TeVPA 2022



Contribution ID: 195

Type: not specified

Hidden dynamics of a sub-component dark matter

Tuesday 9 August 2022 16:30 (20 minutes)

We emphasize the distinctive cosmological dynamics in multi-component dark-matter scenarios and its impact in probing a sub-dominant component of dark matter.

The dynamics originates from the conversion among different dark-matter components.

We find that the temperature of the self-interacting sub-component dark matter is significantly enhanced by the dark-matter annihilation into the sub-component.

The same annihilation sharply increases the required annihilation cross section for the sub-component as we consider a smaller relative abundance fraction among the dark-matter species.

Because of the enhanced temperature and annihilation cross section of the sub-component, contrary to a naive expectation, it can be easier to detect the sub-component with smaller abundance fractions in dark-matter direct/indirect-detection experiments and cosmological observations.

Combining with the current results of accelerator-based experiments, the abundance fractions smaller than $10\,\%$ are strongly disfavored;

we demonstrate this by taking a dark photon portal scenario as an example.

Nevertheless, for the abundance fraction larger than 10%, the warm dark-matter constraints on the sub-dominant component at sub-GeV mass scale can be complementary to the parameter space probed by accelerator-based experiments.

Collaboration name

Authors: Prof. KAMADA, Ayuki (University of Warsaw); Dr SHIN, Seodong (University of Chicago / Yonsei University); Dr KIM, Heejung (IBS-CTPU); Prof. PARK, Jong-Chul (Chungnam National University)

Presenter: Dr SHIN, Seodong (University of Chicago / Yonsei University)

Session Classification: Dark Matter

Track Classification: Dark Matter