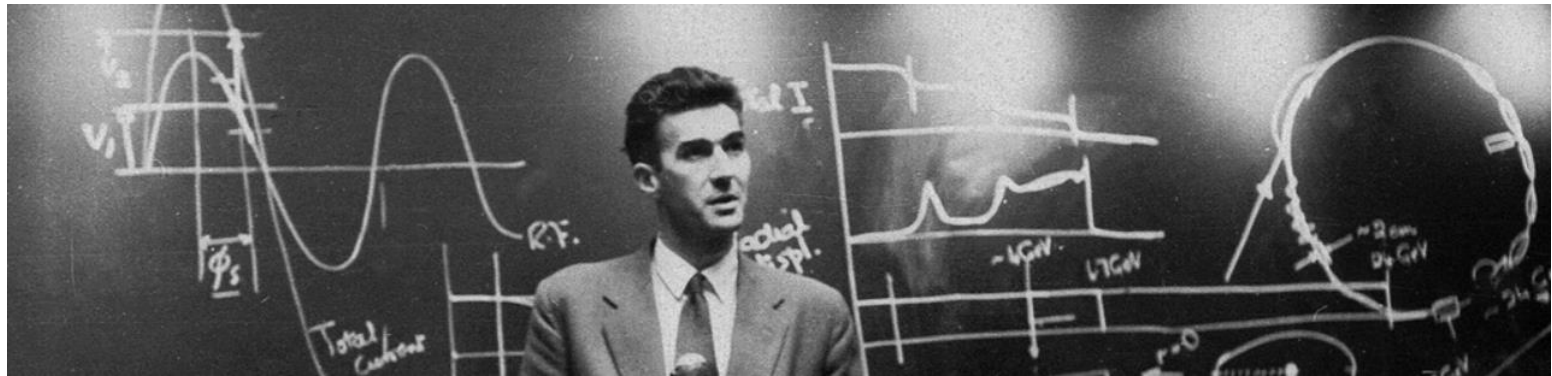


JAI updates

IOP Particle Accelerators and Beams Group meeting
Royal Holloway, University of London
7 April 2017

Andrei Seryi

John Adams Institute for Accelerator Science



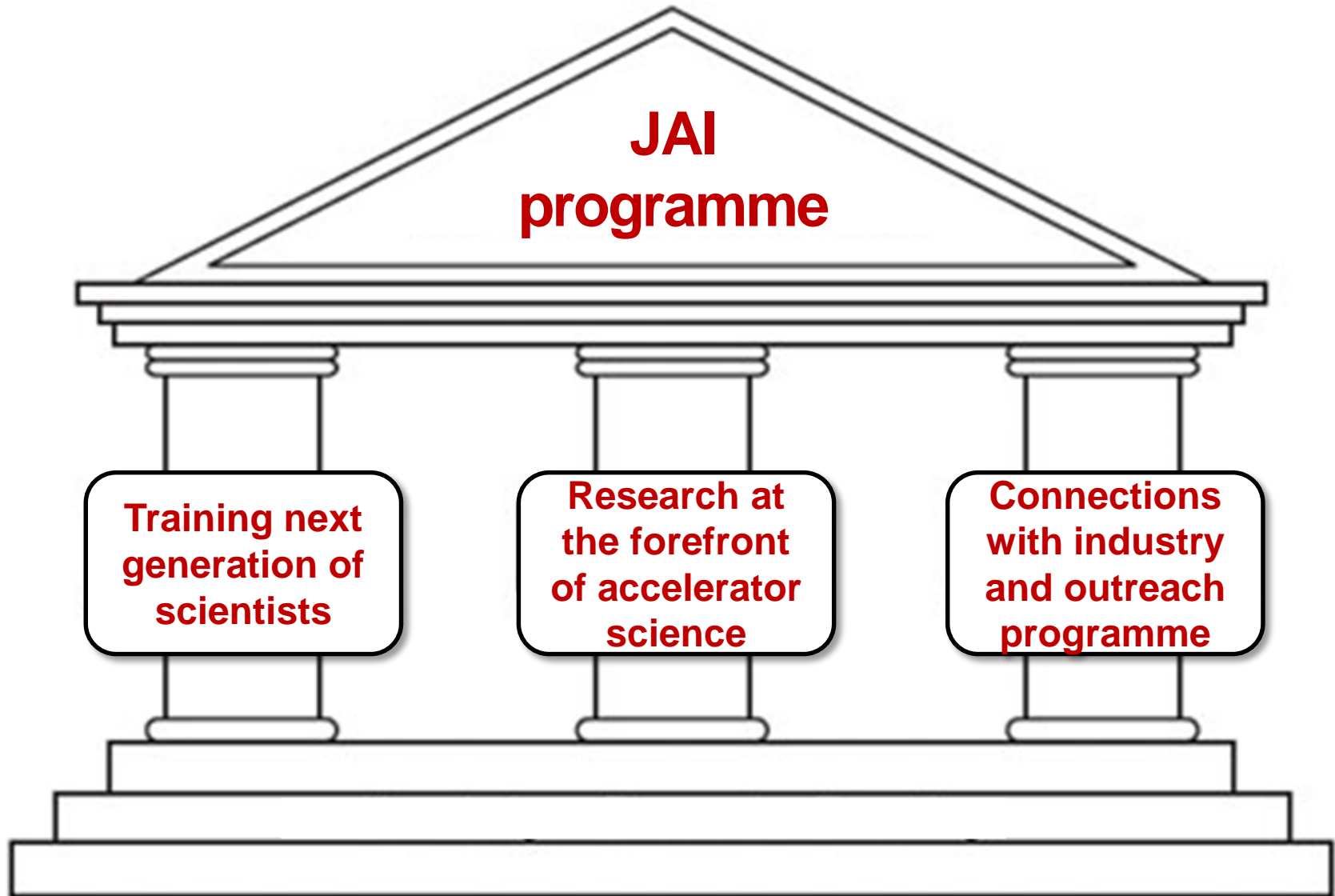
Sir John Adams (24 May 1920 - 3 March 1984) - the 'father' of CERN accelerators.

- **The John Adams Institute for Accelerator Science is a centre of excellence in the UK for advanced and novel accelerator technology, created in 2004 to foster accelerator R&D in the universities**
- **JAI is based on 3 universities: University of Oxford, Royal Holloway University of London and, since 2011, Imperial College London**

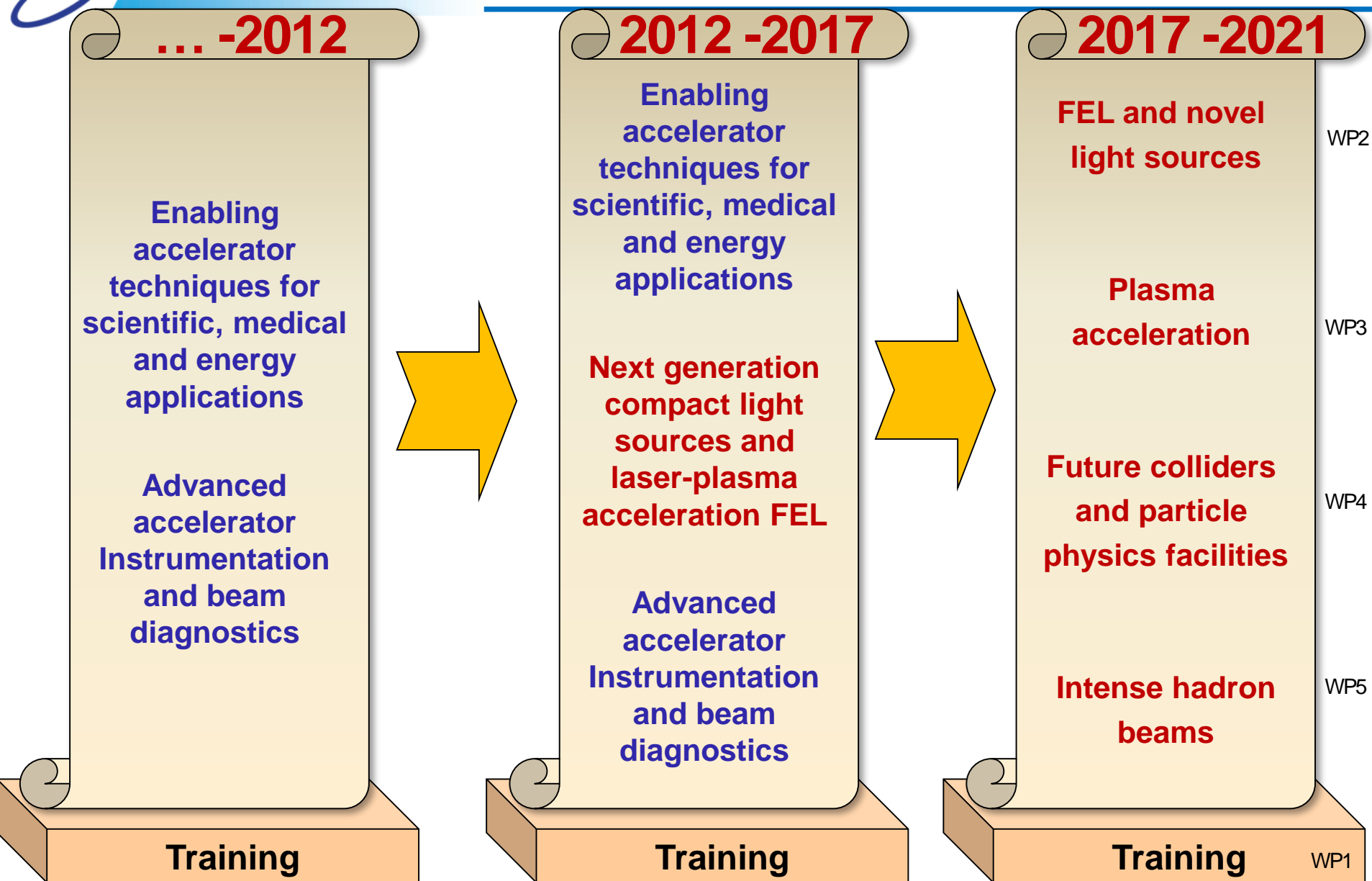
<http://www.adams-institute.ac.uk>

- **The JAI's mission is to work with other national and international accelerator laboratories and institutes, to promote and develop accelerator science in the UK**
- **The main objectives of the Institute are:**
 - **To develop novel and advanced accelerator technologies for particle physics and other applications**
 - **To train a new generation of accelerator scientists and engineers**
 - **To disseminate knowledge about the benefits of accelerator technology to a wide community through outreach projects**
 - **To make major contributions to the design and development of new particle physics facilities**
 - **To develop new scientific facilities such as new light and neutron sources**
 - **The development and construction of applied accelerator technologies (medical, energy etc.)**

Foundation of JAI programme



Research program evolution



Research Directions (examples)

2012 -2017

Enabling accelerator techniques for scientific, medical and energy applications

Next generation compact light sources and laser-plasma acceleration FEL

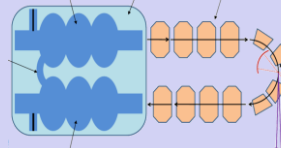
Advanced accelerator Instrumentation and beam diagnostics

Training

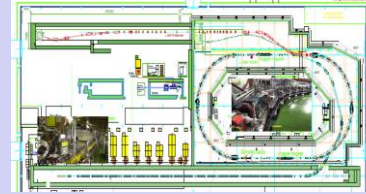
Examples of research



Diamond upgrade



Novel ERL design of UH-FLUX

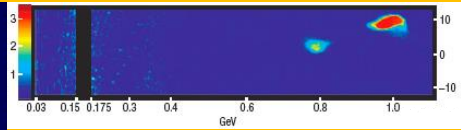
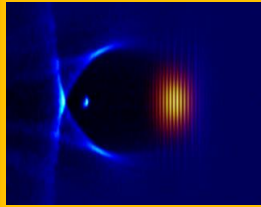


LC Final Focus

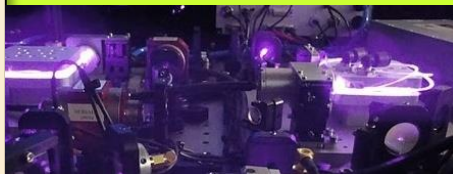
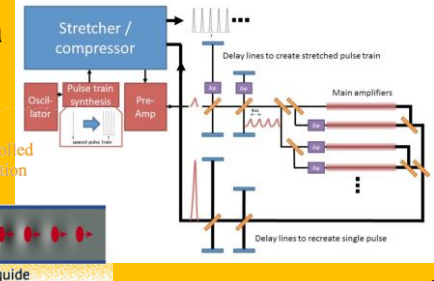
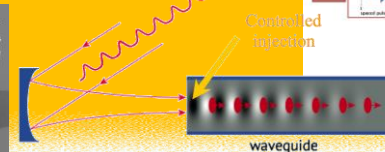
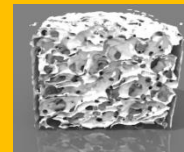
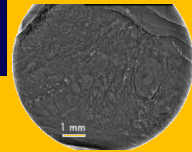
ESS



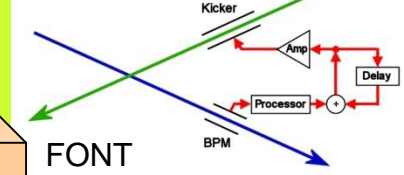
FCC IR & FF



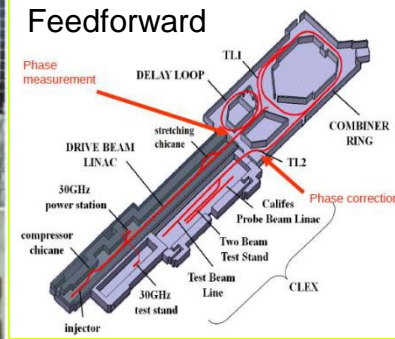
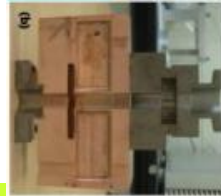
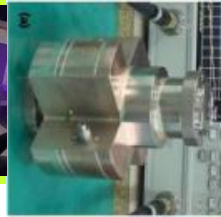
Laser-plasma acceleration



Laser wire



FONT



BPMs



Beam σ_z diagnostics

2012 -2017

Highlights of achievements

Enabling accelerator techniques for scientific, medical and energy applications

- Demonstrating new low ϵ techniques at Diamond Light Source
- Improving HL-LHC collimation system by developing electro-optics BPM embedded into collimators
- Validating nm-level beam stabilisation for ATF2 & CLIC IR
- Develop drive beam phase feed-forward system

Next generation compact light sources and laser-plasma acceleration FEL

- Laser-plasma acceleration to 2 GeV in a single stage
- The first demonstration of multi-pulse plasma-wave excitation
- High brightness plasma acc. X-ray sources
- Phase-contrast imaging of human tissues and high-resolution bone tomography

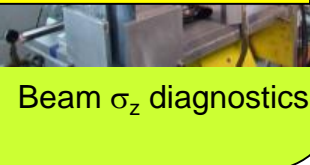
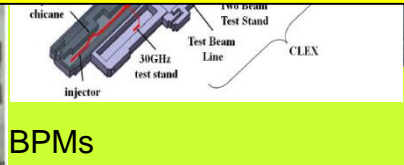
Advanced accelerator Instrumentation and beam diagnostics



- OTR and Smith Purcell diagnostics
- Commercialization of cavity BPMs
- Commercialization of metrology system.

World-class graduate training: 60 PhD experts graduated from JAI

Delay



Beam σ_z diagnostics

BPMs

Training

Many aspirational deliverables or new ideas were realized

2012 -2017

Highlights of over-delivery

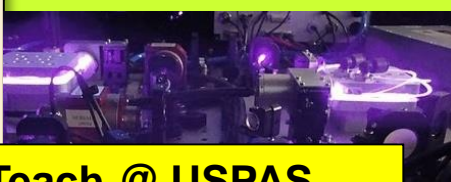
Enabling accelerator techniques for scientific, medical and energy applications

- Developed optics for Diamond Light Source upgrade which is now being realized in one of the sectors of DLS.
- Developed an electro-optics pick-up embedded into collimators – a key device for HL-LHC
- Developed a novel design of SCRF compact light source based on coupled asymmetrical cavities

Next generation compact light sources and laser-plasma acceleration FEL

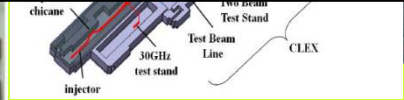
- Developed a new, non-invasive technique for measuring the angularly-resolved spectrum of betatron X-rays.
- Developed a proposal for an innovative two-stage laser and beam-driven wakefield accelerator based on self induced microbunching of an external electron beam, which can allow to create X-ray pulses with unique properties.

Advanced accelerator Instrumentation and beam diagnostics



- Developed further industrial connection for AMULET technology

- Teach @ USPAS, JUAS, CAS, AAS
- Created a novel textbook



Beam σ_z diagnostics

BPMs

Training

1. Training

1. Undergrad. & grad. training
2. Visitor programme
3. Advanced courses jointly with CI

2. FEL and novel light sources

1. FEL design
2. Diamond upgrade
3. FEL-CLF-DLS synergy
4. Advanced beam diagnostics for UK FEL
5. Compact laser-plasma light sources
6. Compact SCRF X-ray and THz sources

3. Plasma acceleration

1. Development of Wakefield acc.
2. Laser driven ion beams
3. Medical applications
4. Contribution to AWAKE

4. Future colliders & PP facilities

1. HL-LHC
2. ILC, CLIC and MDI
3. FCC and MDI
4. MICE science experiment
5. A low E gg collider

5. Intense hadron beams

1. Future of FETS
2. IBEX Paul trap and IOTA
3. FFAG and ISIS-2 design
4. ESS linac study & commission.

6. Industrial and public outreach

7. Admin and collaboration support

2017 -2021

FEL and novel light sources

Plasma acceleration

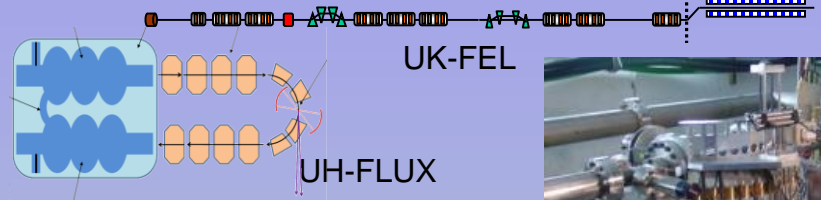
Future colliders and particle physics facilities

Intense hadron beams

Training



Diamond upgrade

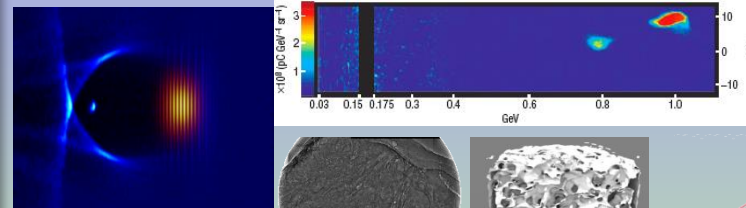


UK-FEL

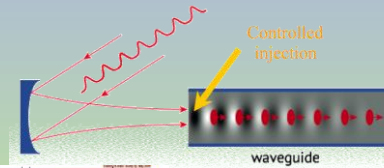
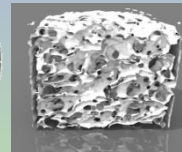
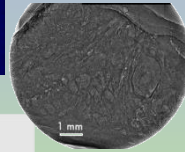
UH-FLUX



Beam diagnostics

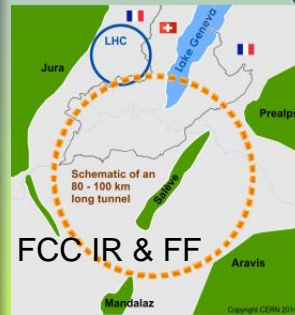


MP LWFA

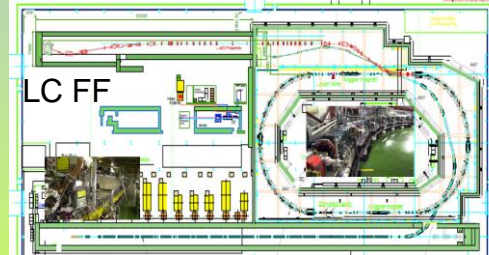


Controlled injection

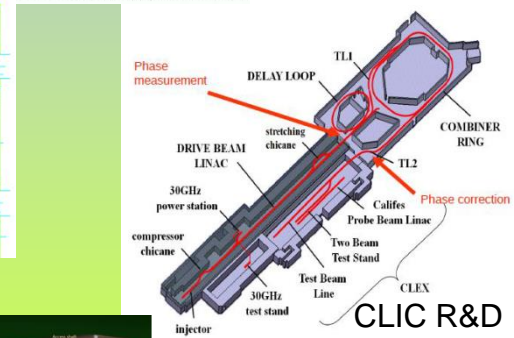
waveguide



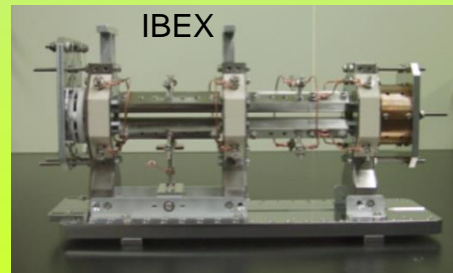
FCC-IR & FF



LC FF



CLIC R&D



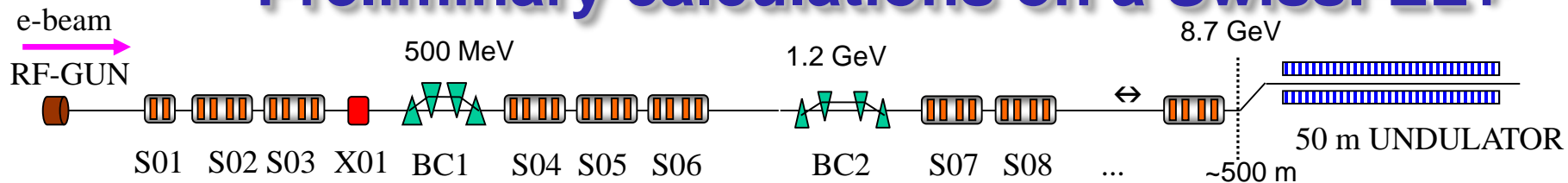
IBEX



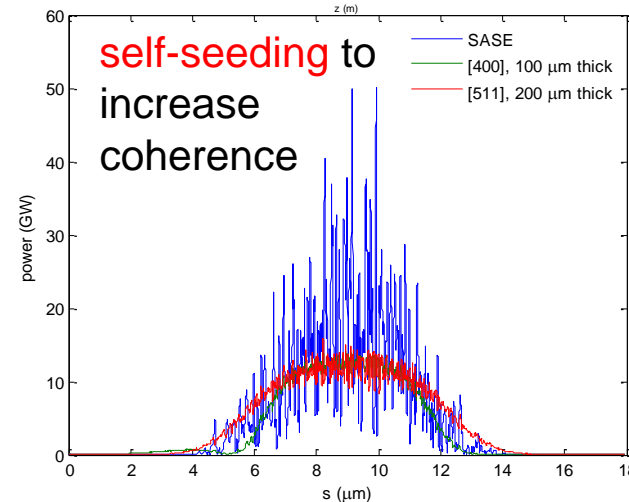
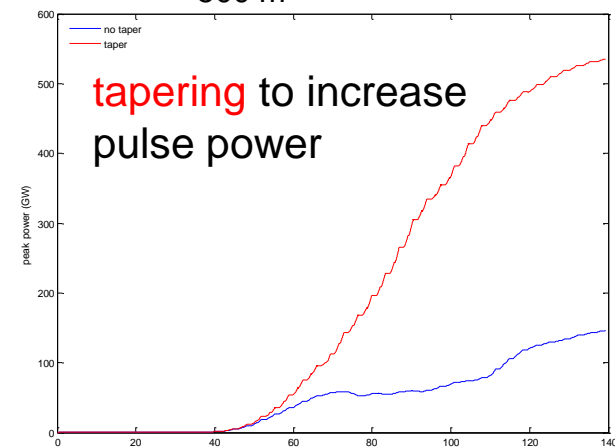
AWAKE



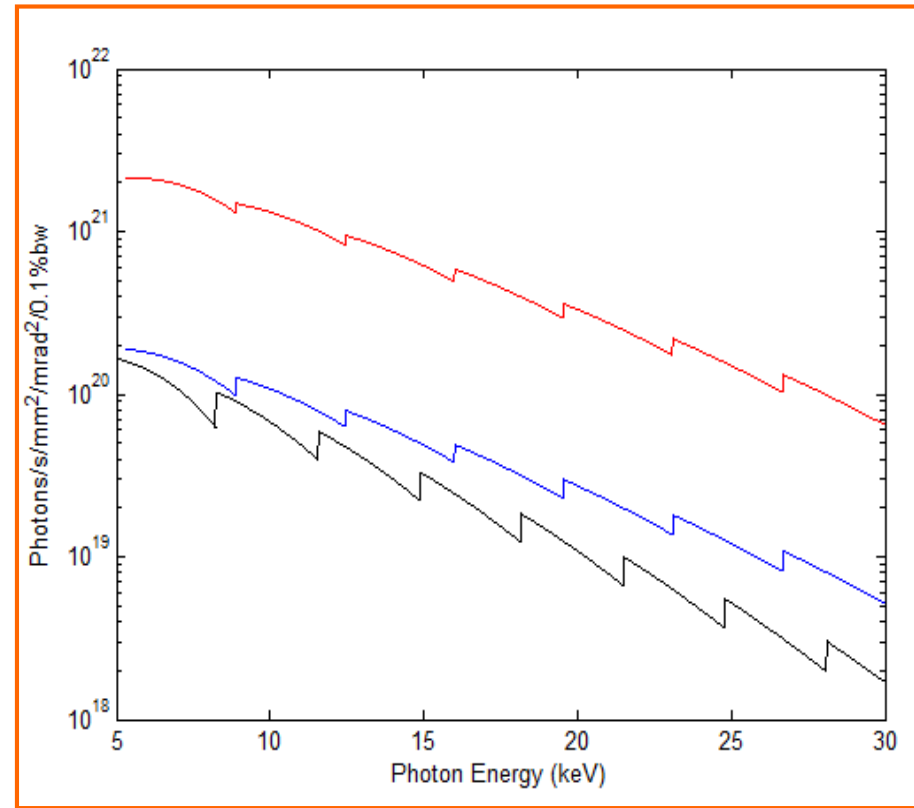
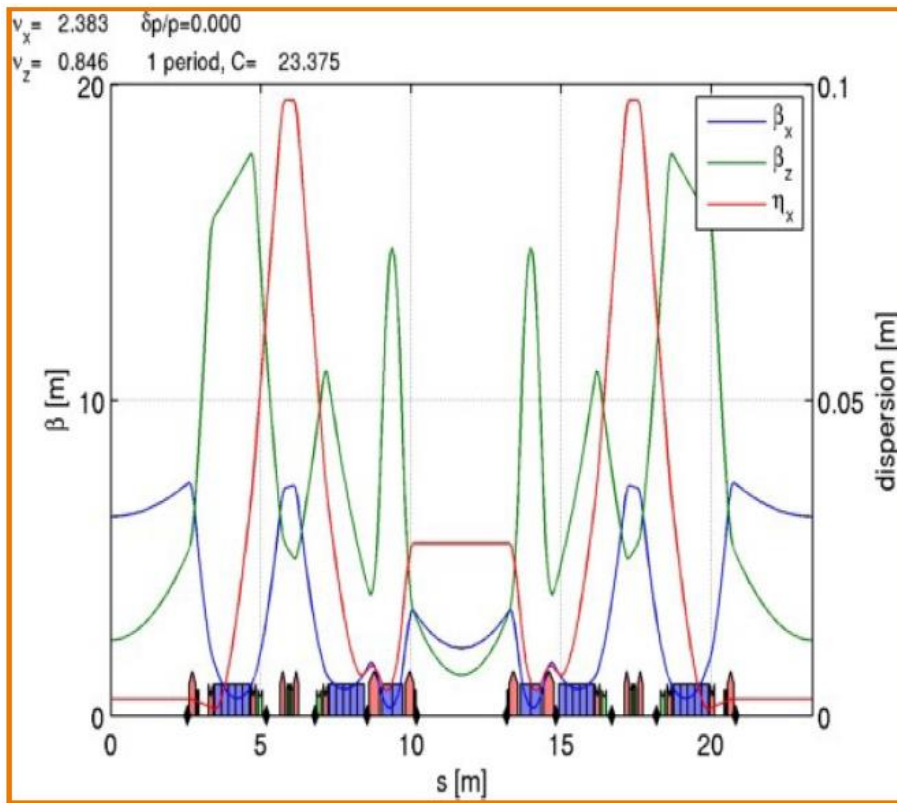
Preliminary calculations on a SwissFEL+



Energy	8.7 GeV
Repetition rate	100 Hz (each FEL)
Max. photon energy	~ 18.6 keV
Pulse duration	20-30 fs
Photons/pulse (10 keV)	~ 10^{12}
No. of FELs	up to 4 (?)
Possible FELs	SXR (0.1 – 2 keV) MXR (1.5 – 6 keV) HXR (5 – 15 keV)
Experimental stations	3 per FEL
Facility length	~ 850 m
Power consumption	~ 7MW

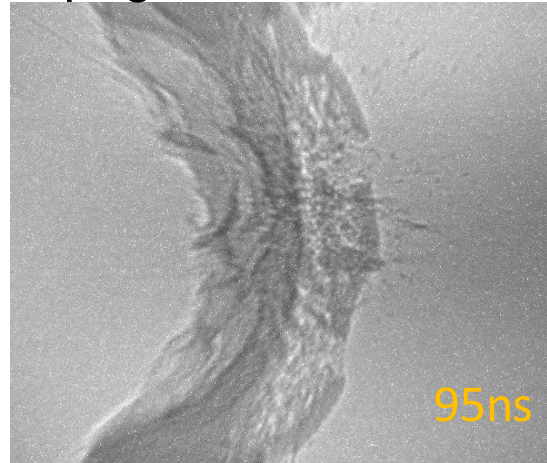


The novel optics will allow an order of magnitude higher brightness

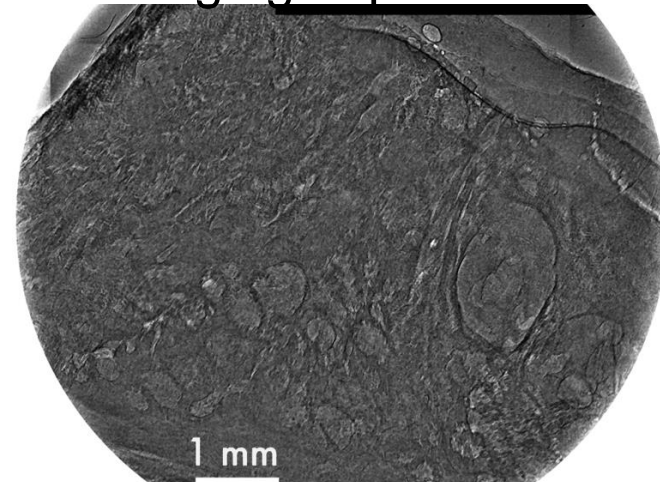


Gemini betatron x-ray source now $> 10^{24}$ photons per (mm² mrad² sec 0.1%BW)

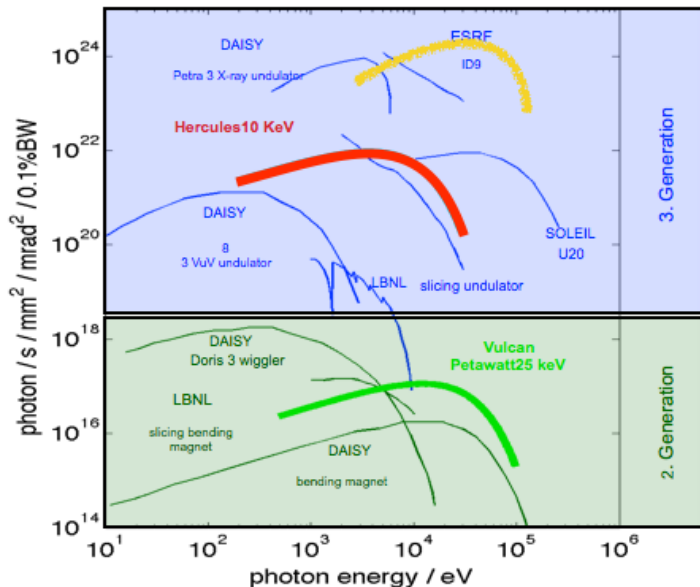
Used for imaging fast phenomena; e.g. shock propagation in dense material.



medically relevant material; e.g. phase contrast imaging of prostate sample



Gemini 2015



other light sources from A. Rousse *et al*, EPJD, 2008

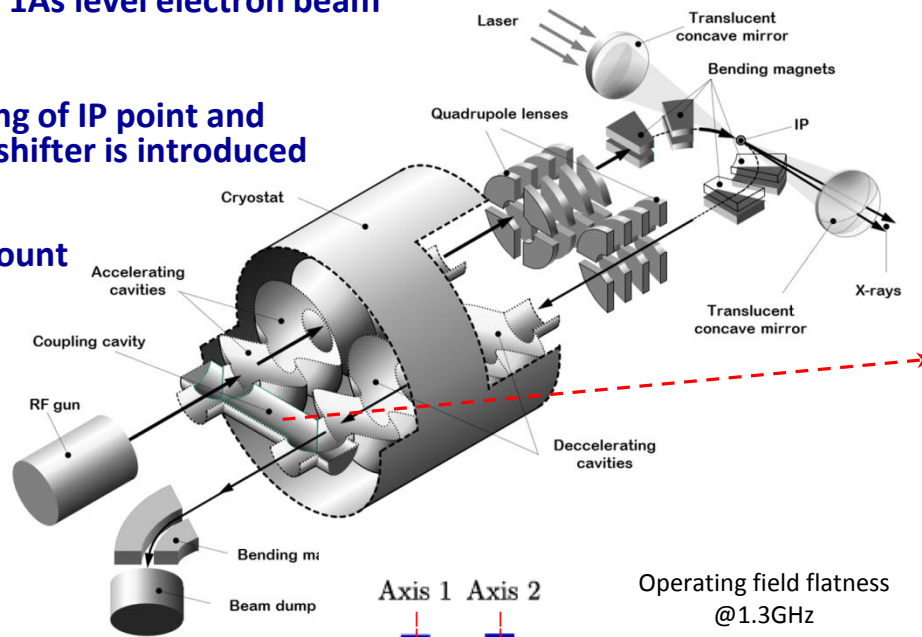
Asymmetric Energy Recovery Linac

Advantages:

a) capability to drive 1As level electron beam average current

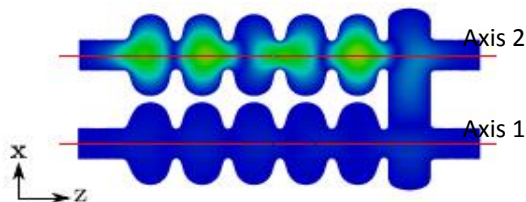
b) independent tuning of IP point and accelerator if phase shifter is introduced in the coupling cell

c) field tuning to account for beam change at interaction point

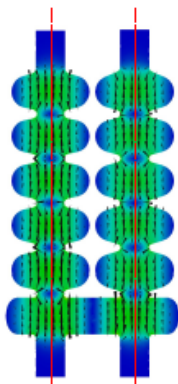


AI prototype for low-level RF measurements

Electric field contour plot of dipole partial eigenmode at 1.73GHz

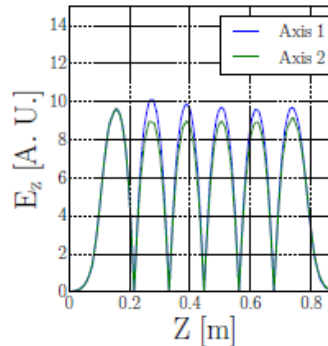


Axis 1 Axis 2



Electric field contour plot of operating eigenmode at 1.3GHz

Operating field flatness @1.3GHz



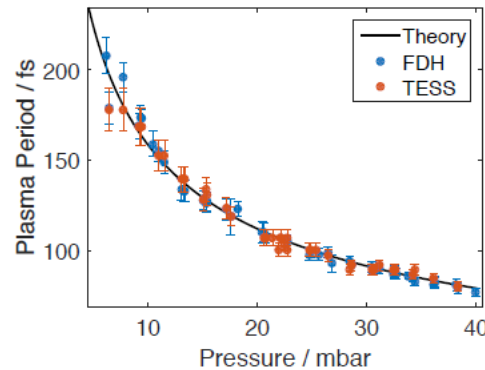
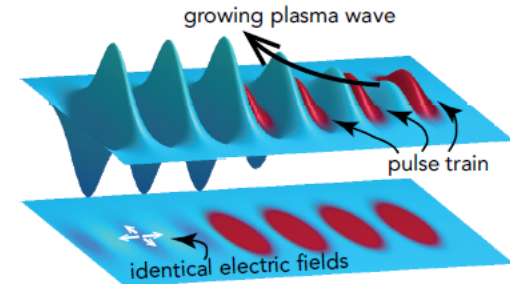
WP3.1: Development of wakefield accelerators

WP3.1.2: Development of efficient high rep-rate LWFA

- ▶ Multi-pulse laser wakefield acceleration may offer route to high repetition rate plasma accelerators driven by trains of low-energy laser pulses
- ▶ Proof-of-principle experiments
 - Ti:sapphire laser
 - FDH and TESS to measure wakefield
- ▶ Two-pulse expts
 - Wakefield interference clearly observed
 - Cancellation of wakefield by second pulse is first step to “energy recovery”
- ▶ Multi-Pulse expts (N = 7):
 - Strong resonance when pulse separation matches plasma period
 - Excellent agreement with linear theory

Simon Hooker at al

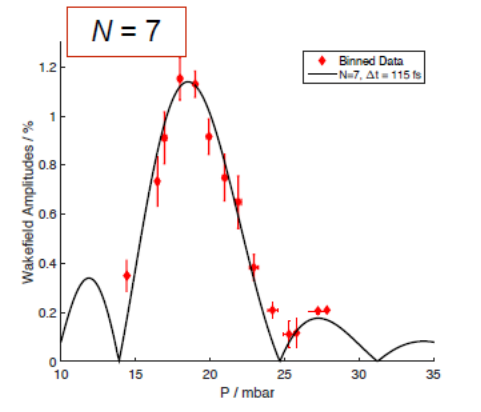
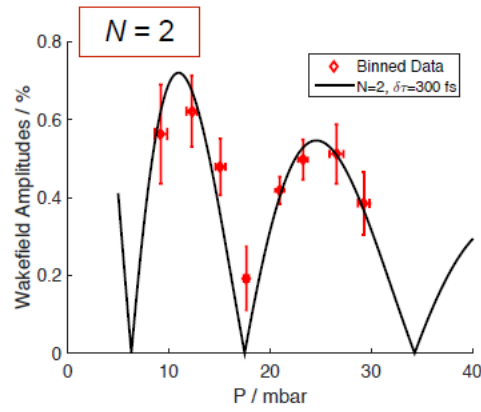
Cartoon of MP-LWFA scheme



FDH and TESS are in excellent agreement with each other and expected plasma period

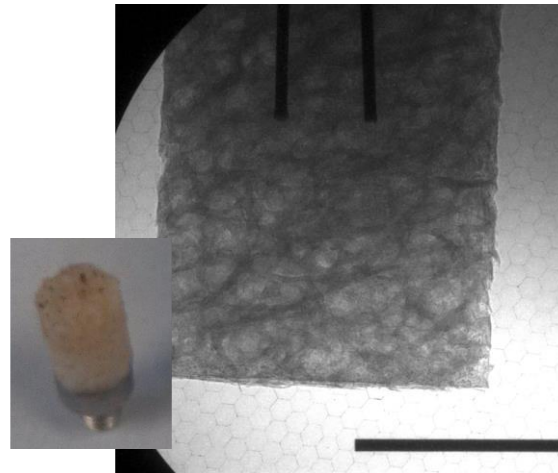
Expected wake amplitude:

$$\frac{\delta n_e}{n_{e0}} \propto \left(\frac{\delta n_e}{n_{e0}} \right)_{N=1} \times \left| \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}N\omega_{p0}\delta\tau\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\omega_{p0}\delta\tau\right)} \right|$$

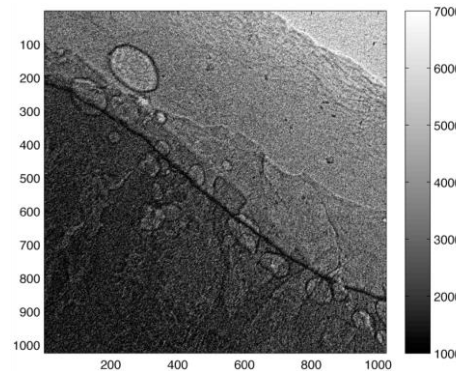


Preliminary analysis!

- **Betatron radiation could prove to be an interesting source for medical radiography**
 - **Small source size and collimated beam allows for high resolution phase contrast imaging of soft tissue, e.g. breast, prostate...**
 - **Hard photon energy with small source size allows for high resolution imaging of bone, biological samples**



X-ray radiograph of femoral bone sample (left, and photo inset) tomographically reconstructed (right)

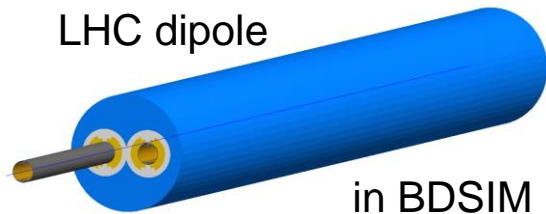


Phase-contrast imaging of prostate (left) and tomograph of pre-natal mouse (right)

Collimation challenge:

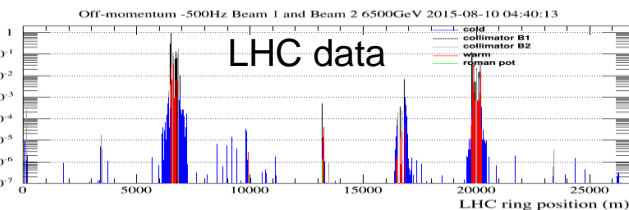
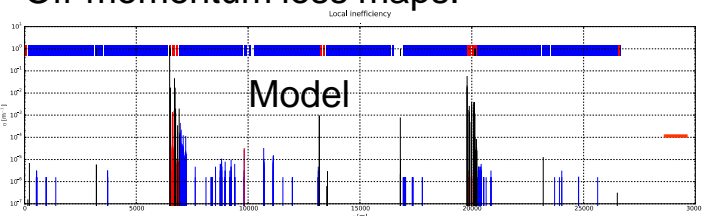
- to efficiently clean the LHC beam, while...
- protecting cryogenic magnets from huge stored beam energy (doubles at HL-LHC!)
- mitigating beam backgrounds that reach the experiments!

LHC dipole



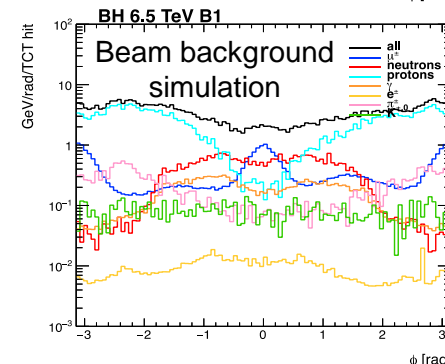
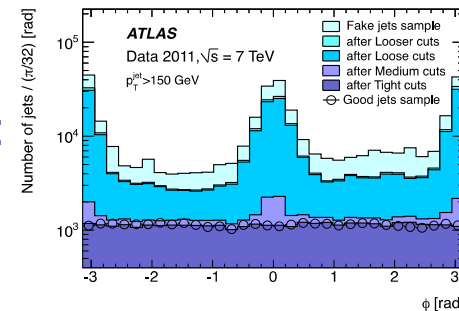
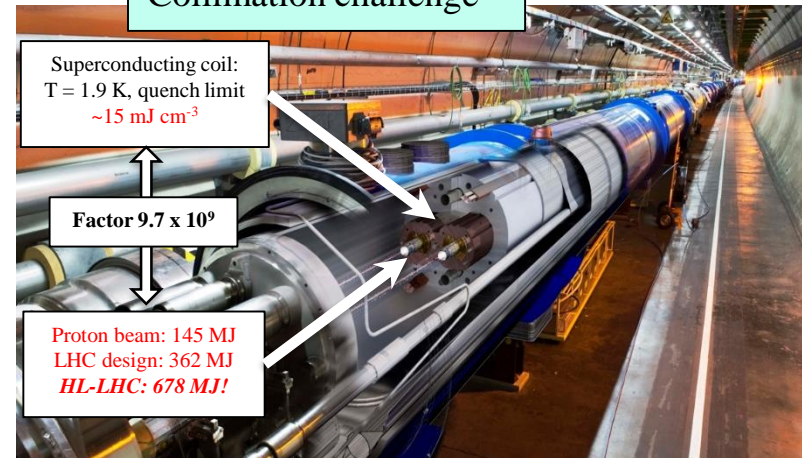
in BDSIM

Off-momentum loss maps:



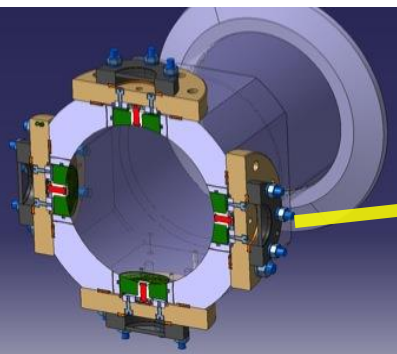
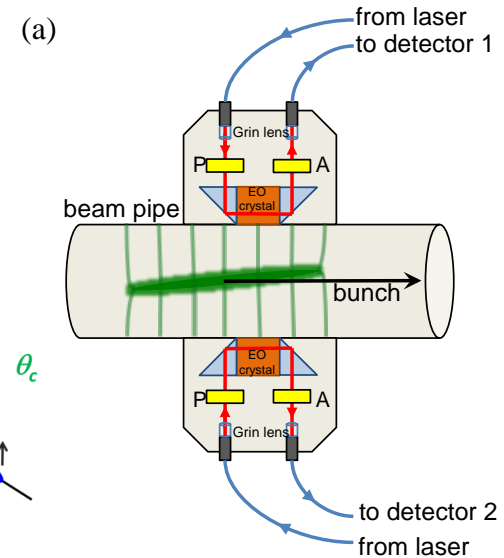
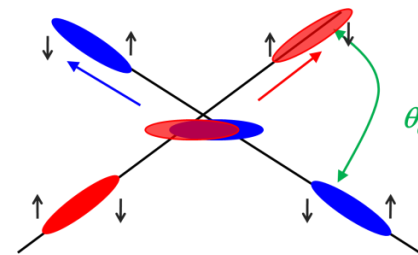
- JAI-RHUL experts already integrated in team at CERN. Main contributions:
 - **Off-momentum loss maps:** new model recently validated with energy deposition measurements at LHC.
 - **Advanced simulations of beam dynamics** to design the new triplet layout for HL-LHC.
 - RHUL-developed tool (BDSIM) to model **LHC beam backgrounds measured at ATLAS.**

Collimation challenge

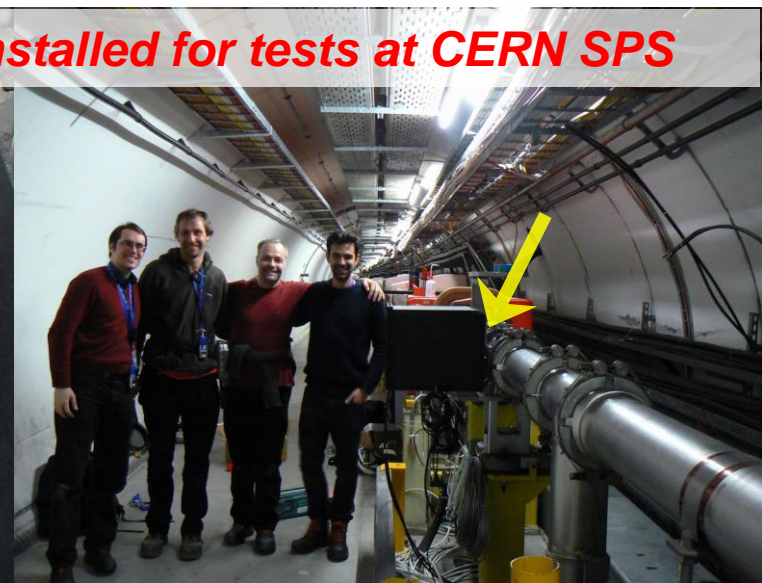
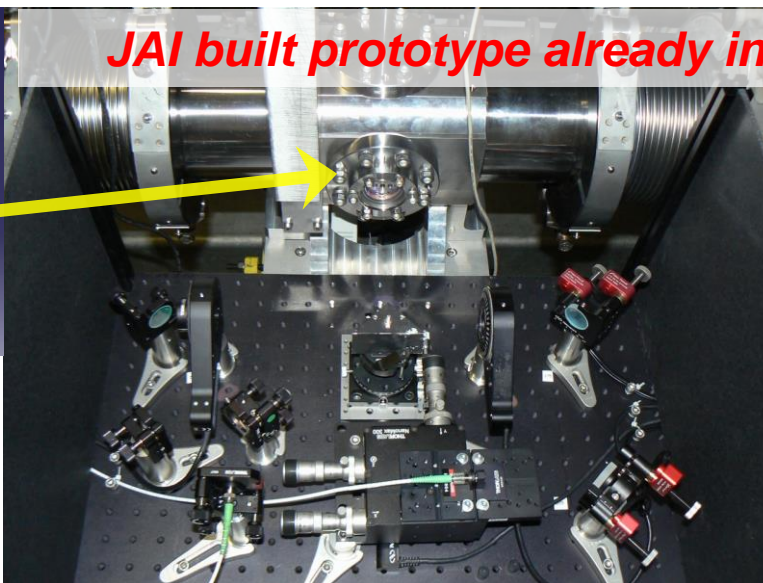


Diagnostics: Electro-optic Beam Position Monitors

- HL-LHC crab cavities require new instrumentation to monitor bunch rotation and optimize performance.
- High bandwidth electro-optical pick-ups enable intra-bunch measurements of transverse position.
- JAI built prototype installed in 2016 at CERN SPS for proof of principle tests, in collaboration with CERN BI group.



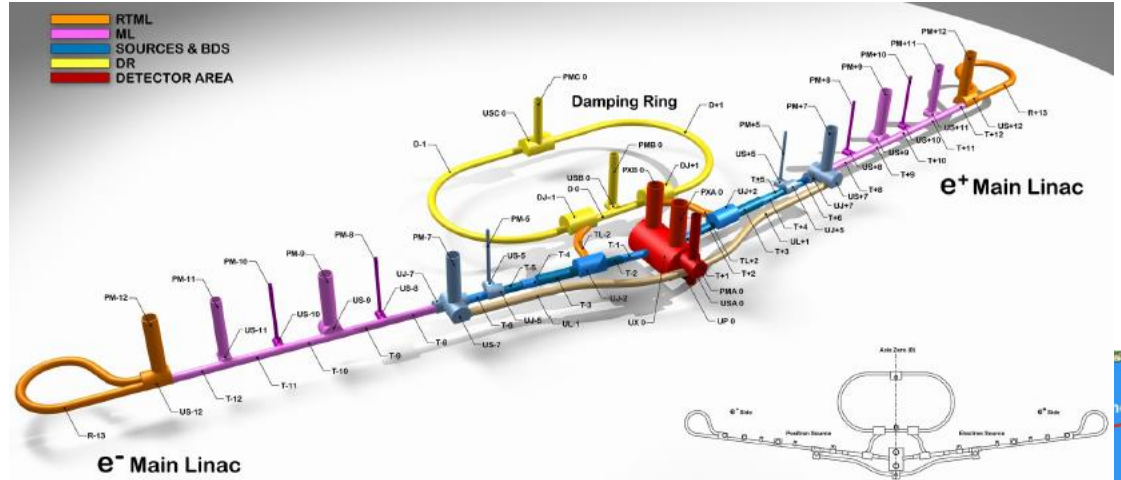
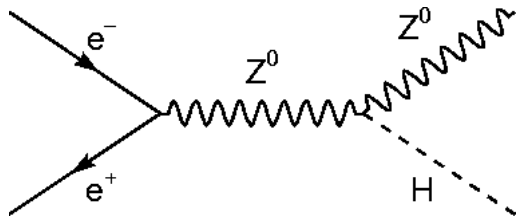
JAI built prototype already installed for tests at CERN SPS



Second prototype planned for LHC, before deployment at HL-LHC

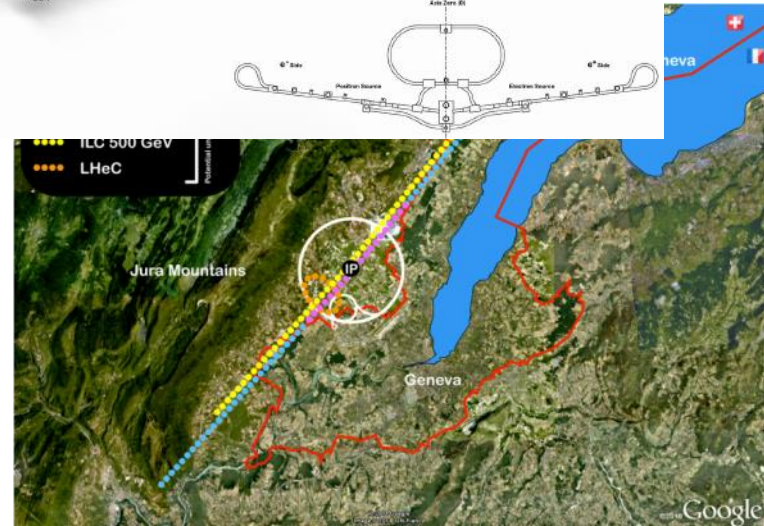
WP4.2: ILC, CLIC and MDI

Accelerator R&D for electron-positron Linear Collider 'Higgs Factory'



• Selected site
← Japan

CERN →



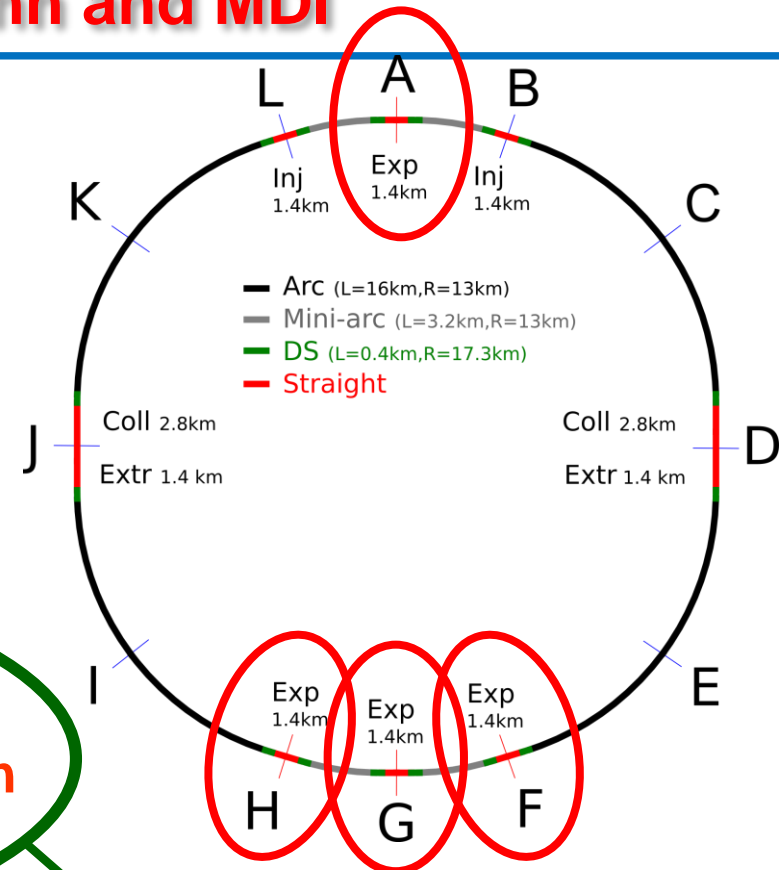
- International Linear Collider: awaiting decision from Japan (~2018)
- CLIC: preparing input for European Strategy update (~2019)

- **Experimental Interaction Region**

- One of critical areas defining FCC-hh (HE-LHC) performance

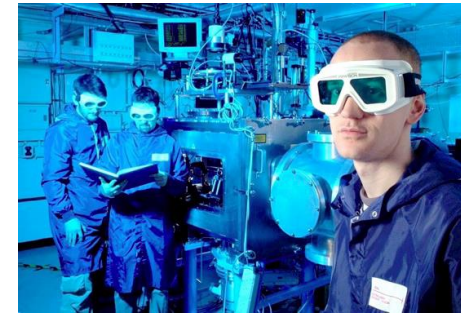
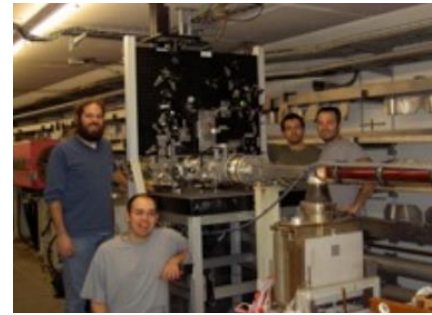
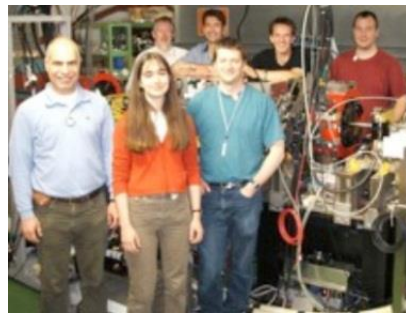
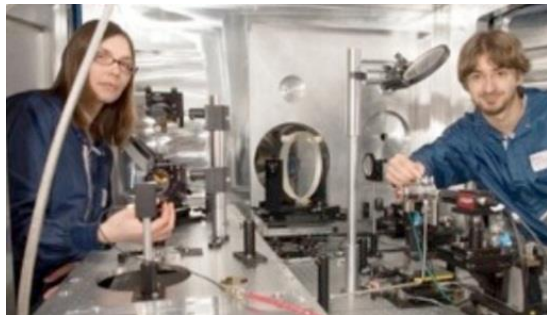
- **Design tasks of EuroCirCol IR Work Package**

- **Coordination**
 - JAI/Oxford (lead), CERN, task 3.1
- **Development of the interaction region lattice**
 - JAI/Oxford (lead), CERN, task 3.2
- **Design of machine detector interface**
 - CI/Manchester (lead), INFN, CERN, task 3.3
- **Study of beam-beam interaction**
 - EPFL (lead), CERN, task 3.4



Responsibility of JAI

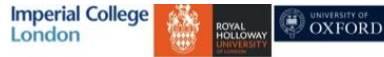
- **PhD based on state-of-the-art studies in accelerator science**
- **Excellent record – majority graduates in 4 years**
- **Total number of PhD graduates is about 60 (20% women)**
 - **Majority of theses (91%) combine experimental research with theoretical/simulation investigations**
- **Excellent post-PhD employment opportunities**
 - **Our graduates have excellent career prospects in fields of science & technology – they now work at RAL, ASTeC, Oxford, NPL London, CERN, SLAC, BNL, DESY, LLNL, LBNL, etc.**
 - **15% of our alumni work in industry**



JAI Post-graduate training - students' project

Every year students work on a design project, that allows them to put their skills into practice

Students present results of design project first to JAI staff, then to Advisory Board, and then to CERN colleagues

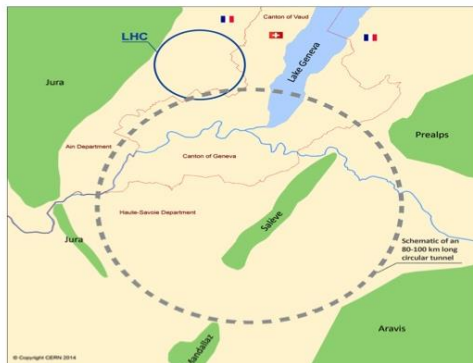


FCC-ee Design Project

Hannes Damm
Rebecca Ramjiawan
Léon Van Riesen-Haupt
Tom Vaughan
Stuart Walker
Elias Gerstmayr
Savio Rozario
Emma Ditter



Layout



Presentation at CERN Council Chamber May 2016



Group Photo at CERN May 2016

JAI post-graduate training

- JAI method of post-graduate training spreads around the world
- The students' design project has been applied this year, for the first time, at USPAS class, taught by JAI's A.S. and Aakash Sahai



U.S. Particle Accelerator School
Education in Beam Physics and Accelerator Technology

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Current Program
USPAS sponsored by the University of California, Davis January 16-27, 2017 held in Rohnert Park, California
[View Details >>](#)
APPLY NOW

Next Program
USPAS sponsored by Northern Illinois University June 12-23, 2017

USPAS class gets an oral talk at NAPAC 2016
Hearty congratulations to all!

A USPAS school project:
Compact ring-based X-ray source with on-orbit and on-energy laser-plasma injection
Marlene Turner, Auralee Edelen, Andrei Seryi, Jeremy Cheatam, Osep Lishin, Aakash Ajit Sahai, Brandon Zerbe, Andrew Lajoie, Chun Yan Jonathan Wong, Kai Shih, James Gerity, Gerard Lawler, Kookjin Moon.

- JAI taught USPAS class, following 1-week course, wrote a paper and got an oral talk at North American Particle Accelerator conference!



The CERN Accelerator School and Royal Holloway University of London are organizing a course on

Advanced Accelerator Physics

3 to 15 September, 2017

Royal Holloway University, Egham, London, United Kingdom

- **Contributed strongly to existing UK facilities and their possible upgrades**
 - **The first version of optics for Diamond Light Source upgrade originated from JAI graduate student – it now being realized in part of the ring**
 - **Joint Diamond-JAI senior academic and junior researchers**
 - **Joint ISIS-JAI researcher enhance our impact on developments of ISIS upgrade and future of FETS facility**
 - **Made key contribution to development of Central Laser Facility upgrade plan**
 - **Contributed to Technical Design Reports for the 20PW upgrade for the Vulcan Laser facility and to the high rep-rate upgrade/replacement to Astra Gemini (Pulsar)**

- aim to excel in our training program
- aim to contribute strongly to UK facilities and their upgrades, Diamond Light Source, ISIS neutron source, Central Laser Facility
- aim to play a key role in evolution of UK-FEL from R&D into the project phase
- will strongly engage in and lead ILC and CLIC, if hosting/construction decisions will be taken
- will strive to make practical use of our SCRF compact source (in industry) as well as plasma acceleration source (in medicine)
- will lead the key technical areas of FCC and possibly HE-LHC project into the next project stages
- will aim to realise the high power proton beam facilities based on concepts we helped to develop