Integrability in gauge and string theory

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Integrability in gauge and string theory

• Maximally supersymmetric gauge theory in 4D

• String theory on $AdS_5 \times S^5$

• **Deformations** preserving integrability

Gauge theory



\mathcal{N} =4 super Yang-Mills

gauge group SU(N), coupling constant g_{YM} scalar+fermions+gauge bosons with **maximal susy in 4D**

Conformal: $\beta(g_{YM}) = 0$



Planar limit:

 $g_{\rm YM}
ightarrow 0, \ N
ightarrow \infty$ while 't Hooft coupling $\lambda \equiv N g_{\rm YM}^2$ is fixed

picture stolen from Alfonso's review [arXiv:1310.4319]

The spin chain

 $\mathfrak{su}(2)$ sector \supset scalar fields $\Phi, \bar{\Phi}$ of $\mathcal{N}=4$ SYM

$$\mathcal{O}(x) = \operatorname{Tr}[\Phi \Phi \overline{\Phi} \overline{\Phi} \Phi \overline{\Phi} \Phi \overline{\Phi} \Phi \dots \Phi \Phi \overline{\Phi} \Phi \Phi]$$

[Minahan, Zarembo 02]

Anomalous dimension at 1-loop: operators mix and the mixing matrix is the Hamiltonian of Heisenberg's XXX spin chain!

Higher-loop corrections \implies **long-range** interactions

For similar methods applied to QCD see [arXiv:1012.4000]

. . .



S-matrix fixed at all loops from supersymmetry and analyticity

Exact spectrum in λ and L (size of the chain) from "Thermodynamic Bethe Ansatz" or "Quantum Spectral Curve"

String theory

[Maldacena 97]





 $\lambda \ll 1$ weakly-coupled gauge theory / $\lambda \gg 1$ classical string

Hamiltonian in light-cone gauge for 8 bosons + 8 fermions

$$\textbf{H}=\textbf{H}_2+\frac{1}{\lambda}\textbf{H}_4+\frac{1}{\lambda^2}\textbf{H}_6+\dots$$

Same S-matrix of spin-chain but expanded at $\lambda\sim\infty$

(Classical integrability)

Deformations

Integrability **beyond** spectrum of AdS_5/CFT_4

• Higher point-functions

• Lower dimensional dualities e.g. AdS₄/CFT₃, AdS₃/CFT₂

• **Deformations** of *AdS*₅/*CFT*₄



Break isometries of target space of string

Some deformations \sim twisted boundary conditions for the string

Deformations of the gauge theory?

On the gauge theory we can break e.g. **supersymmetry**, **conformal invariance**

In certain cases, deformations correspond to **non-commutative** gauge theories

Extension of the integrability methods to the deformed models?

Integrability in gauge and string theory

Classical integrability: Lax connection $L_{\alpha}(z, \tau, \sigma), \ \alpha = \tau, \sigma$

Flatness condition

$$\partial_{\alpha}L_{\beta} - \partial_{\beta}L_{\alpha} + [L_{\alpha}, L_{\beta}] = 0 \iff \text{EOM} \ \frac{\delta S}{\delta X^{M}} = 0$$

Monodromy matrix:

$$T(z) = Pexp \int d\sigma L_{\sigma}(z)$$

Generating function of conserved quantities