \frac{gv^2}{16} \bar{c}_W \left[2gW_+^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^- + g(W_3^{\mu\nu} - g' B^{\mu\nu}) W_{\mu\nu}^3 \right] + \text{aGC}$$

$$W_\pm^\mu \rightarrow W_\pm^\mu [1 + \delta W]$$

$$B^\mu \rightarrow B^\mu [1 + \delta B] + y W_3^\mu$$

$$W_3^\mu \rightarrow W_3^\mu [1 + \delta W] + z B^\mu$$

- After EWSB, canonical mass eigenbasis, different from SM
 - Perform field redefinitions to fix their normalisation
 - Gauge coupling redefinitions can absorb part of the resulting modifications
 - Modifications of gauge bosons masses, interactions, e.g., $Z \rightarrow f\bar{f}$
 - Modifications to the SM parameters as a function of EW inputs
 - Can also affect backgrounds
- Not all tools take these into account
 - Various choices can be made that are all equivalent up to dimension-6

Limits from global fits

- A number of global fits to data deriving constraints on EFT Wilson coefficients have been performed
 - LHC, LEP & other low-energy experiments
- Marginalised constraints from EWPO + LHC Run 1 data on coefficients of interest

[Sanz et al.; JHEP 1503 (2015) 157]

Operator	Coefficient	Constraints
$\mathcal{O}_W = \frac{ig}{2} \left(H^\dagger T_{2k} \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) D^\nu W_{\mu\nu}^k$	$\frac{m_W^2}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{c}_W - \bar{c}_B)$	(-0.035, 0.005)
$\mathcal{O}_B = \frac{ig'}{2} \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) \partial^\nu B_{\mu\nu}$	$\frac{m_W^2}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{c}_W + \bar{c}_B)$	(-0.0033, 0.0018)
$\mathcal{O}_{HW} = ig(D^\mu H)^\dagger T_{2k}(D^\nu H)W_{\mu\nu}^k$	$\frac{m_W^2}{\Lambda^2} \bar{c}_{HW}$	(-0.07, 0.03)
$\mathcal{O}_{HB} = ig'(D^\mu H)^\dagger (D^\nu H)B_{\mu\nu}$	$\frac{m_W^2}{\Lambda^2} \bar{c}_{HB}$	(-0.045, 0.075)

stronger & weaker directions

See also: [Falkowski & Riva; JHEP 1502 (2015) 039], [Berthier & Trott; JHEP 1505 (2015) 024], [Corbett et al.; JHEP 1508 (2015) 156], [Englert et al.; EPJC 76 (2016) 7, 393]

EFT Benchmarks

- To showcase the usage of both implementations, we select points in c_W, c_{HW} parameter space that:
 - Approximately saturate these limits
 - Select particular Lorentz structures in the new vertices
 - Are also motivated from a BSM point of view
- Tightly constrained direction in (c_B, c_W) forces $c_B \sim -c_W/2$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{new}} = -\frac{1}{4}g_{hvv}^{(1)}V_{\mu\nu}V^{\mu\nu}h - g_{hvv}^{(2)}V_\nu\partial_\mu V^{\mu\nu}h$$

- We pick benchmark points that, e.g., single out:
 - I) $V_\nu\partial_\mu V^{\mu\nu}h$: $g_{hvv}^{(1)} = 0, g_{hvv}^{(2)} \neq 0 \rightarrow \bar{c}_{HW} = 0, \bar{c}_W \neq 0$
 - II) $V_{\mu\nu}V^{\mu\nu}h$: $g_{hvv}^{(2)} = 0, g_{hvv}^{(1)} \neq 0 \rightarrow \bar{c}_W = -\bar{c}_{HW}$

EFT Benchmarks

- Pattern II) is a feature of matching conditions that arise in a large class of UV completions, e.g. 2HDM

[Gorbahn, No & Sanz; JHEP 1510 (2015) 036]

- Constraints then become tighter:

$$c_{HW} = -\bar{c}_W = (0.0008, 0.04)$$

- Summary of benchmarks used, roughly compatible with current limits

POWHEG/MCFM	\bar{c}_{HW}	\bar{c}_W	\bar{c}_B	$g_{hvv}^{(1)}$	$g_{hvv}^{(2)}$
I	0	0.008	0	X	✓
II	0.008	-0.008	0	✓	X
MG5_aMC					
A	0.03	0	0	✓	✓
B	0.03	-0.03	0.015	✓	X

Selection of results

- WH, VBF in FR+NLOCT/Madgraph5_aMC@NLO
- Used PYTHIA8 for Higgs decay, PS and Hadronisation
 - Rescaled rates by eHDECAY BRs to capture EFT contributions
- Events were reconstructed using Fastjet thanks to MadAnalysis5 “reco” mode and analysed according to some realistic event selection procedure also in MA5
- Theoretical uncertainties due to scale variation were quantified but not PDF uncertainties
 - Envelope of 9 combinations of $(1/2, 2) \times \mu_0$
- See backups for ZH in POWHEG-BOX/MCFM, including SM $gg \rightarrow ZH$

HELatNLO

<http://feynrules.irmp.ucl.ac.be/wiki/HELatNLO>

- SMEFT implementation in FeynRules + NLOCT framework
 - Simulation performed with MadGraph5_aMC@NLO ~ any process!
 - First results for VBF in SMEFT @ NLO in QCD
- Includes 5 operators affecting Higgs couplings to $W/Z/\gamma$
 - First step for EW Higgs production
- Modification of EW parameters taken into account in the (m_Z, α_s, G_F) input scheme

Simulation

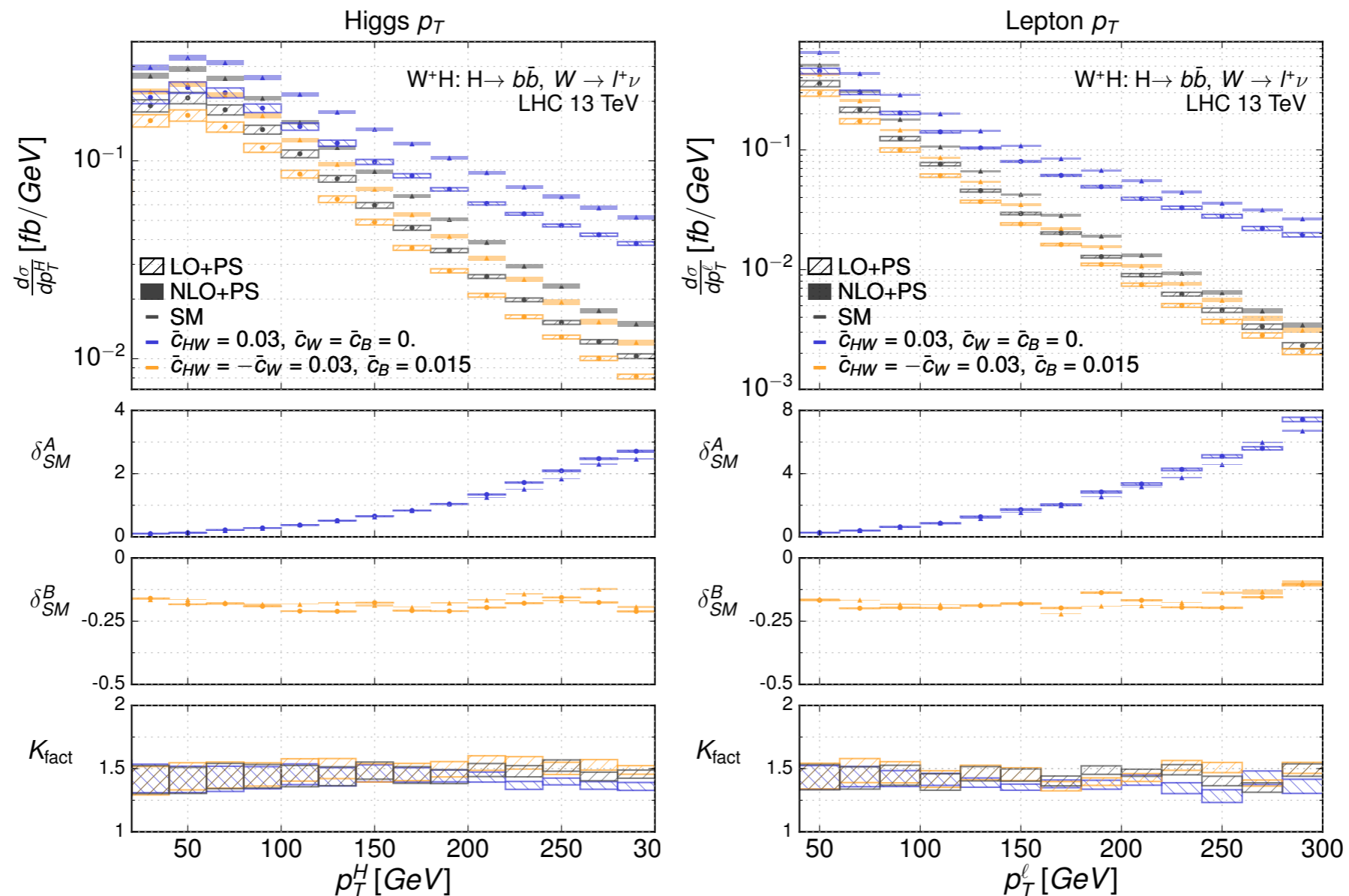
`generate p p > h ve e+ [QCD]`

- For WH: Higgs \rightarrow bb & for VBF: Higgs \rightarrow $\gamma \gamma$
- Made use of MG5 feature to select only interference terms for comparison (LO only)
 - Specify coupling order squared , e.g., “NP²≤2” to get interference
 - Naive measure of “validity” of EFT interpretation
 - MG5_aMC reweighting technology can upgrade this to NLO
- Validated results against POWHEG-BOX implementation
 - Found reasonable agreement

[KM, Sanz, Williams; JHEP 1608 (2016) 039]

$$pp \rightarrow W^+ H \rightarrow l^+ \nu bb$$

Benchmarks correspond to 'large' values of Wilson coefficients as described in previous analysis since they saturate current limits

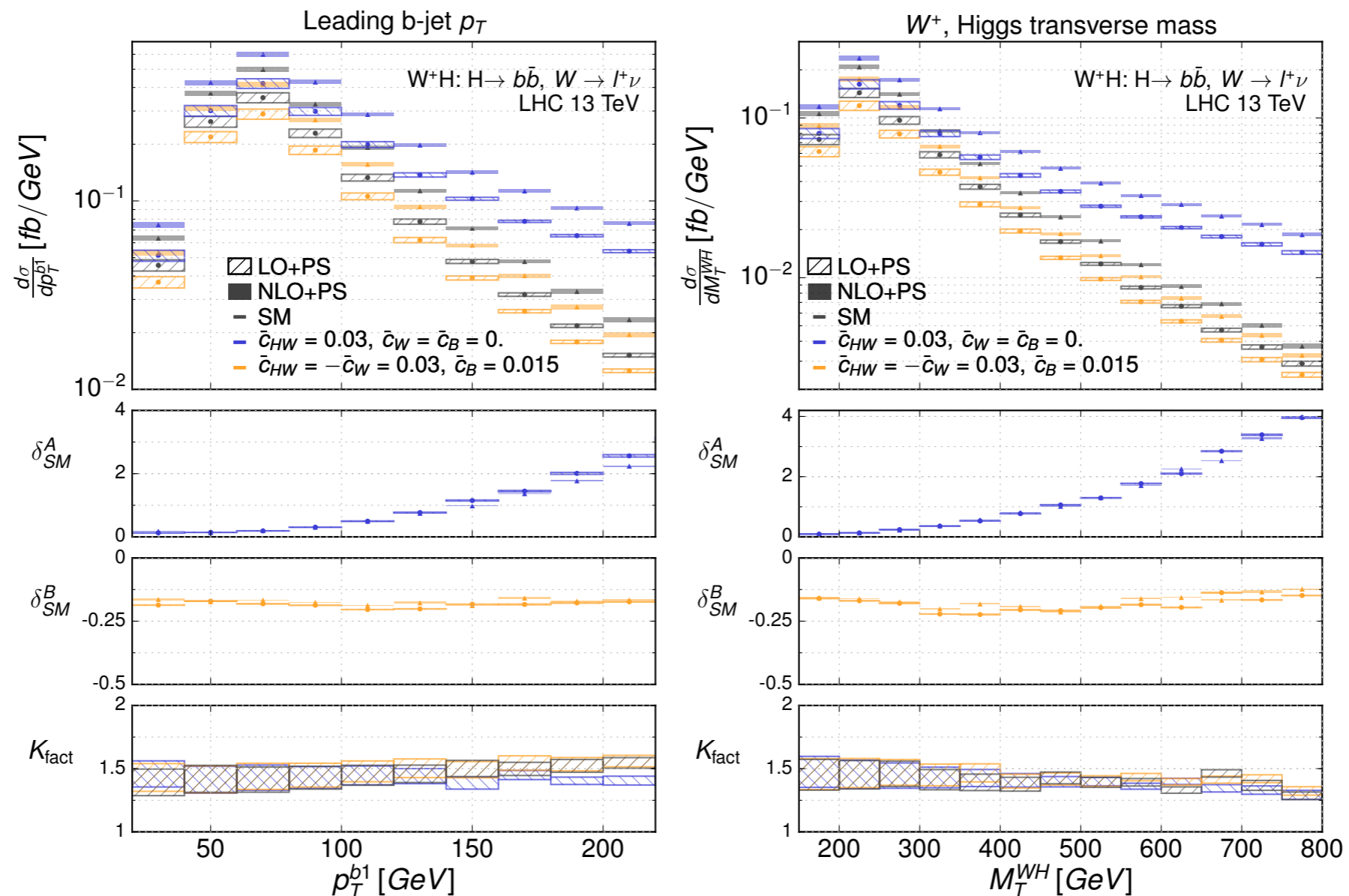


$$\delta = \text{TOT}/\text{SM} - 1$$

NLO/LO

$$pp \rightarrow W^+ H \rightarrow l^+ \nu bb$$

Benchmark **B)** does not exhibit strong “EFT” features
 The $g_{h\nu\nu}^{(2)}$ Lorentz structure is responsible for these

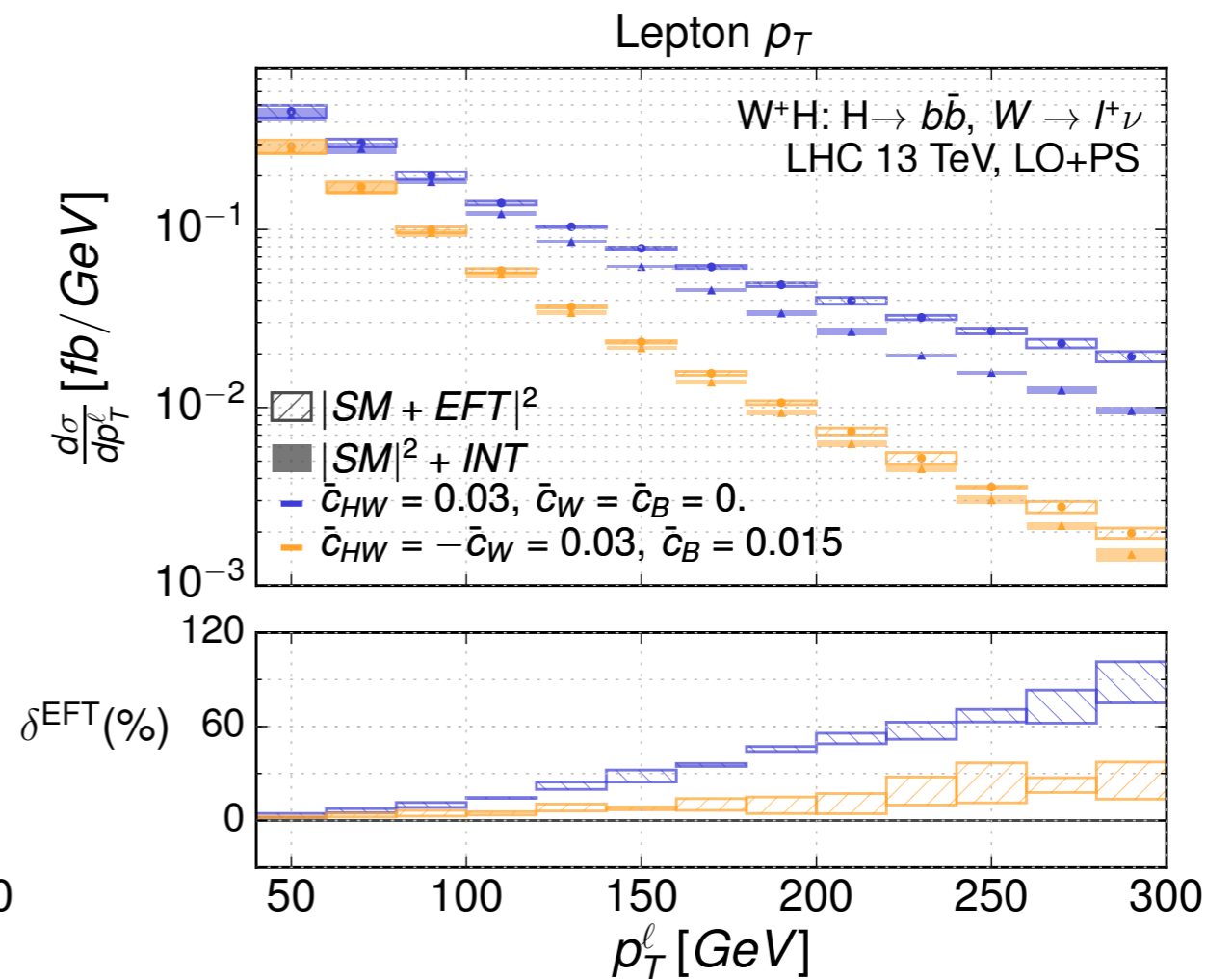
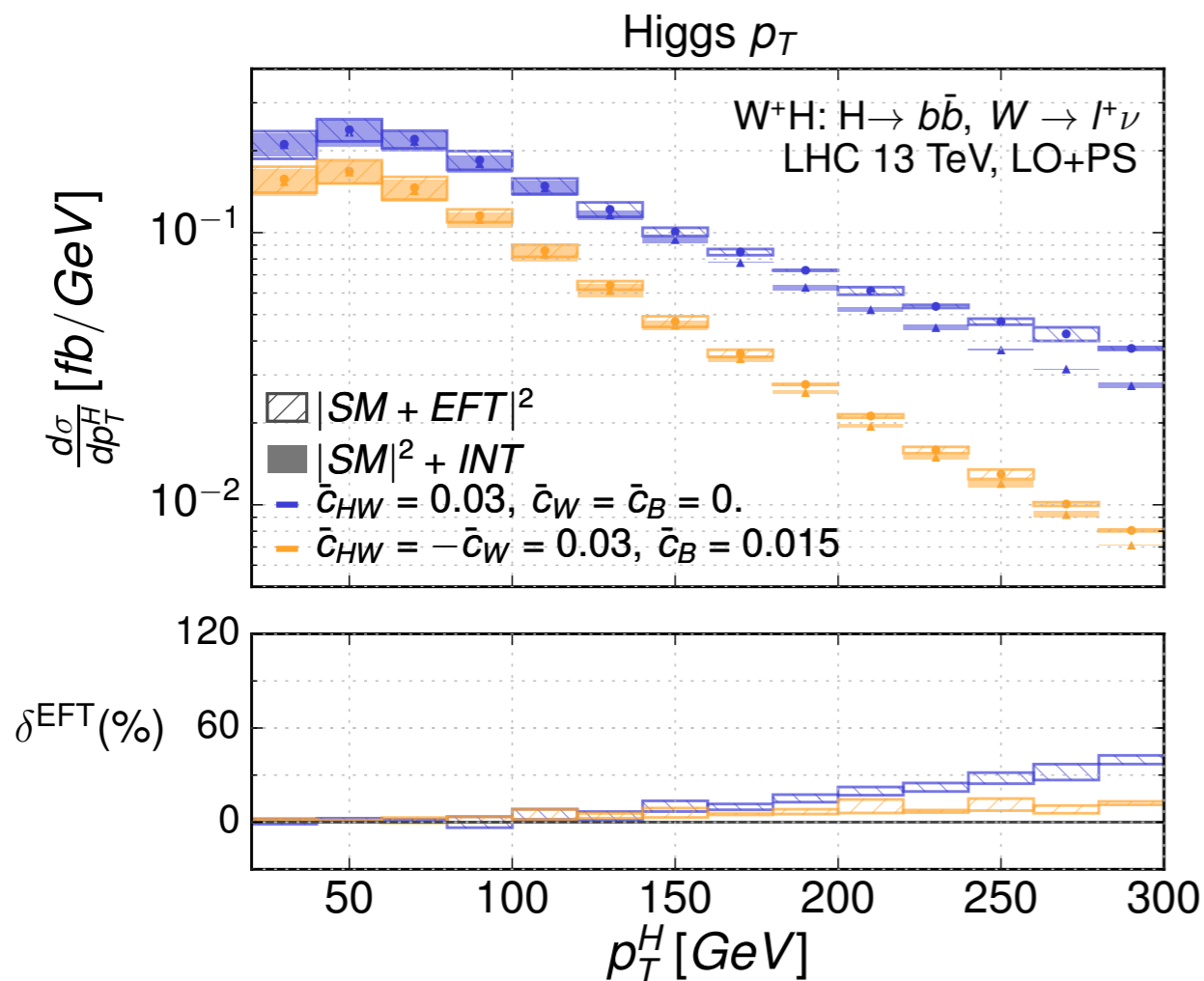


Interference only (LO)

40-80% difference for benchmarks saturating current limits

A possible way to define an **additional theory uncertainty**?

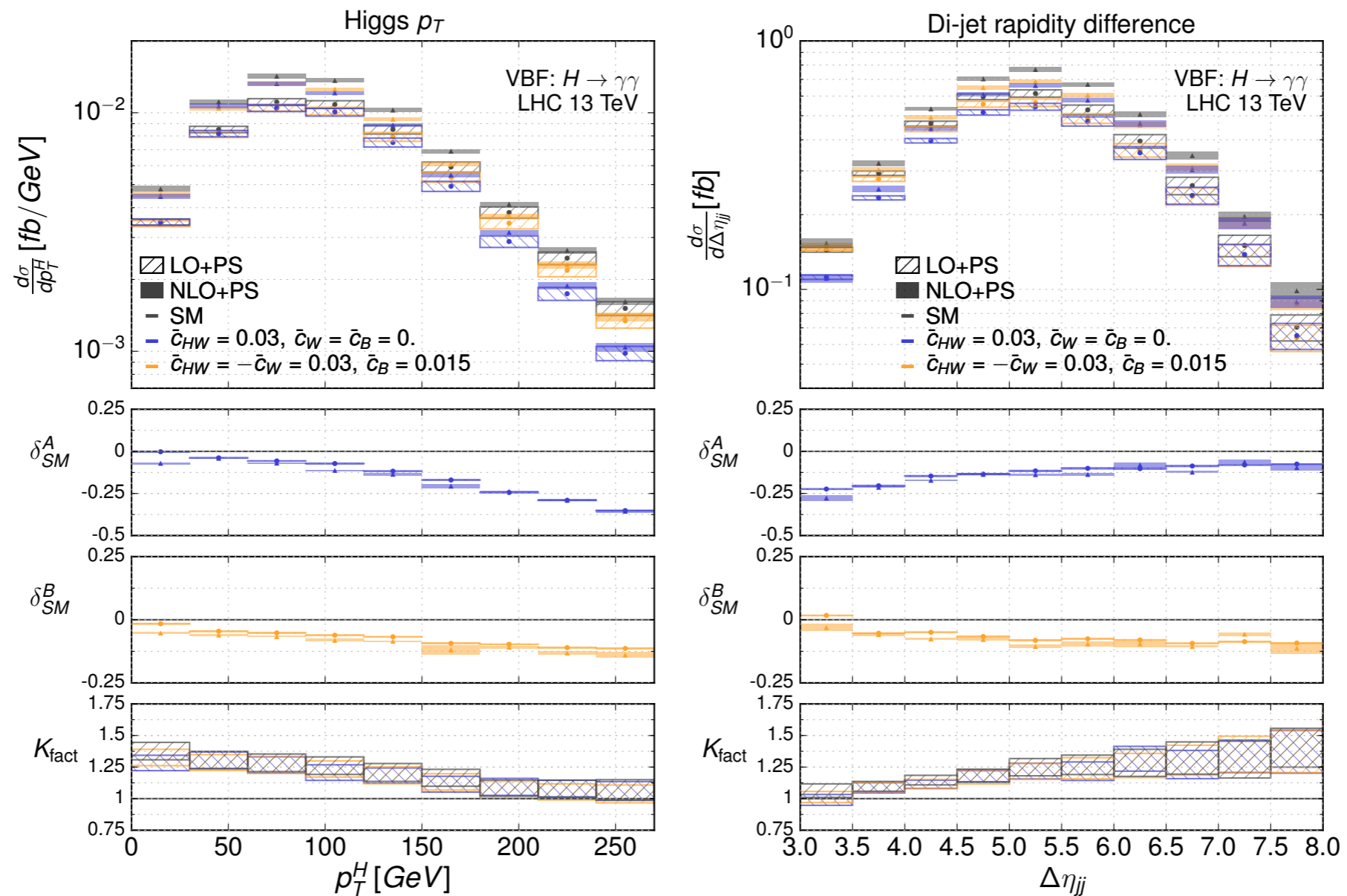
LHC8 + EWPO not perfect for EFT interpretation of c_W, c_{HW}



$$pp \rightarrow H jj \rightarrow \gamma\gamma jj$$

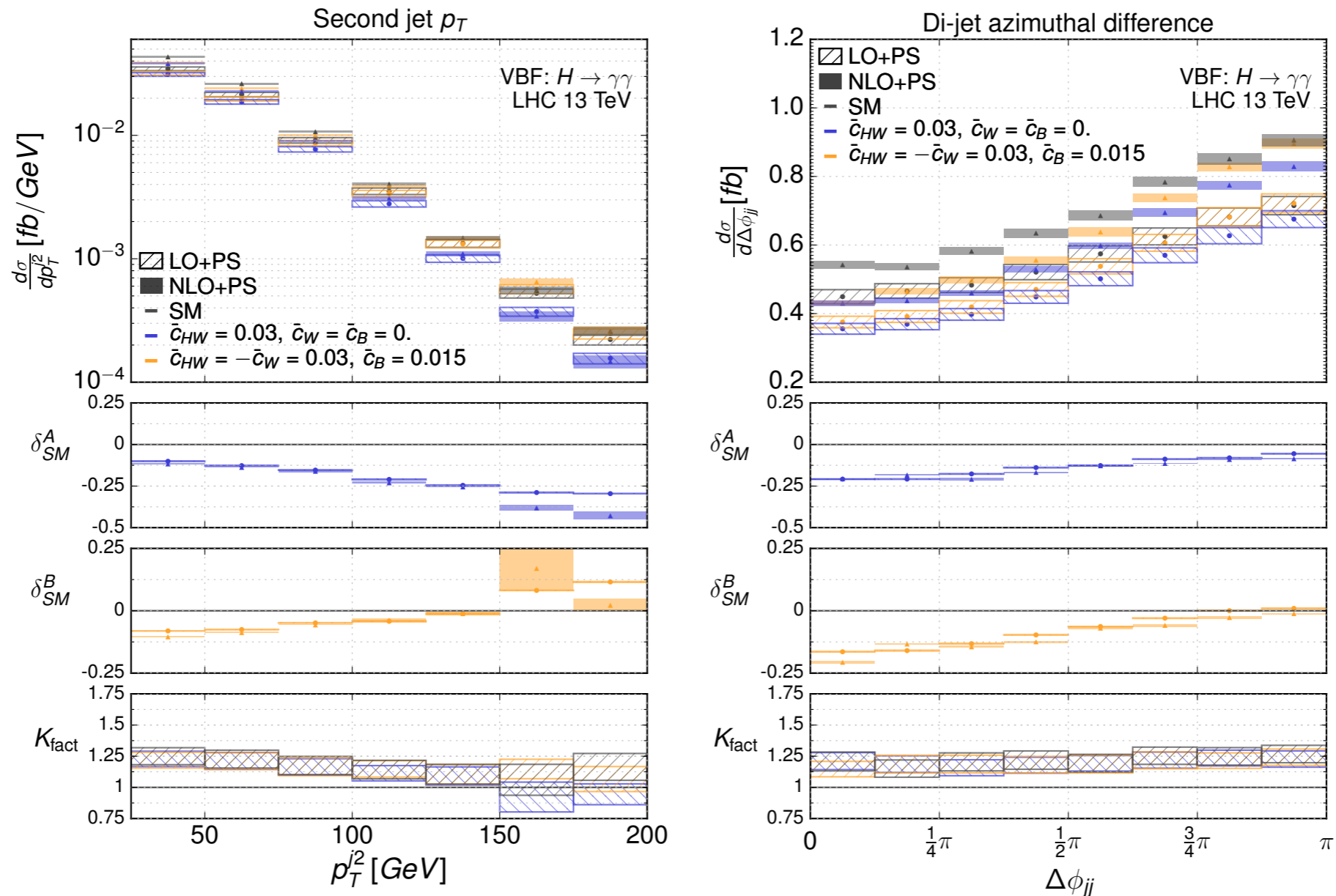
generate p p > h j j \$\$ w+ w- z a QCD=0 [QCD]

Used a fixed scale of m_W as suggested by literature



$$pp \rightarrow H jj \rightarrow \gamma\gamma jj$$

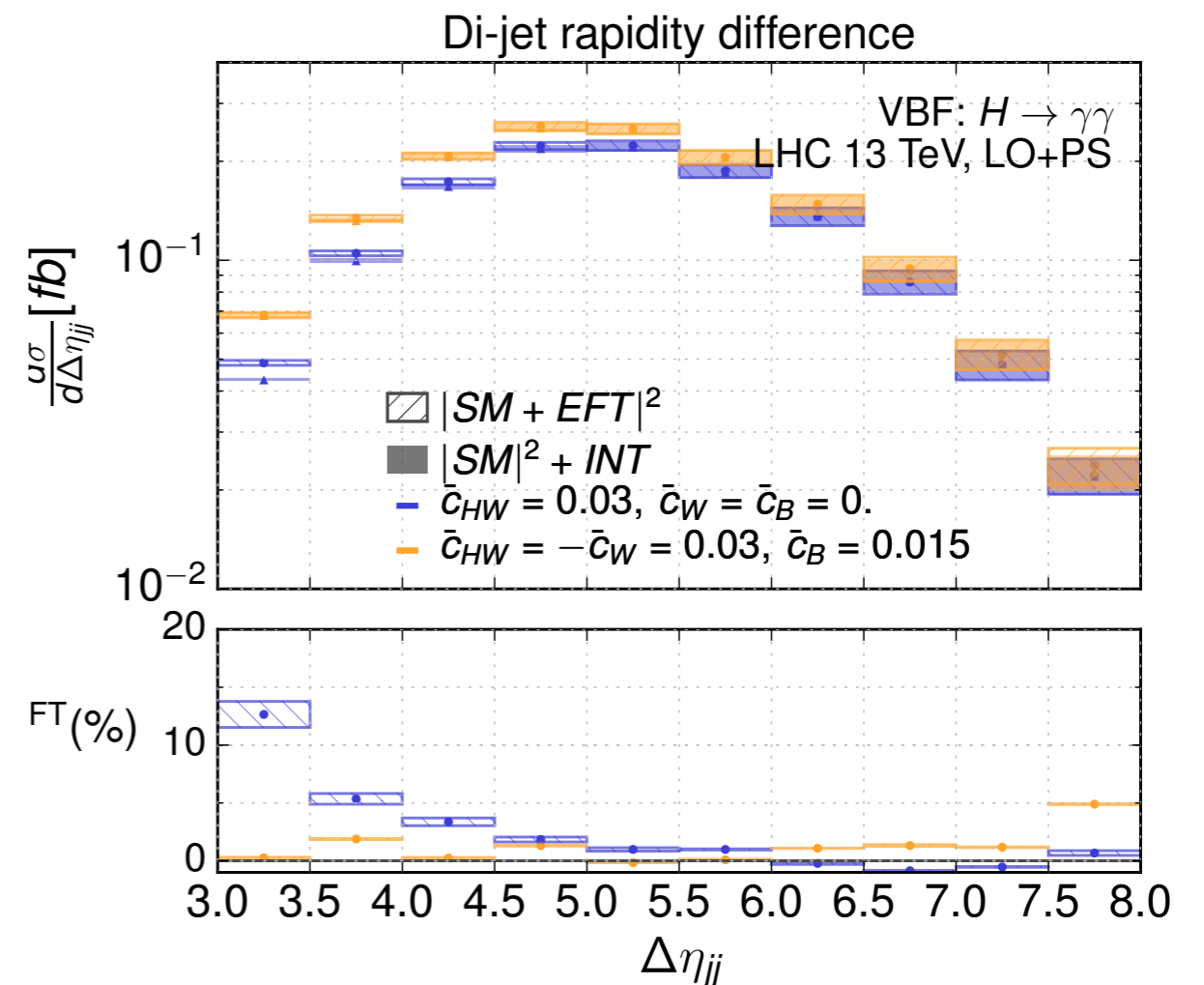
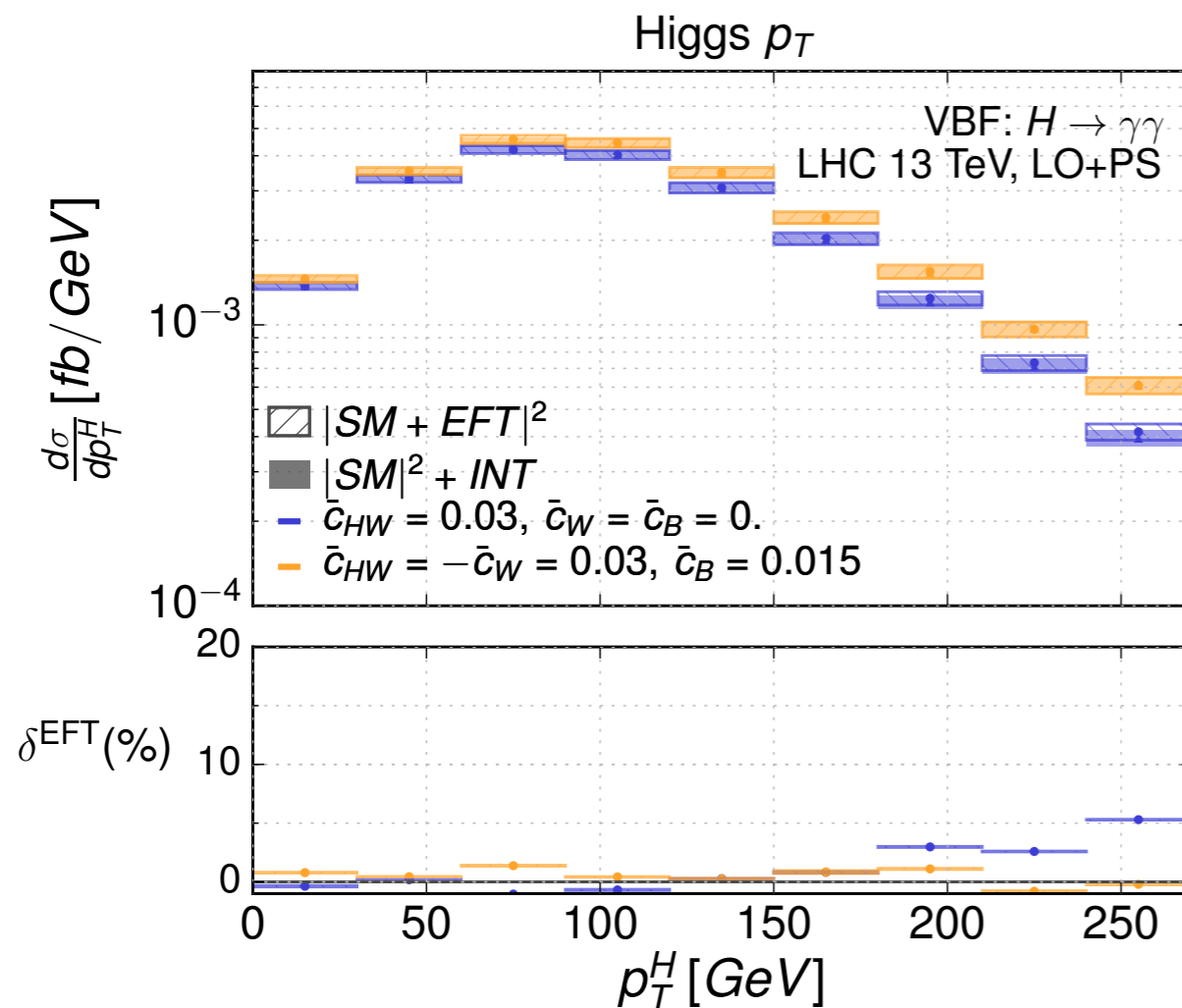
Generally smaller effects of order 25-50% present, sensitivity to benchmark B. Correlating VH & VBF may help disentangle this coupling structure.



Interference only (LO)

Interference vs. square much more under control.

~10% difference

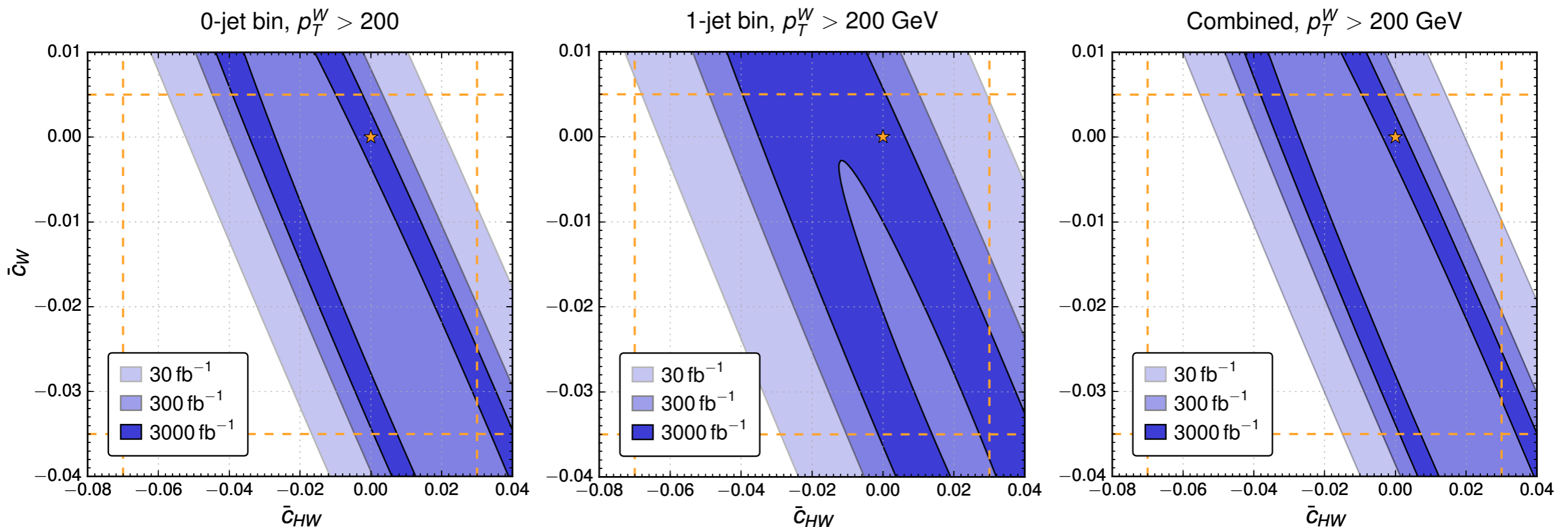


HL-LHC prospects in VH

- 8 & 13 TeV analyses searching for $VH \rightarrow llbb$
 - Large fit to many signal & control regions with some floating backgrounds
 - 13 TeV uses multivariate methods = **difficult to recast** without further info
- Performed a **naive** projection of the LHC 8 TeV analysis
 - Conservative with respect to the more sophisticated methods that will likely be employed in future updates in this channel
- Signal region: $P_T(W) > 200$ GeV overflow bin in the single lepton channel (WH)
 - Background: determine the change in acceptance x efficiency for the dominant $t\bar{t}$ background from 8 to 13 TeV
 - Rescale fitted background in 8 TeV analysis to estimate yield at 13 TeV

HL-LHC prospects in VH

- Early LHC data should already improve global fits
- Per-mille sensitivity to c_{HW}, c_W with 3 ab^{-1}
- Only a couple of bins in a single channel



Future

- Several separate implementations of SMEFT operators in different sectors now exist
- Working on a “merge” of these to obtain a complete SMEFT model at NLO in QCD
 - Full set of operators contributing to EW/Higgs/top processes
 - Currently at testing/validation stage
 - Validation of anomalous dimension matrix calculation
- Basis independent predictions will be accessible via Rosetta translation tool <http://rosetta.hepforge.org>
- Ultimate goal is to incorporate NLO QCD corrections in a global fit to LHC + low energy data

SMEFT@NLO in QCD

- Merger of HELatNLO and Top/Higgs-EFT
 - Use Warsaw basis but basis independent input choice will be provided by Rosetta (also preparing an MG5_aMC plugin)
 - No four-fermion operators (except leptonic one modifying G_F)

Gauge/Higgs

Higgs vev & kinetic term
 m_z (cust. sym.)
 Gauge/Higgs & gauge kinetic terms/mixing
 Triple gauge, ...

\mathcal{O}_φ	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)^3$	–	–
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi\Box}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)\Box(\varphi^\dagger \varphi)$	–	–
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi D}$	$(\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)^\dagger (\varphi^\dagger D_\mu \varphi)$	–	–
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi G}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_A^{\mu\nu} G_{\mu\nu}^A$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi \tilde{G}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi G_A^{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^A$
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi W}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_i^{\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^i$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi \tilde{W}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi W_i^{\mu\nu} \tilde{W}_{\mu\nu}^i$
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi B}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi \tilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \varphi B^{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu}$
$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi WB}$	$\varphi^\dagger \sigma^i \varphi W_i^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu}$	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi W \tilde{B}}$	$\varphi^\dagger \sigma^i \varphi W_i^{\mu\nu} \tilde{B}_{\mu\nu}$
\mathcal{O}_{3W}	$\epsilon^{ijk} W_{i,\mu\nu} W_j^{\nu\rho} W_{k,\rho}^\mu$	$\mathcal{O}_{3\tilde{W}}$	$\epsilon^{ijk} \tilde{W}_{i,\mu\nu} W_j^{\nu\rho} W_{k,\rho}^\mu$

CP violation

SMEFT@NLO in QCD

- Work in “minimal flavor violating” hypothesis, keeping only the top Yukawa to begin with *[D’Ambrosio et al.; Nucl. Phys. B645 (2002) 155]*

	Top	
Yukawa	$\mathcal{O}_{t\varphi}$	$(\varphi^\dagger \varphi) (\bar{Q} t) \tilde{\varphi}$
Dipole	\mathcal{O}_{tG}	$(\bar{Q} \sigma_{\mu\nu} T^A t) \tilde{\varphi} G_A^{\mu\nu}$
	\mathcal{O}_{tW}	$(\bar{Q} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \sigma^i t) \tilde{\varphi} W_i^{\mu\nu}$
	\mathcal{O}_{tB}	$(\bar{Q} \sigma_{\mu\nu} t) \tilde{\varphi} B^{\mu\nu}$
Current-current	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi Q}^{(3)}$	$i(\varphi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_{\mu}^i \varphi) (\bar{Q} \gamma^\mu \sigma_i Q)$
	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi Q}^{(1)}$	$i(\varphi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_{\mu} \varphi) (\bar{Q} \gamma^\mu Q)$
	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi t}$	$i(\varphi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_{\mu} \varphi) (\bar{t} \gamma^\mu t)$
	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi b}$	$i(\varphi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_{\mu} \varphi) (\bar{b} \gamma^\mu b)$
RH charged current	$\mathcal{O}_{\varphi tb}$	$i(\tilde{\varphi} D_{\mu} \varphi) (\bar{b} \gamma^\mu t)$

$\propto y_t$

ttV, single top, EW Higgs production. Some constraints from, e.g. LEP/flavor

[S. Alioli et al.; arXiv:1703.04751]

SMEFT@NLO in QCD

- Include all operators that affect EW input relations
 - Additionally one leptonic SU(2) current-current and one 4-fermion operator that affect muon decay for G_F extraction
- Model files for (α_{EW}, m_Z, G_F) & (m_Z, m_W, G_F) input schemes
- Validate counter-terms against previous implementations & anomalous dimension matrix
- In progress: pheno analysis of tHj/tHZ channels which combines two sectors of EFT operators: EW/Higgs & top/Higgs
- Include basis definition in Rosetta to easily map from any input basis + MG5/Rosetta interface

Conclusion

- We are still not far from the beginning of a long and fruitful programme of Higgs characterisation via EFT
- Current global fits allow room for large EFT deviations and precision is now improving to NLO in QCD+PS [A. Butter's talk](#)
- FeynRules/NLOCT framework is being exploited to complete the SMEFT for MC event generation at this order
 - EFT interpretation for all possible processes measurable at the LHC
 - Open to requests for, e.g., dimension-8 multi-boson operators
- Seemingly, benchmarks which saturate current limits can appear slightly beyond the naive “validity” of the EFT
 - Warrants further investigation on a process by process basis

BACKUP

Feynman Rules

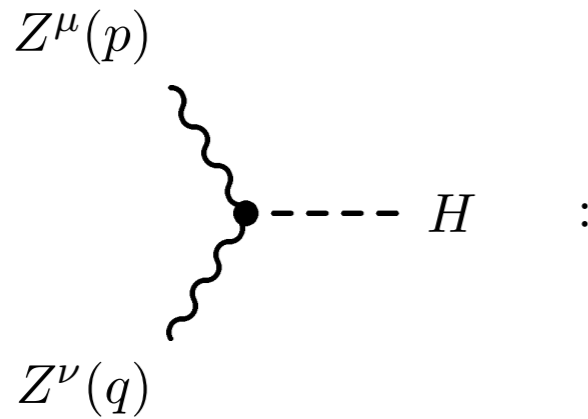


Diagram showing a Z boson (wavy line) with momentum \$p\$ and a Z boson (wavy line) with momentum \$q\$ meeting at a vertex (black dot). A Higgs boson (dashed line) with momentum \$H\$ is emitted from the vertex.

$$: i \left[\eta^{\mu\nu} \left(\frac{g}{\cos \theta_W} M_Z + g_{hzz}^{(1)} p \cdot q + g_{hzz}^{(2)} (p^2 + q^2) \right) - g_{hzz}^{(1)} q^\mu p^\nu - \tilde{g}_{hzz} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} q_\rho p_\sigma - g_{hzz}^{(2)} (p^\mu p^\nu + q^\mu q^\nu) \right]$$

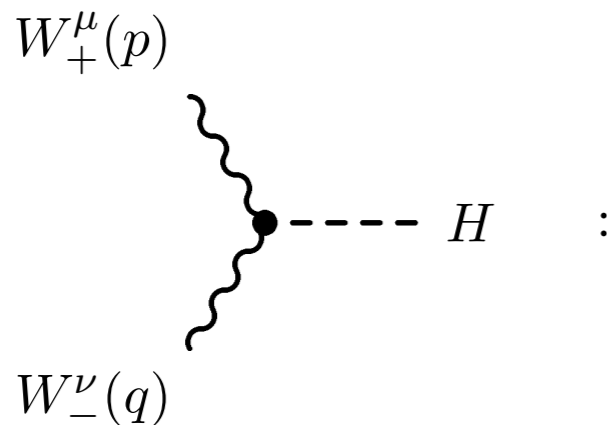


Diagram showing a \$W_+\$ boson (wavy line) with momentum \$p\$ and a \$W_-\$ boson (wavy line) with momentum \$q\$ meeting at a vertex (black dot). A Higgs boson (dashed line) with momentum \$H\$ is emitted from the vertex.

$$: i \left[\eta^{\mu\nu} \left(g M_W + g_{hww}^{(1)} p \cdot q + g_{hww}^{(2)} (p^2 + q^2) \right) - g_{hww}^{(1)} q^\mu p^\nu - \tilde{g}_{hww} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} q_\rho p_\sigma - g_{hww}^{(2)} (p^\mu p^\nu + q^\mu q^\nu) \right]$$

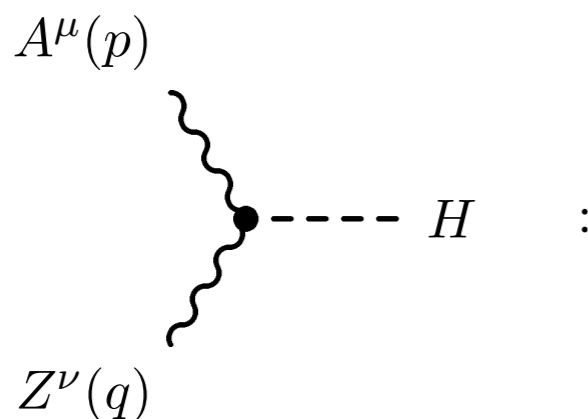


Diagram showing a photon \$A^\mu\$ (wavy line) with momentum \$p\$ and a Z boson \$Z^\nu\$ (wavy line) with momentum \$q\$ meeting at a vertex (black dot). A Higgs boson (dashed line) with momentum \$H\$ is emitted from the vertex.

$$: i \left[\eta^{\mu\nu} \left(g_{haz}^{(1)} p \cdot q + g_{haz}^{(2)} p^2 \right) - g_{haz}^{(1)} q^\mu p^\nu - \tilde{g}_{haz} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} q_\rho p_\sigma - g_{haz}^{(2)} p^\mu p^\nu \right]$$

BSM →

Mapping to AC/(i.e. HC)

Coupling	HEL@NLO
$g_{hzz}^{(1)}$	$\frac{e^2 v}{2\hat{c}_W^2 \hat{s}_W^2} \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} [\hat{c}_W^2 \bar{c}_{HW} + 2\hat{s}_W^2 \bar{c}_{HB} - 2\hat{s}_W^4 \bar{c}_{BB}]$
$g_{hzz}^{(2)}$	$\frac{e^2 v}{4\hat{s}_W^2 \hat{c}_W^2 \Lambda^2} [\hat{c}_W^2 (\bar{c}_{HW} + \bar{c}_W) + 2\hat{s}_W^2 (\bar{c}_B + \bar{c}_{HB})]$
$g_{hzz}^{(3)}$	$\frac{g^2 v}{2\hat{c}_W^2} + \frac{e^4 v^3}{8\hat{c}_W^4 \hat{s}_W^2 \Lambda^2} [\hat{c}_W^2 \bar{c}_W + 2\bar{c}_B]$
$g_{haz}^{(1)}$	$\frac{e^2 v}{4\hat{s}_W \hat{c}_W \Lambda^2} [\bar{c}_{HW} - 2\bar{c}_{HB} + 4\hat{s}_W^2 \bar{c}_{BB}]$
$g_{haz}^{(2)}$	$\frac{e^2 v}{4\hat{s}_W \hat{c}_W \Lambda^2} [\bar{c}_{HW} + \bar{c}_W - 2(\bar{c}_B + \bar{c}_{BB})]$
$g_{hww}^{(1)}$	$\frac{e^2 v}{2\hat{s}_W^2 \Lambda^2} \bar{c}_{HW}$
$g_{hww}^{(2)}$	$\frac{ve^2}{4\Lambda^2 \hat{s}_W^2} [\bar{c}_W + \bar{c}_{HW}]$
$g_{hww}^{(3)}$	$\frac{g^2 v}{2}$

Anomalous couplings (AC) equivalent to
Higgs Characterisation (HC)

POWHEG-BOX/MCFM

- Higgs associated production with a leptonically decaying W or Z at NLO in QCD matched to parton shower
 - Include EFT effects via a mapping to AC/HC (also CP violating)
- At NLO, the initial state current factorises from the final state, even when the Higgs decays to b 's
 - Drell-Yan-like NLO corrections which are well known
- Builds upon previous work in the SM matched to parton shower in the same framework as well as fixed order predictions including anomalous couplings
- Matrix elements based on MCFM code interfaced with POWHEG-BOX for which the SM process was already implemented

Simulation (POWHEG)

- For definiteness we specified that the Higgs decay to bb , allowing PYTHIA to perform the decay but scaling the rates by the BR predicted by eHDECAY
- Used CTEQ10 PDFs for NLO predictions and CTEQ6L1 PDFs for LO comparisons
- Modification of EW parameters taken into account in the (m_Z, m_W, G_F) input scheme
- Scale uncertainty determined by varying μ_R, μ_F together around a central scale of $\mu_0 = m_{VH}$
 - Envelope of $\mu_0/2$ and $2\mu_0$

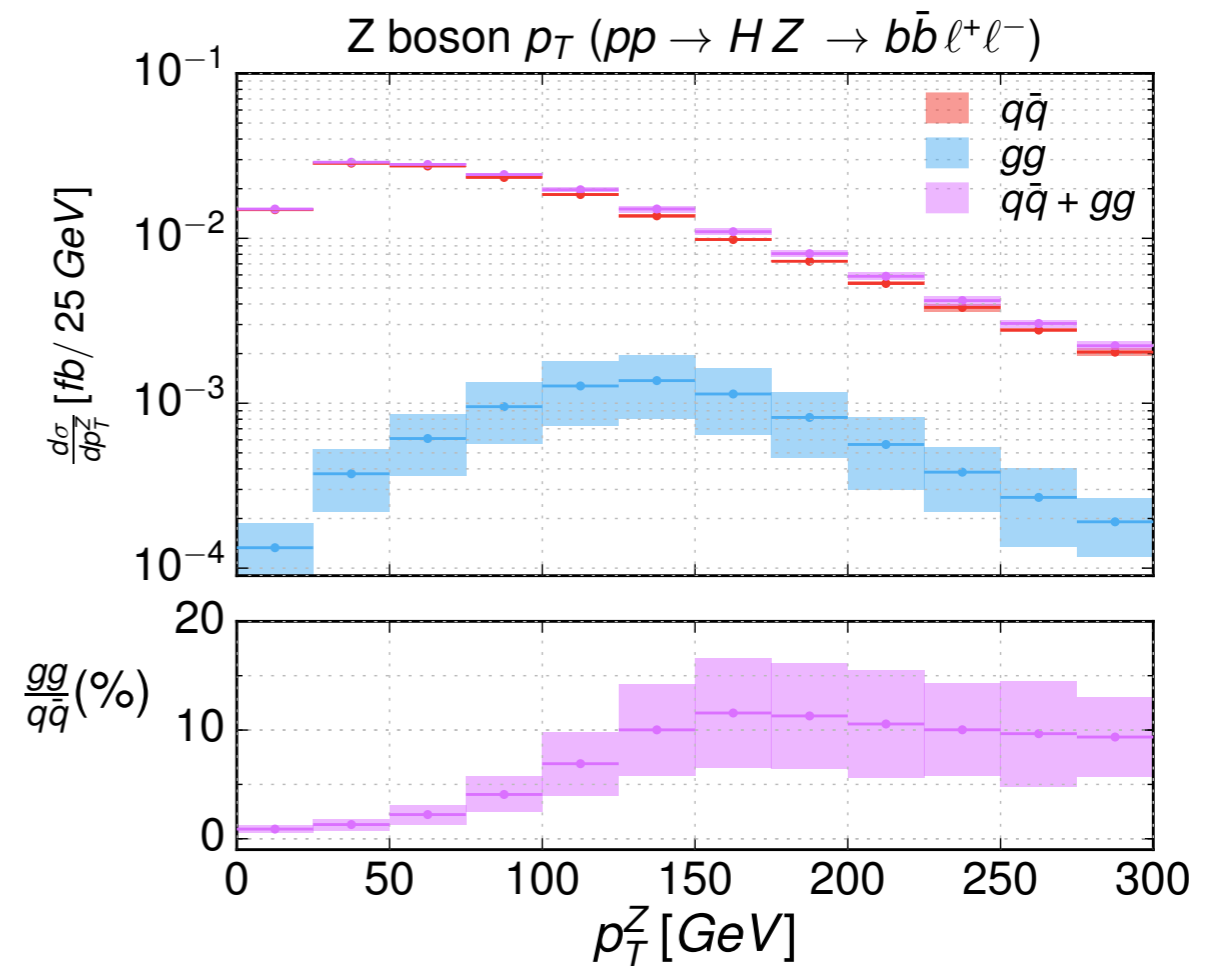
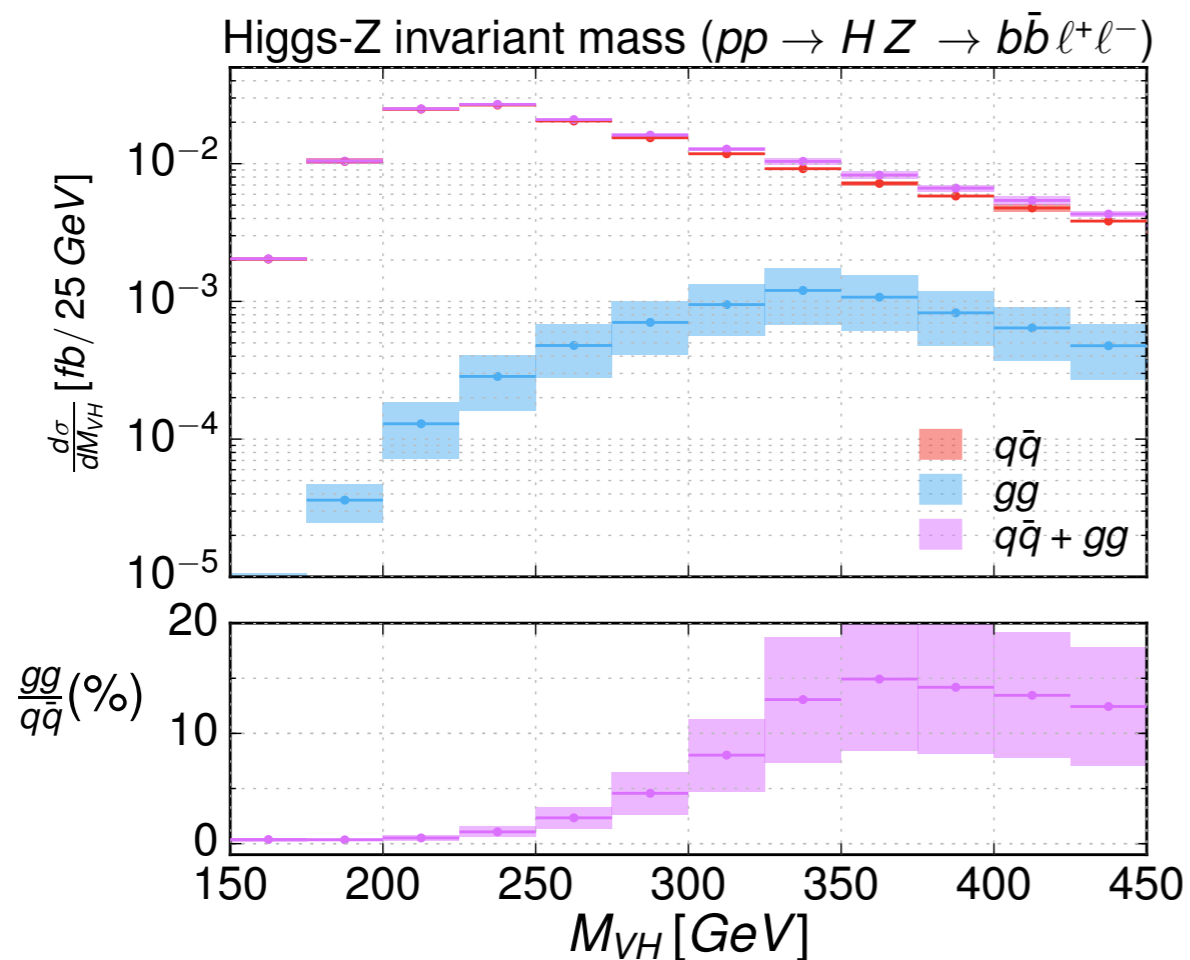
Selection

Process	
$H Z \rightarrow b\bar{b} \ell^+ \ell^-$	$H W \rightarrow b\bar{b} \ell \nu$
Jets	
k_T algorithm: $\Delta R=0.4, p_T > 25 \text{ GeV} \ \& \ \eta_b < 2.5$	
Cuts	
2 b -jets, $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}, \eta_b < 2.5$	
1 lepton, ℓ^\pm (e or μ)	2 leptons, ℓ^+, ℓ^- (e or μ)
$p_T^\ell < 25 \text{ GeV}, \eta_\ell < 2.5$	

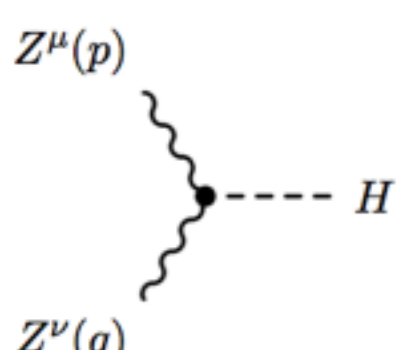
MA5 performs b -jet identification based on truth level jet information (presence of b -hadrons in jet)

$gg \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow l^+l^- bb$

- gg initiated process (formally NNLO)
 - Gluon PDF plus kinematics of EFT searches warrant its inclusion
 - Well known to ‘mimic’ EFT effects if not properly taken into account



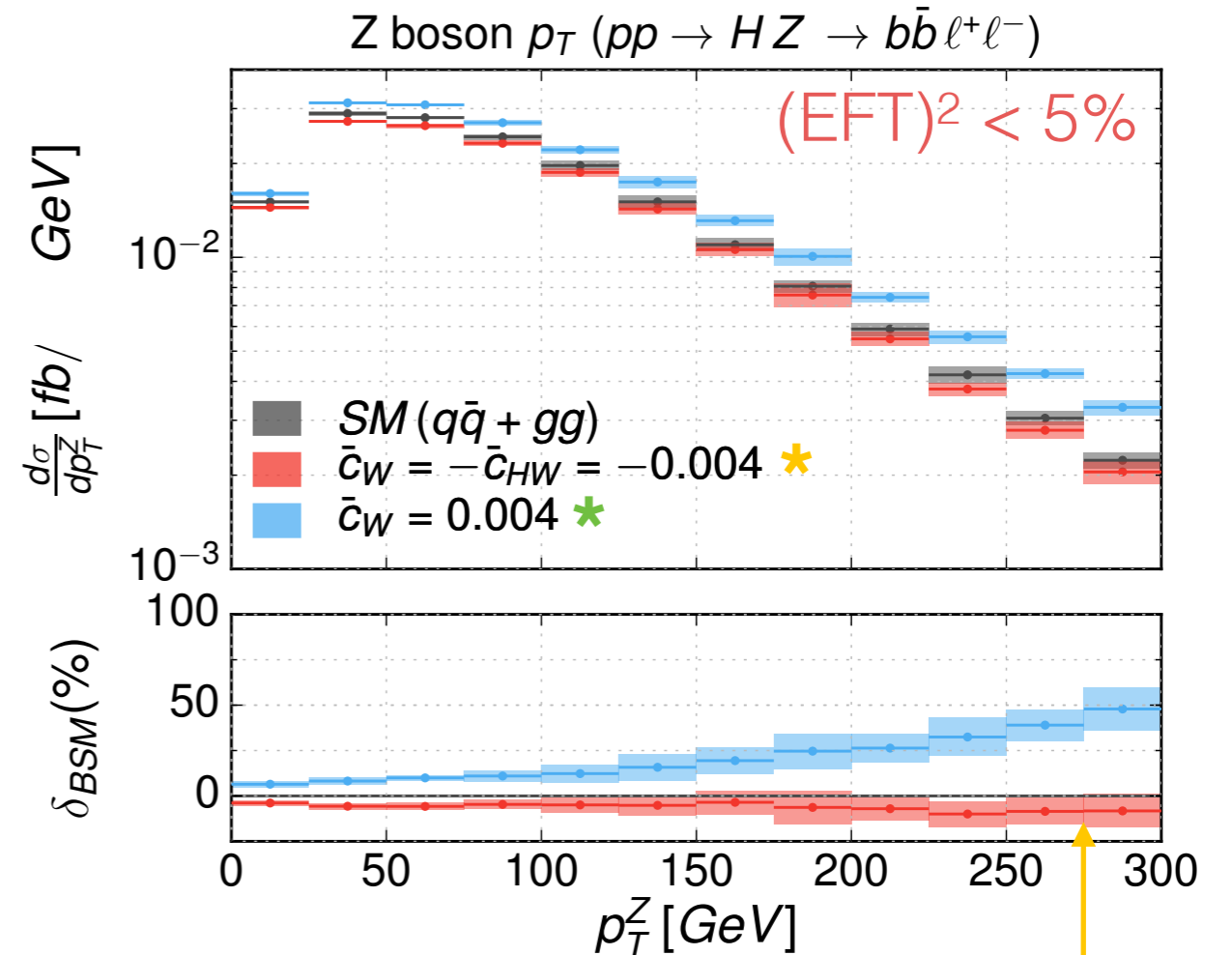
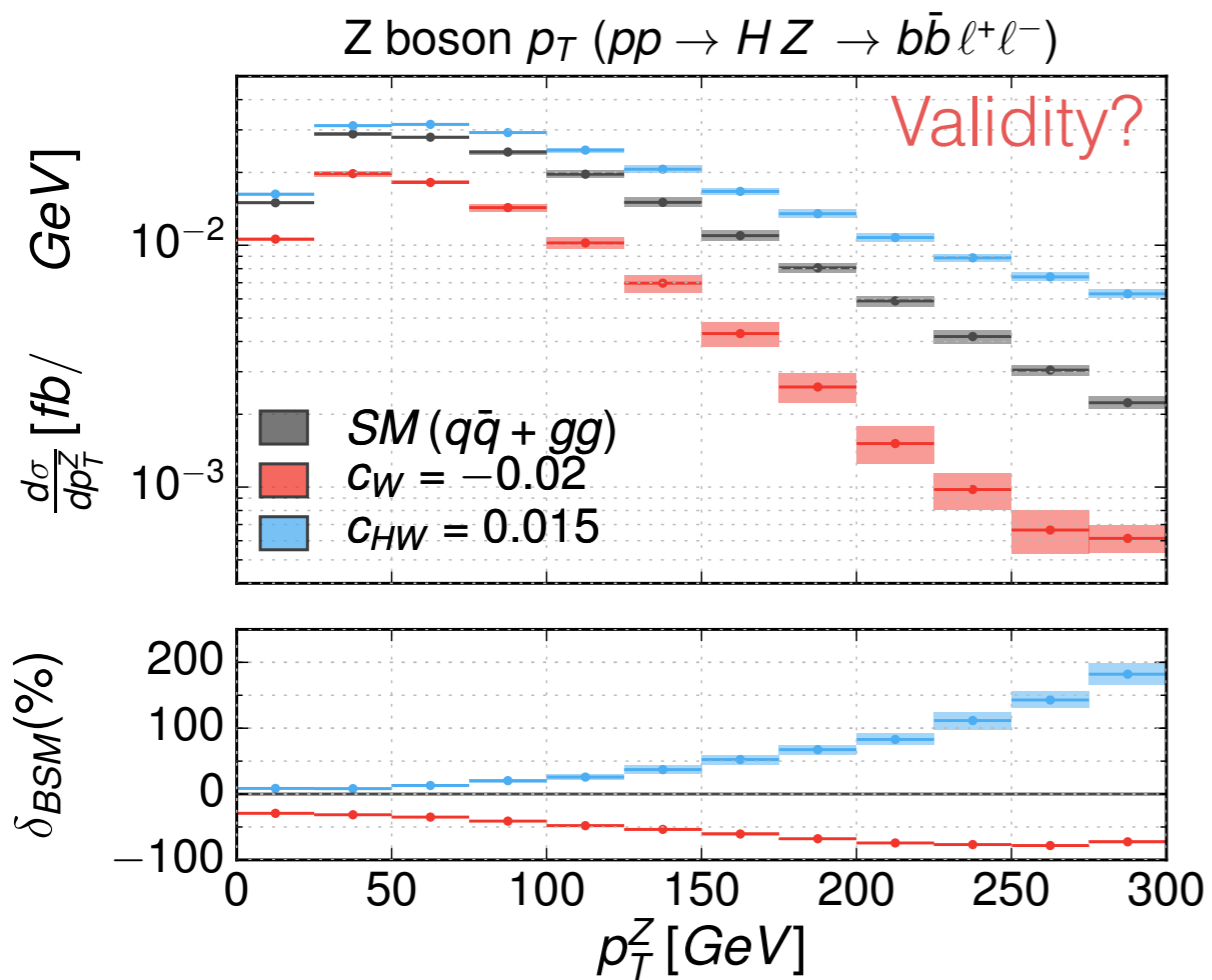
$pp \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow l^+l^- bb$

$Z^\mu(p)$

 $Z^\nu(q)$

$$i \left[\frac{g}{\cos \theta_W} M_Z + g_{hzz}^{(1)} (\eta^{\mu\nu} p \cdot q - q^\mu p^\nu) + g_{hzz}^{(2)} ((p^2 + q^2)\eta^{\mu\nu} - p^\mu p^\nu + q^\mu q^\nu) \right]$$

“BM II”
“BM I”

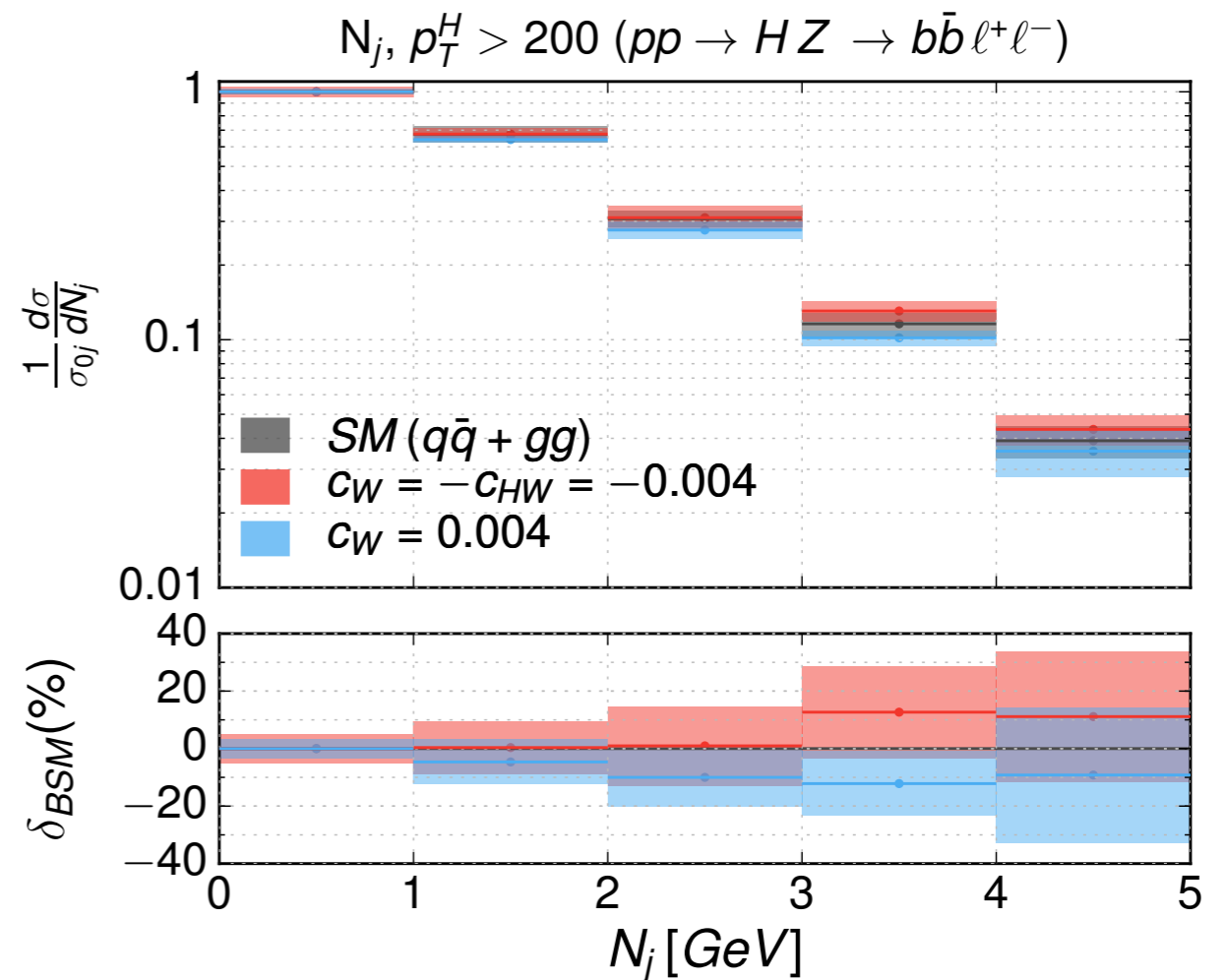
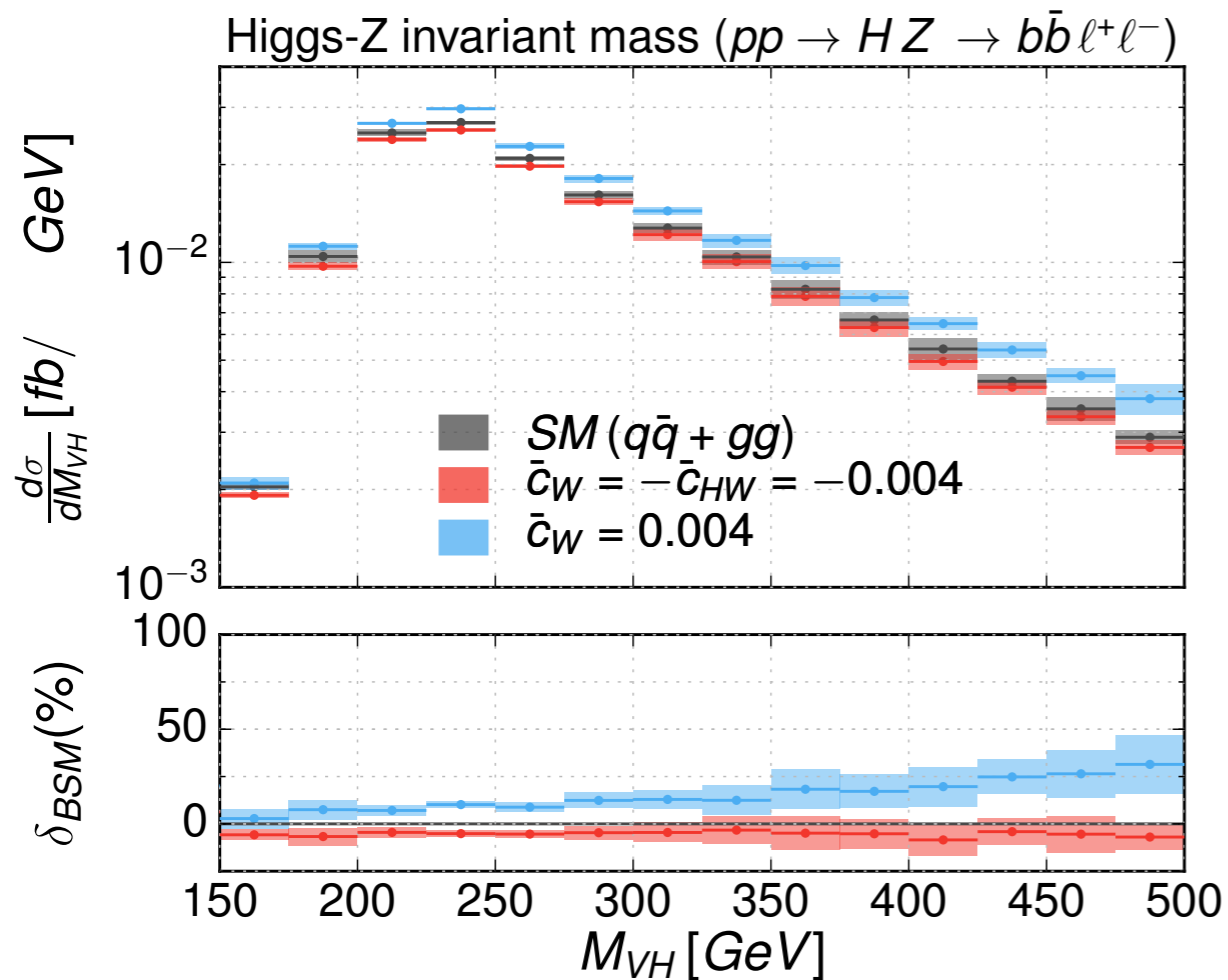
$g_{hzz}^{(1)} \propto \bar{c}_{HW}, \quad g_{hzz}^{(2)} \propto (\bar{c}_{HW} + \bar{c}_W)$



* Benchmark II does not show “EFT-like” features

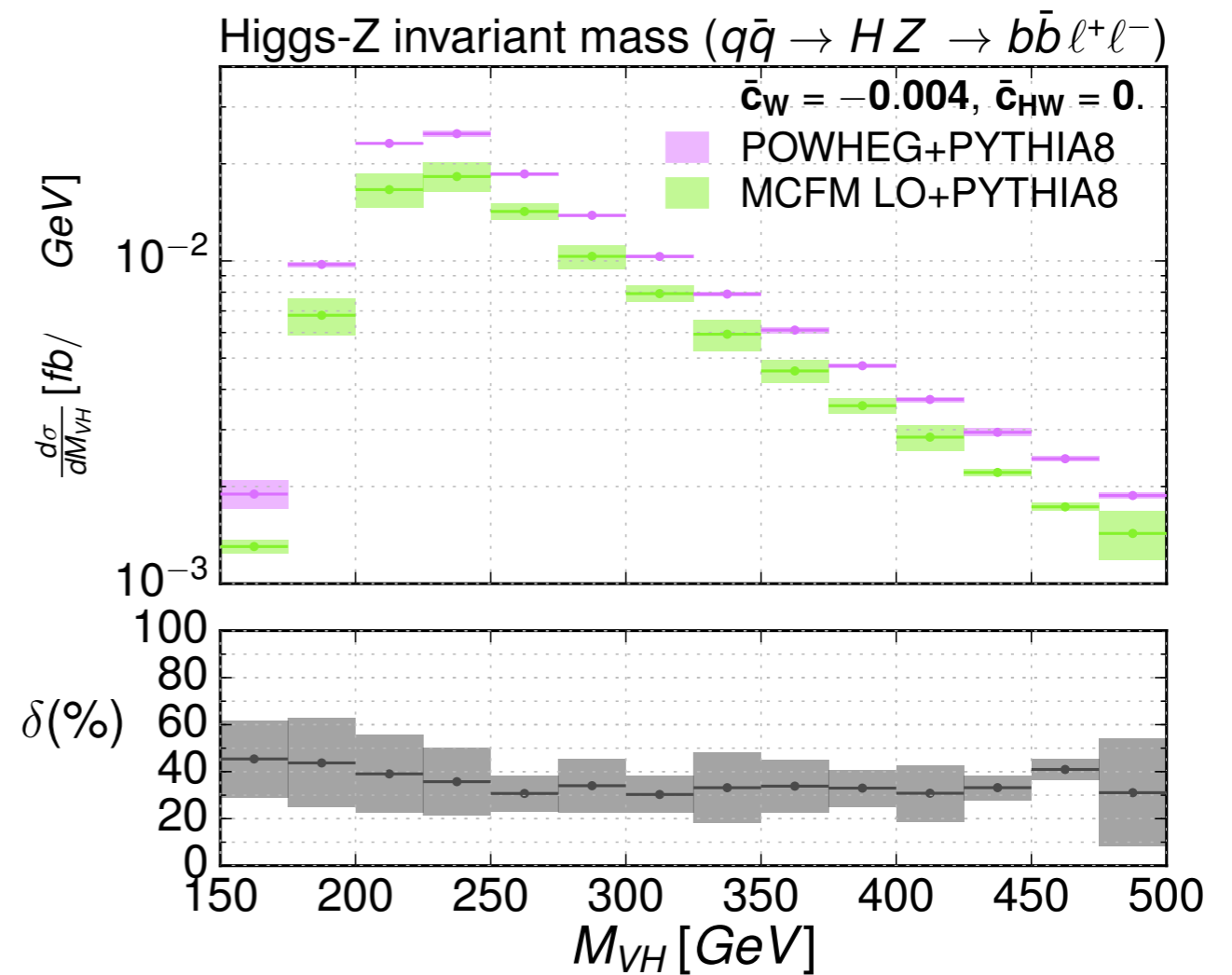
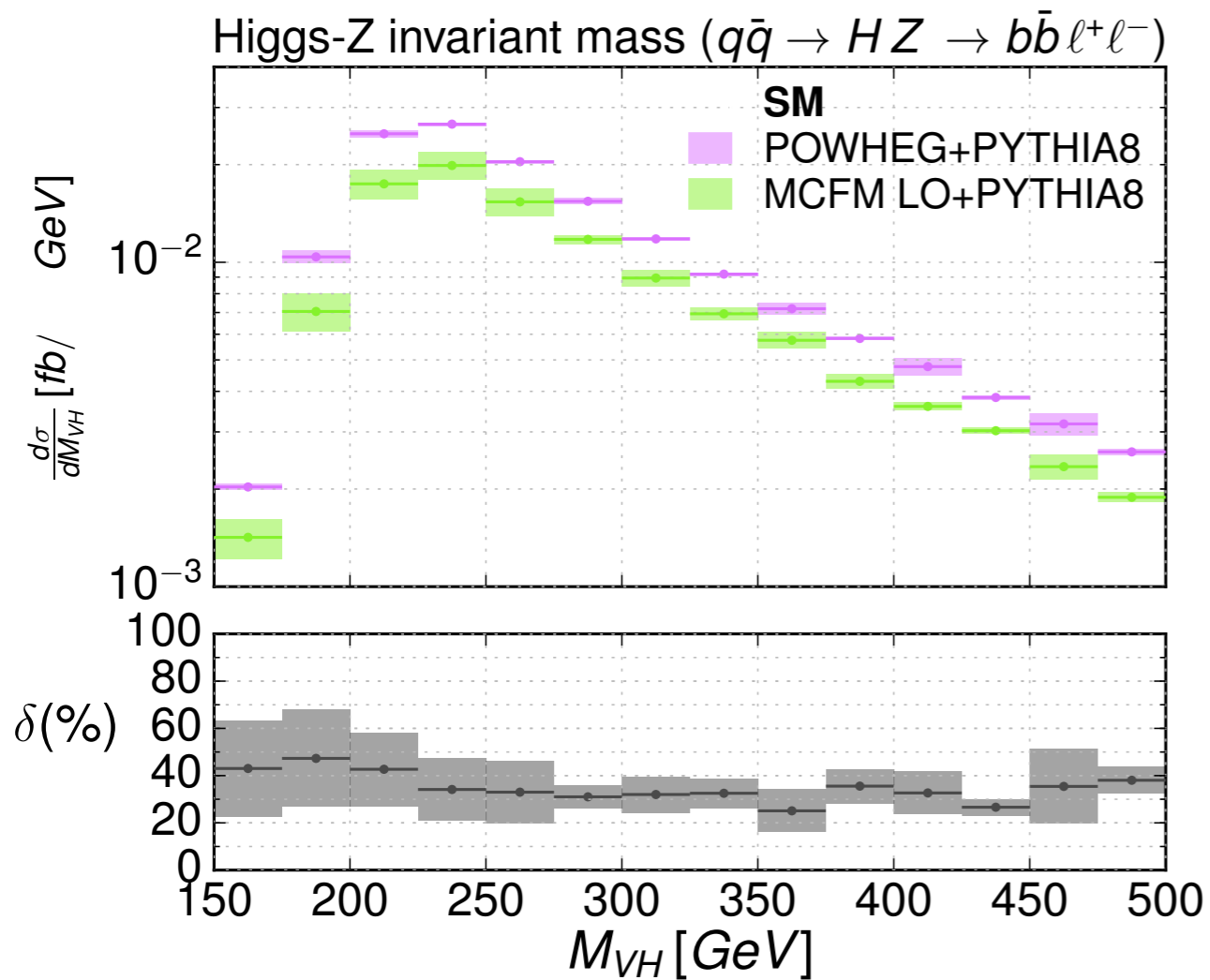
$$pp \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow l^+l^- bb$$

N_j exhibits some difference but stats too low to distinguish



K-factors

No significant difference between SM & EFT
Relatively flat



eHDECAY

<https://www.itp.kit.edu/~maggie/eHDECAY/>

- Extension of HDECAY
[A. Djouadi, J. Kalinowski, M. Spira, Comp. Phys. Comm. 108 (1998) 56]
- QCD corrections
 - qq: Interpolation between massive NLO corrections near threshold & massless $O(\alpha_s^4)$ far above threshold
 - gg: N³LO in heavy quark limit neglecting higher order terms in $(m_H/\Lambda)^2$
 - $\gamma\gamma$: NLO
 - WW, ZZ, Z γ : LO
- EFT contribution truncated at $(1/\Lambda)^2$
 - Anomalous coupling (“non-linear”) Lagrangian
 - Alternative ‘SILH’ basis input maps to the anomalous couplings
 - SILH input also includes some NLO EW corrections
 - Unclear if modifications to EW parameters form SM inputs included