



Canadian Association
of Physicists

Association canadienne
des physiciens et physiciennes

Contribution ID: 4367 Type: **Oral Competition (Graduate Student) / Compétition orale (Étudiant(e) du 2e ou 3e cycle)**

(G*) Quantum correlations in multiqubit entangled states

Tuesday 28 May 2024 14:30 (15 minutes)

Bell's inequalities provide a practical method for testing whether correlations observed between spatially separated parts of a system are compatible with any local hidden variable description. For 2-qubit pure states, entanglement and nonlocality as measured by Bell inequality violations are directly related. However, for multiqubit pure states, the much more complex relation between N-qubit entanglement and nonlocality has not yet been explored in much detail. In this work, we analyze the violation of the Svetlichny-Bell inequality by N-qubit generalized GHZ (GGHZ) states, and identify members of this family of states that do not violate the inequality. GGHZ states are a generalization of the well known GHZ state, which is a useful entanglement resource. GGHZ states are hence natural candidates to explore for extending various quantum information protocols, like controlled quantum teleportation, to more than three parties. Our results raise interesting questions regarding characterization of genuine multipartite correlations using Bell-type inequalities.

Keyword-1

Quantum entanglement

Keyword-2

Nonlocality

Keyword-3

Bell Inequalities

Authors: SRIVASTAVA, Sanchit (Institute for Quantum Computing, University of Waterloo); Dr GHOSE, Shohini (Physics and Computer Science, Wilfrid Laurier University; Quantum Algorithms Institute)

Presenter: SRIVASTAVA, Sanchit (Institute for Quantum Computing, University of Waterloo)

Session Classification: (DQI) T2-5 Chaos and Entanglement | Chaos et intrication (DIQ)

Track Classification: Technical Sessions / Sessions techniques: Theoretical Physics / Physique théorique (DTP-DPT)