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## Indirect searches for Dark Matter Signatures at INO

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Weakly Interactive Massive Particles (WIMPs) are among the most favored Dark Matter candidates. As the Solar System moves through Dark Matter halo, the WIMPs may scatter on the nuclei in the Sun/Earth, lose energy, and get trapped by their gravitational potentials. Their capture and subsequent annihilations in the core of the Sun/Earth may subsequently give rise to neutrinos, through various annihilation channels.

We look at the possibility of detection of such neutrinos at INO (India-Based Neutrino Observatory), which will house a 50-kt Iron Calorimeter (ICAL) detector. Detection of these neutrinos and studing their properties would help us to reconstruct nature of light Dark Matter.

In the present analysis, we give an estimate of the muon events at the detector due to WIMP annihilations in the Sun and the Earth; 10 years of ICAL running. For our work, WIMP masses upto 100 GeV have been considered.

The atmospheric neutrinos in GeV range will pose background to the signal neutrinos. However, exploiting the excellent angular resolution of the ICAL detector, the background can be suppressed considerably. We also perform a  $\chi^2$  analysis to obtain 90\% upper limits on Spin-dependent and Spin-Independent WIMP-nucleon cross sections.

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