

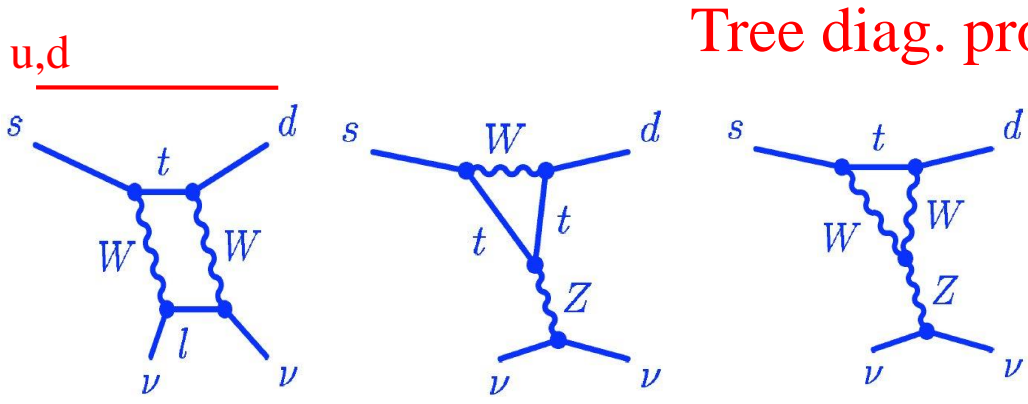
**NA62**

**---Measurement of  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ ---**

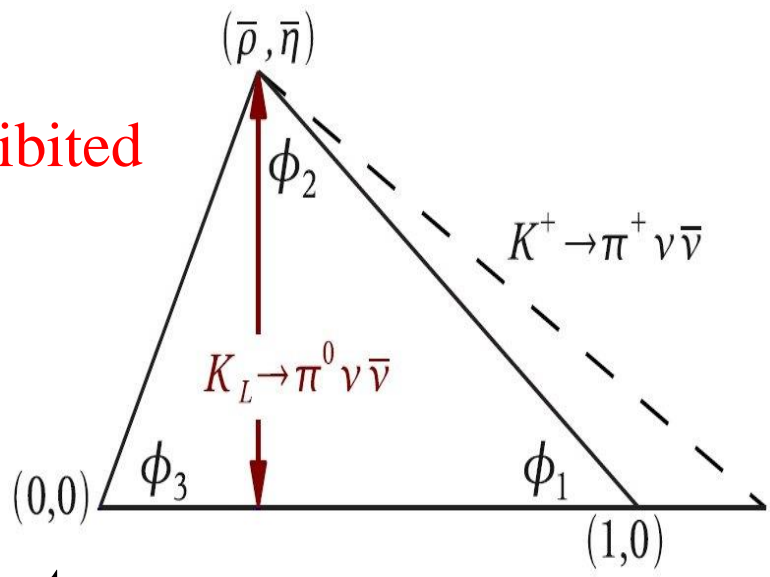
May 28, 2017

Toshio Numao

# K → πνν̄ decays



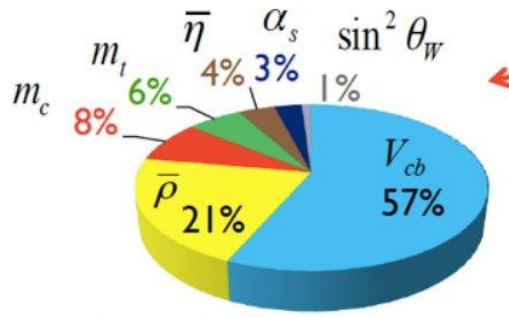
Tree diag. prohibited



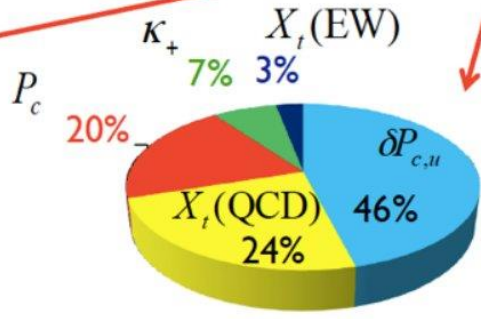
- K-πν decay provides hadronic form factors.
- Calculated including the full 2-loop EW corrections.
- Uncertainties come from that of the CKM matrix.
- Uncertainty in the charm contribution in K<sup>+</sup> decay is 5 %.

Current theoretical prediction [1] [2]

$$\text{BR}(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}) = (7.81^{+0.80}_{-0.71} \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-11}$$

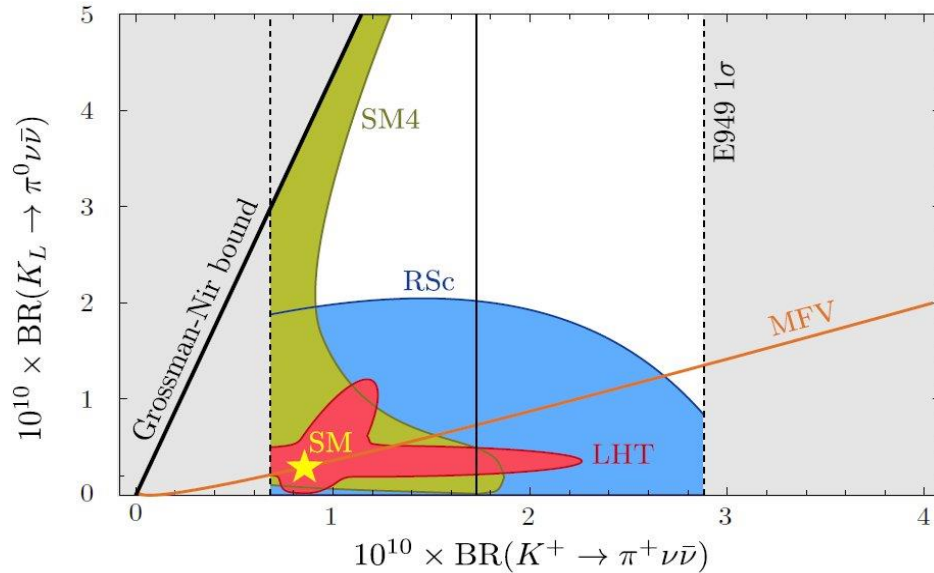


Input parameters (10%)

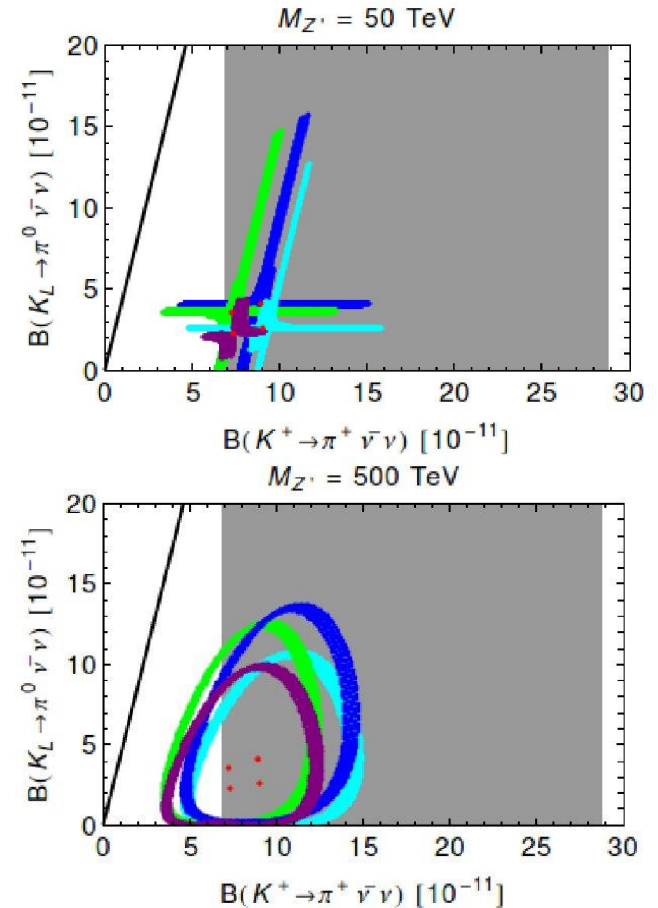


Theoretical uncertainty (4%)

# K- $\pi\nu\bar{\nu}$ beyond the Standard Model

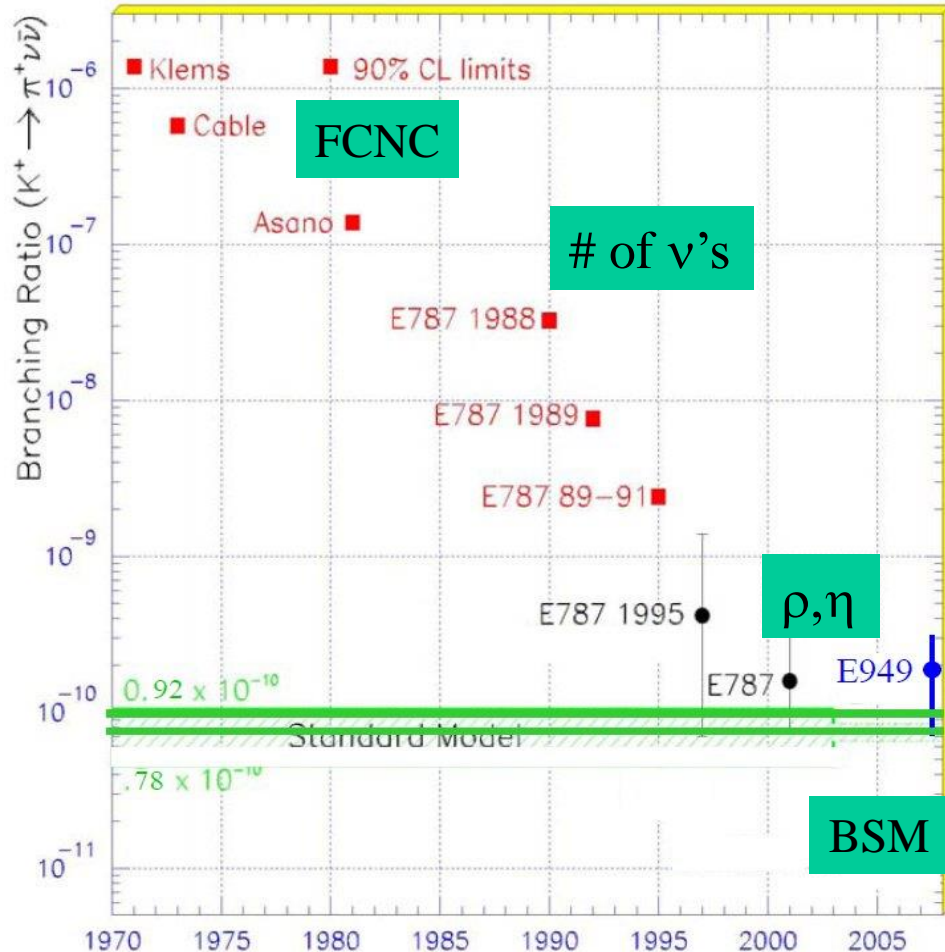


MFV: Minimal Flavor violation  
 LHT: Littlest Higgs with T-parity  
 SM4: SM with sequential 4<sup>th</sup> generation  
 RSc: Randall-Sundrum  
 Straub, arXiv:1012.3893[hep-ph]

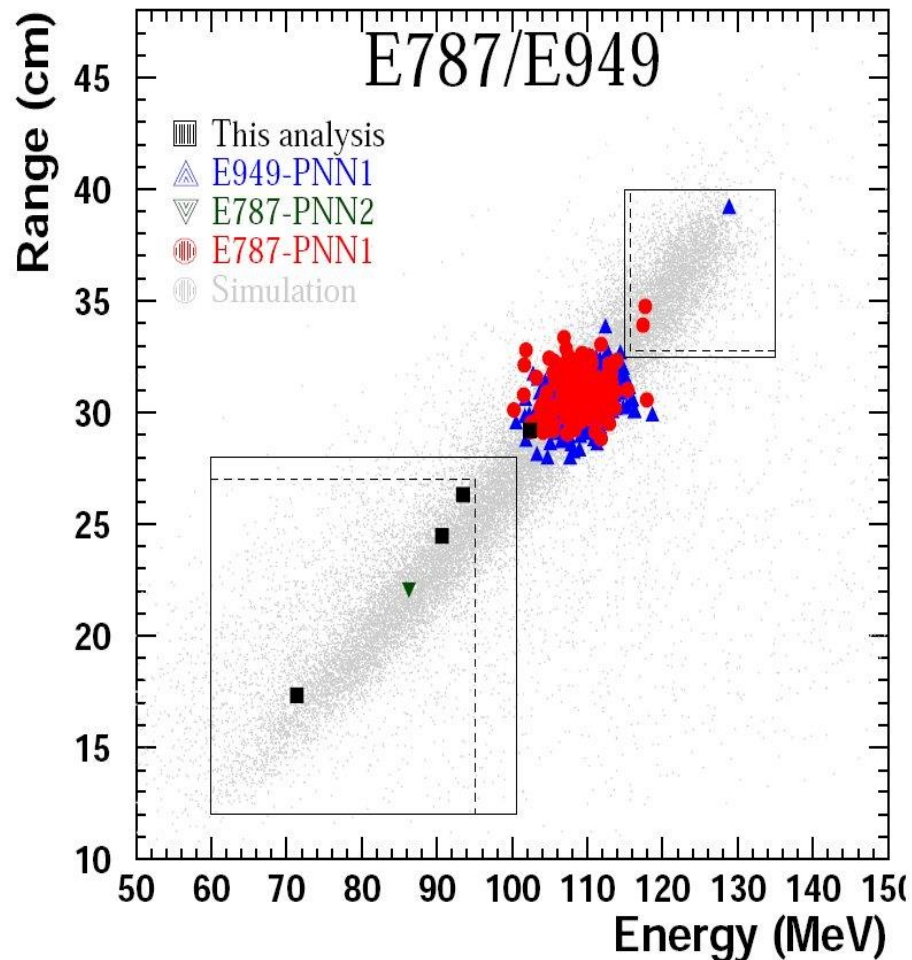
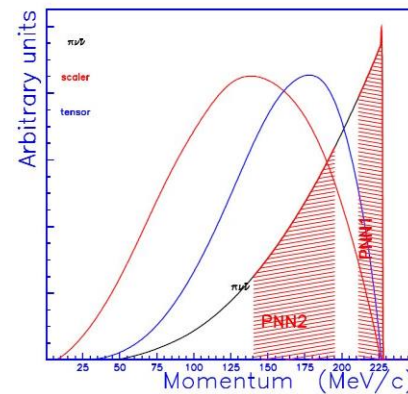


Heavy  $Z'$  Boson  
 Up: Left Handed Scenario  
 Down: L+R Scalar Scenario  
 Buras..., arXiv:1408.0728

# K<sup>+</sup> decays



Present =  $(1.73 + 1.15 - 1.05) \times 10^{-10}$

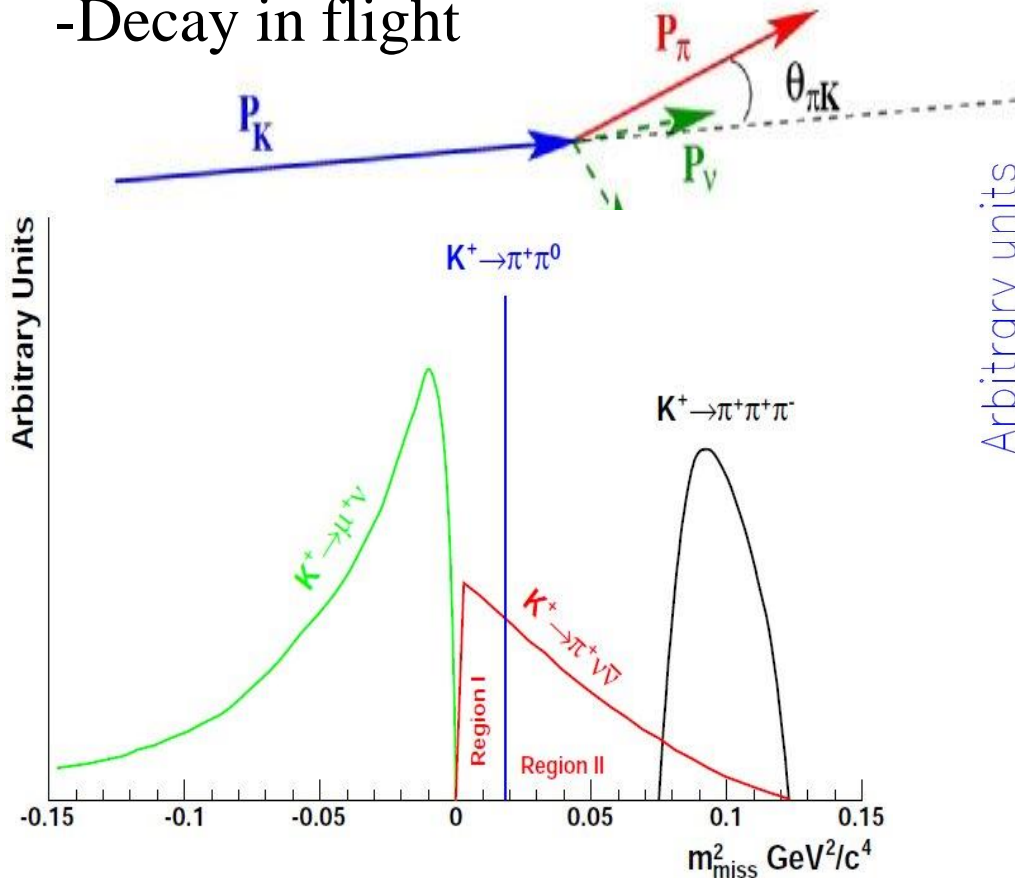


# $K^+ - \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$ experiments

Signature: a single  $\pi^+$

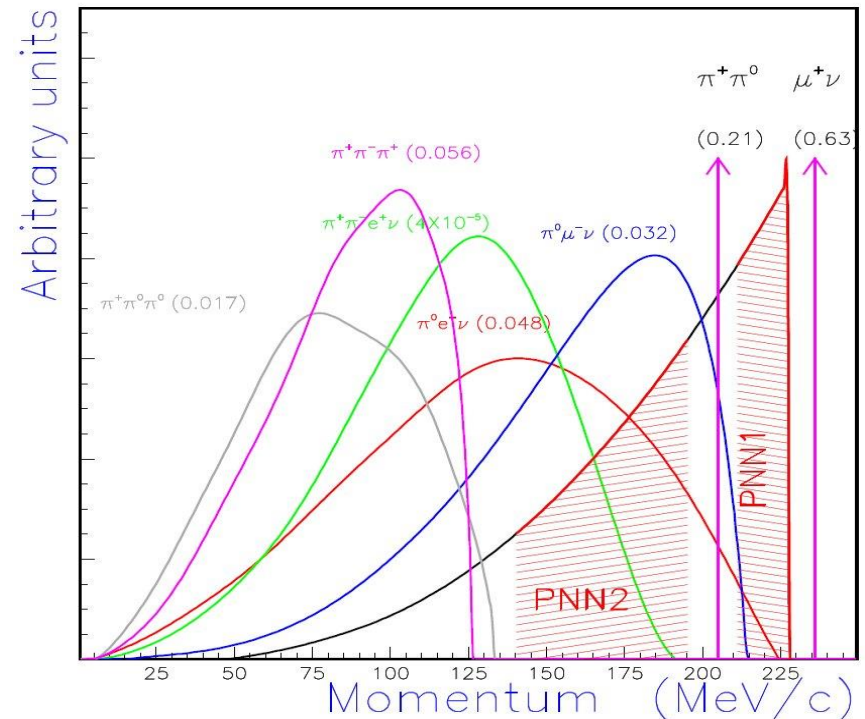
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-Decay in flight



E787/949

-Decay at rest

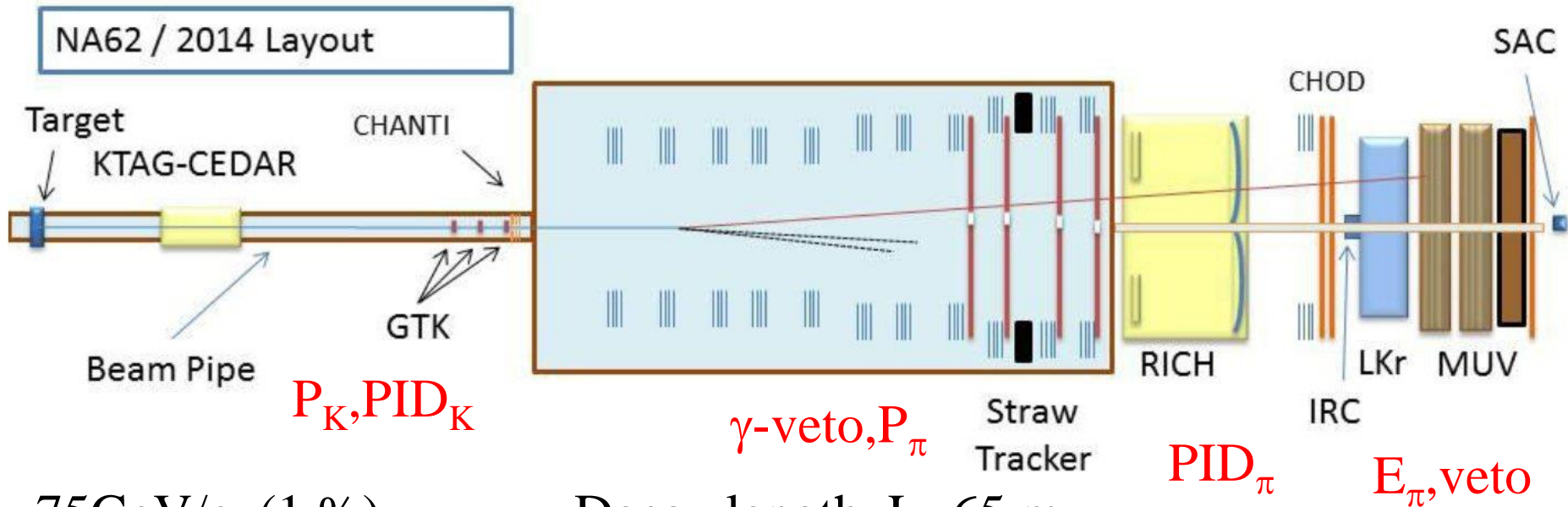


Kinematics, particle ID, Photon veto



# NA62@CERN

NA62 / 2014 Layout



75 GeV/c, (1 %)  
(50 MHz  $K$ 's)

Decay length  $L=65$  m  
(6 MHz decays)

Kin. Rejection:  $2 \times 10^{-4}$  ( $K_{\pi 2}$ ),  $7 \times 10^{-5}$  ( $K_{\mu 2}$ )  
PID:  $10^{-7}$  ( $\mu/\pi$ )  
PV:  $10^{-8}$  for  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

# NA62

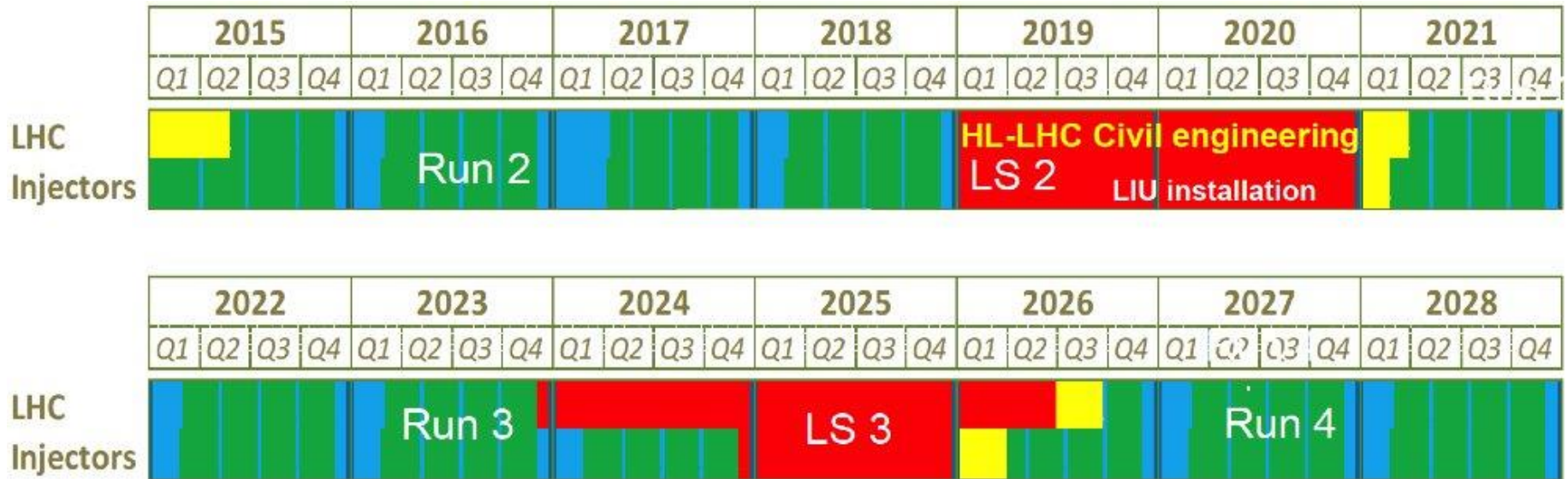
Decay	evt/year
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$ [SM] (flux $4.5 \times 10^{12}$ )	45
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$ $\gamma$ -veto, kin.	5
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$ PID, kin.	1
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ \nu$ + other 3 tracks decays	< 1
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0 \gamma$ (IB)	1.5
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu \gamma$ (IB)	0.5
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ (\mu^+) \nu$ , others	negligible
Total background	< 10

# Further NA62 K Physics Program

Decay	Physics	Present limit (90% C.L.) / Result	NA62
$\pi^+\mu^+e^-$	LFV	$1.3 \times 10^{-11}$	$0.7 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^+\mu^-e^+$	LFV	$5.2 \times 10^{-10}$	$0.7 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^-\mu^+e^+$	LNV	$5.0 \times 10^{-10}$	$0.7 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^-e^+e^+$	LNV	$6.4 \times 10^{-10}$	$2 \times 10^{-12}$
$\pi^-\mu^+\mu^+$	LNV	$1.1 \times 10^{-9}$	$0.4 \times 10^{-12}$
$\mu^- \nu e^+ e^+$	LNV/LFV	$2.0 \times 10^{-8}$	$4 \times 10^{-12}$
$e^- \nu \mu^+ \mu^+$	LNV	No data	$10^{-12}$
$\pi^+ X^0$	New Particle	$5.9 \times 10^{-11} m_{X^0} = 0$	$10^{-12}$
$\pi^+ \chi \chi$	New Particle	—	$10^{-12}$
$\pi^+ \pi^+ e^- \nu$	$\Delta S \neq \Delta Q$	$1.2 \times 10^{-8}$	$10^{-11}$
$\pi^+ \pi^+ \mu^- \nu$	$\Delta S \neq \Delta Q$	$3.0 \times 10^{-6}$	$10^{-11}$
$\pi^+ \gamma$	Angular Mom.	$2.3 \times 10^{-9}$	$10^{-12}$
$\mu^+ \nu_n, \nu_n \rightarrow \nu \gamma$	Heavy neutrino	Limits up to $m_{\nu_n} = 350 \text{ MeV}$	
$R_K$	LU	$(2.488 \pm 0.010) \times 10^{-5}$	$\gg \times 2$ better
$\pi^+ \gamma \gamma$	$\chi$ PT	$< 500$ events	$10^5$ events
$\pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ \nu$	$\chi$ PT	66000 events	$O(10^6)$
$\pi^0 \pi^0 \mu^+ \nu$	$\chi$ PT	—	$O(10^5)$



# Status/Schedule



- 2015      Engineering run
- 2016      First run with full detector  
            Lower intensity... Sensitivity  $10^{-10} \sim 10^{-11}$
- 2017-2018  $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$  data taking + 2 years of analysis
- 2021-      LFV,  $\pi^0$  decays ?
- 2026-      Neutral kaon decays ?

# Present Activity of the Canadian Group:

Data taking

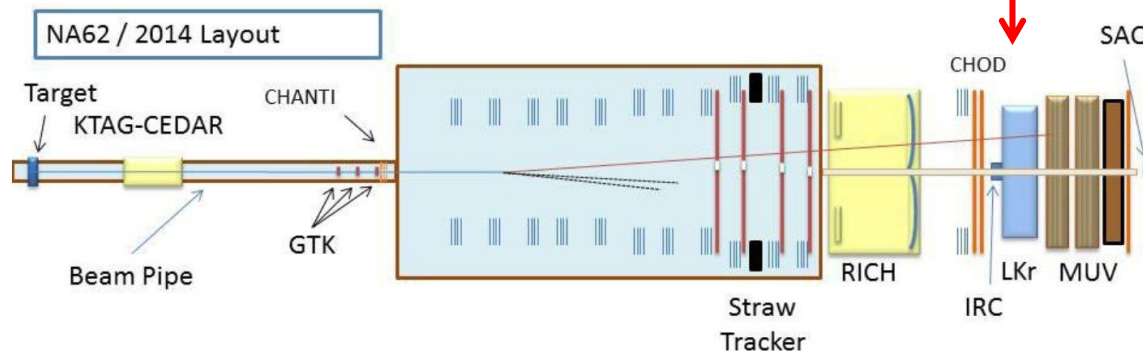
Analysis

- Photon veto efficiency

- Particle ID (muon suppression)

R&D

Purity monitor for the LKr calorimeter



- Convert the Liq.Xe TPC prototype

- Measure attenuation of pulse heights with drift distance.

## Future Activity of our group:

- Data taking
- Data analysis and simulation
  - $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \bar{\nu}$  branching ratio and its background
  - Precise measurement of  $K \rightarrow e \nu / K \rightarrow \mu \nu$
  - Neutral mode?
- Minor contribution to the upgrade
  - Liq. Kr purity monitor.

# Canadian NA62 Resources

TRIUMF-UBC NA62 Group:

D. Bryman UBC

T. Numao TRIUMF

B. Velghe TRIUMF RA

? TRIUMF RA

? UBC M.Sc.

Financial support NSERC

Computing CERN, Westgrid

## PIENU Experiment

Test  $\mu$ -e universality at 0.05 % level via  $\pi^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu$  /  $\pi^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$  branching ratio.  
Sensitive up to 1000TeV mass scale for PS interactions.  
Data taking in 2009 – 2012: recorded  $>5 \times 10^6$   $\pi^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu$  decays

### Status:

#### Partial analysis of 2010 data:

$$R = (1.2344 \pm 0.0023 \pm 0.0019) \times 10^{-4}. \quad g_e/g_\mu = 0.9996 \pm 0.0012.$$

### Final Analysis:

Expected statistical uncertainty 0.05%; systematic uncertainty  $<0.1$  % by careful studies of the data and intensive Monte Carlo simulation.  
Final result 2017. Some by-products are also expected to come out with a similar time scale.

### Resource

PIENU analysis group

Financial

Computing

3 staff, 2 postdoc, 1 student, 2 off-site

NSERC for FY2017

WestGrid