

# The PixelGEM Central Tracking System of COMPASS

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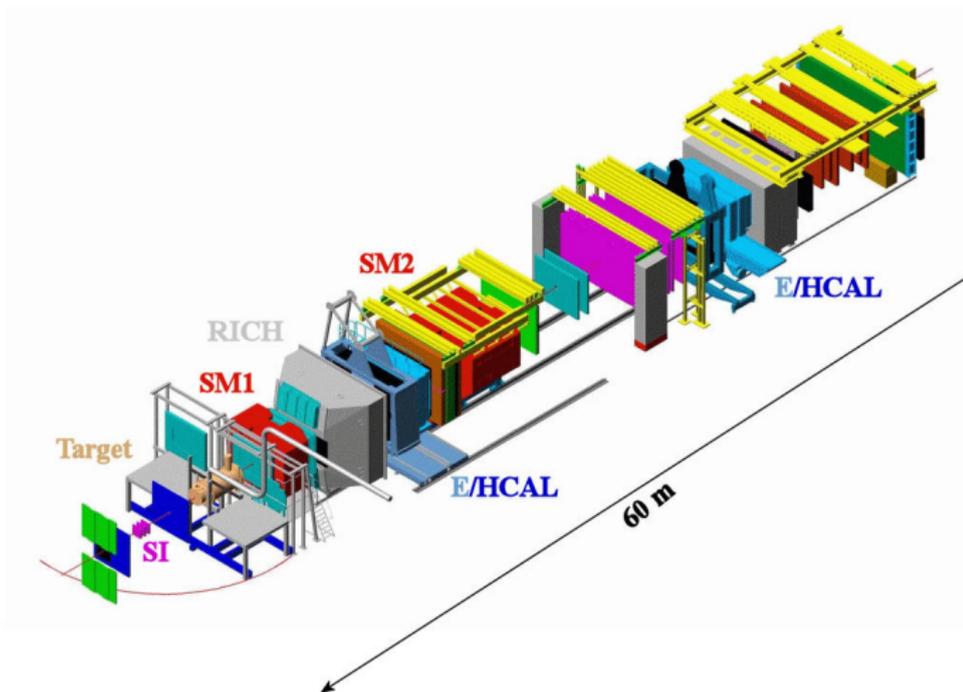
Maier-Leibnitz-Labor  
Garching bei München



# Overview

- 1 The COMPASS Experiment
- 2 Motivation
- 3 The PixelGEM Detector
- 4 Detector Performance
- 5 Conclusions

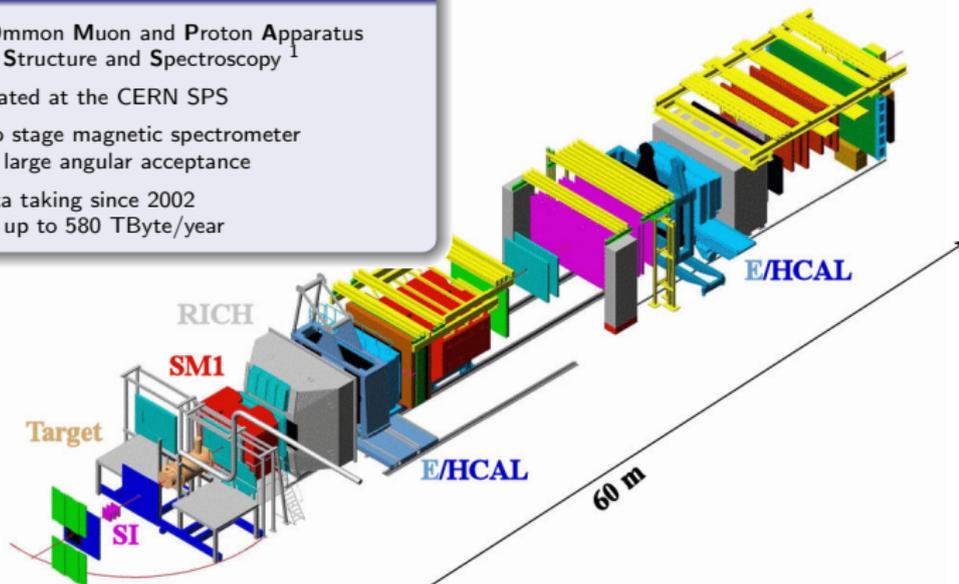
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- **CO**mmun **M**uon and **P**roton **A**pparatus for **S**tructure and **S**pectroscopy<sup>1</sup>
- located at the CERN SPS
- two stage magnetic spectrometer  
→ large angular acceptance
- data taking since 2002  
→ up to 580 TByte/year



<sup>1</sup>[Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 577 (2007) 455]

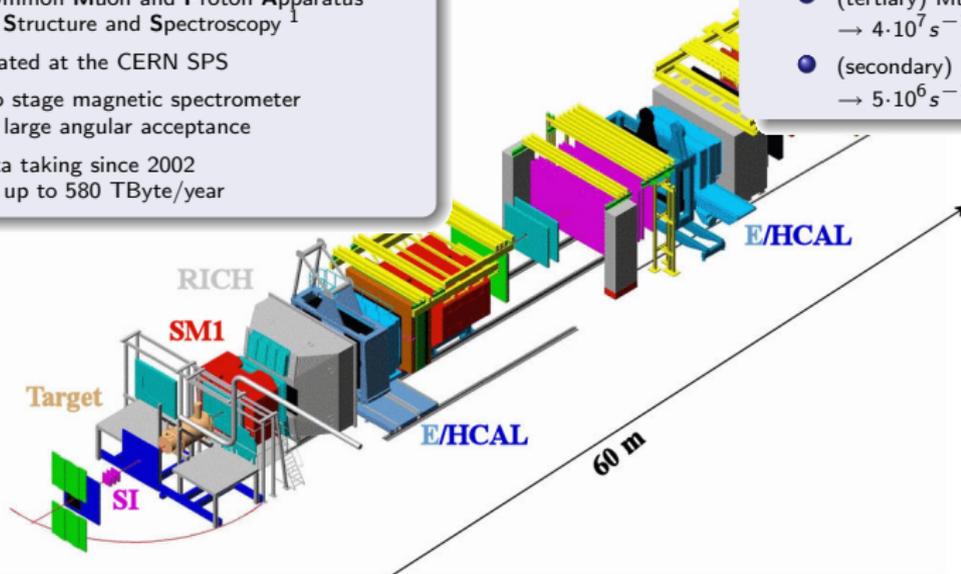
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## Beam Rates

- (tertiary) Muon:  
→  $4 \cdot 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- (secondary) Hadron ( $\pi$ , K, ...):  
→  $5 \cdot 10^6 \text{ s}^{-1}$



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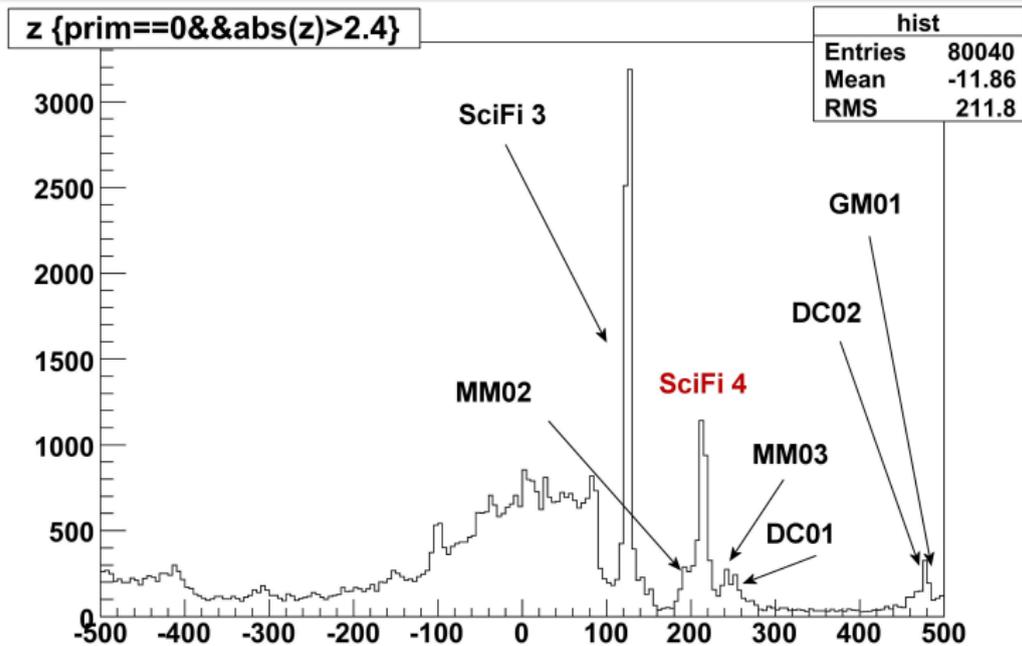


## Tracking

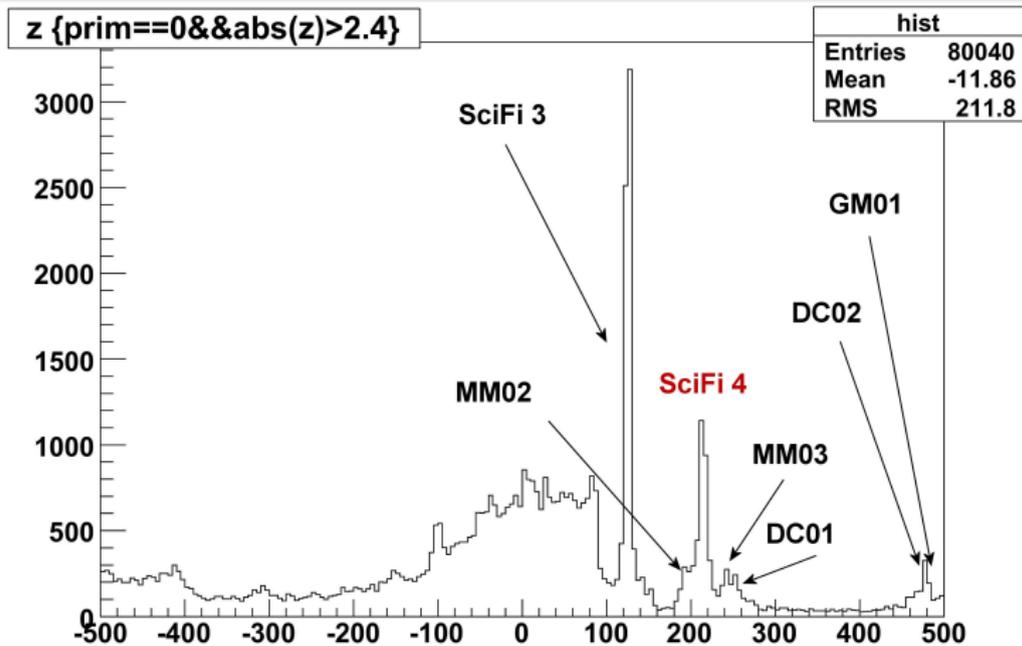
- Silicons ( $\sigma_x \sim 10 \mu m$ ),  
SciFis ( $\sigma_t \sim 0.4 ns$ )
- GEMs ( $\sigma_x \sim 70 \mu m$ ),  
MicroMegas ( $\sigma_x \sim 90 \mu m$ )
- Drift Chambers ( $\sigma_x \leq 200 \mu m$ )

<sup>1</sup>[Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 577 (2007) 455]

# Motivation



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- SciFis act as secondary targets in hadron beam
- Thickness SciFi:  $x/X_0 = 1.6-2.8 \%$

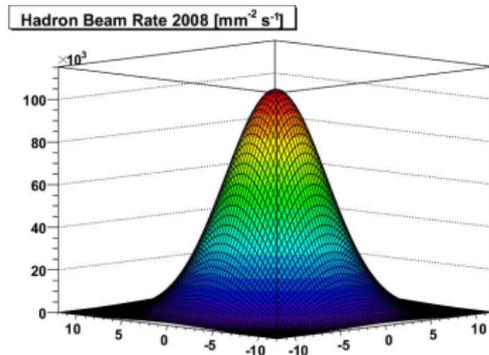
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## Triple-GEM Detectors:

- high rate capability <sup>1,2</sup>

COMPASS requirements:

- beam rates:  $\lesssim 10^5 \text{ mm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$



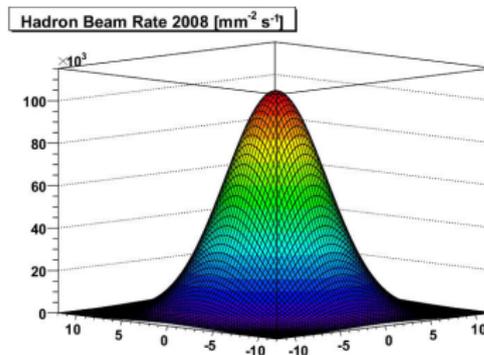
<sup>1</sup>[S. Bachmann, A. Bressan, B. Ketzer et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 470 (2001) 548.]

<sup>2</sup>[S. Bachmann, S. Kappler, B. Ketzer et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 478(2002) 104.]

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- small material budget<sup>3</sup>  
center:  $x/X_0 = 0.4 \%$



<sup>3</sup>[C. Altunbas et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 490 (2002) 177]

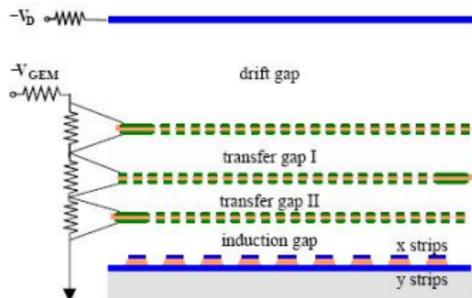
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- strip occupancy too high
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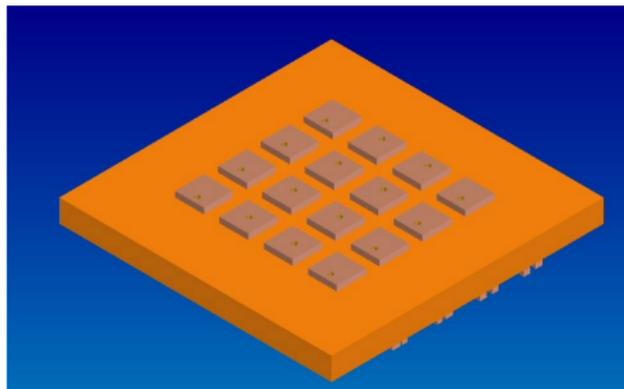
**GEM detector with combined pixel/strip readout**

# The combined Pixel-Strip-Readout

- 3-layer foil  
(base material: Kapton)
- thickness: 100  $\mu\text{m}$

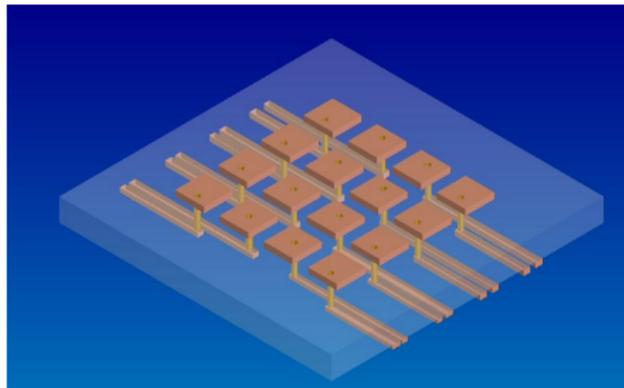
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- $32 \times 32$  pixels
- pitch: 1 mm



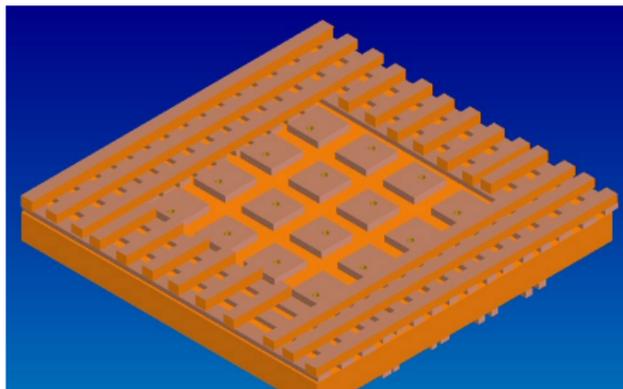
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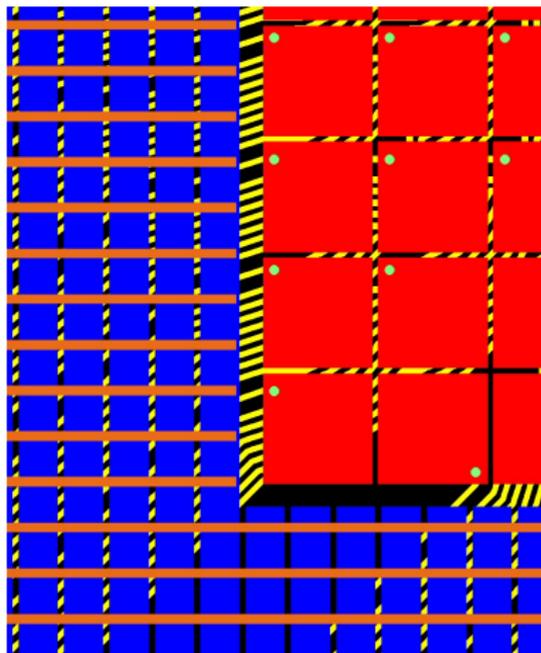
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- 1024 strip channels  
(512 x, 512 y)
- pitch:  $400\ \mu\text{m}$
- equal charge sharing

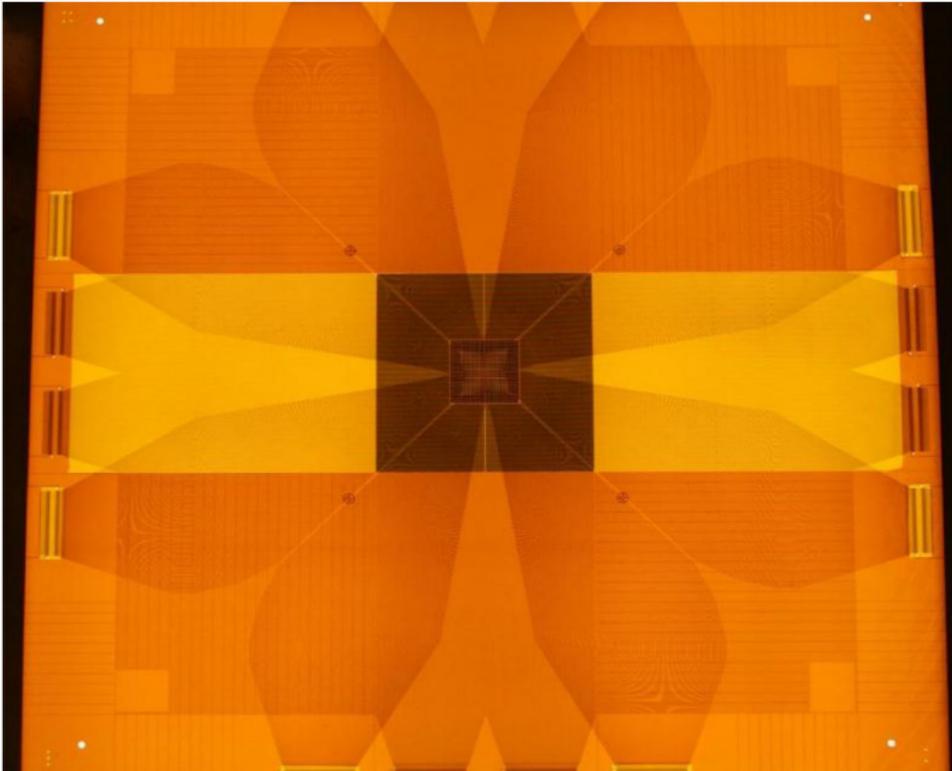


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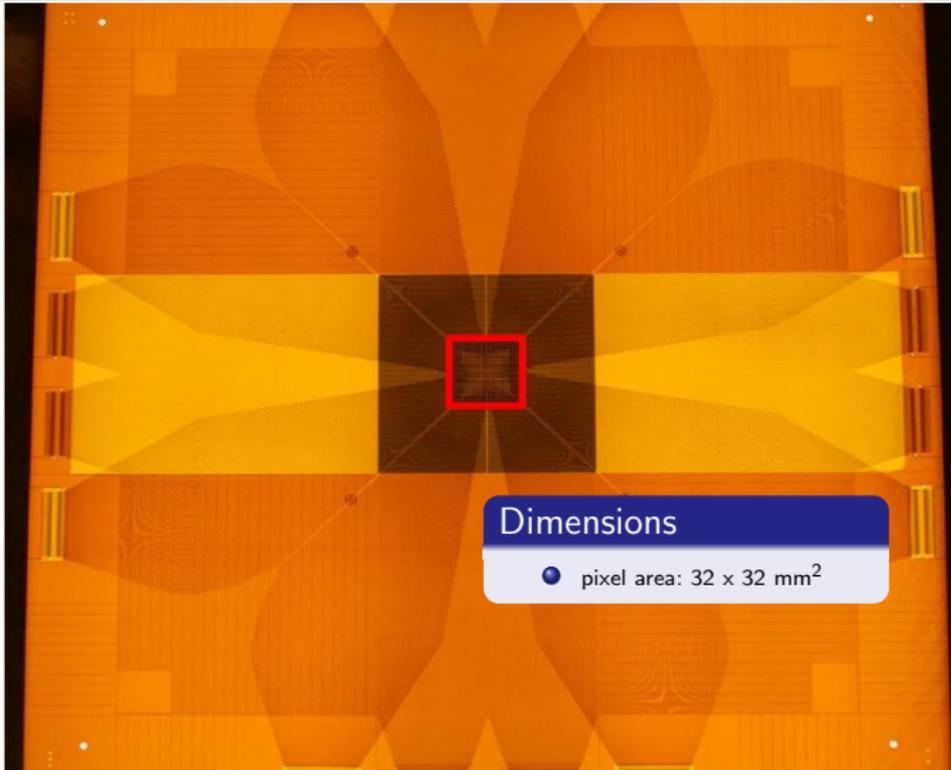
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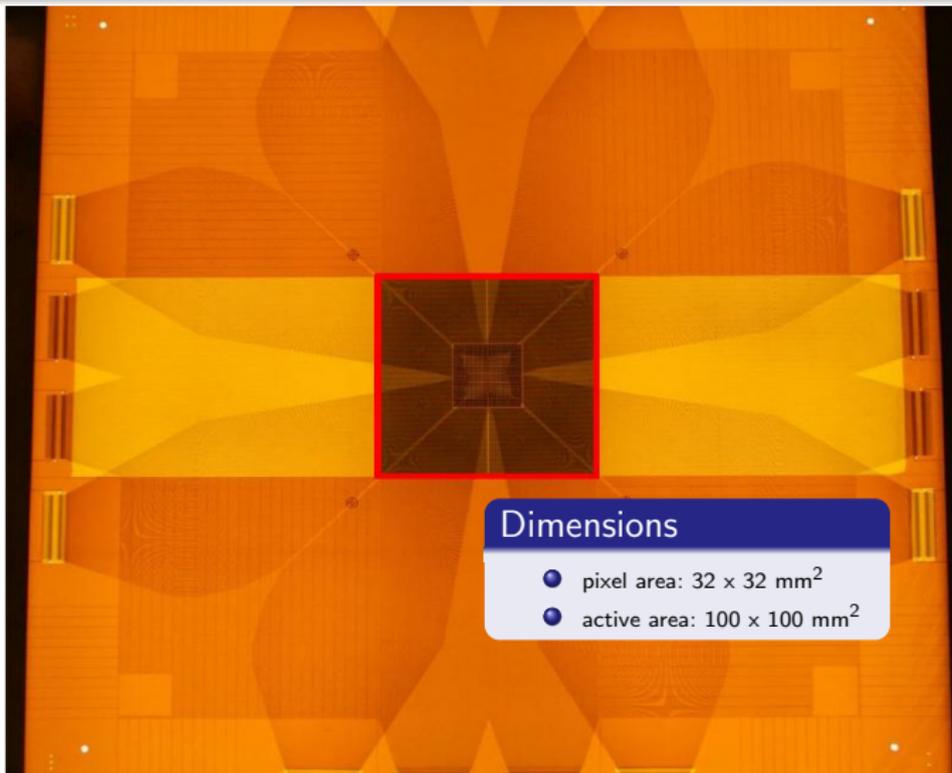
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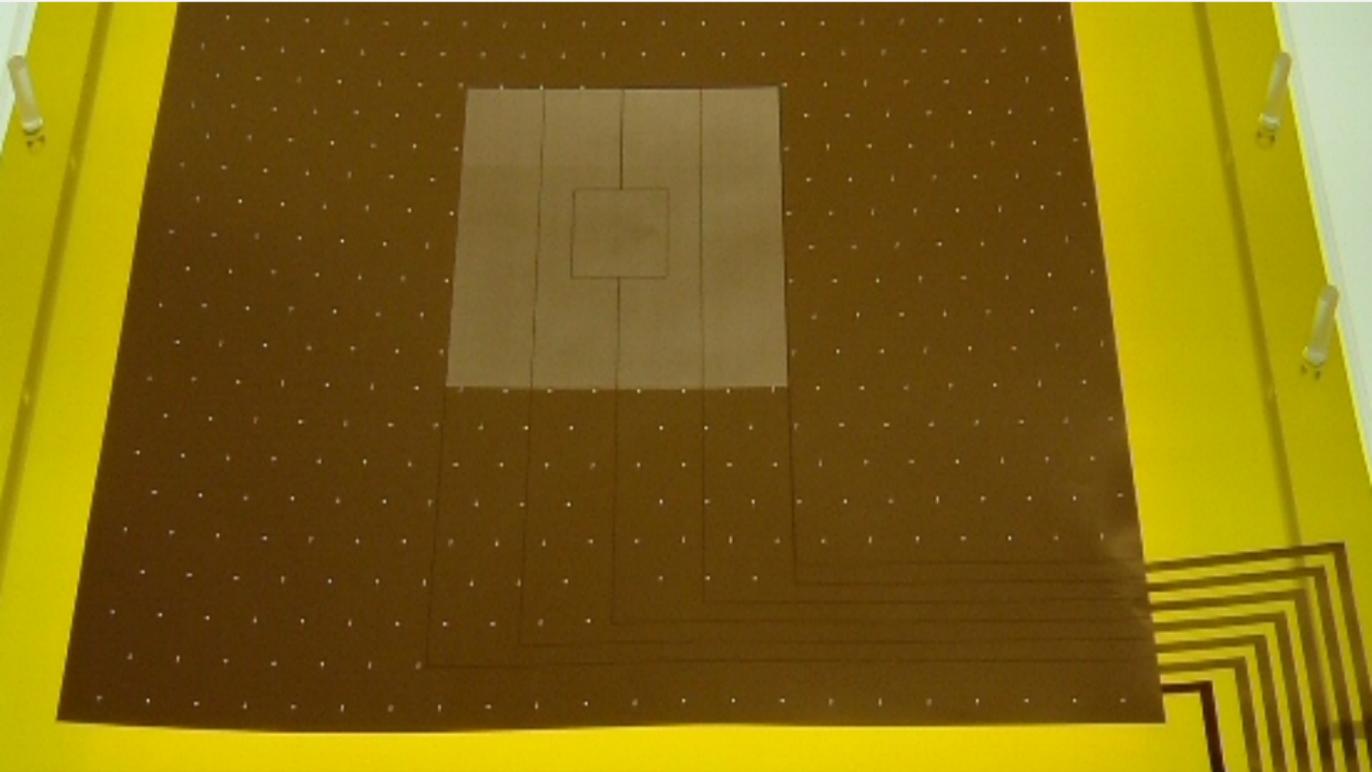
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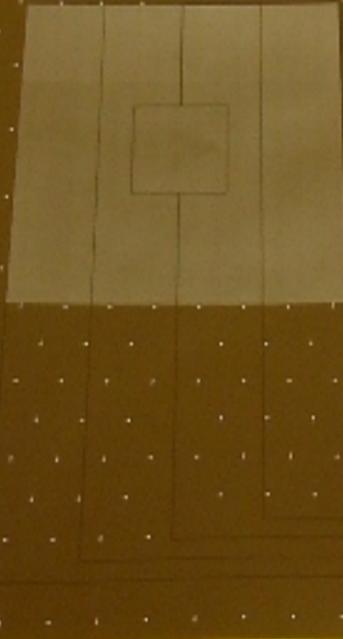
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- double-conical etched holes
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- segmented foils
- triple amplification
- asymmetric gain sharing

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## Foil Properties

- foil size: 330 x 330  $\text{mm}^2$
- no gas amplification in outer region
- big holes ( $\varnothing$  0.5 mm) only for gas exchange

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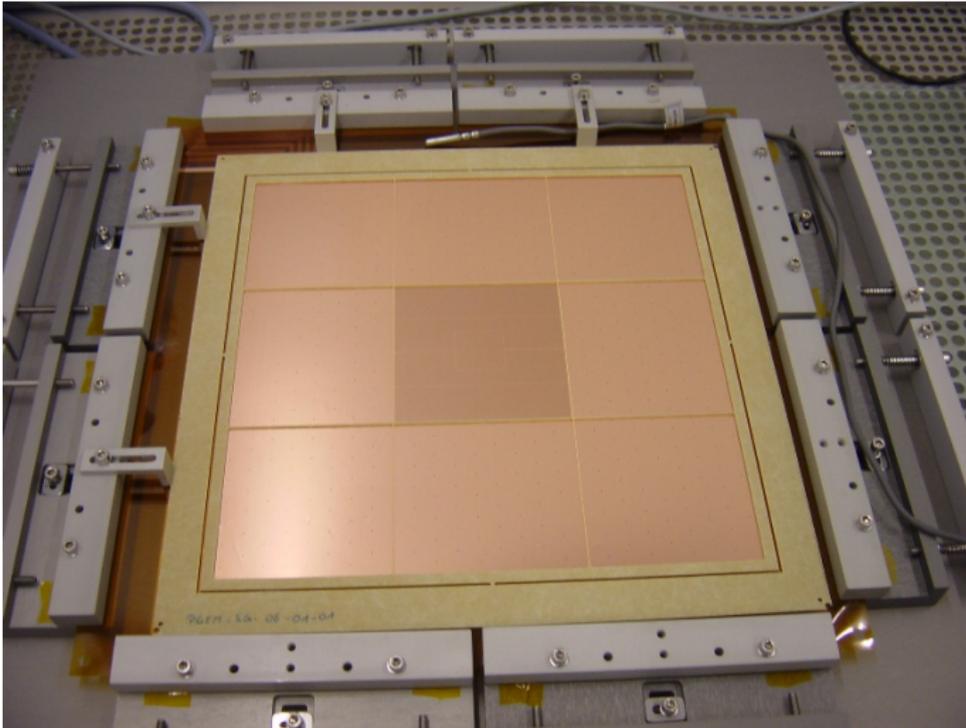
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## thin copper

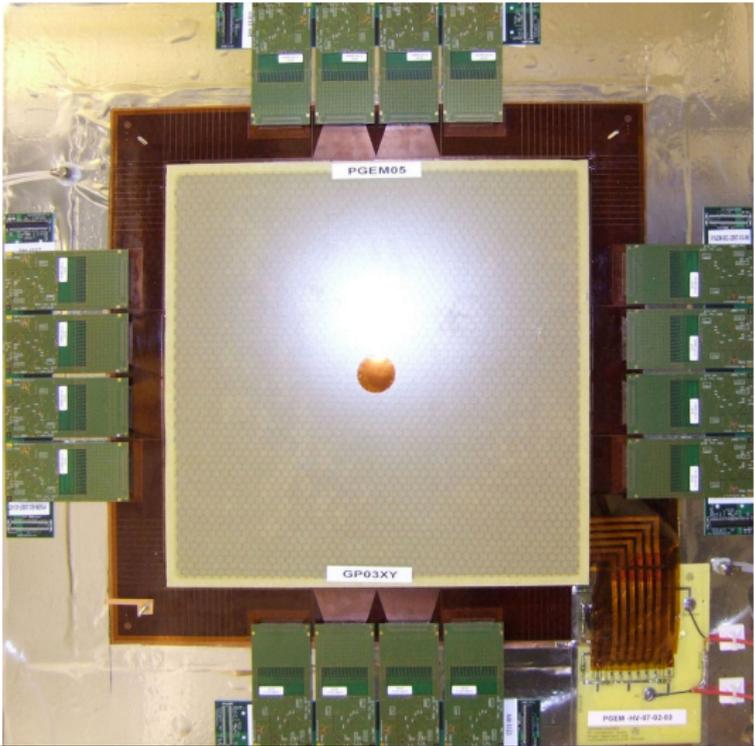
- foils with only 1-2  $\mu\text{m}$  thick copper<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>[A. Bondar, et al., Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 556 (2006) 495]

# Assembly



# Complete Detector



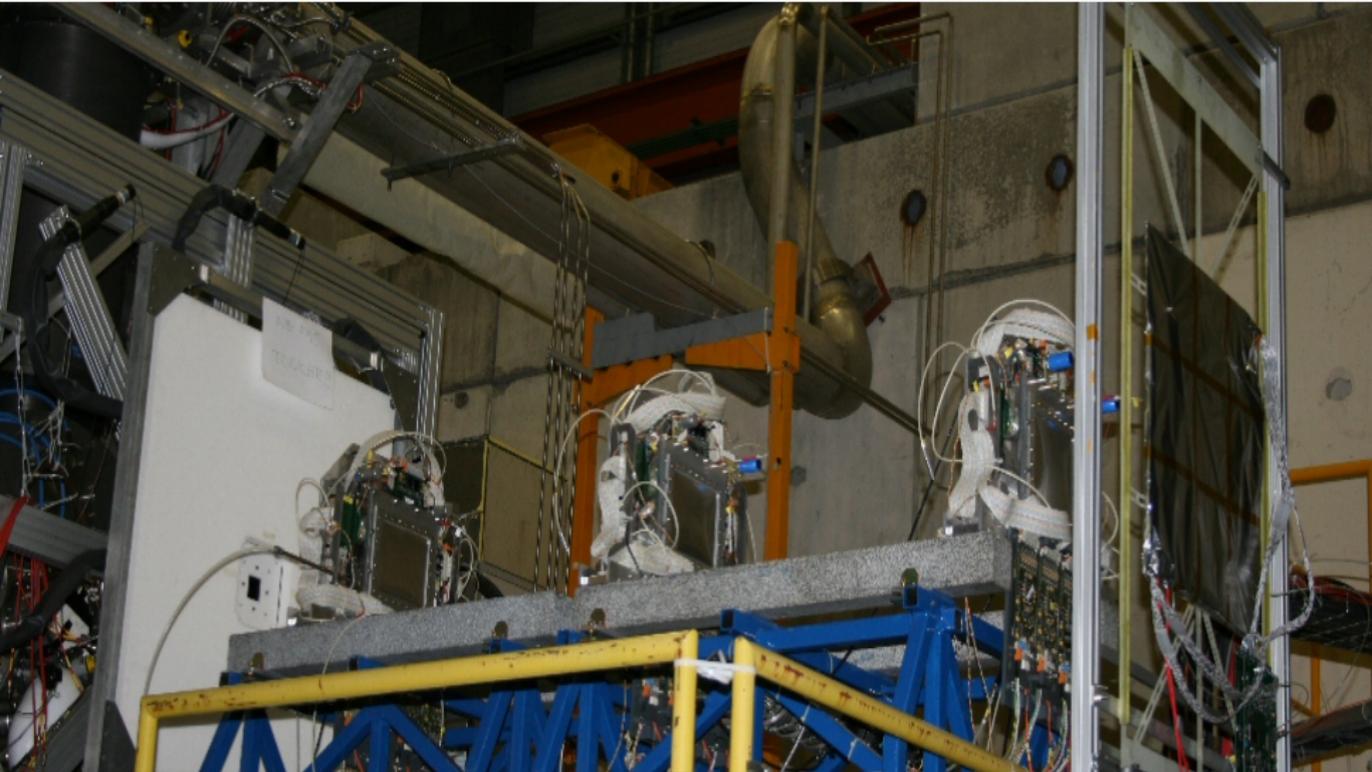
## FrontEnd-Electronics

- APV25 S1 ASIC<sup>1</sup>
- 128 channels per APV
- 160 samples pipeline
- 40 MHz sampling frequency
- average noise:  
~ 1300 - 1500 electrons
- used for Silicon, GEM and RICH  
at COMPASS



<sup>1</sup>M.J. French, et al. Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 466 (2001) 359

# The PixelGEM Project

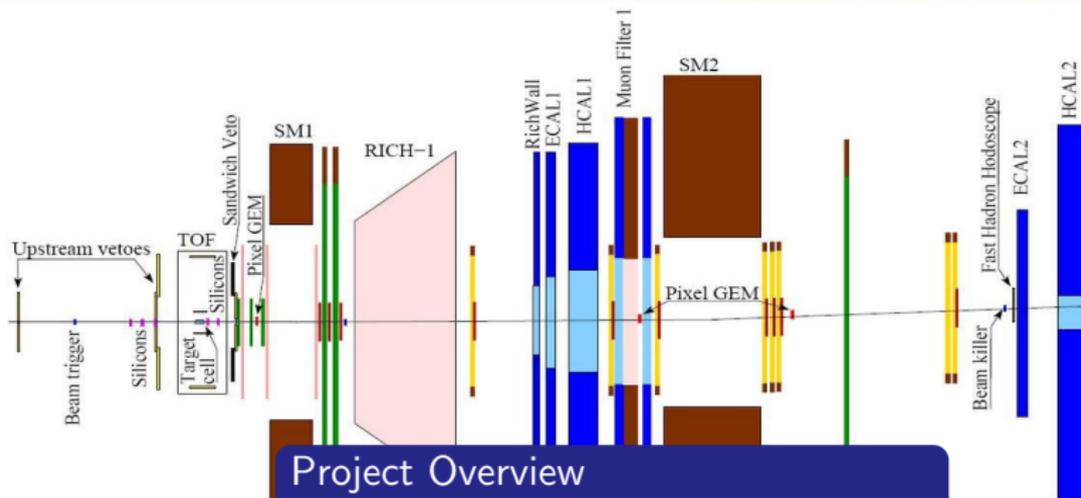


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## Project Overview

- 2006 Development and first prototype ( $5\ \mu\text{m}$ ) in the COMPASS spectrometer
- 2007 Improvements in design and electronics, second prototype ( $1\text{-}2\ \mu\text{m}$ ) in the spectrometer

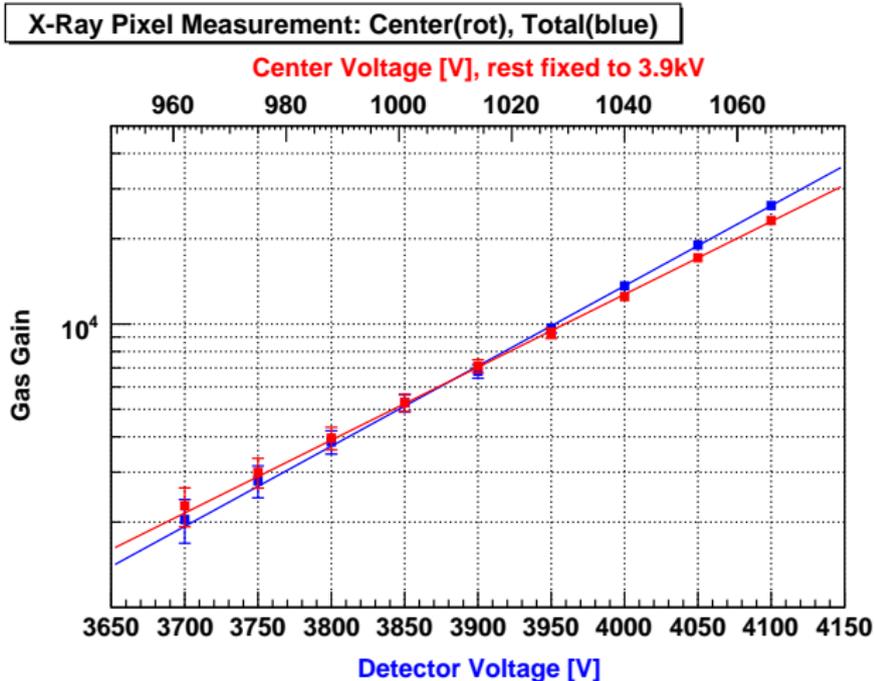
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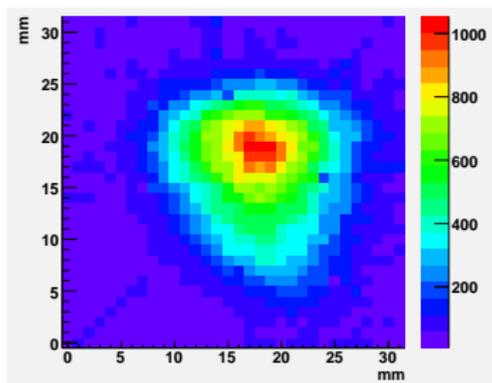
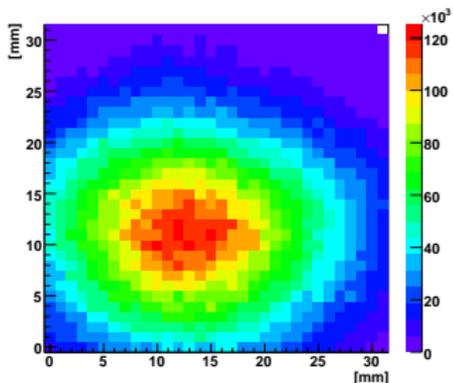
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- 2008 Five PixelGEMs installed

# Gain



## Beam Intensities

Estimations of particle flux in the pixel region



### Myon beam

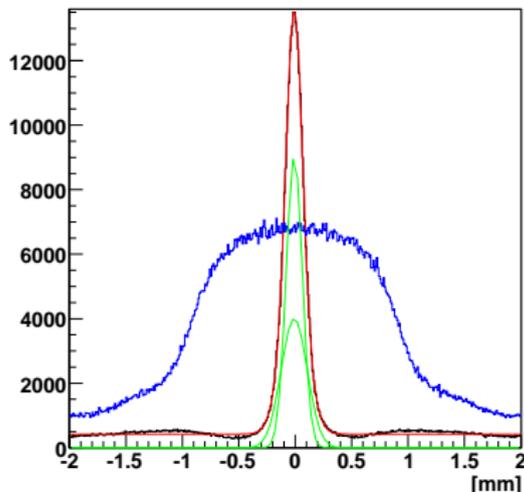
- $4.8 \cdot 10^7 / \text{s}$
- $\leq 1.2 \cdot 10^5 / \text{s} / \text{mm}^2$

### Pion beam

- $5 \cdot 10^6 / \text{s}$
- $\leq 1.6 \cdot 10^4 / \text{s} / \text{mm}^2$

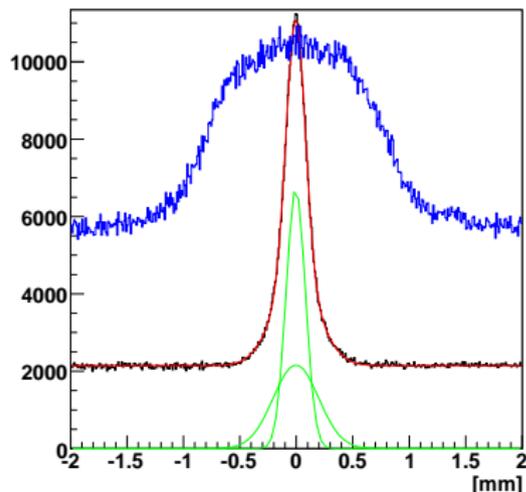
# Spatial Resolution

**Low Intensity:**  $\leq 2 \cdot 10^3 / \text{s/mm}^2$



$$\bar{\sigma} = 90 \mu\text{m}$$

**High Intensity:**  $\leq 1 \cdot 10^5 / \text{s/mm}^2$

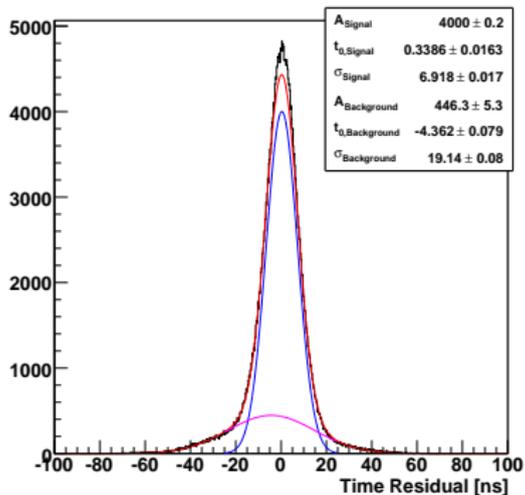


$$\bar{\sigma} = 135 \mu\text{m}$$

with/without Clustering, **green:** Gauss fit components

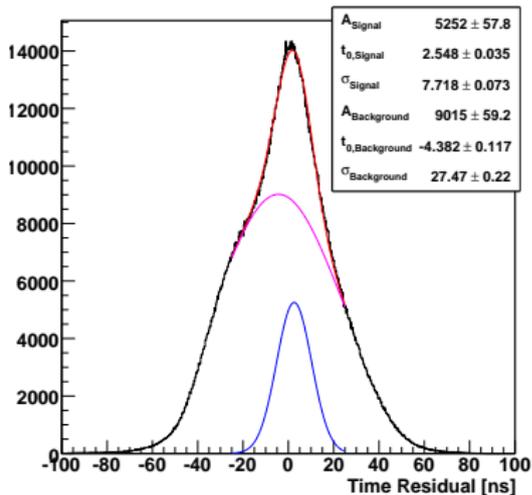
# Time Resolution

**Low Intensity:**  $\leq 2 \cdot 10^3 / \text{s/mm}^2$



$$\sigma_t \leq 7\text{ns}$$

**High Intensity:**  $\leq 1 \cdot 10^5 / \text{s/mm}^2$



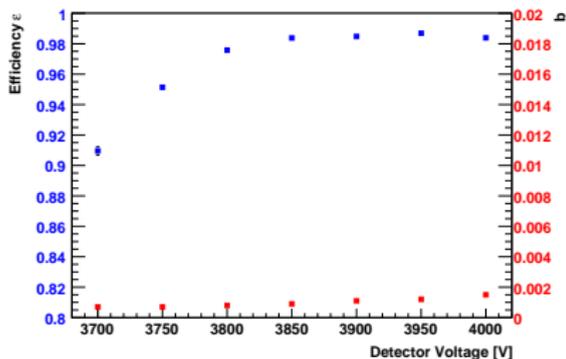
$$\sigma_t \leq 8\text{ns}$$

blau: Signal, magenta: Underground

## Efficiency Plateau

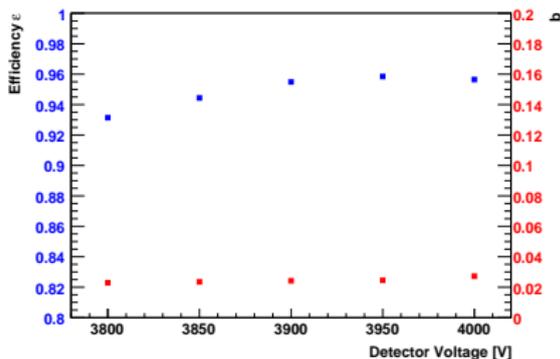
Low Intensity:  $\leq 2 \cdot 10^3$  /s/mm<sup>2</sup>

High Intensity:  $\leq 1 \cdot 10^5$  /s/mm<sup>2</sup>



Efficiency Plateau: 98.5 %

Background per pixel:  $\leq 0.1$  %



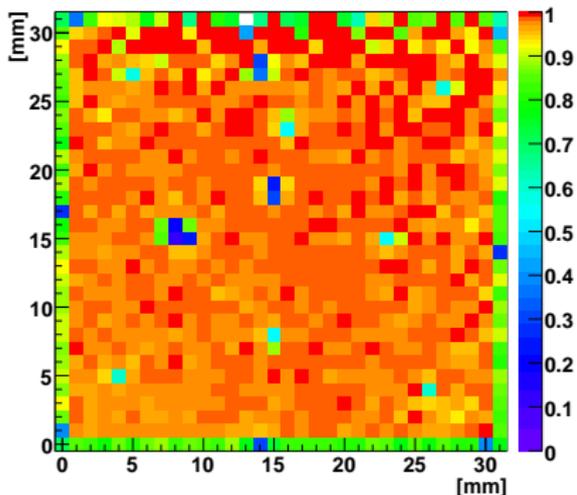
Efficiency Plateau: 95.5 %

Background per pixel:  $\approx 2$  %

Background: probability to find uncorrelated clusters within a certain roadwidth around a track

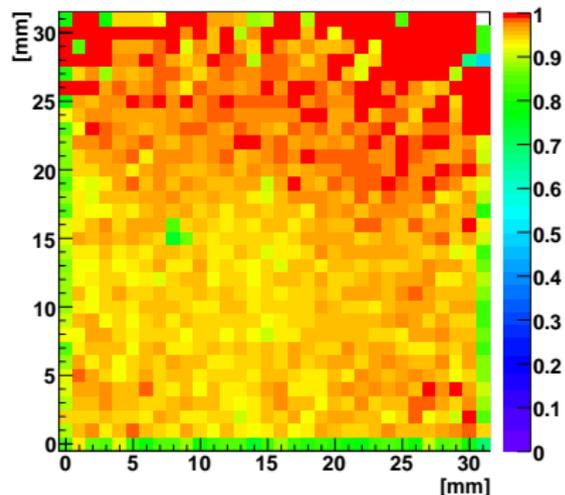
# Detector Efficiency

**Low Intensity:**  $\leq 2 \cdot 10^3 / \text{s} / \text{mm}^2$



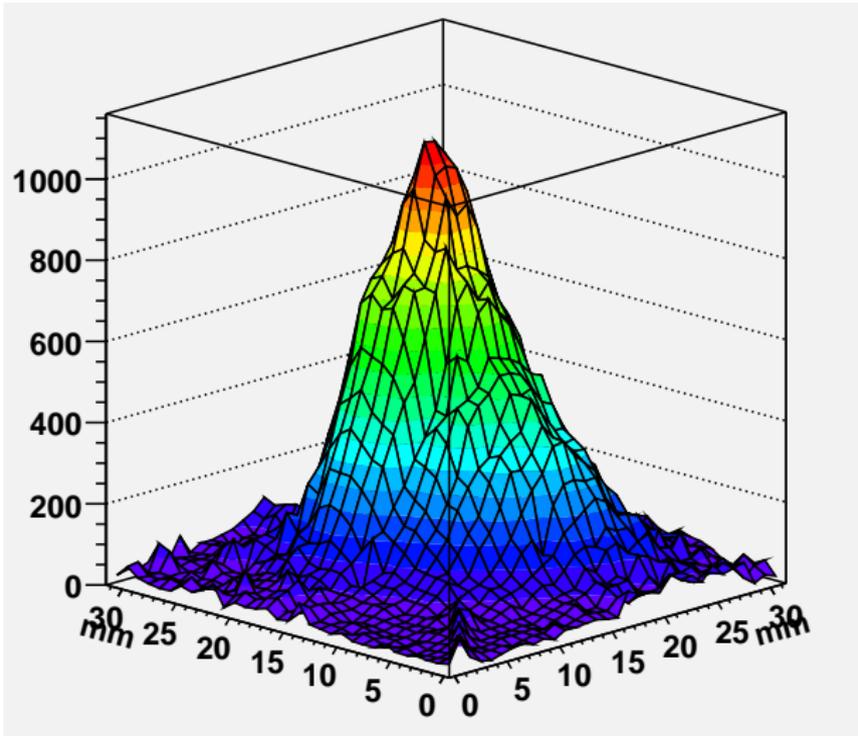
Mean Efficiency  $\approx 98.5\%$

**High Intensity:**  $\leq 1 \cdot 10^5 / \text{s} / \text{mm}^2$



Mean Efficiency  $\approx 95.5\%$

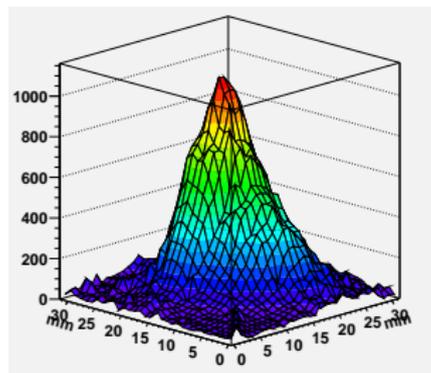
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- stable operation in high intensity muon/hadron beam  
→  $4 \cdot 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Pixel readout allows tracking in a high rate beam  
→  $\lesssim 10^5 \text{ mm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- spatial resolution  $\leq 135 \mu\text{m}$
- thin GEM detetcors:  $x/X_0 = 0.2 \%$
- 5 + 1 PixelGEM detectors for COMPASS



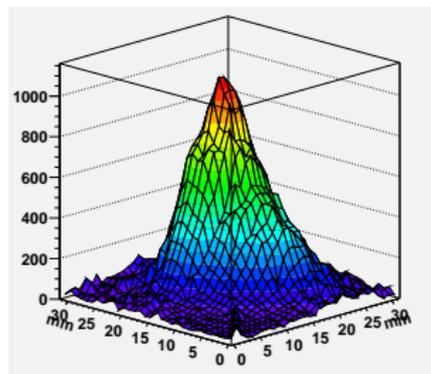
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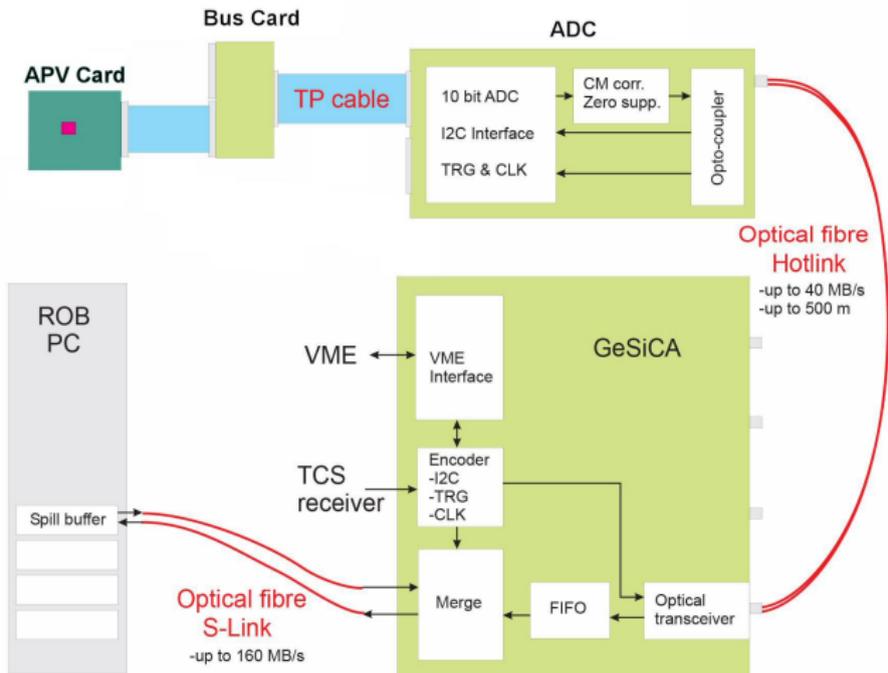
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## Acknowledgements

- Rui de Oliveira (CERN TS-DEM-PMT)
- Christian Joram, Eric David, Miranda van Stenis (CERN PH-DT2)
- Ian McGill (CERN PH-DT2)
- workshops at CERN and TU München



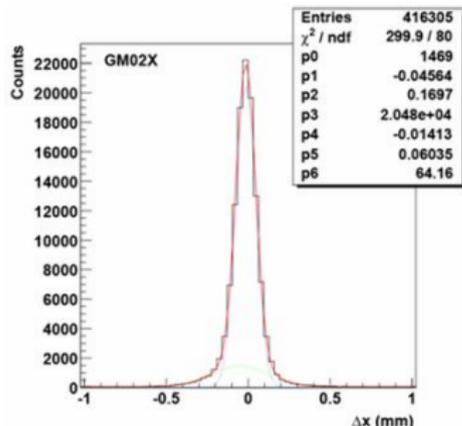
# Readout Chain



# Spatial/Time Resolution COMPASS Triple GEM Detectors

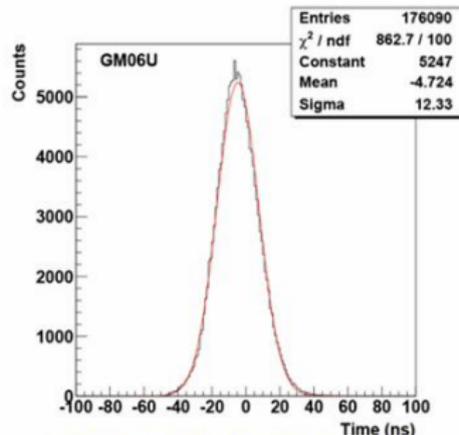
## Spatial resolution

- Test beam/low intensity:  
 $\langle \sigma_x \rangle \approx 50 \mu\text{m}$
- Standard physics run:  $4 \cdot 10^7 \mu^+/\text{s}$ :  
 $\langle \sigma_x \rangle \approx 70 \mu\text{m}$



## Time resolution

- 3 analog samples per trigger
- Rising edge of signal
- Reconstruct  $t_0$  from known pulse shape  
 $\langle \sigma_t \rangle \approx 12 \text{ns}$



[B. Ketzer et al., NIM A535, 314 (2004)]

# Efficiencies COMPASS Triple GEM Detectors

## Low intensity beam: $5 \cdot 10^6 \mu^+/\text{s}$

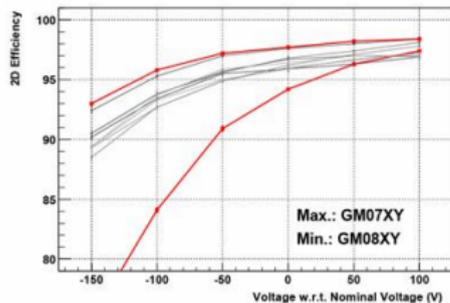
- All detectors reach plateau ( $\varepsilon > 98\%$ )
- Gain  $\sim 8000$
- SNR  $\sim 18$
- Losses due to spacer grid: 1.2-1.5%

## Standard physics beam: $4 \cdot 10^7 \mu^+/\text{s}$

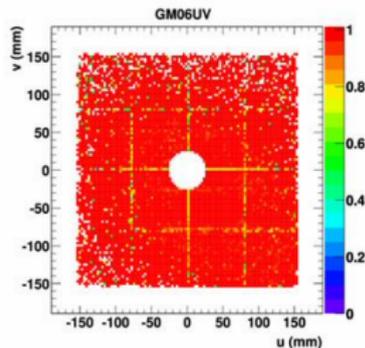
- Background correction

$$\varepsilon_{\text{app}} = \varepsilon + (1 - \varepsilon) \cdot b$$

- Single plane:  $\langle \varepsilon_{1\text{D}} \rangle = 97.2\%$
- 2D (space point):  $\langle \varepsilon_{2\text{D}} \rangle = 95.6\%$



[B. Ketzer et al., Nucl. Phys. B 125C, 368 (2003)]



[B. Ketzer et al., NIM A535, 314 (2004)]

# Front-End Electronics

## Readout Scheme

- 16 front-end cards per detector
- bus-cards to 12 bit ADC

## 3 Sample Amplitude Information

- ⇒ clustering
- ⇒ time reconstruction



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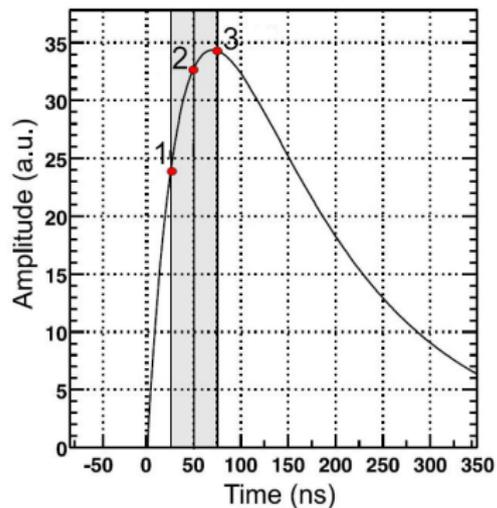
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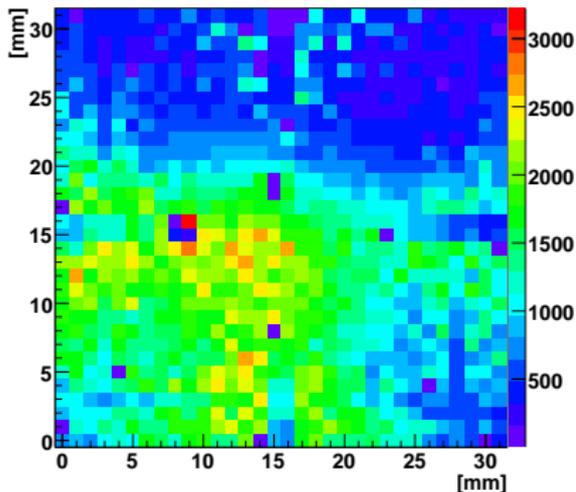
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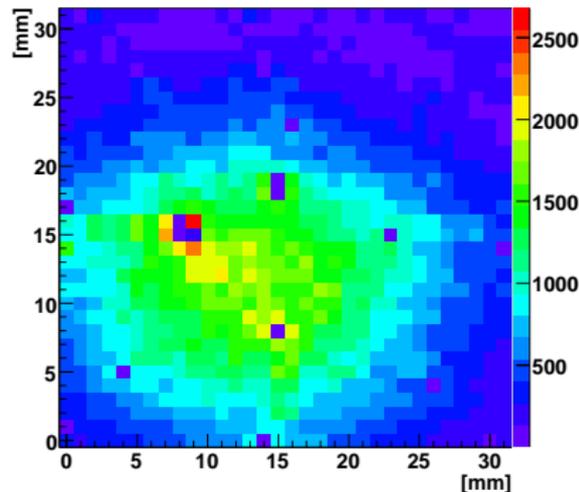


## crosstalk suppression

beamspot with crosstalk



crosstalk suppressed



- tag channels with high-amplitude neighbours
- after clustering: remove clusters containing mostly tagged pixels

## Material Budget

	Centre [ $X_0/1000$ ]	Periphery [ $X_0/1000$ ]
Support	0.0	2.9
Driftfoil	0.5	0.5
3 GEM-Foils	2.1	2.1
Readout Foil	1.0	1.3
Shielding	0.2	0.2
Gas	0.1	0.1
<b>Sum</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>7.1</b>

Centre:  $r < 15$  mm, Periphery:  $r > 15$  mm

Cu layer  $5 \mu\text{m}$

# Material Budget

	Centre [ $X_0/1000$ ]	Periphery [ $X_0/1000$ ]
Support	0.0	2.9
Driftfoil	0.5 / 0.3	0.5 / 0.3
3 GEM-Foils	2.1 / 0.8	2.1 / 0.8
Readout Foil	1.0	1.3
Shielding	0.2	0.2
Gas	0.1	0.1
<b>Sum</b>	<b>3.9 / 2.4</b>	<b>7.1 / 5.6</b>

Centre:  $r < 15$  mm, Periphery:  $r > 15$  mm

Cu layer  $5 \mu\text{m}$  /  $1 \mu\text{m}$

# Modifications Prototype - Prototype II

