

Impact of the LMC on DM indirect detection

Evan Vienneau

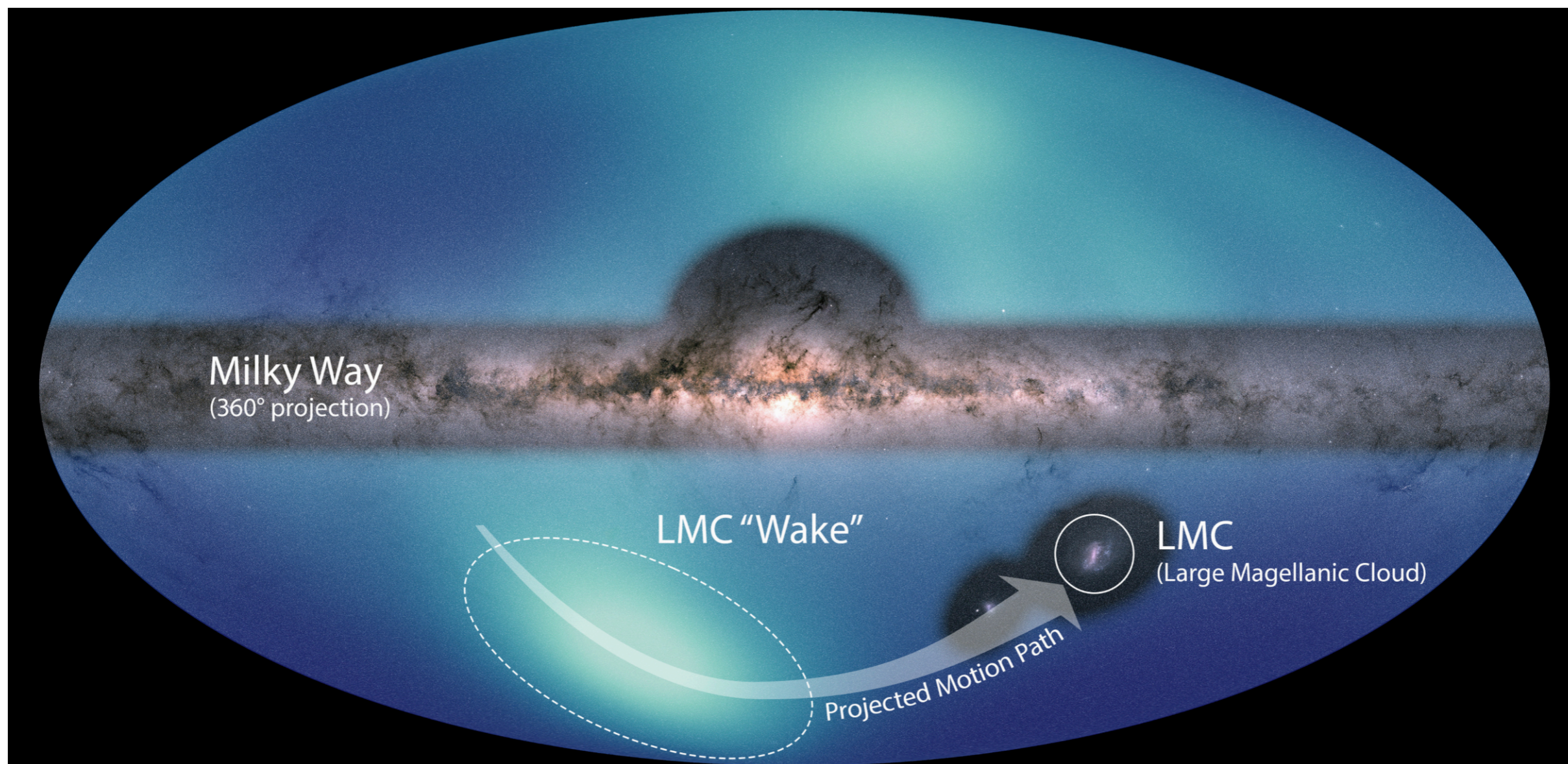
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University of Alberta

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In Collaboration with N. Bozorgnia (supervisor), L. Strigari, O. Hartl and A. Evans

Large Magellanic Cloud



[Conroy et al. 21']

Large Magellanic Cloud

Properties

- ◆ Fourth largest galaxy in Local Group

[Besla 07']

- ◆ Just passed first pericenter approach

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- ◆ Total Mass :

[Shipp 21'] ◆ $\sim 1.3 \times 10^{11} M_{\odot}$

- ◆ Speed :

[Kallivayalil 13'] ◆ $321 \pm 24 \text{ km/s}$

- ◆ Distance :

[Pietrzynski 19'] ◆ $49.59 \pm 0.09 \text{ kpc}$

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Impact on DM detection

- ◆ Direct detection :

- ◆ injects high-speed DM particles into the solar neighbourhood

[Smith-Orlik et al. 23']

- ◆ Authors used cosmological sims

- ◆ This was also shown in idealized sims

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[Eckner 23']

We explore the LMC in the context of indirect detection using **cosmological simulations** and considering **velocity-dependent** annihilation models

Indirect detection

DM annihilation γ -ray flux

$$\frac{d\Phi_\gamma}{dE} = \frac{(\sigma_A v_{\text{rel}})_0}{8\pi m_\chi^2} \frac{dN_\gamma}{dE} \int d\ell \int d^3\mathbf{v}_{\text{rel}} P_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{v}_{\text{rel}}) \left(\frac{v_{\text{rel}}}{c}\right)^n [\rho(\mathbf{x})]^2$$

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J-Factor

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J-Factor

- ◆ DM density

$$[\rho(\mathbf{x})]^2$$

- ◆ n-th moment of relative velocity distribution

$$\mu_n(\mathbf{x}) = \int d^3\mathbf{v}_{\text{rel}} P_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{v}_{\text{rel}}) \left(\frac{v_{\text{rel}}}{c}\right)^n$$

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S-wave ($\ell = 0, n = 0$)

- n-th moment of relative velocity distribution

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D-wave ($\ell = 2, n = 4$), e.g. real scalar

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Sommerfeld ($n = -1$), long range interaction

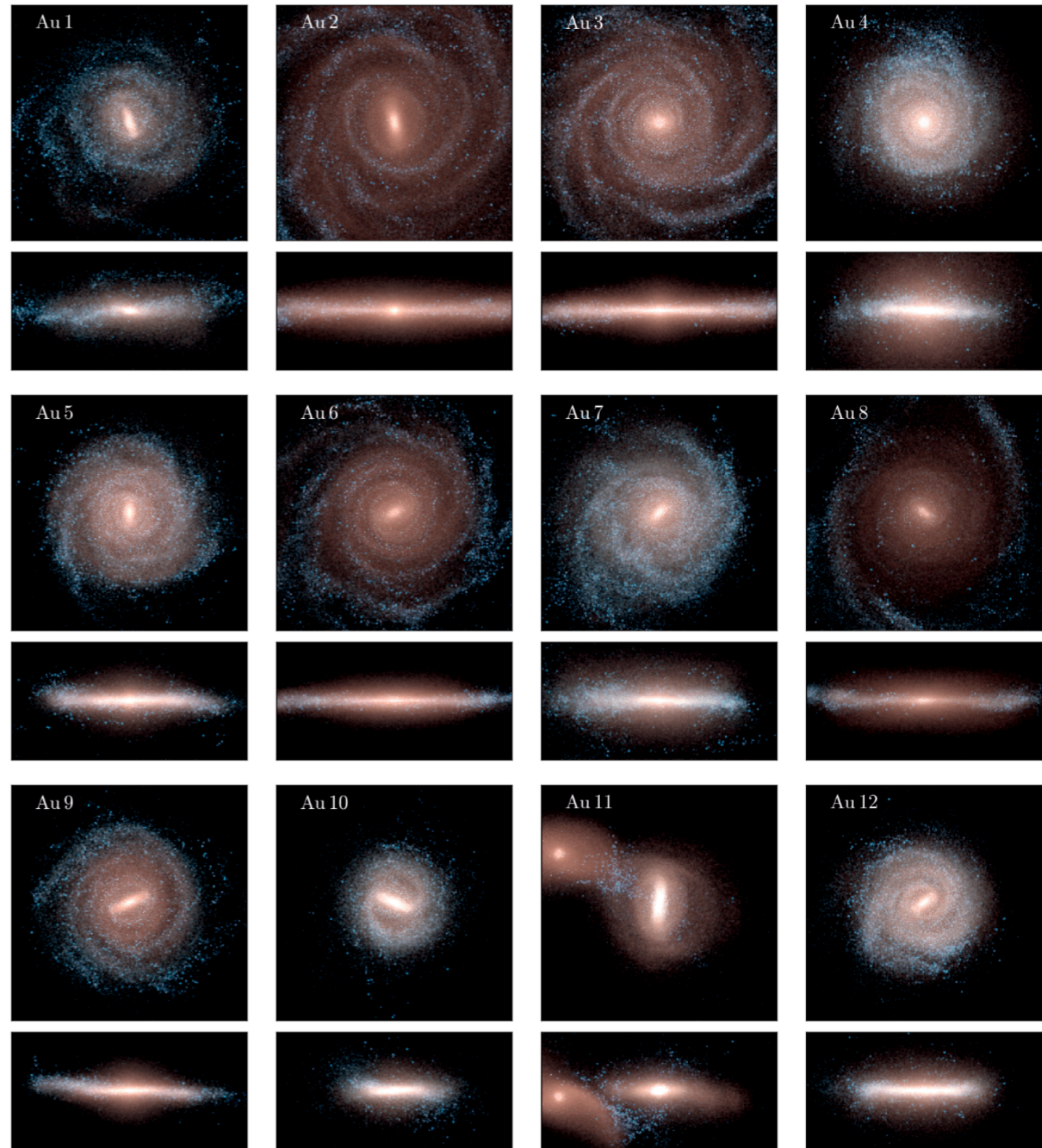
[Feng 10']

Simulated MW-LMC analogues

[Grand et al. 16']

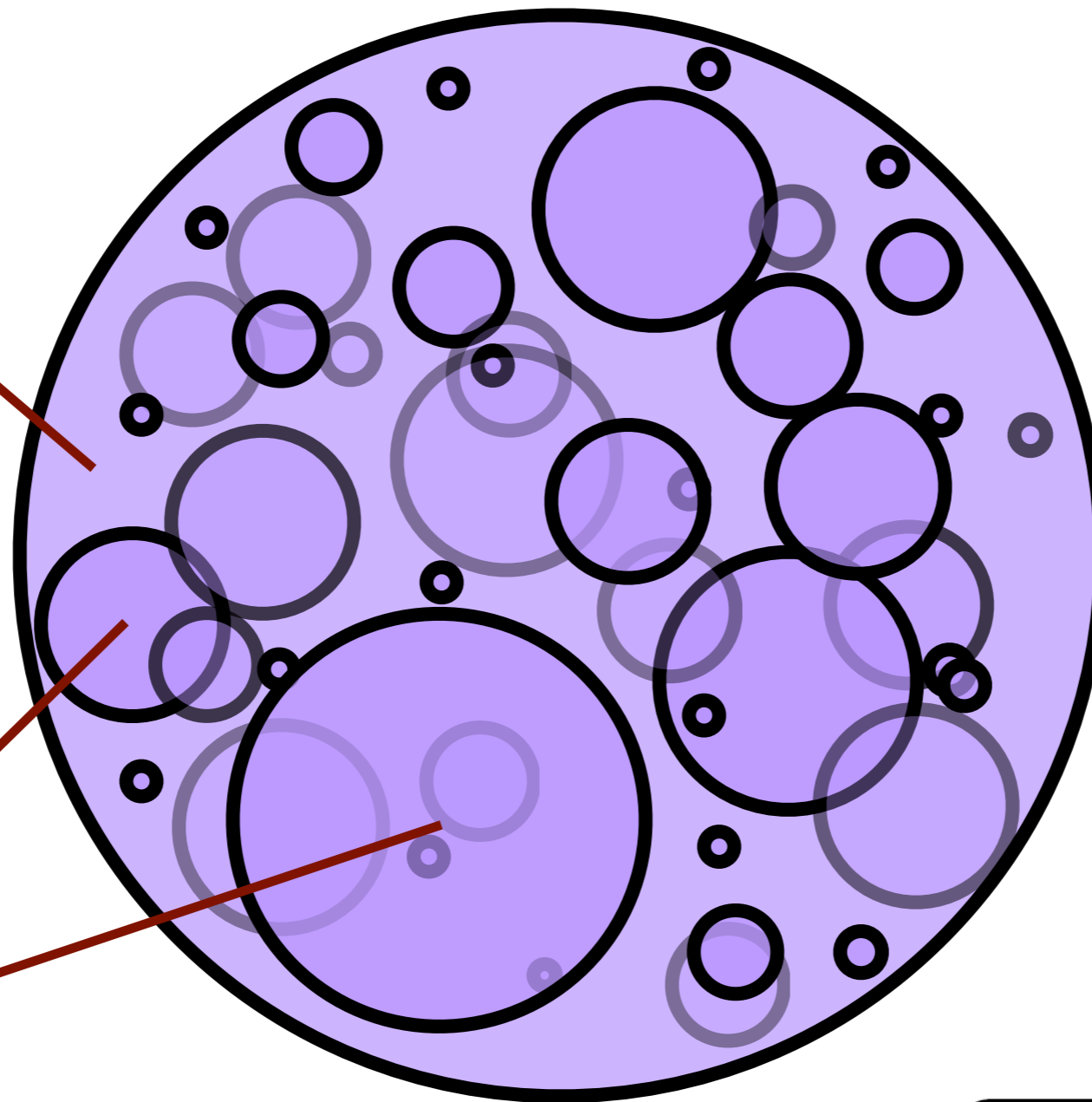
Auriga

- ◆ 30 cosmological zoom-in simulations of isolated MW analogues
- ◆ 15 MW-LMC analogues are selected
- ◆ 1 is chosen to be resimulated with finer time steps close to pericenter
- ◆ Study the Present day of the system and compare with the Isolated MW (no LMC)



Local Density and Relative Velocity Computations

Mainhalo

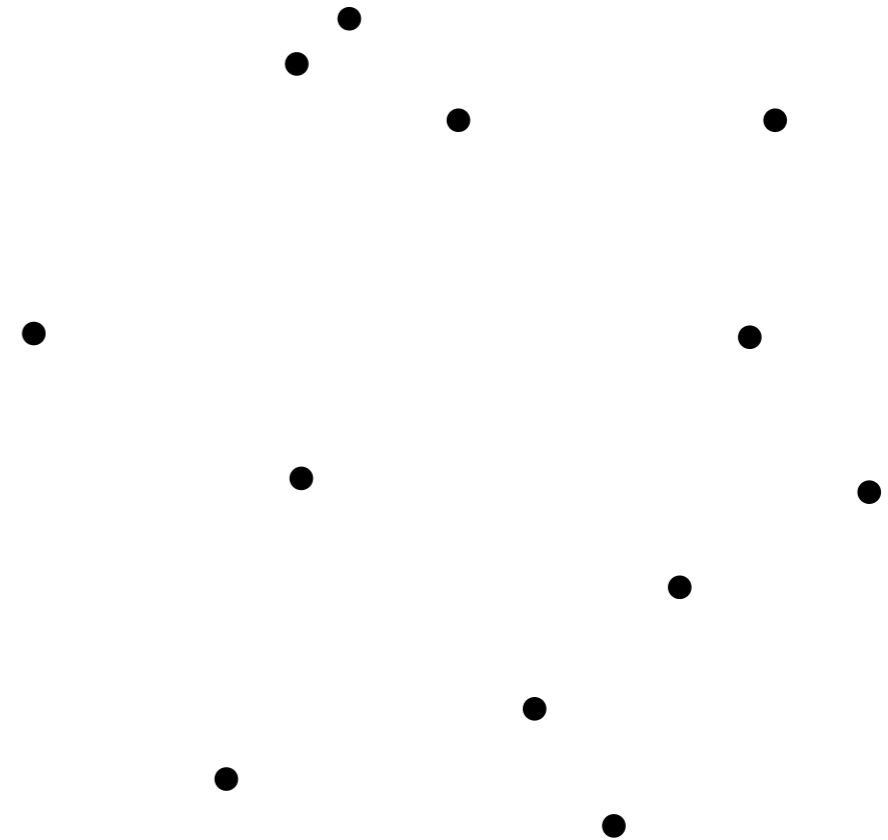


Subhalos

$$\mathcal{J}(\Omega) = \int dl \int d^3\mathbf{v}_{\text{rel}} \overbrace{P_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{v}_{\text{rel}})}^{\mu_n(\mathbf{X})} \left(\frac{v_{\text{rel}}}{c}\right)^n [\rho(\mathbf{x})]^2$$

Local Density and Relative Velocity Computations

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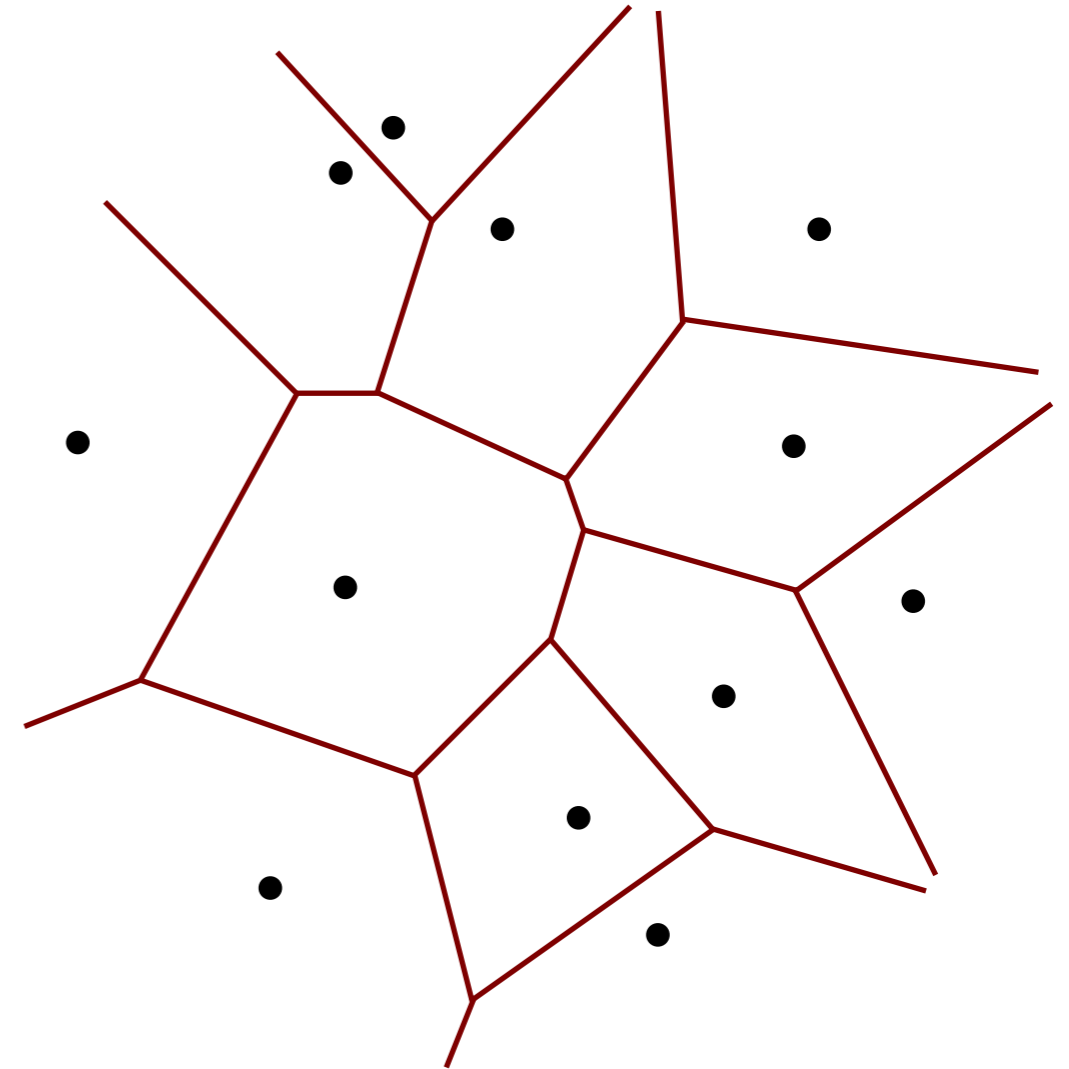


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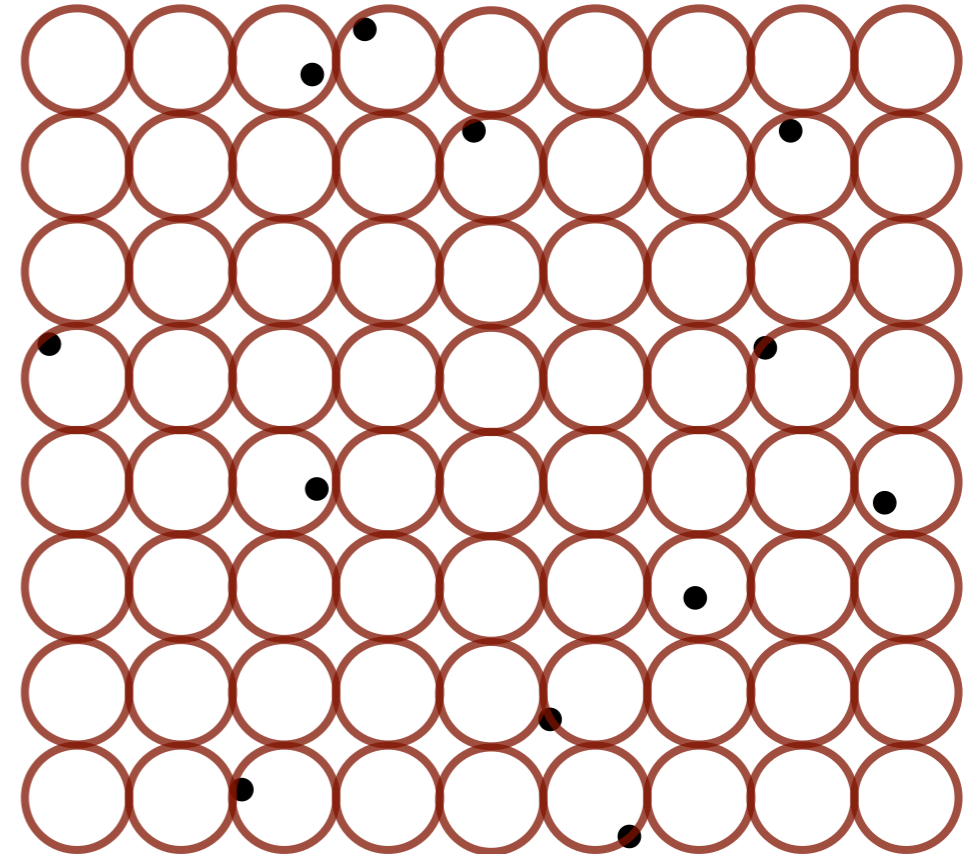


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 - ◆ interpolation



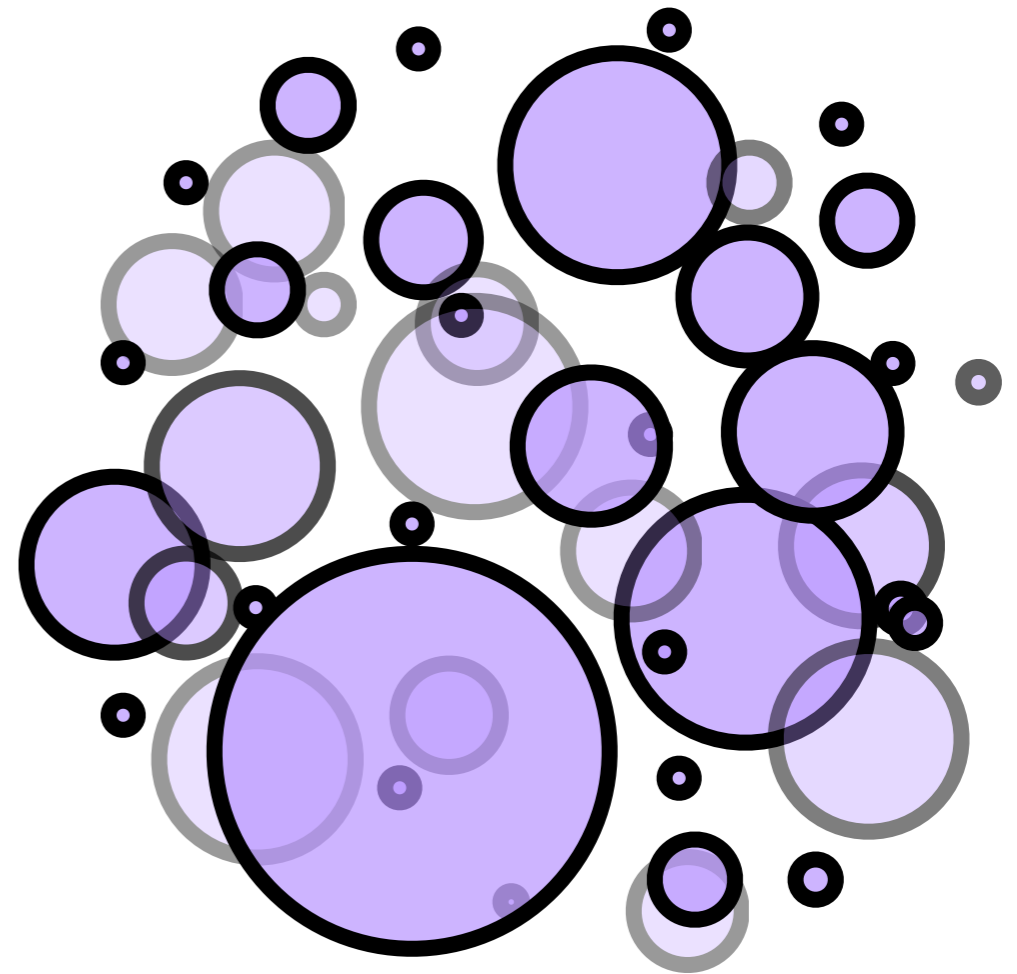
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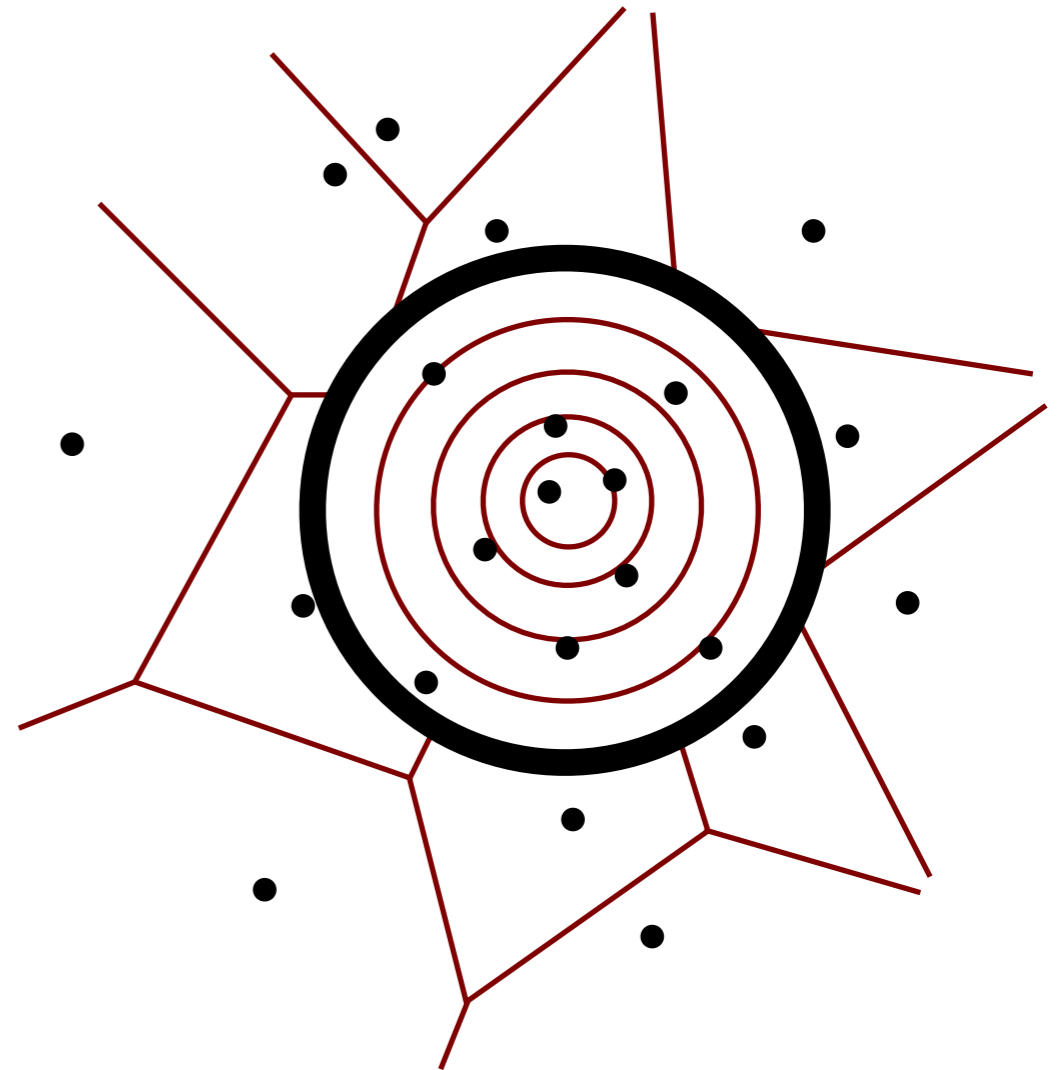
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Subhalos

- ◆ Local density $\rho(\mathbf{x})$
 - ◆ $< R_{\max} \rightarrow$ best fit radial density profile
 - ◆ $> R_{\max} \rightarrow$ voronoi tessellation
- ◆ Local relative velocity $\mu(\mathbf{x})$
 - ◆ numerical integration over shells

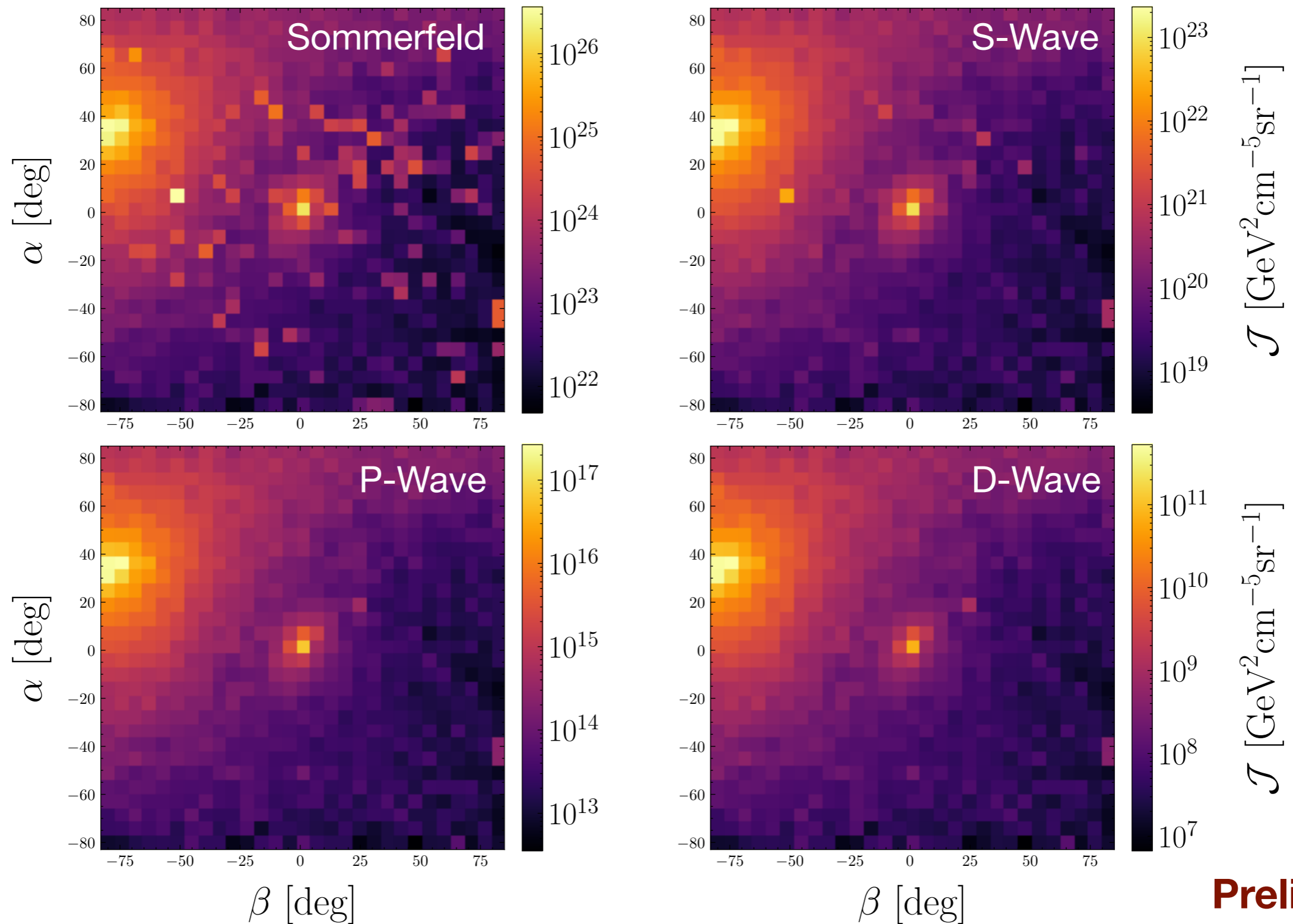


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J-Factor

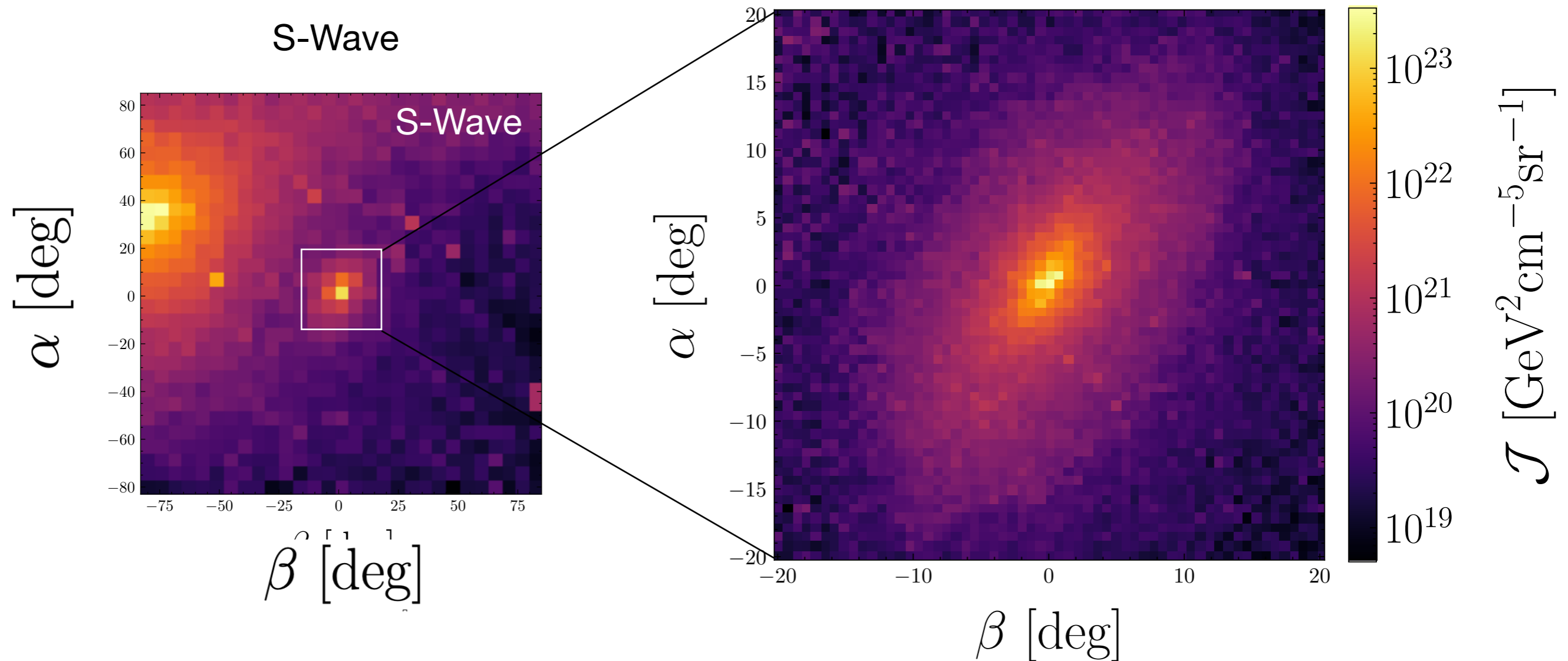
- ♦ Solar position is selected to match the LMC's sky position with respect to the MW center then the line of sight integral is computed in square bins on the sky

J-Factor - LMC



Preliminary

J-Factor - LMC



Preliminary

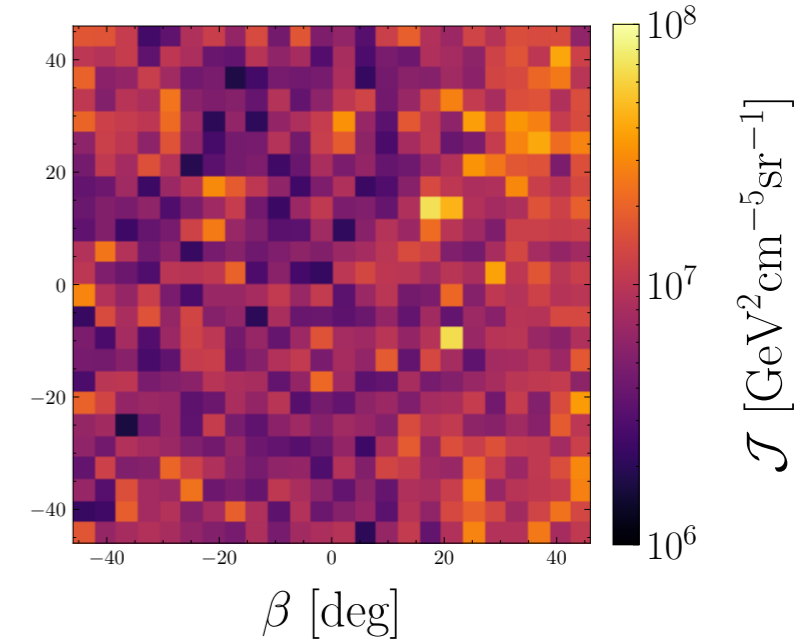
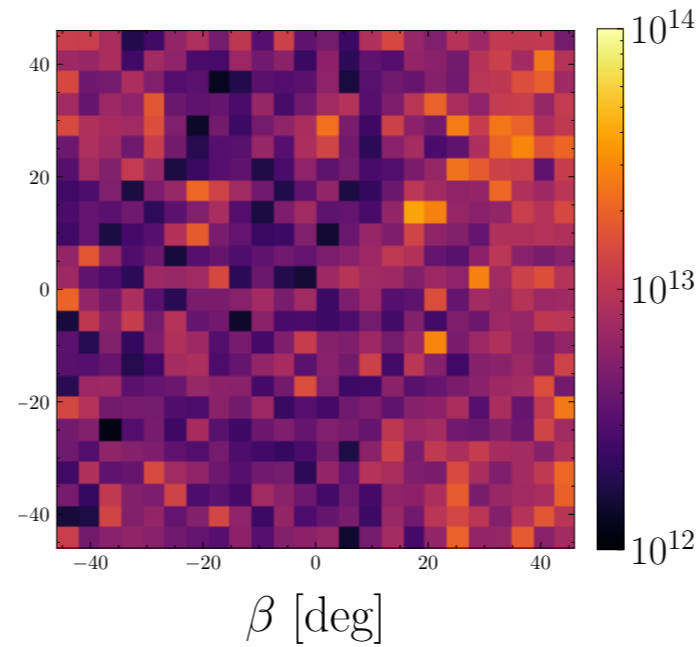
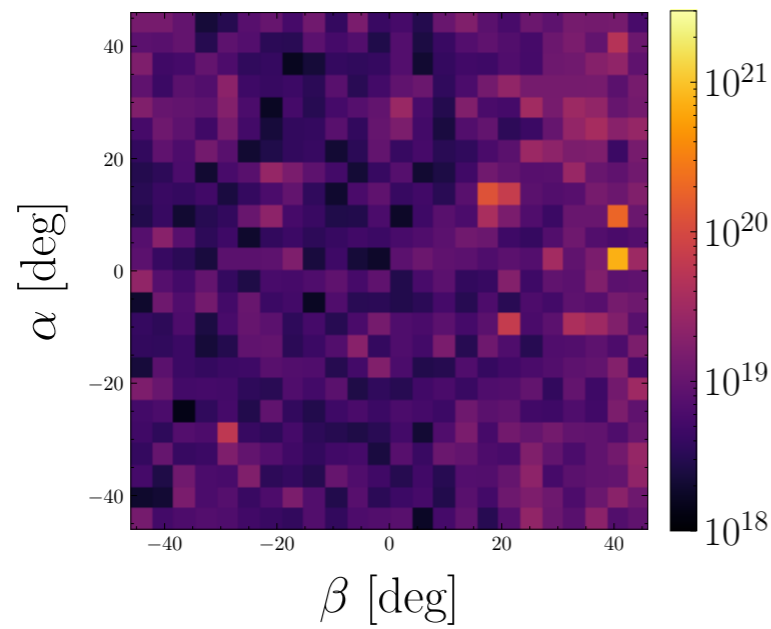
J-Factor - Outer Halo

S-Wave

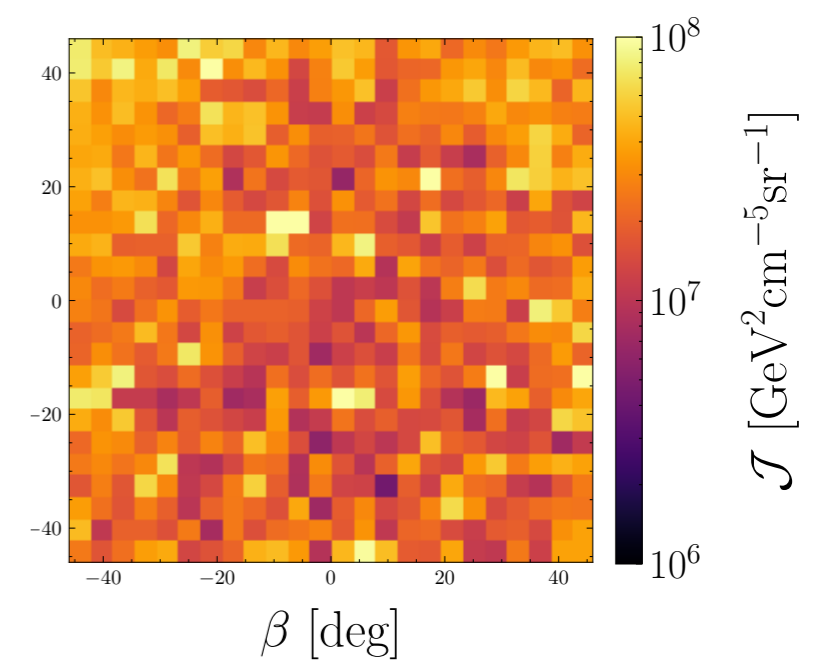
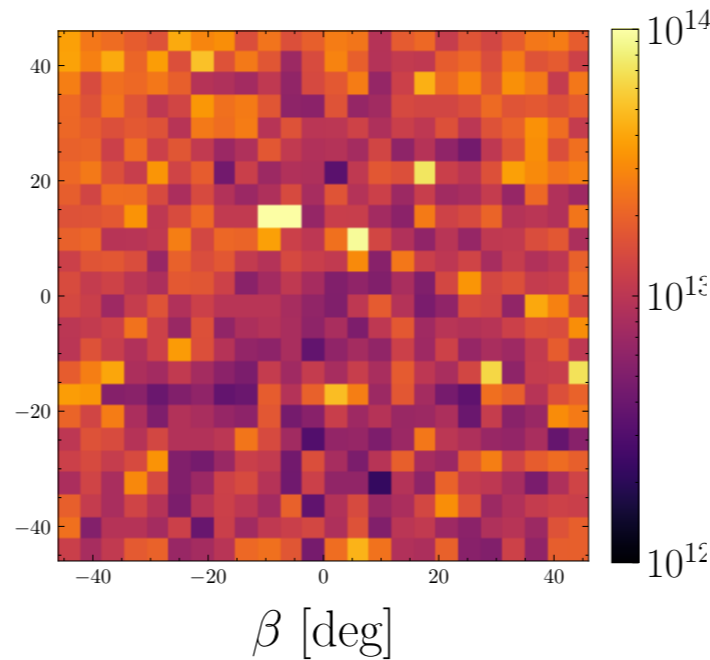
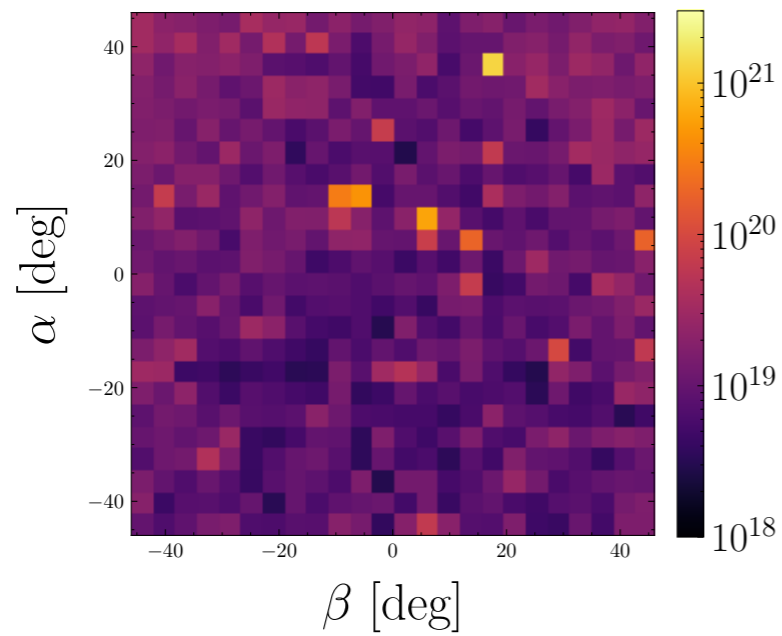
P-Wave

D-Wave

w/out
LMC

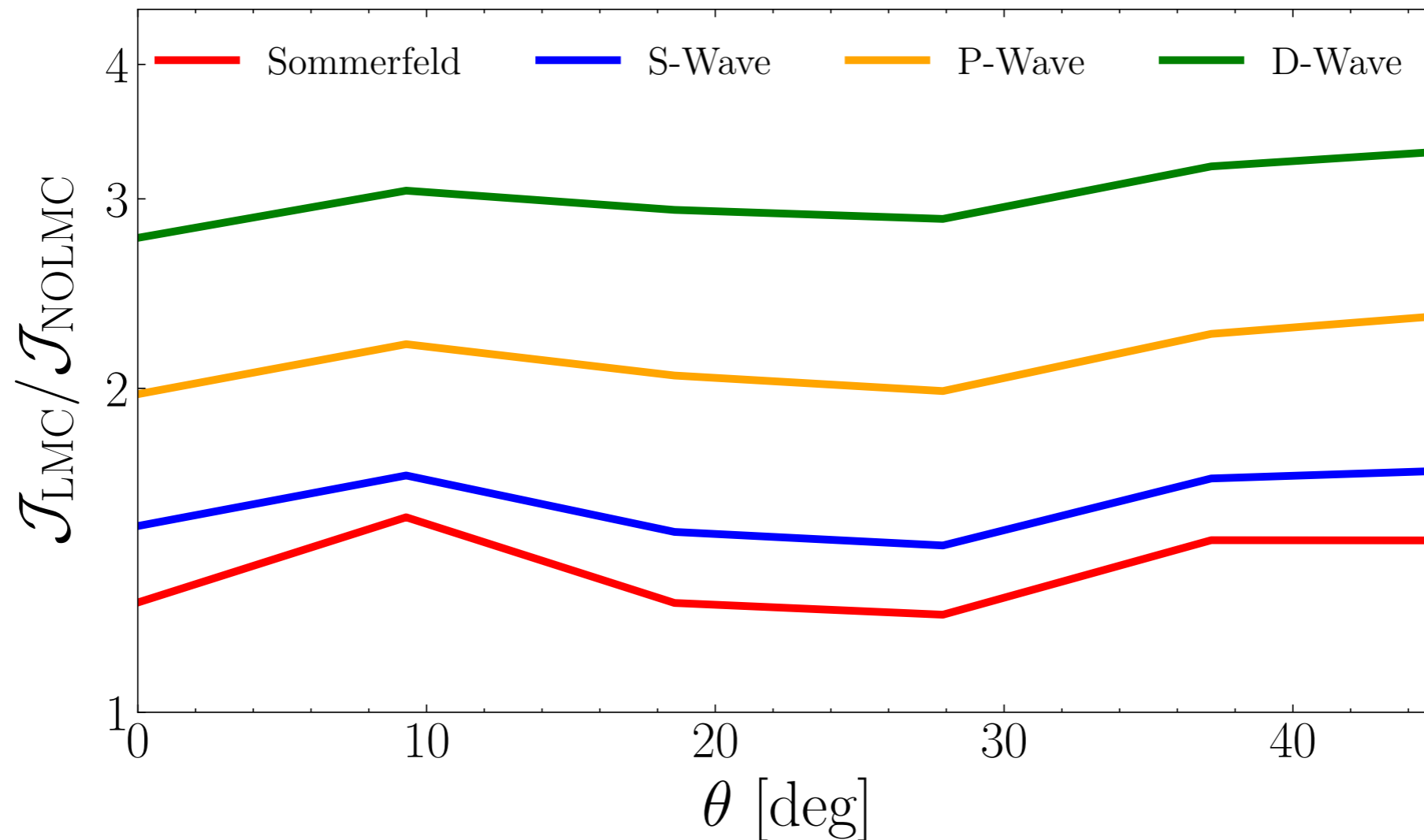


w/
LMC



Preliminary

J-Factor - Outer Halo



- ♦ The LMC changes the J-Factors in a region of the outer halo for all waves
- ♦ Most significant for **P-Wave** and **D-Wave**

Preliminary

Next Steps

- ◆ Compute exclusion limits by comparing our maps with Fermi-LAT observations
- ◆ Search for the LMC wake and compute the J-Factor of that region
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Thank you

Backups

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