



MINISTERIO
DE CIENCIA, INNOVACIÓN
Y UNIVERSIDADES



R³B

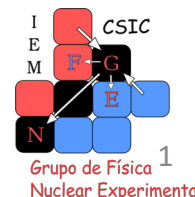
a setup for kinematical complete measurements;
Quasifree scattering reaction $^{14}\text{B}(p,2p)^{13}\text{Be}$.

O. Tengblad

*Instituto de Estructura de la Materia,
IEM – CSIC, Serrano 113 bis, ES-28006 Madrid*



O TENGBLAD



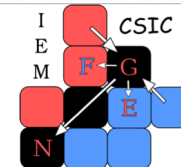


-- España

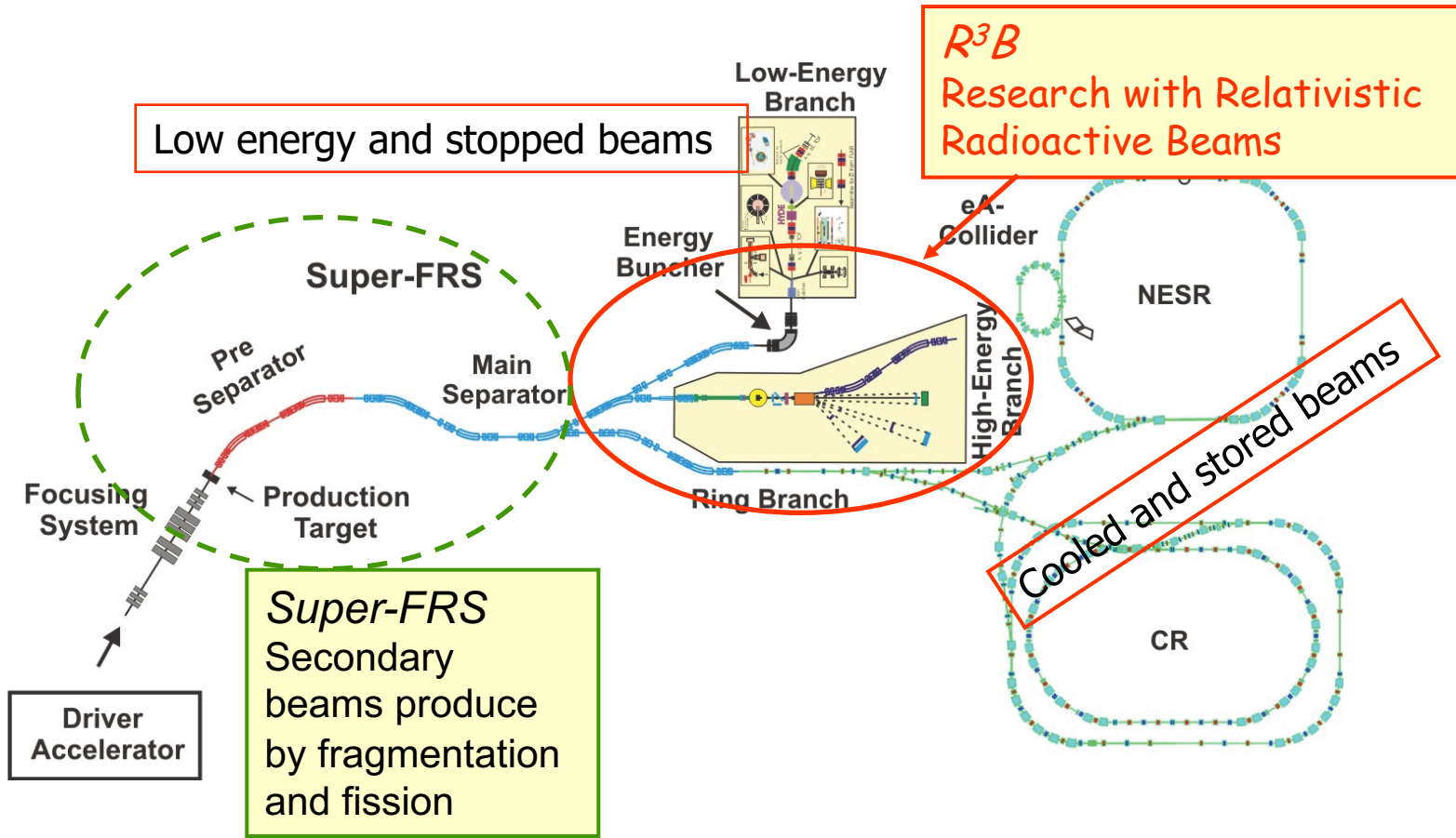


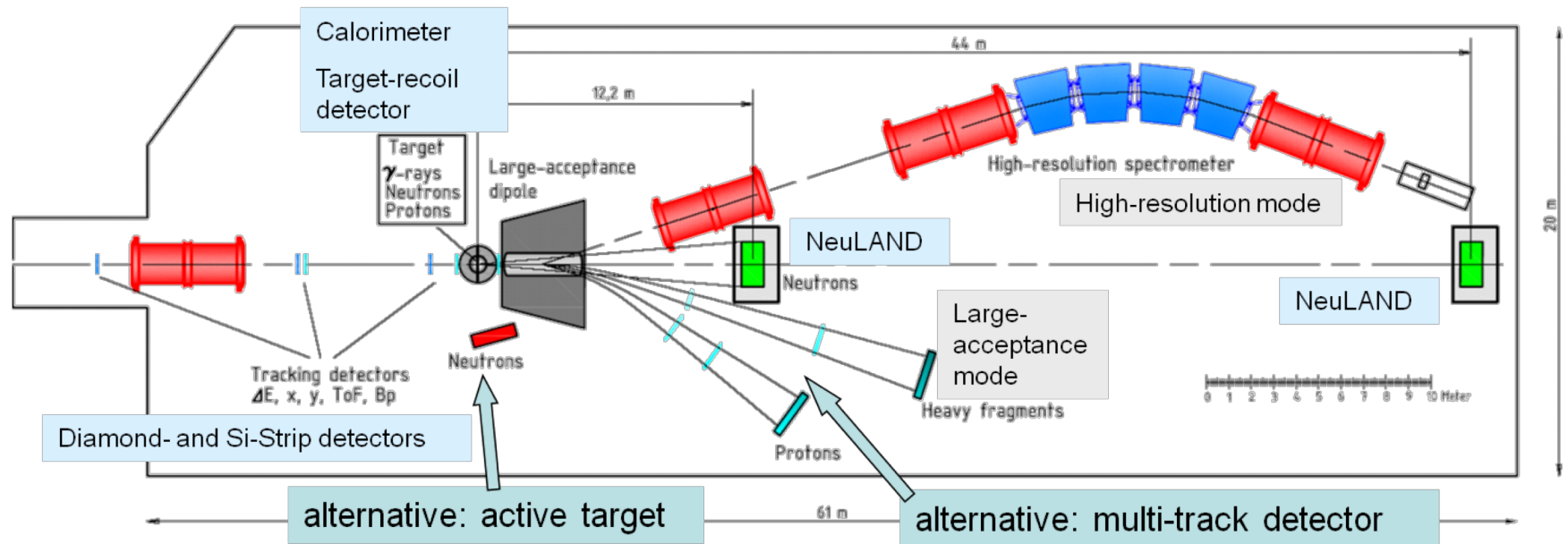
Univ. Santiago de Compostela

Universidade de Vigo



Grupo de Física Nuclear Experimental

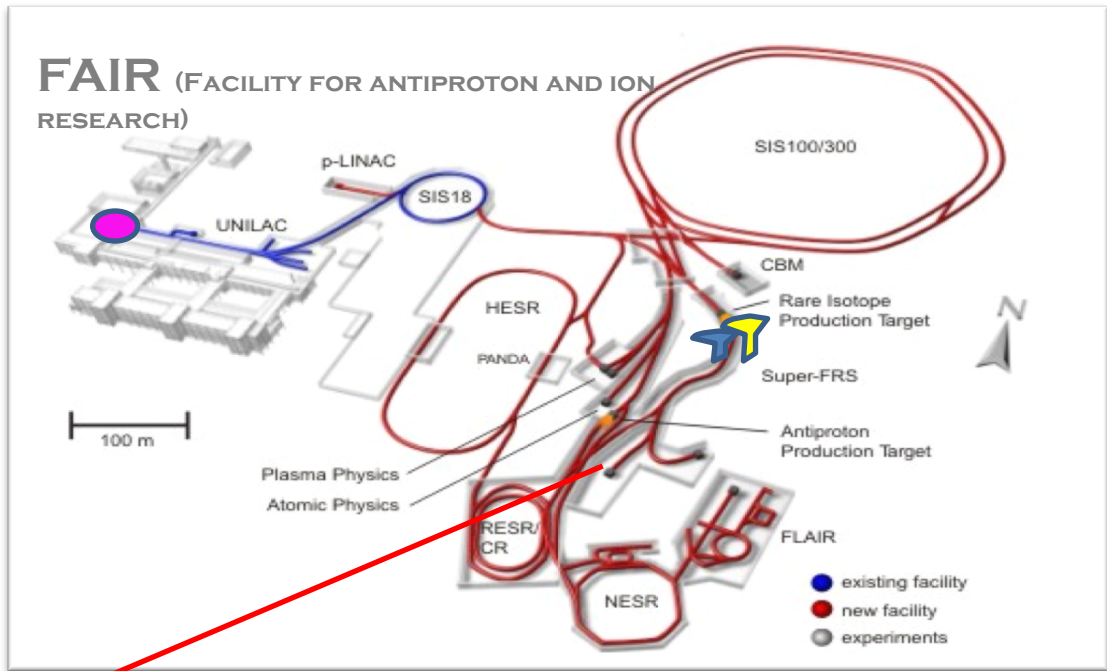




Kinematically complete measurement of reactions with high-energy secondary beams

- Nuclear Astrophysics
 - Structure of exotic nuclei
 - Neutron-rich matter
- A universal fixed-target experiment for complete inverse-kinematics reactions with relativistic RIBs $\sim 100 \text{ MeV/u} - 1 \text{ GeV/u}$
 - Experiments with the most exotic ($< 1 \text{ ion/s}$) and short-lived nuclei - exploring the isospin frontier at and beyond the drip-lines -
 - Concept built on existing ALADIN-LAND experiment at GSI

How does it work



1. Accelerated beam impact on Production Target

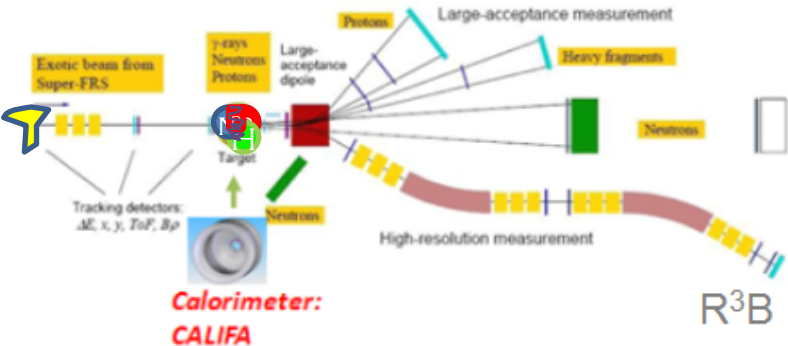
2. Products are separated in FRS

3. Separated isotopes directed to experiment

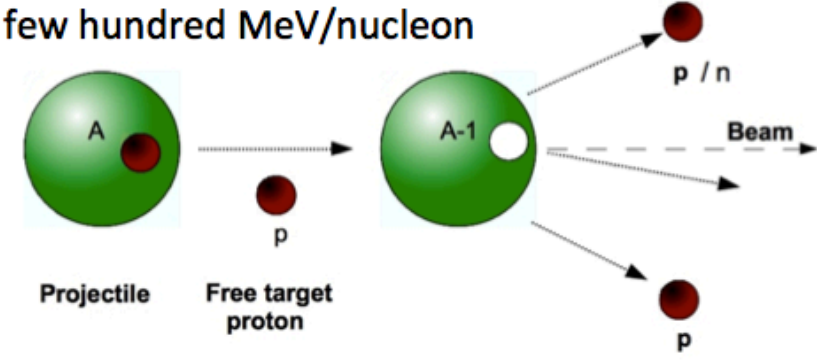
4. Isotope of interest impact on Reaction Target

5. Reaction fragments and gammas are detected

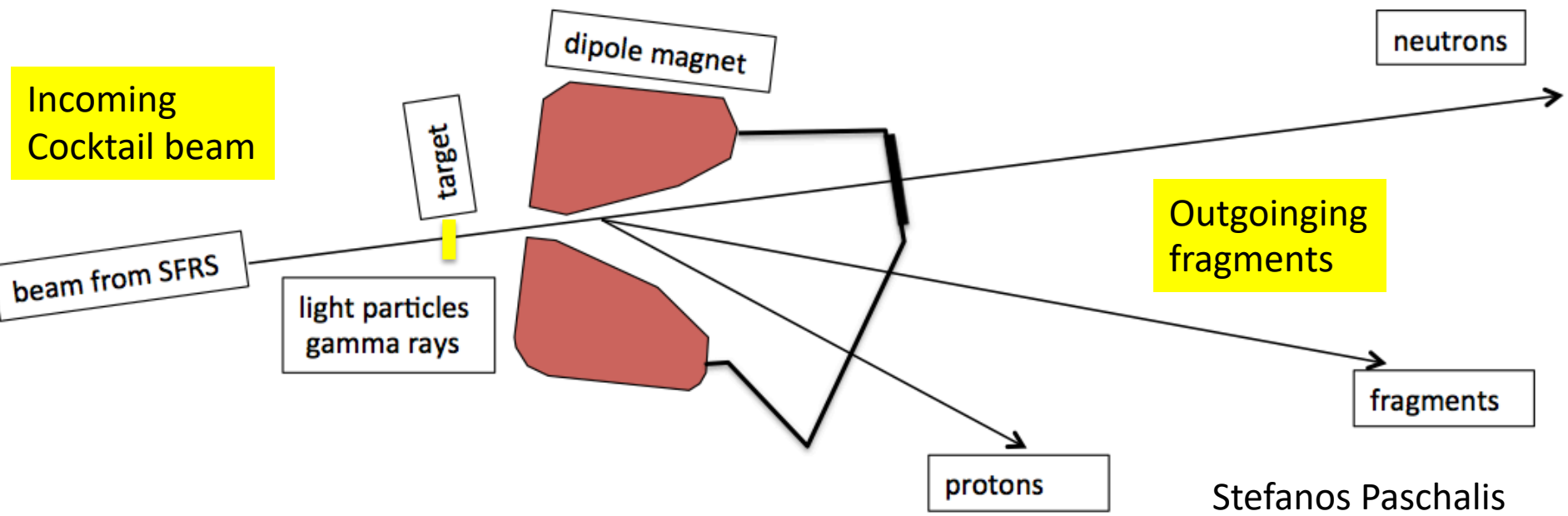
R³B



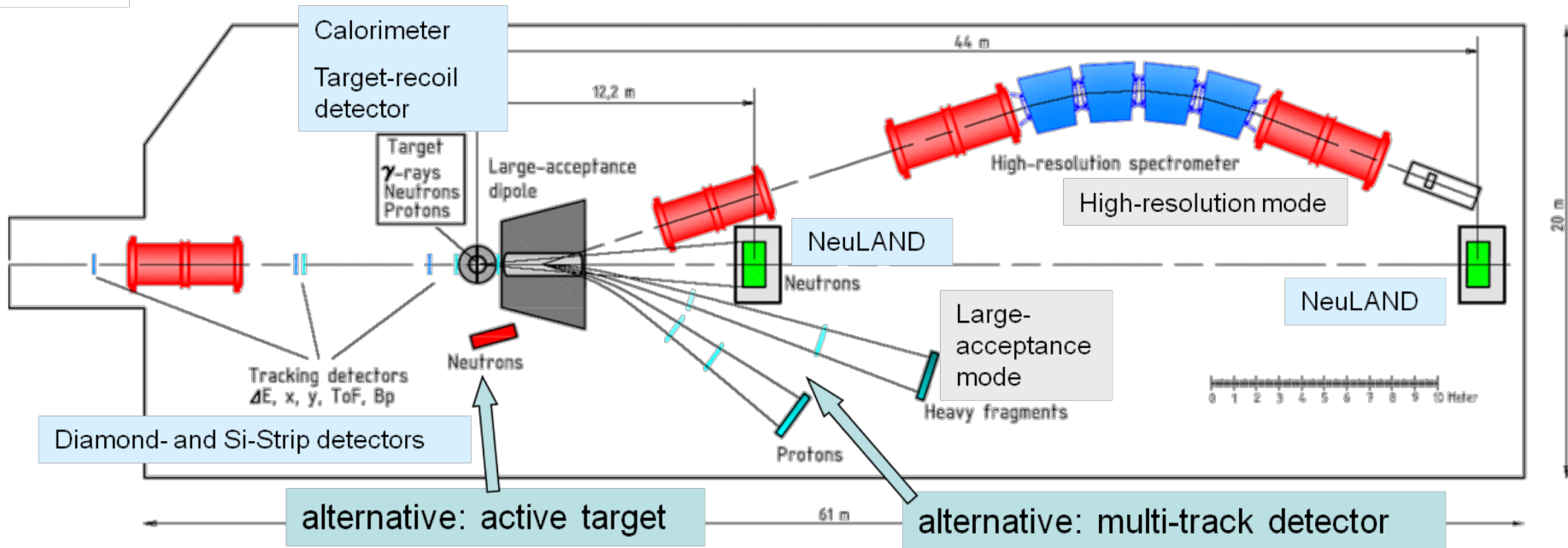
few hundred MeV/nucleon



After the reaction: heavy fragment, neutrons, protons, gammas
Aim: measure all reaction products



Stefanos Paschalis

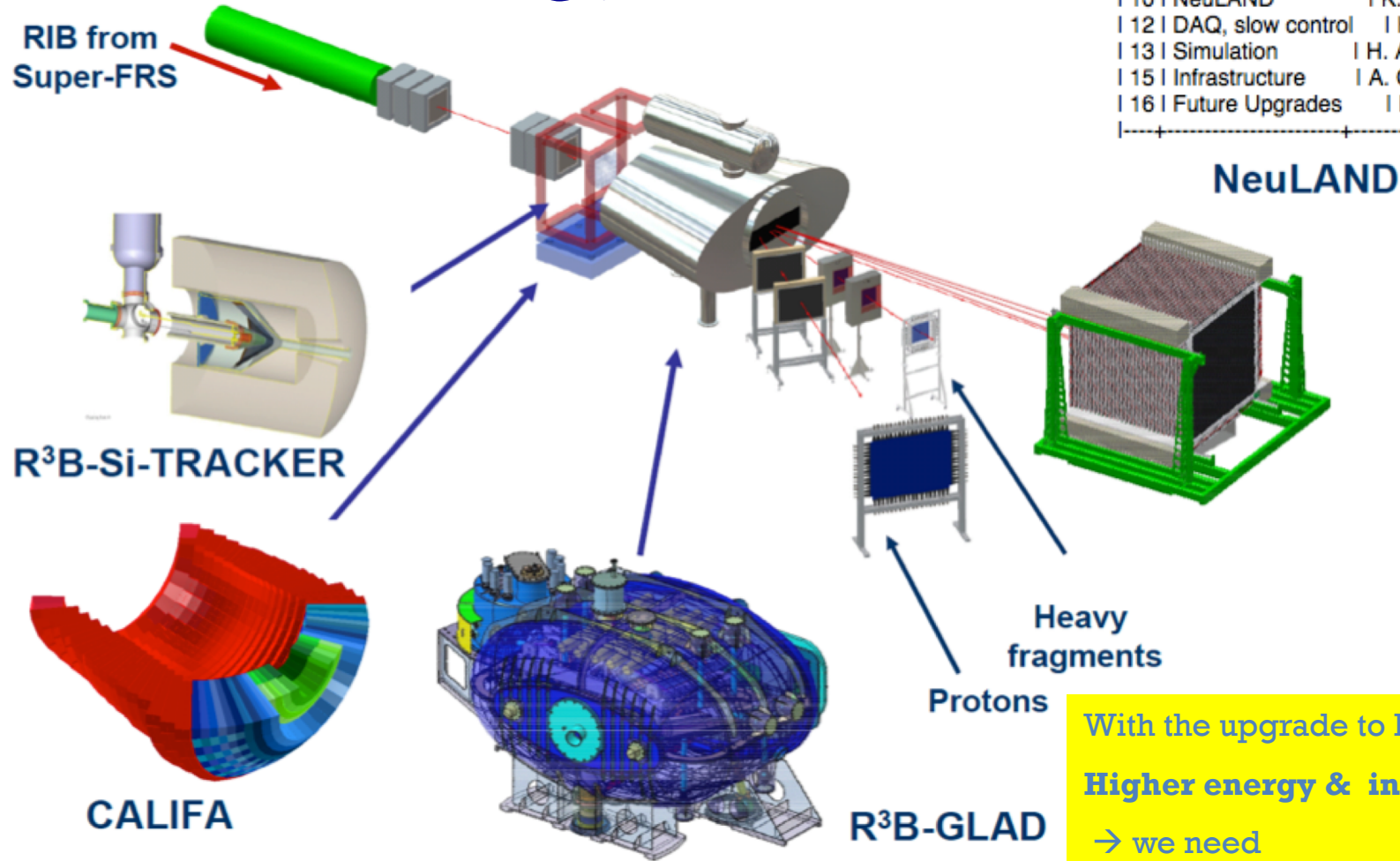


- **ACTIVE TARGET**
- **LOW ENERGY NEUTRON DETECTOR**
- **CALIFA:**
γ/p CALORIMETER-SPECTROMETER
- **SI-TRACKER:**
TARGET RECOIL DETECTOR
- **GLAD: LARGE ACCEPTANCE DIPOLE MAGNET**
- **TRACKING, DAQ, SIMULATION, INFRASTRUCTURE**
- **NEULAND: NEUTRON TIME-OF-FLIGHT SPECTROMETER**
- **HIGH-RESOLUTION SPECTROMETER**

R3B: (KEY) COMPONENTS

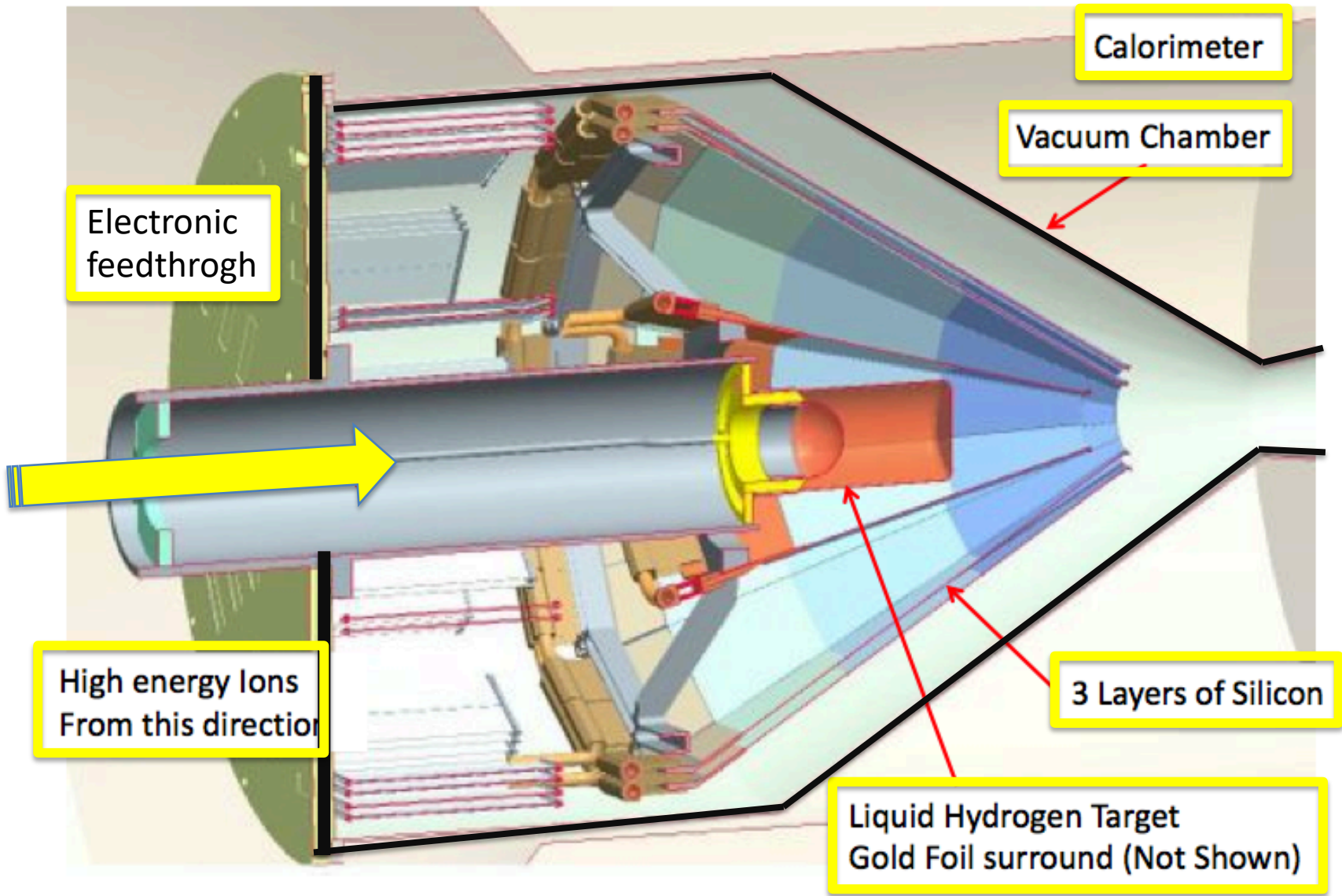
R³B@FAIR

WG	Name	chair	deputy
1	R3B-GLAD	H. Simon	Ch. Mayri
2	High-res spectrometer	H. Geissel	---
3	Tracking detectors	S. Paschalis	(PNPI)
6	CALIFA	D. Cortina	J. Cederkall
7	Si-tracker	R. Lemmon	M. Chartier
8	Active Target	P. Egelhof	E. Maev
10	NeuLAND	K. Boretzky	A. Heinz
12	DAQ, slow control	H. Simon	N. Kurz
13	Simulation	H. Alvarez-Pol	M. Labiche
15	Infrastructure	A. Grant	D. Körper
16	Future Upgrades	M. Petri	---



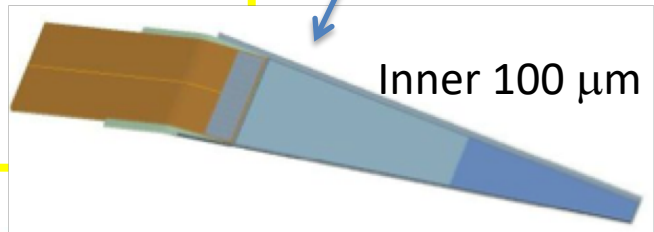
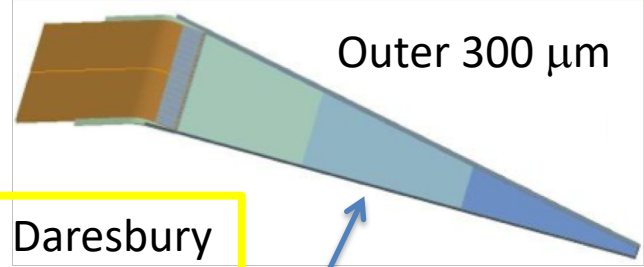
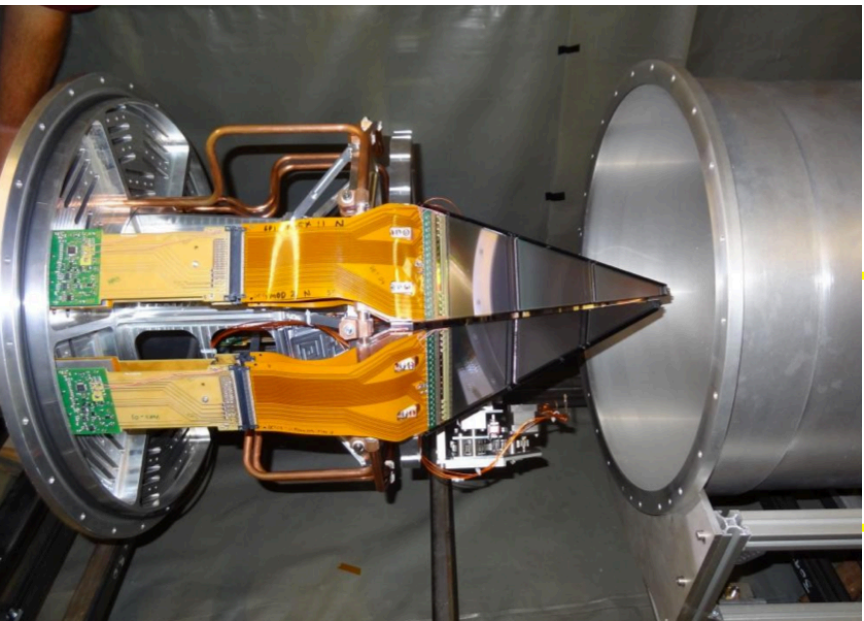
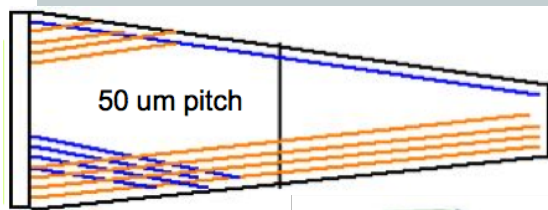
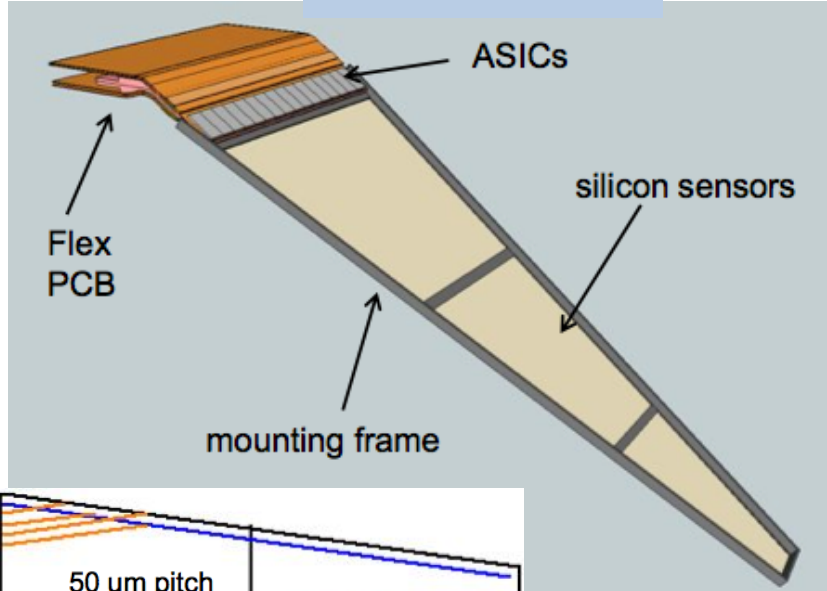
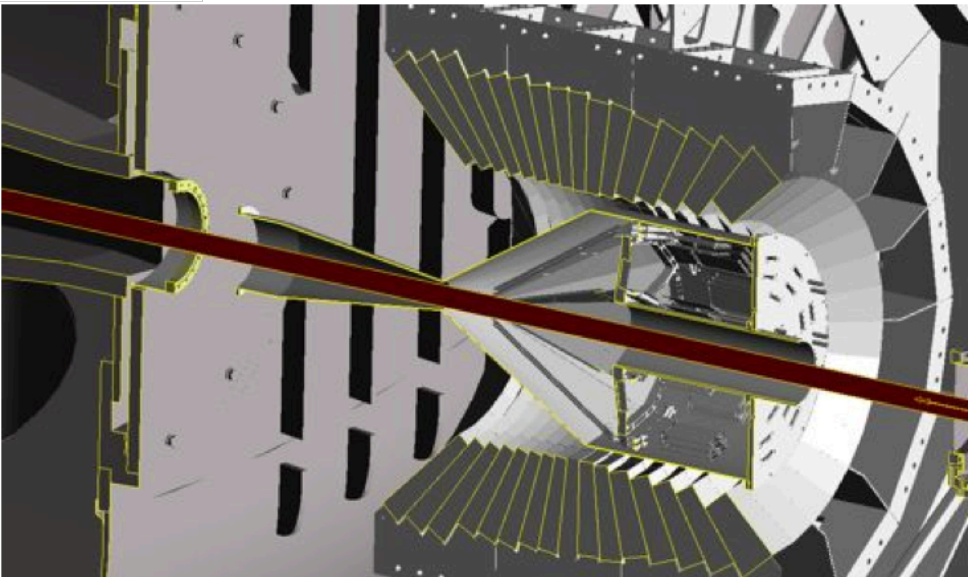
With the upgrade to FAIR we get:
Higher energy & intensity
 → we need
 1) New Magnet GLAD
 2) New detectors

R3B: SI - TRACKER



R3B: SI – TRACKER (UK)

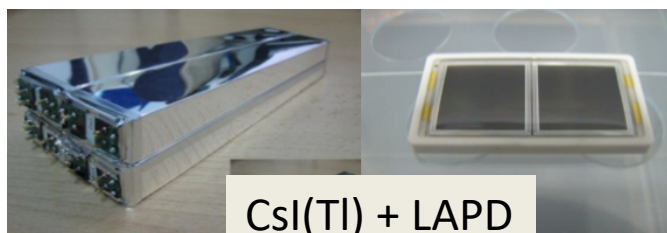
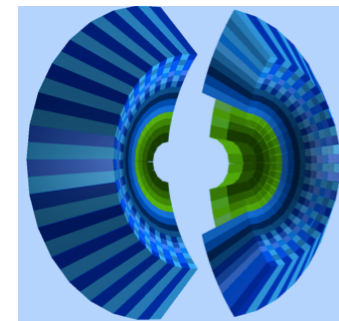
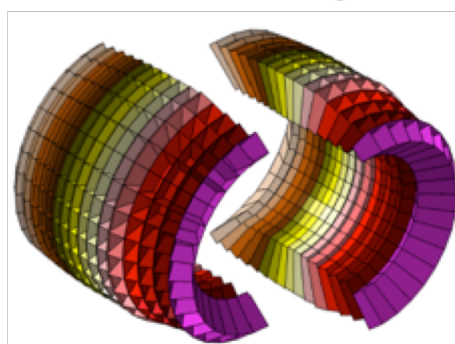
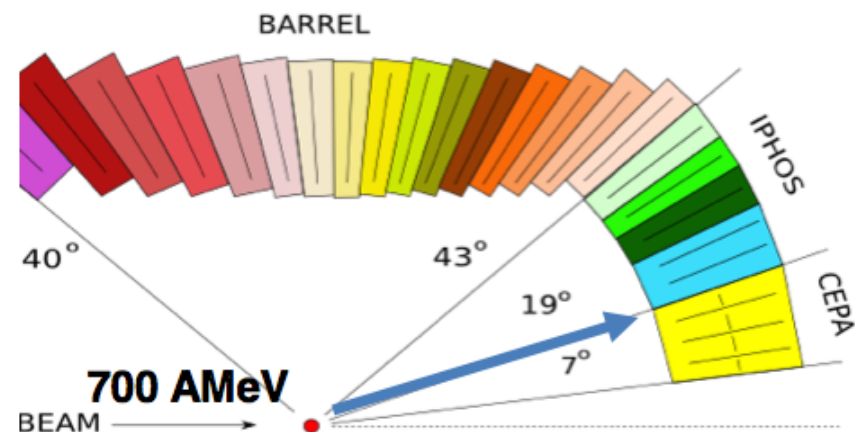
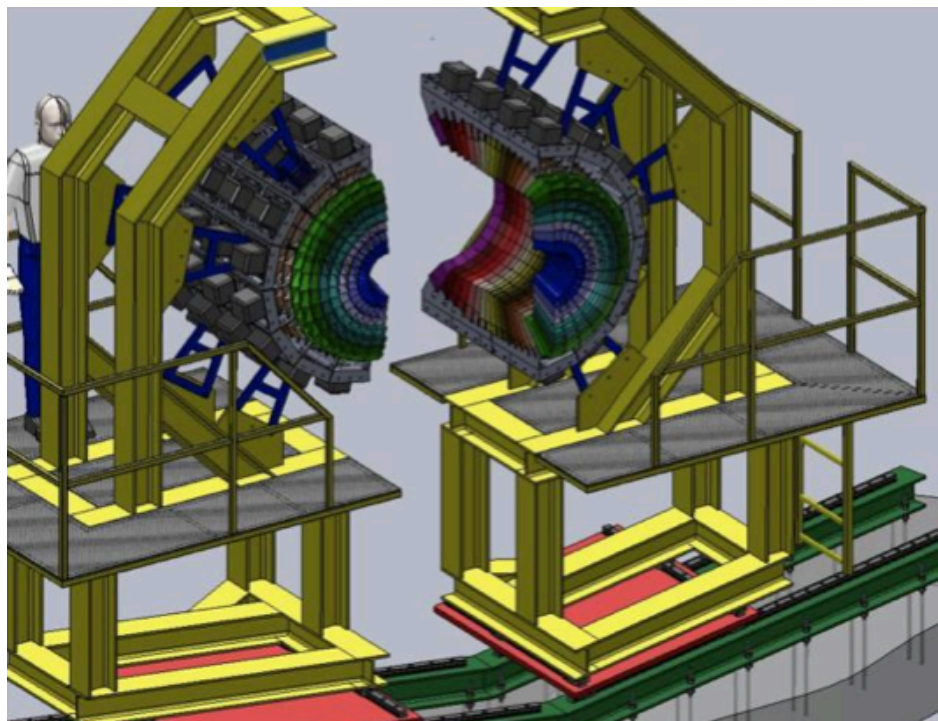
120k Si strips
C fibre structure



Univ. of Liverpool & Daresbury
M. Chartier,
R. Lemon,
Alan Grant,

CALIFA

CALorimeter for In Flight detection of γ -rays and charged pArticles.



CsI(Tl) + LAPD



CALIFA Working Group



USC-IEM-UVigo

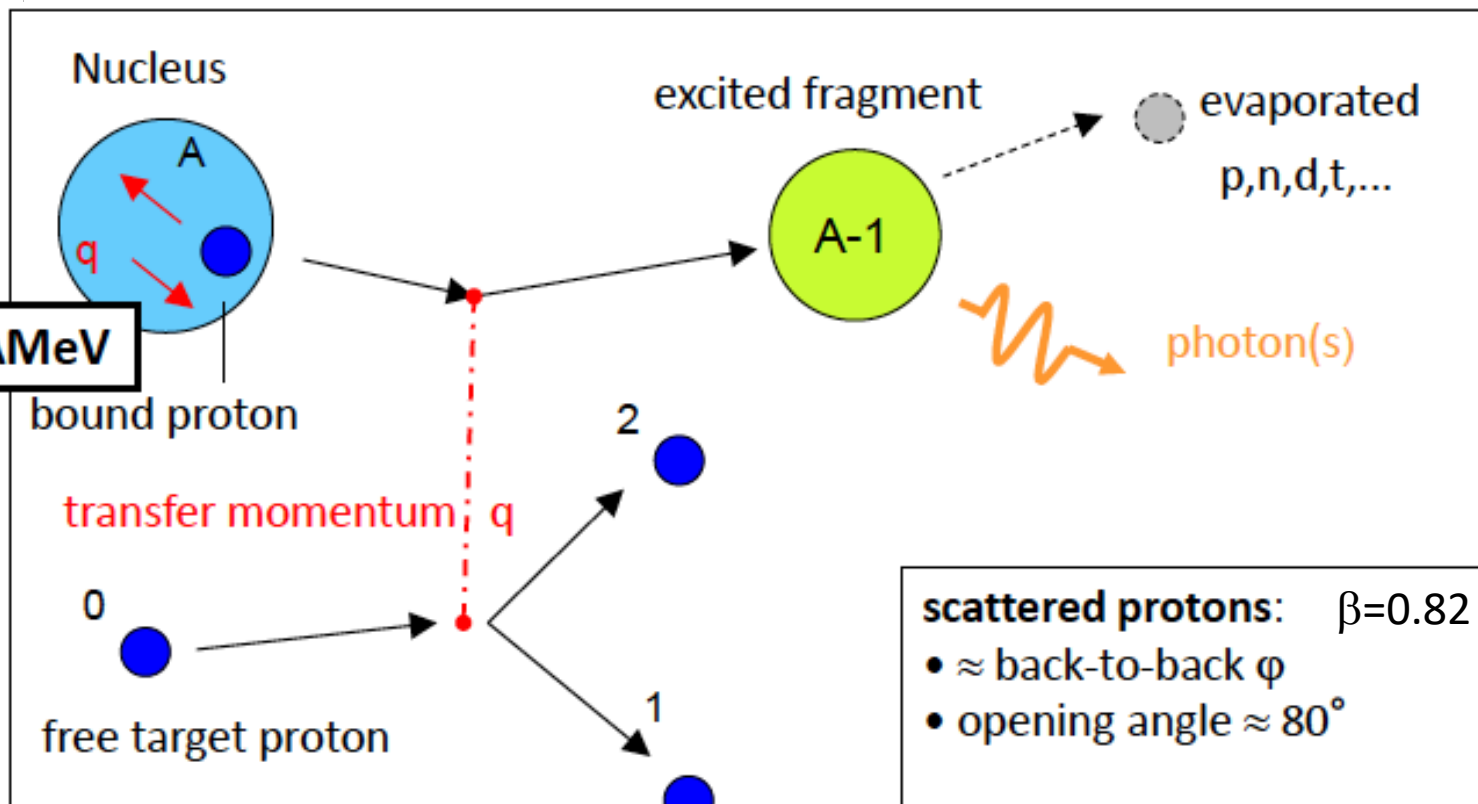
GSi-TUM
EMMI-TUD

Chalmers
Lund

CFNUL

JINR - NRC

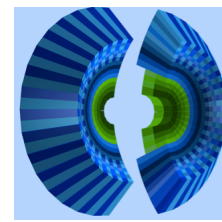
CALIFA: HIGHLY SEGMENTED
THICK DETECTION VOLUME
INNER RADIUS 50CM
BARREL: CRYSTAL LENGTH 15-20 CM
1952 CRYSTALS = 2 TON
ENDCAP: 680 CRYSTALS = 1 TON



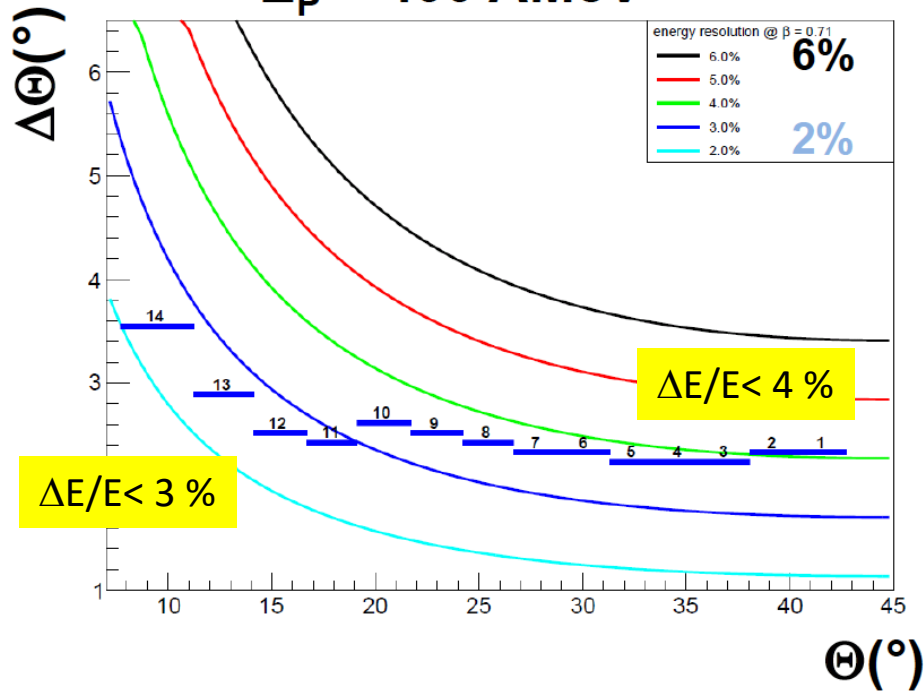
Requirements for CALIFA:

- high dynamic range
100keV γ -rays – 700 A MeV charged particles
- high efficiency
- high granularity -> Doppler correction
- particle identification

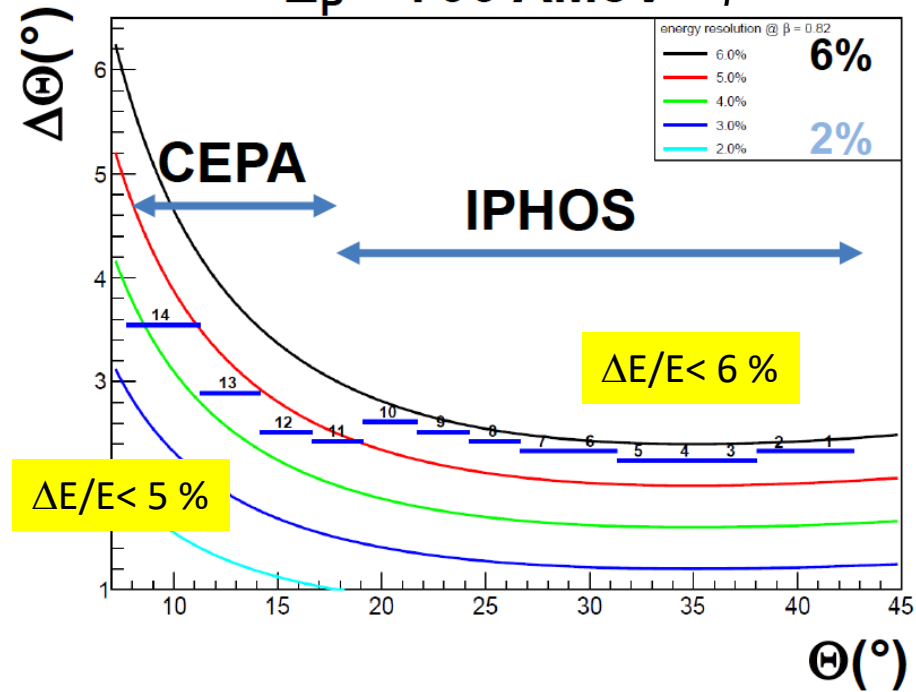




$E_p = 400 \text{ AMeV}$ $\beta = 0.71$



$E_p = 700 \text{ AMeV}$ $\beta = 0.82$



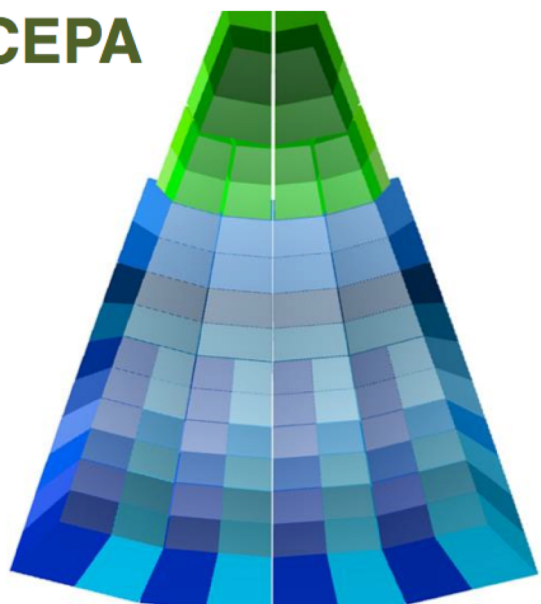
IPHOS - Intrinsic Phoswich Detectors
 CEPA - Califa Endcap Phoswich Array

- length limit 22cm:
- geometrical space,
 - light collection
 - crystal properties
 - efficiency and cost

DE -> E concept to separate reactions
 QFS @ 700AMeV

θ (°)	E_p (MeV)	Proton range(mm) in CsI(Tl)	eff.
7	686	718	15% ..
15	637	645	
20	592	597	
30	480	421	
40	356	264	50%

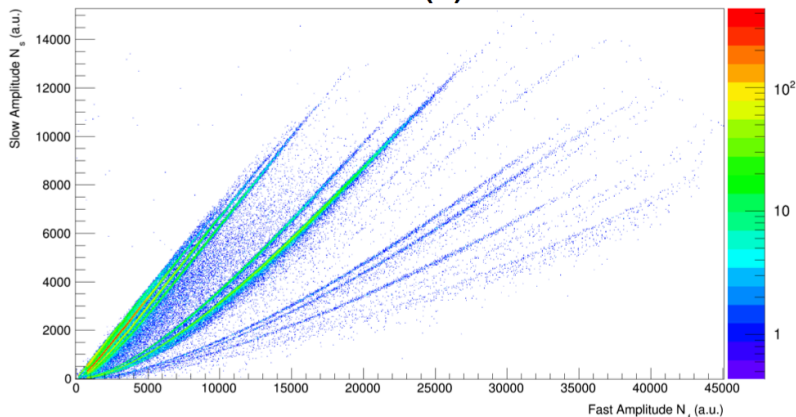
CEPA



IPHOS

Intrinsic Phoswich array

PID with CsI(Tl)



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Distance to target	41 cm
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Numb. of crystals	608
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Diff. crystal geometries	18
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Crystal volume (CsI(Tl))	$\approx 90.020 \text{ cm}^3$
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Crystal weight (CsI(Tl))	$\approx 408 \text{ kg}$
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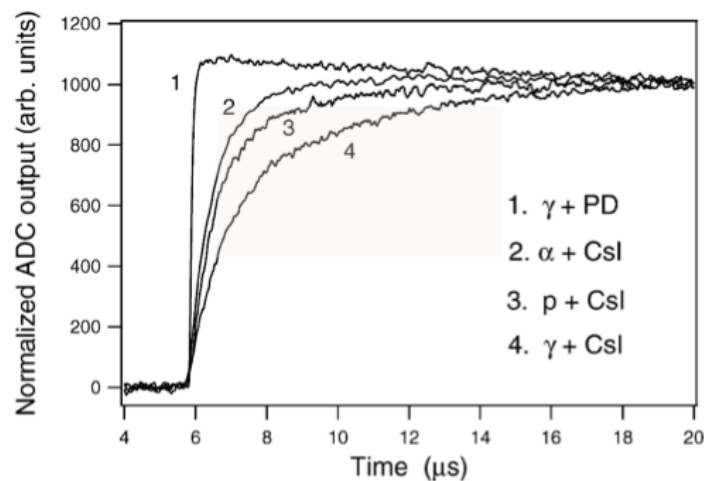
Crystal volume (LaBr ₃ /LaCl ₃)	$\approx 10.700 \text{ cm}^3$
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Crystal weight (LaBr ₃ /LaCl ₃)	$\approx 47 \text{ kg}$
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Full operation system weight	$\approx 1100 \text{ kg}$
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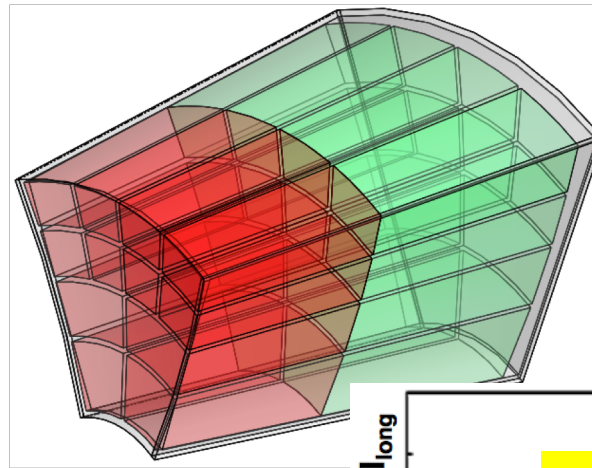
512

96

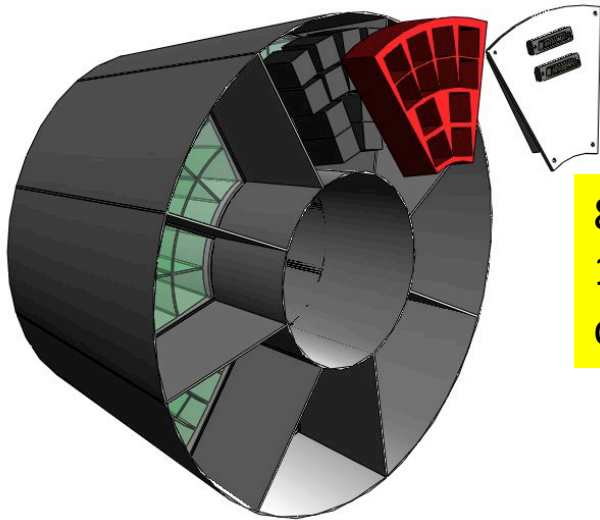


Particle identification in CsI(Tl) using digital pulse shape analysis –
W. Skulski, M. Momayezi, NIM A 458, (2001) 759-771

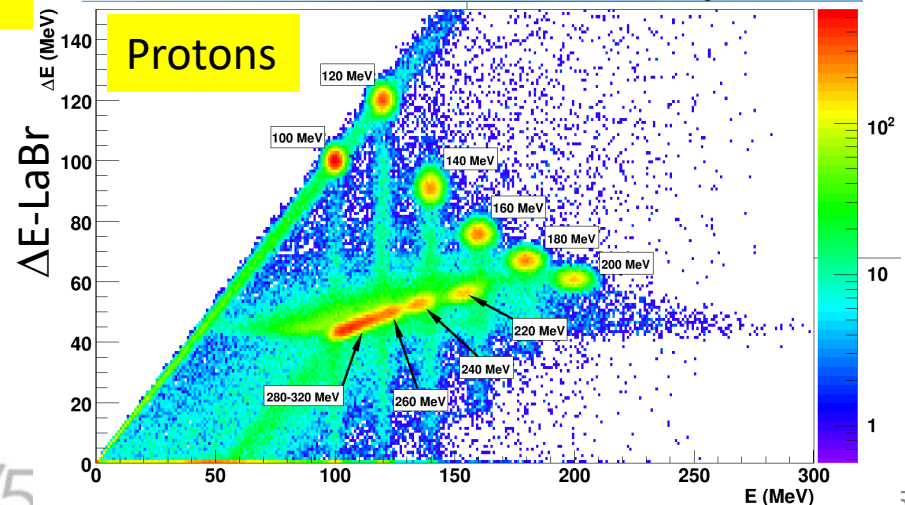
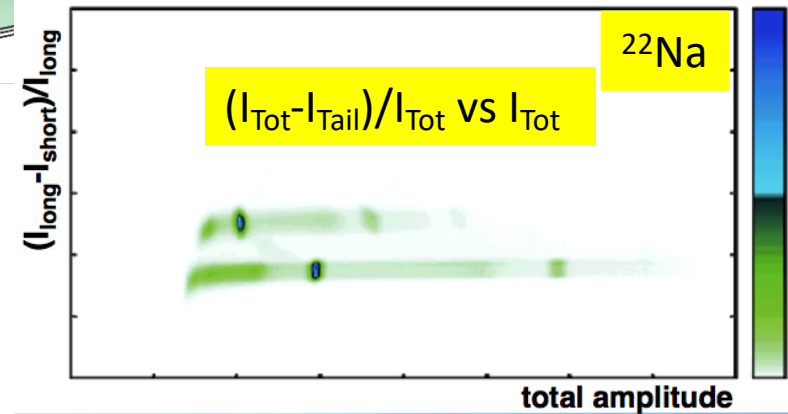
- high rate capability
- best resolution
- high light yield
- depth information
- redundant DE for particles



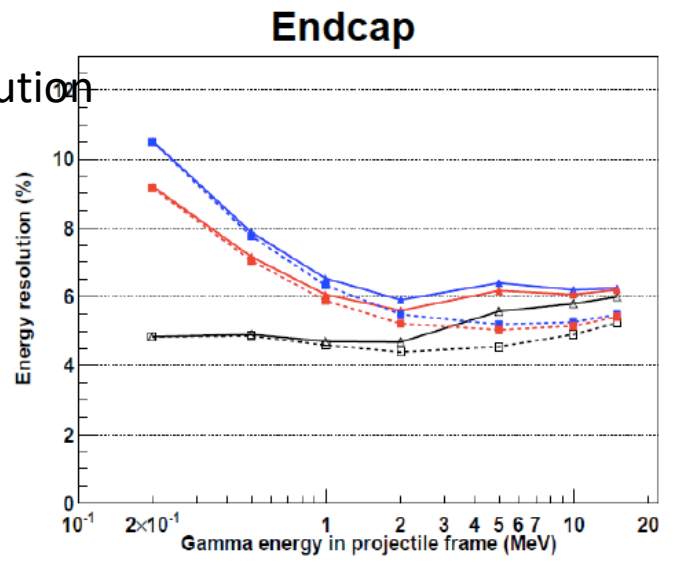
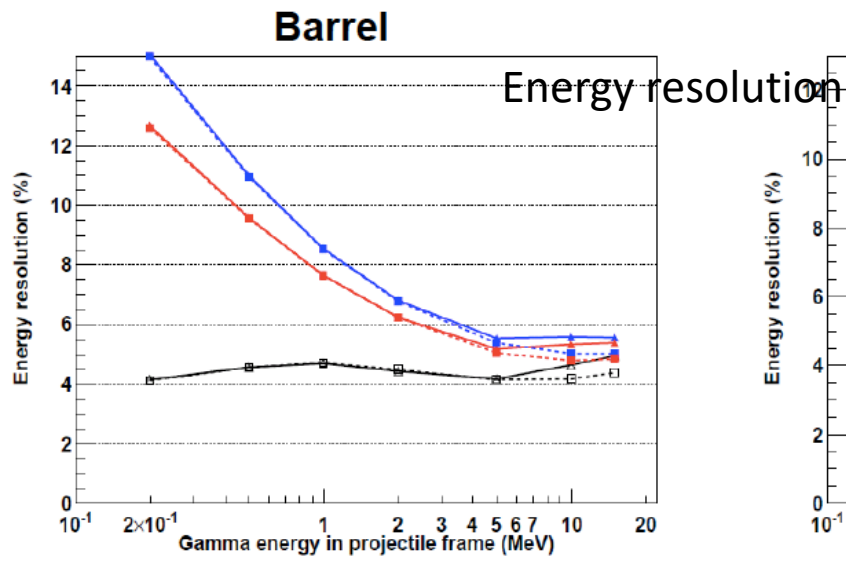
Phoswich
LaBr₃(Ce)+LaCl₃(Ce)
 2 scintillators
 1 optical readout



8 x 5Kg units of
 12 Phoswich
 crystals

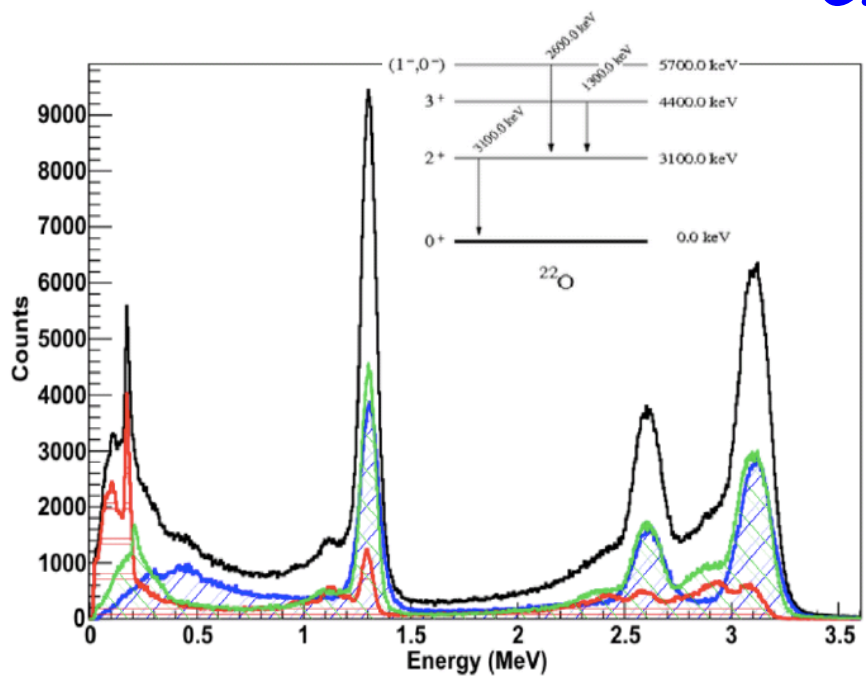


Materials	$\Delta E/E$ (% at 662 keV)	Light yield (photons/keV)	Decay time (ns)	$\lambda_{\text{emission}}$
LaBr ₃	2.9	63	16	380 nm
LaCl ₃	3.8	49	28	350 nm

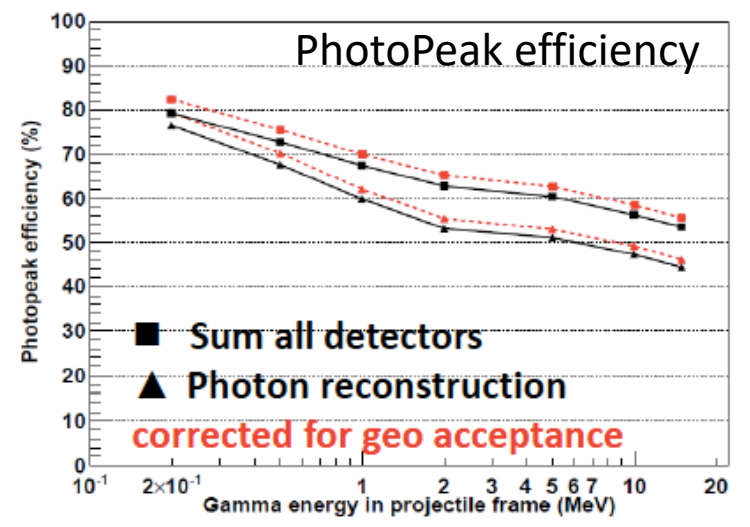


One Neutron Knockout from ^{23}O

CALIFA



Califa Barrel + Endcap



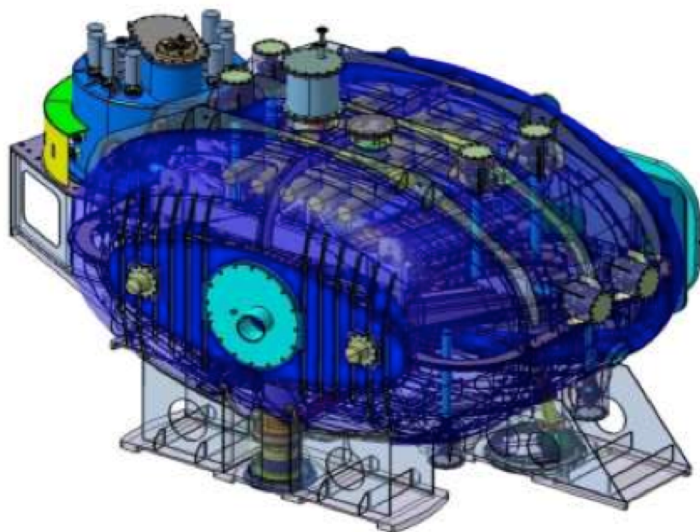
Magnet parameters:

- Large vertical gap ± 80 mrad
- High integrated field of 4.8 Tm
- Fringe field at the target position less than 20 mT
- Operational temperature 4.6 K
- The overall size of the conical cryostat: 3.5 m long, 3.8 m high and 7 m wide.

@ GSI Cryoplant has been installed
Cryolines (33m) on site Compressor (+ Controls) test
Q4/2014. Cryoplant operation
Q4/2014 Infrastructure installation

@CEA SACLAY

- + MAGNET COLD MASS READY AND TESTED, DEC 2013.
- + INTEGRATION INTO CRYOSTAT MOSTLY DONE.
- + WAS DELIVERED TO GSI 3RD OF NOV 2015.



NEULAND - HIGH-RESOLUTION NEUTRON TOF SPECTROMETER

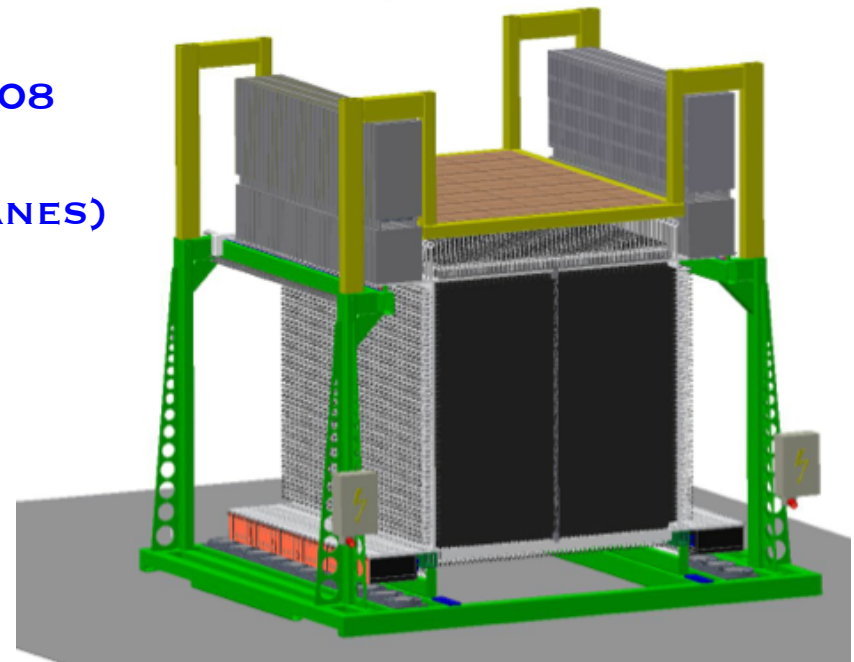
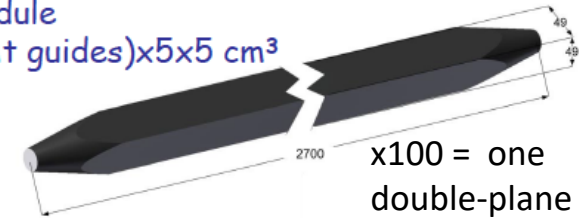
K. Boretzky

4 double-planes are installed at Riken
for experimental campaign 2015-2016

NEULAND DETECTOR PARAMETERS:

- FULL ACTIVE DETECTOR USING RP/BC408
- FACE SIZE 250x250 CM²
- ACTIVE DEPTH 300 CM (30 DOUBLE-PLANES)
- 3000 SCINTILLATOR BARS
- 6000 PM / READOUT CHANNELS
- 32 TONS

NeuLAND submodule
250(270 incl. light guides)x5x5 cm³



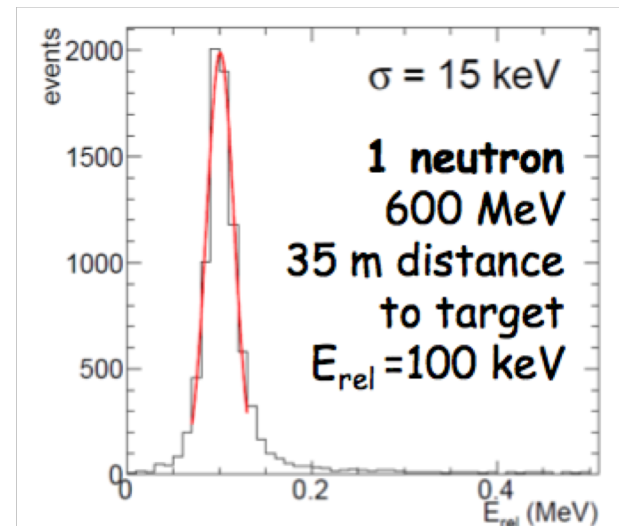
NEULAND DESIGN GOALS:

- >90% EFFICIENCY FOR 0.2-1.0 GEV NEUTRONS
- MULTI-HIT CAPABILITY FOR UP TO 5 NEUTRONS
- INVARIANT-MASS RESOLUTION: NEULAND-TARGET DISTANCE 35 M
 $\Delta E < 20$ KEV AT 100 KEV ABOVE THE NEUTRON THRESHOLD

HIGH MULTI-NEUTRON DETECTION

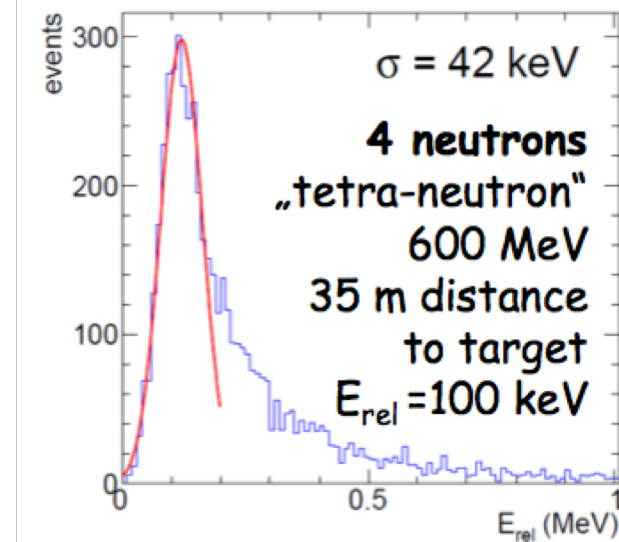
HIGH RESOLUTION @ PARTICLE THRESHOLD

		600 MeV generated					
		%	1n	2n	3n	4n	5n
detected	1n	92	22	2	0	0	
	2n	2	71	32	7	1	
	3n	0	6	55	32	9	
	4n	0	0	10	57	50	
	5n	0	1	1	4	35	
	6n	0	0	0	0	5	



HIGH EFFICIENCY FOR LOW NEUTRON ENERGIES

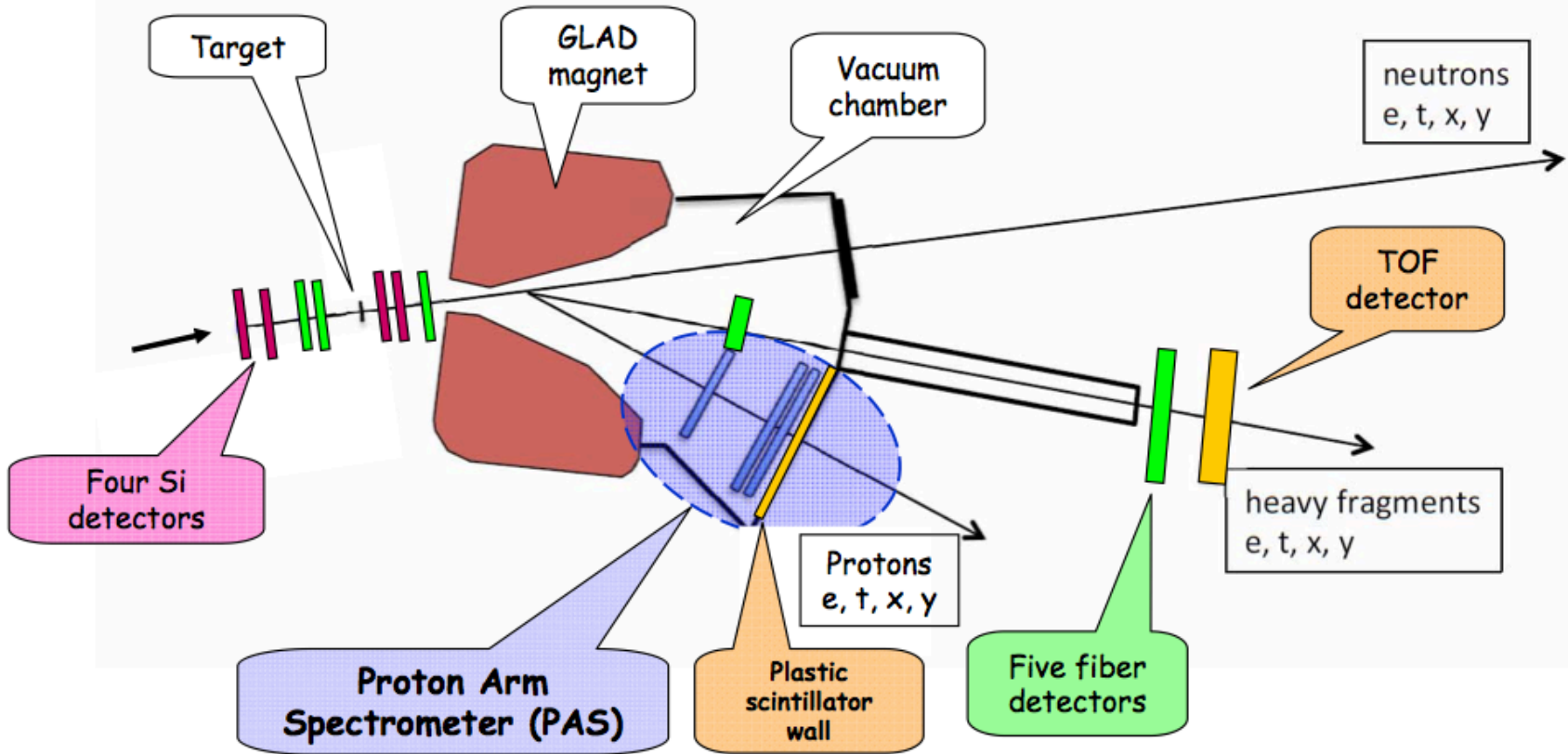
E_n [MeV]	Eff. [%]
50	79
100	94
150	95
200	91



For full kinematic reconstruction & reaction channel ID we need to know

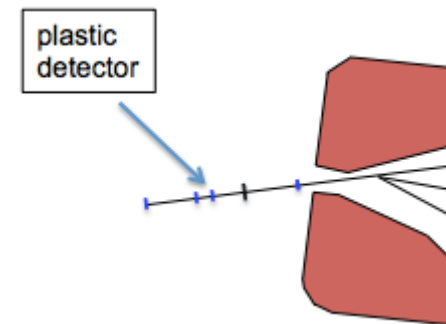
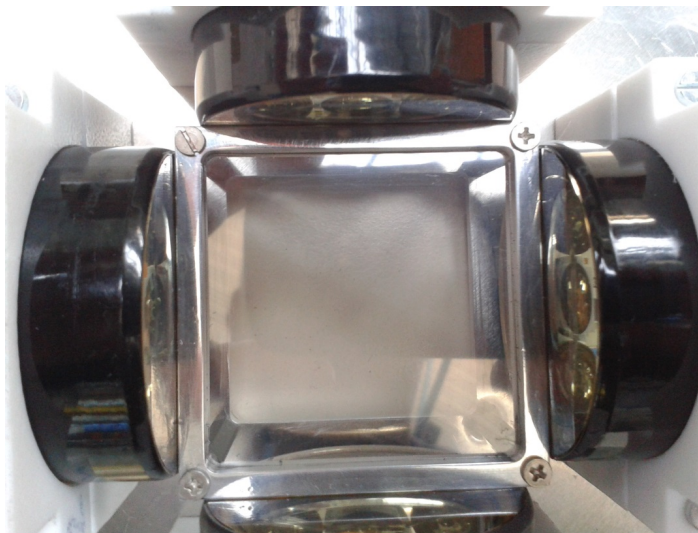
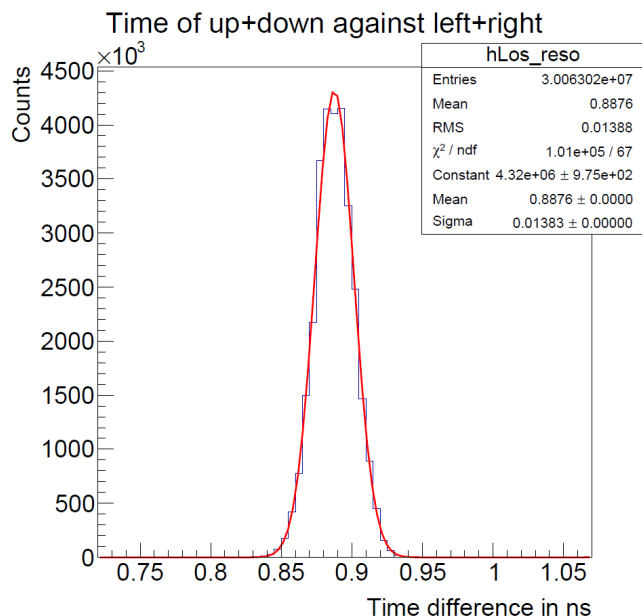
- Energy loss → Nuclear charge Z
- Time of Flight → Mass identification
- Trajectory → Momentum

for incoming and outgoing fragments, beam, gammas



Start-timing detector: **PLASTIC SCINTILLATOR FOIL** in-beam time resolution

^{58}Ni @ 500MeV/u



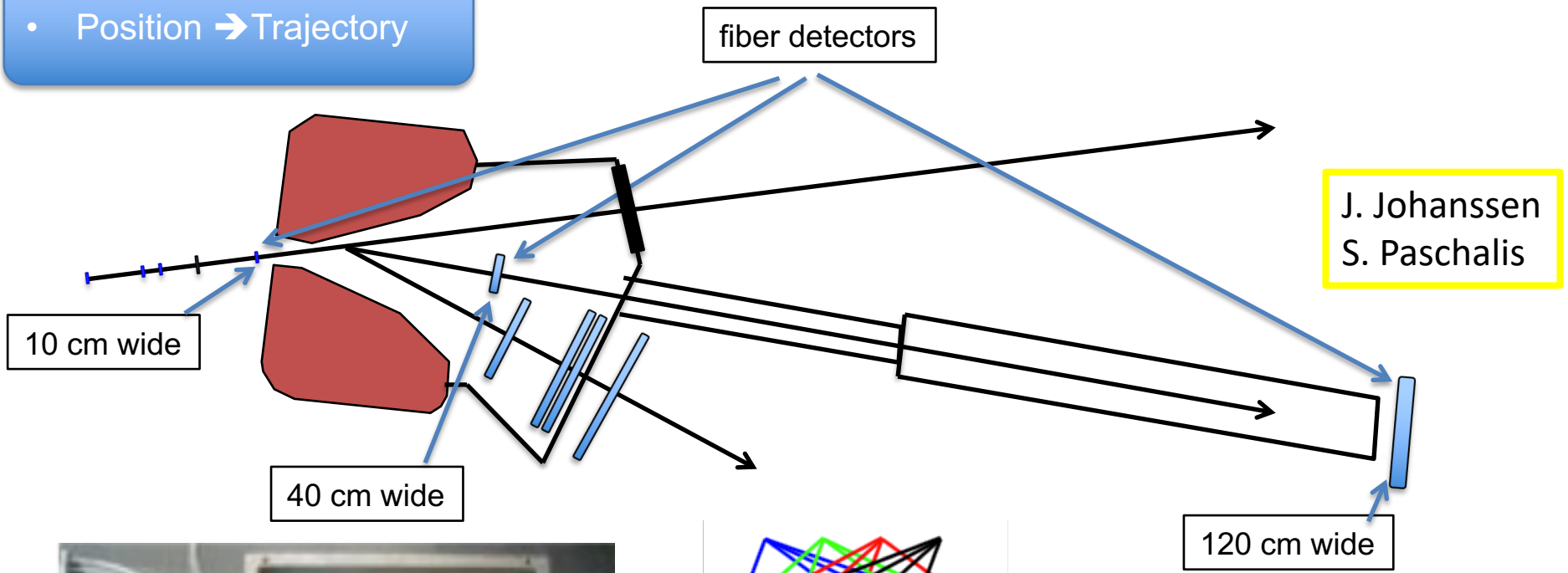
5x5 cm² Ham. R9779-20 PM tube
0.5 mm thick
EJ230 plastic scintillator foil

Measured Δt between PM pairs: $\sigma_t = 14$ ps
→ time resolution for the full detector: $\sigma_t = 7$ ps

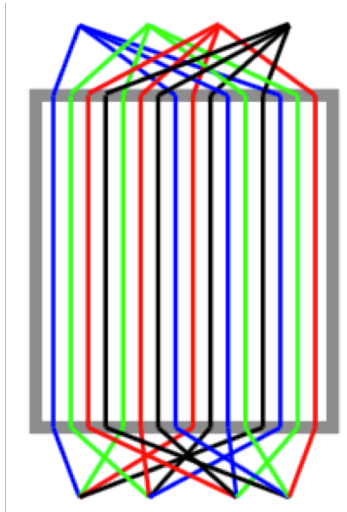
Tested with Mesytec MCFD16-PMT CFD
and PADI + VFTX readout

M. Heil

• Position → Trajectory



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Square fibers $0.2 \times 0.2 \text{ mm}^2$
 Number of fibers $\sim 10^4$ fibers
 → 60 μm resolution

Bundling to reduce the number of channels (32 → 1)

2014 **20% NeuLAND and 10% CALIFA & Si-Tracker + tracking detector prototypes**
Commissioning run was performed in Q3/2014

2015-16 Construction and installation of detector components

~~2017-18~~ **Commissioning of full R3B setup (Cave C)**

2019-20

2018-20 Physics runs at GSI (Cave C) (phase 0)

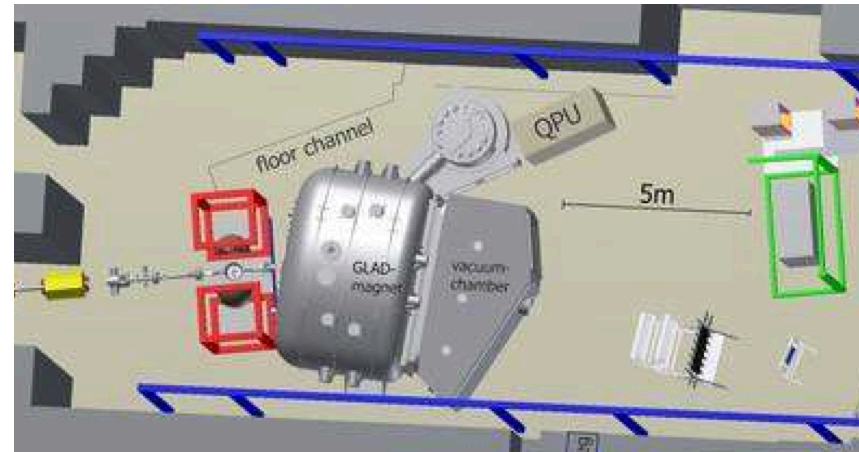
2024 - 2025? Move to HIE- cave @FAIR

Experiments will make use of uniqueness of R3B:

- Reactions at high beam energies up to 1 GeV/u
- Tracking and identification capability even for the heaviest ions
- Multi-neutron tracking capability, high-efficiency calorimeter

Experiments possible for the first time:

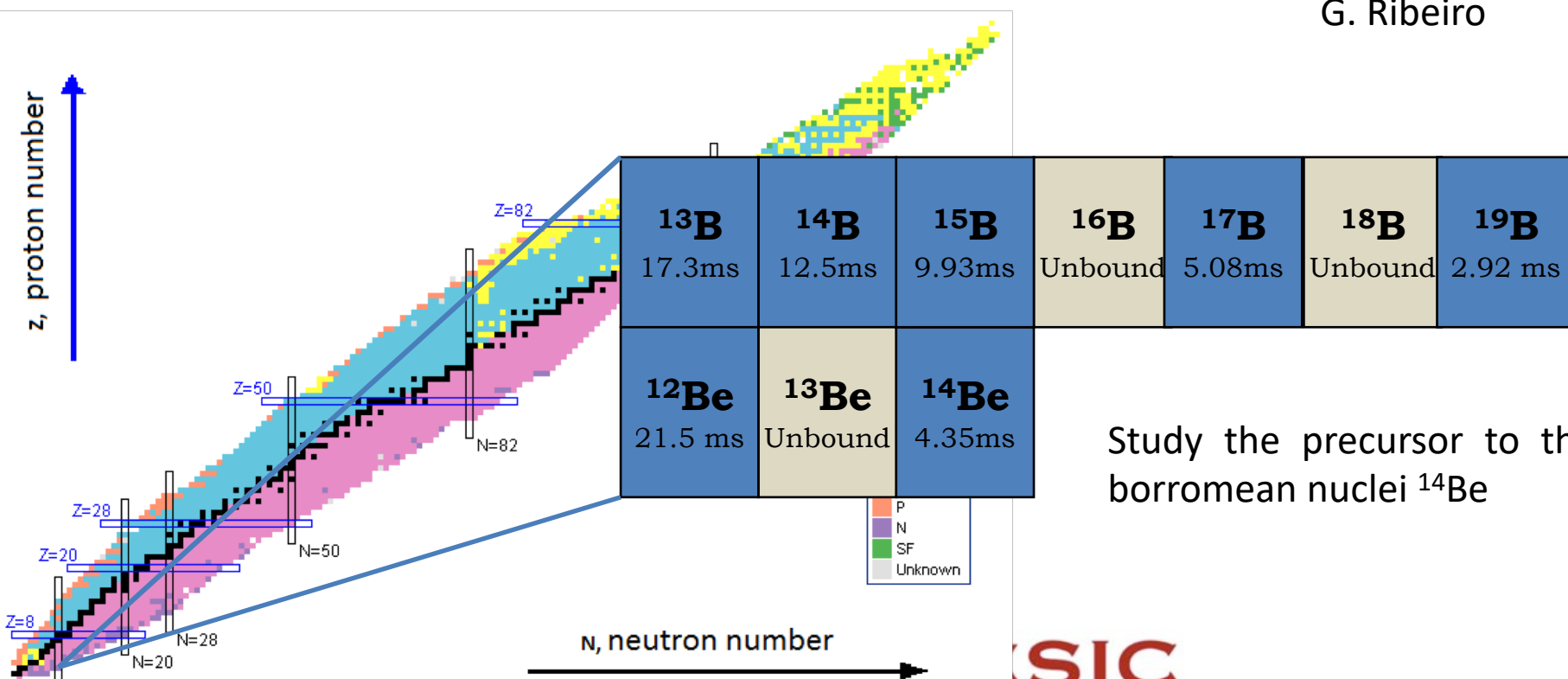
- 4 neutron decays beyond the drip-line and for heavier n-rich isotopes
- Kinematically complete measurements of quasi-free nucleon knockout reactions
- Electric dipole and quadrupole response of Sn nuclei beyond N=82, and of neutron-rich Pb isotopes (polarizability, symmetry energy)
- Fission barriers from (p,2p) reactions (→ r-process)



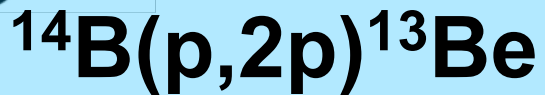
Study of light neutro-rich nuclei (Be-Ne), using kinematically complete measurements in inverse kinematics @ GSI

quasi-free scattering: $^{14}\text{B}(p,2p)^{13}\text{Be}$

G. Ribeiro



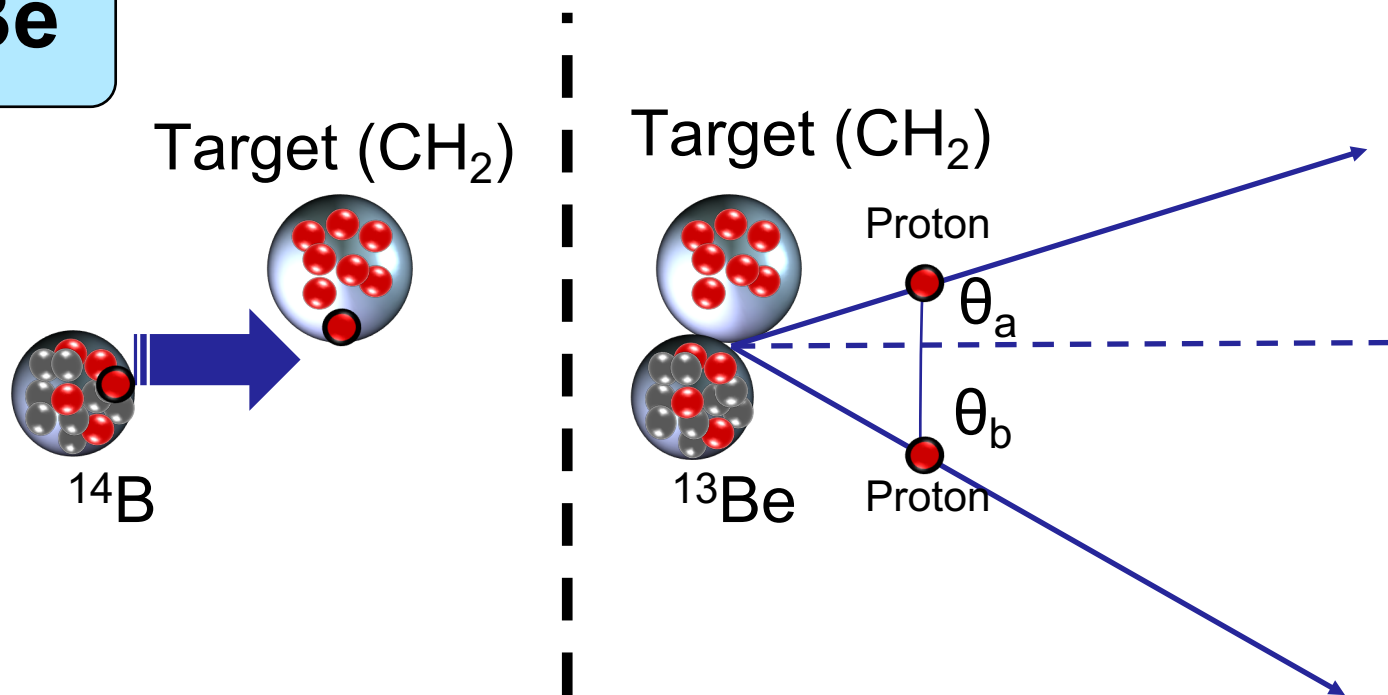
Study the precursor to the borromean nuclei ^{14}Be



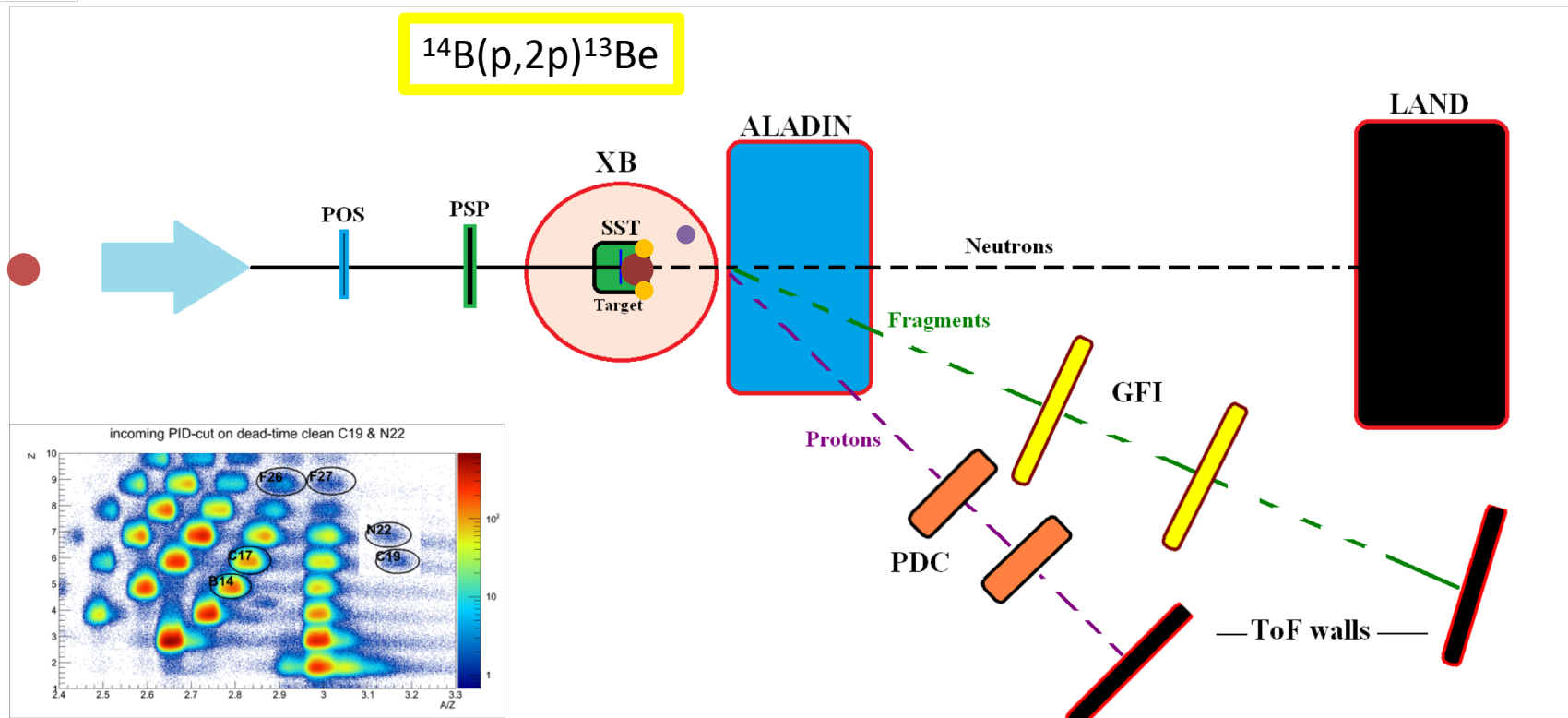
- Direct Reaction: quick and direct from initial to final states without intermediate compound state.
- If both outgoing particles have the same masses, in the lab system:

$$\theta_A + \theta_B \approx 81^\circ$$

(p,2p), (p,np)



^{13}B 17.3ms	^{14}B 12.5ms	^{15}B 9.93ms	^{16}B Unbound	^{17}B 5.08ms	^{18}B Unbound	^{19}B 2.92 ms
^{12}Be 21.5 ms	^{13}Be Unbound	^{14}Be 4.35ms				



Primary beam

$^{40}\text{Ar}^{11+}$ @ 490 MeV/u

Intensity

$6 \cdot 10^{10}$ ions/spill.

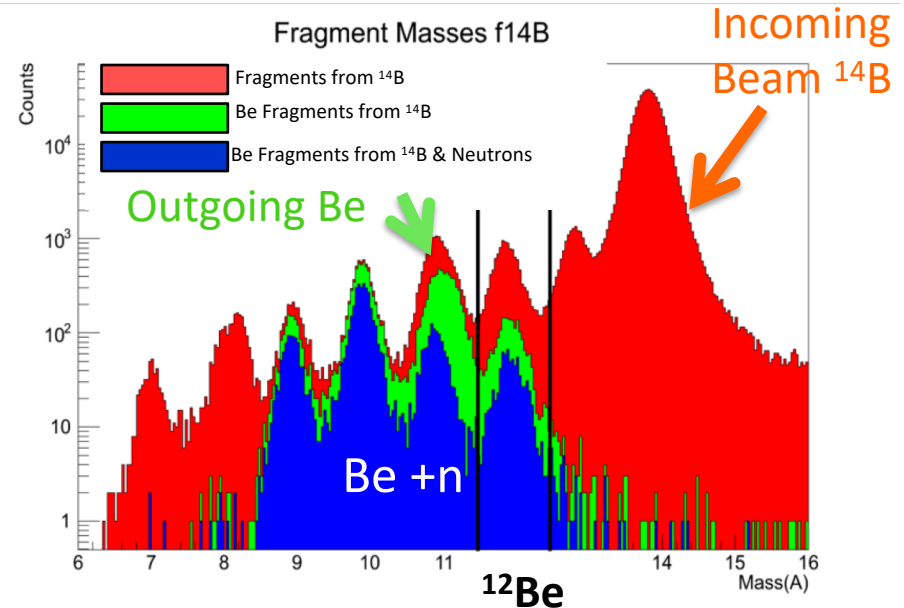
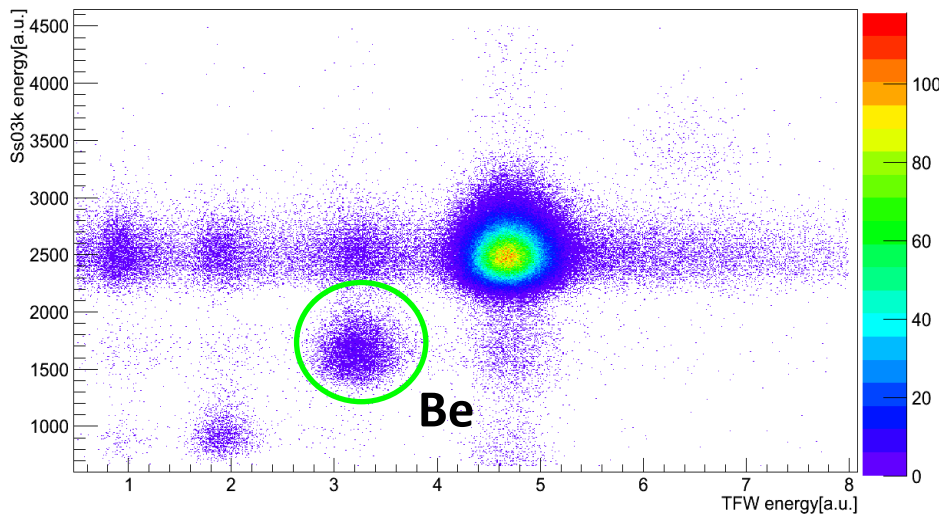
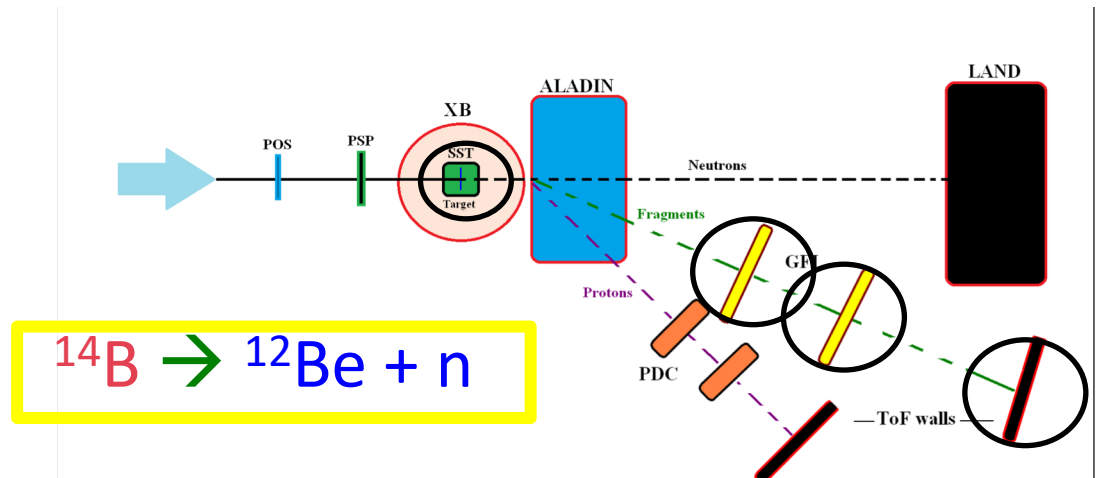
Production target

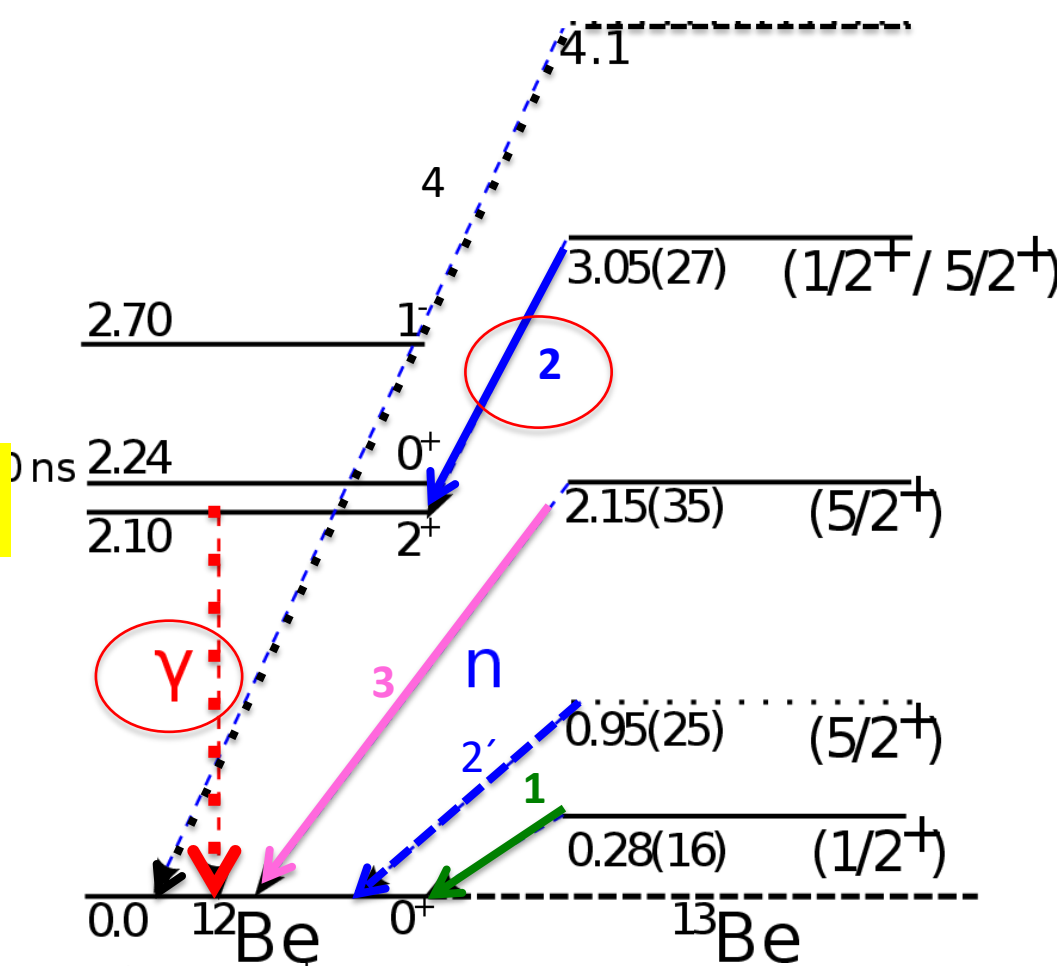
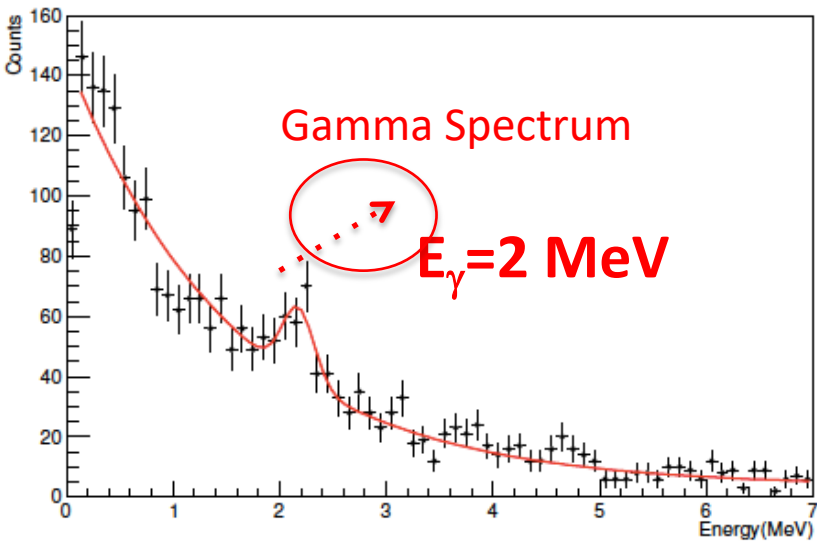
Be 4 mg/cm²

Reaction target

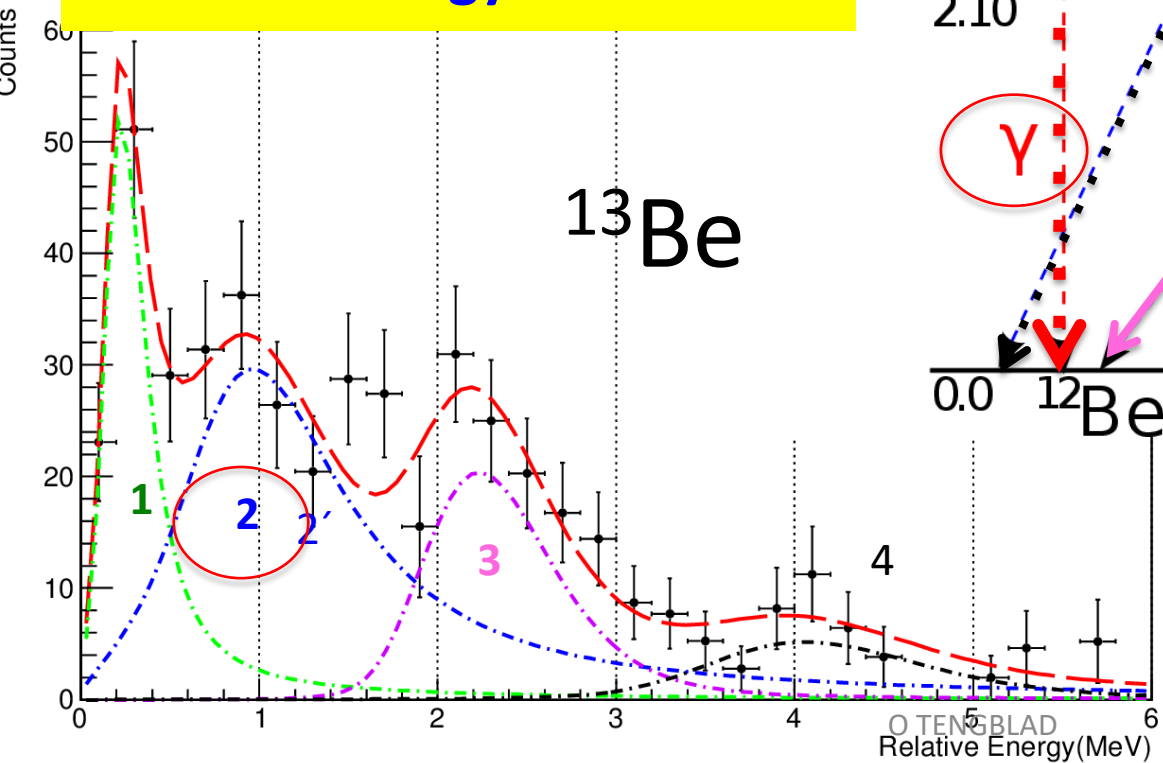
H, C, empty

- Energy loss in the TFW & SST after the target: Identify the element after the reaction.
- Identify the isotope from the ALADIN position deviation and beta of the fragment.

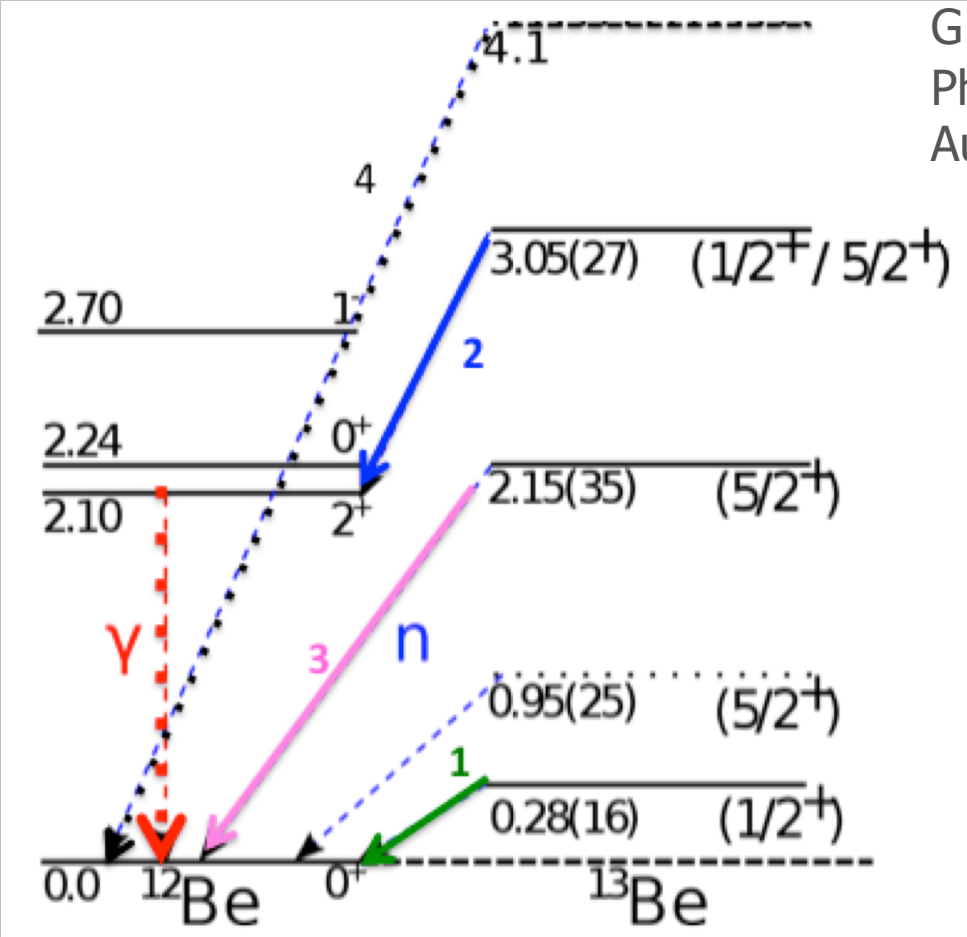




Relative Energy of $^{12}\text{Be} + n$:



$^{14}\text{B}(p,2p)^{13}\text{Be}$



This work

5.2 MeV ————— $3/2^-, 5/2^+$

G. Ribeiro *et al.* (R3B Collaboration)
 Phys. Rev. C **98**, 024603 – Published 3
 August 2018

3.02 MeV ————— $1/2^-$
 2.9 MeV ————— $1/2^+$

1.95 MeV ————— $5/2^+$

2.35 MeV ————— $5/2^+$

0.46 MeV ————— $1/2^+$

0.85 MeV ————— $5/2^+$

0.40 MeV ————— $1/2^+$

Y. Aksyutina (GSI)
 PHYS REV C 87, 064316 (2013)

G. Randisi et.al. (GANIL)
 PHYS REV C 89, 034320 (2014)

$^{14}\text{Be}(p,pn)^{13}\text{Be}$

$^{14}\text{B}(p,2p)^{13}\text{Be}$

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40 Institutes
15 Countries

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Technical Director: Olof Tengblad CSIC





Programa Nacional de Física de Partículas



GANAS



JAE predoc contracts

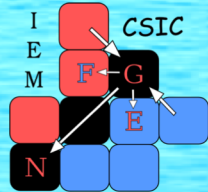


Horizon 2020





Collaboration



Grupo de Física Nuclear Experimental



Univ. Santiago de Compostela

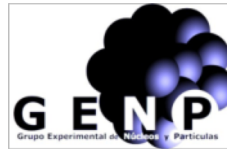


Technische Universität München



CHALMERS





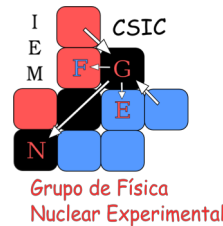
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Lola Cortina
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Universidade de Vigo



Vilán Vilán
Enrique Casarejos
Carlos Parrilla



Olof Tengblad
María Borge
Enrique Nacher (IFIC)
Angel Perea
Guillermo Ribeiro

In summary: I have discussed the
 R^3B - Reactions with Relativistic Radioactive Beams
its experimental set-up being built for the
High Energy Branch of NUSTAR @FAIR

I also discussed one example of experiments to be done at this
facility some time in 2022

Quasifree scattering reactions like $^{14}\text{B}(p,2p)^{13}\text{Be}$

Thanks for your attention!