

## Dark matter self-interactions from a general spin-0 mediator

*Wednesday 26 July 2017 16:15 (15 minutes)*

Dark matter particles interacting via the exchange of very light spin-0 mediators can have large self-interaction rates and obtain their relic abundance from thermal freeze-out. At the same time, these models face strong bounds from direct and indirect probes of dark matter as well as a number of constraints on the properties of the mediator. We investigate whether these constraints can be consistent with having observable effects from dark matter self-interactions in astrophysical systems. For the case of a mediator with purely scalar couplings we point out the highly relevant impact of low-threshold direct detection experiments like CRESST-II, which essentially rule out the simplest realization of this model. These constraints can be significantly relaxed if the mediator has CP-violating couplings, but then the model faces strong constraints from CMB measurements, which can only be avoided in special regions of parameter space.

**Author:** Dr WILD, Sebastian (DESY)

**Presenter:** Dr WILD, Sebastian (DESY)

**Session Classification:** Dark Matter

**Track Classification:** Dark Matter