

# Simulation of Uniform Muon Flux

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## **Aim's of Simulation**

Create uniform flux of muon

- a lot of muons for each direction
- variable sampling steps for azimuth and zenith angles
- diapason: azimuth (0,  $2\pi$ ), zenith (0,  $\pi/2$ )
- cos-distribution for zenith angle

Angle statistics

- count of events for each 3-sets of pixels in top, middle and bottom levels
- this data need to avoid influence of instrumental function on experimental data



### How muons are created





## Simulation's Assumption

- for each pair of angles 10 000 muons are simulated
- muon have high energy -> It is not dissipated and is not inhibited in detectors



# Input Fomat

Place-	-SC16- -	TB-CHN-	- HB - CHN -	-X-coord-	-Y-coord-	-Z-coord	-   - Thet	a- -Phi
RT100	SC86	3	0	Θ	1000	0	0	270
RT100	SC87	6	1	Θ	500	0	0	270
RT100	SC88	8	2	0	Θ	0	Θ	270
RT100	SC91	9	3	500	1000	0	0	270
RT100	SC92	10	4	500	500	0	0	270
RT100	SC93	11	5	500	0	0	0	270
RT100	SC94	12	6	1000	1000	0	Θ	270
RT100	SC85	13	7	1000	500	0	0	270
RT100	SC96	15	8	1000	Θ	0	0	270
###								
RT100	SC81	26	12	250	750	180	Θ	270
RT100	SC82	27	11	250	250	180	0	270
RT100	SC83	28	23	750	750	180	Θ	270
RT100	SC84	29	9	750	250	180	0	270
###								
RT100	SC72	80	21	1000	Θ	346	0	270
RT100	SC73	79	20	1000	500	346	Θ	270
RT100	SC74	78	19	1000	1000	346	0	270
RT100	SC75	77	18	500	Θ	346	0	270
RT100	SC76	84	17	500	500	346	0	270
RT100	SC77	75	16	500	1000	346	0	270
RT100	SC78	74	15	Θ	Θ	346	0	270
RT100	SC79	73	14	Θ	500	346	Θ	270
RT100	SC80	72	13	Θ	1000	346	0	270
STOP								



# Input Fomat

main.cpp	[olga] -	muon - Qt Creator	💙 🤝 🛅 🗑 (70%) 🐠 00:42 🔱
		Projects 🗢 🖓 🖯 🕂 🗙	🔹 🔶 🖬 main.cpp 🗧 🥔 createSurfaces(const equipment, res &, int, double, double, double): void 🗢 # Line: 9, Col: 1 🛛 🕂 🗙
Q	Ot	▼ <u> muon</u> [olga]	1 #include "!_All_include.h"
	Welcome	muon.pro	2 #include "equipment.h" 3 #include "event.h"
		Geployment	4 #include "surface.h"
	-	▼ R Sources	6 ▼ void createSurfaces(const equipment e, res& r, int count, double len, double delta phi, double delta cos tet)
	Edit	detector.cpp	7 {
IIII	×.	equipment.cpp	8 point p; 9 surface s:
	Design	event.cpp	10 p.SetX(θ);
		kit.cpp	11 p.SetY(0);
	Debug	layer.cpp	13 s.SetCoor(p);
	Debug		14 s.SetCount(count);
-R-		pixel.cpp	16 std::cout << std::setw(12) << std::setfill(' ') << delta_phi << "\t" << delta_cos_tet << std::endl;
A	Projects	point.cpp	17 std::cout << std::setw(12) << std::setfill(' ') << "phi" << "\t" << "cos tet" << std::endl; 18 V for (double phi = 0; phi <= (2 * PI) = delta phi; phi += delta phi) //phi in rad
	7	res.cpp	19 {
	Analyze	surface.cpp	20 ▼ for (double cos_tet = 1; cos_tet >= 0; cos_tet -= delta_cos_tet) //tet in rad
	9		22 if ((cos_tet == 1) & (phi != 0))
	Help		<pre>23 continue; 24 std::cout <c "\t"="" ')="" <c="" cos="" nhi="" pre="" std::end];<="" std::setfill('="" std::setw(12)="" tet=""></c></pre>
M.	netp		25 s.SetPhi(phi);
			26 s.SetTet(acos(cos_tet));
			28 s.RunMuons(r, e);
			29 }
		Bookmarks	31
			32 }
			34 void angleStatistics(std::string outputfile, const res r, double delta phi, double delta cos tet, int min count l = 0, int min count d
	muon		35 {
	. 💻 ,		37 if (outputfile != "")
	Debug		<pre>38 fout.open(outputfile.c_str()); 30 int count phi = 2 * PL ( dolta phi)</pre>
			40 int count cos tet = 1.0 / delta cos tet + 1;
			<pre>41 // std::cout &lt;&lt; "test " &lt;&lt; count_phi &lt;&lt; " " &lt;&lt; count_cos_tet &lt;&lt; std::endl; 42 int#* count_int#[count_phi];</pre>
			$43 \text{ v}  \text{for(int i = 0; i < count_phi);}$
			44 { 45 prr[i] - new int[count cost tot]:
	×		45 drr[1] = new int[count_cos_tet];
		■ P- Type to locate (Ctr.	1 Issues 2 Search Results 3 Application Output 4 Compile Output 5 QML/JS Console 6 General Messages 🗢



## **General Plan of The Program**





## Relationships between Classes





## **Output data**

ut\_1.txt (~/!\_Programming/muon/build-Desktop-Debug) - gedit

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🗋 Документы 🛛 🗙	testou	t_1.txt ×						
🗋 testout_1.txt	.2661	1.15928	1.0472	0.927295	0.795399	0.643501	0.451027	0
	599	1478	1924	2472	2778	2795	2600	2304
	606	1481	2197	2501	2654	2632	2387	Θ
	841	1725	2632	2693	2769	2634	2386	0
	1264	2189	2965	2959	3011	2660	2368	Θ
	958	2084	2984	3146	2996	2684	2398	Θ
	652	1599	2649	3133	3023	2733	2390	Θ
	1205	3010	4660	5664	5864	5492	4990	O
	0	Θ	O	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ	Θ
	718	1459	2212	2486	2645	2540	2365	O
	456	1288	2160	2371	2658	2495	2322	Θ
	583	1204	1942	2319	2566	2544	2365	0
	651	1256	1841	2317	2585	2651	2388	0
	598	1477	1916	2430	2756	2777	2600	O
	606	1481	2174	2462	2625	2626	2386	0
	843	1710	2603	2653	2741	2613	2387	0
	1272	2163	2894	2935	2965	2666	2368	O
	958	2075	2989	3123	2975	2680	2398	0
	658	1607	2641	3125	3016	2729	2391	Θ
	598	1526	2389	3006	3111	2853	2600	0
	606	1481	2302	2687	2755	2635	2386	0
	1180	2781	4496	4915	5291	5032	4685	Θ
	585	1151	1898	2350	2592	2545	2358	0
	636	1218	1812	2347	2602	2647	2389	0
Geany	0	Θ	O	Θ	0	Θ	Θ	Θ

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### **Azimuthal distribution**





### **Zenithal distribution**





## Conclusions

- ✓We have created the program simulating muon flux and the response of the detector installation
- ✓The program is modular: we are free to change amount of detectors and layers. Also, program allows to observe several installations
- ✓ In order to find angle distribution function we will normalize share of 3-evens for each 3-pixel-sets of total amount of 3-event in experiment on the same share in simulation



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Thank you!!

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