(Theory) Adventures with Wmass

University of Minnesota

Zhen Liu

Outline

- CDF Measurement
- Theory Assessment
 - Tension with SM
 - What did we measure?
 - Various critics & updates
 - BSM interpretations
 - Future



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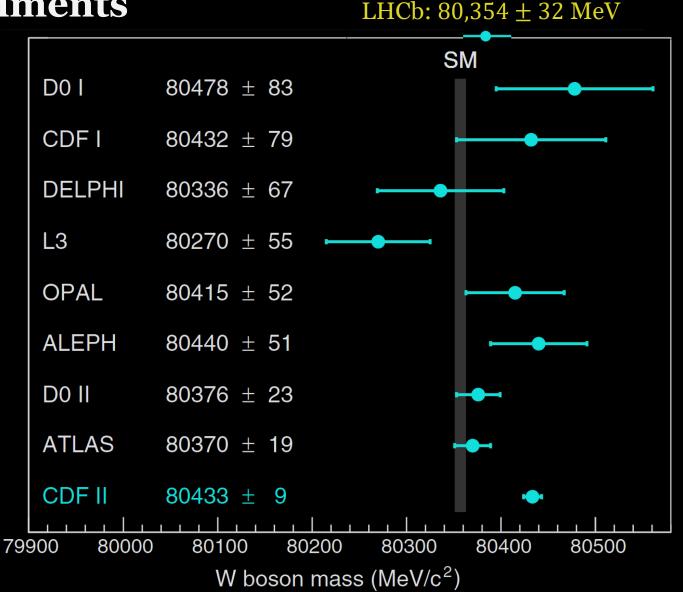
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Tension with other experiments

- 7 σ tension with SM (discuss later)
- ~3 σ tension with other experiments



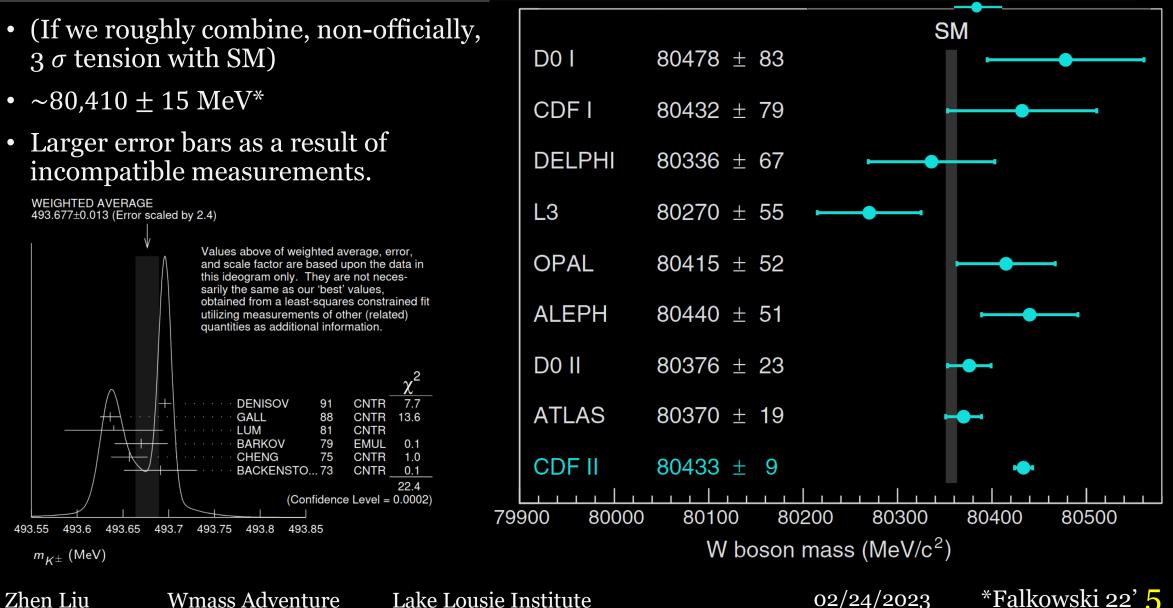
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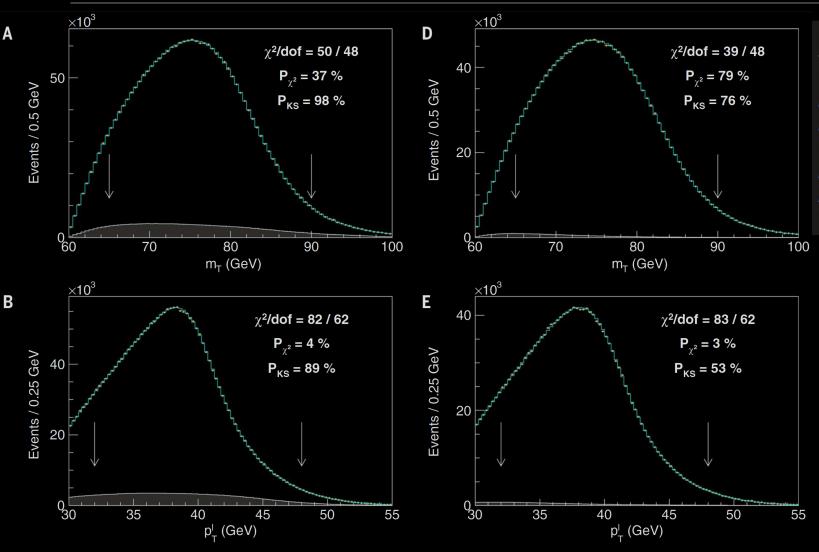
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Tension with other experiments

also LHCb: $80,354 \pm 32$ MeV



CDF Measurement



| Distribution | W boson mass (MeV) | χ^2 /dof |
|--|--|---------------|
| $\overline{m_{\mathrm{T}}(e, \mathbf{v})}$ | $80,429.1 \pm 10.3_{stat} \pm 8.5_{syst}$ | 39/48 |
| $p_{\mathrm{T}}^{\ell}(e)$ | $80,411.4 \pm 10.7_{stat} \pm 11.8_{syst}$ | 83/62 |
| $p_{\rm T}^{\rm v}(e)$ | $80,426.3 \pm 14.5_{stat} \pm 11.7_{syst}$ | 69/62 |
| $m_{\mathrm{T}}(\mu, \nu)$ | $80,446.1 \pm 9.2_{stat} \pm 7.3_{syst}$ | 50/48 |
| $p_{T}^{\ell}(\mu)$ | $80,428.2 \pm 9.6_{stat} \pm 10.3_{syst}$ | 82/62 |
| $\mathcal{P}_{T}^{v}(\mu)$ | $80,428.9 \pm 13.1_{stat} \pm 10.9_{syst}$ | 63/62 |
| Combination | $80,\!433.5\pm6.4_{stat}\pm6.9_{syst}$ | 7.4/5 |

•
$$M_T = \sqrt{2 \left(p_T^{\ell} p_T^{\nu} - \vec{p}_T^{\ell} \cdot \vec{p}_T^{\nu} \right)}$$

• p_T^{ℓ}
• p_T^{ν} with $(\vec{p}_T^{\nu} = -\vec{p}_T^{\ell} - \vec{u}_T)$

CDF II extracted the W mass with high precision energy measurements, via templates fits of various distributions, with fixed Γ_W (a SM single parameter fit).

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Tension with SM

SM is over-constrained (hence $M_Z, \alpha, G_\mu, \Delta r$: highly predictive). $M_W^2\left(1 - \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2}\right) = \frac{\pi \alpha}{\sqrt{2} G_W} (1 + \Delta r)$ We are testing it from all angles! Precision directly probes new physics. loop corrections Fit Result Parameter G_{μ} [GeV⁻²] 1.1663787×10^{-5} ν_{μ} ν_{μ} $\alpha(0)^{-1}$ 137.035999139 $\Delta \alpha_{\rm had}^{(5)}(M_Z^2)$ μ^{-} $0.027627\,\pm\,0.000096$ M_Z [GeV] 91.1883 ± 0.0021 W^{-} M_H [GeV] 125.21 ± 0.12 $m_t \; [\text{GeV}]$ 172.75 ± 0.44 M_W [GeV] 80.3591 ± 0.0052 ν_e ν_e

Sven Heinemeyer – IDT-WG3-Phys Open Meeting on M_W , 12.05.2022

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What we want & what we measure?

The pole mass with a kinematic meaning. A template fit to Monte Carlo event generator input parameter.

Good news: both are about kinematics.

This is why mT & kinematics are important.

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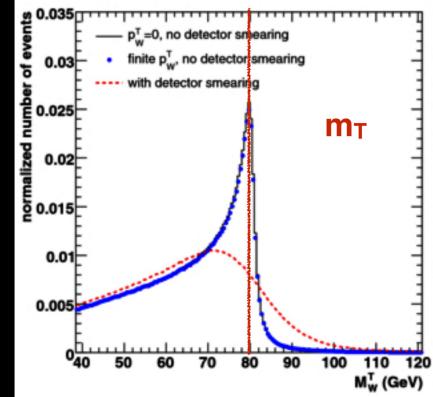
But physics is subtle... in particular, when hyper-precise

Let's take a closer look:

- Transverse mass has a Jacobian peak at mW in W-rest frame;
- Transverse mass is a **boost** (along beam direction) invariant quantity;
- The lab frame measurement is sensitive (& smeared by):
 - Resolution;
 - W-finite width;
 - PDF slope;
 - W-transverse momentum;

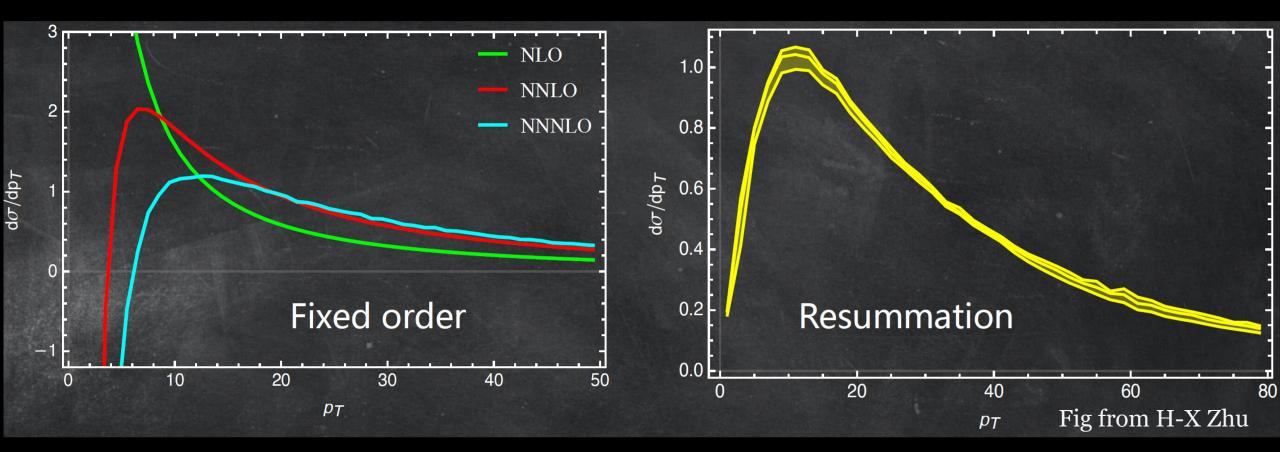
•
$$M_T = \sqrt{2 \left(p_T^{\ell} p_T^{\nu} - \vec{p}_T^{\ell} \cdot \vec{p}_T^{\nu} \right)}$$

• p_T^{ℓ}
• p_T^{ν} with $(\vec{p}_T^{\nu} = -\vec{p}_T^{\ell} - \vec{u}_T)$



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Necessary to Resum (schematical figure)

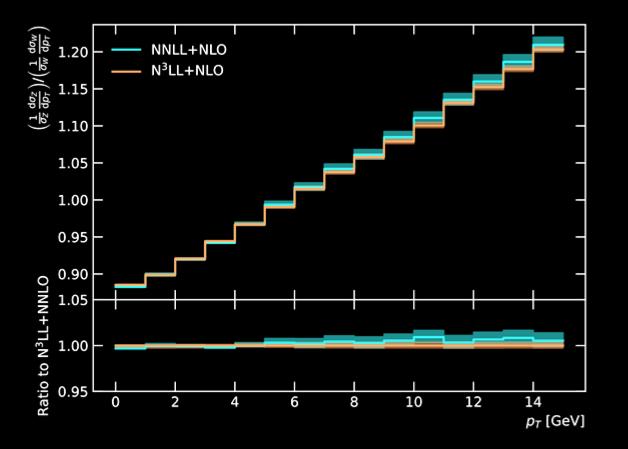


Fixed order calculation is good in large pT~Q But small qT requires resummation to obtain physical results pT_W is small.

Critics 1: CDF only used an old version of DY generator; available higher-order corrections were not taken into account.

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Theory uncertainties



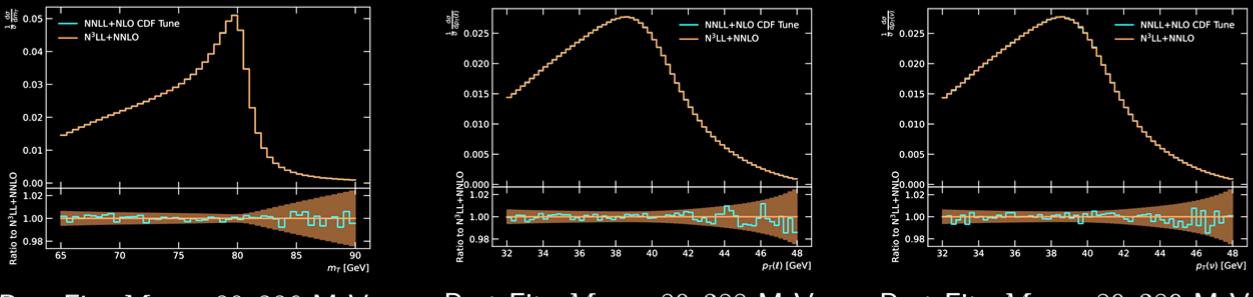
Rescaling W pT using Z pT

- Ratio is stable to higher order corrections at small p_T
- Scale uncertainty only using correlated prediction
- Need to investigate the CDF estimated uncertainty from this ratio

Issacson, Fu, Yuan, 2205.02788

Theory uncertainties

Issacson, Fu, Yuan, <u>2205.02788</u>



Best Fit: $M_W = 80,386$ MeV

Best Fit: $M_W = 80,388$ MeV

Best Fit: $M_W = 80,389$ MeV

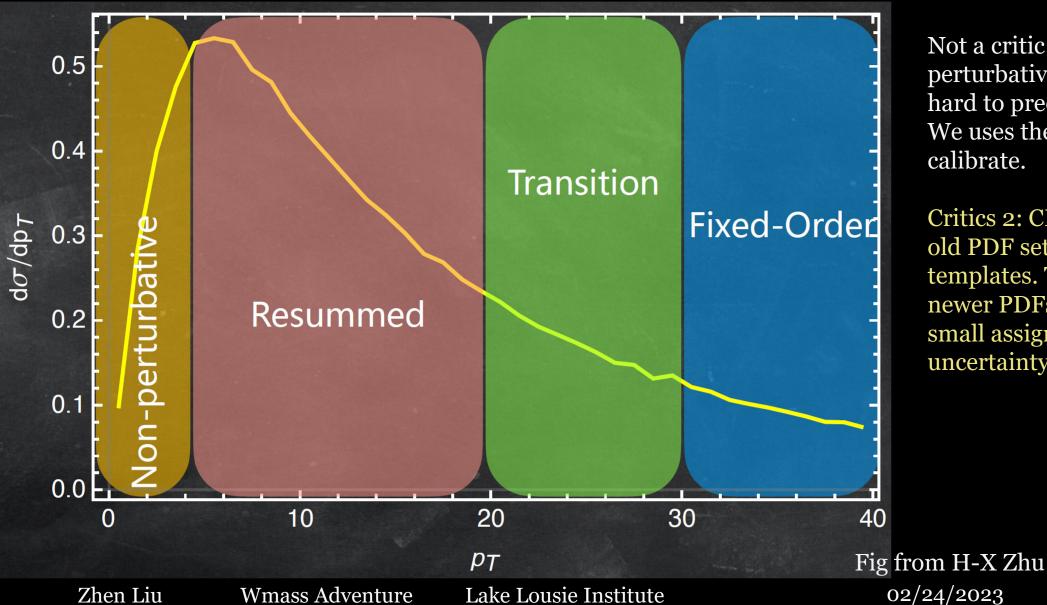
| | Μ | Mass Shift [MeV] | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Observable | ResBos2 | +Detector Effect+FSR | | | | | | |
| m_T | 1.5 ± 0.5 | $0.2\pm1.8\pm1.0$ | | | | | | |
| $p_T(\ell)$ | 3.1 ± 2.1 | $4.3 \pm 2.7 \pm 1.3$ | | | | | | |
| $p_T(u)$ | 4.5 ± 2.1 | $3.0 \pm 3.4 \pm 2.2$ | | | | | | |

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But resummation is enough



Not a critic: nonperturbative effects makes it hard to predict the shapes. We uses the Z-boson to calibrate.

Critics 2: CDF only used an old PDF set to generate templates. They "rescaled" to newer PDFs have a very small assigned PDF uncertainty.

PDF uncertainty

PDFs are key inputs for precision programs at hadron colliders, e.g., precision electroweak measurements, searches for new physics beyond the SM, especially non-resonance signatures hiding in high mass tails

PDF unc. at LHCb, NNPDF3.1, CT18, MSHT20

$$m_W = 80362 \pm 23_{\text{stat}} \pm 10_{\text{exp}} \pm 17_{\text{theory}} \pm 9_{\text{PDF}} \text{ MeV},$$

$$m_W = 80350 \pm 23_{\text{stat}} \pm 10_{\text{exp}} \pm 17_{\text{theory}} \pm 12_{\text{PDF}} \text{ MeV},$$

$$m_W = 80351 \pm 23_{\text{stat}} \pm 10_{\text{exp}} \pm 17_{\text{theory}} \pm 7_{\text{PDF}} \text{ MeV},$$

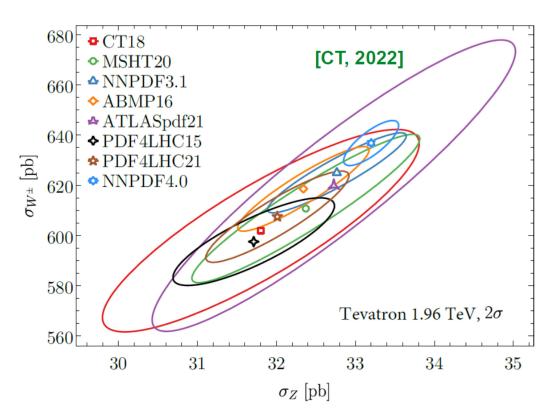
ATLAS, CT10 + 3.8 MeV (MMHT14-CT14)

| W-boson charge Kinematic distribution | | W | 7+ | W^- | | Combined | |
|--|--|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| | | $p_{\mathbf{T}}^{\ell}$ | m_{T} | $p_{\mathbf{T}}^{\ell}$ | m_{T} | p_{T}^{ℓ} | m_{T} |
| δm_W [MeV] | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-order PDF uncertainty | | 13.1 | 14.9 | 12.0 | 14.2 | 8.0 | 8.7 |
| AZ tune | | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| Charm-quark mass | | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.5 |

CDF, NNPDF3.1 only (3.9 MeV)

(other tested, CT18, MMHT14, +-2.1 MeV)

W/Z fiducial cross sections at Tevatron (95% C.L.)



spread of predictions from different PDFs could be much larger than the PDF unc. of a specific set even for the same group the PDF unc. not necessarily decrease with time

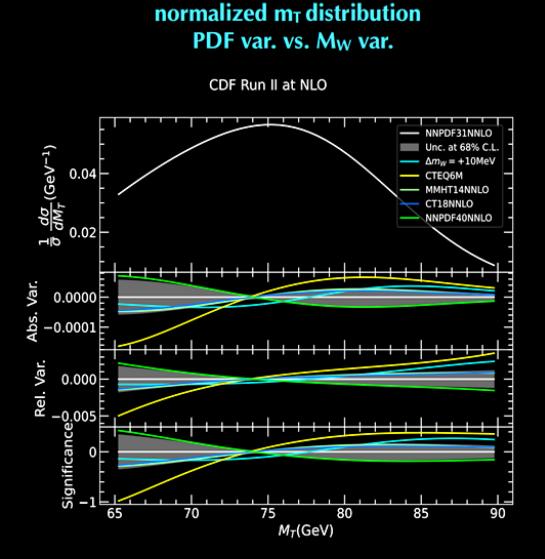
| Zhen Liu | | | | - | • | |
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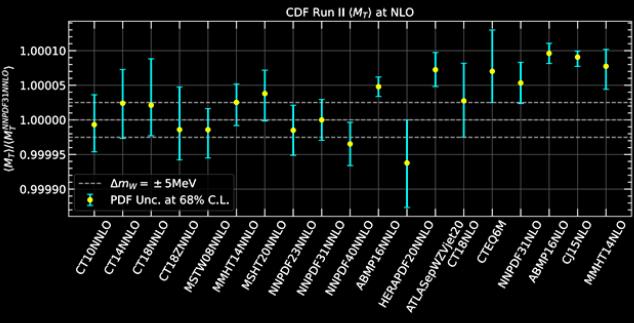
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PDF Uncertainties

Gao, Liu, Xie, <u>2205.03942</u>

mean value of m_T





estimate shift and PDF unc. of W mass

| δM_W in MeV | sta. | NNPDF3.1 | CT18 | MMHT2014 | NNPDF4.0 | MSHT2020 |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| $\langle M_T \rangle$ (LO) | _ | | $-1.0^{+8.3}_{-11.4}$ | $-3.3^{+7.4}_{-4.2}$ | $+7.8^{+5.1}_{-5.1}$ | $-3.1^{+6.7}_{-5.7}$ |
| χ^2 fit (LO) | 8.0 | $0^{+7.6}_{-7.6}$ | $-1.0^{+5.4}_{-8.6}$ | $-3.3^{+6.1}_{-3.0}$ | $+8.0^{+3.7}_{-3.7}$ | $-3.0^{+5.0}_{-4.0}$ |
| $\langle M_T \rangle$ (NLO) | — | $0^{+5.9}_{-5.9}$ | $-4.2^{+8.8}_{-13.3}$ | $-5.0^{+6.7}_{-5.3}$ | $+6.9^{+6.2}_{-6.2}$ | $-7.6^{+7.9}_{-6.7}$ |
| χ^2 fit (NLO) | 8.0 | | $-4.3^{+5.4}_{-10.1}$ | $-5.1^{+4.8}_{-3.4}$ | $+7.1^{+4.5}_{-4.5}$ | $-7.8^{+5.7}_{-4.5}$ |
| CDF | 9.2 | $0^{+3.9}_{-3.9}$ | — | — | — | — |
| | | | | | | |

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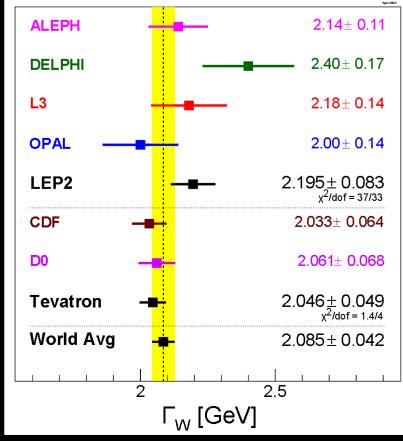
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Finite Width

Finite width will further distort the shape of distributions.

Current precision is dominated by prior CDF measurements.

In the CDF mW determination, it was fixed.



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SMEFT interpretations

| Speci | fastions/models | d.o.f. | χ^2 | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| Speci | fications/models | u.o.1. | pre CDF-II | $m_W^{ m combine}$ | $m_W^{ m CDF-II}$ | |
| | SM | (3) | 31 | 62 | 76 | |
| EW fit | S-T | (3)+2 | 28 | 30 | 33 | |
| EVV III | S-T- δG_F | (3)+3 | 28 | 28 | 28 | |
| | Universal EW | (3)+8 | 17 | 17 | 17 | |
| | $Z'/W'~(\Delta S=0.1)^{\mathrm{a}}$ | $(3)+1^{b}$ | 29(28) | 38(33) | 34 (31) | |
| BSM Models | VLQ Top I ($\Delta S = 0.1$) | $(3)+2^{c}$ | 29~(29) | 34(32) | 38(34) | |
| | VLQ Top II ($\Delta S = 0.1$) | (3)+2 | 28~(53) | 33 (31) | 37 (33) | |
| | Top Squark | $(3)+2^{d}$ | 28 | 31 | 34 | |

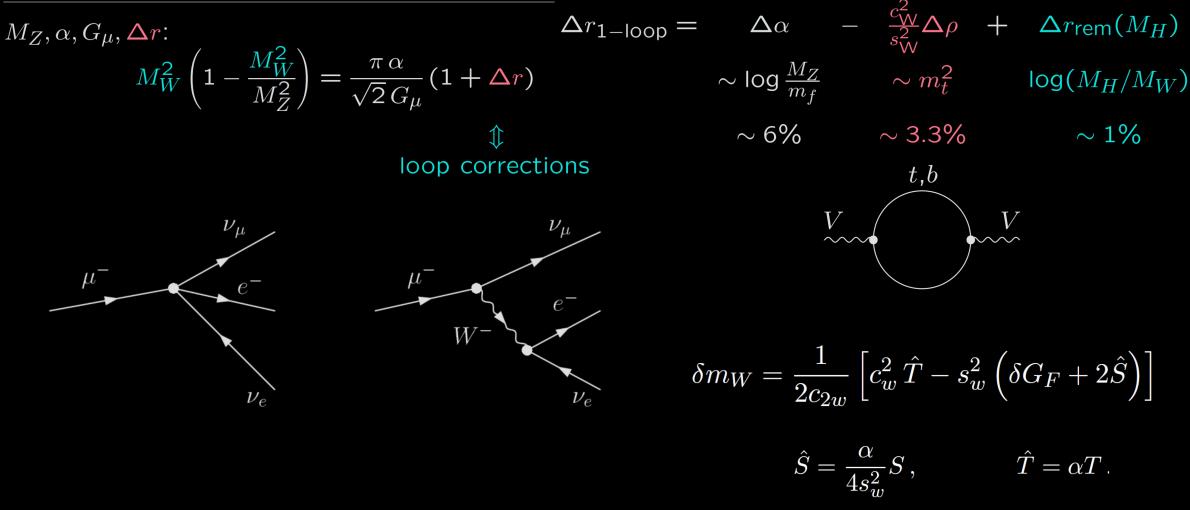
Gu, ZL, Ma, Shu, <u>2204.05296</u>

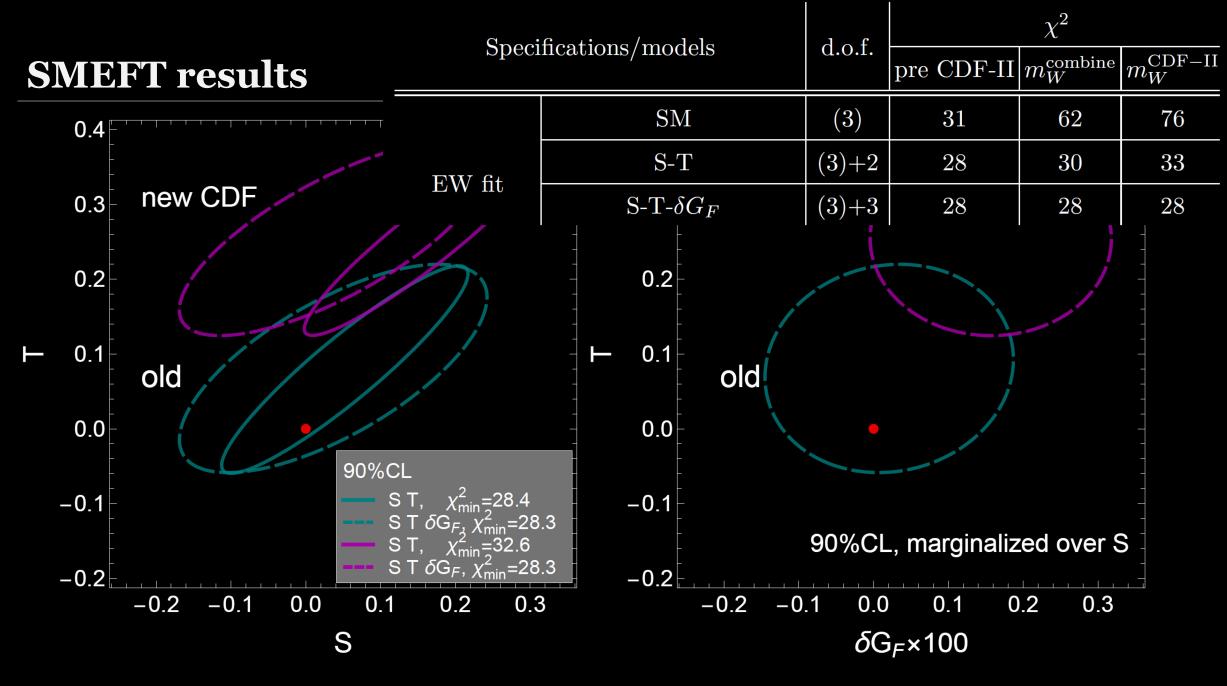
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Tension with SM



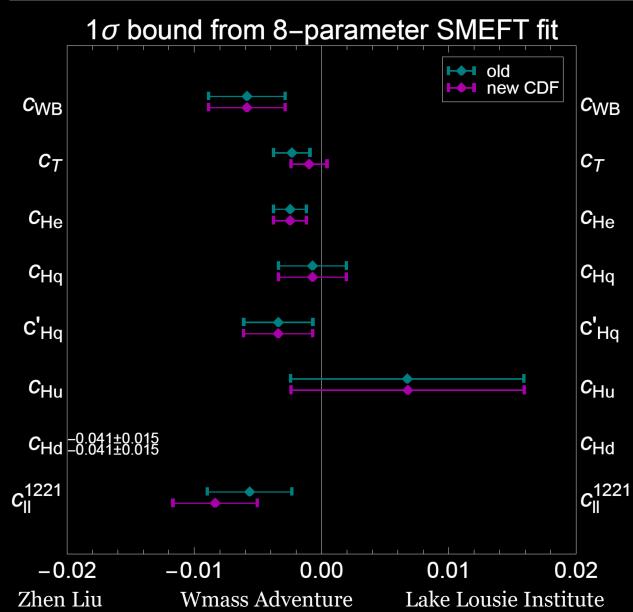


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8-parameter "Global" SMEFT results

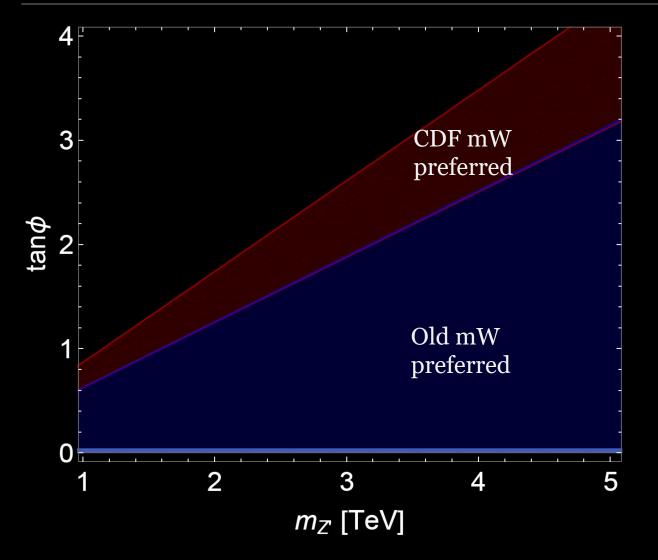


- Assuming flavor universality, SILH-like basis (*O_{HI}* and *O'_{HI}* are eliminated)
- Still prefers the same shift, but the 7σ is diluted... (Strong correlations among c_{WB}, c_T, c_{He} and c¹²²¹_{ℓℓ})

Large deviation in c_{Hd} from the good-old LEP A^b_{FB} anomaly...

| | 1σ bound | ls (in %) | | | CO | rrelatio | on ma | trix | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------|------------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------------------|
| | old | new CDF | c_{WB} | c_T | c_{He} | c_{Hq} | c'_{Hq} | c_{Hu} | c_{Hd} | $c_{\ell\ell}^{1221}$ |
| c_{WB} | -0.59 ± 0.30 | -0.59 ± 0.30 | 1 | 0.96(0.97) | 0.96 | -0.091 | -0.25 | -0.16 | 0.11 | 0.91 |
| c_T | -0.23 ± 0.14 | -0.10 ± 0.14 | | 1 | 0.93 | -0.07 | -0.20 | -0.16 | 0.15 | 0.78~(0.80) |
| c_{He} | -0.25 ± 0.13 | -0.25 ± 0.13 | | | 1 | -0.12 | -0.29 | -0.14 | 0.05 | 0.85 |
| c_{Hq} | -0.07 ± 0.27 | -0.07 ± 0.27 | | | | 1 | -0.30 | 0.60 | 0.38 | -0.13 |
| c'_{Hq} | -0.34 ± 0.27 | -0.34 ± 0.27 | | | | | 1 | -0.69 | 0.58 | -0.33 |
| c_{Hu} | 0.67 ± 0.92 | 0.68 ± 0.92 | | | | | | 1 | -0.07 | -0.11 |
| c_{Hd} | -4.1 ± 1.5 | -4.1 ± 1.5 | | | | | | | 1 | -0.02 |
| $c_{\ell\ell}^{1221}$ | -0.56 ± 0.33 | -0.84 ± 0.33 | | | | | | | | 1 |

Tree-level new bosons

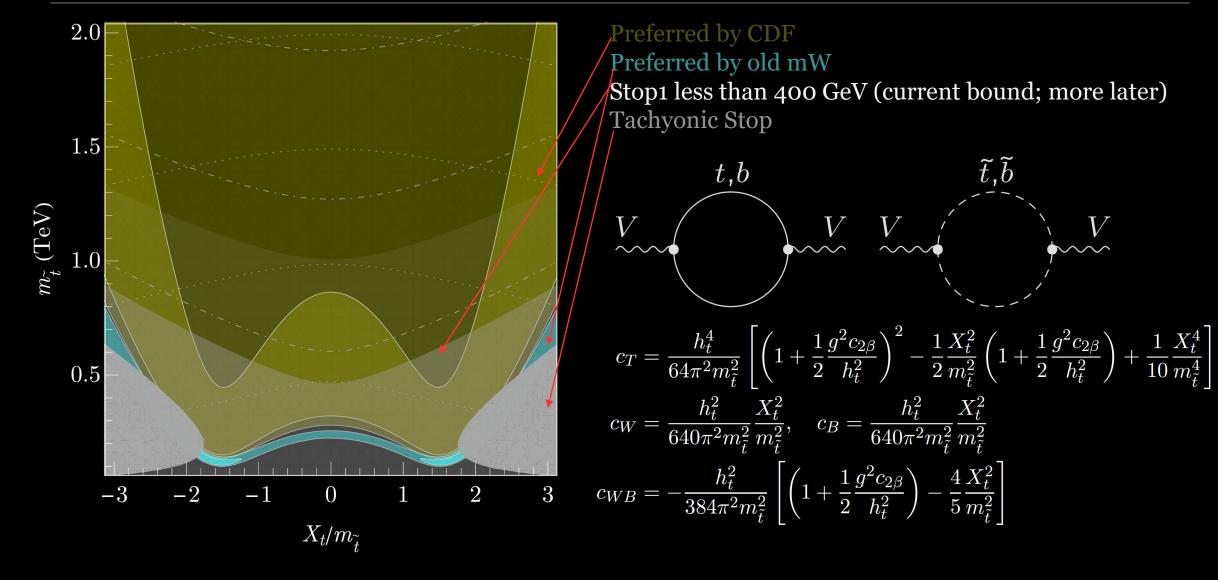


 $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \times U(1)_X$ $\rightarrow SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$

Z', W' generates T at tree-level. One needs to avoid direct resonance searches by engineering partially mixed leptons to suppress leptonic searches.

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Top squarks (degenerate)



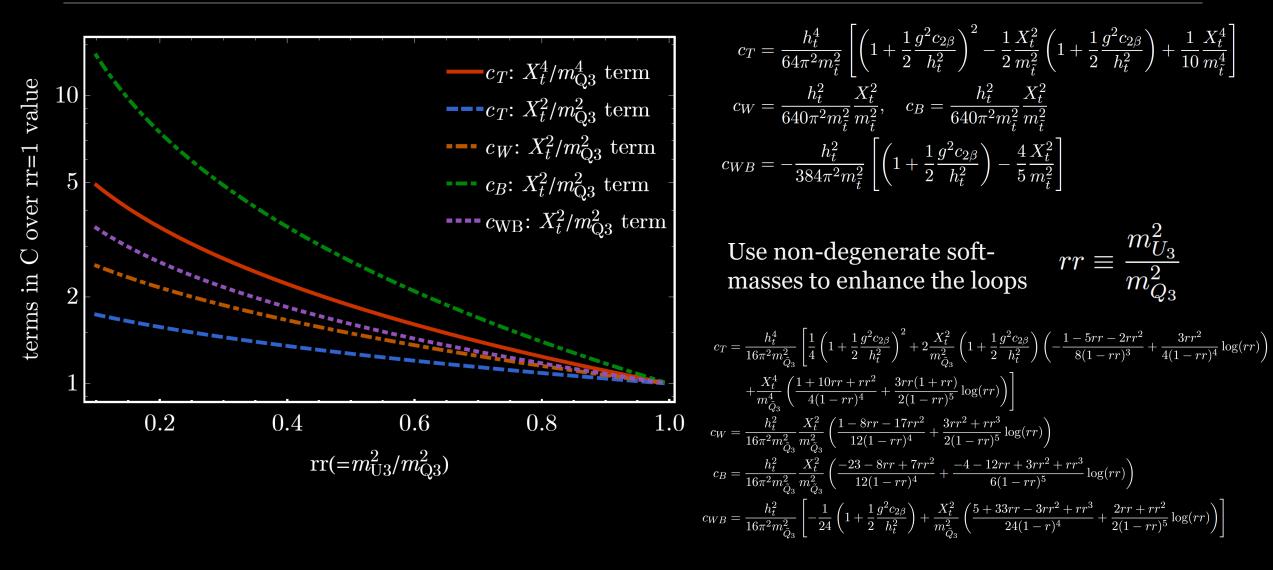
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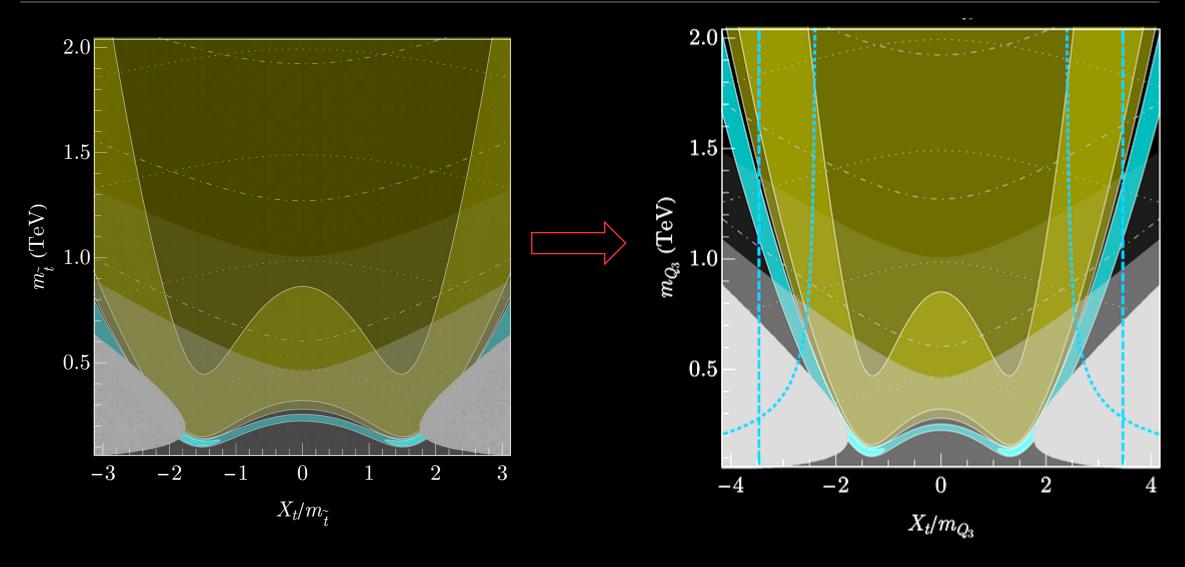
Degenerate Top Squark not working...



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Top squarks (non-degenerate)



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Top squarks

A few more directions could help further enhance or constrain:

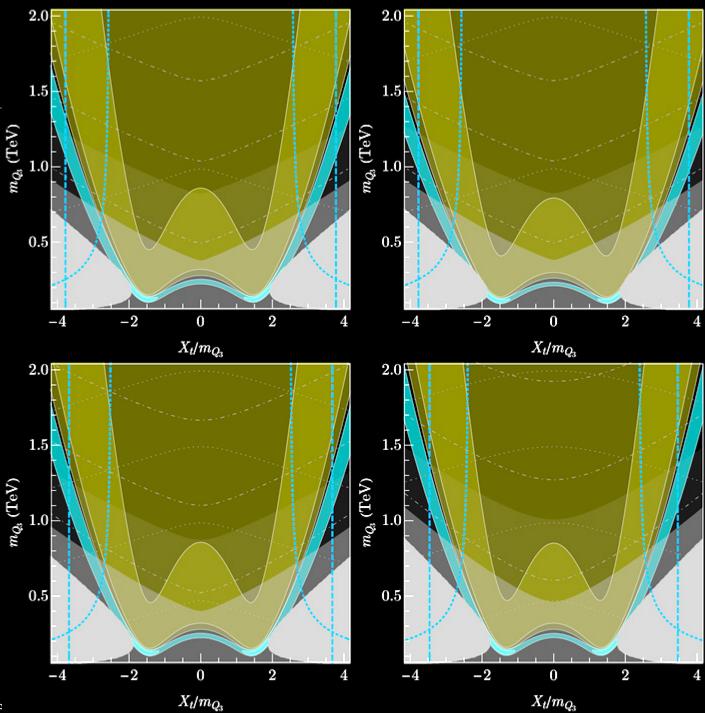
- rr (soft mass ratios)
- right-handed sbottom mass
- $tan\beta$
- Addition of slepton contributions (also accommodates muon g-2)*

*Agashe, M, ZL, Sundrum, <u>2203.01796</u> Heinemeyer et al, <u>2203.15710</u>

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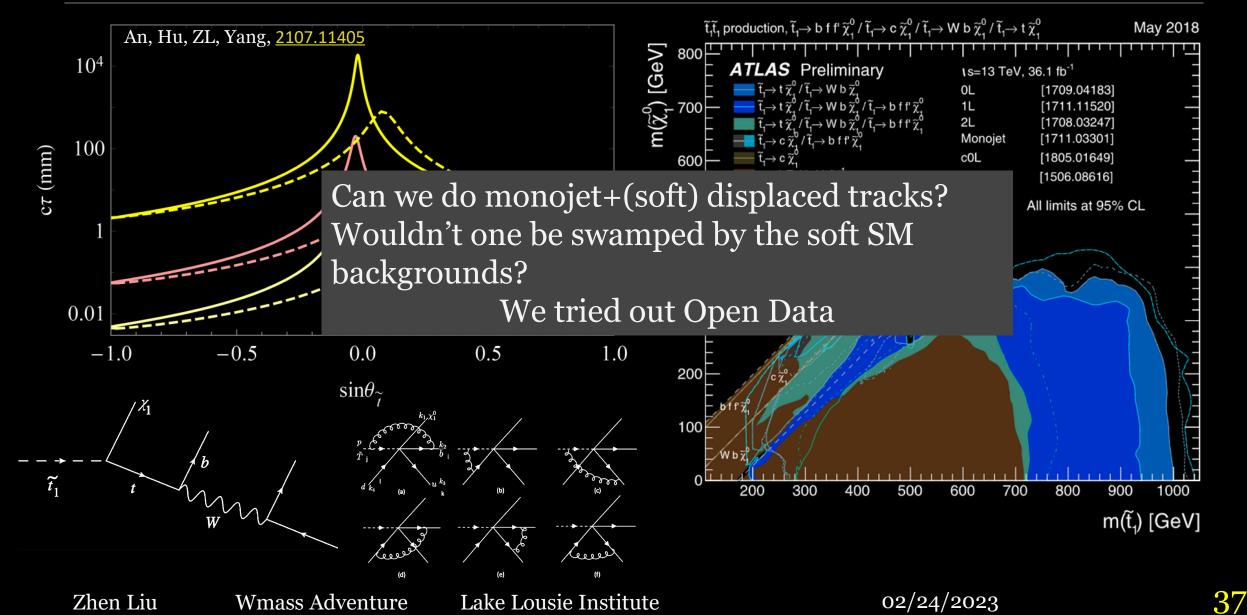
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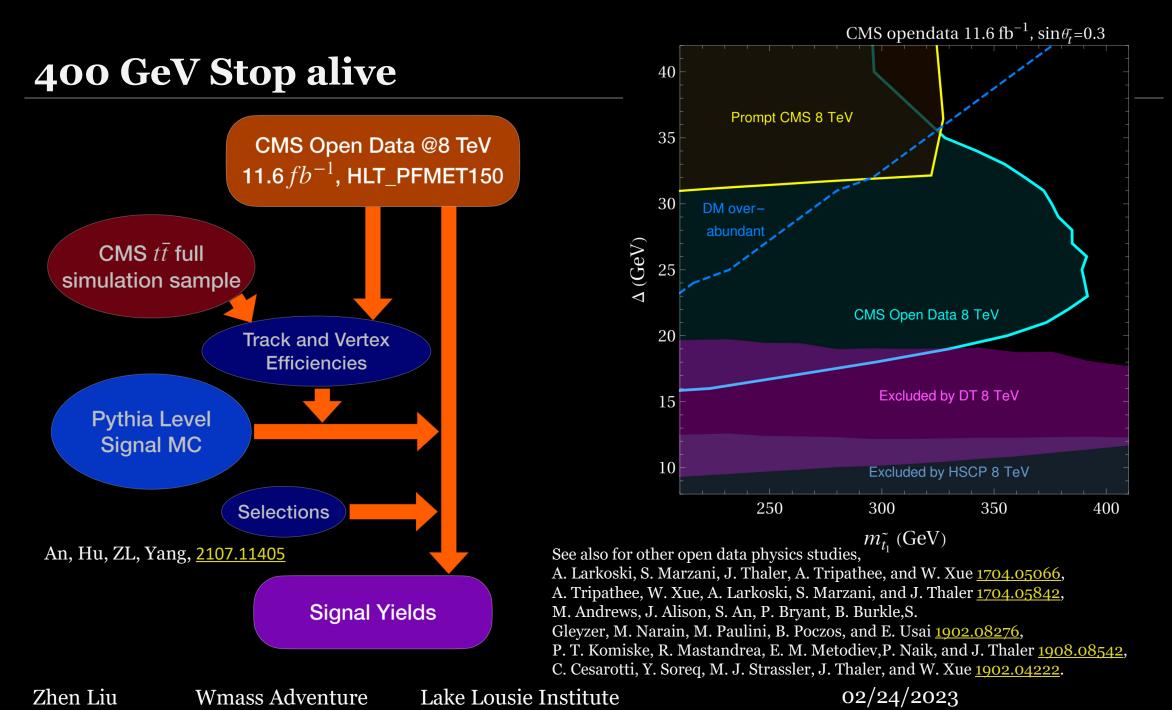
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Coannihilation and LLP

Mono-jet + (soft) displaced tracks

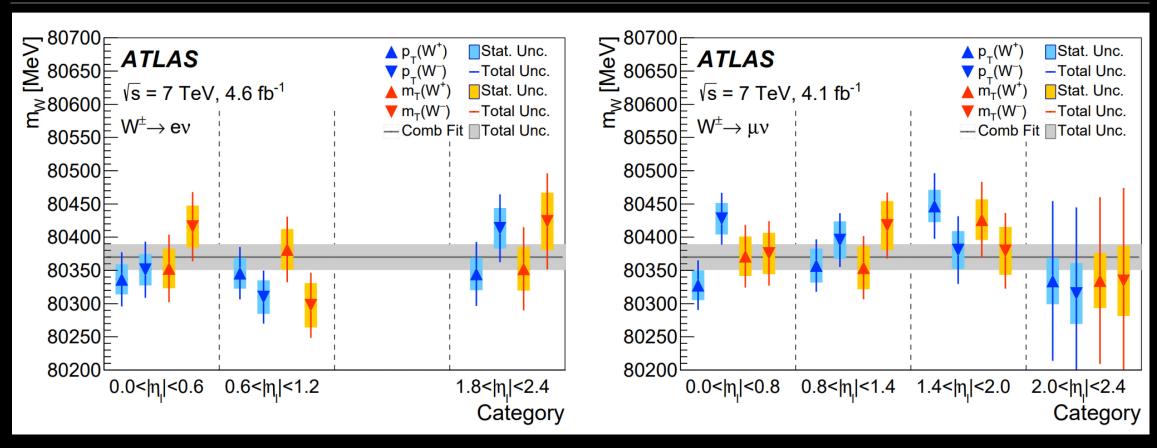




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ATLAS & CMS & LHCb

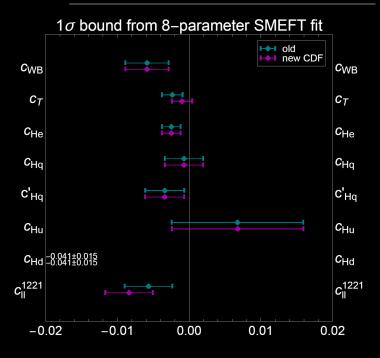


We have high hope for LHC to shed more light on mW.

Independent checks are always helpful and appreciated, even if the uncertainty budget is larger. (My wish) We shall present mW-alone, mW&Width 2D results.

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W mass Precision

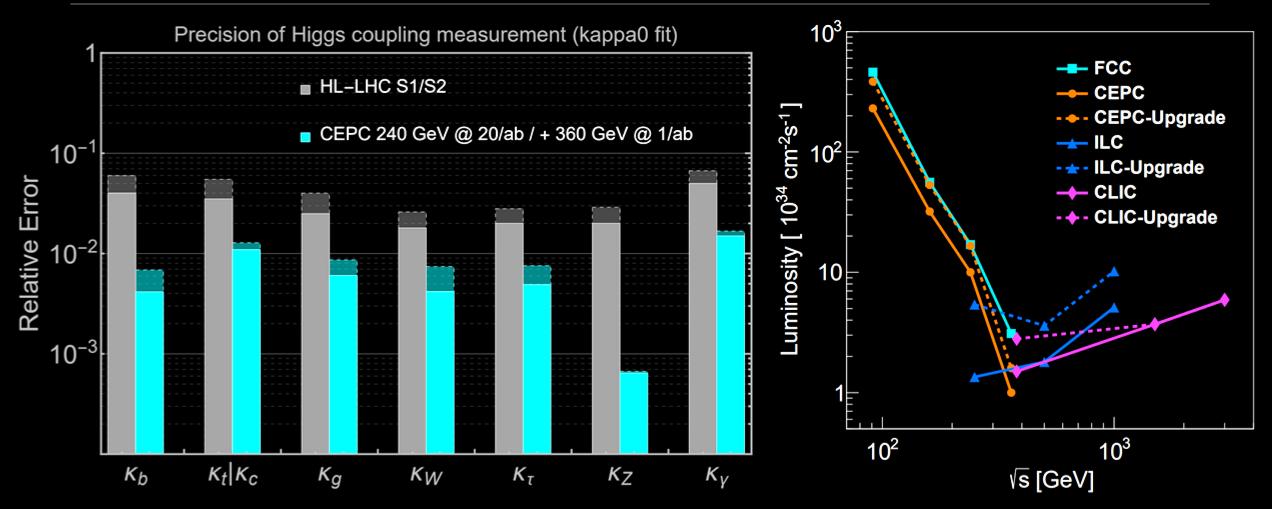


| Observable | current precision | CEPC precision (Stat. Unc.) | CEPC runs | main systematic |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Δm_Z | 2.1 MeV [37–41] | $0.1 { m MeV} (0.005 { m MeV})$ | Z threshold | E_{beam} |
| $\Delta\Gamma_Z$ | 2.3 MeV [37-41] | 0.025 MeV (0.005 MeV) | Z threshold | E_{beam} |
| Δm_W | 9 MeV [42–46] | $0.5 { m ~MeV} (0.35 { m ~MeV})$ | WW threshold | E_{beam} |
| $\Delta\Gamma_W$ | 49 MeV [46–49] | $2.0 { m ~MeV} (1.8 { m ~MeV})$ | WW threshold | E_{beam} |
| Δm_t | 0.76 GeV [50] | $\mathcal{O}(10)~{ m MeV^a}$ | $tar{t}$ threshold | |
| ΔA_e | $4.9 	imes 10^{-3}$ [37, 51–55] | | Z pole $(Z \to \tau \tau)$ | Stat. Unc. |
| ΔA_{μ} | 0.015 [37 , 53] | ; 0.4 | | 7 to-point Unc. |
| $\Delta A_{	au}$ | $4.3 	imes 10^{-3}$ [37, 51–55] | ' _{0.3} new CDF | | lecay model |
| ΔA_b | 0.02 [37 , 56] | | | CD effects |
| ΔA_c | 0.027 [37 , 56] | 0.2 | | CD effects |
| $\Delta \sigma_{had}$ | 37 pb [<mark>37–41</mark>] | | / / / | umiosity |
| δR_b^0 | 0.003 [37 , 57–61] | old | | >n splitting |
| δR_c^0 | 0.017 [37, 57, 62–65] | 0.0 | 90%CL | m splitting |
| δR_e^0 | 0.0012 [<mark>37–41</mark>] | -0.1 | | and t channel |
| δR^0_μ | 0.002 [<mark>37–41</mark>] | | S T $\delta G_{F_2} \chi^2_{min}$ =2 S T, χ^2_{min} =32.6 S T δG_F , χ^2_{min} =2 | E_{beam} |
| $\delta R_{	au}^{0}$ | 0.017 [<mark>37–41</mark>] | -0.2 -0.2 -0.1 0.2 | | .3 E_{beam} |
| $\delta N_{ u}$ | 0.0025 [<mark>37</mark> , <mark>66</mark>] | | S | energy scale |

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(in)Direct Probes of Loop Particles



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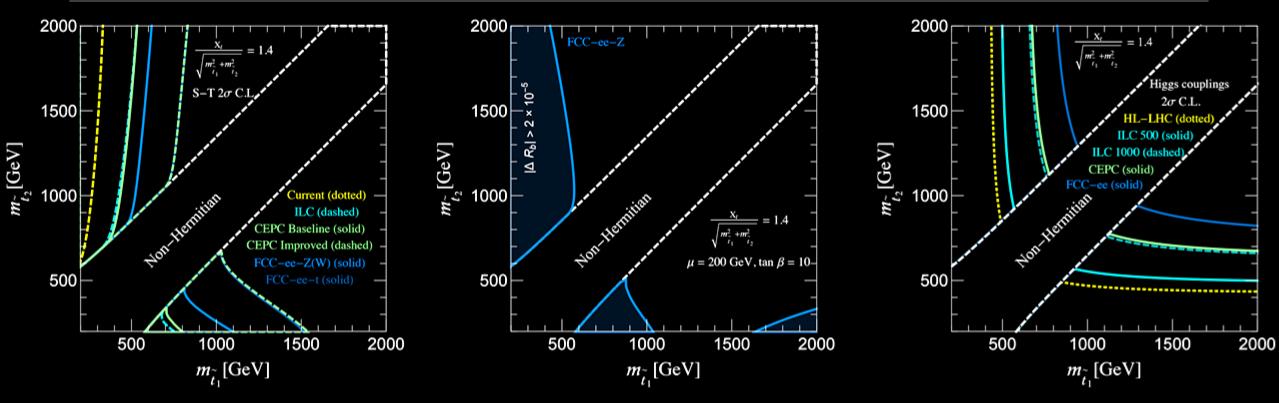
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02/24/2023

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Probing Stop via loop (Z-pole, Higgs precision)



Fan, Reece, Wang, <u>1412.3107</u> Gori, Gu, Wang, <u>1508.07010</u>

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Summary and Outlook

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I hope you enjoyed this adventure so far and that we did make progress in understanding physics. The future is in our hands.

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