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Reconciliation of Secluded dark sector and muon $g - 2$ in light of fast expanding Universe

The lack of information before Big Bang Neucleosynthesis (BBN) allow us to assume the presence of a new species ϕ whose energy density redshifts as $a^{-(4+n)}$ where $n > 0$ and a is the scale factor. In this non-standard cosmological setup, we have considered $U(1)_{L_\mu-L_\tau} \otimes U(1)_X$ gauge extension of the Standard Model (SM) and studied different phases of the cosmological evolution of a thermally decoupled dark sector such as leak-in, freeze-in, reannihilation, and late-time annihilation. This non-standard cosmological setup facilitates a larger portal coupling (ϵ) between the dark and the visible sectors even when the two sectors are not in thermal equilibrium. The dark sector couples with the μ and τ flavored leptons of the SM due to the tree level kinetic mixing between $U(1)_X$ and $U(1)_{L_\mu-L_\tau}$ gauge bosons. We show that in our scenario it is possible to reconcile the dark matter relic density and muon ($g - 2$) anomaly. In particular, we show that for $3 \times 10^{-4} < \epsilon < 10^{-3}$, $30 \text{ MeV} < m_{Z'} < 300 \text{ MeV}$, $n = 4$, and $1 \text{ TeV} < m_\chi < 10 \text{ TeV}$ relic density constraint of dark matter, constraint from muon ($g - 2$) anomaly, and other cosmological, astrophysical constraints are satisfied.

Authors: TAPADAR, Ananya (Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science); Mr GANGULY, Sougata (Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science); ROY, Sourov (Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, Kolkata)

Presenter: TAPADAR, Ananya (Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science)

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