

ExpertRoot. A GEANT4 and FairRoot based Sim and Reco framework for experiments at ACCULINNA2 and SuperFRS facilities

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Outlook

- Introduction
- Architecture
- Event based workflow
- Example of an experiment
- Simulation "step by step"
- Real data handling
- Event reconstruction
- Summary and plans
- G4 feedback

Introduction

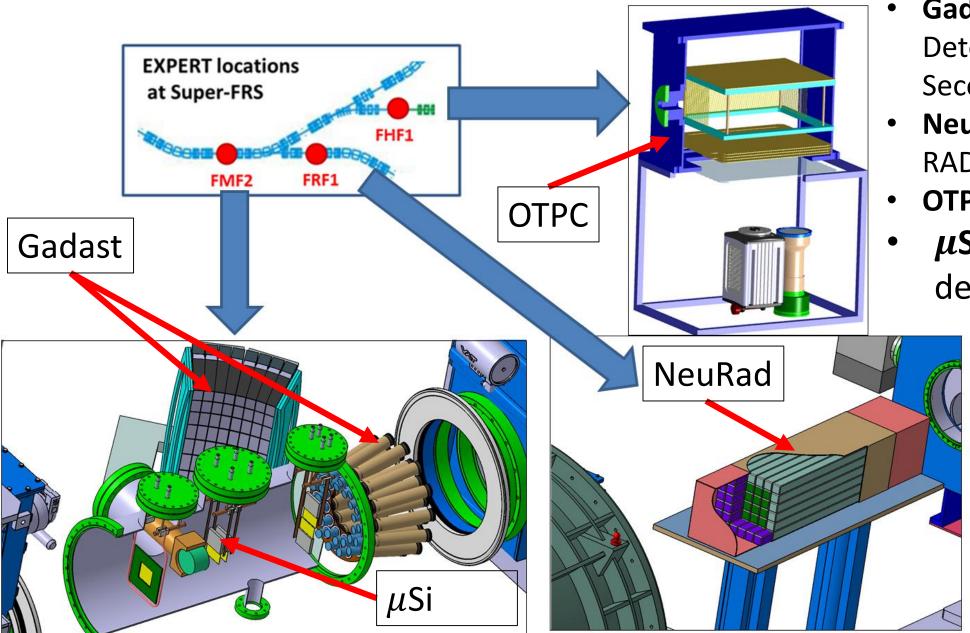
ExpertRoot is a FairRoot based framework for simulation of detector's response, event reconstruction and real data analysis in low energy nuclear physics with radioactive beams

ExpertRoot is used for the EXPERT¹ project at SuperFRS@FAIR and for the experiments at ACCULINNA-2 fragment-separator in JINR

¹ EXPERT - EXotic Particle Emission and Radioactivity by Tracking

er.jinr.ru

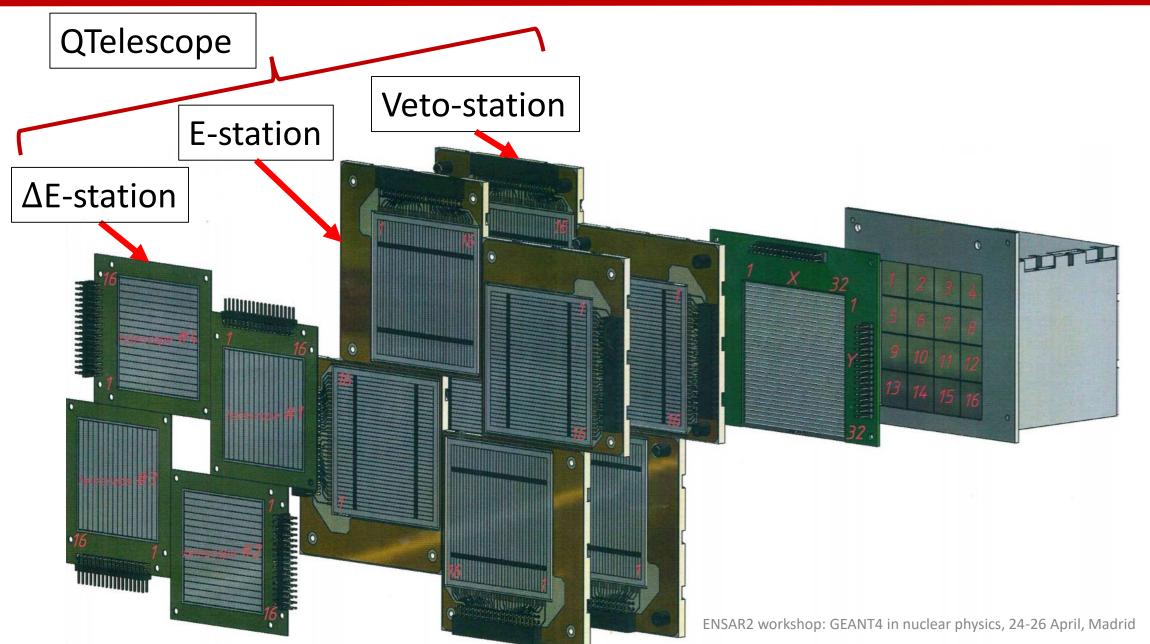
Introduction: EXPERT



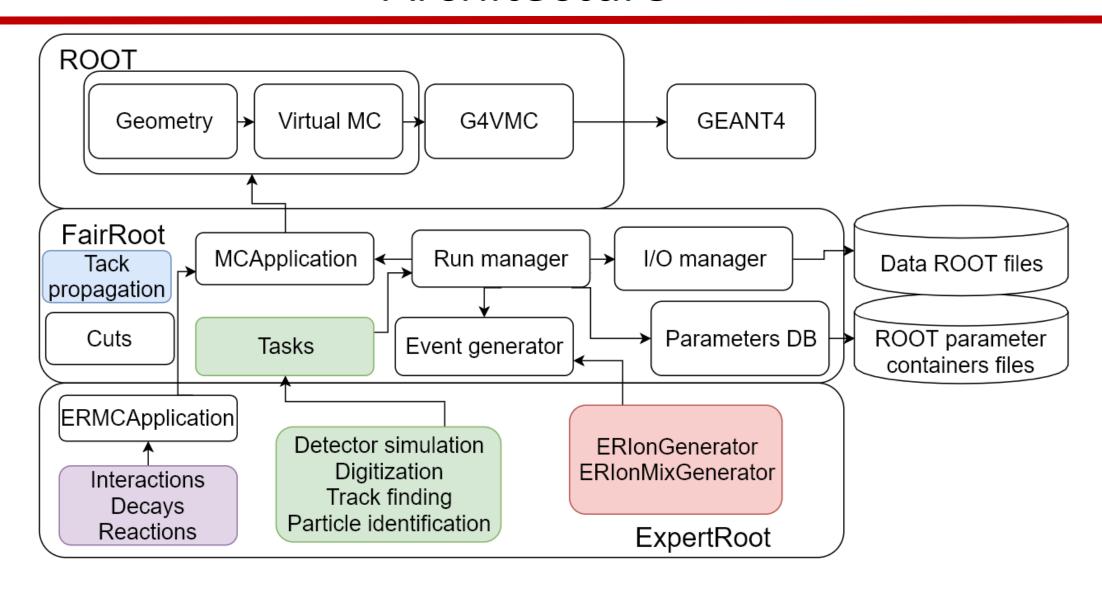
- Gadast GAmma
 Detectors Around

 Secondary Target
- NeuRad NEUtron RADioactivity
- **OTPC** Optical TPC
- μSi microstrip Sidetector

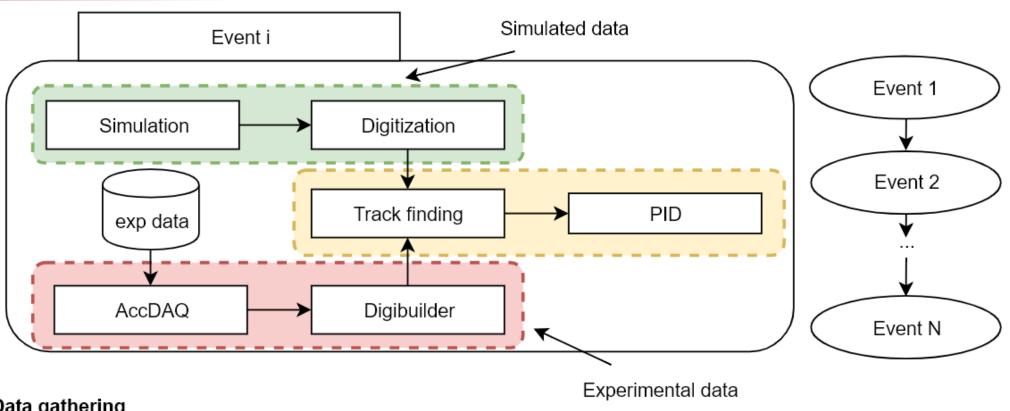
Introduction: ACCULINNA-2, part of the current setup



Architecture



Event-based workflow



Data gathering

Monte-Carlo simulation of an experiment and digitization of a simulated data. or

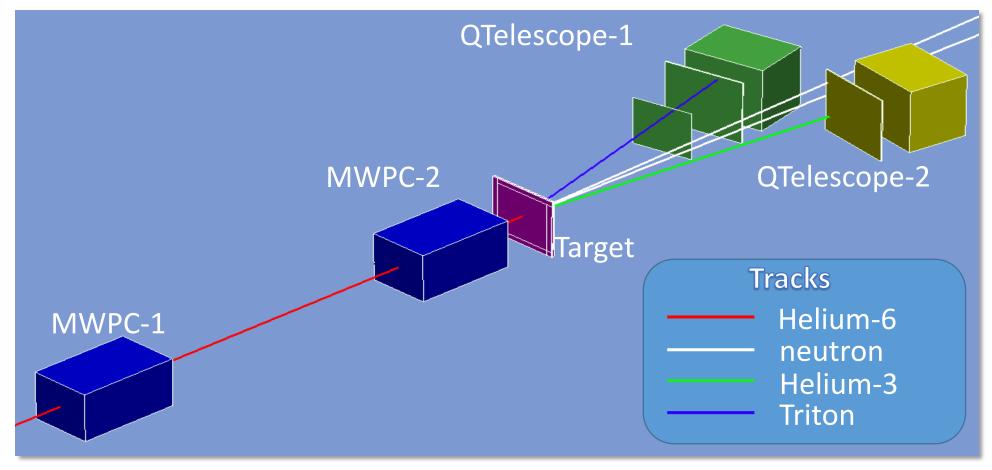
Real experiment DAQ

common format of the output data, so the same reconstruction algorithms are used!

Data analysis

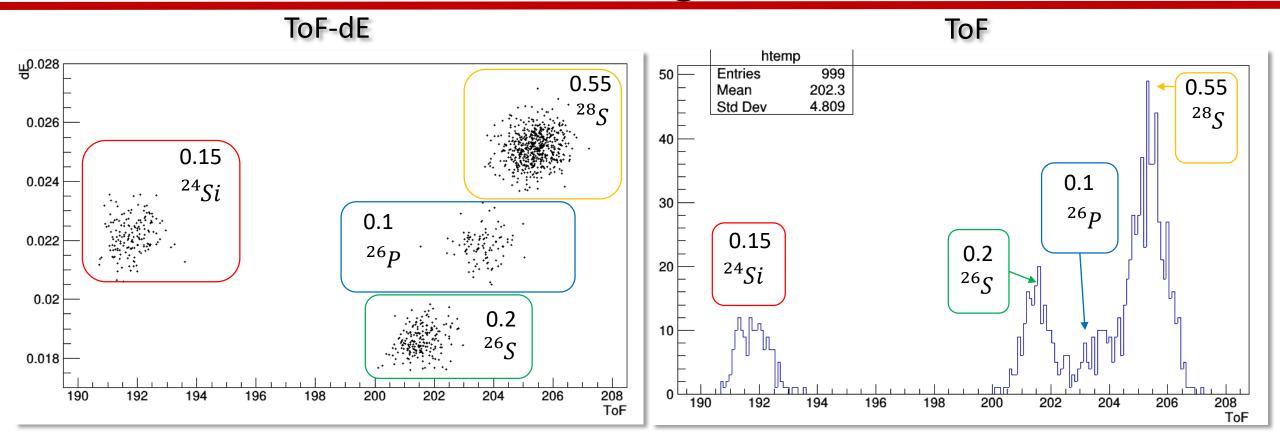
Reconstruction of the events

Example of an experiment



- On each step in sensitive volume energy losses are summed up for every particle via ROOT interface to Geant methods
- Information about generated primary tracks and daughter secondary particles are stored in MCTrack class object

Ion mixture generator

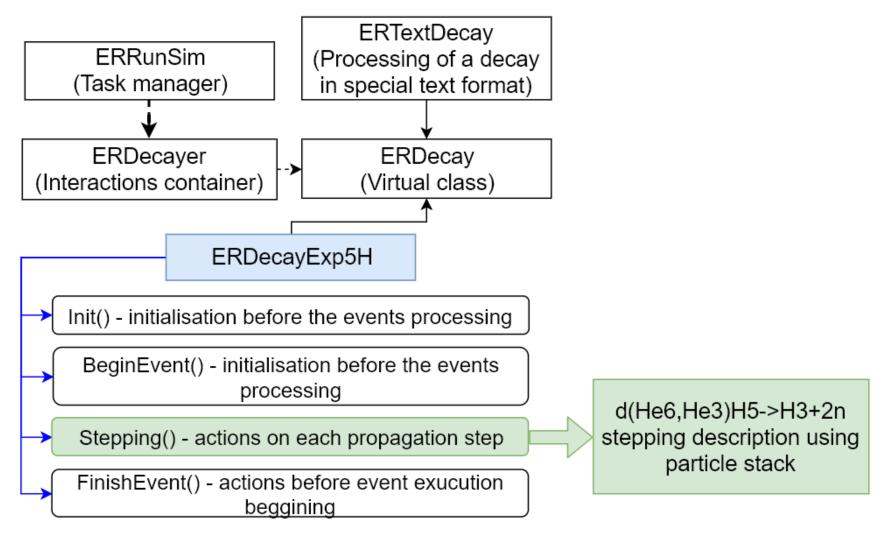


- An arbitrary count of mixed particles;
- Probability of ion occurring is normalized related to main ion in mix;
- The same magnetic rigidity $B\rho = \frac{pc}{a}$;

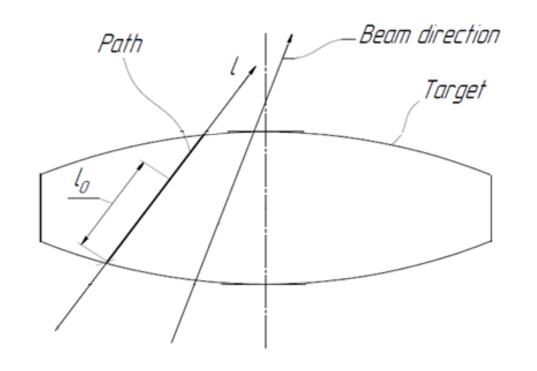
Denomination:

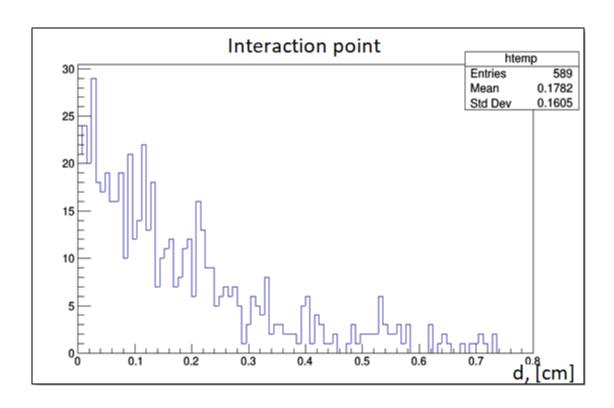
lon's occurring probability lon AX

User defined interactions architecture



An interaction on the target





- Calculation of the material thickness among the trajectory length l;
- Normalization of the probability relatively to maximal material thickness on the particle path;
- Exponential distribution on the interval [0; l].

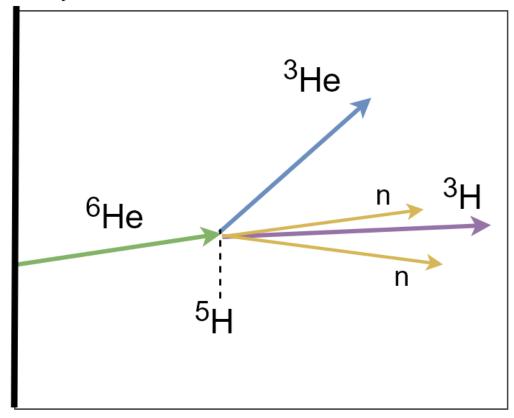
Work with process stack example

$$^{6}He$$
 + ^{2}H → ^{3}He + ^{5}H - theoretical cross-section ^{5}H → ^{3}H + n + n - TGenPhaseSpace

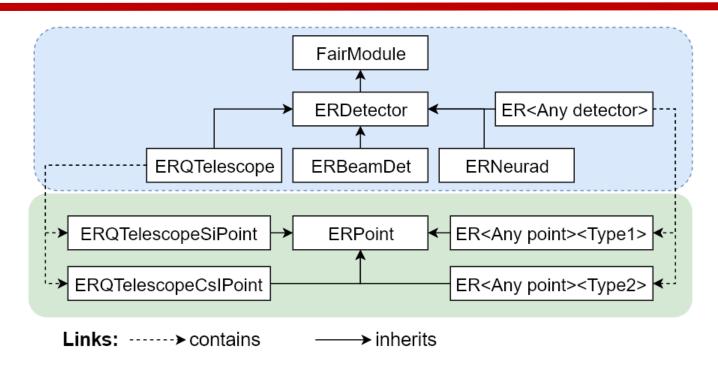
- Erase primary ⁶He track: gMC->StopTrack()
- ⁵H is not pushed into track stack

where is He6TrackNb - 3He track number, fH3 – triton ion object, lvH3 – triton four-vector, curPos – current particle position.

Target input boundary

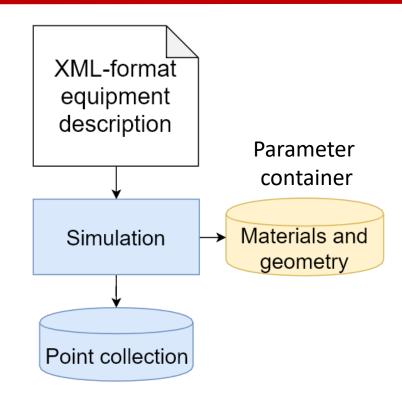


Detector simulation

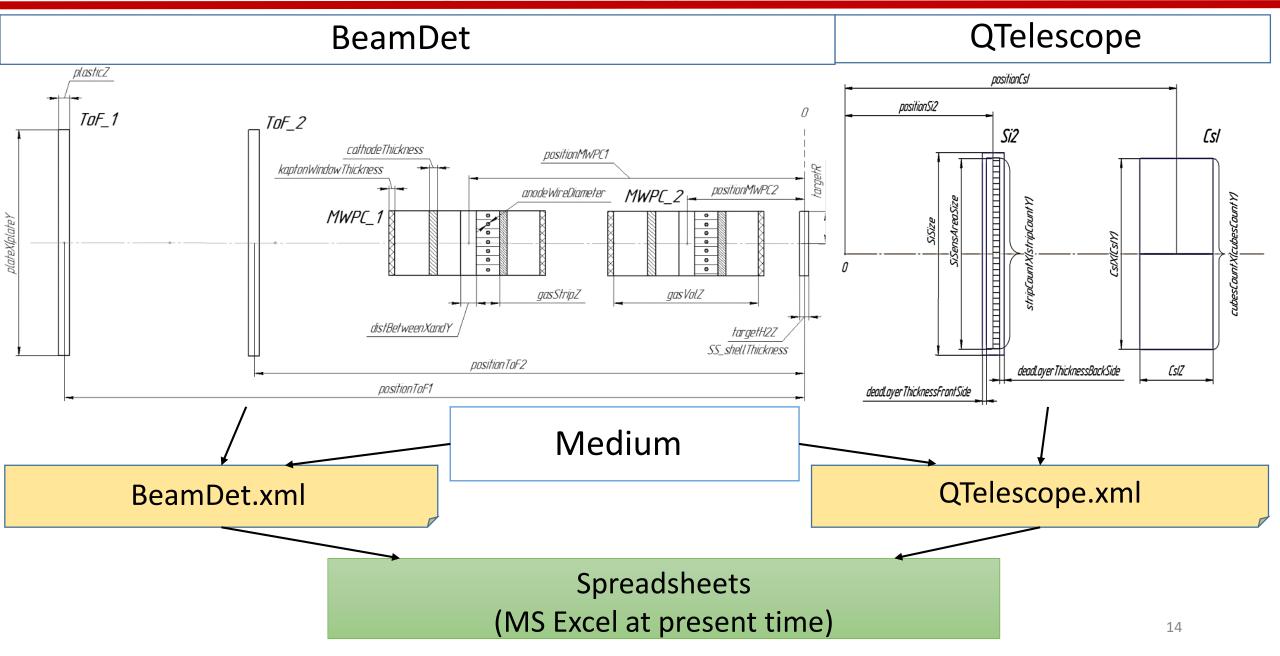


Point object is created for each particle in every sensitive volume:

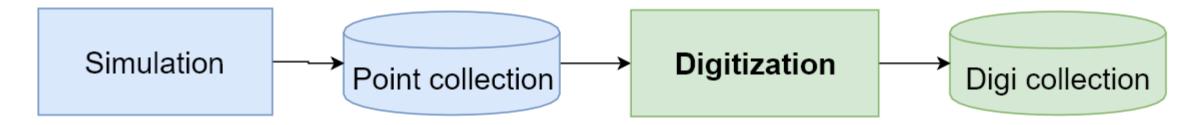
- "In" and "out" coordinates
- "In" and "out" momentum
- PDG,
- "In" time
- Other detector specific information.



Detector geometry parameterization



Digitization



Digitization – task consists of summing up energy deposited by all the particles in the sensitive volume, application of energy and time spread corresponding to the resolution of the detector, taking into account inefficiency of various nature (e.g. dead time) and discretization. **Digi** – object contains the characteristics of the detector response.

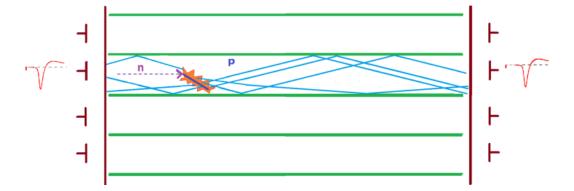
Digi object is created for each particle in every sensitive volumes:

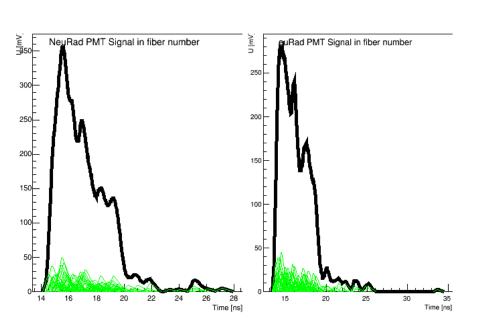
- R/O channel number,
- Energy response, recorded to the channel,
- Timestamp
- Other detector specific information.

Digitization

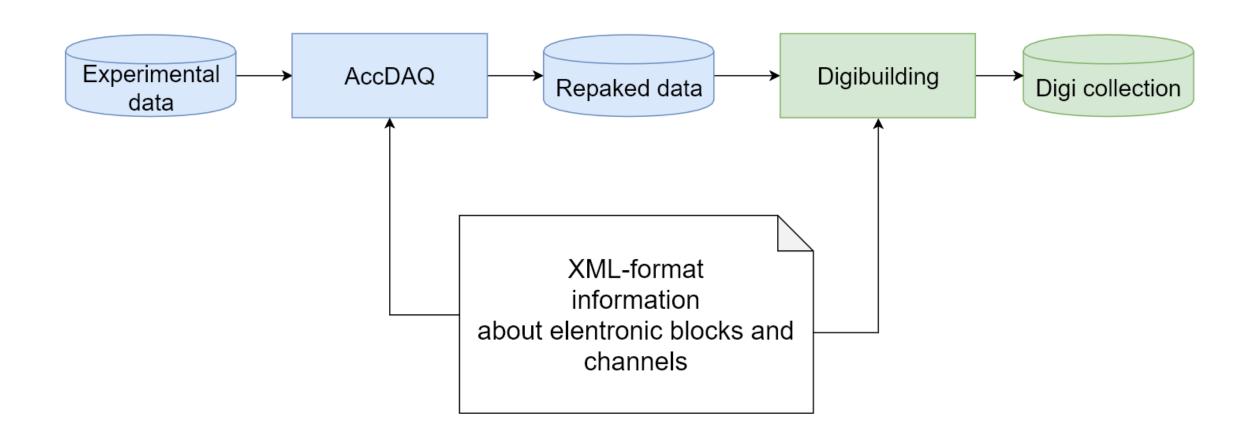
Example: NeuRad - neutron detector with scintilating fibers along the path of neutron

- Birks quenching
- Position sensitivity obtained by limiting lengths of a point to 2 [cm],
- Exponential lighting emission kinetics
- light attenuation
- quantum efficiency
- dinode system modeling:
 - using special distribution of photoelectron amplitude
 - using user-defined function of photoelectron signal shape
 - delay and jitter
 - signal creation as a sum of signals from single electrons

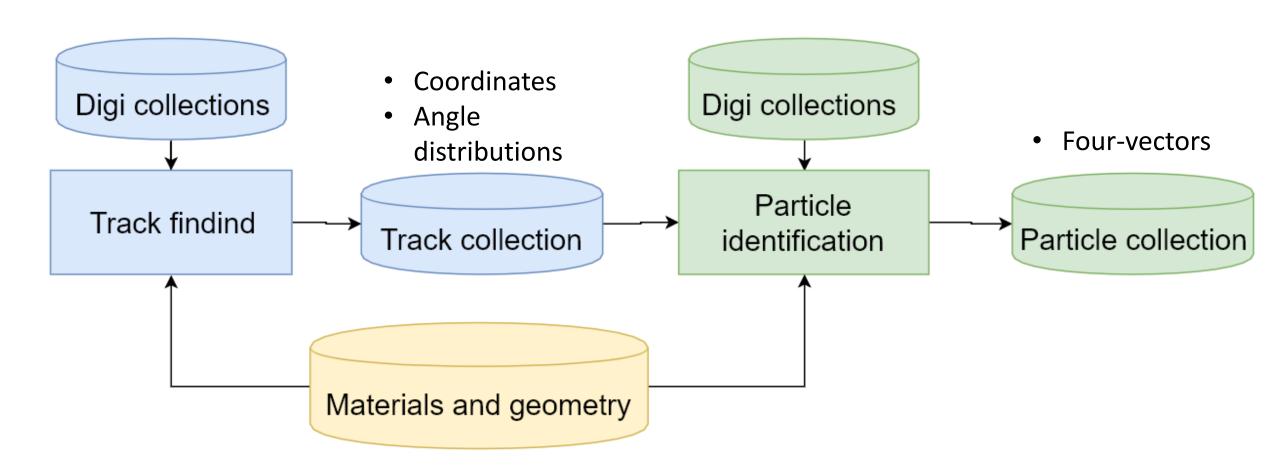




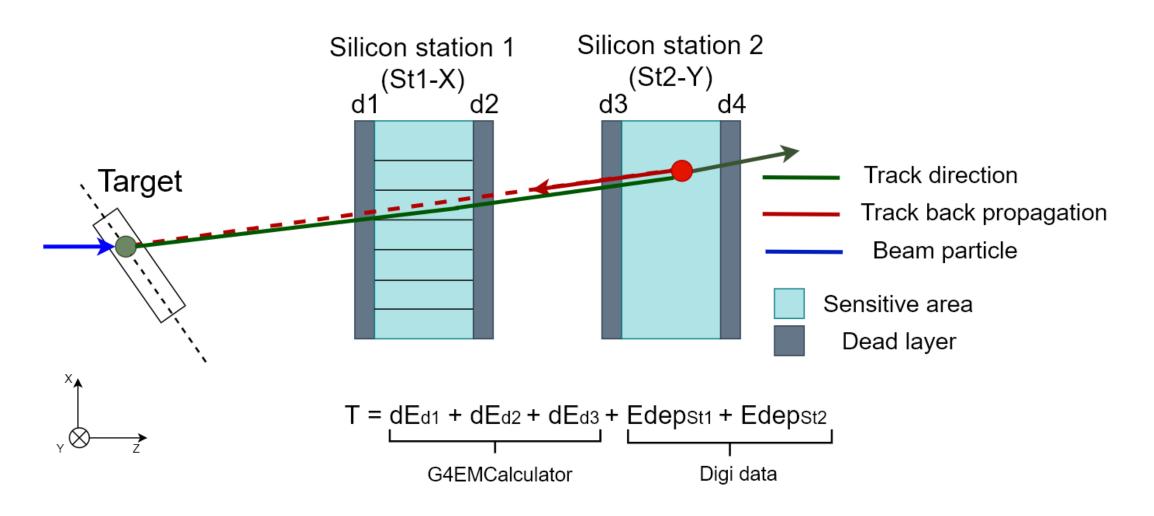
Real data handling



Event reconstruction



G4EMCalculator in reconstruction



Summary and plans

- *ExpertRoot* framework is developed for simulation and reconstruction of the experiments with low energy exotic beams.
- A full lifecycle functionality is implemented for the ⁵H and ⁷H experiments and can be easily extended to other examples.
- The framework helps to combine efforts of physicists, detector experts and IT specialists

Plans:

- Implement more usecases and make the framework more userfriendly
- Develop a cloud service using Jupyter Notebook interface to Root
- Extend interface to theoretical generators. In particular interpolate multiparticle output between the provided energies observing the momentum and energy conservation and phase space factor and introduce realistic background

G4 feedback

Limitation:

Calling G4EmCalculator->GetDeDx() requires full initialization of Geant4 in VMC:

- TG4RunConfiguration initialization
- TGeant4 initialization
- Fake processing of first event for initialization of other environment

Desire:

 Possibility to use the G4EmCalculator without initializing the entire Geant4 simulation would be extremely convenient.