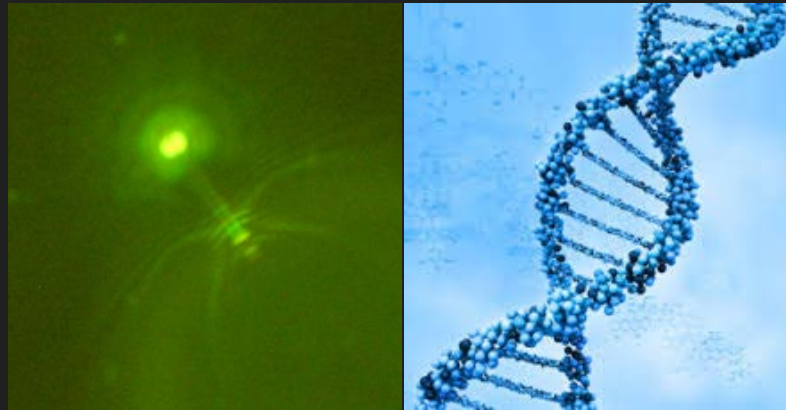


Unveiling the `microbial dark matter` through Single Cell and Virus Genomics



Manuel Martínez-García
m.martinez@ua.es

Òscar Fornas, Francisco Martínez, Mónica Lluesma-Gómez, Josefa Antón Botella, Manuel Martínez-García



Deep Underground Laboratory Integrated
Activity in biology (DULIA-bio)

Index

1. What is the `microbial dark matter` and why is important?
2. New approaches to unveil the `microbial dark matter`: Single Cell and Virus Genomics
3. Deciphering the genome of new, uncultured viruses

≈80 % of the mass of the universe is made up of material that scientist cannot directly observe=Dark matter



From...<http://microbialdarkmatter.org/>

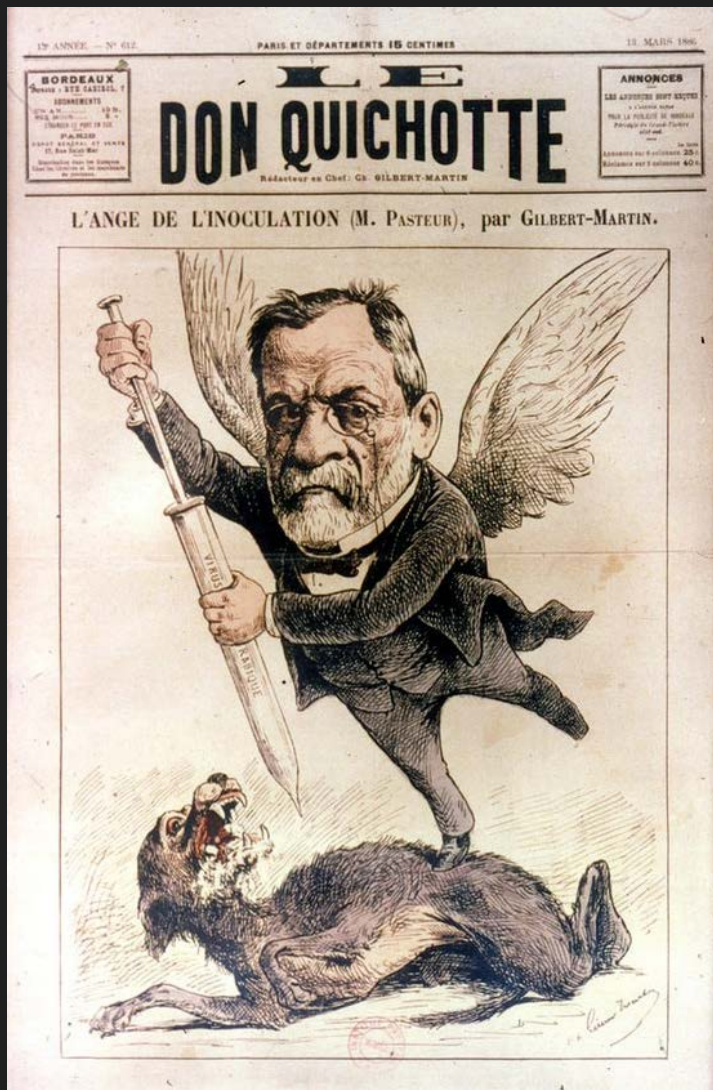
≈99%

WE DO NOT KNOW
WHO WE ARE!!



of microbes in
nature are
UNKNOWN

What is 'microbial dark matter' and why is important



Louis Pasteur



Robert Koch



Culture medium for growing microbes: a brilliant idea in Microbiology (*that...*

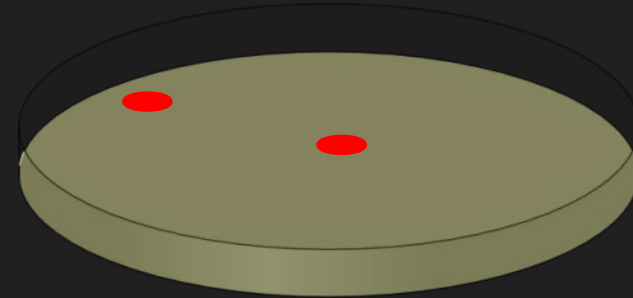
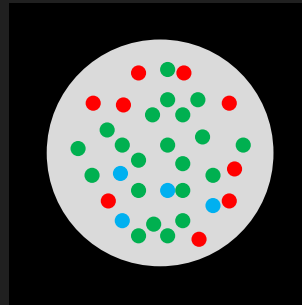
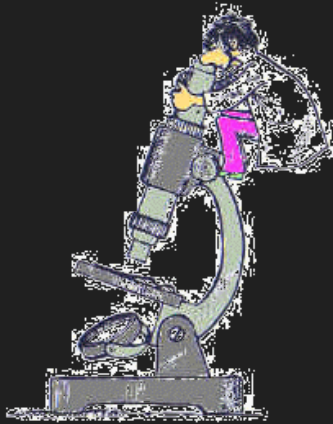
...has biased our view of microbes for many years)

GREAT COUNT PLATE ANOMALY, 1985



Direct observation

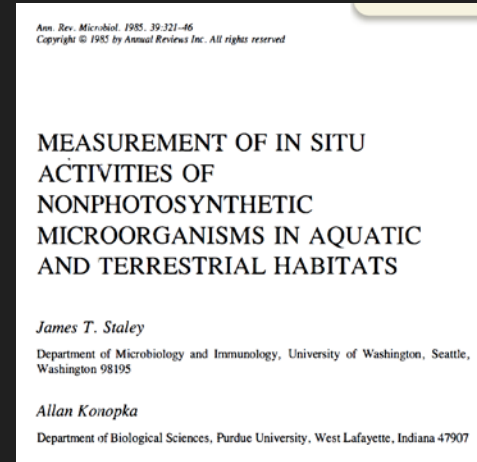
Culture



Counting 200 microorganisms in 0,1 ml of sample:
2000 microorganisms/mL in natural sample

Counting 2 CFU in 0,1 ml of sample
20 microorganisms/mL in natural sample

What is the right data?



Proporción de procariotas cultivables

Hábitat	Cultivables/Totales (%)
Aguas marinas	0.001-0.1
Aguas continentales	0.25
Lagos mesotróficos	0.1-1
Estuarios no contaminados	0.1-3
Lodos activos	1-15
Sedimentos	0.25
Suelos	0.3
Tracto gastrointestinal	10-50

Amann and Scheiffer, 1985

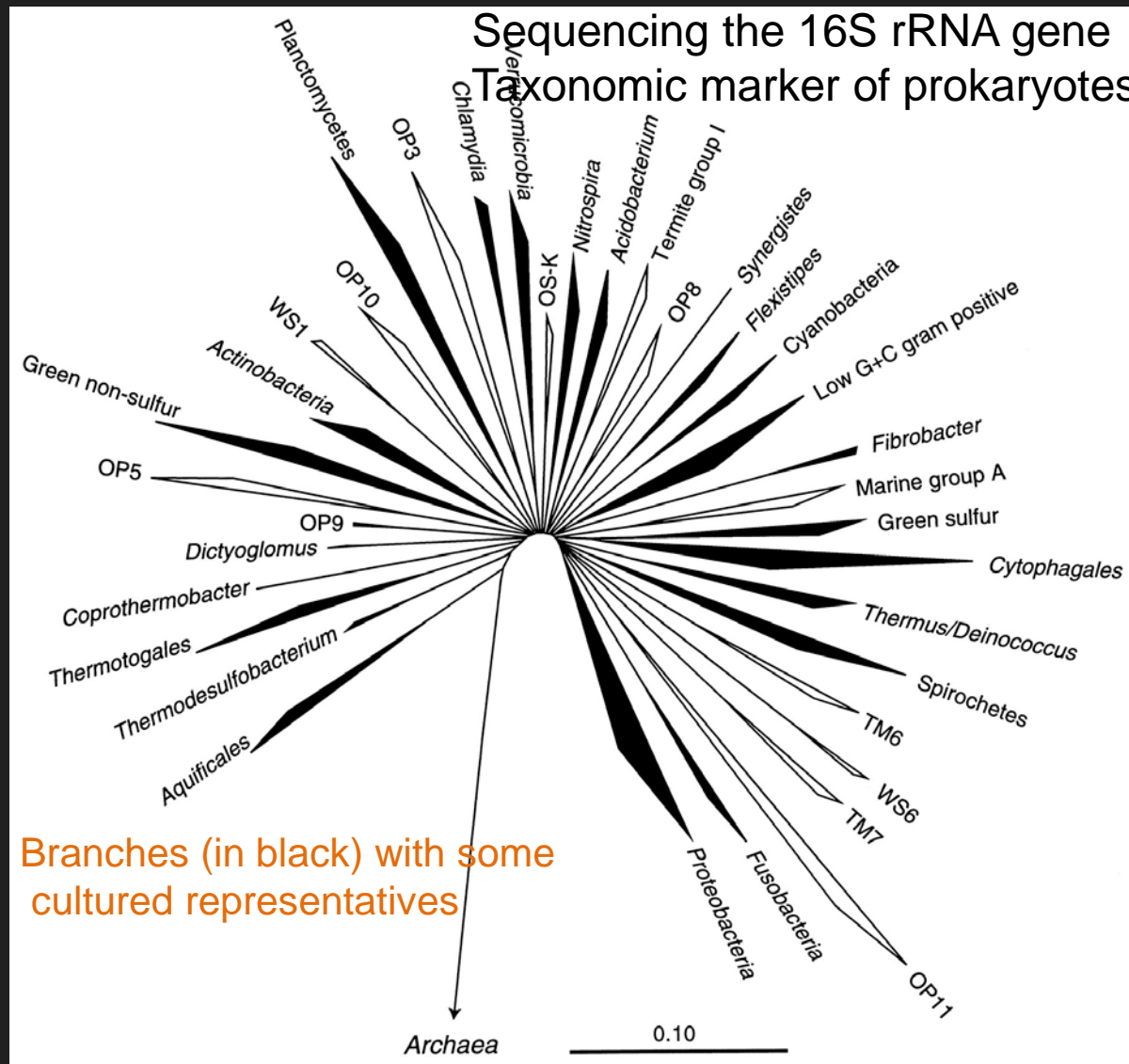
Unfortunately, nowadays we know that most microbes cannot be cultured in the lab

Annu. Rev. Microbiol. 2003. 57:369-94
doi: 10.1146/annurev.micro.57.030502.090759
Copyright © 2003 by Annual Reviews. All rights reserved
First published online as a Review in Advance on July 30, 2003

THE UNCULTURED MICROBIAL MAJORITY

Michael S. Rappé and Stephen J. Giovannoni
Department of Microbiology, Oregon State University, Corvallis, Oregon 97331;
email: michael.rappe@orst.edu; steve.giovannoni@orst.edu





Huge microbial diversity out there to be discovered...

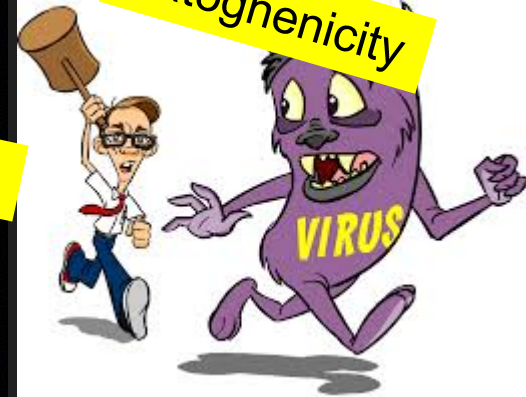
Far from understanding the "whole picture" of bacteria:
role, metabolism, physiology, biological interactions, role in
diseases, etc...etc...etc...

What about Viruses in nature?. Key players in...

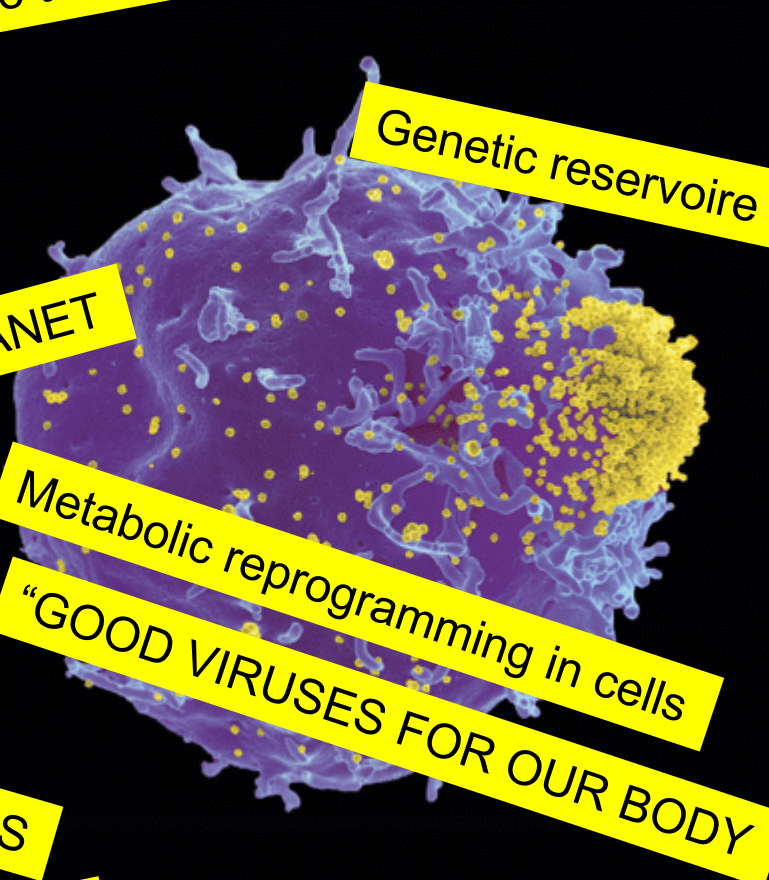
Horizontal gene transfer



Pathogenicity



Genetic reservoir



10³¹ VIRUSES IN OUR PLANET

Metabolic reprogramming in cells

"GOOD VIRUSES FOR OUR BODY"



Biogeochemical cycles

EVOLUTION OF CELLS

RESERVOIRE OF C, P AND N

Kubinak et al. 2012

Emerging view of the human virome

KRISTINE M. WYLIE, GEORGE M. WEINSTOCK, and GREGORY A. STORCH
ST. LOUIS, MO

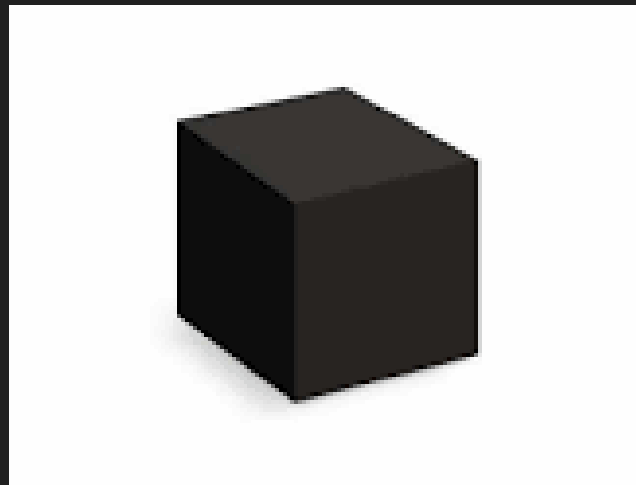
VIRUSES SHAPE EVERY CELL OF THIS WORLD



Deep subsurface microbiology: a guide to the research topic papers

Andreas Teske^{1*}, *Jennifer F. Biddle*², *Virginia P. Edgcomb*³ and *Axel Schippers*⁴

(almost) **EVERYTHING**

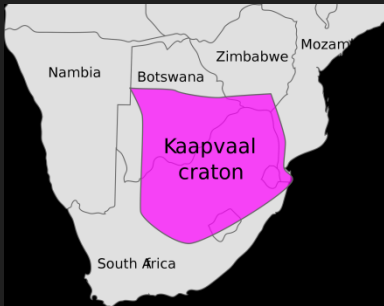


A few things we know about viruses in deep subsurface

Table 1 | Summary of previous work on viral abundance, activity, and diversity in various environments of the deep subsurface biosphere, deep ocean, and sediments.

Environment	Work on viruses to date	Reference
Surface marine sediments	High viral production in benthic ecosystems; may be responsible for up to 80% of cell mortality, thus releasing large amounts of carbon through the "viral shunt." Viral diversity in sediments is fairly high, and showed a higher incidence of lysogenic than lytic phages	Danovaro et al. (2008), Middelboe et al. (2006), Siem-Jørgensen et al. (2008), Breitbart et al. (2004)
Deep sediments	Viral and bacterial abundance and production decrease exponentially with depth in sediments, up to 96 mbsf Mitomycin C experiments revealed that 46% of isolates contained inducible prophage	Middelboe et al. (2011), Bird et al. (2001), Engelhardt et al. (2011)
Deep basalt	None known	
Deep granitic groundwater	Viruses are present and correlated with bacterial abundance (ratio of ~10:1), similar to many surface environments	Kyle et al. (2008)
Diffuse flow hydrothermal fluid	Lysogeny appears to be a dominant lifestyle among vent viruses; viruses in diffuse flow are capable of infecting a wide range of hosts across domains and thermal regimes	Williamson et al. (2008), Anderson et al. (2011)
Cold seeps/methane hydrates	Viral activity and abundance vary among seeps, with a virus to prokaryote ratio ranging between relatively low (<0.1) to relatively high (66.36)	Middelboe et al. (2006), Kellogg (2010)
Deep-water column	Viral abundance generally tracks bacterial abundance, but the virus:cell ratio at depth varies. In some areas, the ratio increases with depth Metagenomic work characterizing viral diversity found most viral sequences had matches to bacteriophages in the <i>Podo-</i> , <i>Sipho-</i> , and <i>Myoviridae</i> , with a few hits to eukaryotic sequences	Hara et al. (1996), Parada et al. (2007), Steward and Preston (2011)





3.15 Km deep fracture water of the Kaapvaal Craton, South Africa

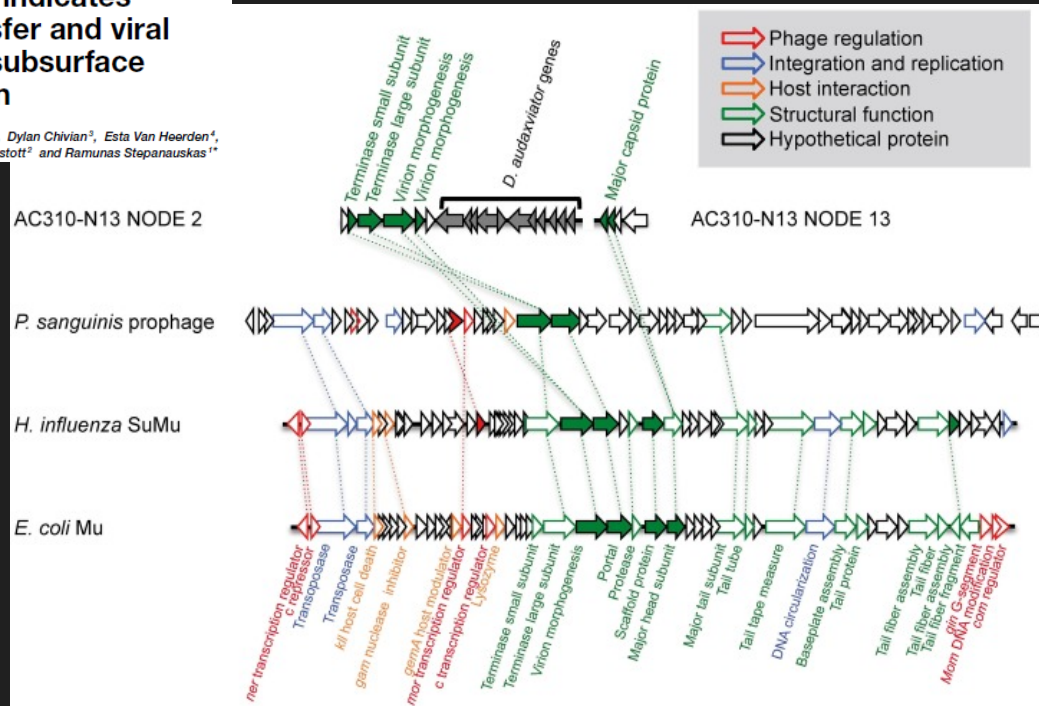
low microbial abundance ($8000 \text{ cells mL}^{-1}$),
elevated pH (8–9)

temperature (48–49°C)

high reductive potential (340–370 mV)

Single cell genomics indicates horizontal gene transfer and viral infections in a deep subsurface Firmicutes population

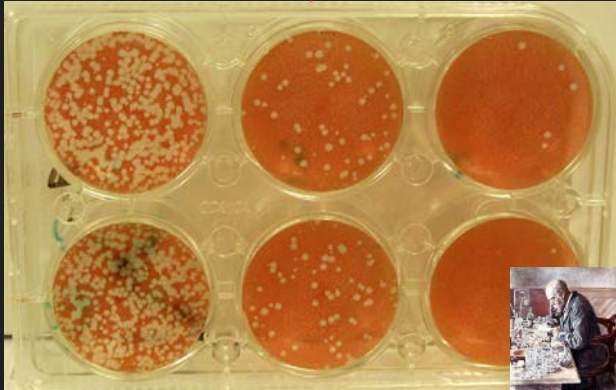
Jessica M. Labonté¹, Erin K. Field¹, Maggie Lau², Dylan Chivian³, Esta Van Heerden⁴, K. Eric Wommack⁴, Thomas L. Kieft⁴, Tullis C. Onstott⁵ and Ramunas Stepanauskas^{1*}





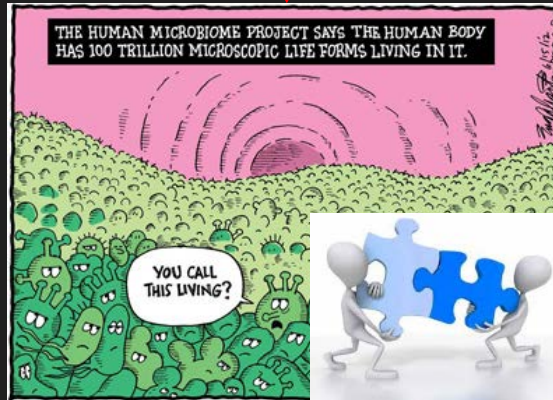
sample

Recovering the genetic information of microbes



CULTURE

99% OF PROKARYOTES DO NOT GROW IN CULTURE



METAGENOMICS

POWERFUL APPROACH TO GET THAT 99% OF UNKNOWN GENETIC INFORMATION

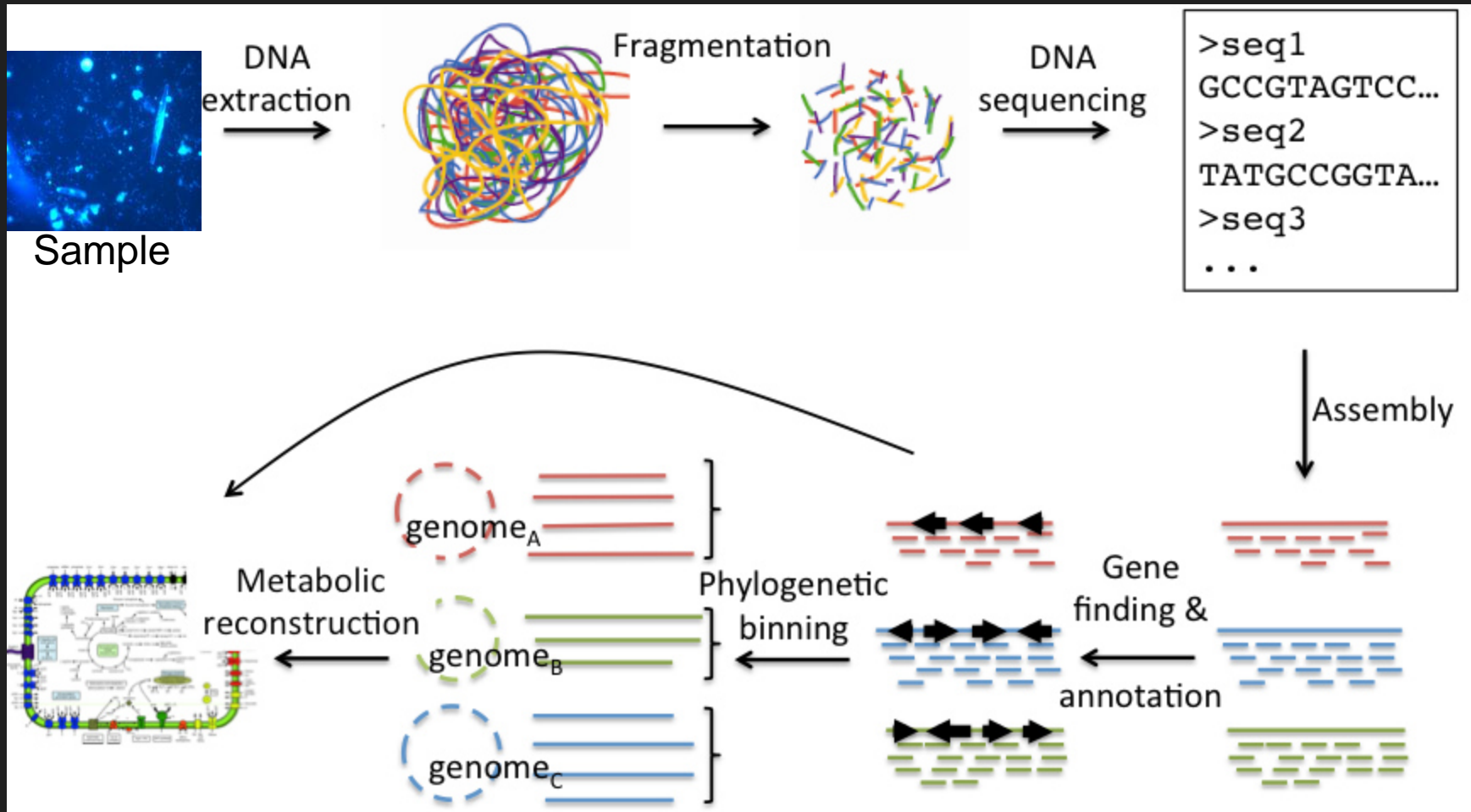


BUT DATA IS LARGELY FRAGMENTED INTO SMALL PIECES AND HAS TO BE RECOMPOSED (GENOME ASSEMBLY...ETC...)

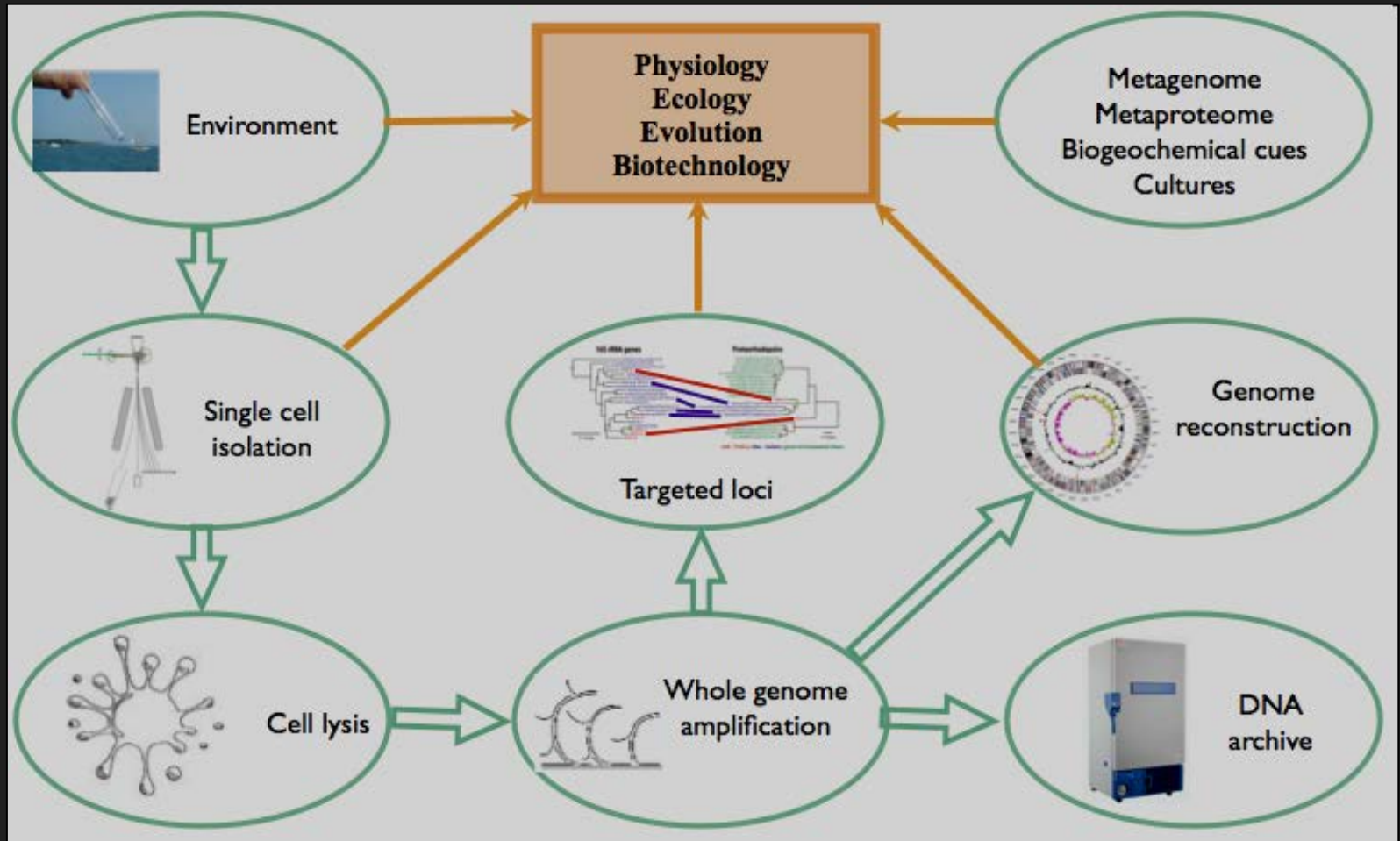


SINGLE CELL AND VIRUS GENOMICS

METAGENOMICS

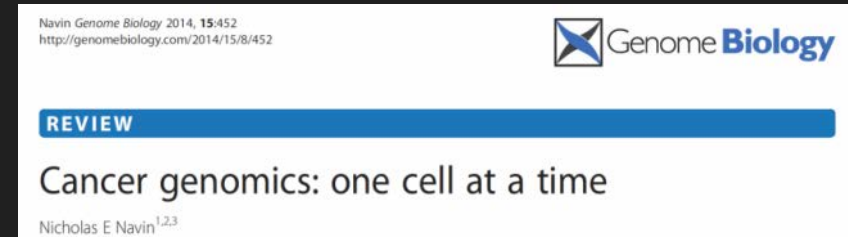
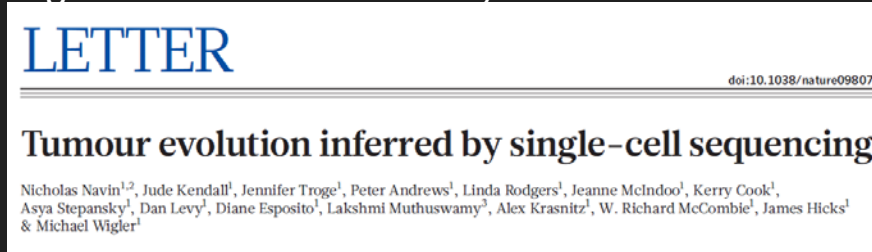


Single Cell Genomics

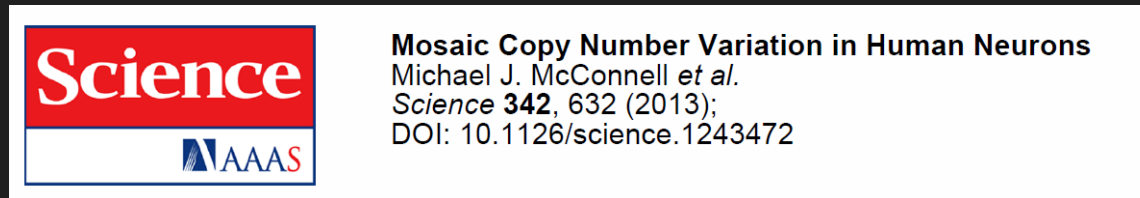


What is Single Cell Technologies?: experimental approaches (Genomics, Proteomics, etc...) applied at the level of single cells, rather than at the level of an entire cell population

Investigation of clonal diversity in cancer: are all cells genetically identical in a tumour?



Role of genetic mosaicism in the biology of multicellular organisms: chimera



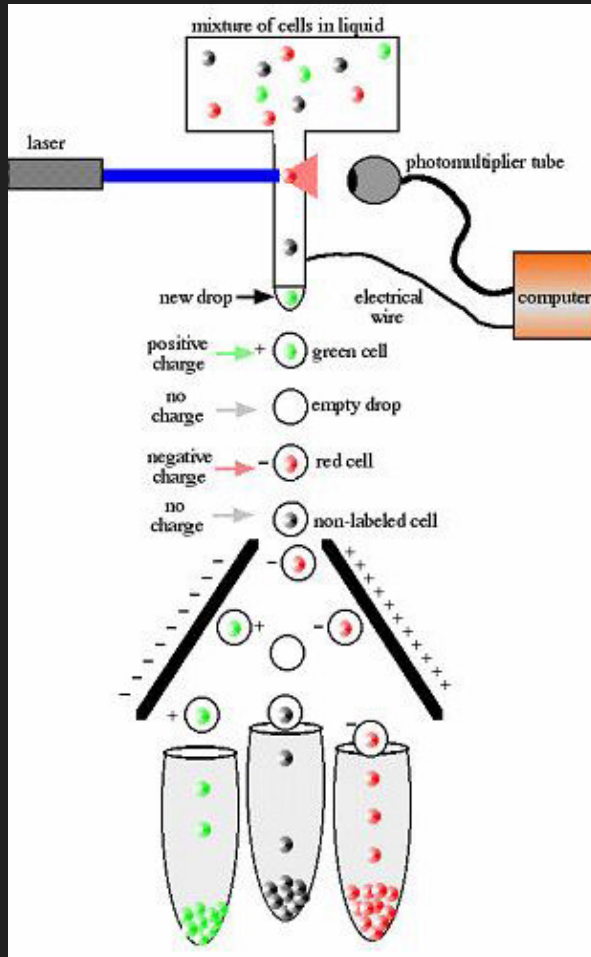
Genomic variation in gamete and embryos



Just some examples!!!!...

Single cell genomics, a bloom in Science in all fields!!!!

Everything starts with just a single cell



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com
 ELSEVIER SciVerse ScienceDirect
 Current Opinion in Biotechnology

Microfluidics for single cell analysis
 Huabing Yin¹ and Damian Marshall²

to elution channel

to waste outlet

valve

chamber

bypass channels

column valve

side channels

100 μm

elution nozzle

row multiplexer valves

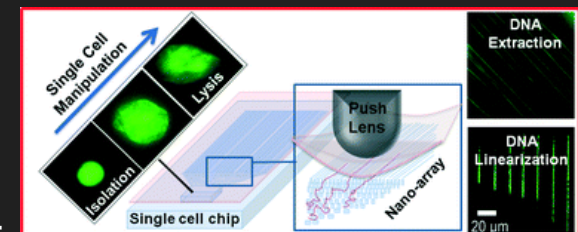
peristaltic pump

reagent inlets

LabonaChip

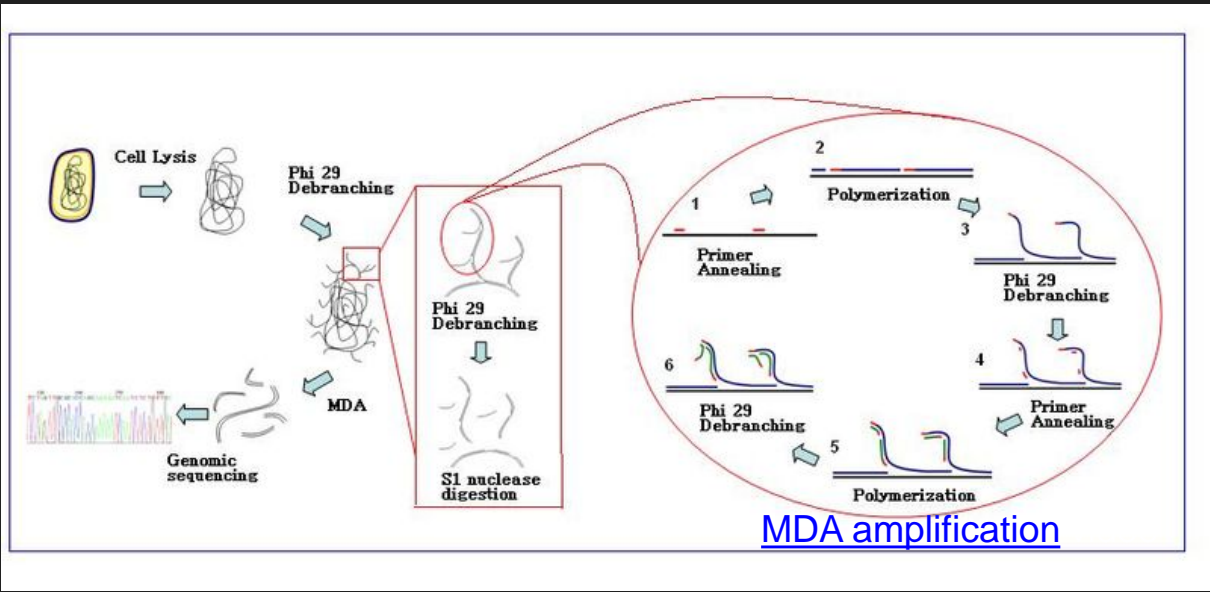
Leung K et al. PNAS 2012;109:7665-7670

Fluorescence Activated Cell Sorting VS Micro- and Nano-fluidics



(So far) Whole genome amplification (WGA) is needed

- WGA Methods:
- MDA (sensiphi)
 - MDA+PrimPol
 - MIDAS
 - MALBAC
 - PicoPLEX
 - DOE-PCR



Uniform and accurate single-cell sequencing based on emulsion whole-genome amplification

Yusi Fu^a, Chunmei Li^a, Sijia Lu^{b,1}, Wenxiong Zhou^a, Fuchou Tang^{a,c}, X. Sunney Xie^{a,b,2}, and Yanyi Huang^{a,c,d,2}

^aBiodynamic Optical Imaging Center, School of Life Sciences, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China; ^bDepartment of Chemistry and Chemical Biology, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA 02138; ^cPeking-Tsinghua Center for Life Sciences, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China; and ^dCollege of Engineering, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China

Contributed by X. Sunney Xie, July 28, 2015 (sent for review June 7, 2015; reviewed by Luke P. Lee)

nature biotechnology

Massively parallel polymerase cloning and genome sequencing of single cells using nanoliter microwells

Jeff Galle, Athanasios Gora, Andrew Richards, Yu-Jui Chiu, Hai-Lin Peng, Diane Bushman, Hsin-I Chiang, Jerald Chou, Yu-Hua Lu & Kun Zhang

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3,694 VIEWS

A Quantitative Comparison of Single-Cell Whole Genome Amplification Methods

Charles F. A. de Bruijn, Inga De Vries, Jid N. Kantar, Jianbin Wang, Charles Gossel, Stephen R. Quake

Published: August 13, 2014 • DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0105585

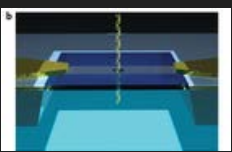
Direct DNA sequencing of single cells vs whole community with nanopores

The diagram shows DNA being sequenced through a nanopore. Part (a) shows a DNA strand passing through a pore in a membrane. Part (b) shows the structure of α -hemolysin. Part (c) shows the structure of MspA. Part (d) shows a Graphene nanopore.

NATURE NANOTECHNOLOGY | ARTICLE

Detecting the translocation of DNA through a nanopore using graphene nanoribbons

F. Traversi, C. Raillon, S. M. Benameur, K. Liu, S. Khybov, M. Tosun, D. Krasnozhan, A. Kis & A. Radenovic



Removing MDA bias

Single Cell Genomics in Aquatic Environments

Prevalent genome streamlining and latitudinal divergence of planktonic bacteria in the surface ocean

Brandon K. Swan¹, Ben Tupper², Alexander Sczyrba³, Federico M. Lauro⁴, Manuel Martinez-Garcia⁵, José M. González⁶, Haiwei Luo⁷, Jody J. Wright⁸, Zachary C. Landry⁹, Niels W. Hansen¹⁰, Brian P. Thompson¹¹, Nicole J. Poulton¹², Patrick Schwintek¹³, Silvia G. Acinas¹⁴, Stephen J. Giovannoni¹⁵, Mary Ann Moran¹⁶, Steven J. Hallam¹⁷, Ricardo Cavicchioli¹⁸, Tanja Woyke¹⁹ and Ramunas Stepanauskas¹

Single-Cell Genomics Reveals Hundreds of Coexisting Subpopulations in Wild *Prochlorococcus*

Nadav Kashtan^{1,2}, Sara E. Roggensack¹, Sébastien Rodrigue^{1,2}, Jessie W. Thompson¹, Steven J. Biller¹, Allison Coe¹, Huiming Ding^{1,3}, Pekka Marttinen¹, Rex R. Malmstrom⁵, Roman Stocker¹, Michael J. Follows⁶, Ramunas Stepanauskas⁷, Sallie W. Chisholm^{1,2,4}

Original Article

The ISME Journal 8, 1440-1451 (July 2014) | doi:10.1038/ismej.2013.24

Single-cell enabled comparative genomics of a deep ocean SAR11 bathytype

J Cameron Thrash, Ben Temperton, Brandon K Swan, Zachary C Landry, Tanja Woyke, Edward F DeLong, Ramunas Stepanauskas and Stephan J Giovannoni

SHORT COMMUNICATION

Single-cell genomics shedding light on marine Thaumarchaeota diversification

Haiwei Luo¹, Bradley B Tolar¹, Brandon K Swan², Chuanlun L Zhang^{1,3}, Ramunas Stepanauskas², Mary Ann Moran¹ and James T Hollibaugh¹
¹Department of Marine Sciences, University of Georgia, Athens, GA, USA; ²Bigelow Laboratory for Ocean Sciences, East Boothbay, ME, USA and ³State Key Laboratory of Marine Geology, Tongji University, Shanghai, China

OPEN ACCESS Freely available online

PLOS ONE

Genomic and Metabolic Diversity of Marine Group I Thaumarchaeota in the Mesopelagic of Two Subtropical Gyres

Brandon K. Swan¹, Mark D. Chaffin^{1,2}, Manuel Martinez-Garcia³, Hilary G. Morrison⁴, Erin K. Field¹, Nicole J. Poulton¹, E. Dashiell P. Masland¹, Christopher C. Harris¹, Alexander Sczyrba⁵, Patrick S. G. Chain^{6,7}, Sergey Koren^{8,9}, Tanja Woyke⁷, Ramunas Stepanauskas¹

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

eLIFE

Ecology and evolution of viruses infecting uncultivated SUP05 bacteria as revealed by single-cell- and meta- genomics

Simon Roux, Alyse K Hawley, Monica Torres Beltran, Melanie Scofield, Patrick Schwintek, Ramunas Stepanauskas, Tanja Woyke, Steven J Hallam, Matthew B Sullivan



Single-Cell Genomics Reveals Organismal Interactions in Uncultivated Marine Protists
Hwan Su Yoon *et al.*
Science 332, 714 (2011);
DOI: 10.1126/science.1203163

Single cell genome analysis of an uncultured heterotrophic stramenopile

Rajat S. Ray^{1,2}, Dana C. Price², Alexander Schliep^{1,2}, Guohong Cai¹, Alexander Sczyrba^{1,2,4}, Hwan Su Yoon¹, Eun Chan Yang³ & Debashish Bhattacharya¹

MAST4

© 2011 International Society for Microbial Ecology. All rights reserved 1751-7362/11 www.nature.com/ismej

SHORT COMMUNICATION

Unveiling *in situ* interactions between marine protists and bacteria through single cell sequencing

Manuel Martinez-Garcia¹, David Brazel^{1,2}, Nicole J Poulton¹, Brandon K Swan¹, Monica Lluésma Gomez¹, Dashiell Masland¹, Michael E Sieracki¹ and Ramunas Stepanauskas¹

¹Single Cell Genomics Center, Bigelow Laboratory for Ocean Sciences, West Boothbay Harbor, ME, USA and ²Colby College, Waterville, ME, USA

Potential for Chemolithoautotrophy Among Ubiquitous Bacteria Lineages in the Dark Ocean

Brandon K. Swan¹, Manuel Martinez-Garcia¹, Christina M. Preston², Alexander Sczyrba³, Tanja Woyke³, Dominique Lamy⁴, Thomas Reinthaler⁴, Nicole J. Poulton¹, E. Dashiell P. Masland¹, Monica Lluésma Gomez¹, Michael E. Sieracki¹, Edward F. DeLong⁵, Gerhard J. Herndl⁴, Ramunas Stepanauskas¹

Just some examples...

Bacterial Single Cell Genomics in Human



CSH PRESS GENOME RESEARCH Seven Bridges

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Genome of the pathogen *Porphyromonas gingivalis* recovered from a biofilm in a hospital sink using a high-throughput single-cell genomics platform

OPEN ACCESS Freely available online PLoS one

The "Most Wanted" Taxa from the Human Microbiome for Whole Genome Sequencing

Anthony A. Fodor¹, Todd Z. DeSantis², Kristine M. Wylie³, Jonathan H. Badger⁴, Yuzhen Ye⁵, Theresa Hepburn⁶, Ping Hu⁷, Erica Sodergren⁸, Konstantinos Liolios⁸, Heather Huot-Creasy⁹, Bruce W. Birren⁶, Ashlee M. Earl^{6*}

McLean and Lasken Genome Medicine 2014, 6:108
http://genomemedicine.com/content/6/1/108

Genome Medicine

COMMENT

Single cell genomics of bacterial pathogens: outlook for infectious disease research

Jeffrey S. McLean^{1,2*} and Roger S. Lasken²

nature REVIEWS GENETICS

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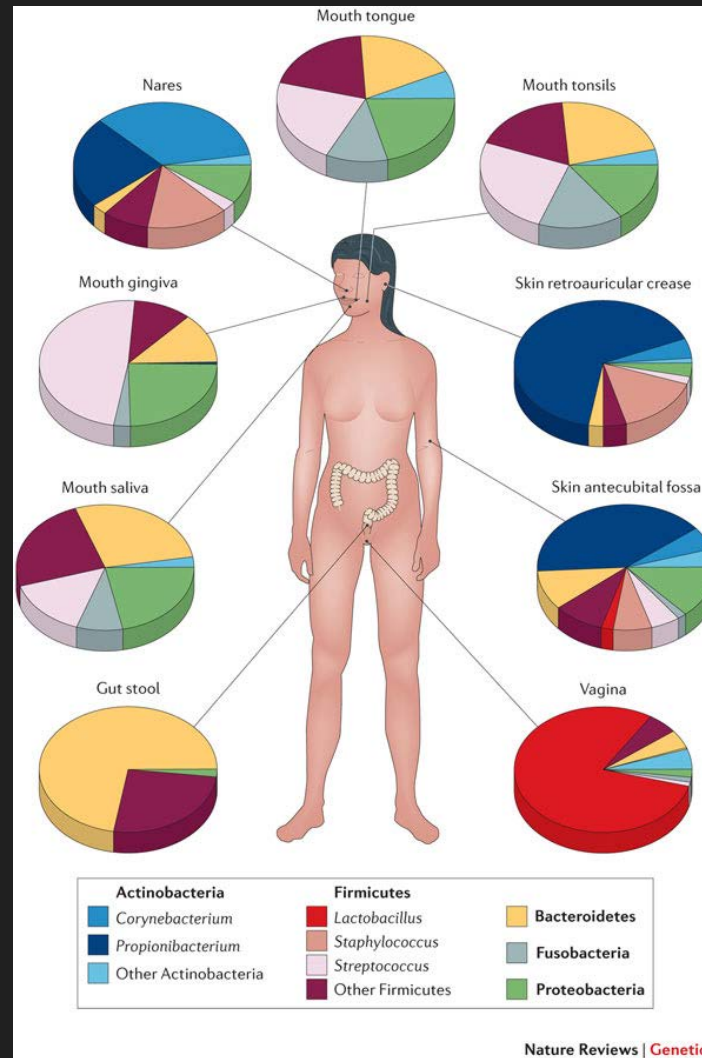
NATURE REVIEWS | GENETICS | PROGRESS

ARTICLE SERIES: Applications of next-generation sequencing

Recent advances in genomic DNA sequencing of microbial species from single cells

Roger S. Lasken & Jeffrey S. McLean

Affiliations * Corresponding author



45 uncultured 'bacterial species', out of 100 most wanted taxa from the Human Microbiome, have been sequenced through Single Cell Genomics

Some of my contributions to Single cell Genomics in Aquatic Environments



nature COMMUNICATIONS

ARTICLE

Received 27 Jan 2014 | Accepted 27 Jun 2014 | Published xx xxx 2014

DOI: 10.1038/ncomms5542

Unveiling viral-host interactions within the 'microbial dark matter'

Manuel Martínez-García^{1,*,} Fernando Santos^{1,*,} Mercedes Moreno-Paz^{2,} Victor Parro² & Josefa Antón¹

Science The World's Leading Journal of Original Scientific Research, Global News, and Commentary.

Science 2 September 2011
Vol. 333 no. 6047 pp. 1296-1300
DOI: 10.1126/science.1200890

Abstract

Full Text

Figures Only

Supporting Online

REPORT

Potential for Chemolithoautotrophy Among Ubiquitous Bacteria in the Dark Ocean



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Multidisciplinary Journal of Microbial Ecology

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Received 18 March 2011; Revised 3 May 2011; Accepted 4 May 2011; Published online 20 June 2011

Original Article

Subject Category: [Integrated Genomics and Post-Genomics Approaches in Microbial Ecology](#)

High-throughput single-cell sequencing identifies phototrophic and chemoautotrophic bacterioplankton

Manuel Martínez-García¹, Brandon K Swain¹, Nicole J Poulton¹, Luessma Gomez¹, Dashiell Masland¹, Michael E Sieracki¹ and Ramunas Stepanauskas^{1*}

¹Regina Laboratory for Ocean Sciences, West Boothby Harbor, ME, USA

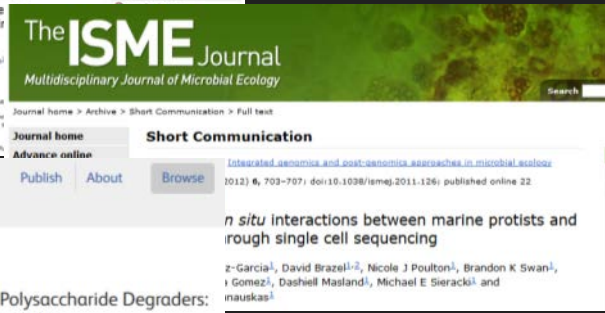
Correspondence: R. Stepanauskas, Single Cell Genomics Center, Regina Sciences, 400 Box 478, 1400 Highway Plant Road, West Boothby Harbor, ME, USA
E-mail: stepanauskas@regina.edu

Received 18 March 2011; Revised 3 May 2011; Accepted 4 May 2011; Published online 20 June 2011

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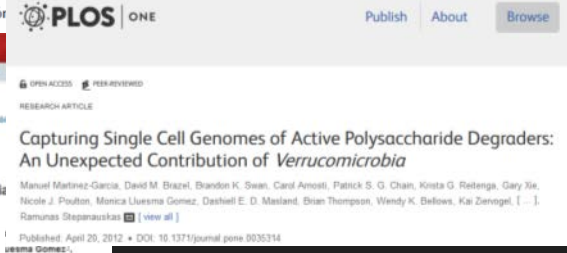
Integrated Genomics and Post-Genomics Approaches in Microbial Ecology

2012 | 6, 703-707 | doi:10.1038/ismej.2011.126 | published online 22

Short Communication

In situ interactions between marine protists and rough single cell sequencing

z-García¹, David Brazel^{1,2}, Nicola J Poulton¹, Brandon K Swain¹, Luessma Gomez¹, Dashiell Masland¹, Michael E Sieracki¹ and Ramunas Stepanauskas^{1*}



PLOS ONE

OPEN ACCESS | PEER-REVIEWED

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Capturing Single Cell Genomes of Active Polysaccharide Degraders: An Unexpected Contribution of *Verrucomicrobia*

Manuel Martínez-García, David M Brazel, Brandon K Swain, Carol Amstutz, Patrick S. G. Chan, Krista G. Relenge, Gary Xie, Nicole J. Poulton, Monica Luessma Gomez, Dashiell E. D. Masland, Brian Thompson, Wendy K. Bellows, Kai Zengvel, [...] Ramunas Stepanauskas [view all]

Published: April 20, 2012 • DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0036314

Luessma Gomez,



NAS

Prevalent genome streamlining and latitudinal divergence of planktonic bacteria in the surface ocean

Brandon K. Swain¹, Ben Tupper², Alexander Szczyrba³, Federico M. Lauro⁴, Manuel Martínez-García⁵, José M. González⁶, Haiwei Luo⁷, Jody J. Wright⁸, Zachary C. Landry⁹, Niels W. Hanson¹, Brian P. Thompson¹, Nicole J. Poulton¹, Patrick Schwientek¹, Silvia G. Acinas¹⁰, Stephen J. Giovannoni¹¹, Mary Ann Moran¹², Steven J. Hallam¹³, Ricardo Cavicholi¹⁴, Tanja Woyke¹⁵, and Ramunas Stepanauskas^{1*}

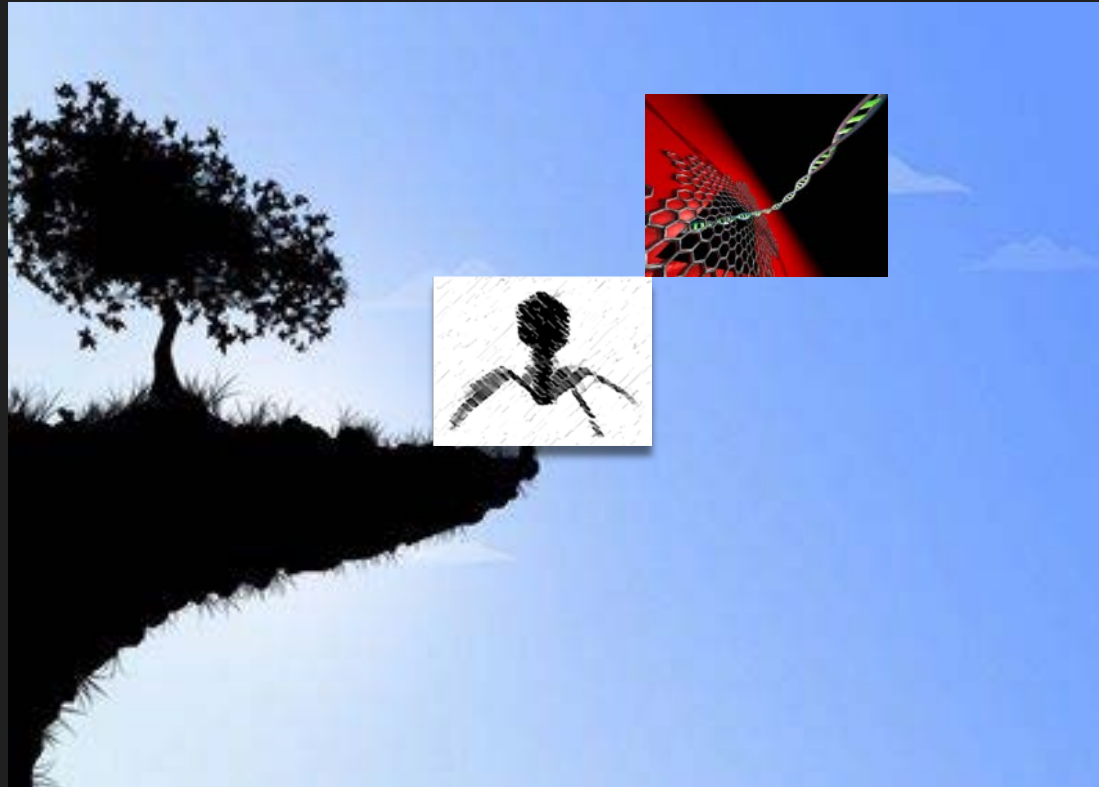


On-going projects in the lab

3. Single Virus Genomics: deciphering the genome of new, uncultured viruses

Can we unveil the genome from just a single virus particle separated from biological samples?

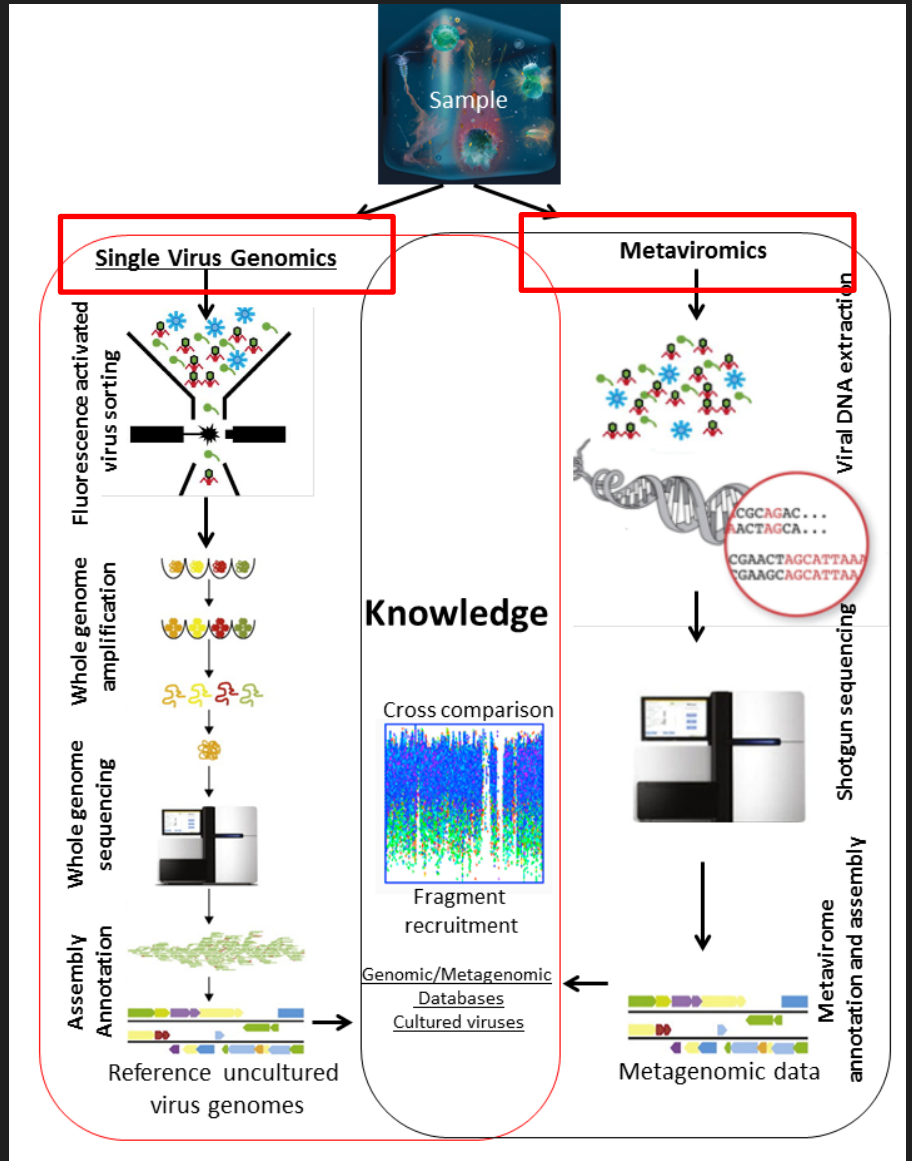
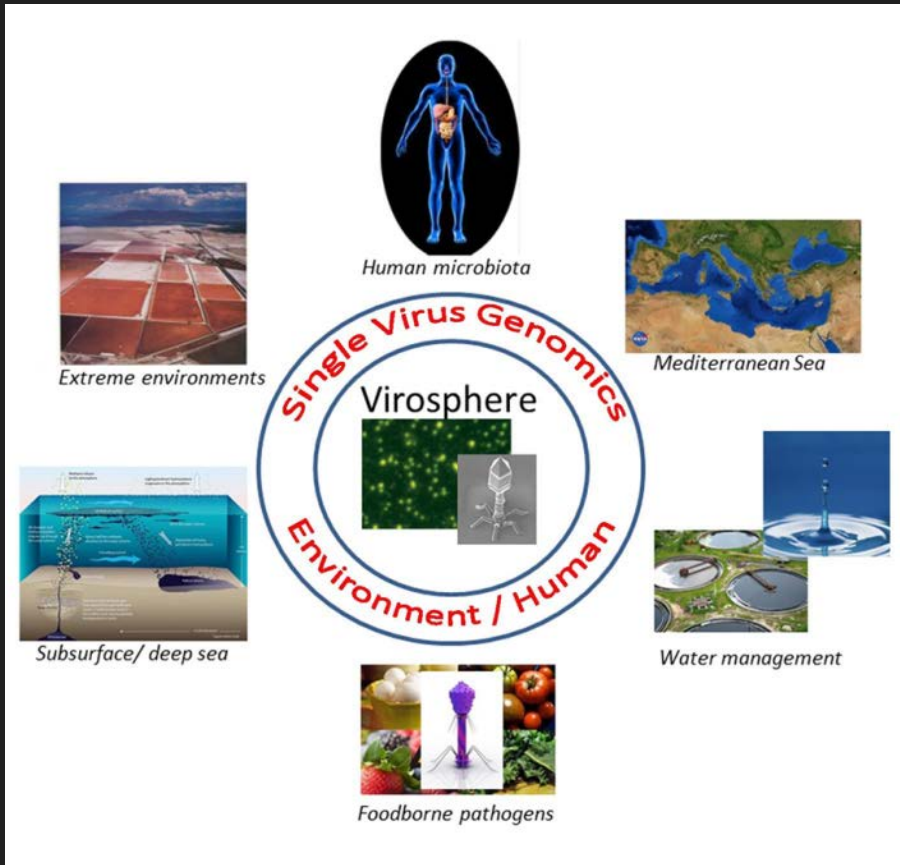
3. Deciphering the genome of new, uncultured viruses: Single Virus Genomics



NGS of genetic material extracted from a single viral particle directly sorted out from the sample without the need of culturing the host nor the virus

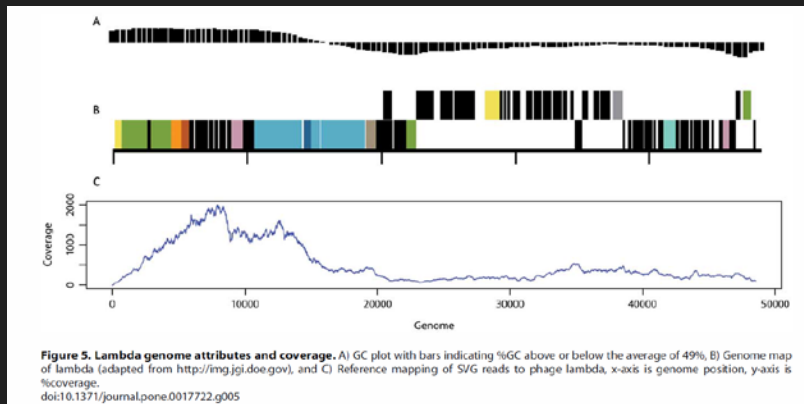
Rationale of Single Virus Genomics (SVG) The most widespread and abundant viral populations in nature lack cultured representative!! (Brum et al., 2015; Science)
SVG is a new way to deliver reference genomes of these predominant viruses

Single virus Genomics



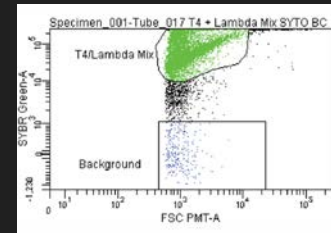
POWER

=Metagenomics+Single Cell Genomics



Single Virus Genomics: A New Tool for Virus Discovery

Lisa Zeigler Allen^{1,2}, Thomas Ishoey¹, Mark A. Novotny¹, Jeffrey S. McLean¹, Roger S. Lasken¹, Shannon J. Williamson^{1*}



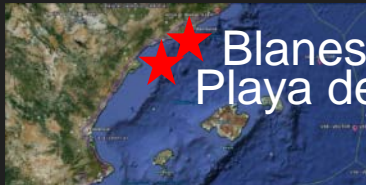
AIMS OF OUR PROJECT...

1

- Set up and optimization of the multidisciplinary technology to perform SVG in natural biological samples

2

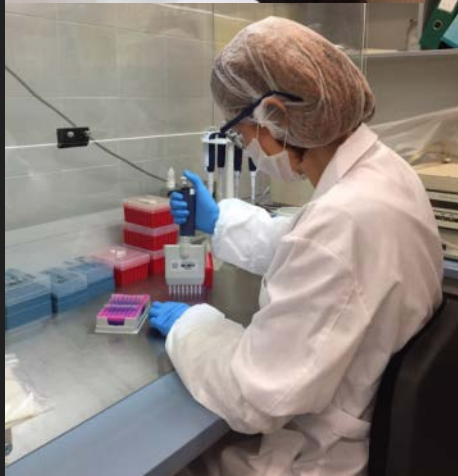
- NGS of uncultured reference viruses from aquatic and human (micro-) environments by SVG



Blanes Microbiological Observatory (oligotrophic) Playa de la Barceloneta



Francisco Martinez (PhD student)



Mónica Llesma (Assistant Researcher)



Influx (BD)
"State of the art"

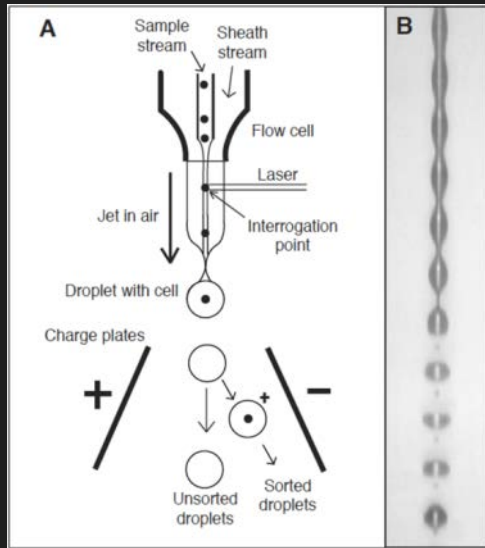
me...

Dr. Oscar Fornas



M^a Jose de la Cruz



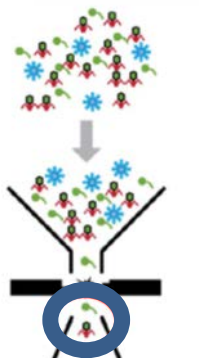


1

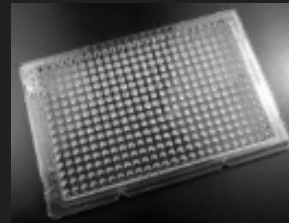
virus

1. SYBRGold staining

2

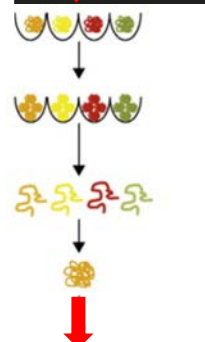


2. Sorting of single viruses by flow cytometry



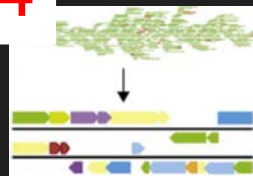
1 virus in each well

3



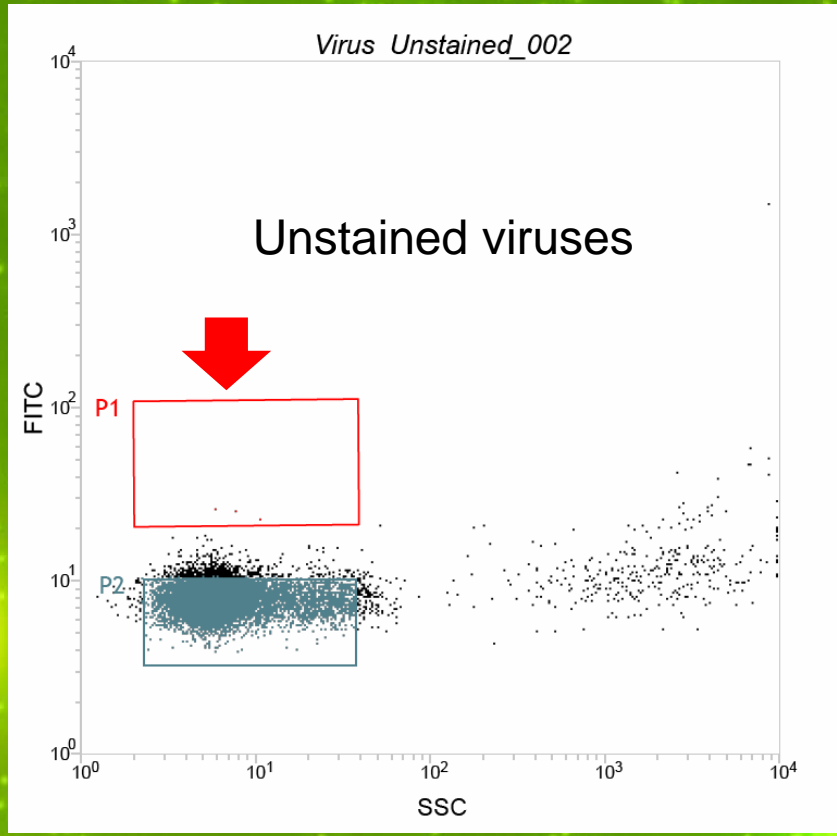
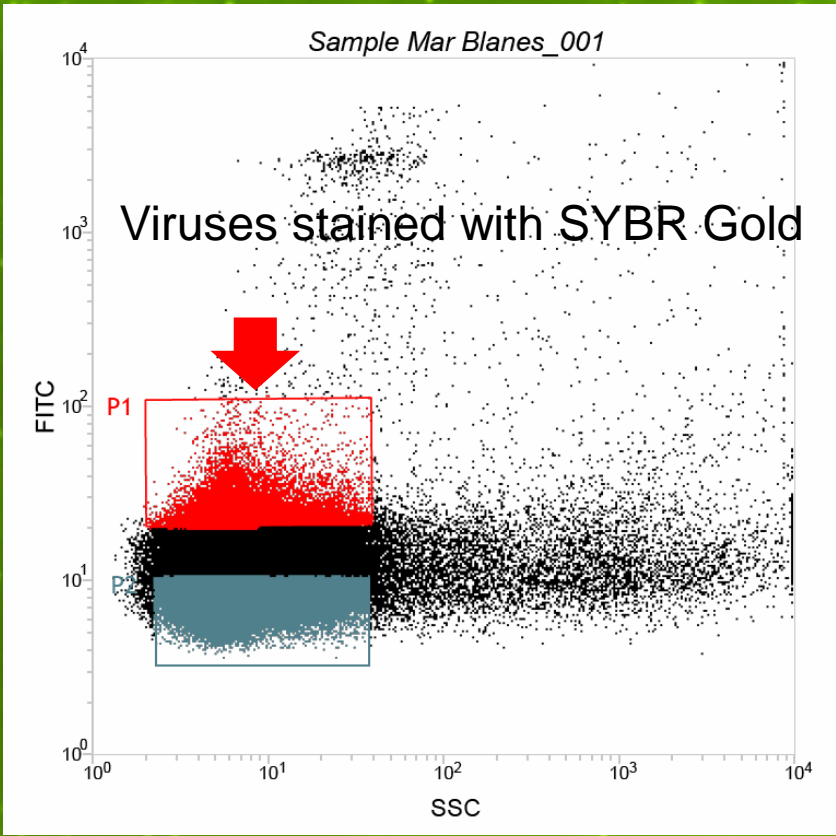
3. "Lysis" of the capsid and whole genome amplification

4



4. Pre-screening of viral genes and NGS of viral genomes

Sorting of single viruses by flow cytometry



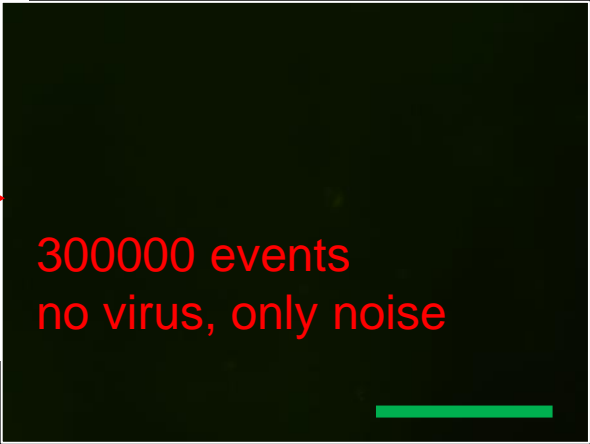
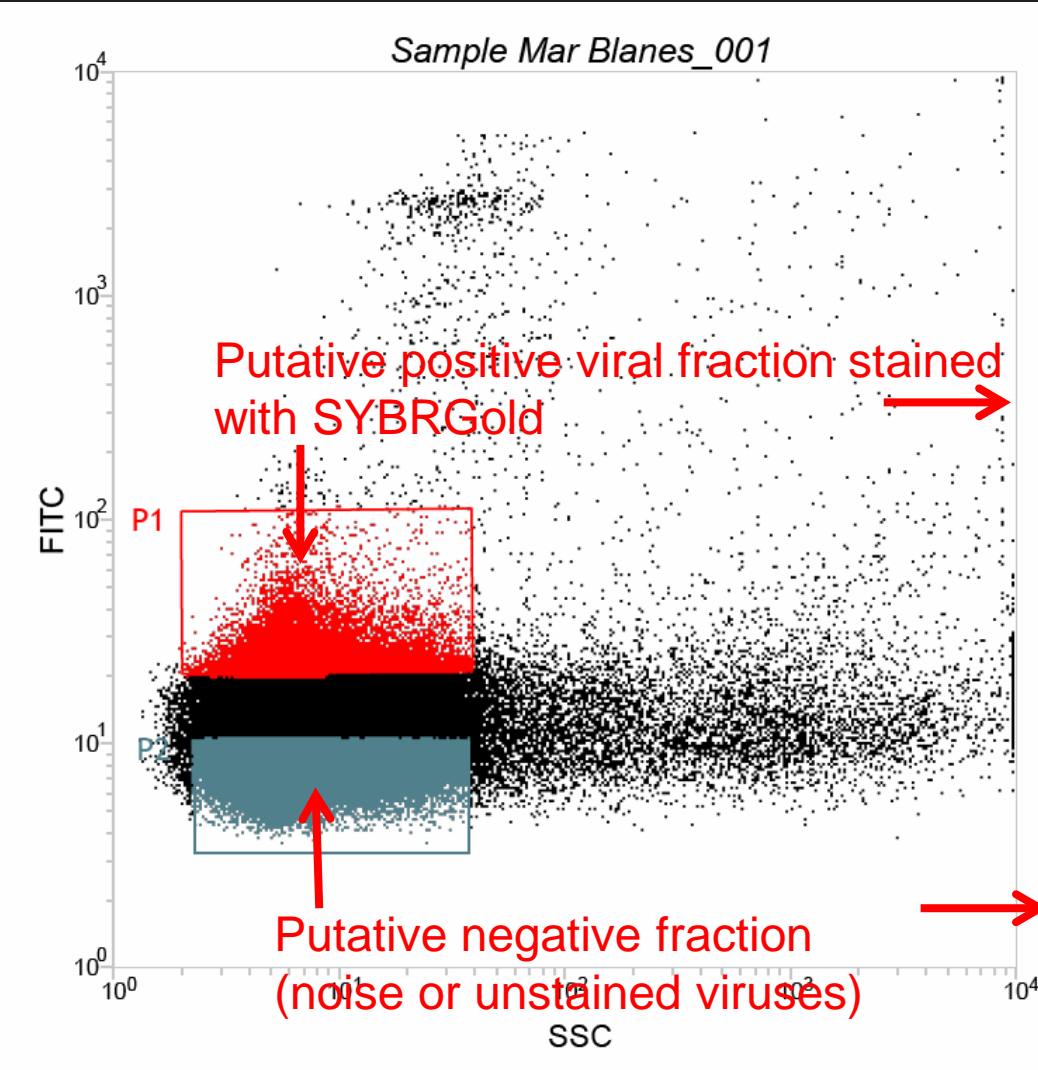
Viral sample (0.22 um pre-filtered)

Blank



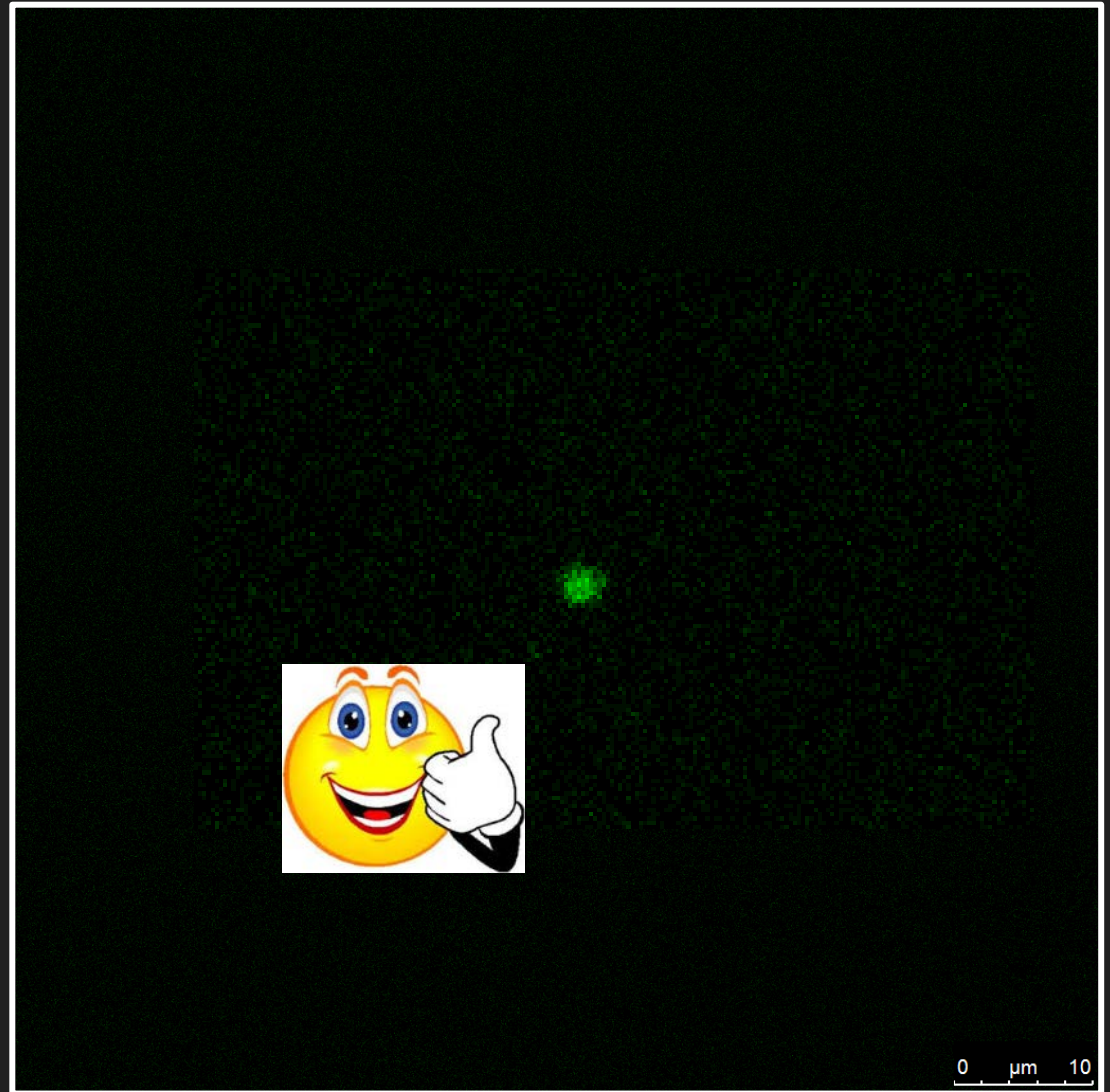
Fluorescence microscopy of viral sample before entering in the Influx

Super-Resolution and confocal Microscopy of sorted viruses



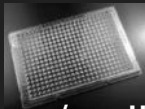
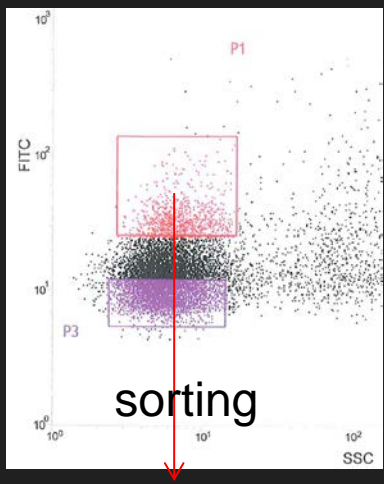
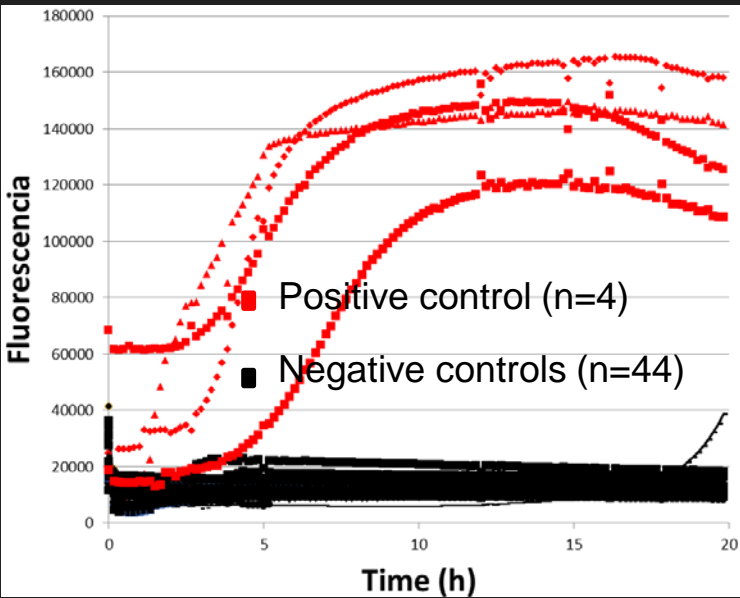
Sorting of a single virus: STED Microscopy

Leica TCS SP5 STED (CRG, Barcelona)



QC that sorting of single viruses is feasible and reliable

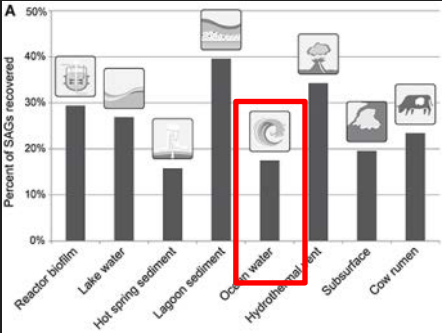
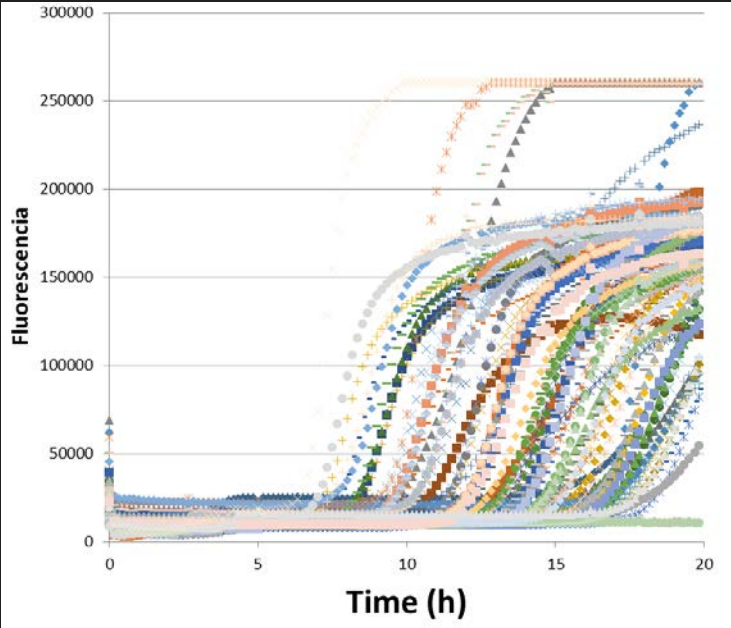
Real time amplification of genetic material from single viruses (real time MDA)



1 virus/well

≈15-55% single viruses were whole genome amplified

No contamination with bacteria (no amplification for gen rRNA 16S)

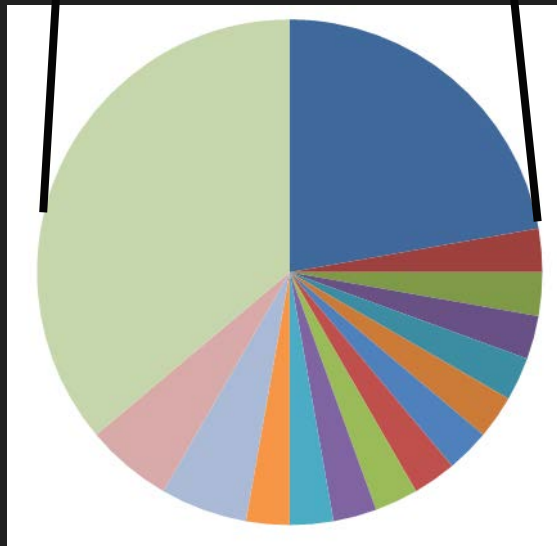
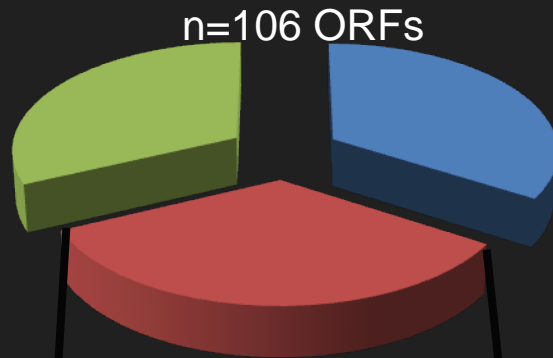
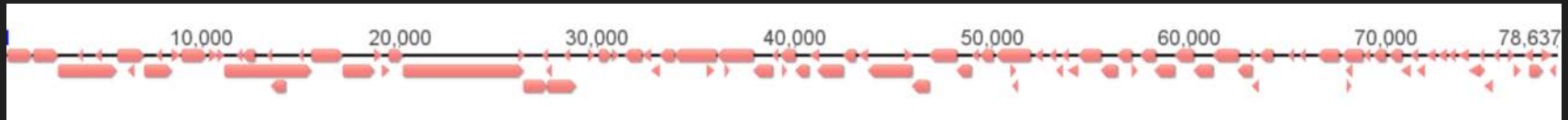


15 new viral genomes

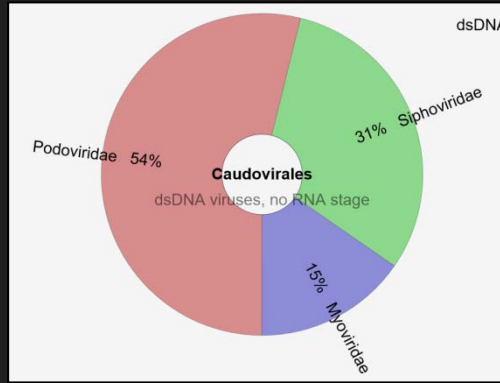
Genome size 11-78 Kbp (in the typical range size for marine viruses)
GC 35.5%

Virus 17_C23 (78637 bp)

Closest virus in Genbank: an uncultured Mediterranean phage

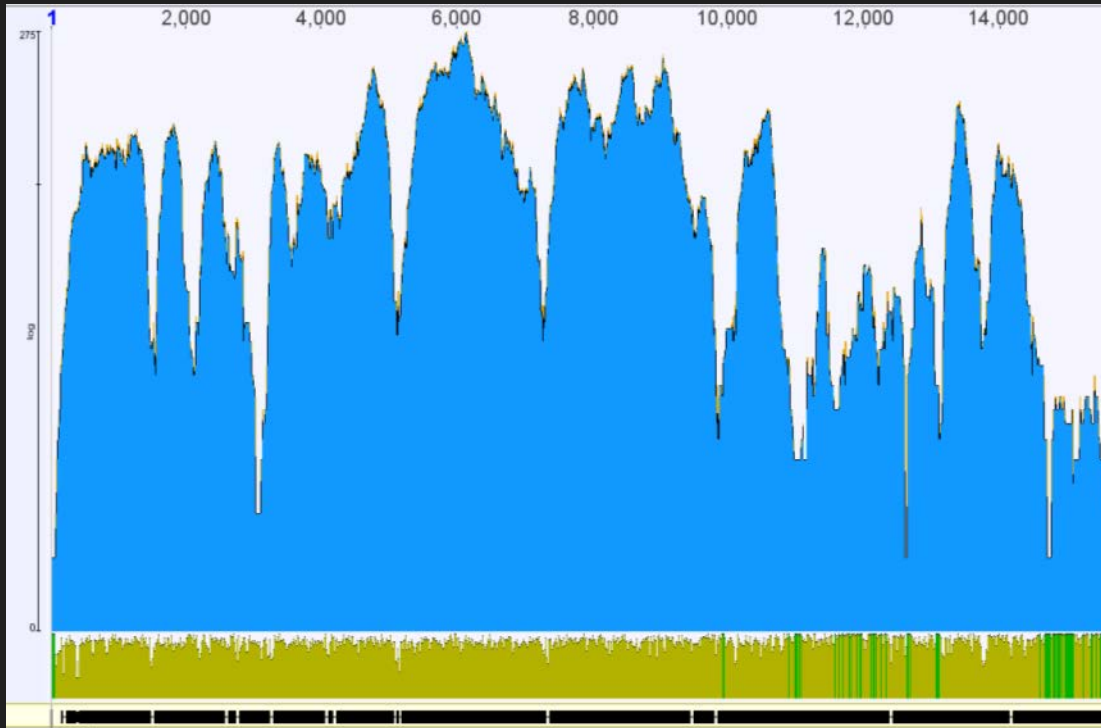


- No hit in Genbank database "nr"
- Proteins with known function
- Hypothetical conserved viral proteins



- tail phage, portal protein and structural proteins [Vibrio phages phi 3 pVp-1]
 - DNA primase Salmonella phage Shivani
 - DNA polymerase Escherichia phage vB_EcoS_FFH1
 - DNA ligase Acidaminococcus sp. CAG:917
 - DNA endonuclease V Synechococcus phage Syn19
 - UV damage repair endonuclease [Cronobacter sakazakii]
 - type III restriction protein res subunit [Desulfovibrio frigidus]
 - putative resolvase [Bacillus phage Bp8p-C]
 - putative replicative DNA helicase [Vibrio phage pVp-1]
 - putative recombination endonuclease subunit D12 [Vibrio phage phi 3]
 - dTDP-glucose 4,6-dehydratase uncultured marine virus
 - nucleases [Salmonella phage Shivani]
 - peptidase [uncultured Mediterranean phage uvMED]
 - glycosyl transferase and acyl transferase
 - other proteins
- Best BLAST hit
(Percentage identity mean= 41%)

Metagenomic comparison



Virus 37_L15 (16820 bp) Closest virus in Genbank: Uncultured marine virus isolate CBSM-298

Viral genomes recovered by single virus genomics are present in the metagenome

Conclusiones

1. Technology for recovering the genetic information from uncultured single viruses has been set up and can be applied virtually to any kind of biological sample
2. This approach opens a new way to explore the genetic information of viruses with Potential application in Public Health (new emergent viruses) and Environmental Sciences, such as Deep Subsurface. NO NEED OF LITERS OF WATER
3. 400 new uncultured single viruses have been obtained by this approach bypassing culturing biases
4. So far, a total of 15 new, uncultured viruses have been sequenced
5. Genome annotation confirms that the obtained WGA material is indeed from viruses

Thanks to:

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en especial Monica Lluesma, Francisco Martinez y M^a Jose de la Cruz



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Silvia Acinas, Pep Gasol y Clara Cardelus. ICM-CSIC 

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