



The ANTARES adventure



- The ANTARES detector
 - Construction and dismantling
 - Detection Principle
 - Calibration and performances
- Scientific Results
 - Earth and Sea science
 - Particle Physics
 - High-Energy Astrophysics
- Passing the baton



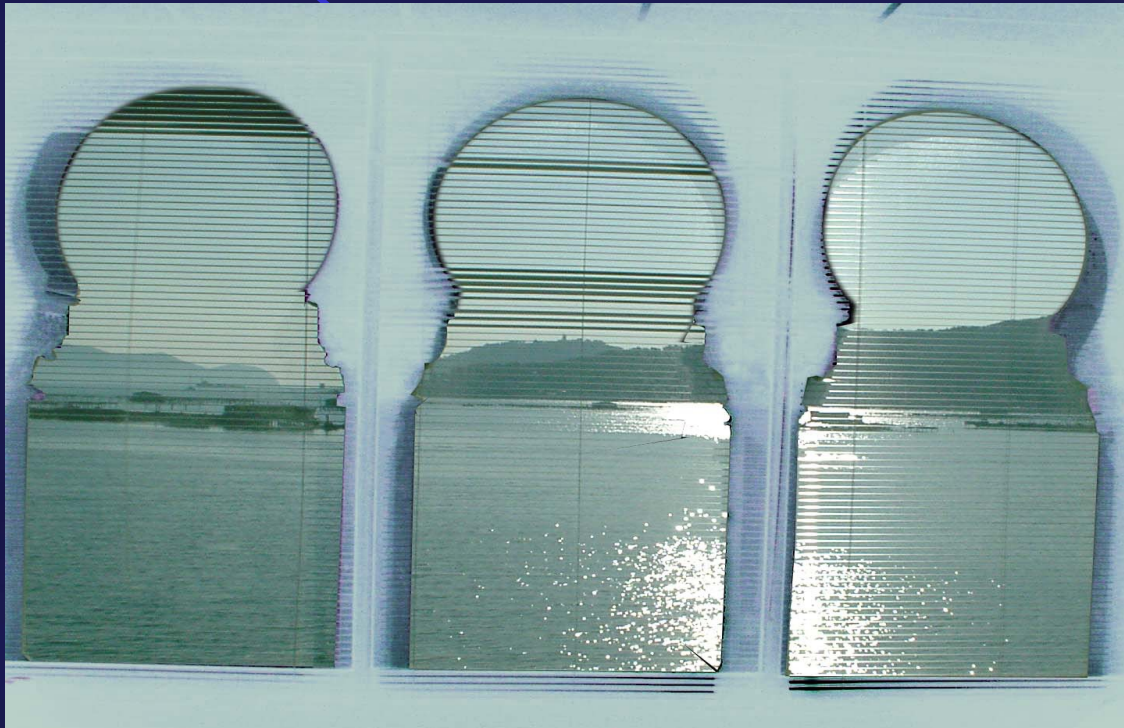
Antoine Kouchner



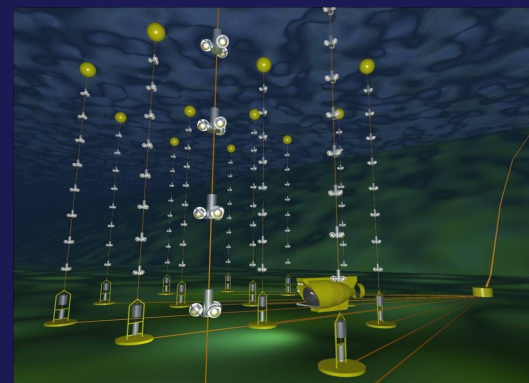


Toulon

Institute Michel Pacha



Antares



42 50'N, 6 10'E



The ANTARES Neutrino Telescope

📖 NIM A 656 (2011) 11-38

- 25 storeys / line
- 3 PMTs / storey
- 885 PMTs

2500 m depth

350 m

100 m

~70 m

14.5 m

Deployed in 2001

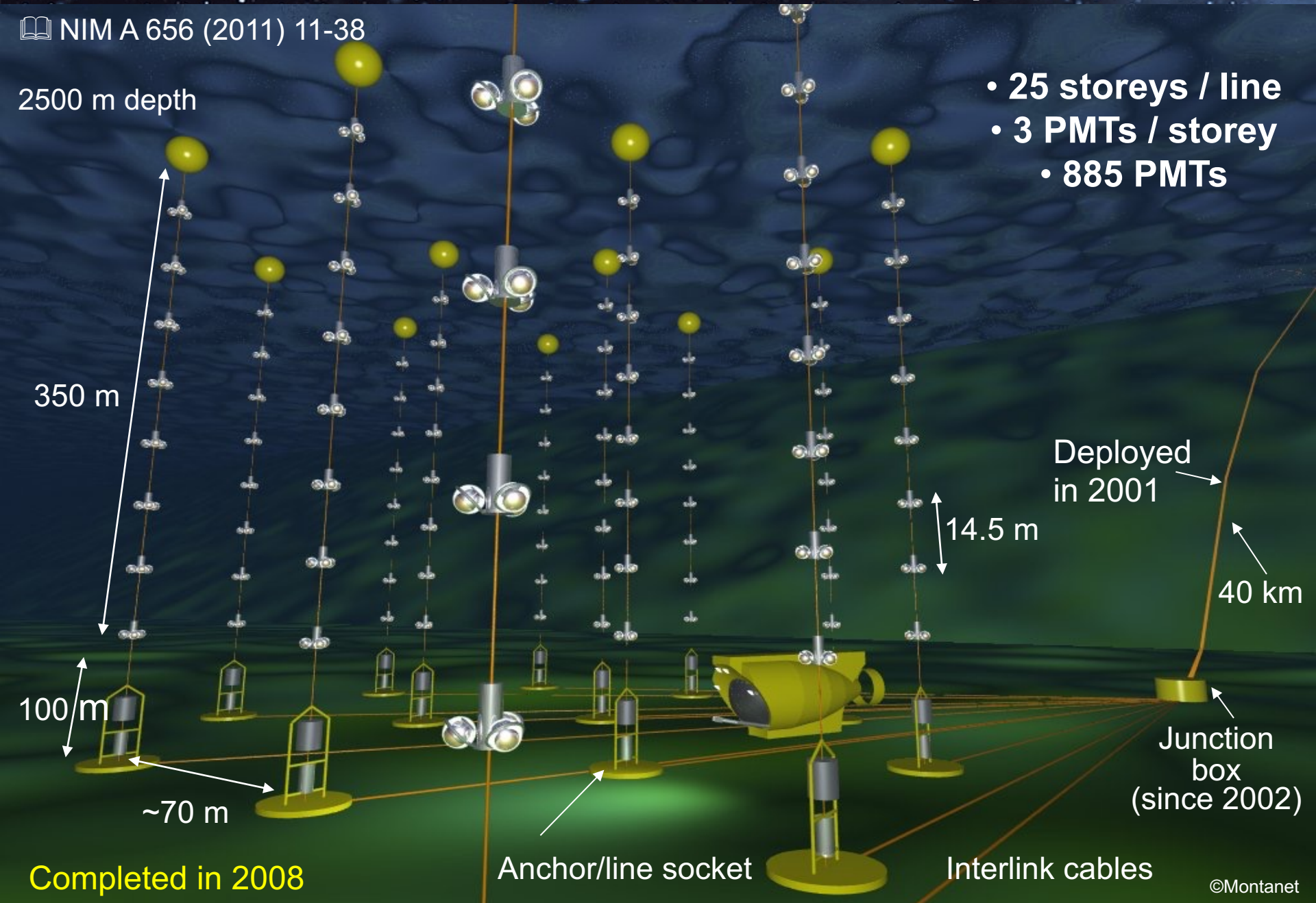
40 km

Junction box (since 2002)

Completed in 2008

Anchor/line socket

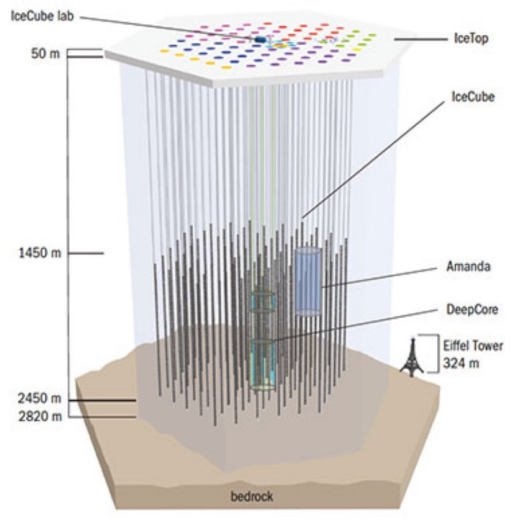
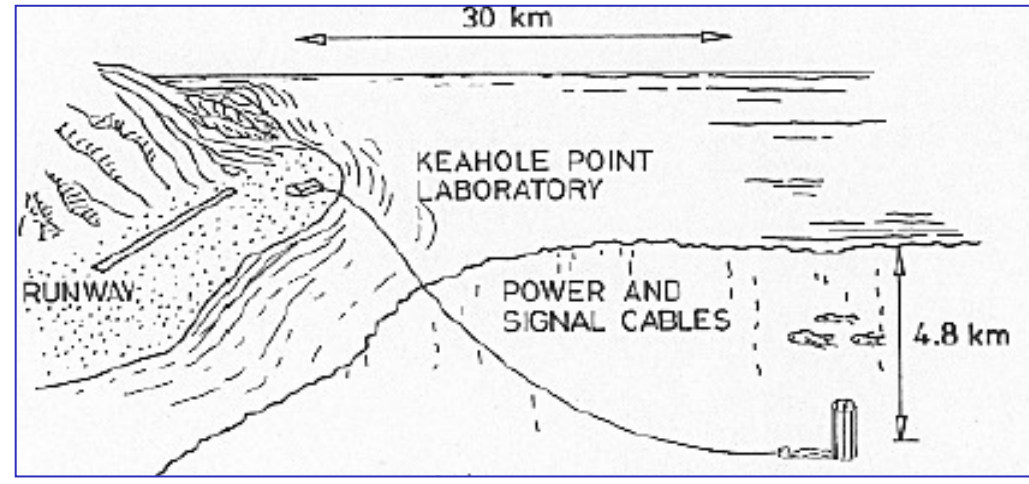
Interlink cables



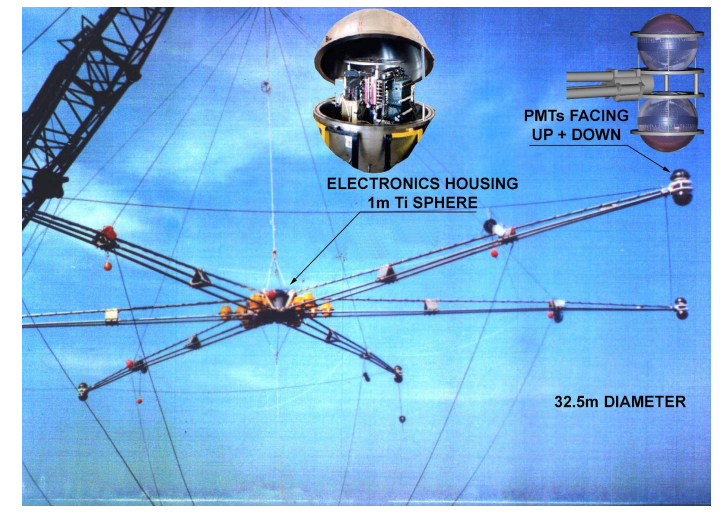
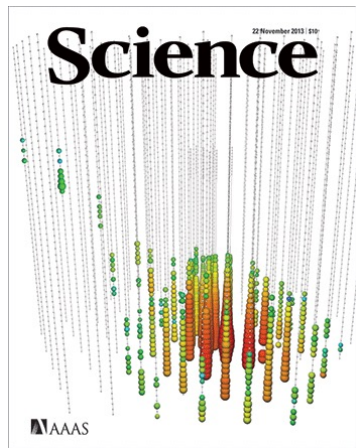
Why the Deep Sea ?

As early as the mid-70's yearly workshops about
Deep Underwater Muon And Neutrino Detector

December 1993: deployment of first string and connection to junction box. Failure after several hours
1995: DUMAND project is terminated



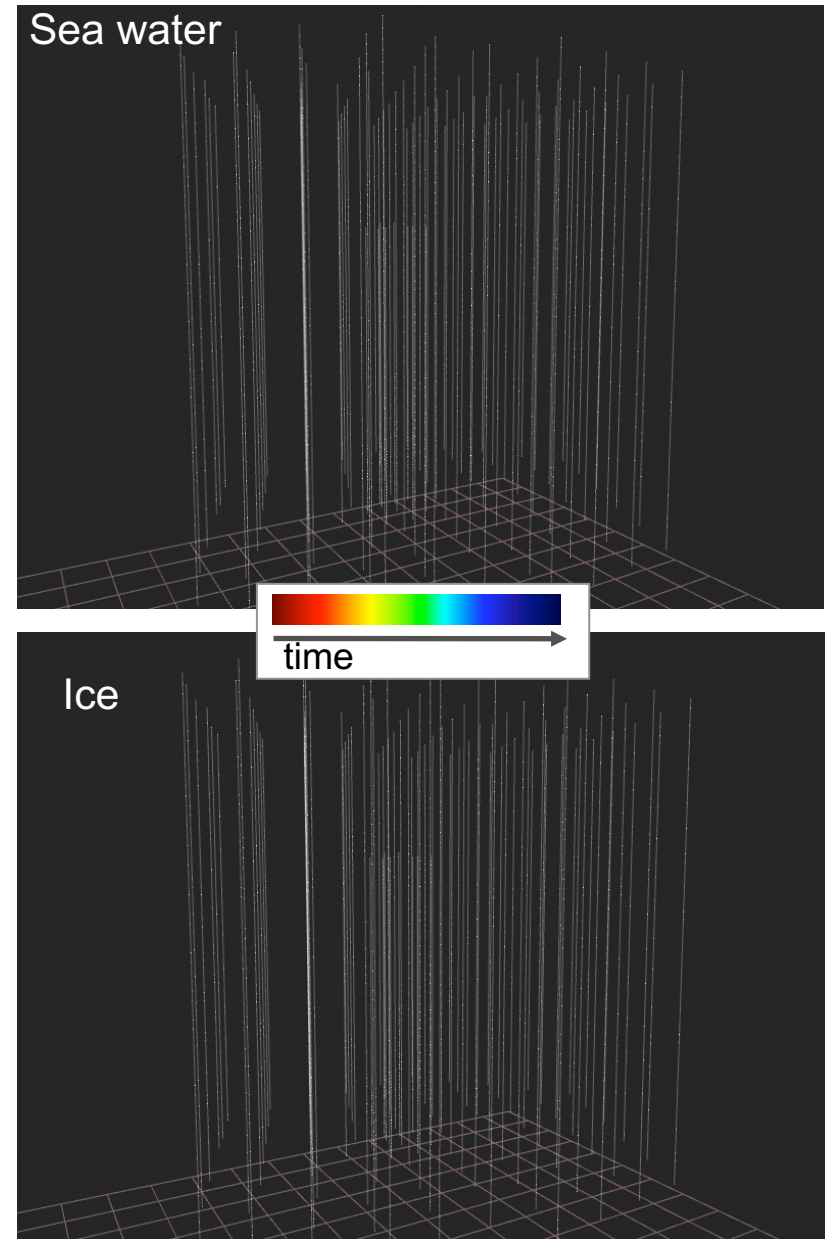
IceCube



Nestor

Why the Mediterranean Sea?

- Long (homogeneous) scattering length
 - Good pointing accuracy
- Deep sites: 2500→5000m
 - Shielding from downgoing muons
- Logistically attractive
 - Close to shore (deployment / repair)
- Complementarity to IceCube South Pole
 - Excellent view of Galaxy
- Mild Latitude
 - On/off studies → Background control
- K40 optical background
 - Useful calibration, but requires causality filters



The first deep-sea Neutrino Telescope

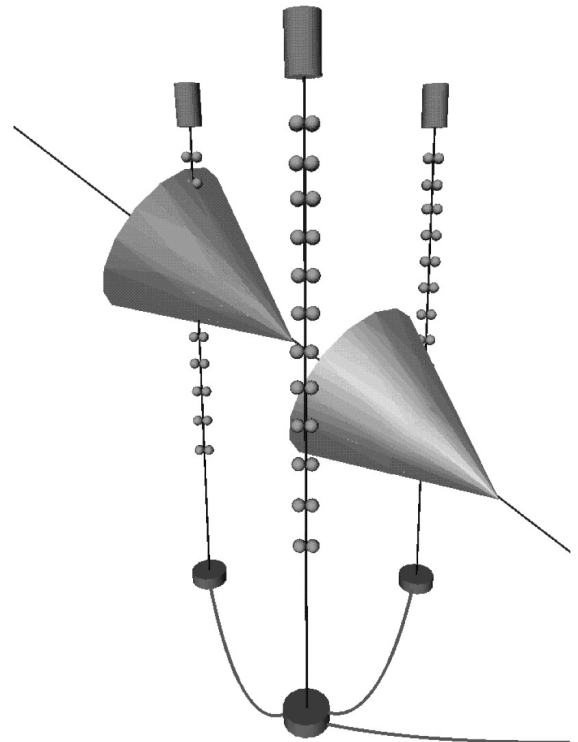
CPPM-97-02
DAPNIA-97-03
IFIC-97-35
OUNP-97-06

ANTARES

Astronomy with a Neutrino Telescope and Abyss environmental REsearch

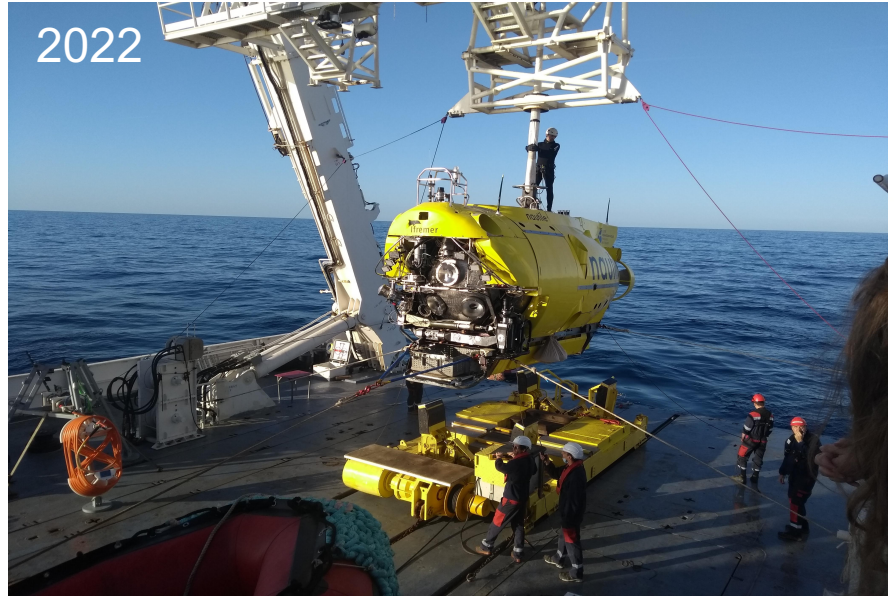
TOWARDS A LARGE SCALE HIGH ENERGY COSMIC NEUTRINO UNDERSEA DETECTOR

arXiv:astro-ph/9707136v1 11 Jul 1997



PROPOSAL - May 1997

ANTARES 2001-2022

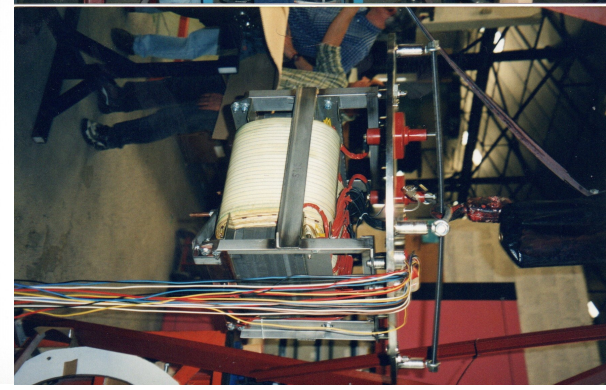
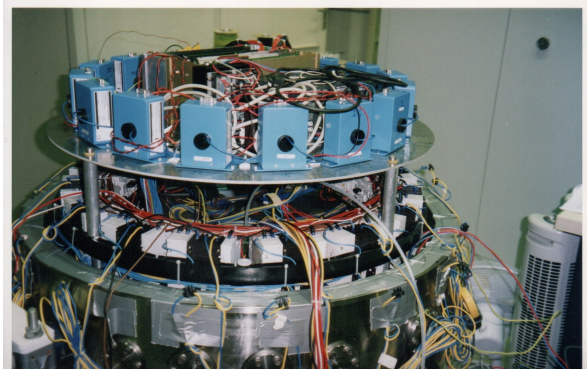
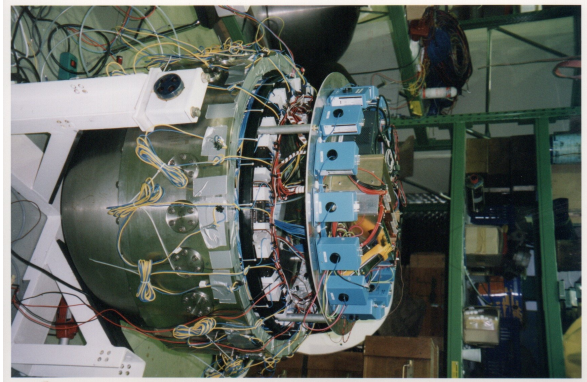
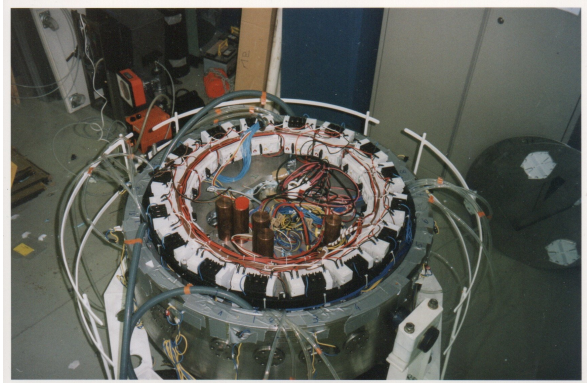


- 2001 Main Electro-Optical Cable
- 2002 Junction box
- 2003 Prototype Sector Line
- 2005 Mini Instrumentation Line with OMs
- 2006 First complete detector line
- 2008 Detector with 12 lines completed
- 2016 Running (almost) without common funds
- 2022 Data taking terminated & Recovery

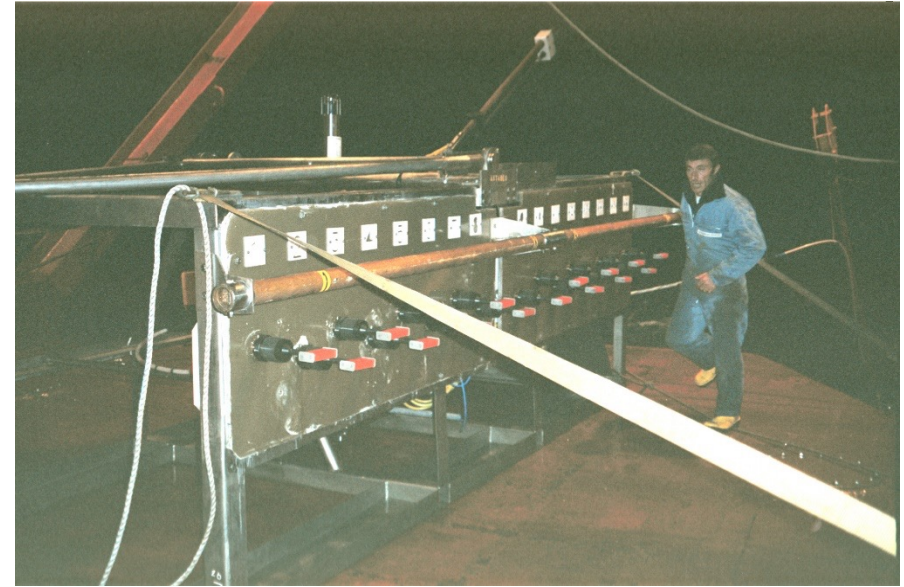
Main Electro-Optical Cable - 2001



Junction Box 2002 – Construction



Junction Box 2002 – Deployment



Junction Box 2002

Worked reliably for 20 years
No failure, no repair needed
Waiting for recovery and potential second life?

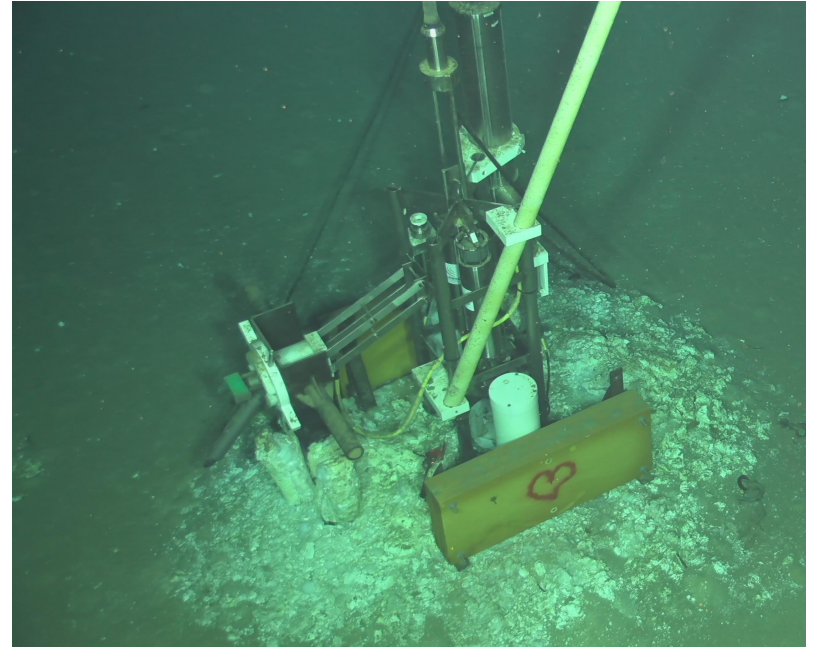
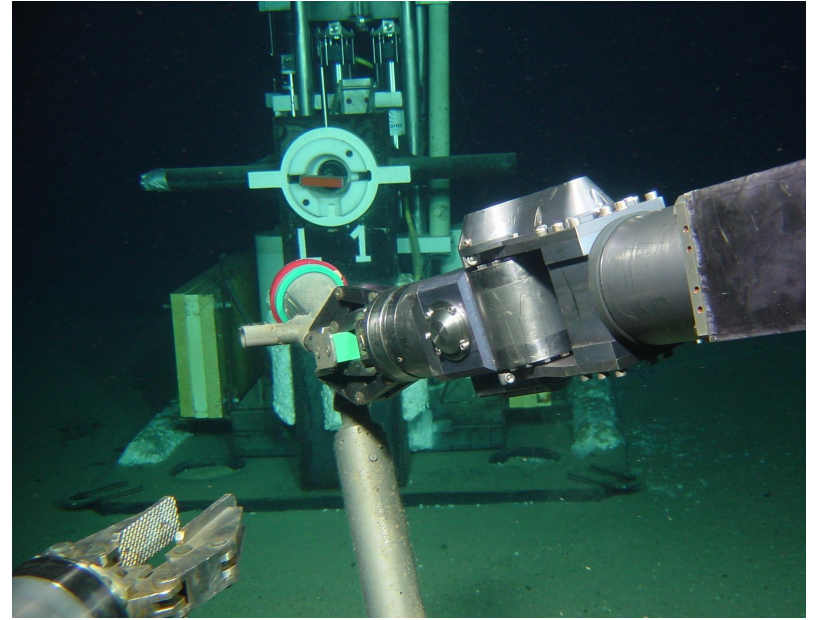


First complete detector line - 2006



First complete detector line – 2006 - 2022

Deployment 14/02/2006
Connection March 2006
Disconnection February 2022



Recovery completed



Picture from dismantling operation

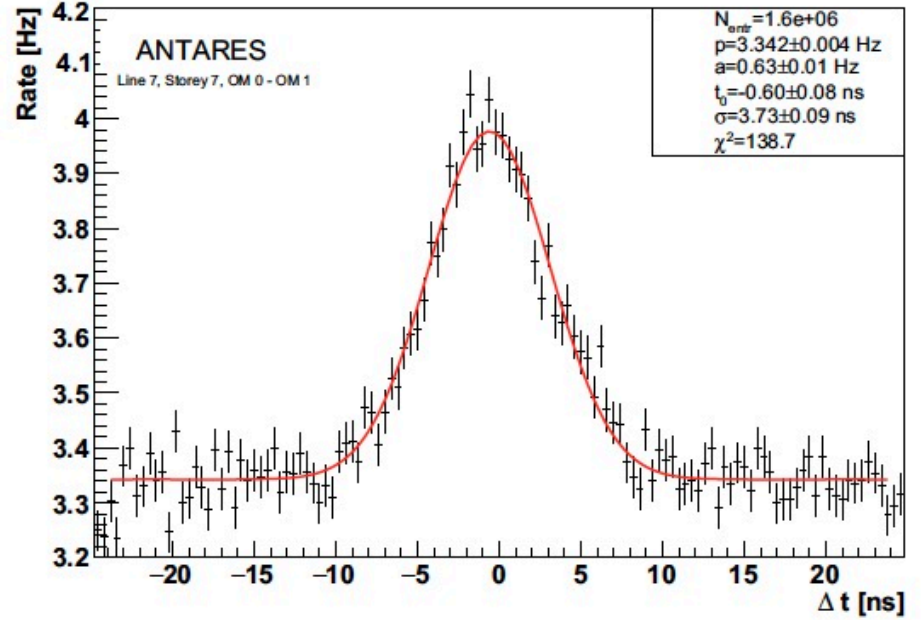
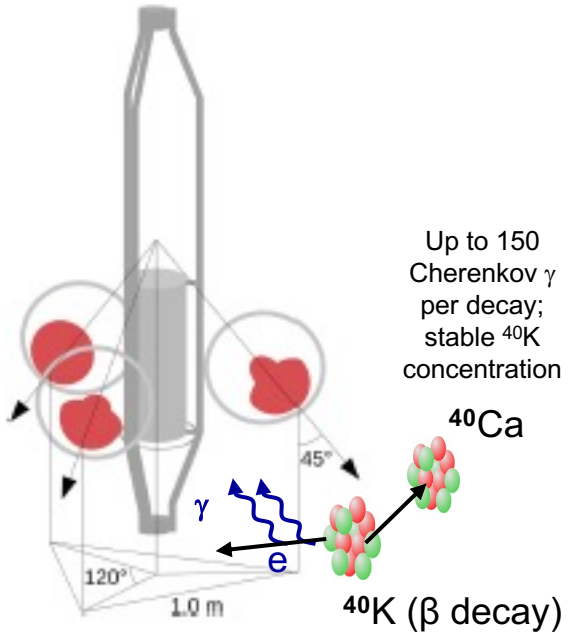
Recovery completed



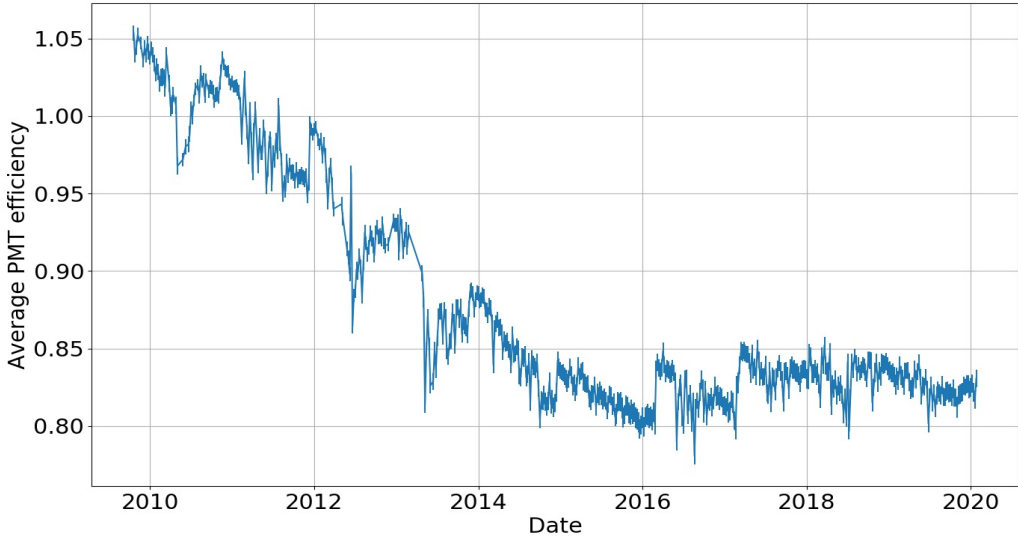
Including Line 1, 16 years after...



^{40}K (long-term) monitoring



ANTARES PMT efficiencies from K40



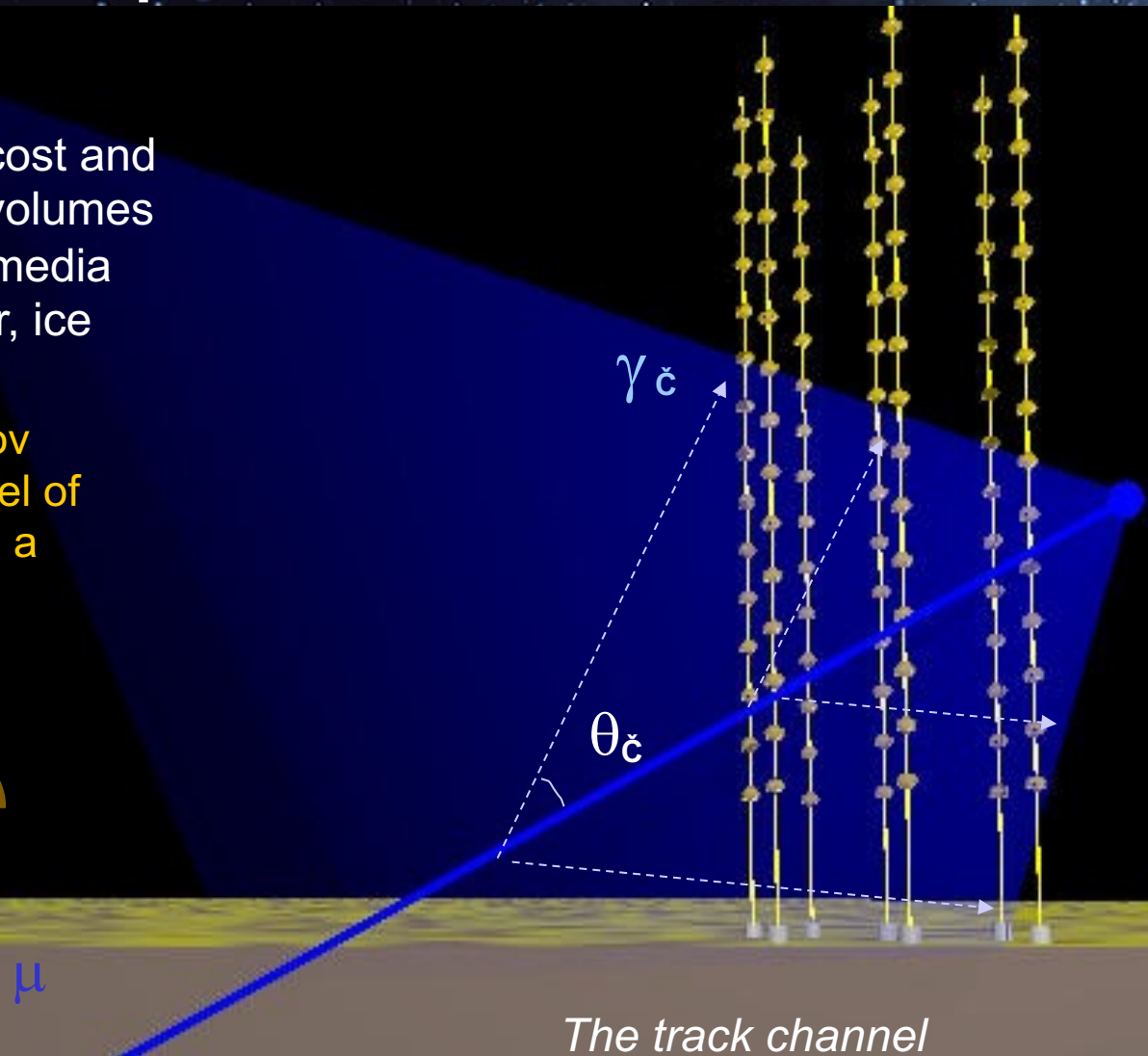
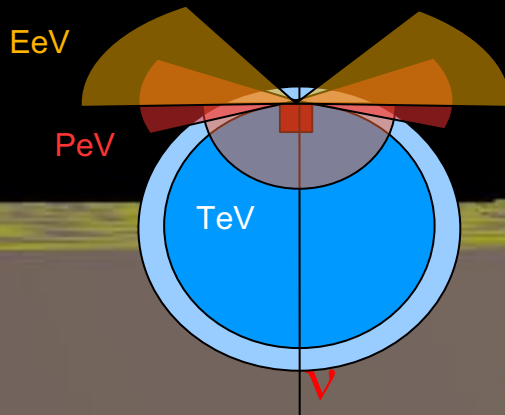
Regular tunings
 Only ~20% efficiency loss

^{40}K powerful calibration tool

Detection Principles: Cherenkov

Natural radiators are low cost and allow huge instrumented volumes in dark but transparent media
 → Deep lake, seawater, ice

Detection of Cherenkov light induced by the travel of relativistic muons with a 3D array of PMTs



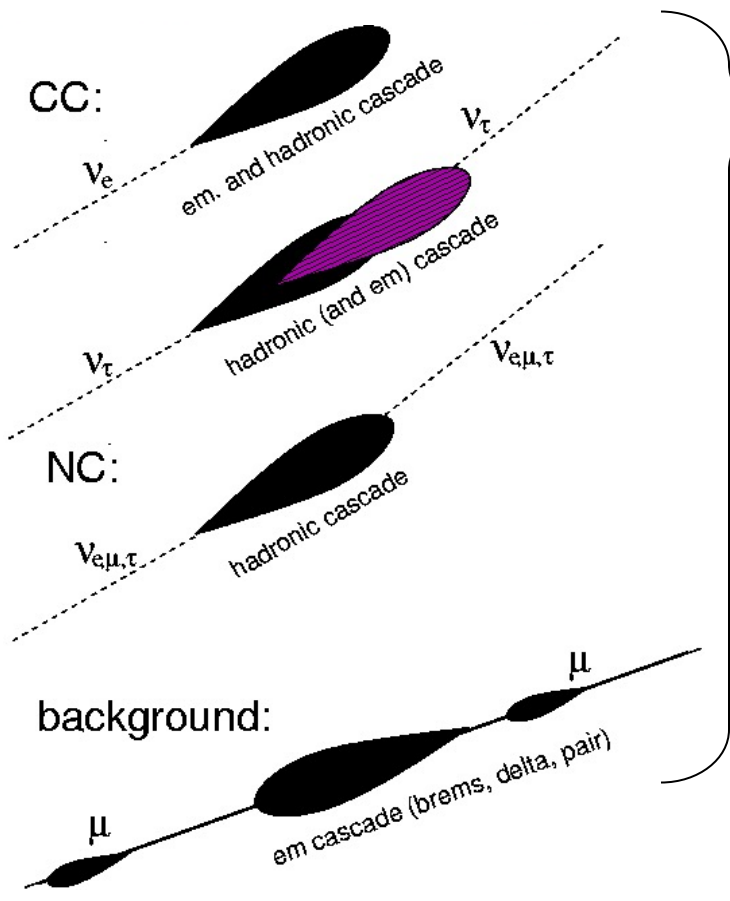
Time, position, amplitude of PMT pulses \Rightarrow μ trajectory

Cascade topology

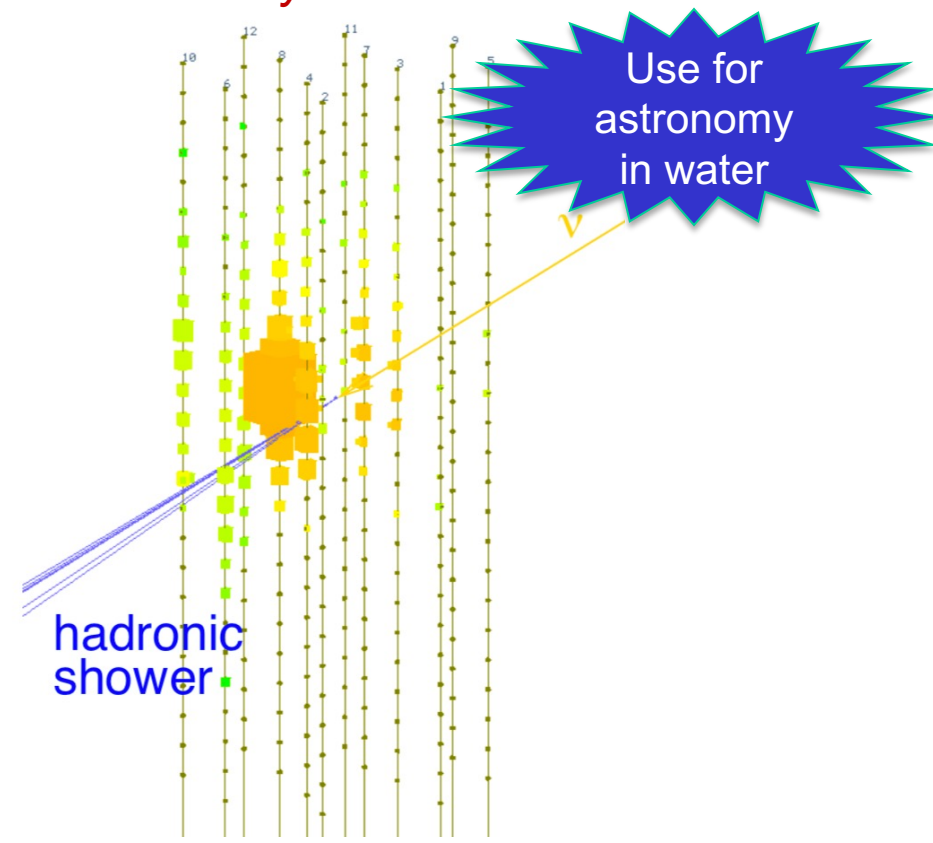
$\nu_e:\nu_\mu:\nu_\tau=1:2:0$ at source

oscillation \rightarrow

$\nu_e:\nu_\mu:\nu_\tau=1:1:1$ at Earth !



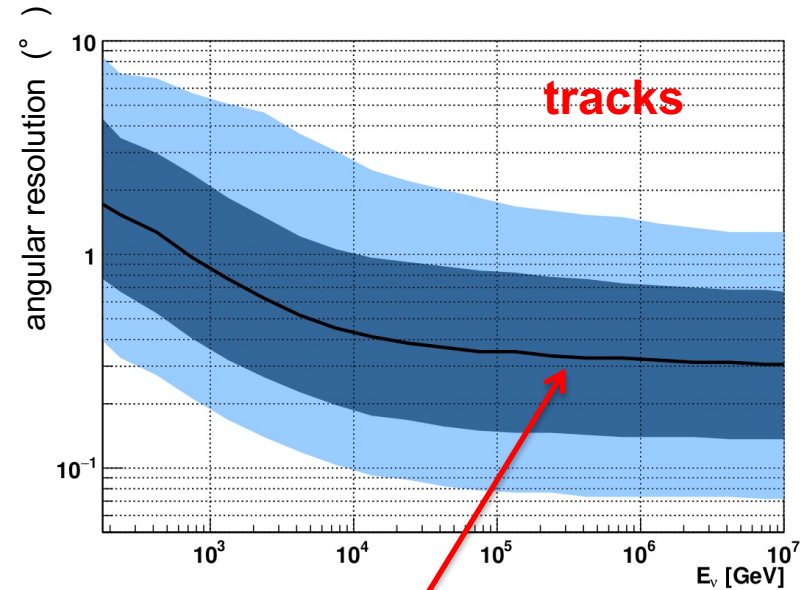
IceCube discovery channel



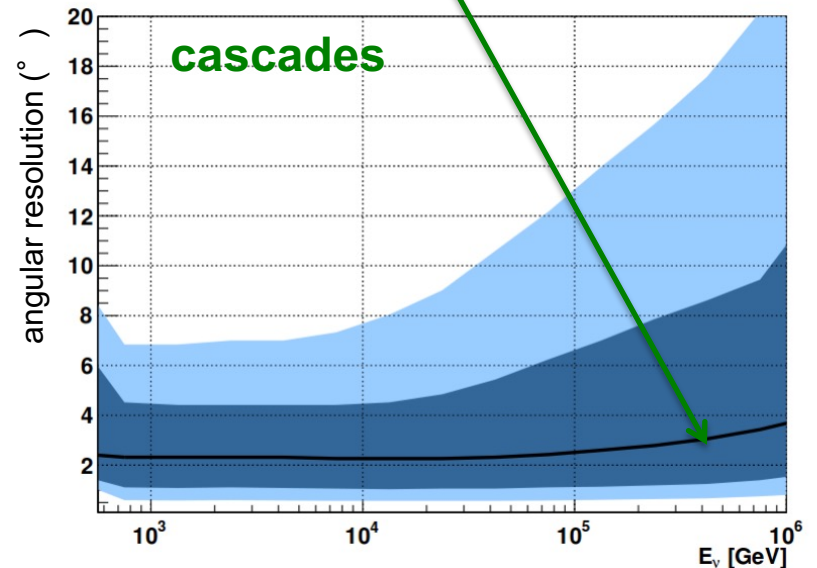
\rightarrow Provides sensitivity to all neutrino flavours – Increases overall sensitivity

Reconstruction performances

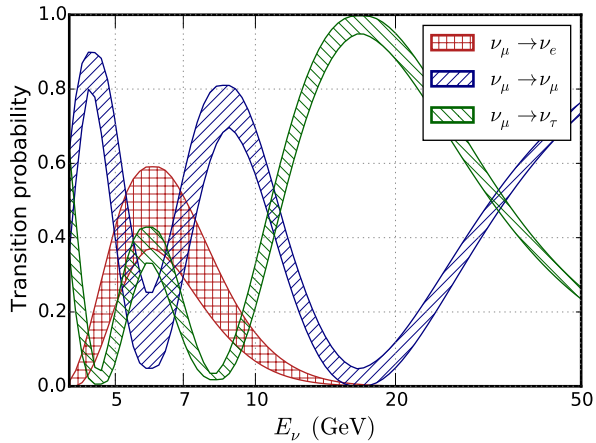
- Upgoing **track events** (ν_μ CC)
 - Angular resolution $< 0.4^\circ$ for $E_\nu > 10$ TeV
 - 90% purity
 - Energy resolution of about a factor 2
-
- Upgoing **cascade events** (ν_e / ν_τ CC, NC)
 - Angular resolution $< 3^\circ$
 - Energy resolution for ν_e CC better than 10%



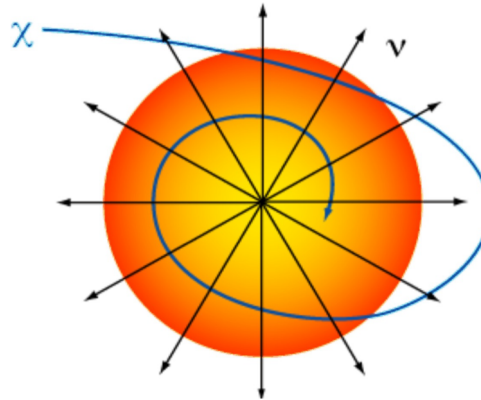
median resolution



Science scope



Low Energy
 $> 10 \text{ GeV}$



Medium Energy
 $10 \text{ GeV} < E_\nu < 10 \text{ TeV}$



High Energy
 $E_\nu > 1 \text{ TeV}$

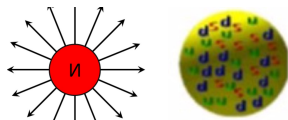


ν Oscillations

Dark matter search

ν from extra-terrestrial sources

+ Exotic searches



Origin and production mechanism of high-energy Cosmic-rays

A multidisciplinary observatory

📖 Deep-Sea Research I 58 (2011) 875–884

Acoustic and optical variations during rapid downward motion episodes in the deep North Western Mediterranean

📖 PLoS ONE 8 (7) 2013

Deep-sea bioluminescence blooms after dense water formation at the ocean surface

📖 Ocean Dynamics, April 2014, 64, 4, 507-517

High-frequency internal wave motions at the ANTARES site in the deep Western Mediterranean

📖 J of Geophysical Research: Oceans, 122, 3, 2017

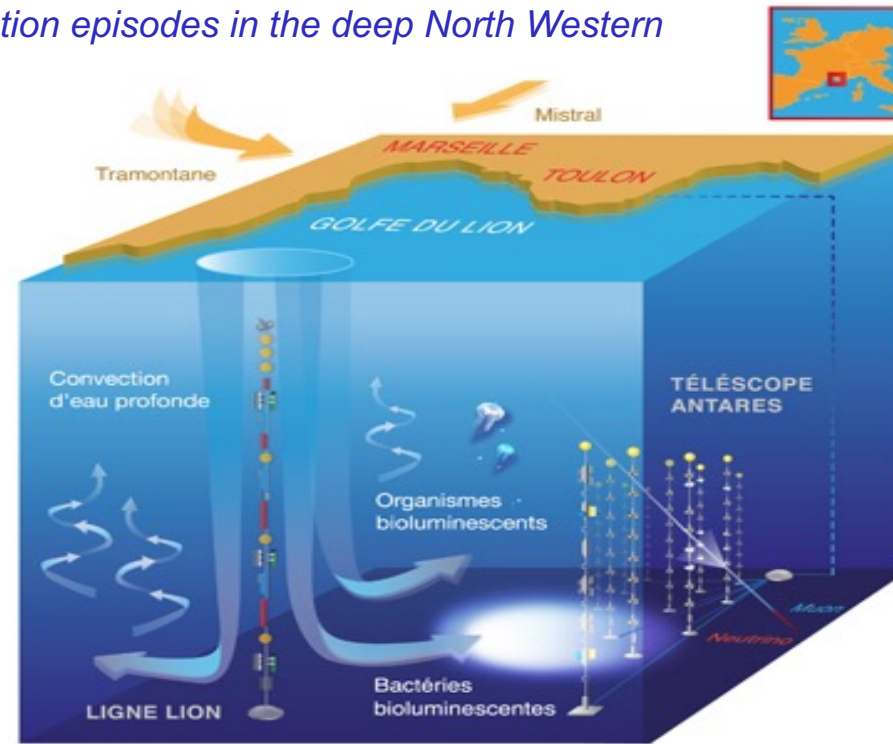
Deep sediment resuspension and thick nepheloid layer generation by open-ocean convection

📖 Sci. Rep. 7 (2017) 45517

Sperm whale diel behaviour revealed by ANTARES, a deep-sea neutrino telescope

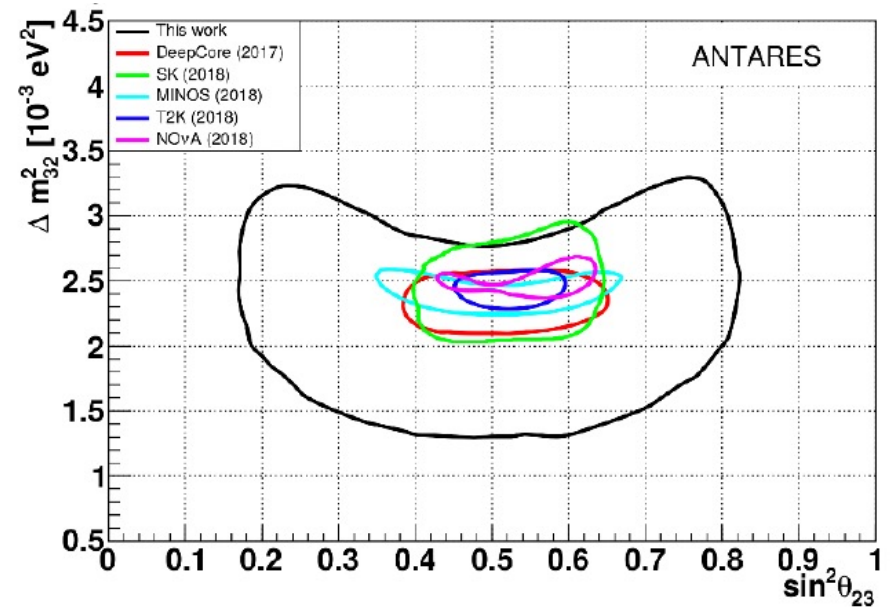
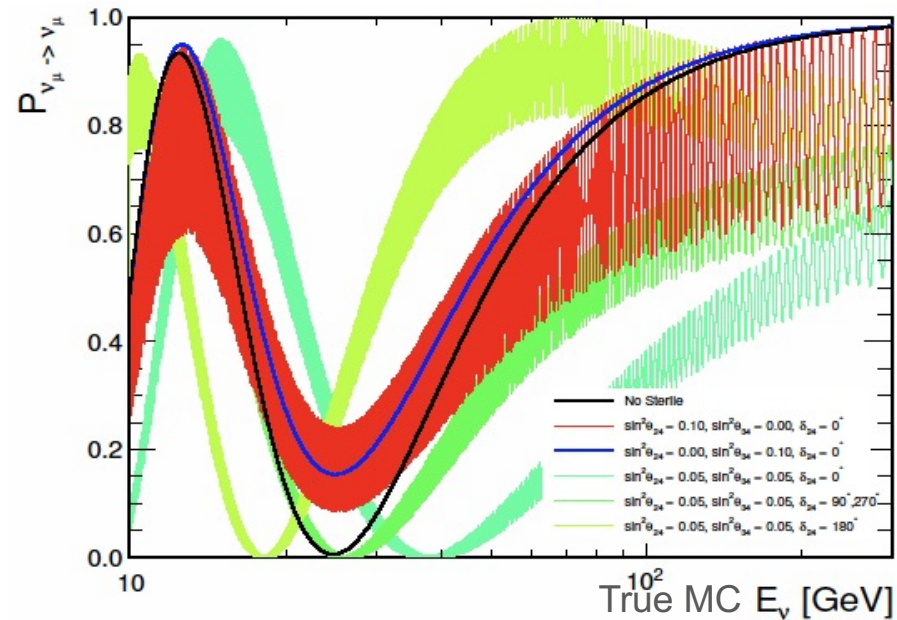
📖 <https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.08063>

Studying Bioluminescence Flashes with the ANTARES Deep Sea Neutrino Telescope



Updated Oscillation Studies

For illustration: Vertical Upgoing



 J. High Energ. Phys. (2019) 2019: 113

- Data from (2007-2016) sample - 2830 days of lifetime
- 7710 events selected, two reconstruction procedures
- Track channel only, E_{reco} from muon range
- A binned likelihood fit (Poisson stat.) is performed in two dimensions ($\log_{10}(E_{\text{reco}}), \cos\theta_{23}^{\text{reco}}$)
- Sample soon public

No-oscillation hypothesis excluded at 4.6σ

Updated Oscillation Studies Sterile & NSI

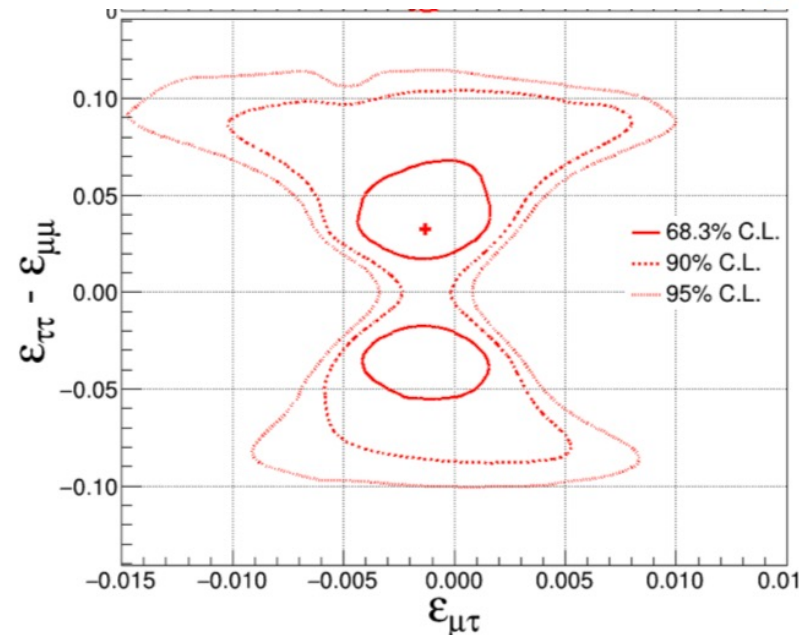
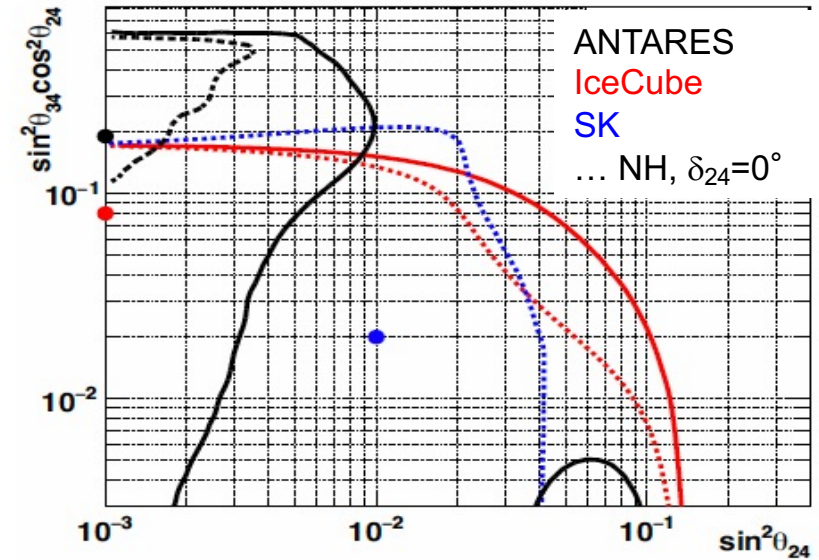
- (3+1) sterile neutrino models $\Delta m_{41}^2 > 0.5 \text{ eV}^2$
- Tight complementary information to eV-scale sterile neutrino searches

Our results (90% CL) exclude regions of the parameter space not yet excluded by other experiments.

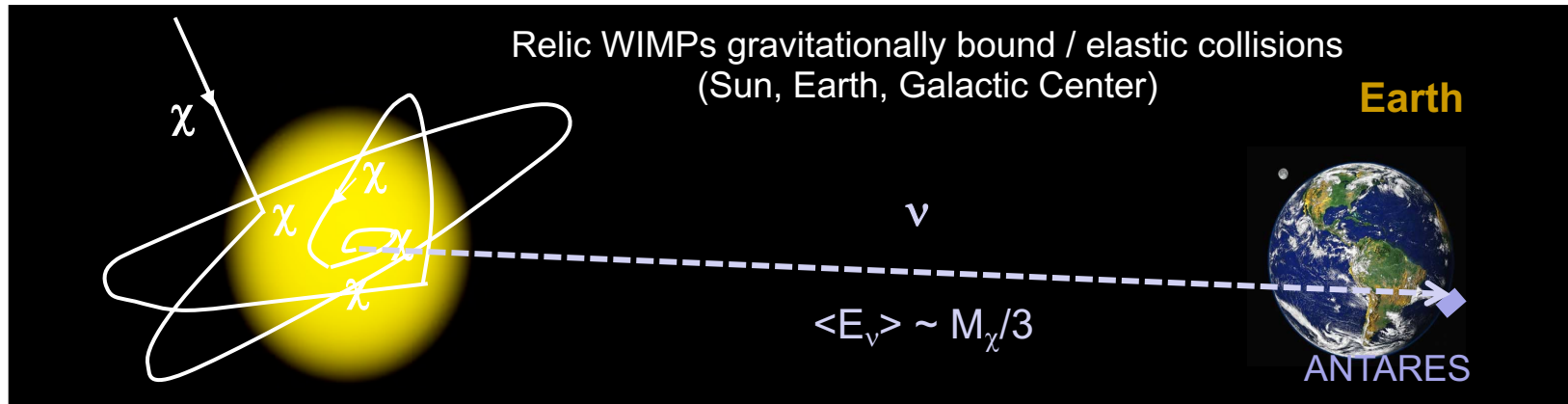
📖 J. High Energ. Phys. (2019) 2019: 113

- Non-standard interaction signature in neutrino oscillation patterns are detectable
- The non-NSI hypothesis is disfavored with a significance of 1.7σ (1.6σ) for the normal (inverted) mass ordering scenario.
- The constraint on $\epsilon_{\mu\tau}$ among the most stringent to date

📖 J. High Energ. Phys. 2022, 48 (2022)



Indirect Search for Dark Matter



Earth

Physics of the Dark Universe, 16 (2017) 41–48

Sun

Phys.Lett. B759 2016
JCAP 05 (2016) 016
JCAP11 (2013) 032

Galactic Center

arXiv:2203.06029
Phys. Lett. B 805 135439 (2020).
Phys. Rev. D 102, 082002 (2020)
Phys. Lett. B 769 (2017) 249
JCAP 10 (2015) 068

Competitive limits !

Our analyses do not include
showers (all flavors) yet

Improvements ahead



See R. Gozzini's talk for details
(11/08/2022 14:00)

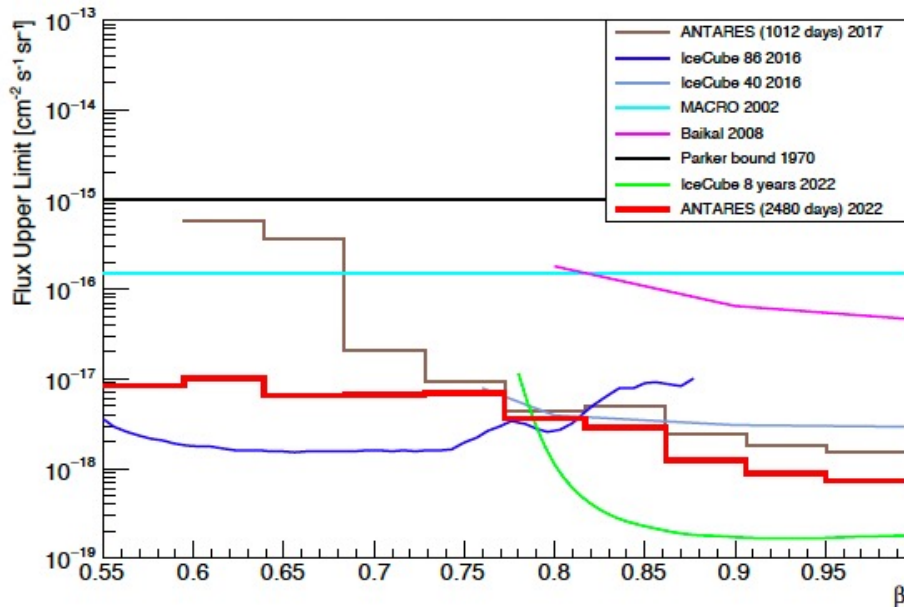
Search for Exotic Physics with ANTARES

Monopoles

Magnetic monopoles

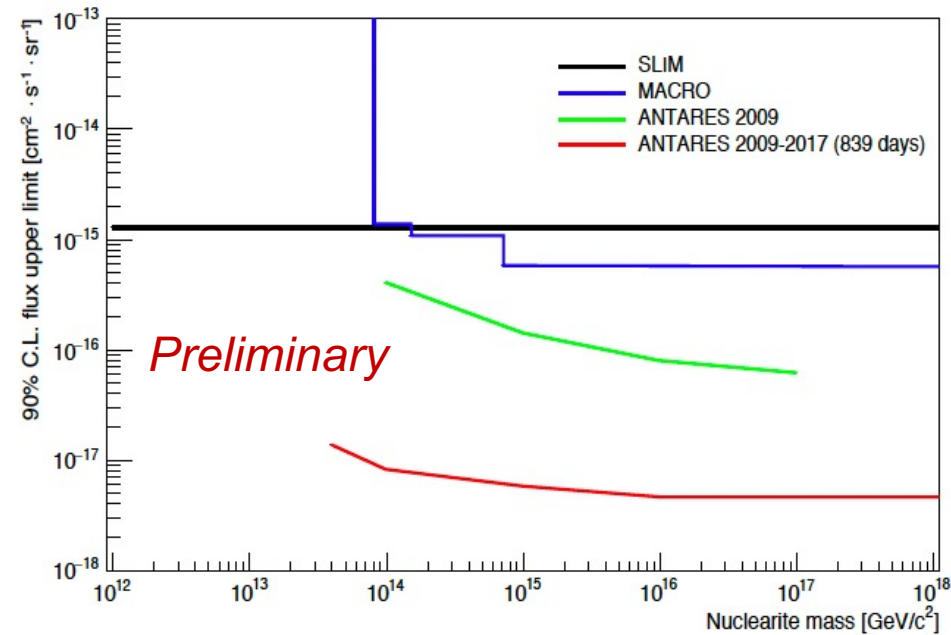
Kasama, Yang and Goldhaber model

Adapted reco for slow moving particles



Nuclearites

Nuclearites of strange quark matter
Down going flux with Galactic velocities
according to de Rújula & Glashow model



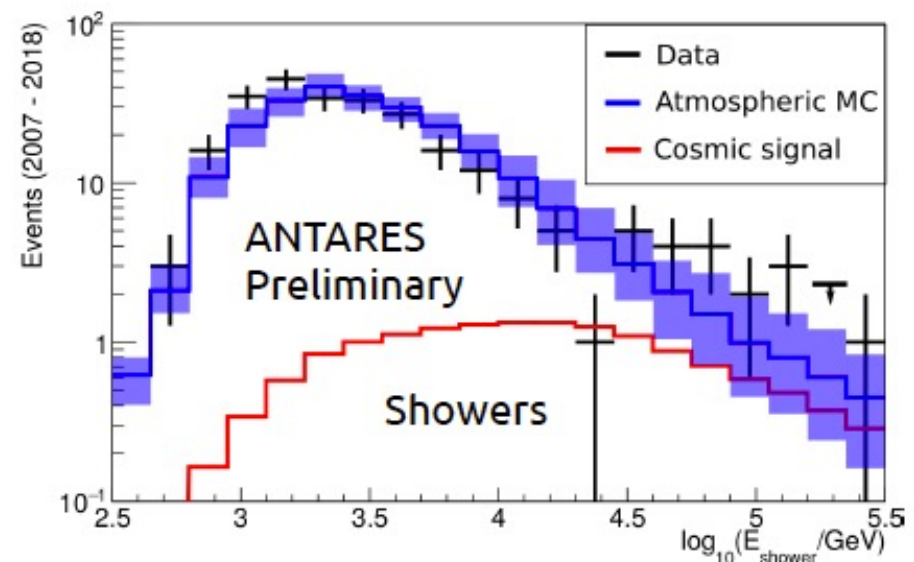
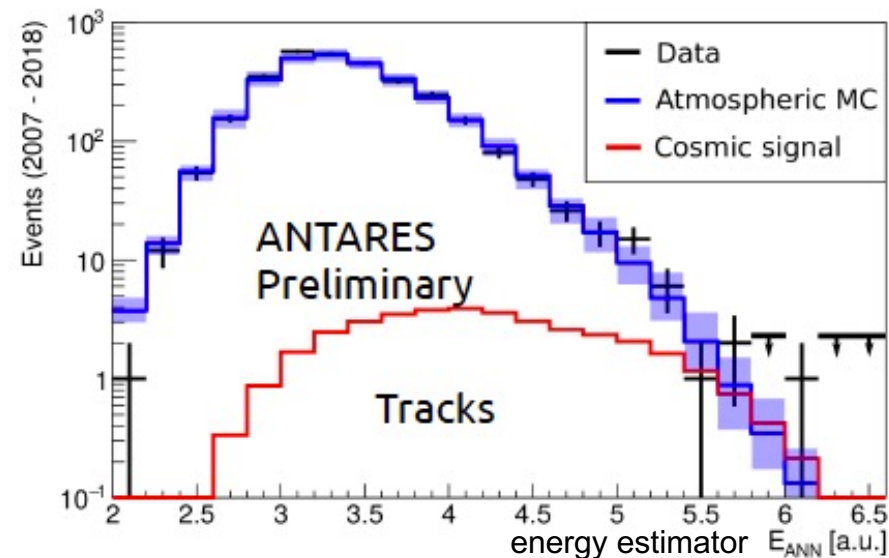
Diffuse flux

 <https://pos.sissa.it/358/891/pdf> (ICRC 19)

Updated data sample @ ICRC2019: 2007-2015 (2450 days) → 2007-2018 (3330 days)

All-sky / All-flavor neutrino search

- Selection cuts optimized with MRF procedure (assumed spectral index $\Gamma = 2.5$)
- Look for excess above a given E_{th}
- Combine track & shower samples



Data: 50 events (27 tracks + 23 showers)

Background expectation (atm. flux, incl. prompt) :

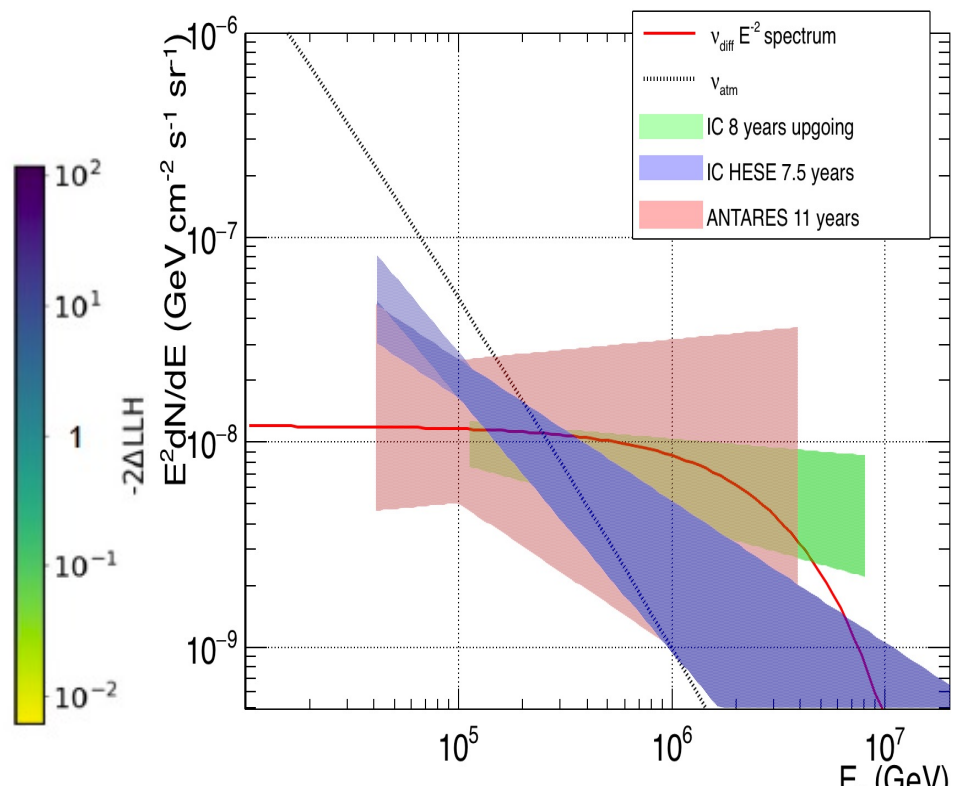
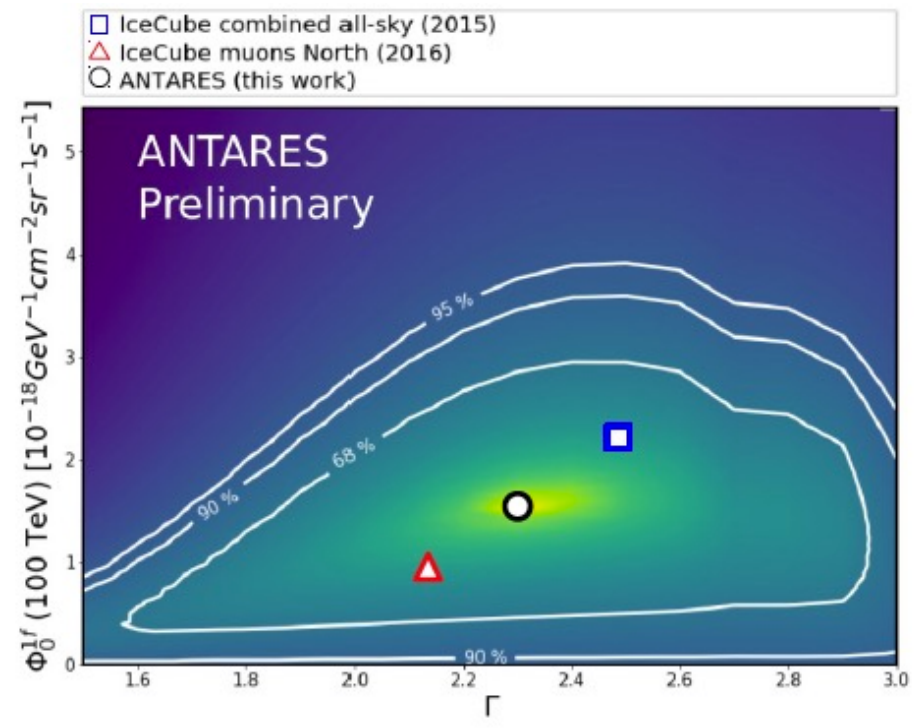
36.1 ± 8.7 (19.9 tracks and 16.2 showers) – stat. + syst.

Results not really constraining... but fully compatible with IceCube

Diffuse flux – Towards a confirmation of IC ?

Combined (tracks+showers) likelihood fitting:

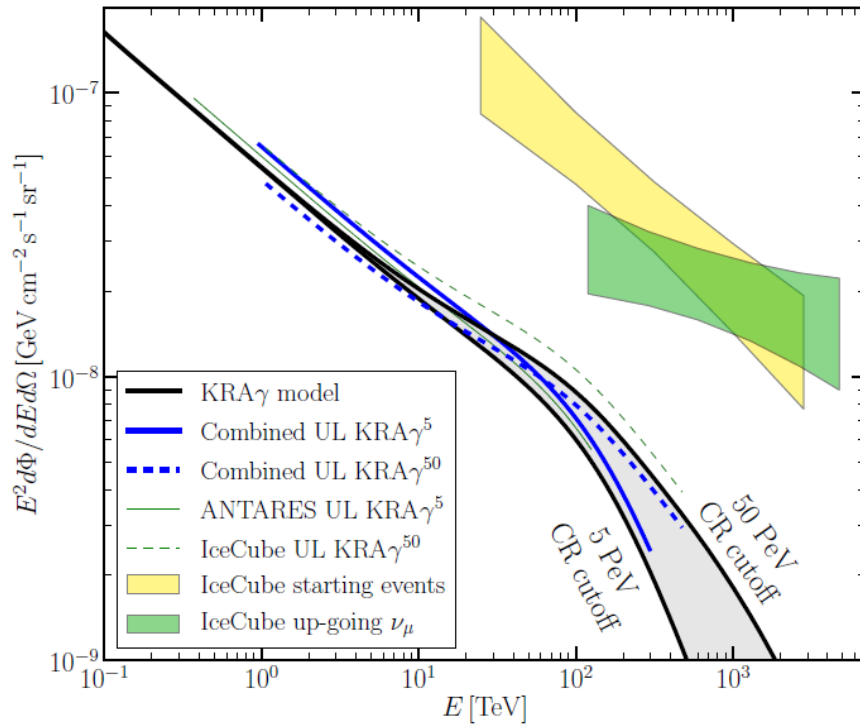
Cosmic: $\Phi_{100 \text{ TeV}} = (1.5 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-18} \text{ GeV}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ sr}^{-1}$
 $\Gamma = 2.3 \pm 0.4$



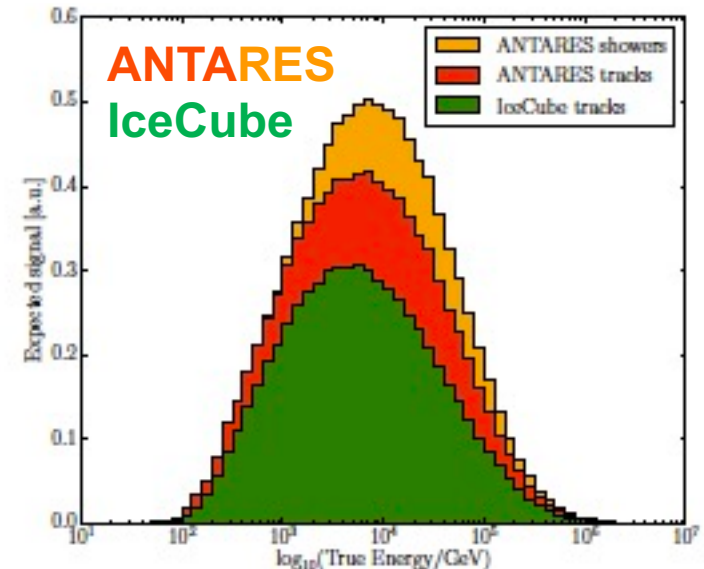
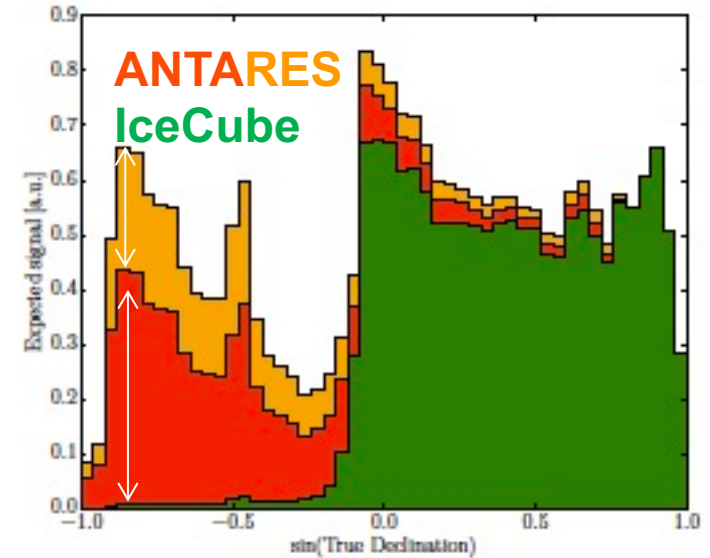
Results not really constraining... but fully compatible with IceCube

Search for diffuse flux from Galactic ridge

Combined U.L. at 90% CL (blue line) on the 3-flavor neutrino flux of the $KRA\gamma$ model (5-50 PeV cutoff)



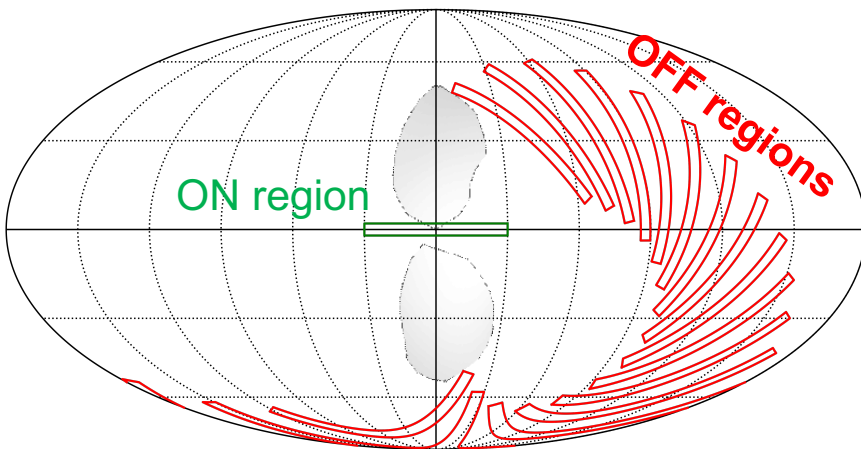
Stacked expected signal vs. δ (top) and energy (bottom). Colors relative contribution to the sensitivity



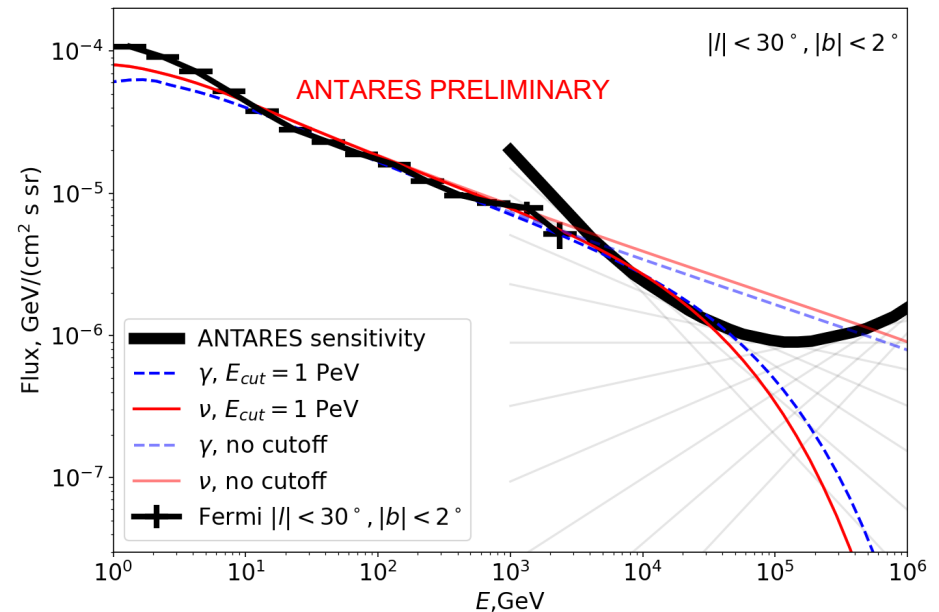
Result: total flux contribution of **diffuse Galactic neutrino** emission **<9%** of the total diffuse IC astrophysical signal ($E_\nu > 30$ TeV)
Updates ongoing...

Simpler ON/OFF approach

Galactic ridge region definition:
 $||l| < l_{\text{ridge}} \approx 30\text{-}40^\circ$ and $|b| < b_{\text{ridge}} \approx 2\text{-}3^\circ$



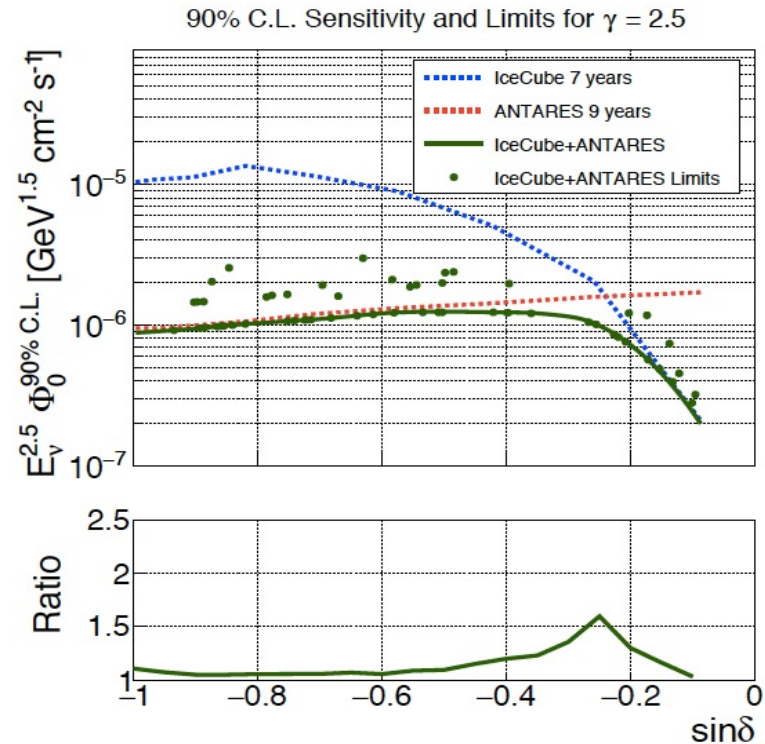
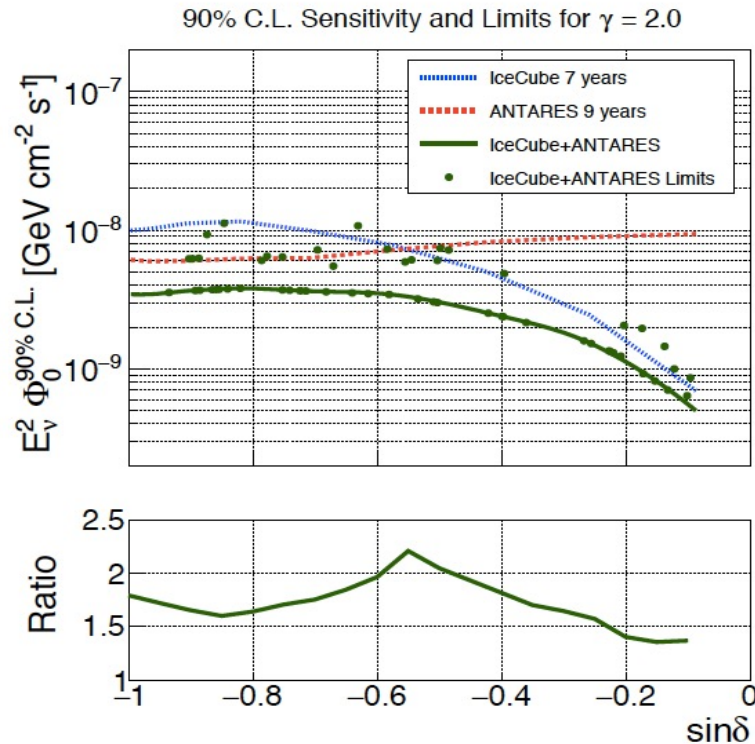
Robust background estimate



Using the full ANTARES dataset, we expect to see evidence for a neutrino signal from the Ridge if the spectrum of cosmic rays has a harder slope, as suggested by gamma-ray data, and if it does not have a cut-off below 1 PeV.

Combined ANTARES-IceCube PS search

ANTARES 2007-2015 and the IC40, IC59, IC79, IC86 samples for the Southern Hemisphere



Significant improvement of limits especially for hard energy spectra
Best limits on neutrino point source emission in Southern Hemisphere

ANTARES data set is public : see <https://antares.in2p3.fr>

Latest PS search – All flavours !

<https://pos.sissa.it/395/1161/pdf>

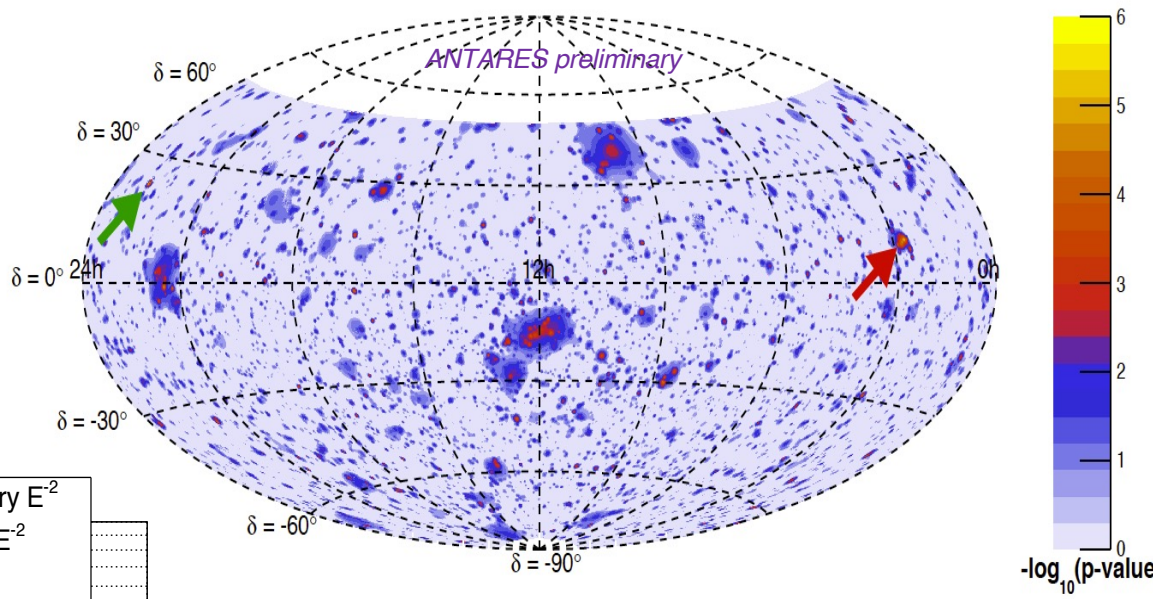
Data set:

Period: from Jan 2007 to Feb 2020

Livetime: 3845 days

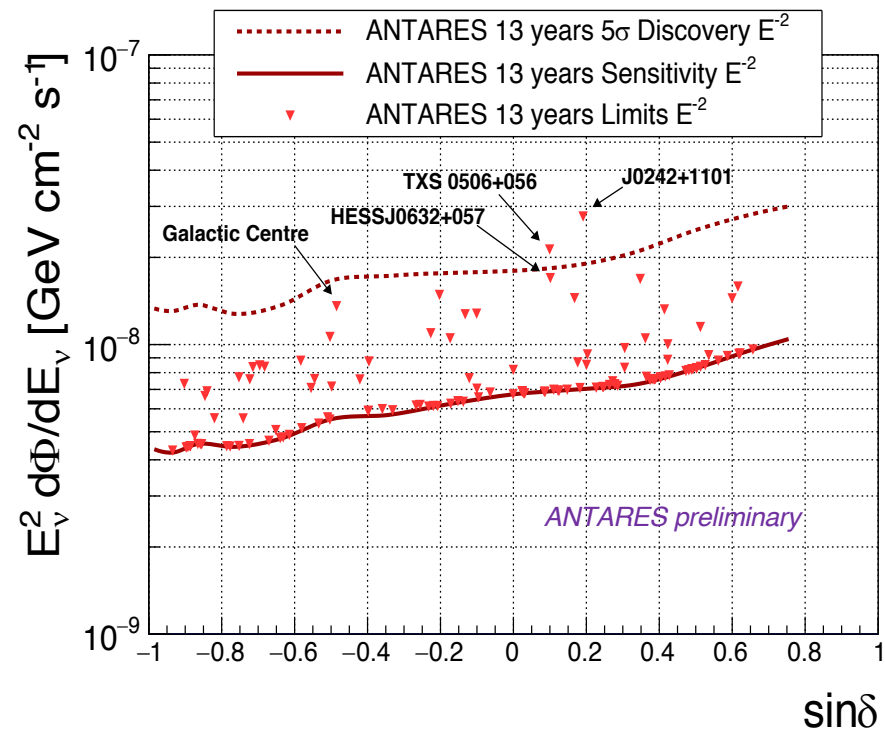
Events: 10162 tracks and 225 showers

Full-sky search

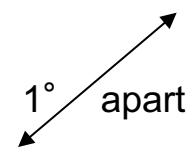


Candidate-list search:

121 investigated sources



Full-sky hottest spot $\alpha = 39.6^\circ ; \delta = 11.1^\circ$
 pre-trial p-value: of 6.8×10^{-6} (4.3σ)
 post-trial p-value: of 48%



Most significant source:
J0242+1101 (PKS 0239+108)
 pre-trial significance: **3.8 σ**
 post-trial significance: **2.4 σ**

Catalog-based searches

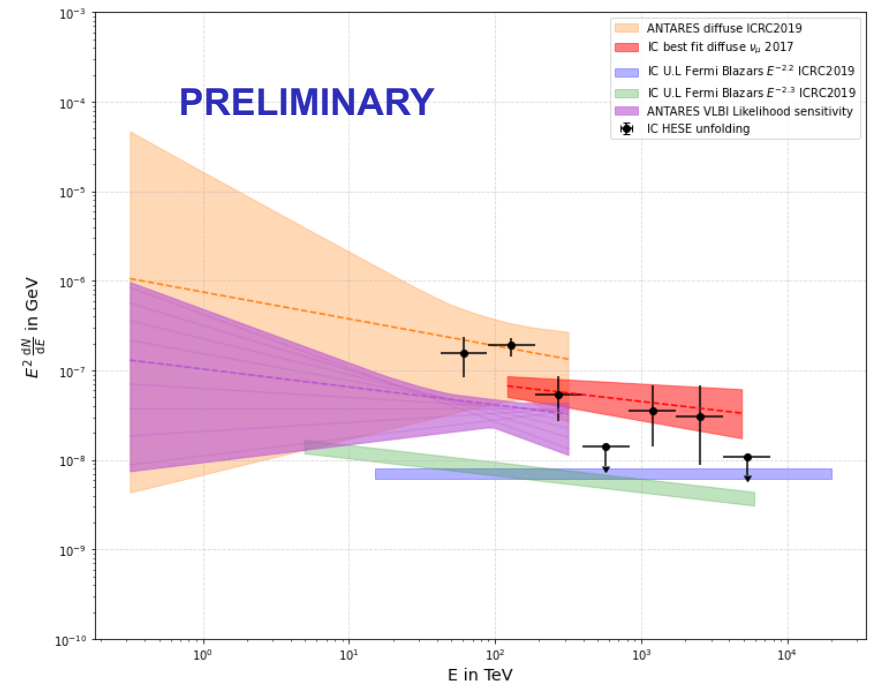
📖 A. Albert et al. 2021 ApJ 911 48 Likelihood based stacking approach

CATALOG	PRE-TRIAL	POST-TRIAL	DOMINANT SOURCE
Fermi 3LAC All Blazars	0.19	0.83	
Fermi 3LAC FSRQ	0.57	0.97	
Fermi 3LAC BL Lacs	0.088	0.64	MG3J225517+2409
Radio-galaxies	$4.8 \cdot 10^{-3}$	0.10	3C403
Star Forming Galaxies	0.37	0.93	
Obscured AGN	0.73	0.98	
IC HE tracks	0.05	0.49	

1.6 σ

📖 A. V. Plavin et al 2021 ApJ **908** 157
Ongoing search for correlation between neutrino candidates and radio VLBI data (3411 objects)

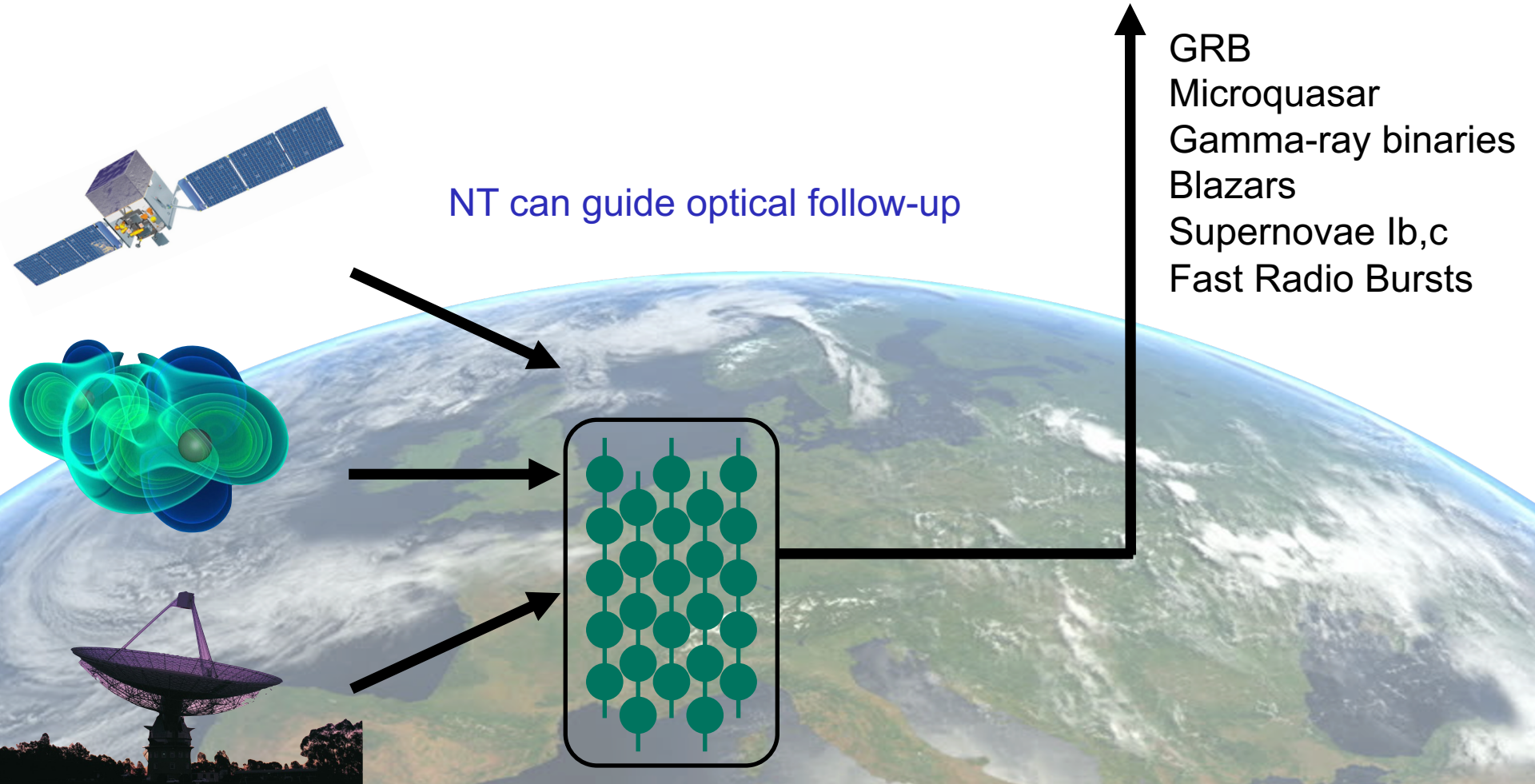
→ Potential for interesting results/constraints



The multi-messenger program

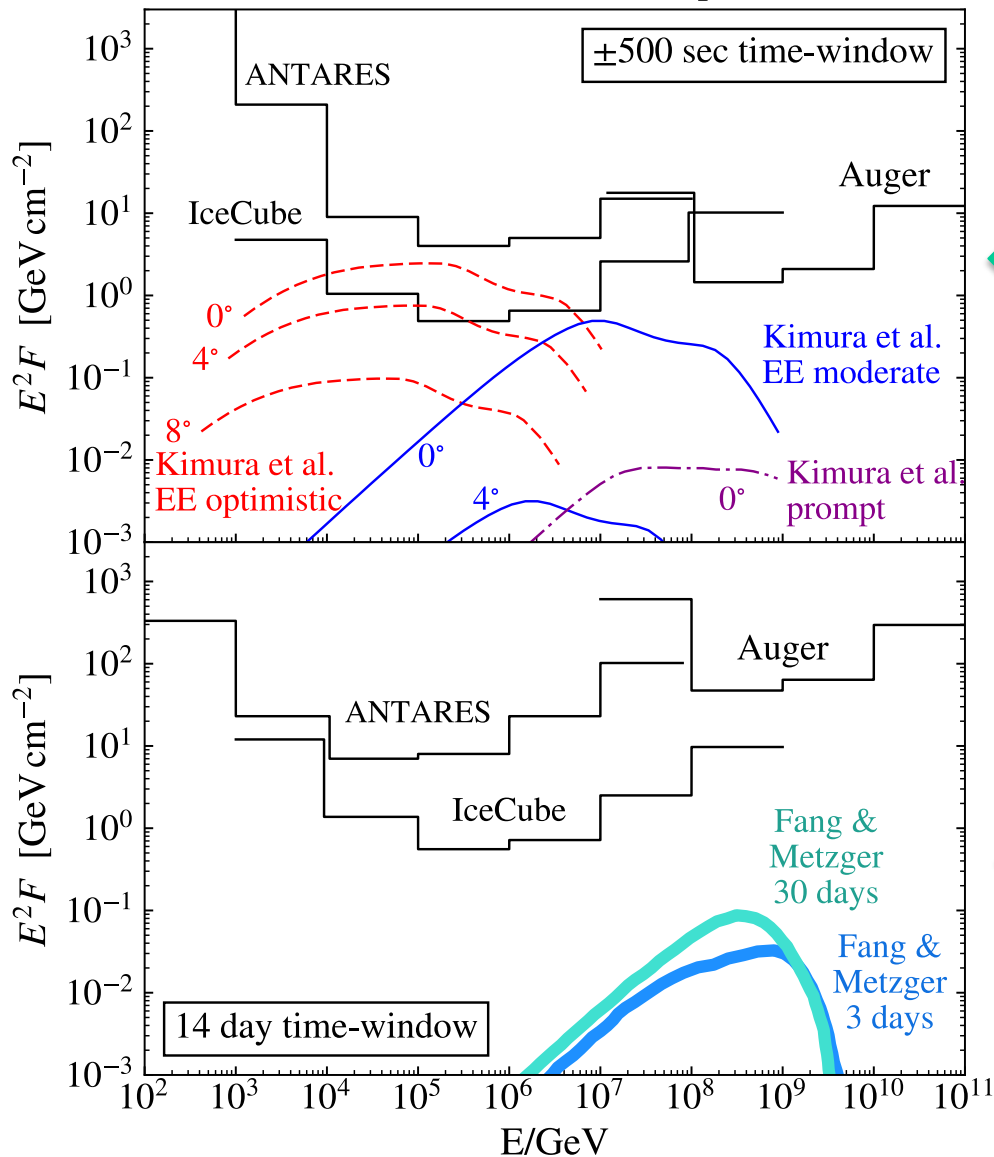
1ST APPROACH:

Time dependent searches



Neutrino Follow-up of GW170817

GW170817 Neutrino limits (fluence per flavor: $\nu_x + \bar{\nu}_x$)



ANTARES, IceCube, Pierre Auger,
LIGO Scientific and Virgo Collaborations
ApJL 850 L35 (2017)

Non-detection consistent with
expectation from short GRB
observed at large off-axis angle

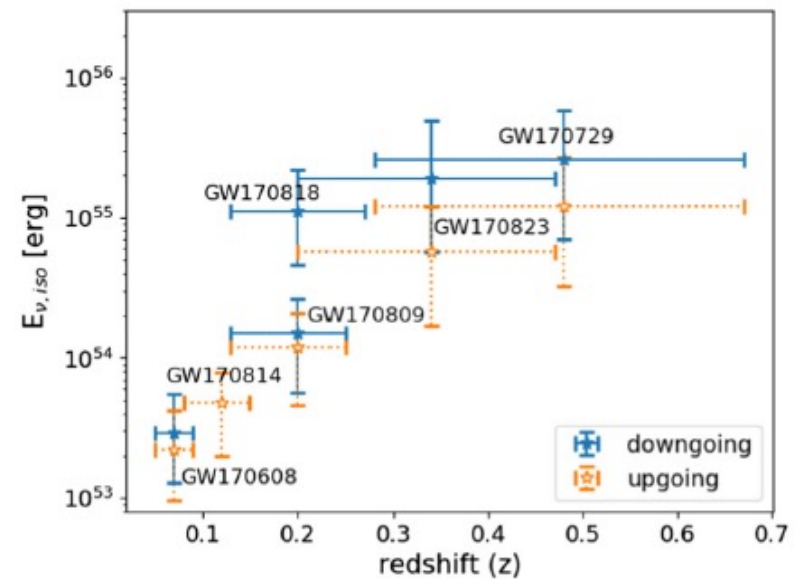
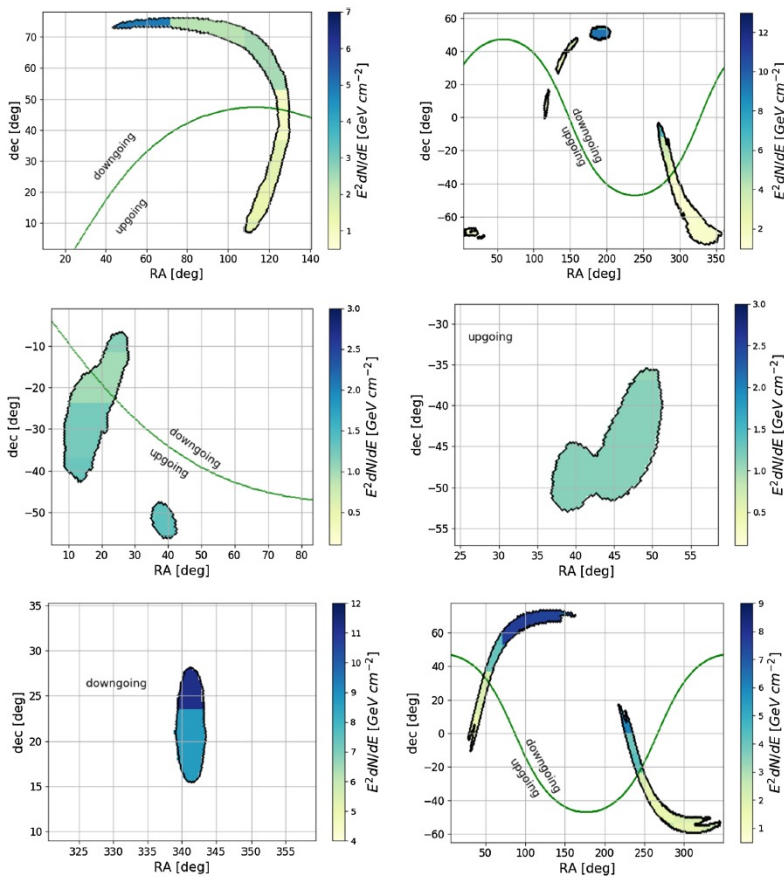
Model prediction:
Kimura et al. ApJL 848, L4

No detection during extended
time period of 14 days after
the GRB

Model prediction:
Fang, K., & Metzger, B. D.
2017, arXiv:1707.04263

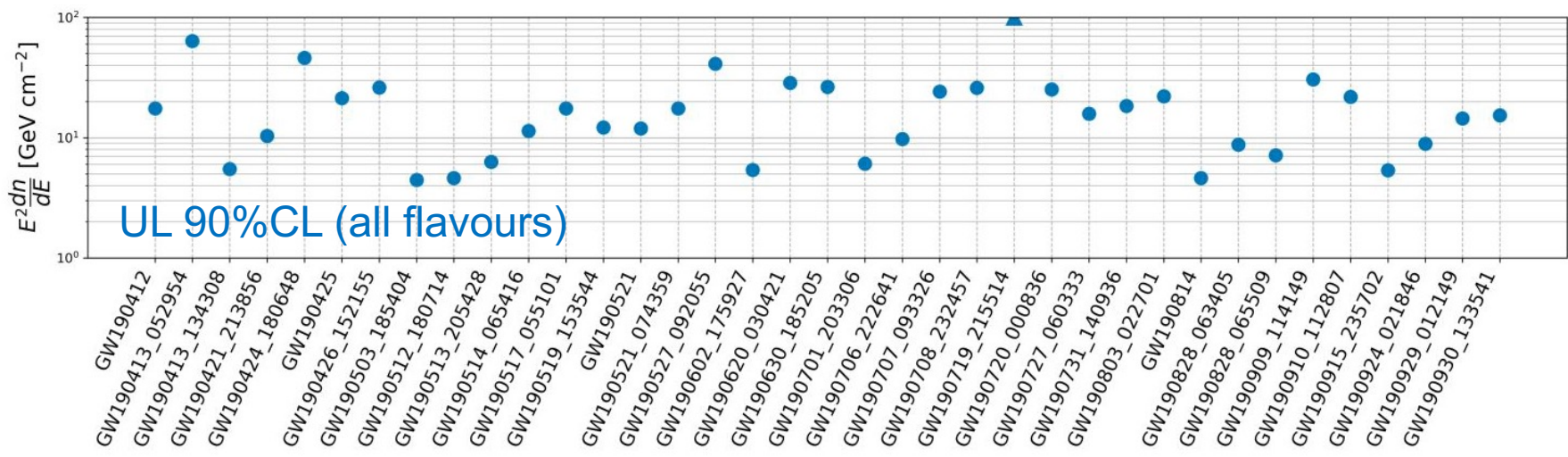
Follow-up of Gravitational Waves (O2)

- Online alerts followed. Results from counterpart searches after 24hr through GCN
- Refined offline searches (fully calibrated sample): **No events found** → limits set.
- Latest O2 BBH: Constraints on fluence and $E_{\nu,iso}$ for BBH

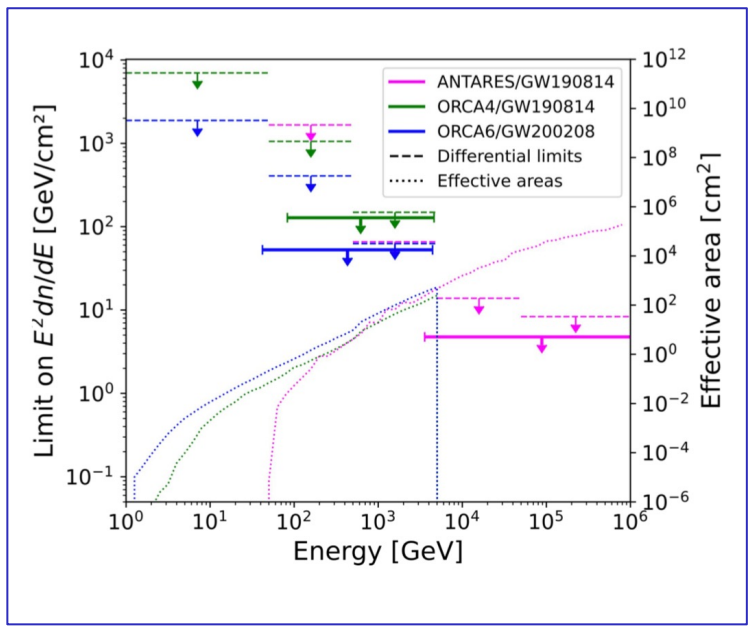
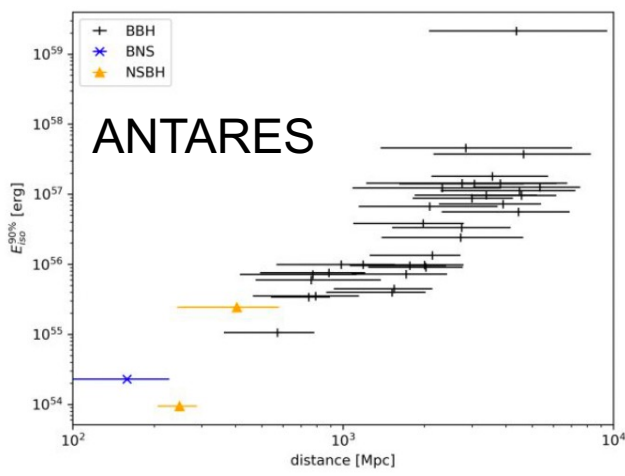


- Eur. Phys. J. C 80, 487 (2020)
- ApJ 870 (2019) 2
- ApJL 848 L12 (2017)
- ApJL 850 L35 (2017)
- Phys. Rev. D 96 (2017) 022005
- Phys. Rev. D 93 (2016) 122010
- JCAP06(2013)008

Follow-up of Gravitational Waves (O3)



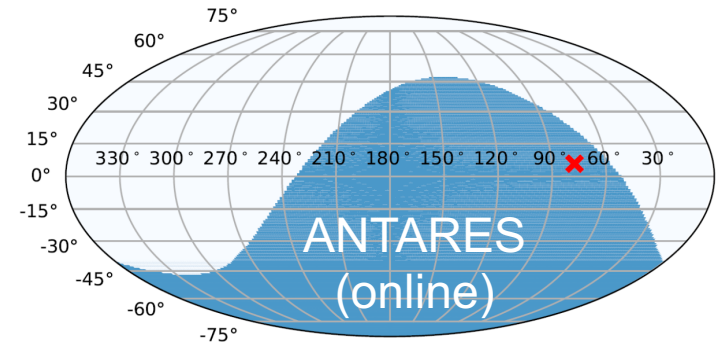
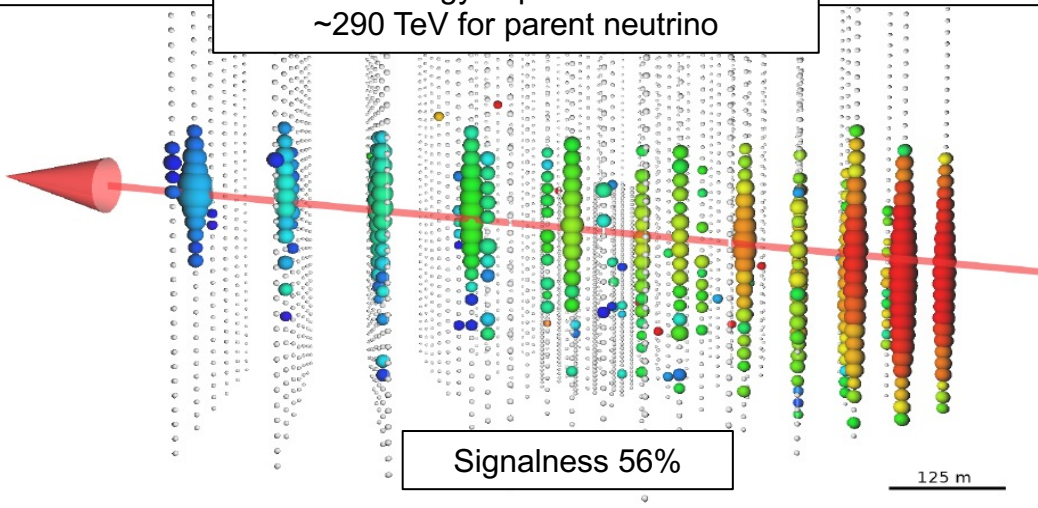
UL on total E in n 90%CL (all flavours)



And ORCA for some cases !

Follow-up of ICECUBE-170922

~22 TeV energy deposited in IceCube
~290 TeV for parent neutrino



- “Multimessenger observations of a flaring blazar coincident with high-energy neutrino IC170922A”
 - ~3 σ neutrino-gamma coincidence
- “Neutrino emission from the direction of the blazar TXS 0506+056 prior to the IC170922A alert”
 - First 7 years (excluding 170922A): 2.1 σ
 - Neutrino flare in late 2014 – early 2015: 3.5 σ



Search for neutrinos from TXS 0506+056

ANTARES Time integrated search

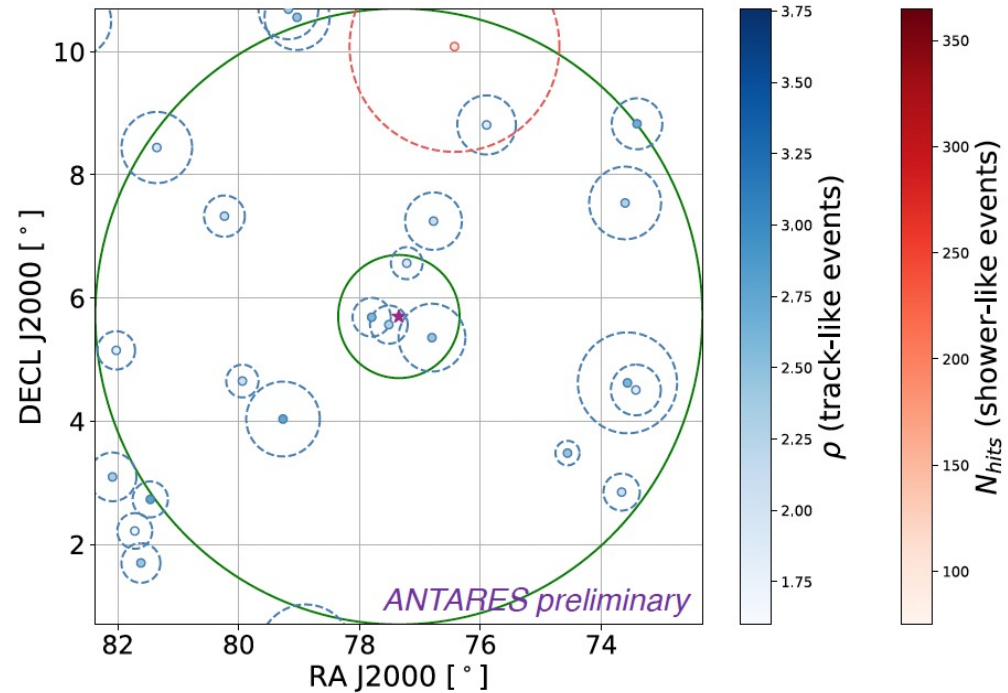
○ Same method as PS study 2007-2017

- Expected background (3136 days) :
 - 0.23/deg² for track-like
 - 0.005/deg² for shower-like events
- # of events fitted the likelihood signal function for the source: $\mu_{\text{sig}} = 1.03$
- **Pre-trial p-value of 3.4%** (post-trial 87%)

○ Updated 2007-2020, recalibrated

- 4 events within 1° $\mu_{\text{sig}} = 2.9$
- Pre-trial: 2.9 σ (1-sided)

- Soon, yet another update
- Time sequence under investigation



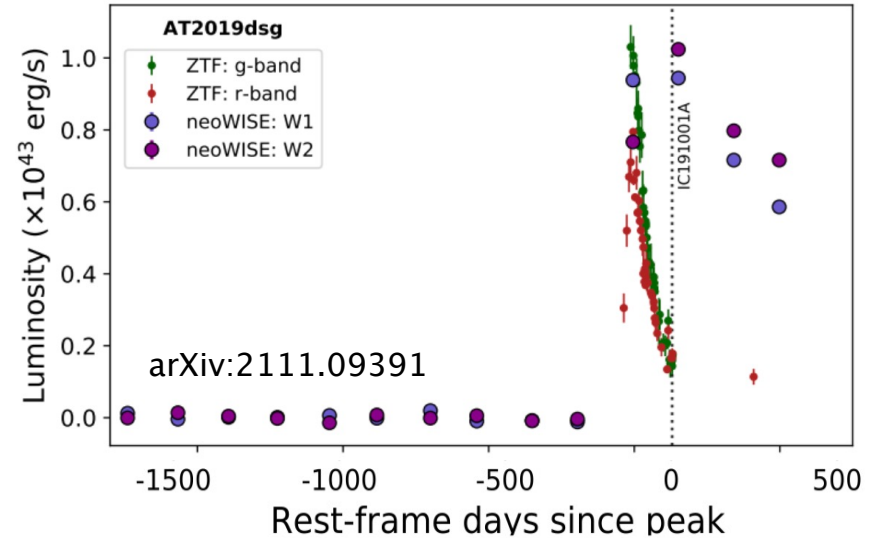
Search for ν counterparts to TDE events

IC191001A & AT2019dsg



Soon after IC191001A, the tidal disruption event (TDE) AT2019dsg, observed by the Zwicky Transient Facility, was indicated as the most likely counterpart of the IceCube track.

R. Stein, *et al.*, *Nature Astronomy* 5, 510 (2021).



The probability of finding any coincident radio-emitting tidal disruption event by chance is 0.5%, while the probability of finding one as bright in bolometric energy flux as AT2019dsg is 0.2%.

At least another association reported : IC200530A & AT2019fdr

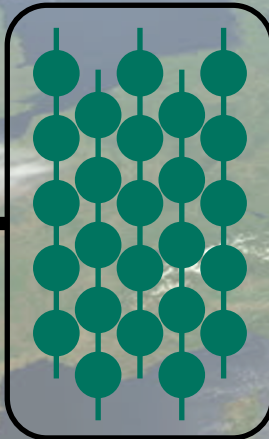
No significant counterpart in ANTARES

 2021 ApJ 920 50

The multi-messenger program: TAToO

Telescope-Antares Target of Opportunity

2ND APPROACH:



- Time to send an alert: ~5 s
- First optical image <20 s
- Median angular resolution: ~0.3°
- Triggers: single HE, preferred direction, multiplets

TATOO and the transients

MNRAS, 48 (2019) 1
ApJ, 886:98 (2019)

Radio Optical X-ray GeV γ -rays TeV γ -rays

Radio	Optical	X-ray	GeV γ -rays	TeV γ -rays
MWA (12/yr)	TAROT ZADKO MASTER (GWAC) (30/yr)	Swift (6/yr) Integral	Fermi (offline)	HESS (2/yr) HAWC (offline)

Triggers:

- Doublet of neutrinos ($<3^\circ$, <15 min): ~ 0.04 events/yr
- Single neutrino with direction close to local galaxies:
 ~ 1 TeV, ~ 10 events/ yr
- Single HE neutrinos: ~ 5 TeV, 20 events/ yr
- Single VHE neutrinos: ~ 30 TeV, $\sim 3-4$ events/ yr

Performances:

- Time to send an alert: ~ 5 s
- Median angular resolution: $\sim 0.4^\circ$

Sent neutrino alerts
(2009-2021)

322	to robotic telescopes
+26	to Swift
+15	to INTEGRAL

+20	to MWA
+2	to HESS

Follow-up efficiencies: $\sim 70\%$ (X-ray / optical) + $\sim 20\%$ (radio)



ANT150901

In September 2015, ANTARES has issued a neutrino alert and during the follow-up, a potential transient counterpart was identified by Swift and MASTER.

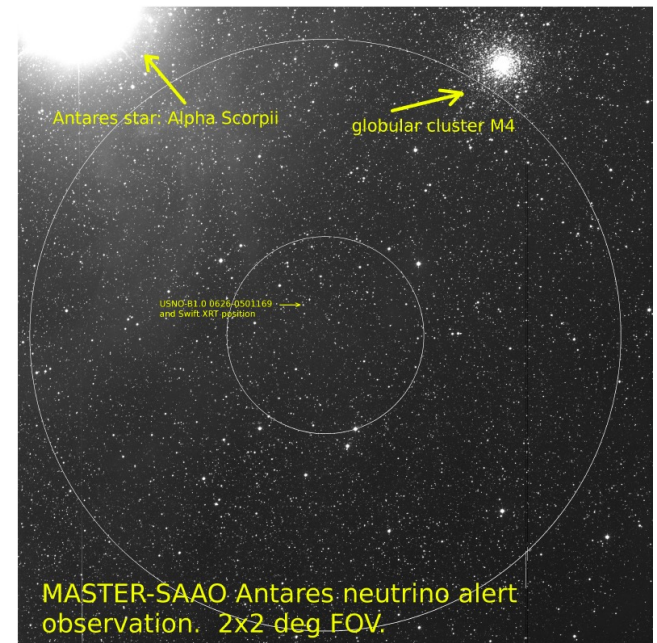
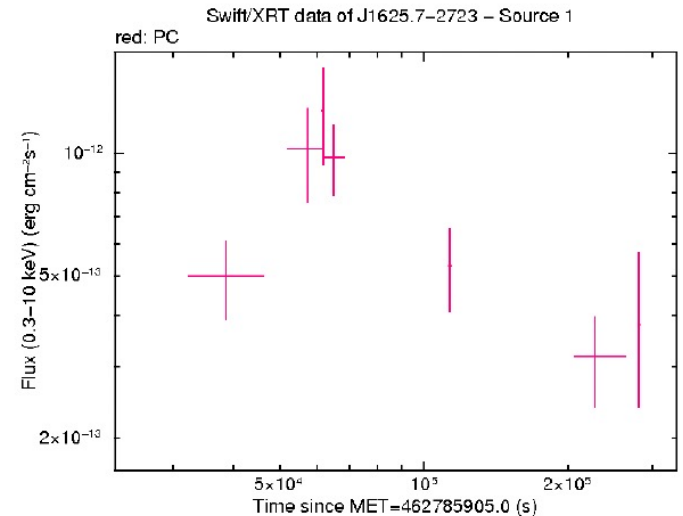
- The associated neutrino had an energy of about 87 TeV with a 1σ range of 24 - 316 TeV
- This source location at 0.11 deg from neutrino

A multi-wavelength follow-up campaign allowed to identify the class of this source resulting in a fortuitous association with the neutrino. ☹️

→ A young accreting G-K star, undergoing a flaring episode (X-ray emission). Probably associated to Rho Ophiuchi star forming region.

**Multifrequency observations:
15 ATEL + 6 GCN**

📖 D. Dornic et al. “ANTARES neutrino detection and possible Swift X-ray counterpart”. In: The Astronomer’s Telegram 7987 (Sept. 2015), p. 1.



KM3NeT, successor of ANTARES



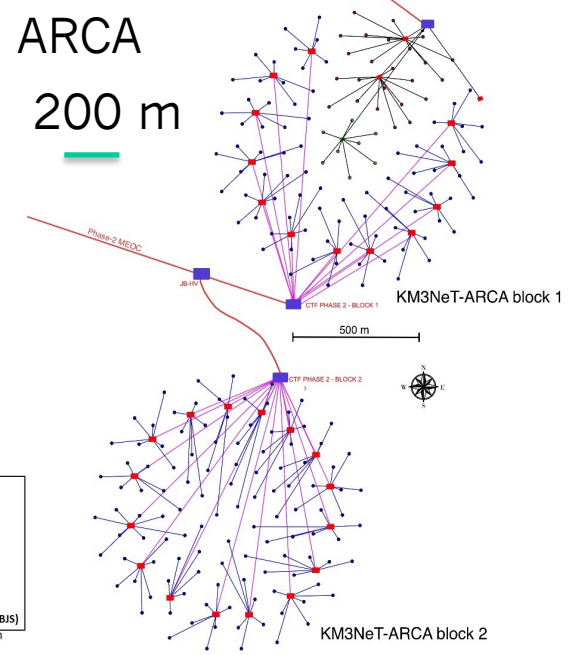
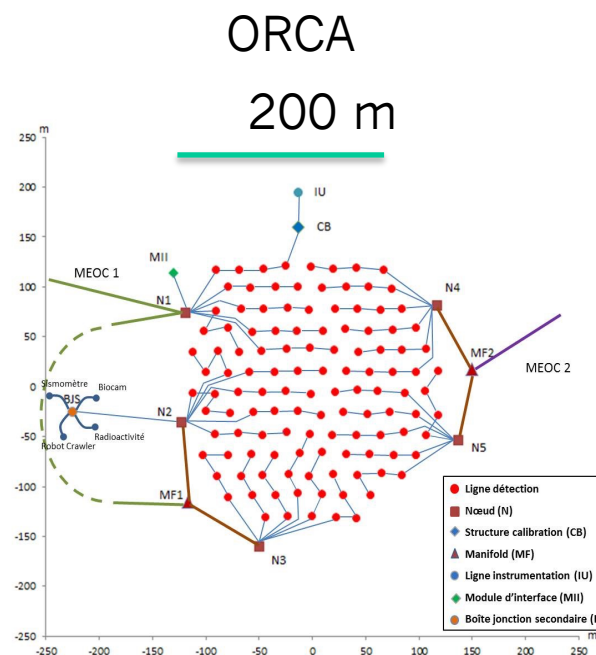
- 31 PMTs in one sphere
- 3 x cathode area wrt ANTARES OM
- Single photon counting
- Directional information
- Inspiring design for IceCube-Gen 2

KM3NeT ARCA/ORCA

Astrophysics/Oscillation Research with Cosmics in the Abyss

ARCA: 3.5km depth, 100km from Capo Passero (Sicily)
Focus: Cosmic Neutrino Sources
large, sparse grid -> high energy

ORCA: 2.5 km depth, 40km from Toulon (France)
Focus: Atmospheric neutrino oscillations
small, dense grid -> low energy



KM3NeT, successor of ANTARES

Strings with 18 DOMs
String distance: 90m/20 m
DOM distances 36m/9m



Digital Optical Module (DOM)

- 31 PMTs in one sphere
- 3 x cathode area wrt ANTARES OM
- Single photon counting
- Directional information
- Inspiring design for IceCube-Gen 2

KM3NeT ARCA/ORCA

Astrophysics/Oscillation Research
with **C**osmics in the **A**byss

ARCA: 3.5km depth, 100km from Capo Passero (Sicily)

Focus: Cosmic Neutrino Sources

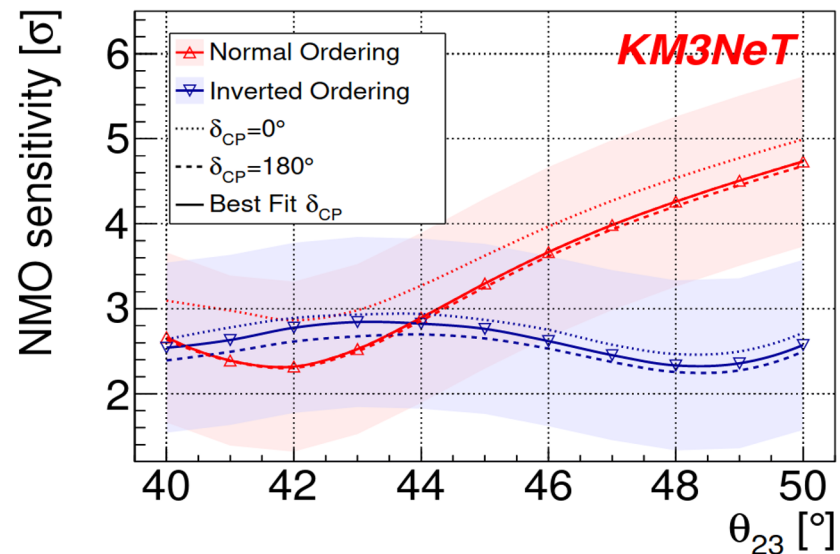
large, sparse grid -> high energy

ORCA: 2.5 km depth, 40km from Toulon (France)

Focus: Atmospheric neutrino oscillations

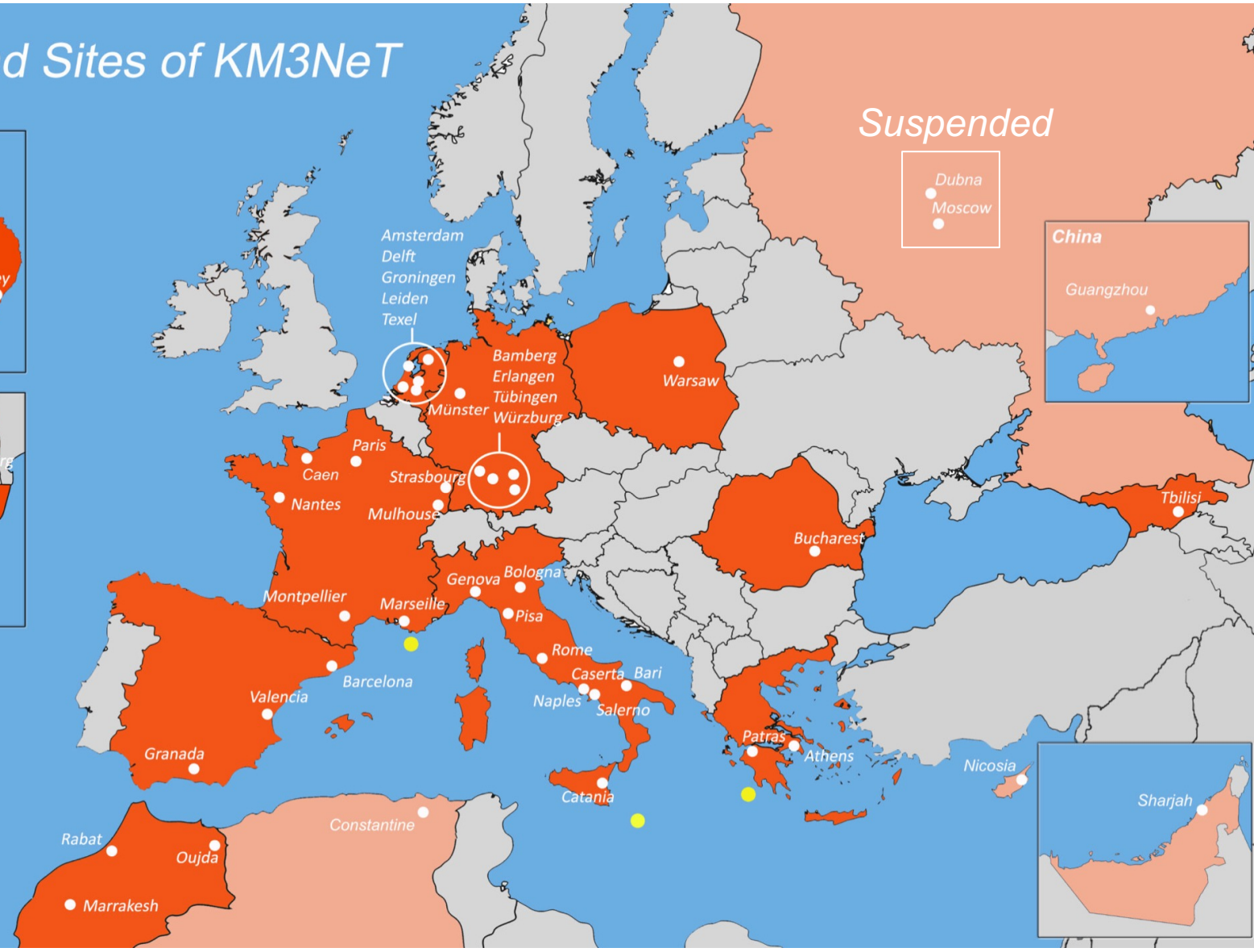
small, dense grid -> low energy

ORCA 3 yrs




KM3NeT, successor of ANTARES

Cities and Sites of KM3NeT



KM3NeT ramping up

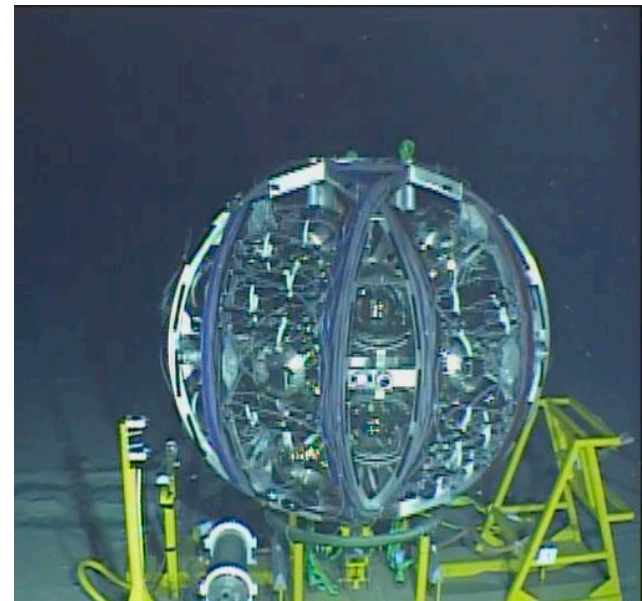
- ORCA : 10 Detection Units deployed
 - ARCA : 19 Detection Units deployed
- 2-weeks campaign was performed in June
- 2 new junction boxes
 - 11 new detection units
- Speed record established: 7 DUs unfurled in less than 48hrs!

 Talk by R. Muller
(10/08/2022 16:30)



Compacting allows for several deployments at once
Unfurling from sea bed

Completion :
ORCA : ½ BB Jan 24, Full Jan 2026
ARCA : First BB Jan 25,
Second BB Jan 2027



- **NEW !** – 67 M€ budget approved in Italy. Complete first block and start second one + Upgrade/realization new laboratories for DOM /DU/BM integration

Post on ANTARES Web Site

ANTARES is now fully dismantled...

[Published June 23rd, 2022]

The [disconnection of the interlink cables](#) between the junction box and the line anchors, carried out with the manned Nautilie submarine on 12/02/2022, defined the end of data taking of the ANTARES detector.

As a natural follow-up step, two dismantling campaigns took place in May and June 2022. The Castor02 ship from Foselev Marine and the Janus-II ship with its ROV Apache from SAAS - the work horses used for the majority of ANTARES and KM3Net/ORCA campaigns - had been in operation. During these two operations all active detector elements have been recovered and brought to shore. Only the junction box will remain in place until a forthcoming KM3NeT campaign to reroute the main electro-optical cable from the ANTARES to the KM3NeT/ORCA site.

One of the last recovered elements was the PPM-DOM (see Figure below), the first prototype of the future [KM3NeT](#) DOMs, installed in 2013 and still in good shape. Some of the ANTARES equipment, notably the optical modules with their photomultipliers, might be used in future science projects. Other parts will be recycled or used in exhibitions or other outreach projects to illustrate the success of this first-generation deep-sea neutrino telescope.



The recovery of the PPM-DOM, the first prototype of the future KM3NeT DOMs, still in good shape. This marks the passage to the next generation - KM3NeT.

ANTARES is now history, long live KM3NeT !

Summary

Thanks for your attention !

- **ANTARES** was the first and largest NT in the Deep Sea. A multi disciplinary observatory (associated sciences).
- **Competitive physics results & intriguing hints**
- **Constraints on origin of neutrinos as seen by IceCube.**
- **Extensive multi-messenger program.**
- **Joint studies with several partners.**
- **About 100 papers published & 100 PhD students**
- **Public samples available for download**
- **QUITE AN ADVENTURE ! But only the beginning ...**

Join forces in KM3NeT for the next endeavor !

Completion Celebration 2008

