



Data Analysis Tasks

MuonMonitor Workshop
09.08.2016, LSC, Canfranc

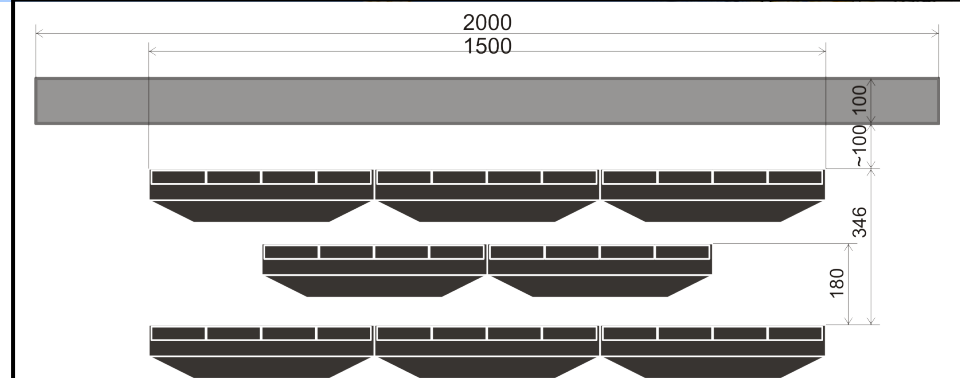
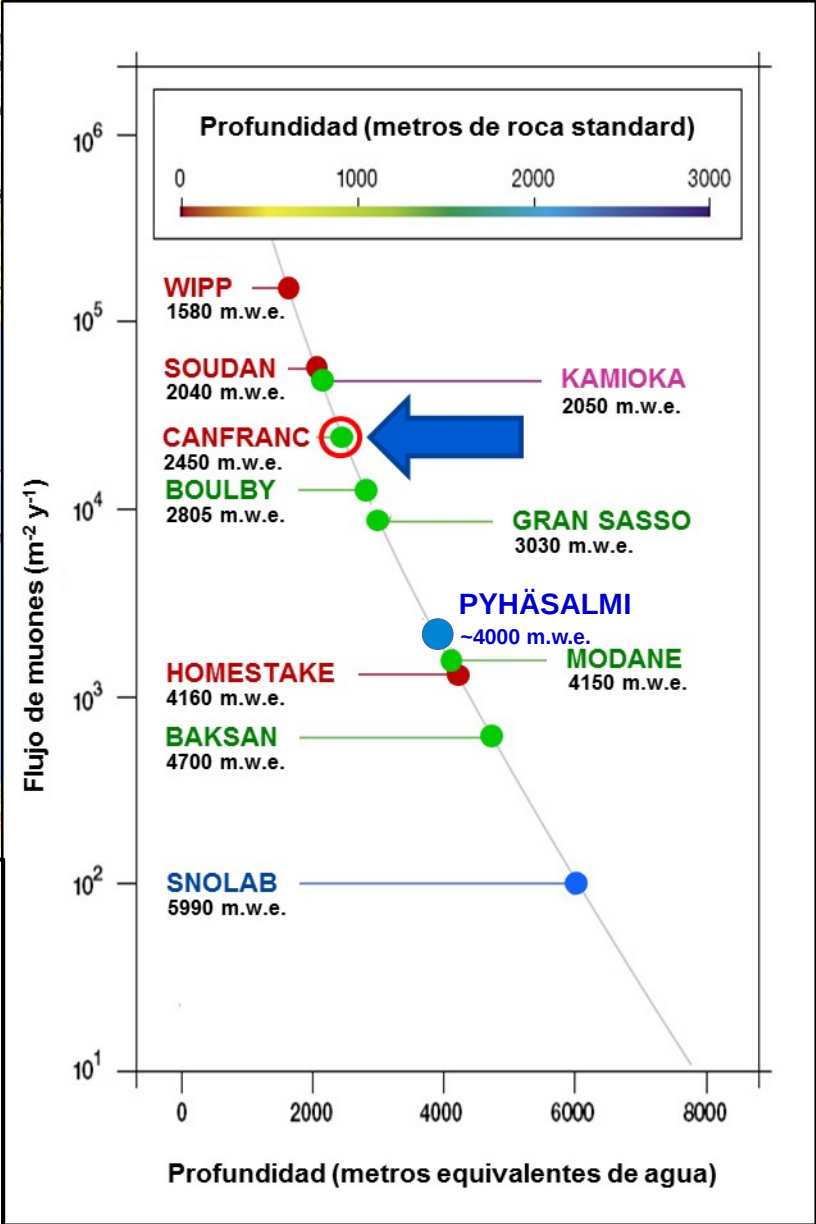
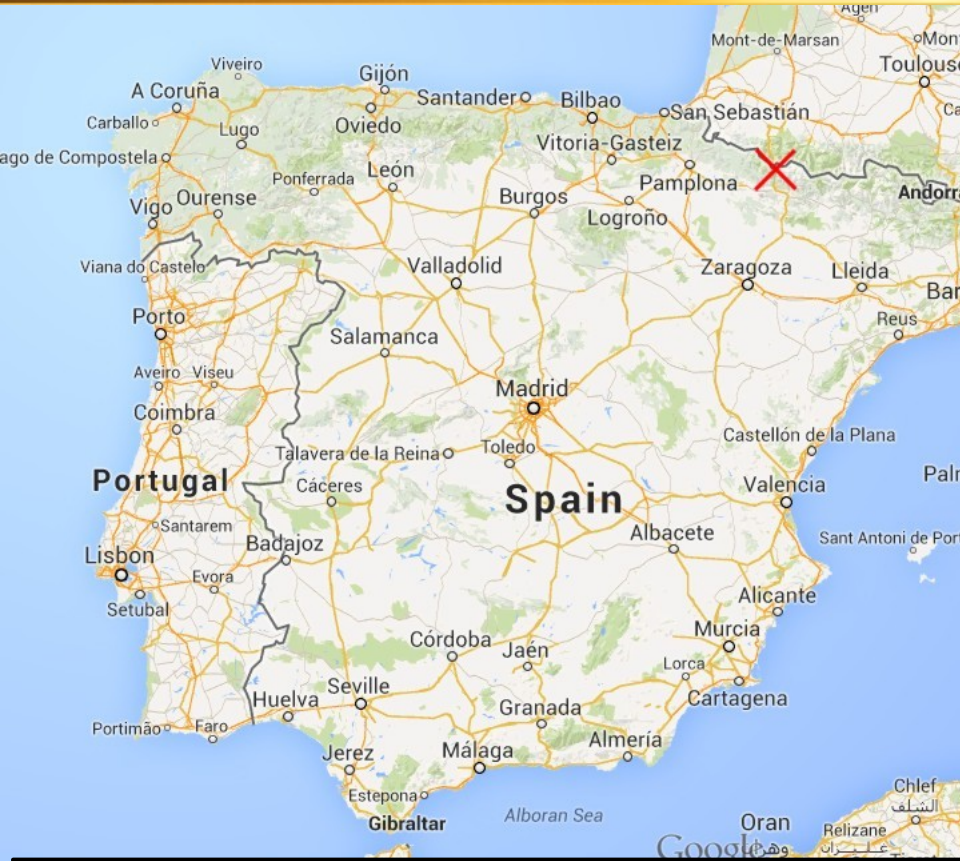
Maciej Slupecki
Department of Physics, University of Jyväskylä



UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI



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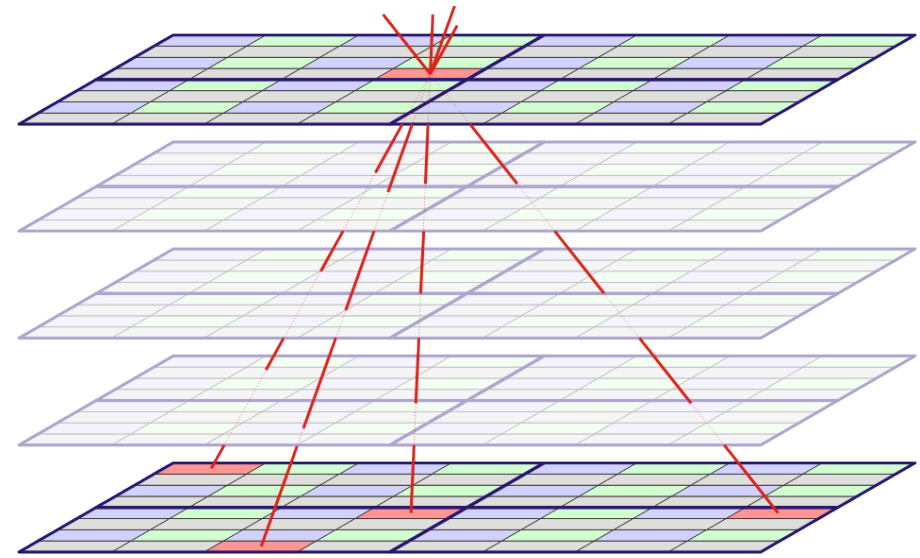


Time calibration.

Done by Pasi @ CUPP

Procedure:

- 1) Find all **single pixel coincs.** such that there is one pixel firing in Mid and Bot.
- 2) Find peaks in timing for each pixel in **Bot**
 - Take TOF into account
 - Use as time reference the time difference between all Mid pixels and a given Bot pixel
 - This way each pixel in Bot uses **average timing of pixels in Mid as reference**
- 3) Use Bot pixels to calibrate all pixels in **Mid**.
- 4) Use Mid to calibrate the rest (**Bot & Top**).
- 5) In the final analysis use prompt peak
 - but leave the timing gate relatively broad as the timing depends on the arrival angles



An example of calibration of different geometry (slightly different method used)

Time calibration.

Done by Pasi @ CUPP

Summary:

- All pixels are working
(no rates just totals, no efficiency estimation)
- Statistics very low (25-50 counts) in 1 pixel
- Statistics low (<100 counts) in 16 pixels (11%)

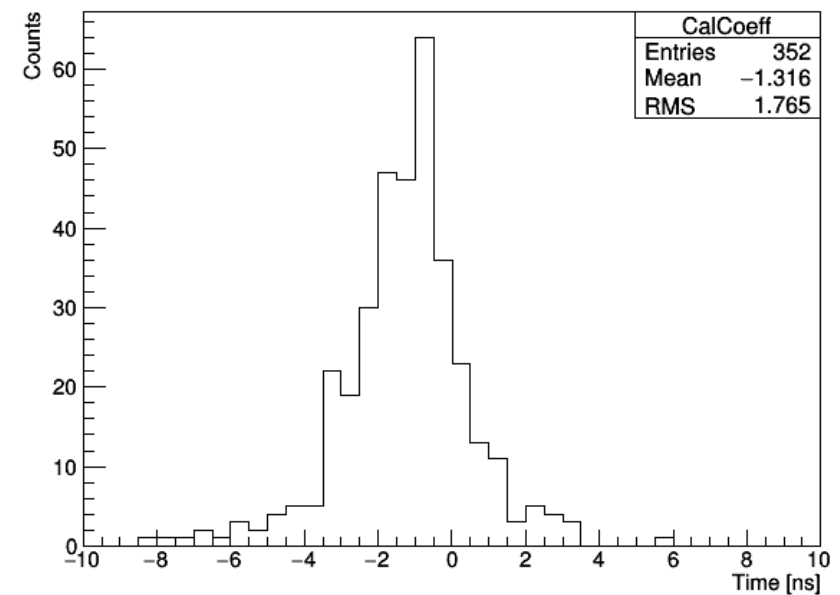
Before calibration:

- Time spread: average **2-3 ns** (max 14 ns) → right

After calibration (test involves 'verticals' only):

- Centroid within **0.4 ns**
- Sigma: ~3 ns (max 8 ns)

Time calibration coefficients



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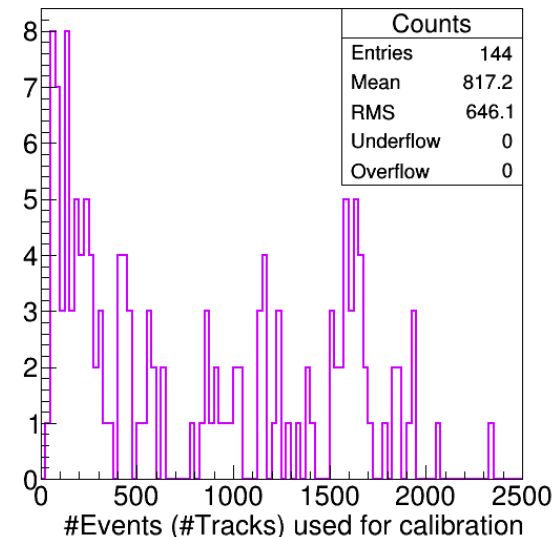
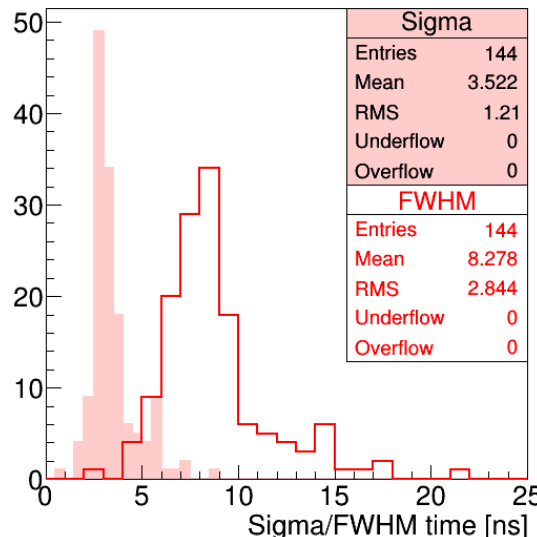
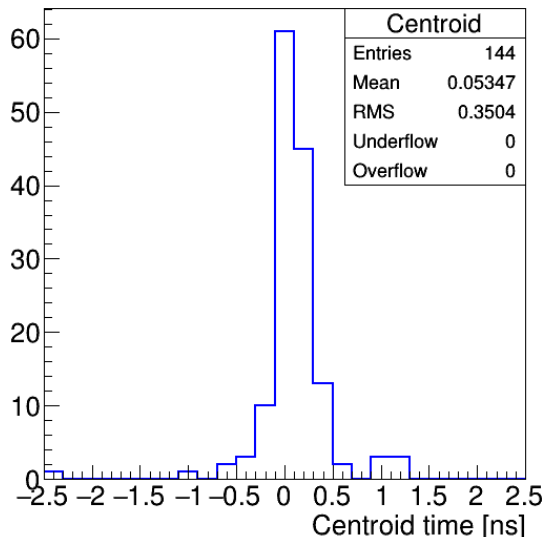
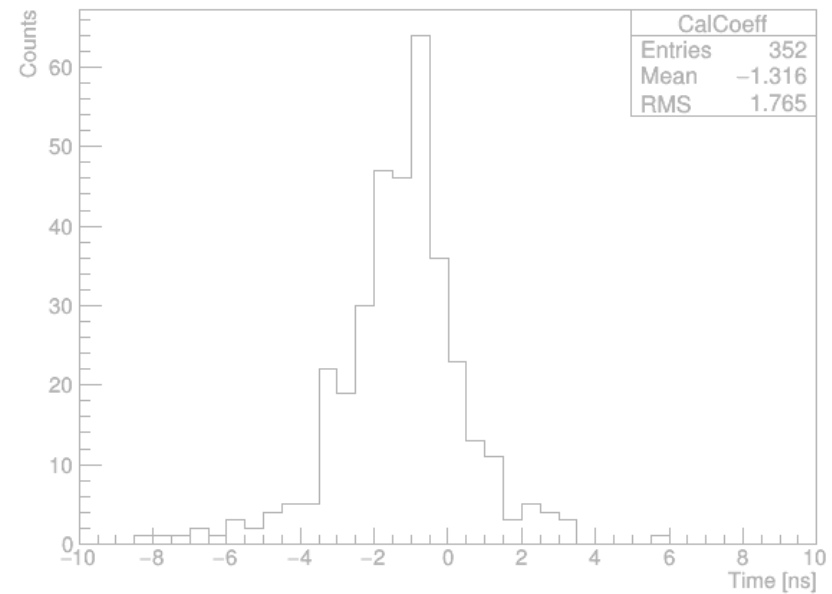
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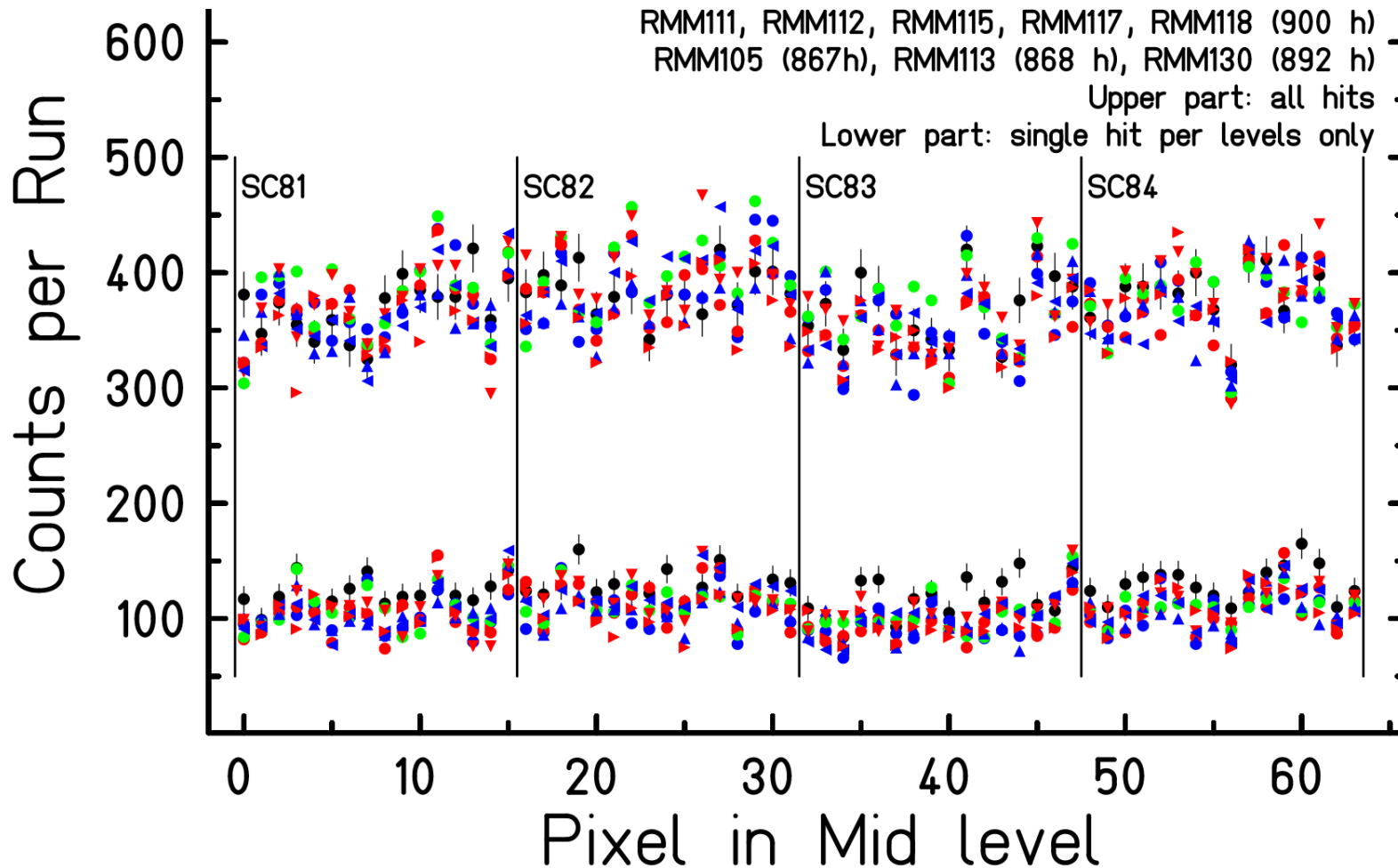


6 Technical jobs – μ rates (1)

Muon-like rates

Done by Timo @ CUPP

Aim: determine any **pixel deterioration** during 2-years of data taking (3-fold coincidences only)

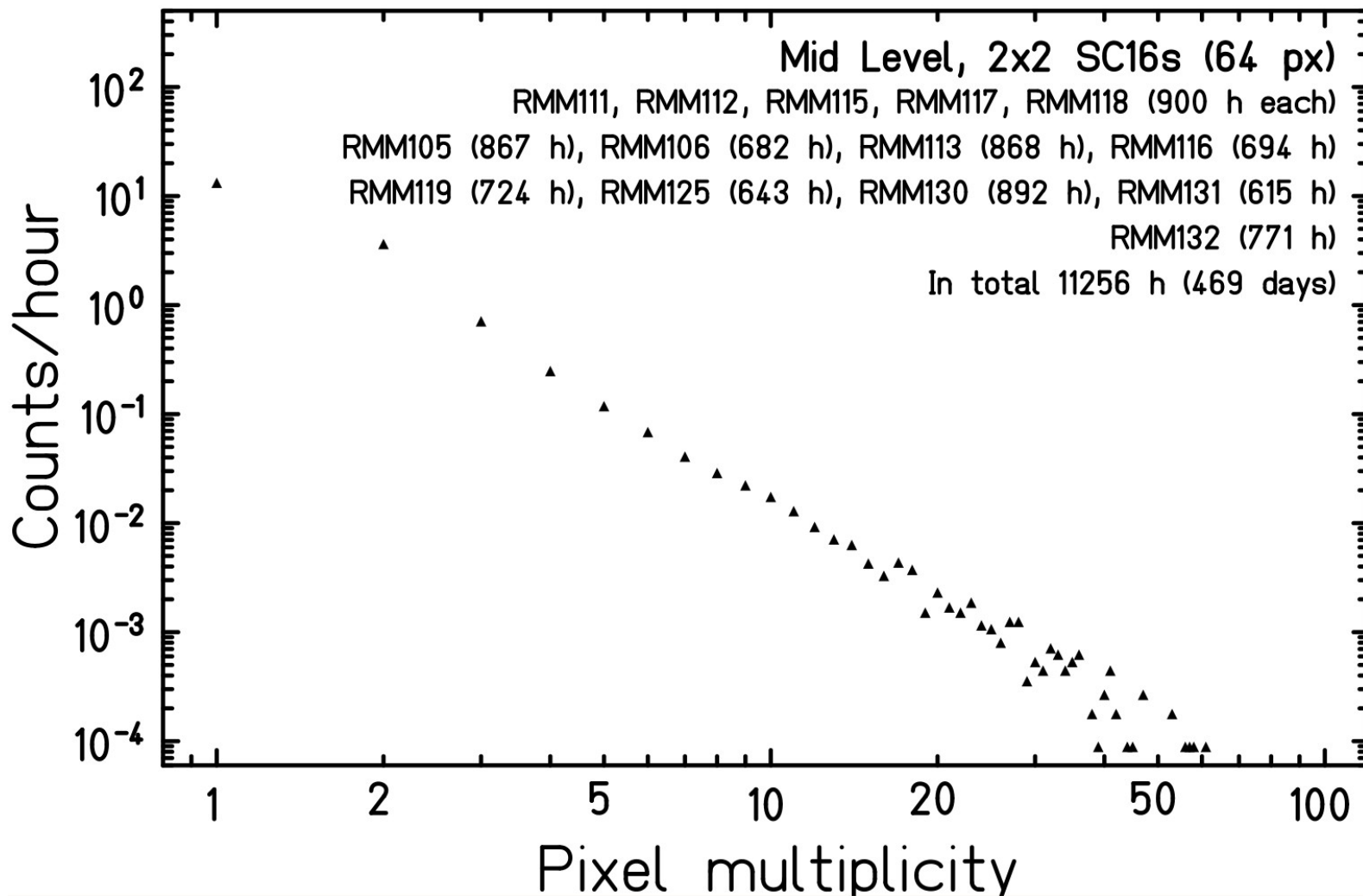


7 Technical jobs – μ rates (2)

Muon-like rates

Done by Timo @ CUPP

Extra outcome – **pixel multiplicity**.

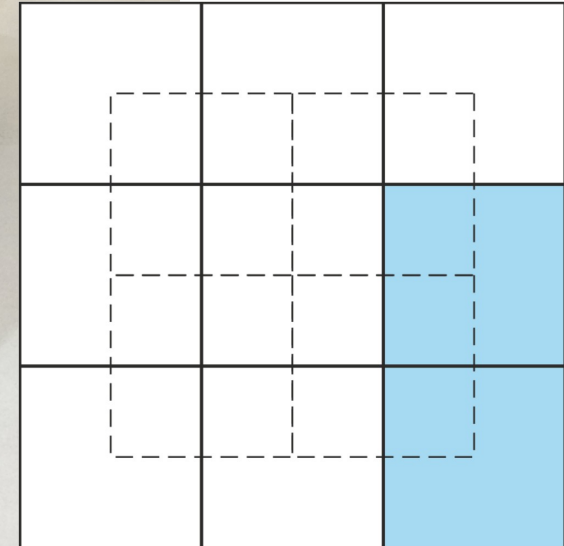


Pixel efficiencies

Not started

- Use of data collected with **additional two scintillators** on top.
- How to analyse this data?
- Any other ideas?

The data has been collected (Sep. 2015),
but not analysed yet.



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2. Absolute muon flux

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Angular distribution (incremental approach):

1a. First order approximation

(**done** by Almaz and Maciej, some adjustments still required)

- Determine usable data **quality cuts**
- Use **only data** (no simulation)
- **Randomize** hit position within a pixel

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- Measure / analyse the real **pixel efficiency** (**HOW?? Ideas?**)
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1d. Fourth order (TODO)

- Look in **2b**

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- The result is quite **underestimated** muon flux (by how much?)

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- = Using **geant simulation** to study how often a local muon-associated EM shower activates more than 2 pixels per level (or 2 not neighbouring pixels)

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Note: The data, which is cut, should always be checked in the same way as 'good' data to make sure it is really random (doesn't contain an angular structure, excluding detector geometry influence).

News:

- Google drive designated to store and share preliminary results (ask Maciej for a link)
- **Alexander Nozik** @ MIPT joined our efforts → thanks for your **active participation!**

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- Time calibration: **done**
- Pixel counting rates: **checked**
- **Angular distribution: preliminary figures available**
- Pixel efficiencies: to be done
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Thank you for attention

Topics for discussion:

- Various coding projects are stored in different places
 - Alexander uses **BitBucket** mainly
 - Maciej uses **GitLab** (sortti @ CUPP) for code and **Google Drive** for plots
 - Almaz uses **Google Drive** for his scripts and plots
 - Others → ?
 - Should we **unify** at least some of them (especially **results**)?
- Efficiency calibration → Who and how? Ideas?
- Time calibration → How to apply?