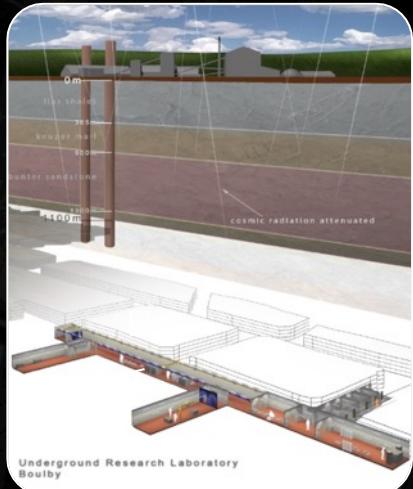




Developments at other Underground Labs

Status and future plans for (some of) the world's deep underground laboratories



Sean Paling
STFC Boulby Underground Science Facility

Developments @ Other UG Labs

Overview of status & future plans of (some of) the world's underground facilities...



Europe

- Gran Sasso
- Modane
- Canfranc
- Boulby

Asia

- Kamioka
- Jinping
- Yangyang
- Ino

North America

- SNOLAB
- SURF
- Soudan
- WIPP

Southern Hemisphere

- Andes
- Stawell

Lots going on. Many and varied science projects and laboratories progressing and emerging.

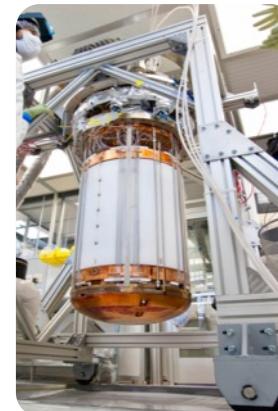


Deep Underground Science

DYKIMOKA

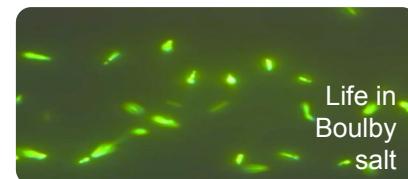
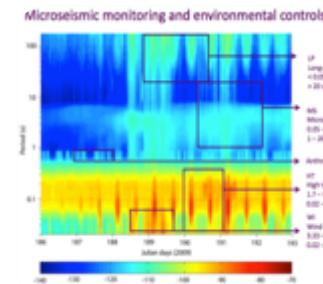
Low Background Particle / Astroparticle Physics

- Atmospheric, solar & supernova neutrinos
- Reactor and accelerator neutrinos
- Neutrino-less double beta decay
- Direct dark matter searches
- Nuclear astrophysics / stellar reactions
- Misc. rare-decay processes



Other 'Multi-disciplinary' studies

- Cosmic rays studies
- ULB Gamma counting & spectroscopy
- Misc. Geology/geophysics
- Geo-microbiology & life in extreme environments
- Astrobiology
- Etc...





What Makes a Good Underground Laboratory?

Low Backgrounds...

Cosmic ray Muons...

- Deep underground facilities provide rock overburden & commensurate reduction in c.r. flux, & c.r.-spallation induced products (neutrons)

Neutrons...

Production from

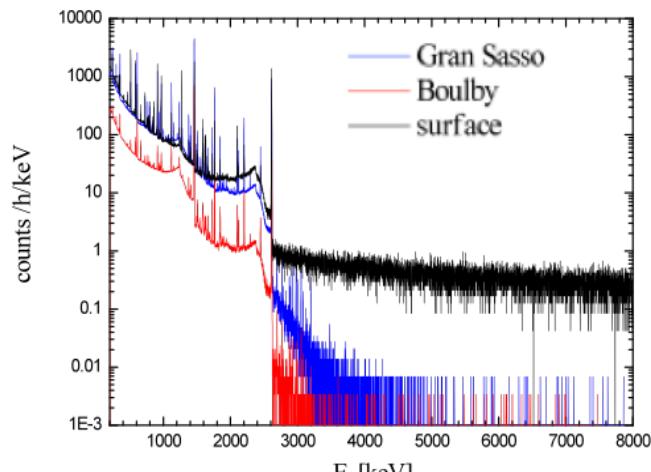
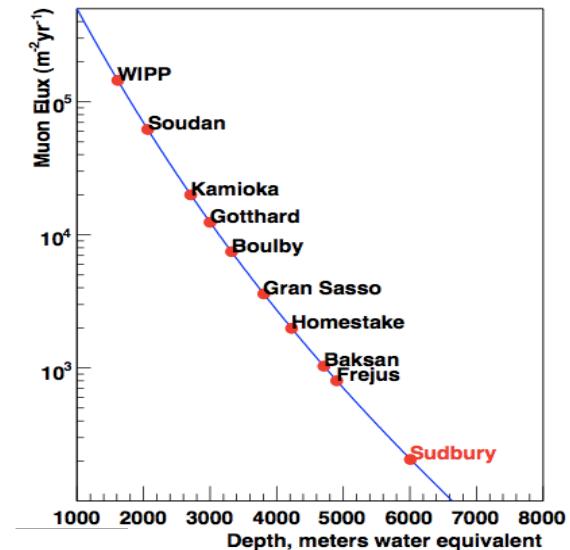
- c.r. muon spallation
- U/Th fission
- α , n reactions

Radon....

- Dependent on both local geology & rock material

Gammas....

- Reduction in γ -ray background at higher energies from c.r. and neutron reduction
- Below 3.5MeV dependent on local geology





What Makes a Good Underground Laboratory?

Other Factors

Facilities provide:

- Surface support and facilities
- Health/Safety and security protocols for underground use
- Scientific support and personnel: design, construction, operation/analysis
- Ancillary science support: low background assay
- Infrastructure support and personnel: workshops, chem labs, I.T.
- Utilities: power, ventilation, heat management, water, gases/liquids

'A hole in the ground is not a facility'

Other Facility Characteristics

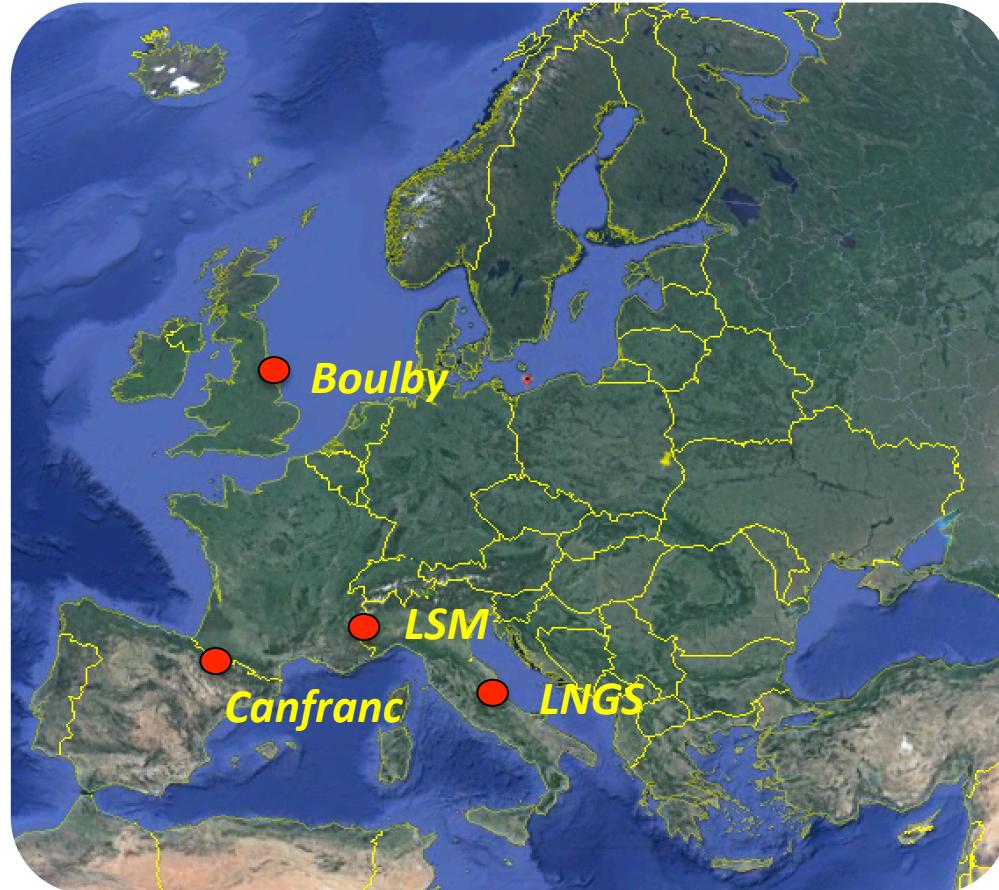
- Size (monolithic or distributed; Space available)
- Ease of Access (vertical or horizontal); Max installation size limitations
- Location (neutrino flux from beam, reactor, Earth, ease of access, quality of life)
- Cleanliness and radiological interference
- Suitability of geology etc

Local Politics & funding: multi-year budgets, solid host nation support, local support/engagement in the facility and the science.



European Labs

- *Boulby*
- *Modane (LSM)*
- *Canfranc*
- *Gran Sasso (LNGS)*



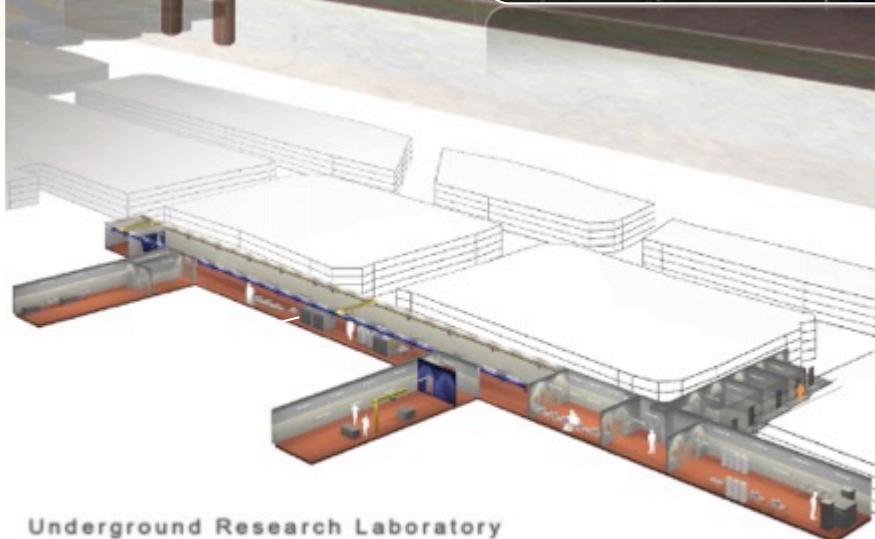


Boulby Underground Laboratory

The UK's deep underground science facility operating in a working potash and salt mine.

1.1km depth (2805 mwe). With low background surrounding rock-salt

Operated by the UK's Science & Technology Facilities Council (STFC) in partnership with the mine operators ICL



Underground Research Laboratory
Boulby



Boulby Palmer lab. >800m² floor space.
Operating since 2001

S.M.Paling - Boulby@stfc.ac.uk

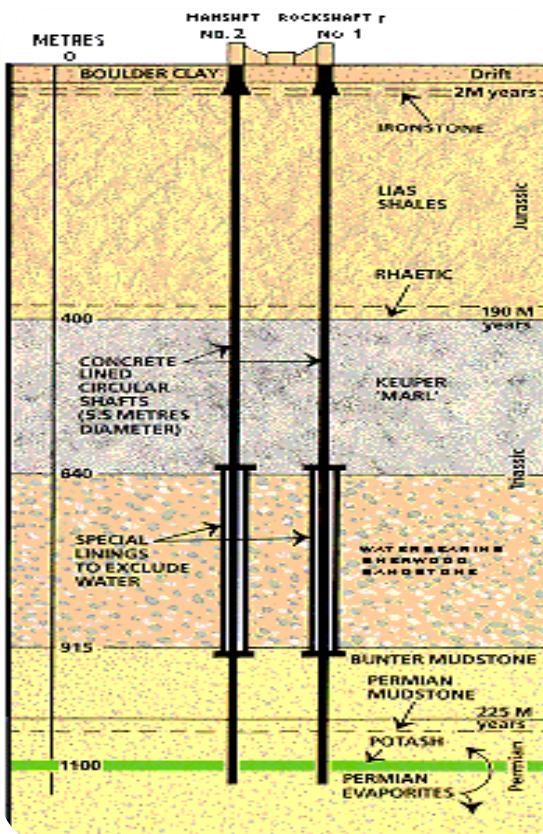




Boulby Geology & Mining

Excavations are in Salt (NaCl) & Potash (KCl) Permian evaporite layers left over from the Zechstein Sea.

Over 40 kms of tunnel mined each year (now >1,000kms in total), the long-lived roadways being cut in the lower NaCl layer.



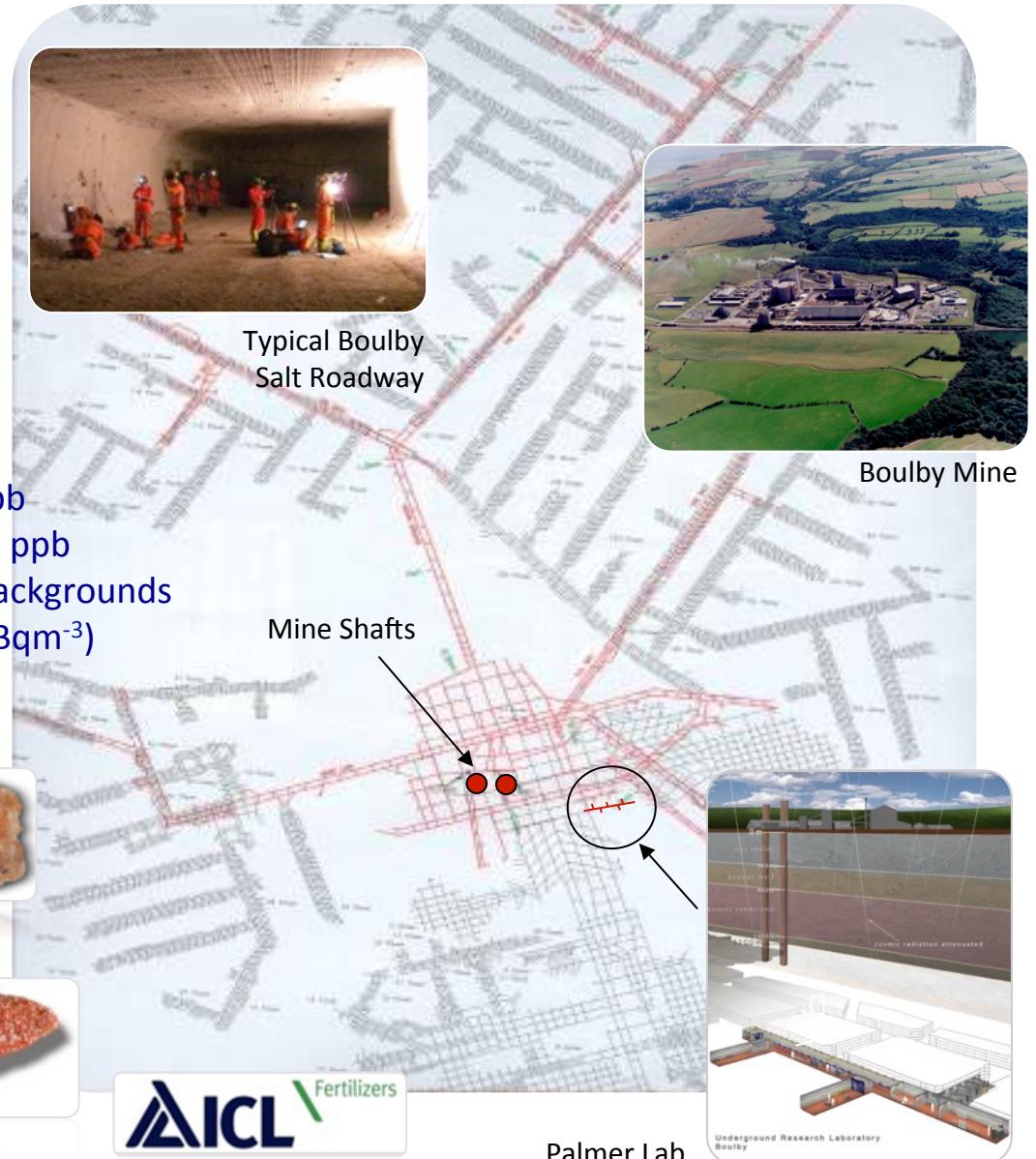
Boulby
Geology

U: 67 ± 6 ppb
Th: 125 ± 10 ppb
Low γ & n backgrounds
Low Rn (<3 Bqm $^{-3}$)

Rock-Salt



Potash



Underground Science @ Boulby Mine

- DRIFT: Directional Dark Matter Search
- DM Ice: NaI(Tl) Dark Matter detector
- Ultra-low background material screening
- Deep Carbon: Muon Tomography for CCS (etc)
- ERSaB: Environmental gamma spectroscopy
- BISAL: Geomicrobiology / Astrobiology studies
- MINAR: Space Exploration Tech. Development
- Misc. Geology / Geoscience
- Misc. Low-background support projects
- Etc... (More to come).

A growing **multi-disciplinary** science programme:
from astro-particle physics to studies of geology,
climate, the environment, life on Earth & beyond.





Boulby Dark Matter Studies

Boulby has hosted Dark Matter search studies for two decades. Including the NAIAD, DRIFT & ZEPLIN experiment programmes.

Boulby now hosts two on-site dark matter studies (**DRIFT & DM-Ice**) & provides ULB material screening for other studies, inc **LUX-ZEPLIN**



DM-Ice: 250kg NaI(Tl) array for studying WIMP annual modulation



Wisconsin, Yale,
FNAL, Illinois,
Alberta, Sheffield,
Boulby

ZEPLIN: *The world's first 2-phase Xenon dark matter detector (Finished 2011)*



ZEPLIN-III @ Boulby



DRIFT-III

DRIFT: Negative Ion drift low pressure TPC **directional** dark matter detector

Occidental College, New Mexico, Colorado State, Hawaii,
Wesley Coll. Sheffield, Edinburgh, Boulby
SNOLAB, Aug 2015



ULB Material Screening

Growing suite ('BUGS') of Ultra-Low-Background germanium detector systems to support Dark Matter & misc 'rare-event' studies...



Boulby Underground
Germanium Suite (BUGS)



Activity testing steel
samples

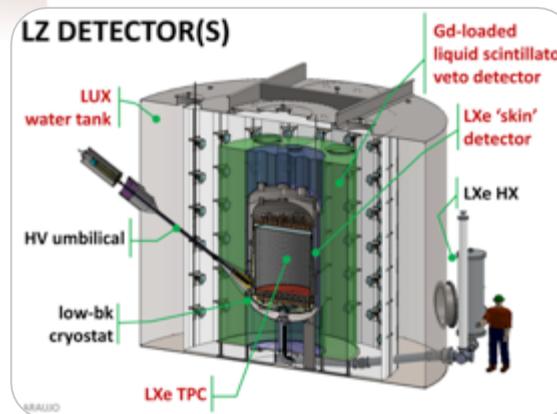
- Ortec 2kg Coax (90% eff).
- 2 Canberra BEGe detectors
- Canberra SAGe Well-type

Sensitivity down to **50ppt**
U/Th per sample, & improving

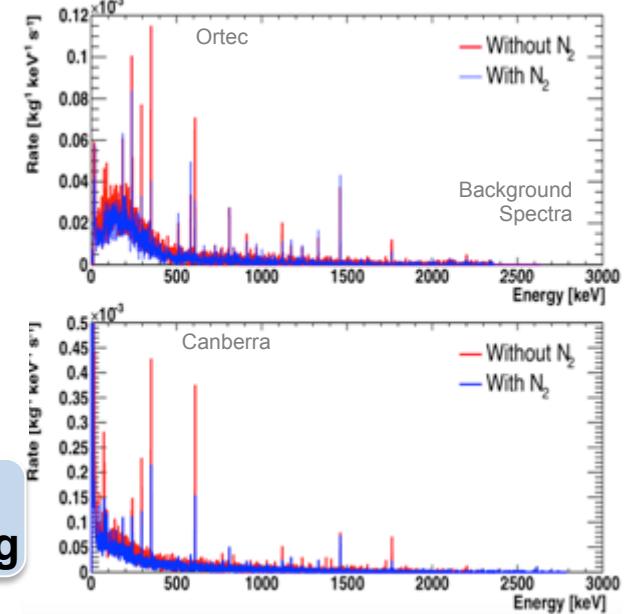
Ultra Low background counting
studies supporting UK DM (**LZ**)
& OnuBB communities.

Now **EXPANDING** low BG
counting capabilities to meet
international demand.

Working in collaboration with
UCL, Oxford, STFC-RAL



Boulby undertaking major role in
material selection for **LUX-ZEPLIN**





Expanding Multi-Disciplinary Studies



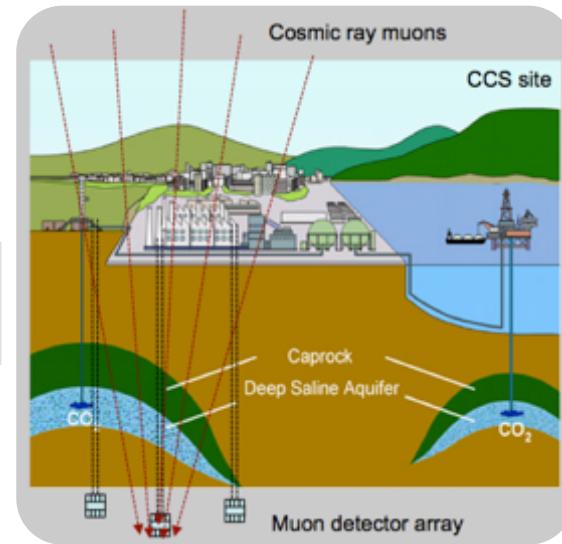
ERSaB: Gamma spectroscopy & low background counting environmental radioactivity studies

*Boulby, Scottish Universities Env.
Research Ctr (SUERC)*

DEEP-Carbon: Muon Tomography for deep geological mapping applications including CCS



*Boulby, Durham,
Sheffield, Bath,
Premier Oil, CPL.*



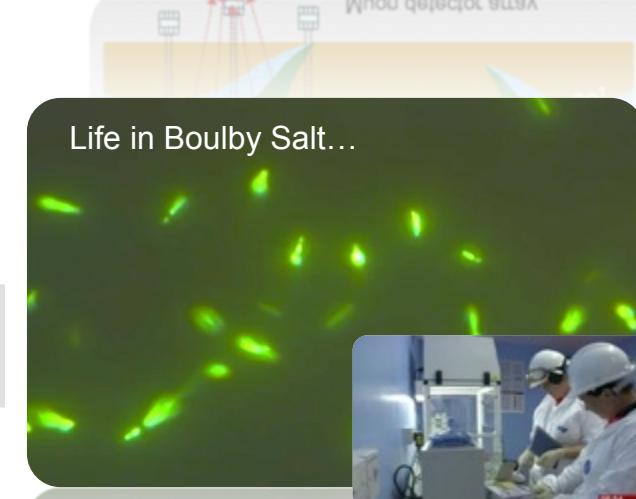
**From astrophysics to climate,
geology, the environment,
life on Earth & beyond...**



MINAR: Space Technology Development

*Boulby,
Edinburgh, NASA,
DLR, CPL etc.*

Plus Misc. Geology &
Geoscience (& more to
come)...



BISAL: Astrobiology / Geo-microbiology. Studies of life in salt, life on Earth & beyond



Low-BG Gamma Spectroscopy

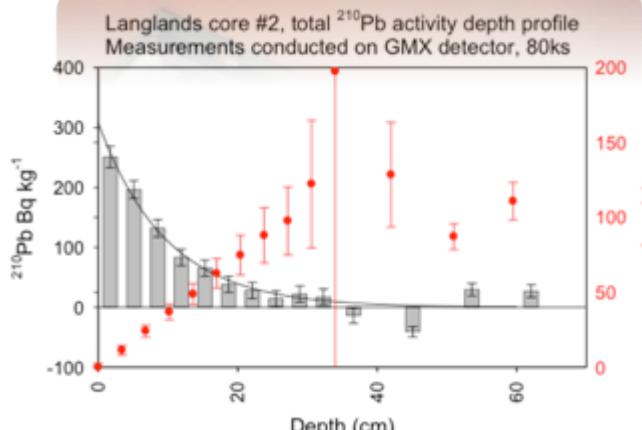
DYKOMICKA

Gamma spectroscopy and low-background counting
for **Environment studies & Beyond**

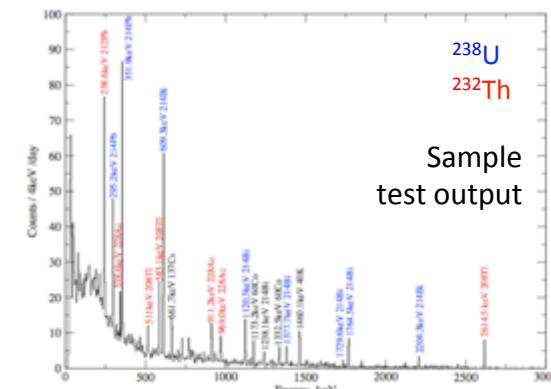
The ultra-low background environment and Ge detectors at Boulby allow existing industrial, environmental and climate-related gamma spectroscopy studies to be extended and improved.



Boulby
Ultra-low background
Germanium Suite (BUGS)



S.M.Paling - Boulby@stfc.ac.uk



Environmental applications:

- Radioactive tracers for atmospheric & ecosystem processes
- Radio-dating: C-14, Pb-210, Si-32
- Dosimetry in the environment
- Marine radioactivity
- Landscape evolution
- Sedimentology...



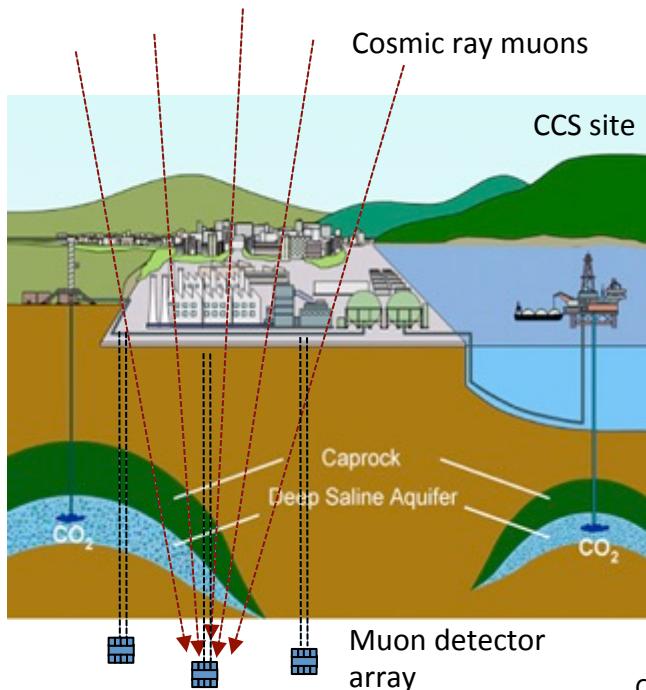
Pb-210
Sediment
dating

Pb-210 Radio-dating of the 50-250 year timescale is important for understanding RECENT affects of climate change.

Muon Tomography / Geo-survey

Development of a **Muon Tomography** techniques for deep 3D geological surveying - inc Carbon Capture @ Storage (CCS)

STFC-Boulby,
Durham, Sheffield,
Bath, NASA



Boulby site and skills
uniquely well-suited for
development and testing:
appropriate depth and
geology, ease of access,
infrastructure & expertise

S.M.Paling - Boulby@stfc.ac.uk

Potential for cheap, reliable, practical, real-time long-term monitoring of deep structures. Potential applications:

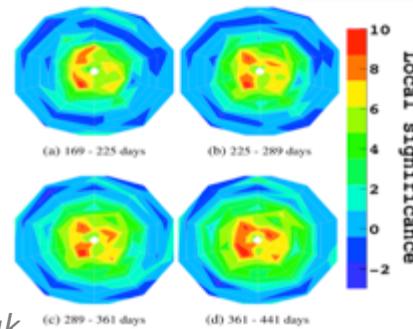
- Deep geological repository monitoring.
- Monitoring in Carbon Capture & Storage (CCS)



Muon-tides detector development

Deep-Carbon Project: £1.4M funding from UK Dept of Energy & Climate change (DECC) & Premier Oil:

- Bore-hole detector development & testing @ Boulby
- Muon-Tides technology demonstrator
- Simulations of technique performance in CCS





Astrobiology & Mars Analogue



Sampling life in Boulby Brine



Subsurface Astrobiology Laboratory



Boulby International Subsurface Astrobiology Lab

A base for studies of life in Boulby rock – studies of limits of life on earth and on other planets



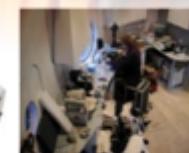
ALSO: An important 'Mars Analogue site'
– with geology & conditions to allow explorations & astrobiology technique & instrumentation development



Mining & extraplanetary exploration instrumentation development



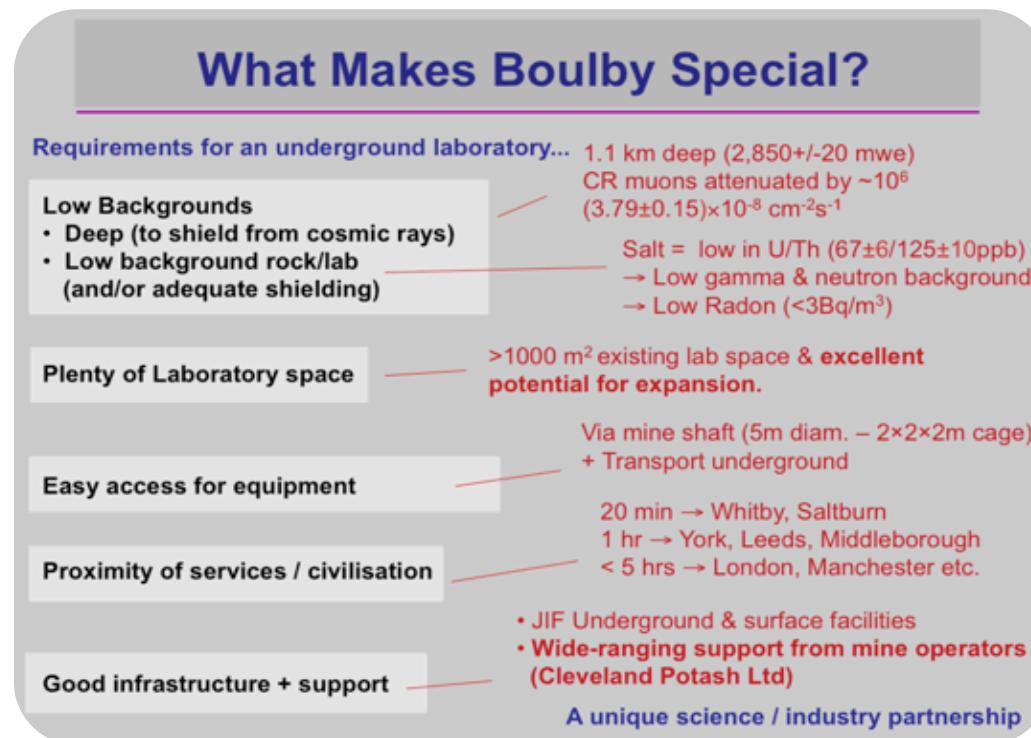
Boulby and Instrumentation for Earth and Space Exploration





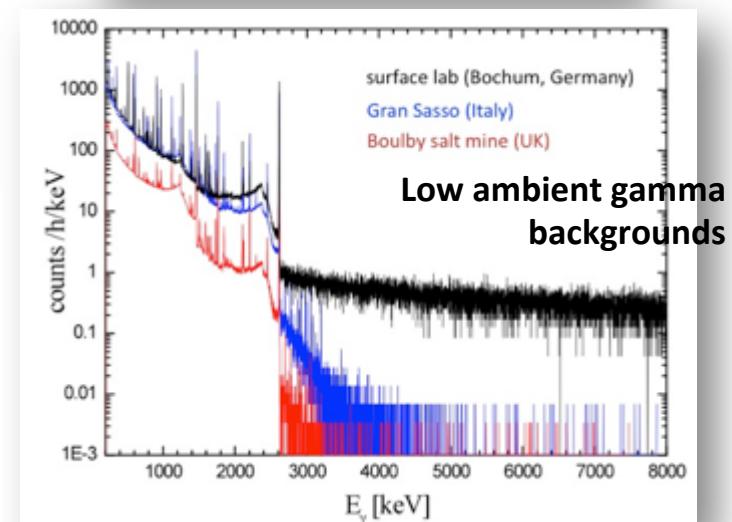
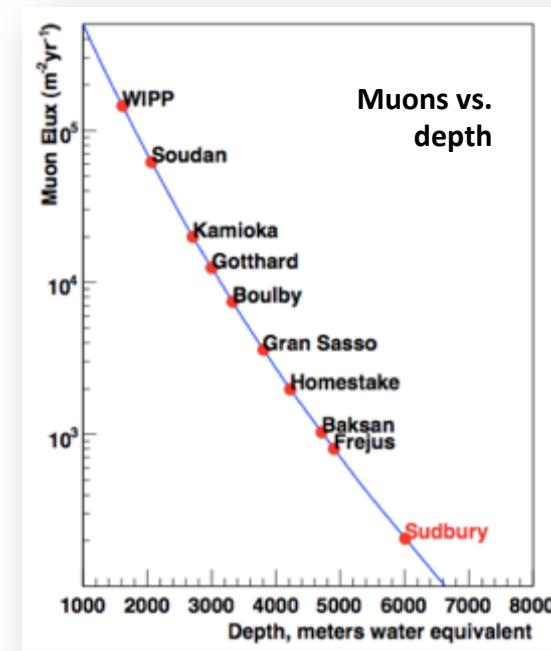
How does Boulby compare?

- 6 onsite staff supporting 70 users from 20 UK & international universities and research institutes



- **VERY low ambient Radon background:** <3 Bq/m³
- **Low ambient gamma backgrounds**
- **Interesting geology:** Permian evaporite NaCl
- **Operations well-supported by mine owners ICL**

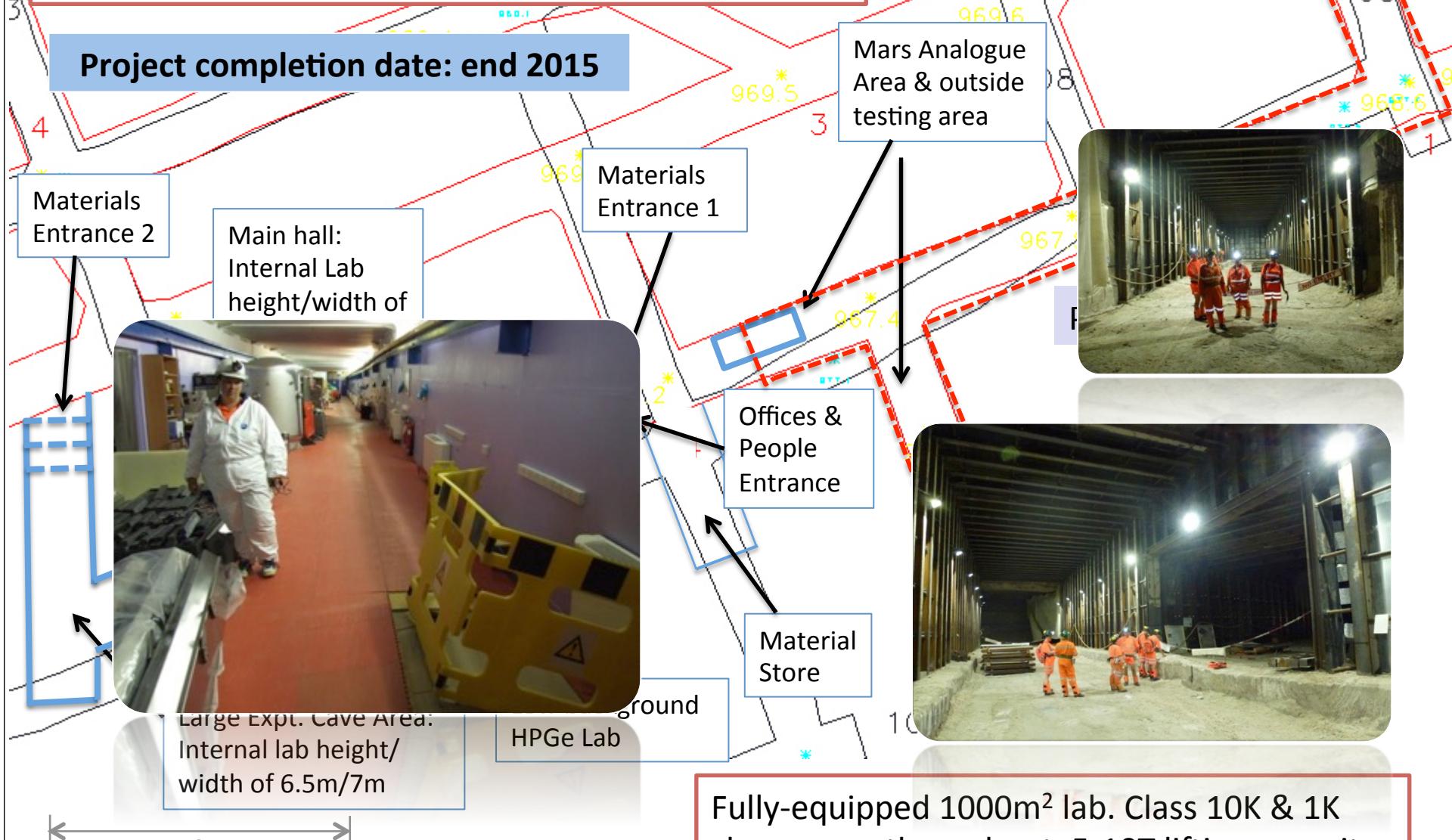
S.M.Paling - Boulby@stfc.ac.uk



A NEW LABORATORY now being built at Boulby

To replace current facility and host planned & new projects for the next decade and more...

Project completion date: end 2015



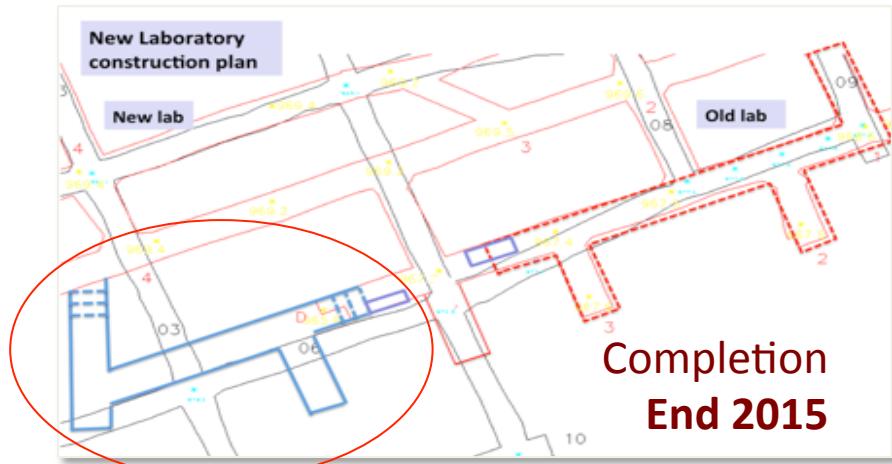


Boulby New Lab
Construction
Aug 2015



Air conditioning HEPA filtration, 10 & 5 T lifting capacity.

> 4000m³ well supported class 1,000 & class 10,000 clean room experimental space



Seeking expressions of interest from
new projects early 2016



Laboratoire Souterrain de Modane

Road tunnel under Alps
between France & Italy

Access: **Horizontal**. Drive

Depth: 4800 m.w.e.

Muon flux: $4 \cdot 10^{-5} \mu\text{m}^{-2}.\text{s}^{-1}$

Neutrons:

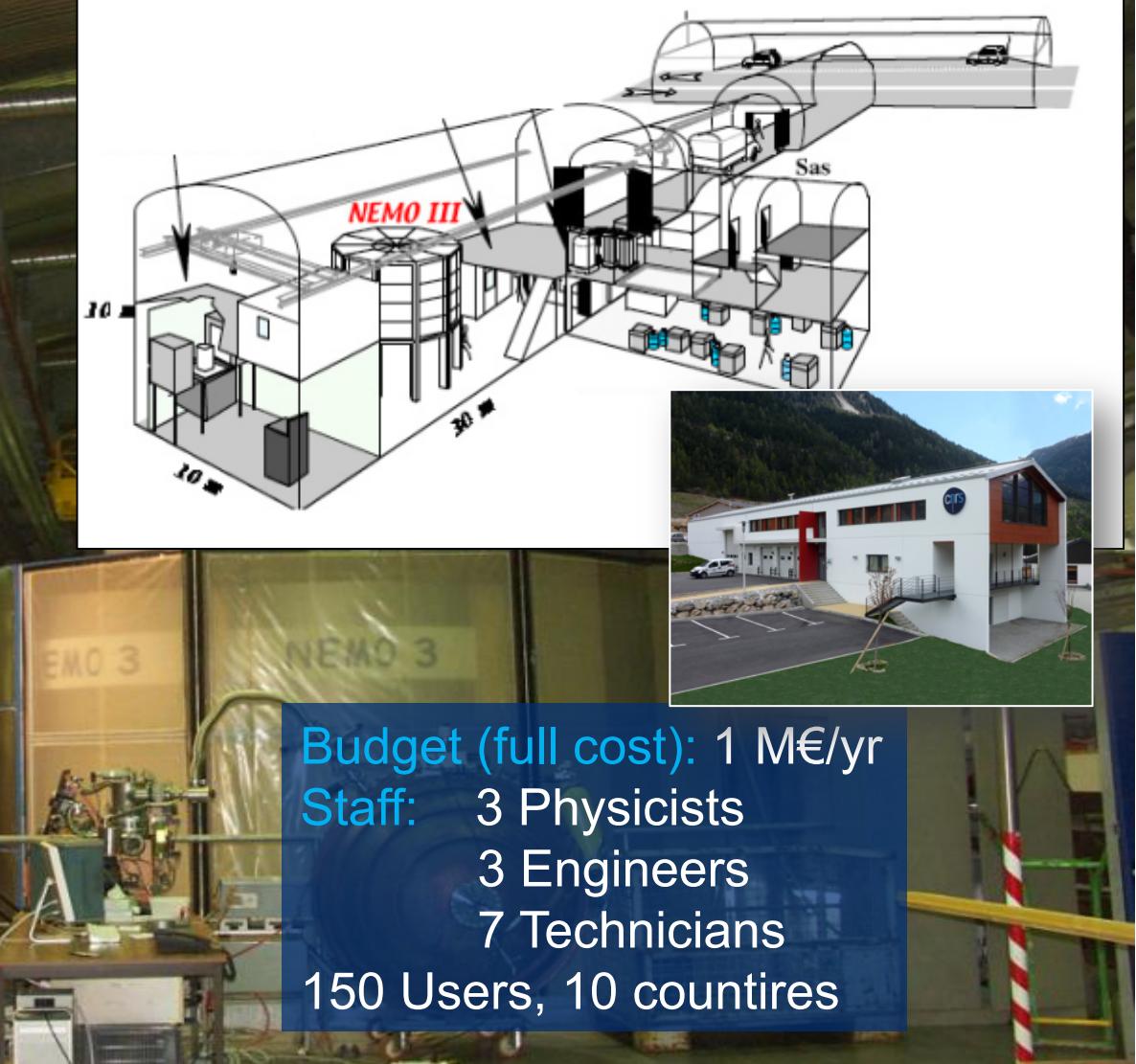
Fast flux: $4 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{n.m}^{-2}.\text{s}^{-1}$

Thermal flux: $1.6 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{n.m}^{-2}.\text{s}^{-1}$

Radon: 15 Bq/m^3

UG Lab Volume : 3500 m^3

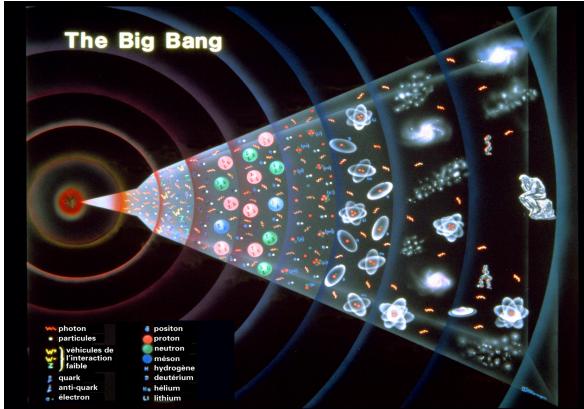
Surface: 400 m^2



International associated laboratory agreement with JINR Dubna (Russia) and CTU Prague (Czech Republic)



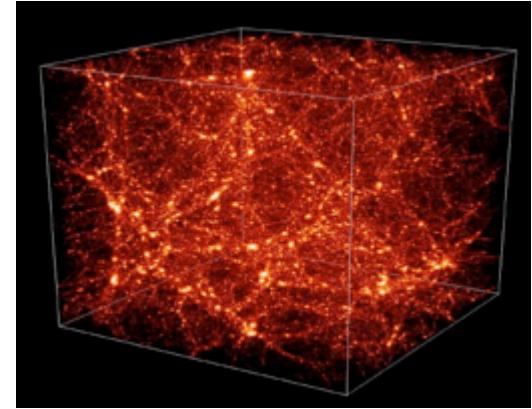
Science at LSM



Creation of the matter



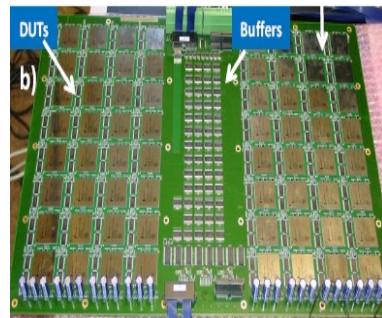
Search for Dark Matter



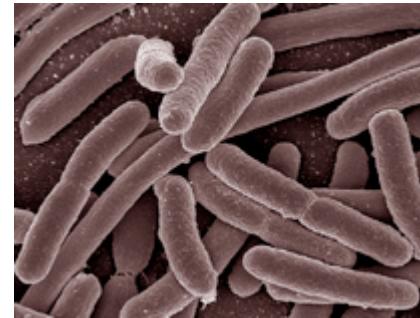
Evolution of Universe



Environment



Nano-electronics



Biology



Datation Bordeaux wine

And also :climatology, oceanography, Human effects on the environment, effets de l'homme sur l'environnement, glaciology, archeology,....

Modane UG Laboratory

From a particle physics experiment to a multi-science platform

1979 - 1981

1982- 1990

1990- 2000

2000 -



Construction

τ_p Experiment

Prototypes

Experiments

Fundamental physics:

- Neutrino: double beta decay
(NEMO3->SuperNEMO)
- Dark matter (EDELWEISS,
SEDINE, MIMAC)
- Nuclear structure (TGV, SHIN)

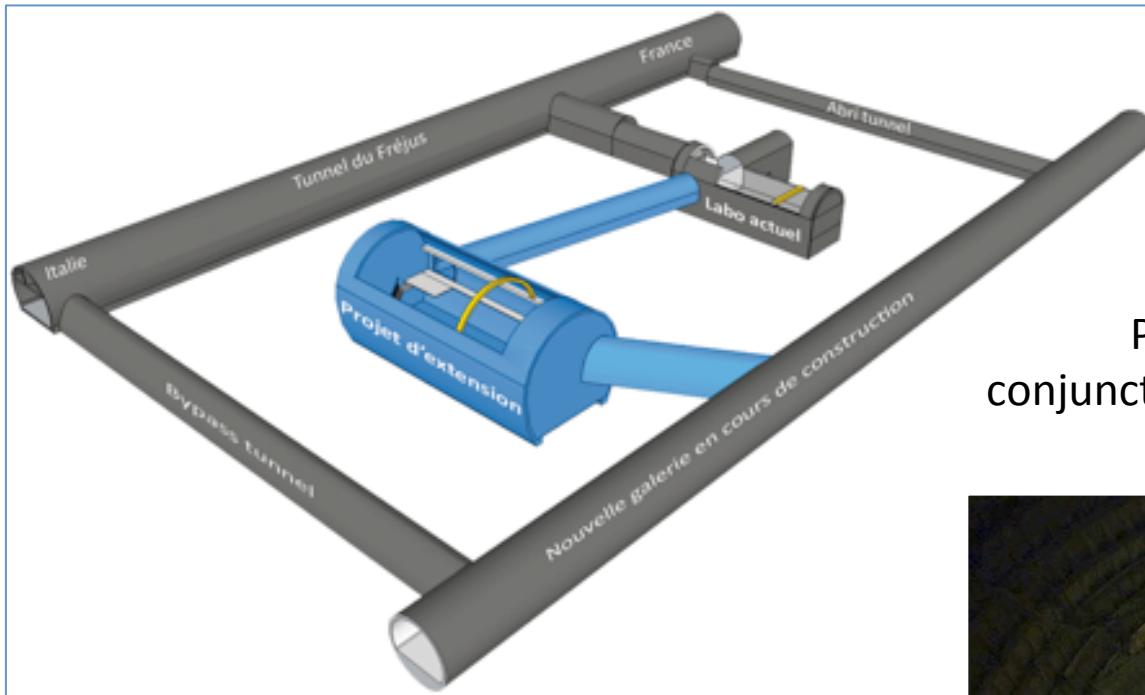
Multidisciplinary activities

- Ultra low radioactivity measurements
Environmental sciences, applications, expertises
- Logical test failures in nano/micro-électronics
- Biology



LSM Extension Project: DOMUS

DOMUS extension project 14 000 m³ (X4 present LSM)



Proposed New Cavity:
Length 40 m, width 18 m,
height 16 m . 12,000m³
(4x current lab)

Proposed work to be undertaken in conjunction with funded (nearly complete) excavation of new roadway

Detailed studies funded by Savoie department and Rhône-Alpes Region

Agreement from Ministry and CNRS for the project

Funding almost secured (85% already obtained CNRS, Region Rhône-Alpes, FEDER funds)





Laboratorio Subterráneo de Canfranc

Horizontal access
laboratory in road and rail
tunnel between Spain &
France

UG Lab vol: 10,000m³
Personnel: 10
Budget: ≈ 1.6 M€/yr
Users: 275 (19 countries)

Overburden: ~ 2450 mwe
Muon Flux: 2×10^{-3} m²s⁻¹
Neutrons (>1 MeV): 3.5×10^{-3} m²s⁻¹
Radon: 50-100 Bq.m⁻³





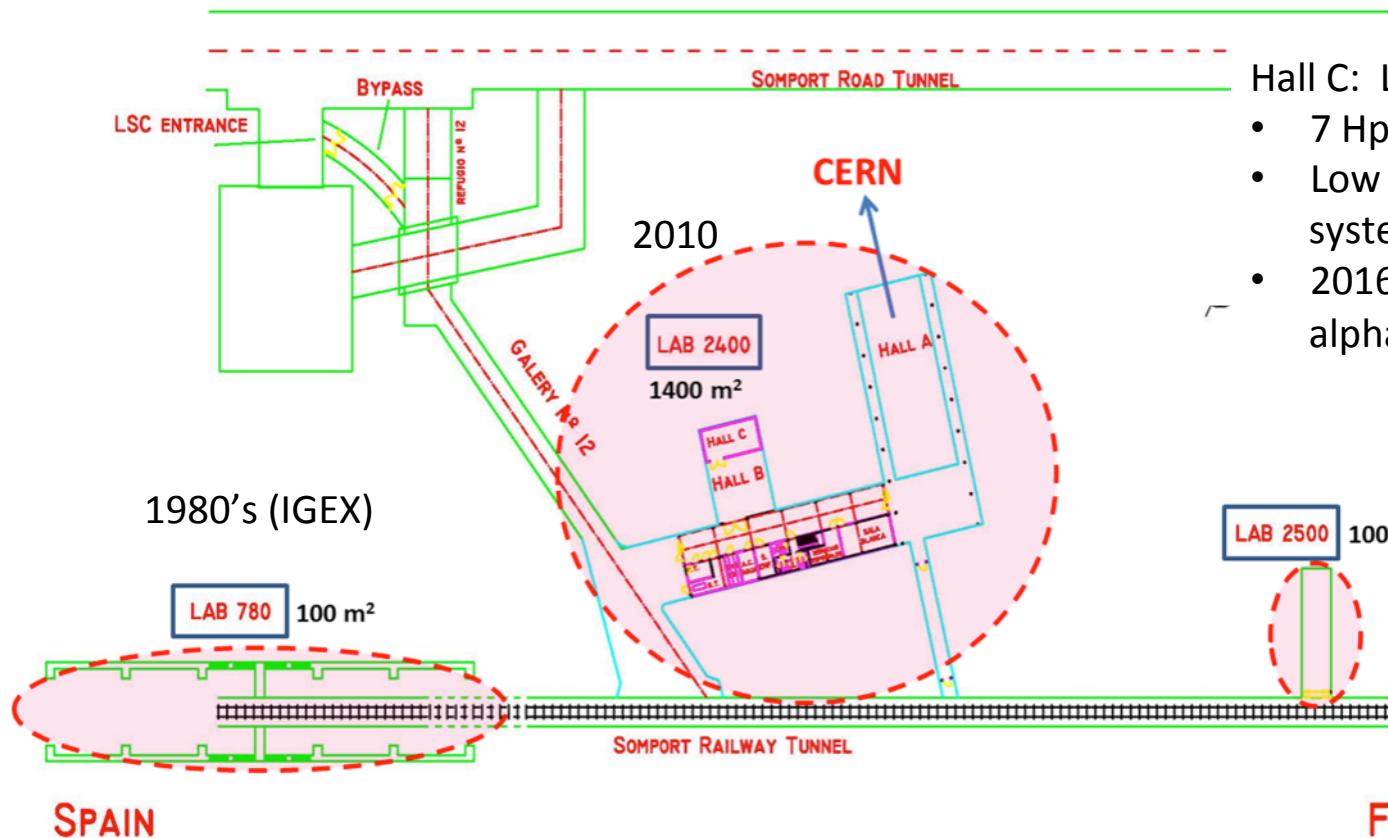
LSC Underground

Two main Halls

- Hall A (length: 40 m, width 15 m, height: 12 m)
- Hall B (length: 15 m, width 10 m, height: 8 m)

Total Volume: 10,000 m³

Hall A



Hall C: LB Screening facility:

- 7 HpGe with a few mBq/kg
- Low background α/β counting system
- 2016: SAGe well detector & an alpha spectrometer



FRANCE

LSC Experiments

- Experiments:

- ✓ **ANALIS** DM (NaI, Annual modul.)
- ✓ **ArDM** DM (2phase Ar TPC) 800 kg
- ✓ **NEXT** $0\nu 2\beta$ (Enr ^{136}Xe gas TPC)
- ✓ **BiPo** $0\nu 2\beta$ (screening for S-NEMO)
- ✓ **SuperK-Gd** Ge screening for Super-K-Gd
- ✓ **GEODYN** Geodynamics, seismic studies

NEXT-NEW: 10kg Enr ^{136}Xe gas TPC



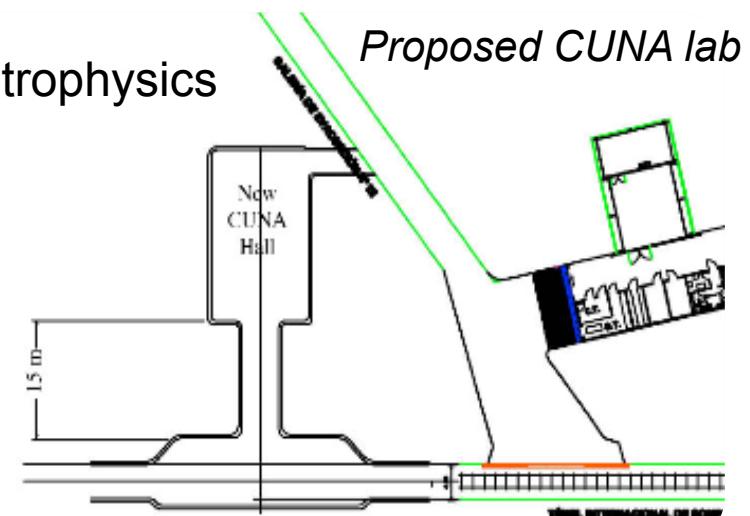
-Expressions of Interest

- ✓ **CUNA** 3MeV accelerator for nuclear astrophysics
- ✓ **GOLLUM** Subterranean bacteria studies

Lab Space available....

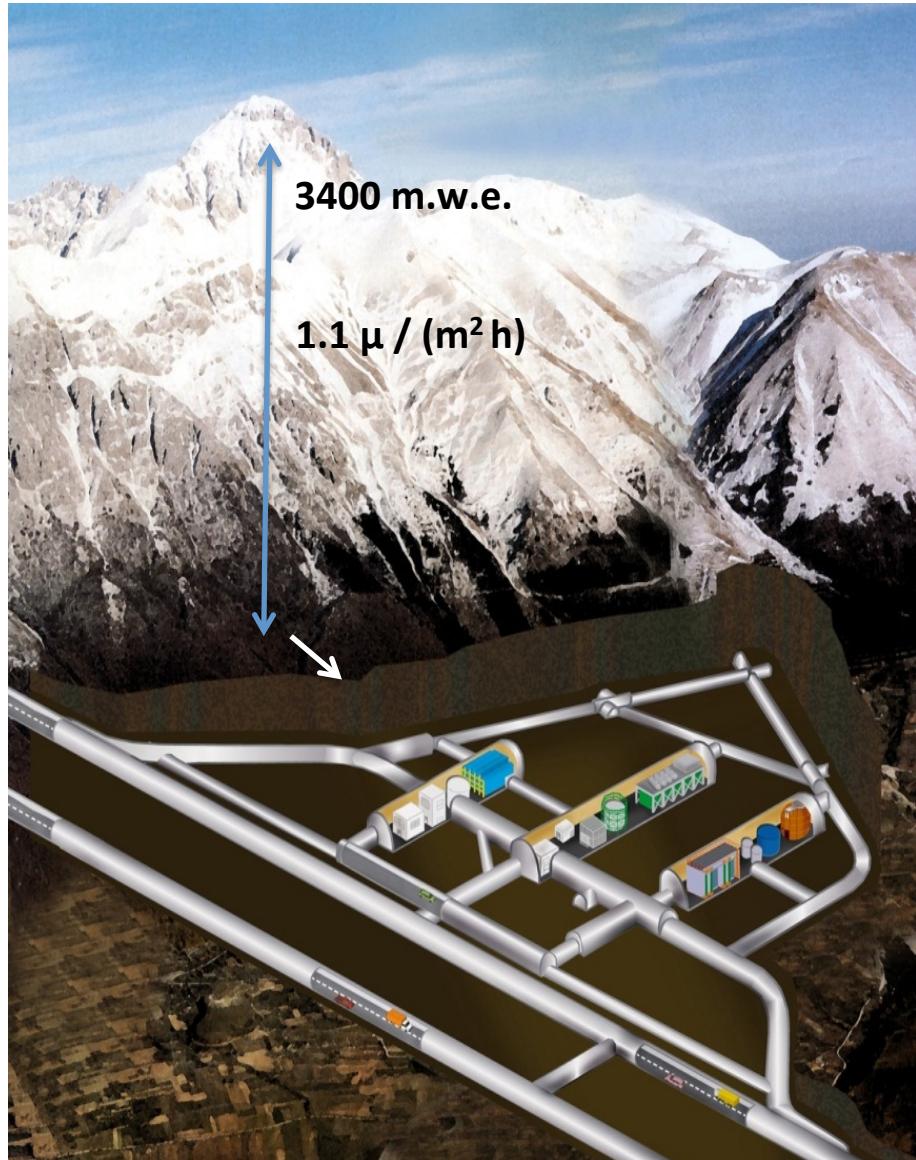
1/3 of Hall A, ½ of Hall B

**New 2300m³ lab proposed for CUNA
(2016-2020?)**



Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso

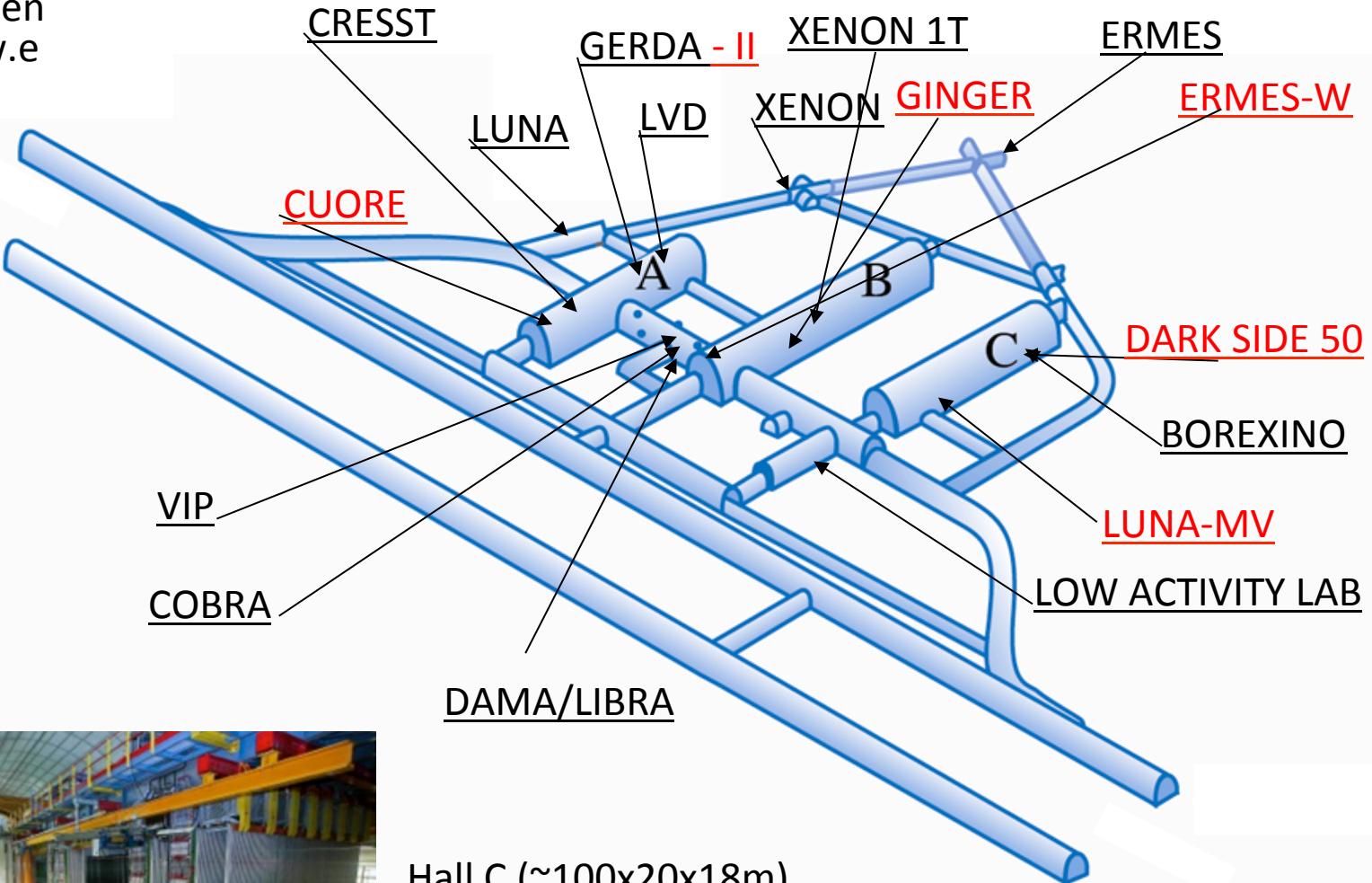
- Surface: 17 800 m²
- Volume: 180 000 m³
- Overburden 3400 m.w.e
- Muon flux: $3.0 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Neutron flux:
 - 2.92 $10^{-6} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ (0-1 keV)
 - 0.86 $10^{-6} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ (> 1 keV)
- Rn in air: 20-80 Bq m⁻³
- Ventilation: 1 vol / 3.5 hours
- Mechanical Design and Workshop
- Electronics Lab & Service
- Chemistry Lab & Service
- ULB Lab & Service
- > 900 users from 29 countries
- ~ 100 Staff
- 225 avg. daily presence in 2014
- ~ 8000 visitors/yr
- [Virtual tour via Street View](#)





LNGS Activities

Overburden
3400 m.w.e



Hall C (~100x20x18m)

Total Lab Volume: 180 000 m³



Stefano Ragazzi – INFN LNGS & UNIMIB

LNGS Neutrino Studies

- SN neutrino:
 - **LVD** 1 kton liquid scint. Waiting for SN since 1992
- Solar Neutrino:
 - **Borexino**: real-time measurement of pp neutrino, Geo-neutrinos
- Double Beta Decay
 - **Gerda / Gerda-II**: ^{76}Ge
 - **CUORE** – *the coldest m³ in the world*: ^{130}Te
 - **Cobra**: ^{116}Cd
 - **LUCIFER**: R&D phase
- Sterile Neutrino
 - Borexino-SOX (CeSOX first)





LNGS Dark Matter

- **DAMA/Libra: NaI**
 - Reports annual modulation
- **NaI**
 - INFN-LNGS is going to support independent test of DAMA result - **SABRE**
- **CRESST**
 - CaWO₄ scint with bolometric r/o
- **XENON family (100, 1T)**
 - Double phase liquid Xe TPC
- **DarkSide**
 - Liquid Ar TPC double phase



Stefano Ragazzi – INFN LNGS & UNIMIB



LNGS Plans...

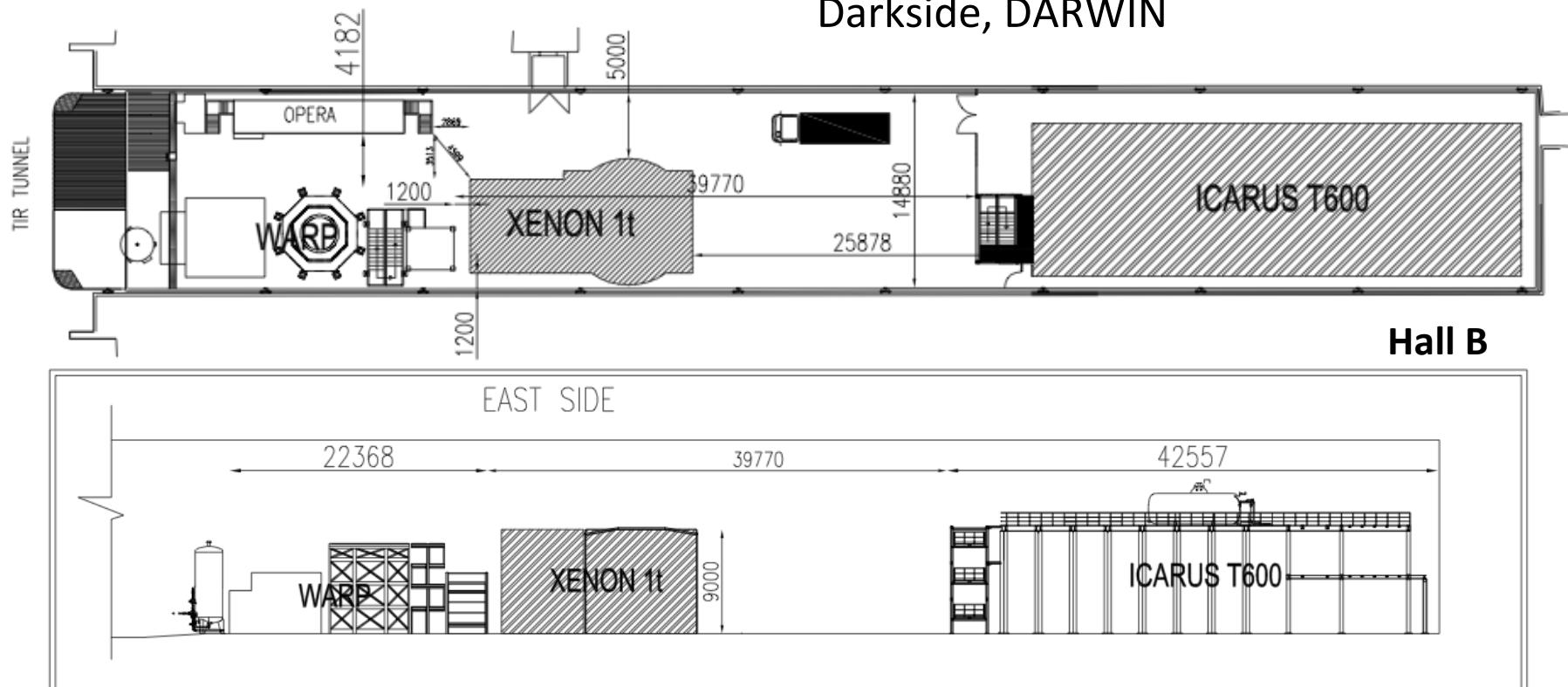
No facility expansion plans for LNGS

Space available?

- Icarus, Warp, Opera gone
- Two free areas in Hall-B
 - “Icarus” 65 m x 15 m
 - “Warp” 22 m x 10 m

Upcoming activity

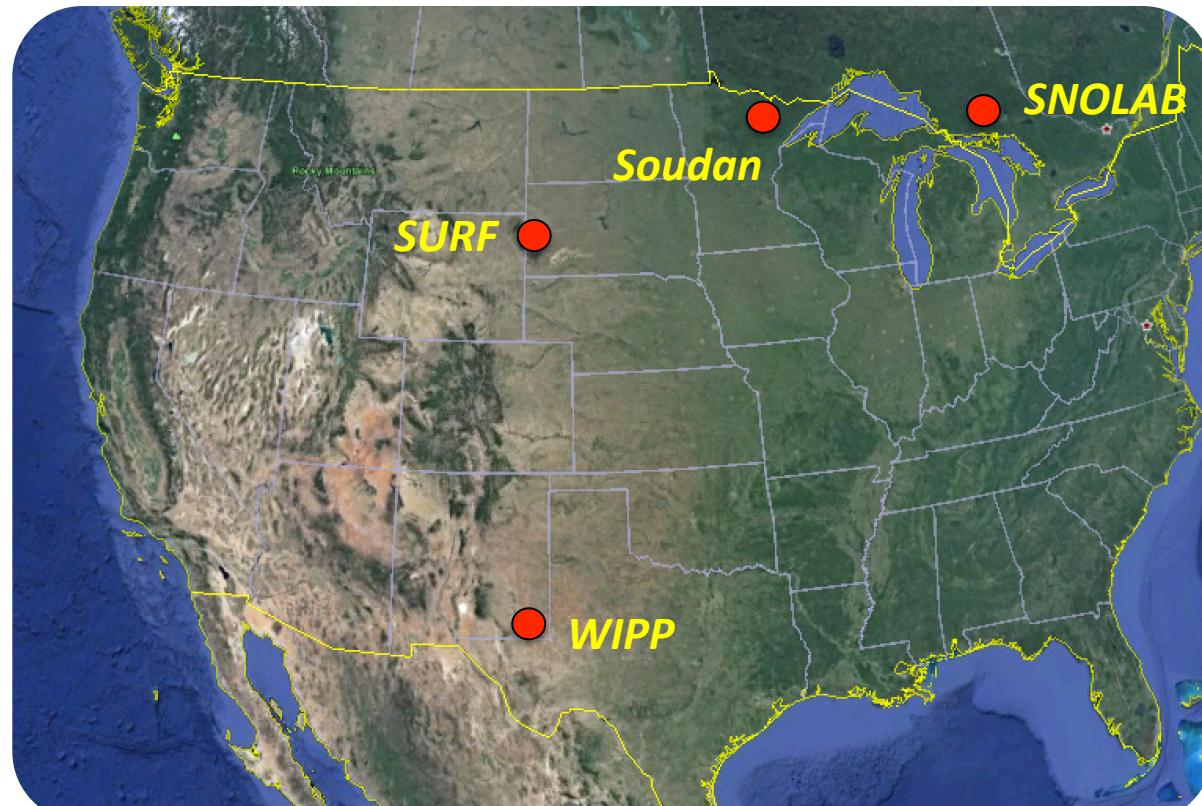
- Sabre (DM annual Modulation Expt) going in to North end of hall B
- Planned extension of screening facilities
- Active Shielding in part of hall B?
- Considering locations of Xenon-nT, Darkside, DARWIN





North America Labs

- *SNOLAB*
- *SURF*
- *Soudan*
- *WIPP*



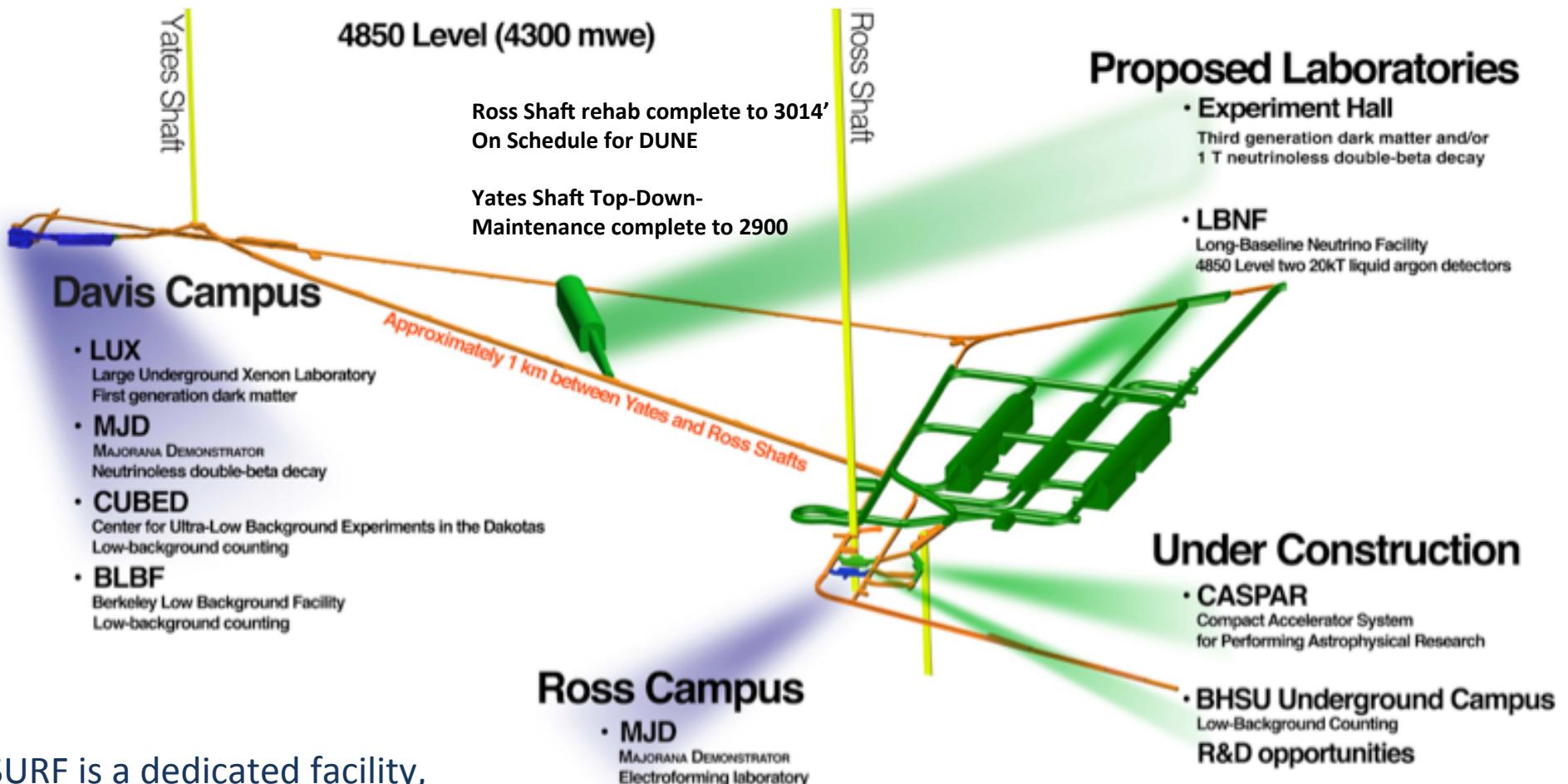
Sanford Underground Research Facility



Homestake Mine
Lead, South Dakota
4850ft (4300 m.w.e)



SURF 4850L Physics Laboratories

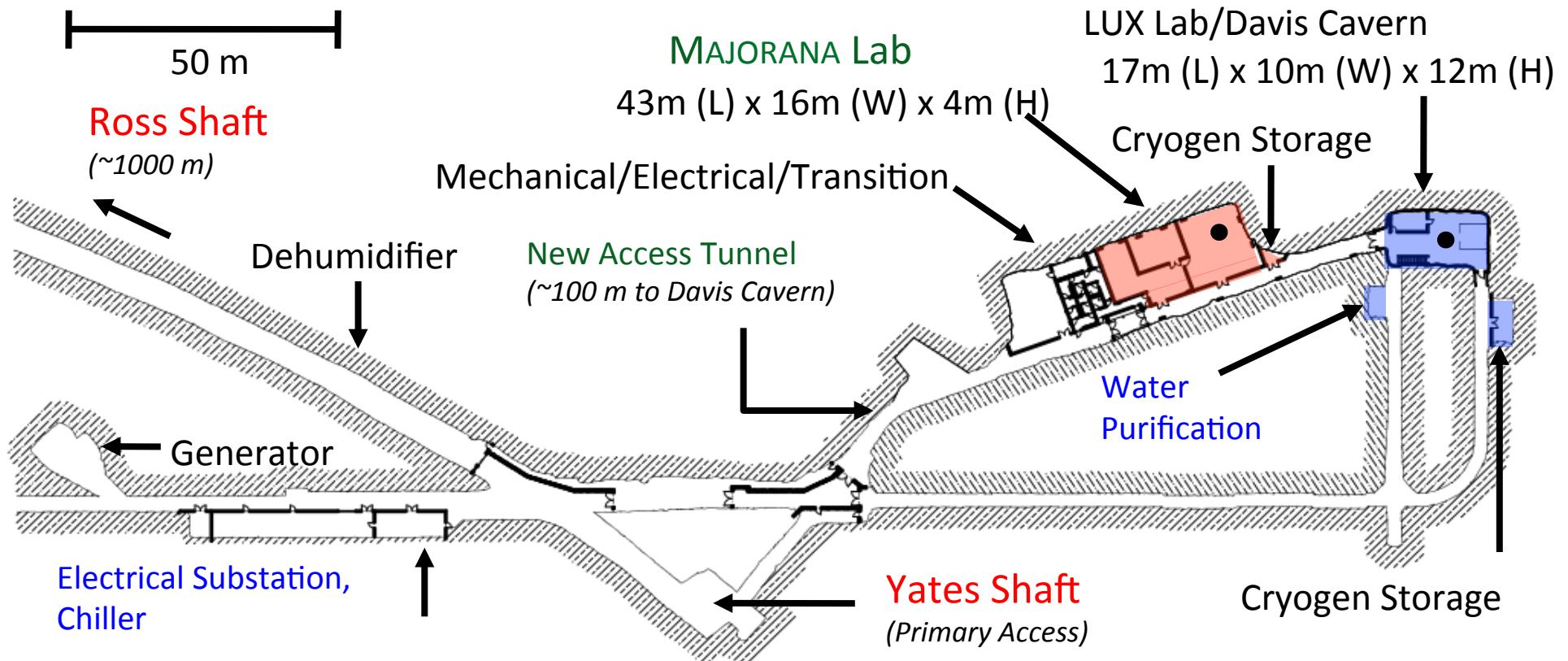


SURF is a dedicated facility, created originally with the support of the NSF, UCB, South Dakota, and Private Donations and since 2010 supported by the DOE-HEP and continued exceptional strong support by South Dakota

Heise, AIP Conf. Proc. **1604** 331 (2014);
also arXiv:1401.0861v1 (2014)
Lesko, Euro Phys J Plus **127**, 107 (2012)

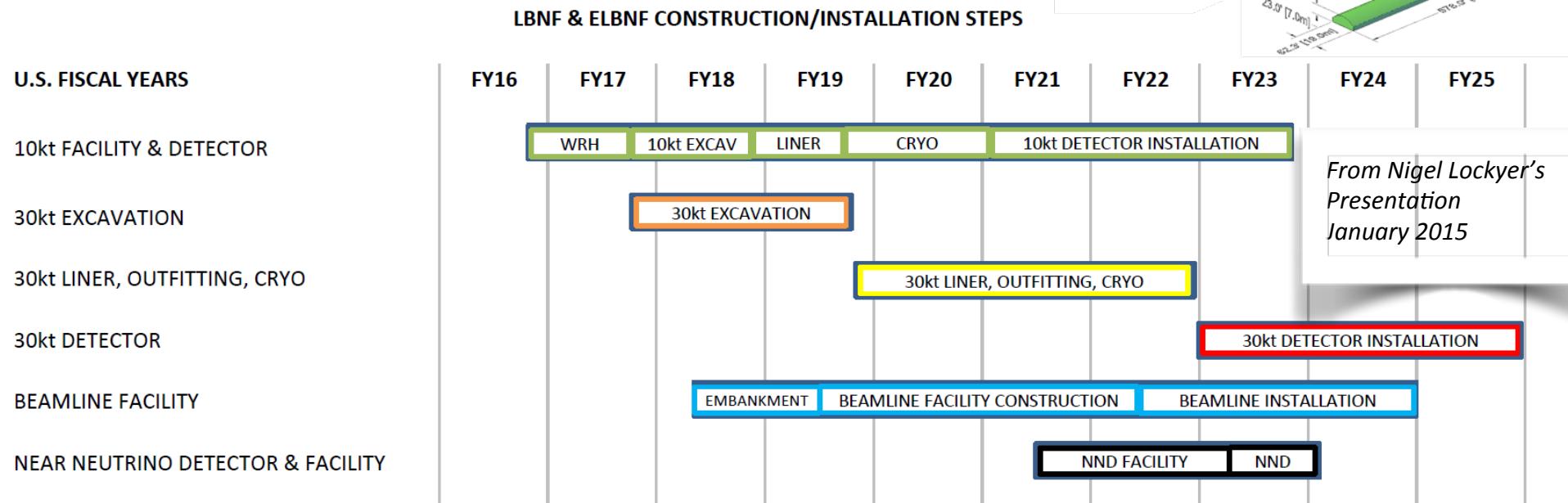
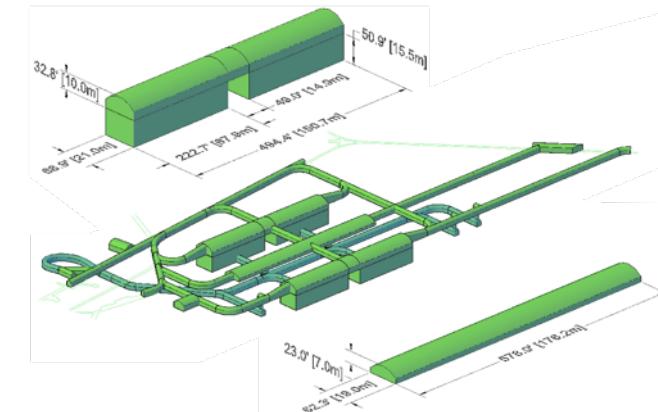
4850L Davis Campus

2,732 m² (Total) / 1,074 m² (Science)



LBNF & DUNE STEPS

- US is aggressively developing plans to host a world-class neutrino program
- Aligned with US P5 Report, the CERN/European Strategy, and Japan/T2K-HK
- Collaboration and leadership re-formed to reflect unification with the international partners – following LHC management model
- Key goal to develop 10kt by 2021
- Ultimately to develop 40kt
- CD1-refresh completed July 2015, CD2a/3a Fall 2015
- Goal to begin underground construction 2017



Summary and critical path durations only, could be moved in time

Summary

Sanford Underground Research Facility

- Site is well characterized and science programs functioning smoothly in the facility
 - LUX – Dark Matter – well into 300 day long run
 - MAJORANA DEMONSTRATOR – $0\nu\beta\beta$ preparing for first physics runs
 - BioGeoEng on going investigations
- Expansions to accommodate additional science progressing well
 - CAM @ BHUC (Low Background Assay) near Ross (2015) - outfitting
 - Caspar Nuclear Astrophysics near Ross (2015) – installation begun
 - LZ G2 Dark Matter in the Davis Campus (2017) – preparing CD2
 - LBNF/DUNE on the 4850L near Ross Shaft (2017) – completed CD1R
- Additional space available on the surface and underground for other experiments and collaborations



Soudan

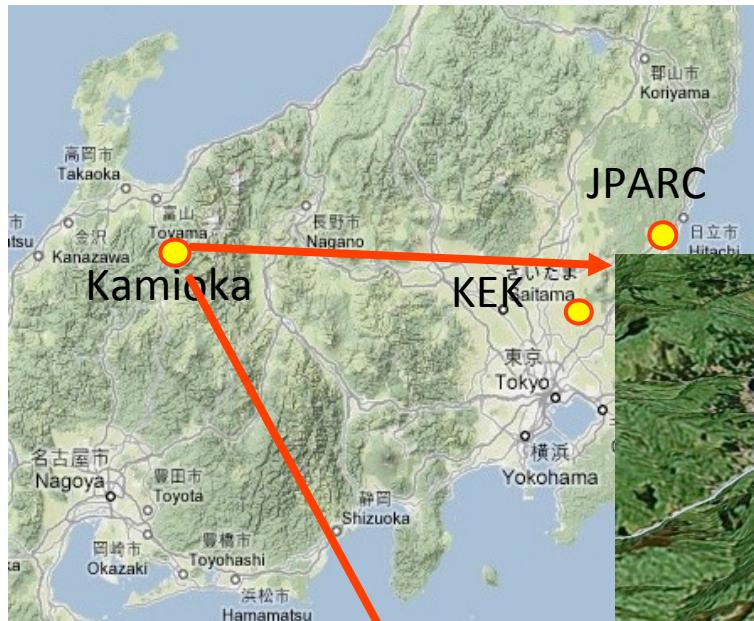
Asia Labs

- Kamioka
- Jinping
- Yangyang (Y2L)
- INO

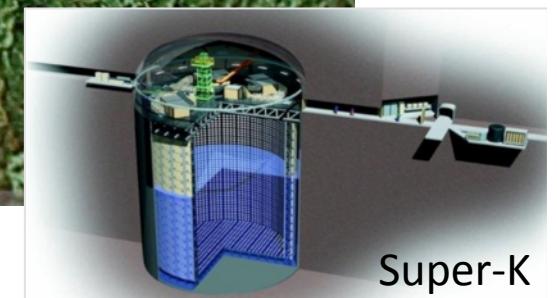
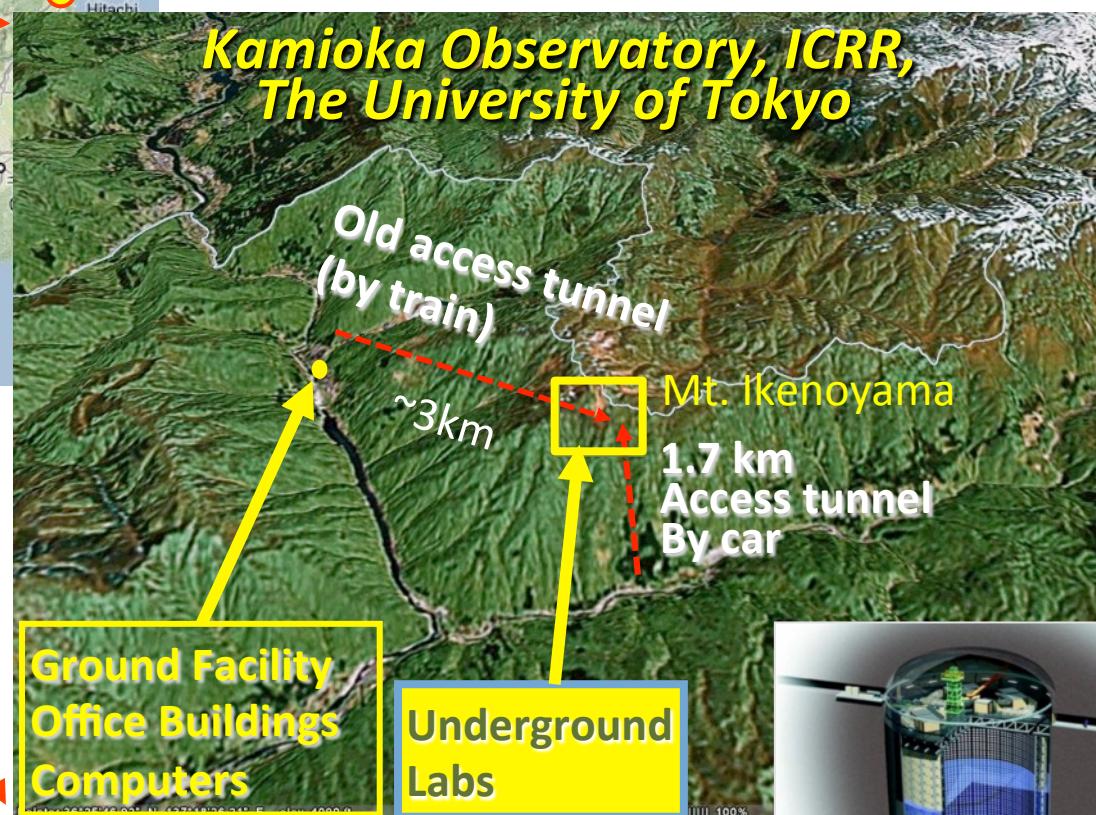




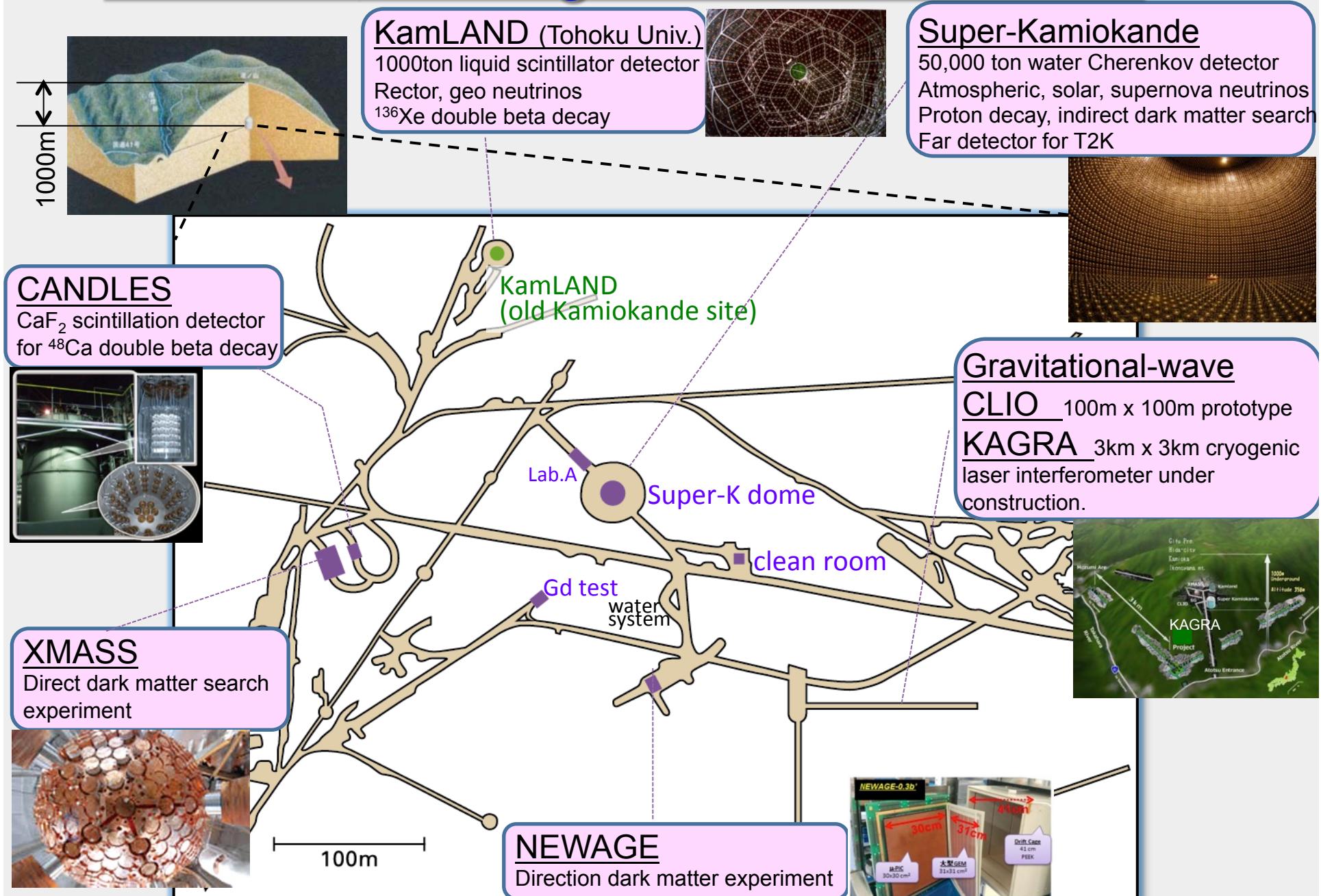
Kamioka Observatory



- Horizontal access
- 24 hours access by car
- 10 minutes from ground facility
- 1000 m underground
- 2700 m.w.e



Kamioka Underground Laboratories





Current Experiments in Kamioka

Center for Gravitational Wave (Op. by Univ. of Tokyo)

- KAGRA (Large Cryogenic Gravitational-wave Telescope)
 - Under construction.
 - Commissioning will start in 2015.
 - Cryogenic run from 2017.

Neutrino Science Center (Op by Tohoku Univ.)

- KamLAND
- KamLAND-ZEN (double beta decay of ^{136}Xe)
- Increasing Xe136 content

Kamioka Observatory (Op. by Univ. of Tokyo)

- Super-Kamiokande
 - Precise oscillation studies by atmospheric and solar neutrinos.
 - Evidence for ν_e appearance (T2K)
 - **June 2015 - Dissolve 0.1% Gd for anti-neutrino physics in future.**
- XMASS (Dark Matter: liq. Xenon)
 - 1st phase detector completed
 - **Improvement of the detector**
- CANDLES (Double beta)
 - Detector completed
 - Commissioning
- NewAGE (Dark Matter)
 - Directionality
- CLIO (prototype of KAGRA)
- Geo-physics
 - Laser strain meter
 - Superconductive gravity meter

KAGRA



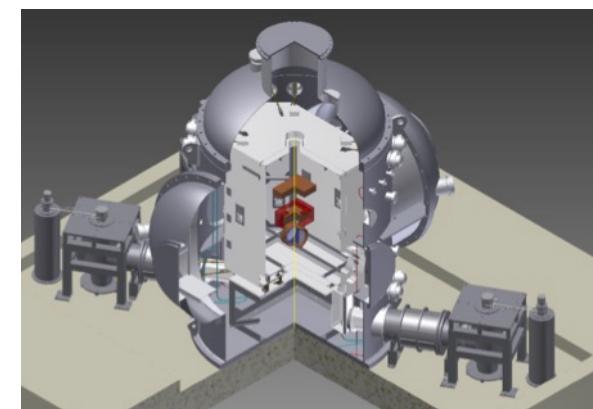
Schedule

- Installation of the major equipment completed by March 2015.
- Normal temperature operation will start in 2015.
- Cryogenic operation from 2017.

Photo of center area

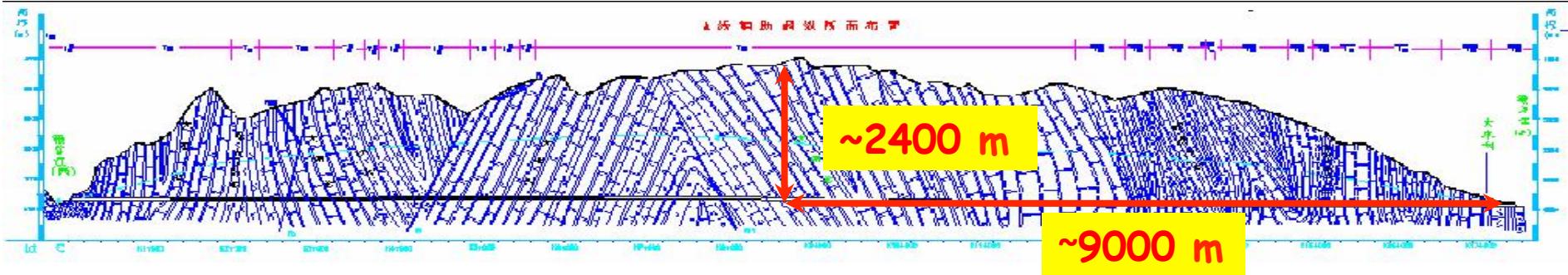


Outline of cryostat

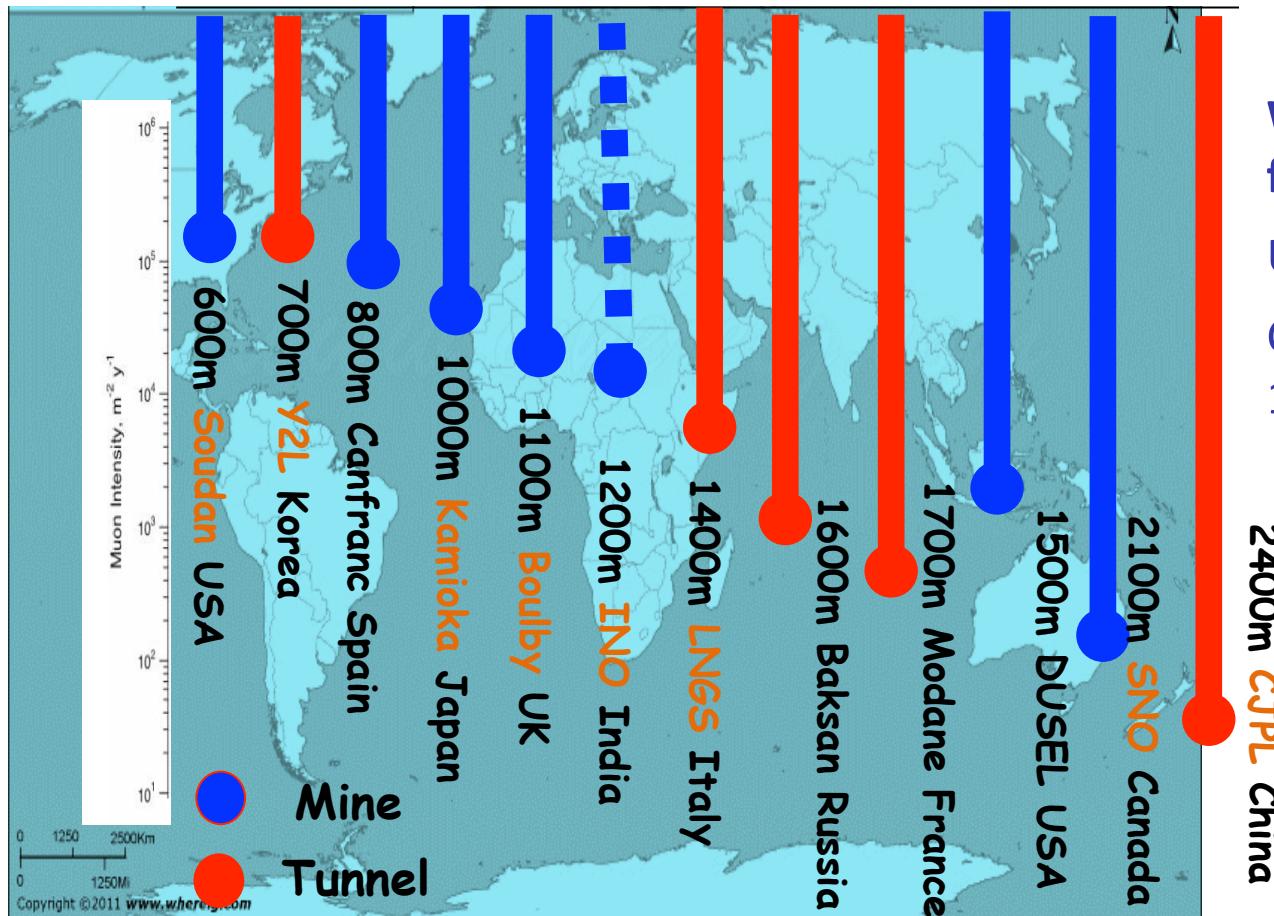


China Jin-Ping Underground Laboratory (CJPL) Site





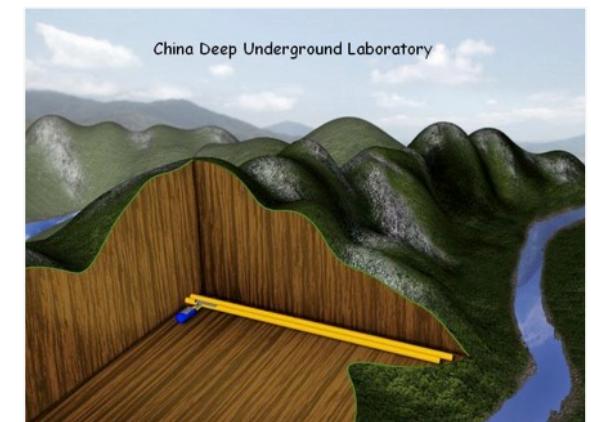
◎ 2400+ m rock overburden, drive-in road tunnel access



World's deepest underground facility @2400m (6720 m.w.e)

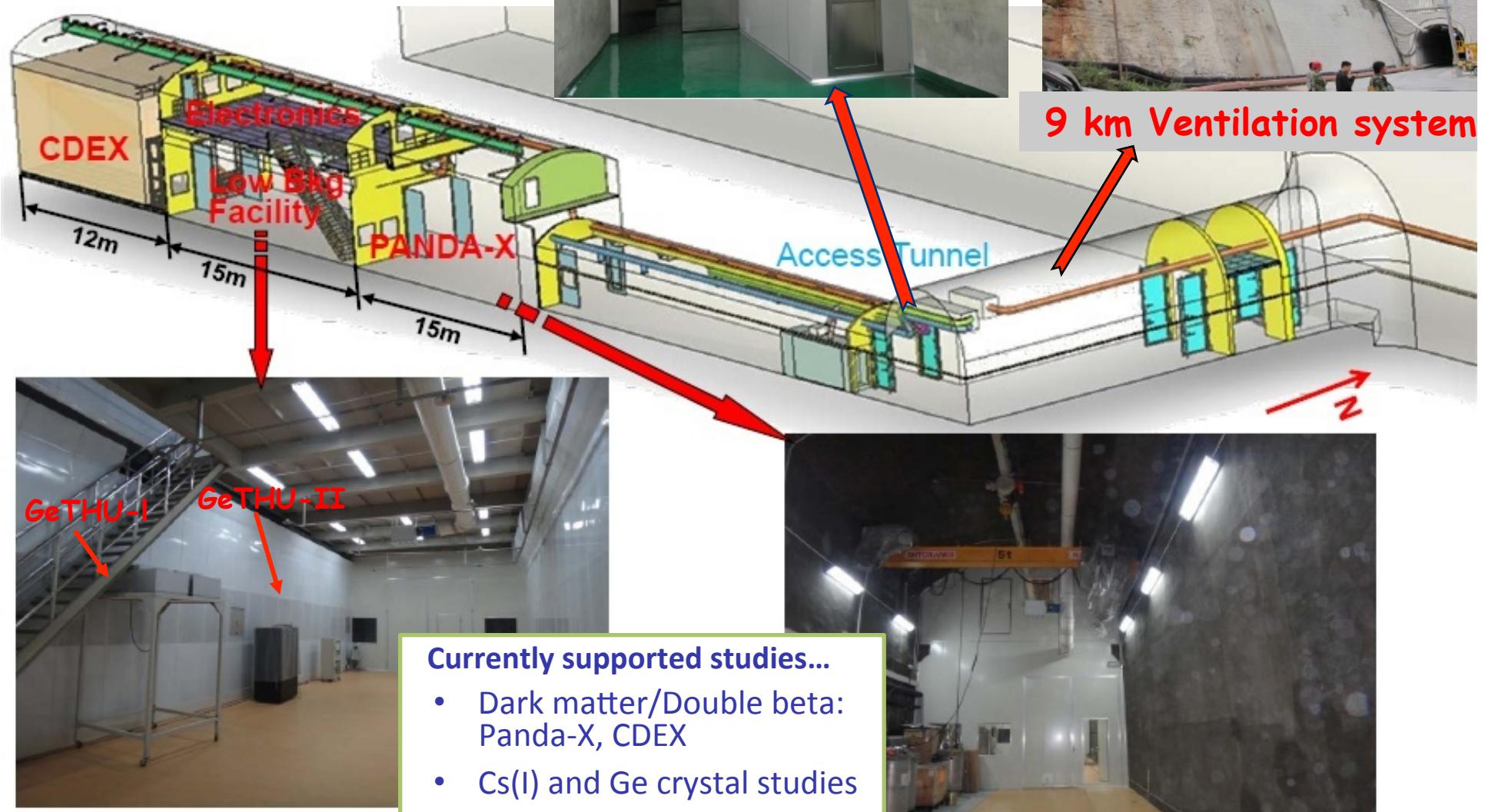
Under Jinping mountain 4193m

Current laboratory volume = 1700m³



Shin-Ted Lin Aug 2015

Internal layout of CJPL-1 (6m×6m×40m)

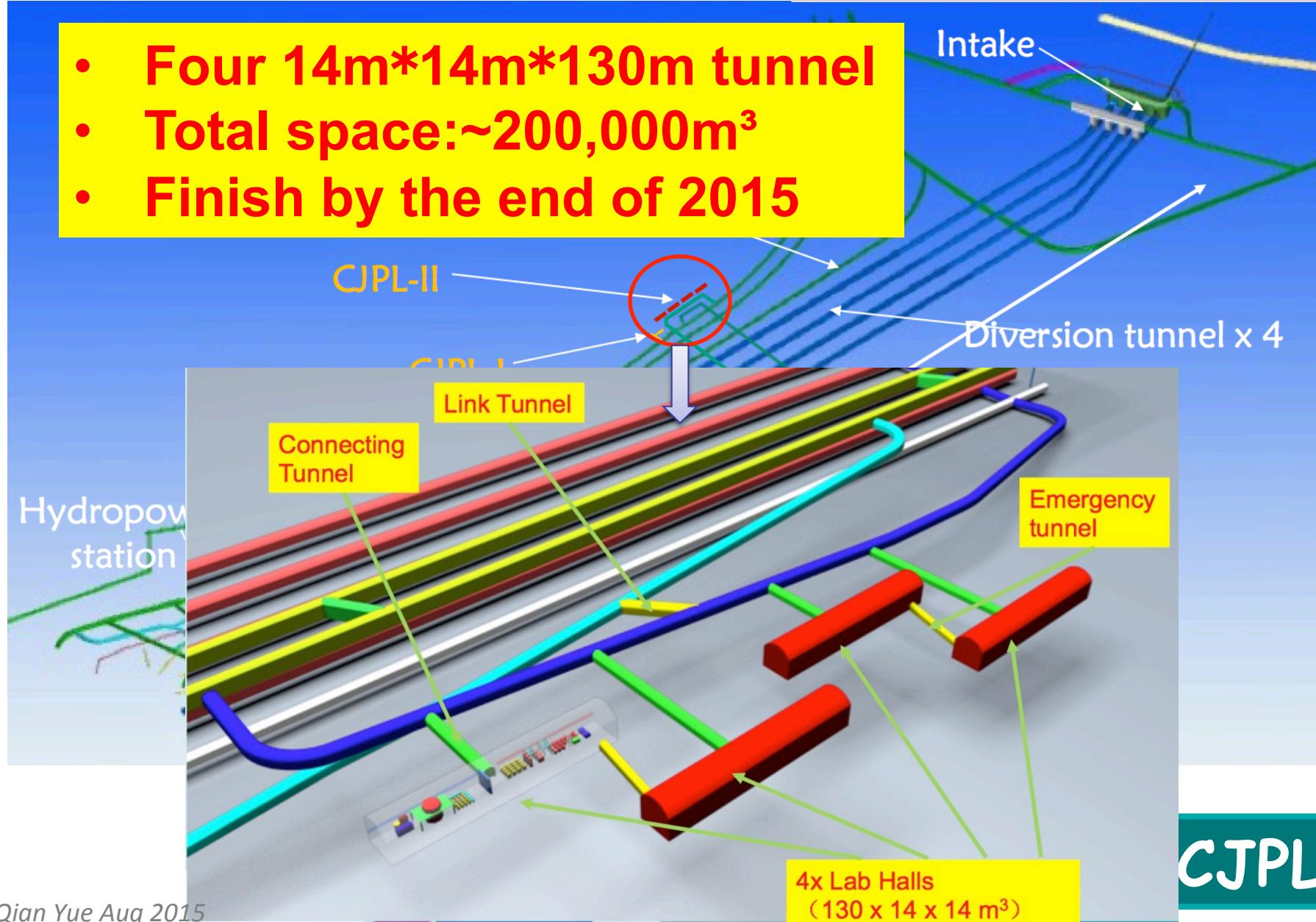


Shin-Ted Lin Aug 2015

Plan of CJPL-II

The Deepest and BIGGEST(?) underground Lab in the World

- Four 14m*14m*130m tunnel
- Total space:~200,000m³
- Finish by the end of 2015



Qian Yue Aug 2015

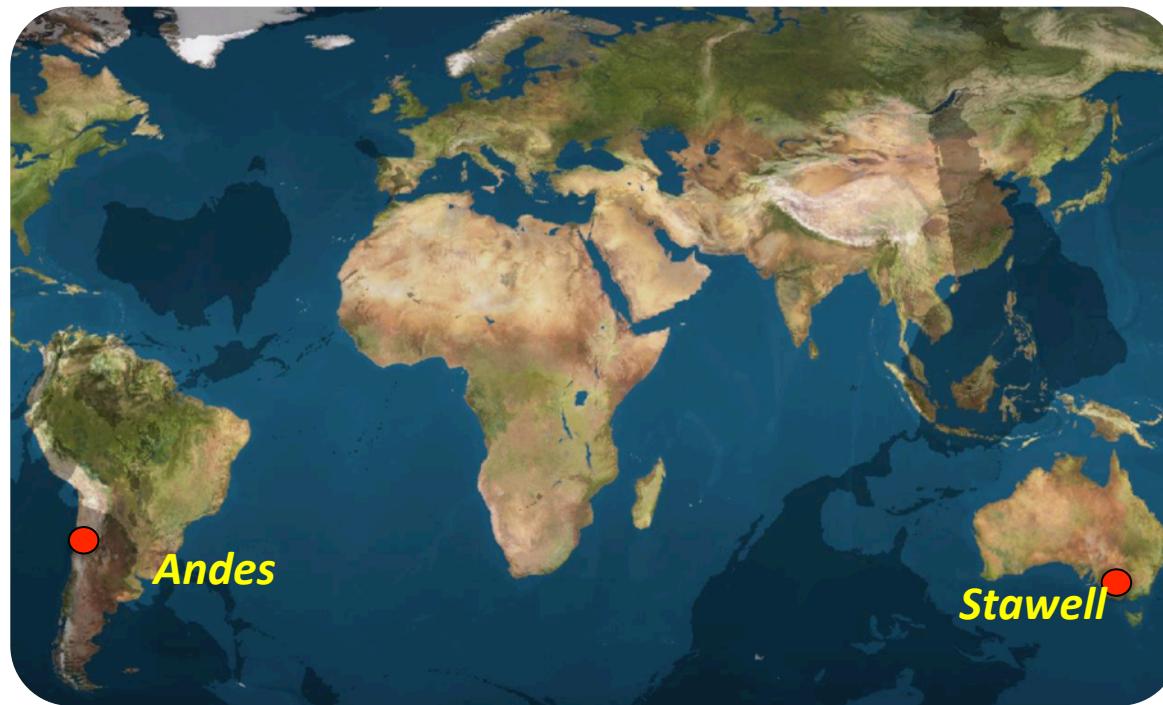
CJPL

CJPL-II possible users

- CDEX-1T (Ge DM+DBD Exp.)
- PandaX-1T (Xe DM Exp.)
- LAr DM experiment led by IHEP
- Nuclear astroparticle physics-JUNA
- Solar neutrino experiment
-

Southern Hemisphere Labs

- Andes
- Stawell



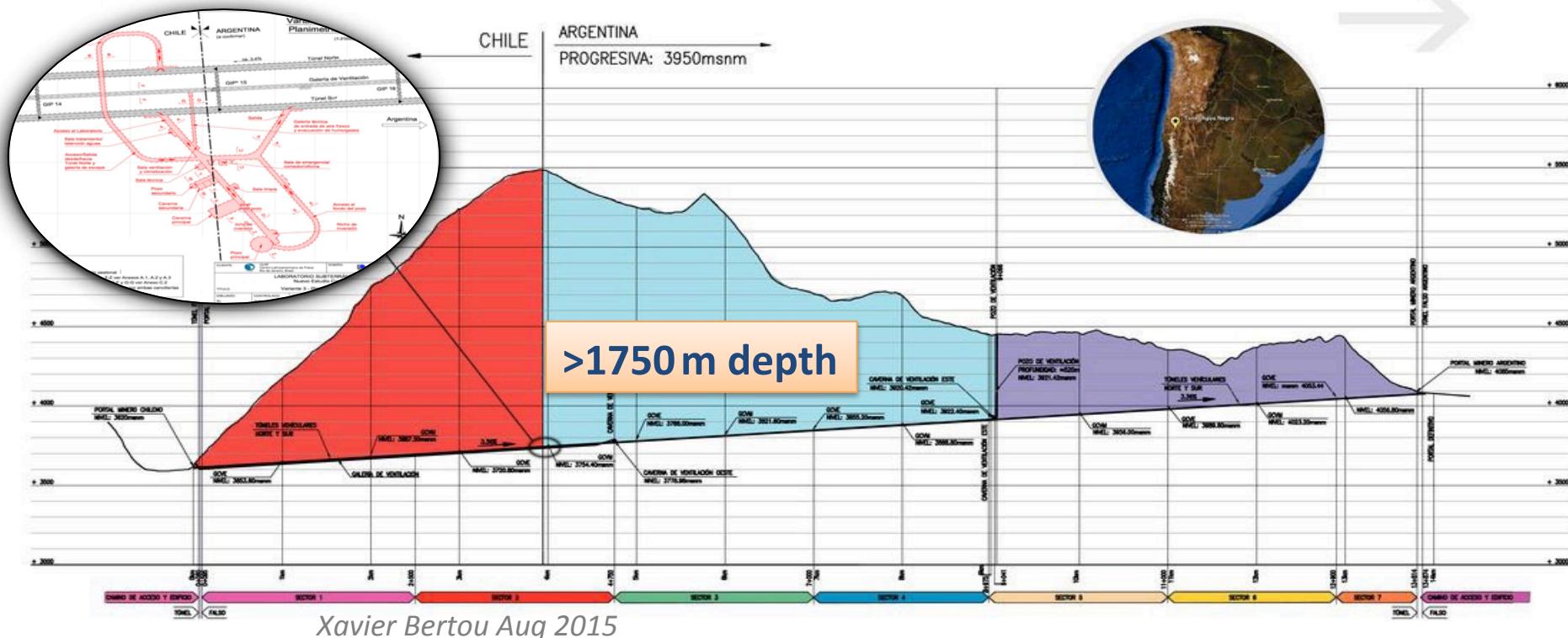
ANDES

The Agua Negra deep underground laboratory

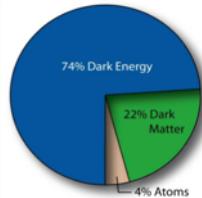


- Agua Negra tunnel between Argentina and Chile, linking MERCOSUR to Asia
- Laboratory location as deep as Modane
- Tunnel construction approved in August 2015; construction period 2016-2024
- Horizontal access, size of ~4 000 m² and ~70 000 m³ in 8 halls and pits

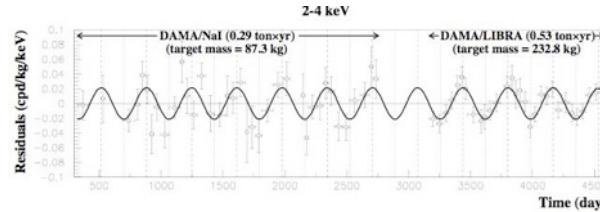
Large and deep underground laboratory in the southern hemisphere



ANDES: Agua Negra Deep Experiment Site



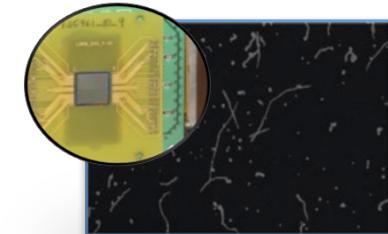
Dark Matter



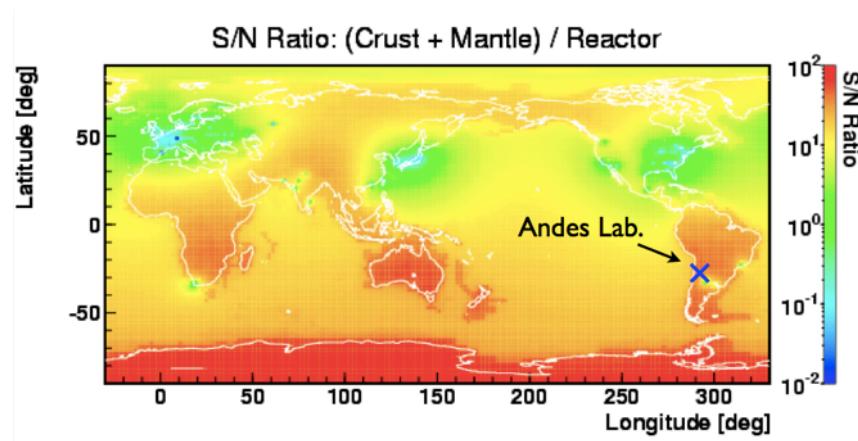
DAMA/LIBRA yearly modulation, to investigate in Southern hemisphere



Host 3rd generation DM experiment

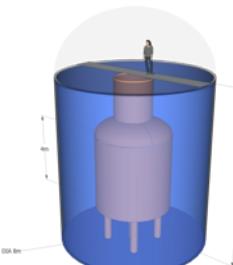


Study new particle detection techniques, ex: CCD



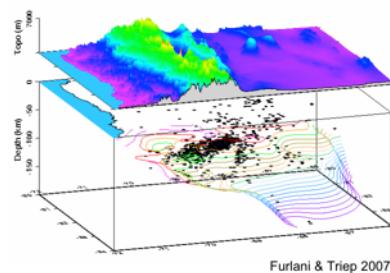
Neutrinos

- Geo-neutrinos (benefit from unique location)
- Build a low energy Latin American neutrino detector
- Host experiments for Mass & Nature (ex: host part of SuperNEMO?)



Ultra low radiation pit

Environmental measurements, material selection...



Geophysics laboratory

Local active region, Seismograph network junction (Argentina+Chile), Magnetic and Gravimetric studies

ANDES: Agua Negra Deep Experiment Site

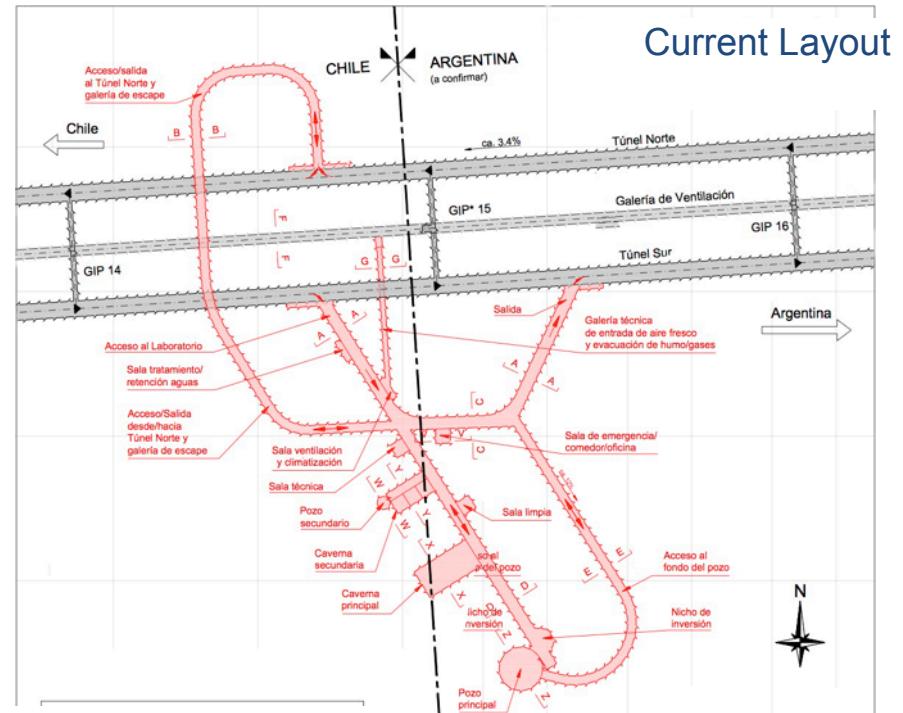
- Main hall
(21 m x 23 m x 50 m)
- Secondary hall
(16 m x 14 m x 40 m)
- Offices and small labs
- Low radiation pit
- Large single experiment pit
(~ Ø 30 m, 30 m tall)
- Vertical depth: 1775 m,
omnidirectional: 1675 m
- Total: 70 000 m³ laboratory volume
(+ 35 000 m³ access tunnels)

Rock Studies
(from test samples
~600 m deep)



Preliminary data (Bq/kg)

	Basalt	Andesite	Rhyolite 1	Rhyolite 2
²³⁸ U	2.6 ± 0.5	9.2 ± 0.9	14.7 ± 2.0	11.5 ± 1.3
²³² Th	0.94 ± 0.09	5.2 ± 0.5	4.5 ± 0.4	4.8 ± 0.5
⁴⁰ K	50 ± 3	47 ± 3	57 ± 3	52 ± 3

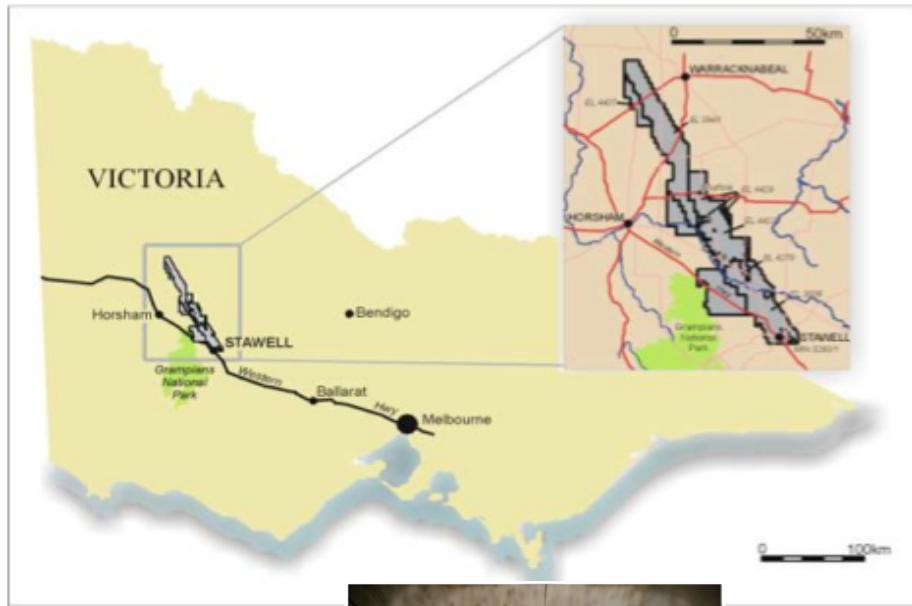


- ✓ Final exact location to be determined once geology is better known
- ✓ Proposed as an International laboratory within Latin America
- ✓ Conceptual study finished by Lombardi in January 2015
- ✓ Detailed engineering ongoing
- ✓ **Tunnel fully approved Aug 2015**

More information at <http://andeslab.org/>

SUPL: Stawell Underground Physics Laboratory

Stawell gold mine ~240 km west of Melbourne... In 2017 will host the first ready to be used underground laboratory in the Southern hemisphere.

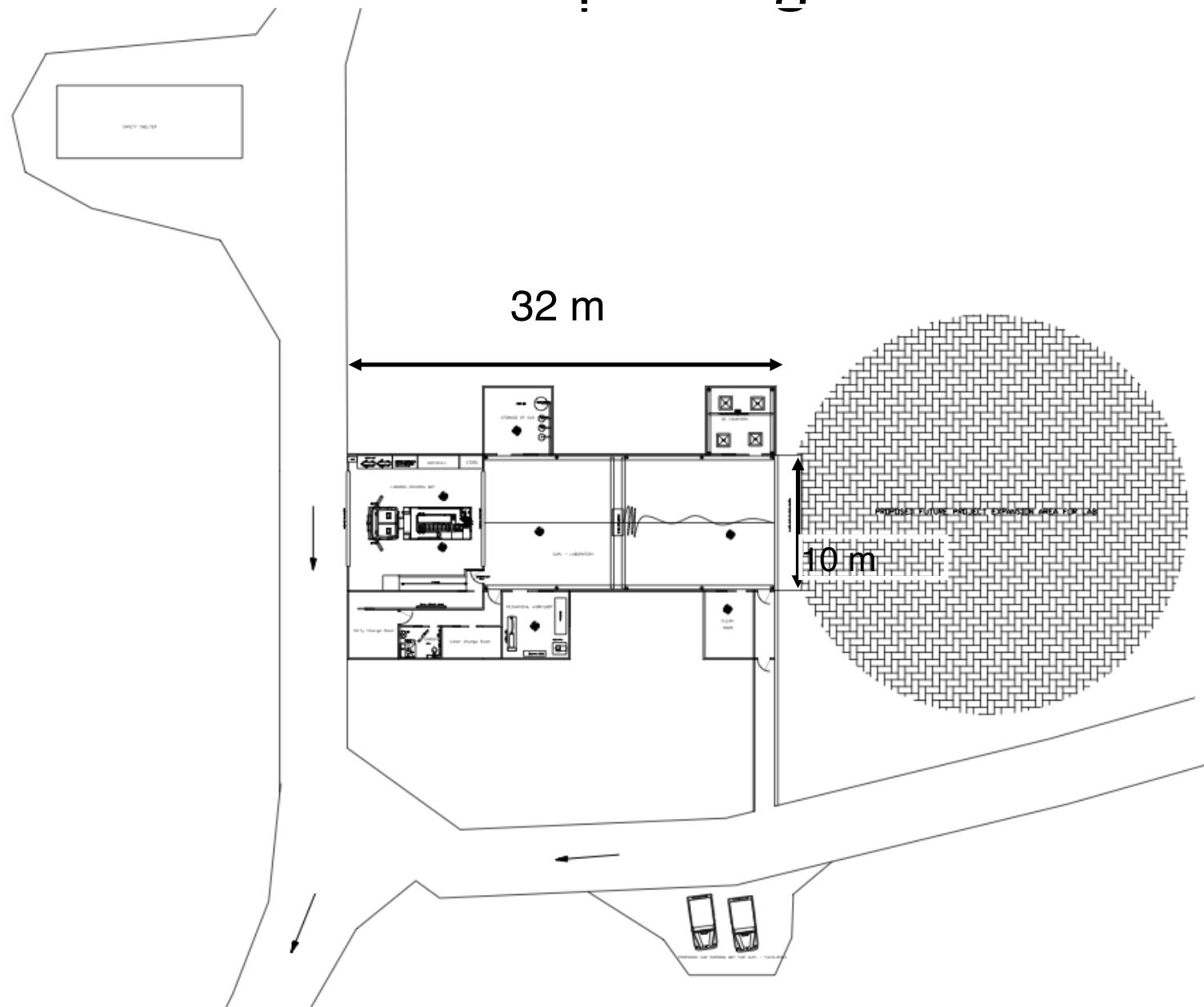


Chose a site at 1.02 km underground, ~3 km water equivalent



Decline gold mine mine, 1.6 km deep, with all caverns served with electricity, optical fibre, reached by car/truck. The mine is operational.

Concept design



Elisabetta Barberio Aug 2015

Time line

2014

Lab proposed (Sep)

2015

Funding secured (May)

Call for tenders for final design (Aug)

Complete design (Nov)

Design Review (Dec/Jan)

2016

Start construction (Jan/Feb)

Facility ready (Dec)

In 2017 will host the first
ready to be used underground
laboratory in the Southern
hemisphere.

2017

Lab ready to be use (Jan/Feb)

Planned experiments:

SABRE (~2017) – to check DAMA results, paired with Gran Sasso
Directional Dark Matter (later date)

Non HEP: Astrobiology



Elisabetta Barberio Aug 2015

Developments @ Other UG Labs

Overview of status & future plans of (some of) the world's underground facilities...



Europe

- Gran Sasso
- Modane
- Canfranc
- Boulby

Asia

- Kamioka
- Jinping
- Yangyang
- Ino

North America

- SNOLAB
- SURF
- Soudan
- WIPP

Southern Hemisphere

- Andes
- Stawell

Lots going on. Many and varied science projects and laboratories progressing and emerging.



Boulby Underground Laboratory

Review of expression of interest

Coming Soon (early 2016)



Sean Paling
STFC Boulby Underground Science Facility