

THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH School of Physics and Astronomy

## Characterization of Laser-Driven Photon Emission in Silicon Photomultipliers

Juliette M.J. Martin TRIUMF, The University of Edinburgh CAP Congress June 8th, 2022

Discovery, accelerated

#### **Outline**

- The Silicon Photomultiplier
- Cross-Talk
- Optical cross-talk studies at TRIUMF
- Results

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#### What is a Silicon Photomultiplier (SiPM)?

- Solid-state detector
  - PMT alternative
  - Single photon resolution
  - Good photon detection efficiency
- Basic unit: single photon avalanche diode (SPAD)
- p-n junction biased above breakdown
  - Overvoltage:  $V_{ov} = V V_{bd}$
  - Avalanche process: gain is 10<sup>5</sup>-10<sup>7</sup>



### **SiPM signal detection: SPAD level**



#### **Cross-Talk**

- Secondary photon by-product of avalanche mechanism
- Systematic effect on detector background
- Must be quantified for use in rare-event searches (e.g. nEXO)
- Is photon emission significant?

# **MIEL at TRIUMF**

- SiPM Microscope for Injection and Emission of Light.
- Setup developed at TRIUMF
  - Study spectral features of SiPM emission
  - Geographical location of light emission
- Two SiPMs: FBK VUV-HD3.6, HPK VUV4
  - nEXO candidate photodetectors

# **MIEL at TRIUMF**



- Previous studies explore emission of SiPM in dark conditions
- Additions:
  - Cryogenic cooling: reduce dark noise, replicate conditions in cryo experiments (nEXO etc)
  - Laser injection system: stimulate emission of secondary photons at variety of wavelengths

#### **MIEL laser injection system**



#### **HPK and FBK photosensors**





Parameter	FBK VUV-HD3	HPK VUV4
Total Area	$6 \times 6 \mathrm{mm^2}$	$3 \times 3 \mathrm{mm^2}$
SiPM Fill Factor	80%	60%
SPAD pitch	$35  imes 35 \mu \mathrm{m}^2$	$50 \times 50 \mu \mathrm{m}^2$
Breakdown Voltage [298 K]	$31\pm1$ V	$52\pm1V$

## Laser beam positioning: FBK

- Laser: 444nm wavelength
- Centre beam on SPAD
- Close slit over SiPM for spectra
- Open for emission maps.



#### **Emission Microscopy Images: FBK**



- Polysilicon trenches in FBK – less photon absorbance
- Reflection
- "Light guiding" effect observed

## **Emission Microscopy Images: HPK**

- HPK has tungsten trench
- Photon absorption
- No distinct 'cross' pattern



## **Spectra: FBK**



- Raw spectrum
- Uncorrected for system efficiency
- Rudimentary cosmic removal
- 550nm longpass filter
- Evidence of thin-film interference due to SiO<sub>2</sub> coating.

**Spectra: HPK** 

- Raw spectrum
- Uncorrected for system efficiency
- Rudimentary cosmic removal
- 550nm longpass filter
- Fewer oscillation than FBK – thinner coating.



## Summary

- Stimulated two SiPM with 444nm laser
- Obtained raw spectral distributions
- Emission maps reflect differences in structure between SiPMs

# **Ongoing and future work**

- More effective cosmic removal
- Error analysis

D. Minchenko, 8<sup>th</sup> June, 16:15 in MDCL 1110

- Active simulation efforts to model photon transport in SiPM
- Correct spectra for system efficiency intensity calibration
- Correct for finite numerical aperture simulation
- Is the level of photon emission a problem for future experiments?
- Stay tuned!

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#### Thank you! Merci!

Contact juliettem@triumf.ca

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# **Efficiency curve**

- Calibrate spectrometer using PI IntelliCal ® source.
- Wavelength and intensity calibrations computed.
- Spectra produced treated with efficiency curve
- Rudimentary error analysis, potential wavelength miscalibration

