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Investigations with Gaseous Electron Multipliers for use on the ISIS spallation neutron source

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Over the last few years several investigations have been undertaken to ascertain the suitability of gaseous electron multipliers (GEMs) for use as a neutron detector on the ISIS spallation neutron source. Our initial investigations focussed purely on whether these devices could be operated at the elevated pressure of ^3He and CF_4 necessary for 1mm position location (2.6 bars of CF_4). In fact we were able to operate the GEMs at suitable gains with 3.5 bars of CF_4 . However encouraging these results were, we found that the GEM charged up over time, which we postulated was due to the kapton substrate. A similar problem was seen at the early stages of the development of the microstrip gas chamber (MSGC), a solution of which was to use the semiconducting glass Schott S8900 as the substrate. We then focussed our attention to the manufacture of a GEM structure on an S8900 substrate. Our first devices were manufactured from 1mm thick glass and exhibit gains in excess of 10000 for a single GEM stage in an argon isobutane gas mixture, when illuminated with ^{55}Fe x-rays. A stable gain has been measured in a flowing gas mixture with the device simply tracking ambient conditions. Further measurements in a $^3\text{He}:\text{CF}_4$ atmosphere will show how suited these devices are to the needs of ISIS.

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